eight congressmen. Late complete returns to the Capital tonight show that the Republicans elected Jack Harris to congress from the Second district by 19 votes.

HOLCOMB LEADS BRYAN.

Governor in Nebraska Has 2,000 More Than Presidential Nominee.

Lincoln, Nov. 5.—Complete returns from forty-four of the ninety-three counties of the state received at Populist headquarters give Bryan 7,028 majority and Holcomb, fusion, for governor, 10,645. It is estimated from these figures that Bryan's majority in the state will be about 12,000 and Holcomb's about 16,000. The fact that Holcomb runs ahead of Bryan is attributed to the confusion incident to the court decision against the regularity of the Chicago ticket. The Populists and Democrats concede the election of Strode, Republican, to congress from the First district, and of Meyer, Republican, in the Second. Fusion candidates carry all the other congressional districts by large majorities.

Republican Chairman Post claims that the Bryan majority in the state will not exceed 5,000.

11 p. m.—Nebraska's vote is still incomplete, but Bryan will carry the state by 5,000, and with him the entire fusion state ticket.

IOWA'S LARGEST VOTE.

McKinley Given the Unprecedented Plurality of 67,622.

Des Moines, Nov. 5.—Returns by counties in Iowa were completed today. The total vote cast in the state is in excess of 350,000 votes, estimating the Prohibition and Palmer votes together at only 5,000. Of these votes, 206,751 were cast for McKinley and 139,129 for Bryan, giving McKinley a plurality of 67,622. This is not only the largest vote ever cast in the state, larger than any previous vote by 70,000, but it is also the largest Republican majority ever given in Iowa.

TWO FEMALE LEGISLATORS.

Utah Sends Women to Both House and Senate.

Salt Lake, Nov. 5.—Returns received up to 10 o'clock tonight give Bryan 44,620; McKinley, 13,603. The legislature stands 25 Democrats, 2 Republicans, 1 Populist and 5 in doubt.

Among the successful candidates for the legislature on the Democratic ticket was Mrs. Emma K. LaBarth, elected to the house, and Mrs. Martha Hughes Cannon to the senate.

Margin of 400 in South Dakota.

Yankton, Nov. 5.—The returns, mostly complete, on presidential, congressional and state tickets are in from all organized counties, and after making liberal allowances for possible votes in unorganized counties and a few remote districts in the Black Hills, McKinley has between 600 and 800 majority. Even should unreported districts cast a proportionately heavy Populist vote as the other localities, McKinley would have from 400 to 500 votes to spare. The state and congressional tickets run about even with the presidential, and indicate the election of all Republican state officers by majorities of from 200 to 600. It is so close in several counties that the official count will be necessary. The legislature is Populist by 10 majority, and may be increased to 12.

Michigan Cast 485,000 Votes.

Detroit, Nov. 5.—The total vote of Michigan appears to have been in round numbers 485,000, of which for governor Pingree received 275,000 and Sligh 205,000. Pingree's actual plurality has increased to 70,300. McKinley's plurality is about 16,000 less, on account, presumably, of the Bryan and Pingree vote, which shows a considerable element which favored Bryan also voted for him. The legislature is Republican by eighty on joint ballot.

Bryan Has North Carolina.

Raleigh, Nov. 5.—The presidential ticket in this state appears to have been elected for Bryan by a majority of from 5,000 to 10,000. The returns from counties now in show a close vote, with the Bryan electors leading by an apparently safe majority. Many counties are still missing, but it is not believed the votes will change materially the estimates given above.

North Carolina 5,000 for Bryan.

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Nevada Will Re-elect Jones.

Virginia City, Nov. 5.—Nevada returns will not be completed for ten days, owing to lack of telegraphic and railroad facilities. Enough is known to assure the state for Bryan by at least 5,000. Newlands, silver Democrat, is re-elected by at least 5,000. The re-election of J. P. Jones will be unanimous.

Oregon Gives McKinley 2,400.

Portland, Nov. 5.—Complete returns from all but three counties in Oregon give McKinley 46,241; Bryan, 42,812; McKinley's plurality, 2,429. In the state election last June the three missing counties cast a total of 2,478, and gave a Republican plurality of 218.

Massachusetts Gives 108,776.

Boston, Nov. 5.—Complete returns from Massachusetts gives McKinley a plurality of 108,776. The vote was: Bryan, 104,250; McKinley, 272,906; Palmer, 11,865. Wolcott's plurality for governor is 150,776.

Hansbrough to Succeed Himself.

Bismarck, Nov. 5.—Returns from legislative districts indicate that the Republicans will have 30 majority on joint ballot. Senator Hansbrough is in the lead among the candidates, and will in all probability succeed himself.

Few Democrats in New Jersey.

Trenton, Nov. 5.—Complete returns give McKinley and Hobart 85,000 plurality in New Jersey. The next legislature will stand: Senate—Republicans, 18; Democrats, 3. House—Republicans, 56; Democrats, 4.

Tennessee 18,000 for Bryan.

Nashville, Nov. 5.—Complete and partial returns from eighty-four out of ninety-six counties show Taylor, Democrat, elected for governor by 8,000. Bryan will have about 10,000 more than Taylor.

In Ohio, 52,438.

Cincinnati, Nov. 5.—Superintendent I. N. Miller, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, has tonight complete returns from Ohio, on which he makes McKinley's plurality 52,438.

Daring Robbery at Spokane.

Spokane, Nov. 5.—At dusk this evening two masked men stepped into the office of the Centennial Milling Company, in the milling district, and commanded Samuel Glasgow, secretary and manager; the bookkeeper, the salesman and another man to throw up their hands. They enforced their orders with big revolvers, and all four men complied. They ordered Mr. Glasgow to open the safe, and they took about $30 from the cash box. Then they went through the men in the office and collected several dollars more. The robbers then vanished into the darkness and have not been caught.

For Keeping Up Navy, $15,500,000.

Washington City, Nov. 5.—According to the annual report of Paymaster General Stewart, the cost of maintaining the United States navy last year, exclusive of any increase to it, and the permanent improvements at the yards and docks, was $15,494,862. The money and material spent in arming and equipping the naval militia, not including material loaned to the states, was $27,186.

A writer in the London Sketch says that the only true and adequate statue in all civilization is that of Admiral Farragut, in Madison Square, New York, whose conception and execution immediately lift the spectator from the bustle of the city streets on all sides to the thunder of the batteries at New Orleans.

Biliousness

Is caused by torpid liver, which prevents digestion and permits food to ferment and putrify in the stomach. Then follow dizziness, headache,

Hood's Pills

insomnia, nervousness, and, if not relieved, bilious fever or blood poisoning. Hood's Pills stimulate the stomach, rouse the liver, cure headache, dizziness, constipation, etc. 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

FACTORIES START UP.

GENERAL REVIVAL OF BUSINESS FOLLOWS M'KINLEY'S ELECTION.

Railroad Shops, Car Works and Big Mills All Over the Country Reopen and Prepare to Run on Full Time—Factories and Furnaces Will No Longer Remain Idle—Confidence Has Been Restored and Better Times Are at Hand.

Cincinnati, Nov. 5.—Special dispatches indicate a revival in business throughout the Ohio valley, as well as here. The Big Four, Chesapeake & Ohio and Baltimore & Ohio railroads ordered their shops opened today and enlarged the forces at those already running. The Ensign car works at Huntington, W. Va., resumed. The car works at Mount Vernon, Ill., got an order for 200 cars from the Louisville & Nashville road and resumed work. The Niles tool works and other shops at Hamilton announced increased forces. Furnaces at Ironton, Ashland and other river towns announce that they will go in blast soon, but no dates are given. The Griffin wood works and the Powell brass works, both large concerns employing many men, announced today that they would resume at once. Others report that they had conditional orders, on which they will enlarge their forces immediately.

The Pittsburg Packet Company closed a contract here today for building a new $65,000 river steamboat. The plans were made and the contract drawn two months ago. The closing of it was conditional upon the result of the election.

The big cooper shops at Ravidon, O., have resumed work to their full capacity. One and probably two of the idle mills of the Dayton Pipe Company, this county, will start in full as soon as repairs now in progress can be completed.

The Burns Iron Works at Portsmouth, which have been on a short force, announce that it will employ a full force immediately.

Springfield, Mass., Nov. 5.—The Spaulding & Pepper Manufacturing Company has started up its factory, after a few weeks' shut down, pending the results of the election. The company had a large number of orders conditional upon the Republican victory.

Santa Cruz, Cal., Nov. 5.—Today machinery was ordered for a fuse factory, to be built at the powder works at a cost of $50,000. It will give employment to many men. As a result of the election, the Loma Prieta lumber mill, which has been closed many months, will resume operations soon.

Ipswich, Mass., Nov. 5.—The woolen and cotton mills of the Ipswich corporation, which have been shut down for some time, will start on full time early next week. Employment will be given to about 1,000 hands.

Milwaukee, Nov. 5.—The settlement of the presidential election is having a cheerful effect in industrial circles in this city. The Milwaukee Harvester works was the first institution to start the ball on the road to prosperity by employing 200 additional men. Two hundred more will be added within a month. Railway officials report a great rush for mileage books by the traveling agents.

Omaha, Nov. 5.—Business in Omaha took a spurt today both in wholesale and retail circles. Several houses started additional traveling men toward the West, and the managers say they anticipate an impetus in business. Omaha banks received more gold over the counters today than for some time. They paid out some and took in much more which depositors had secured in anticipation of financial troubles after the election. Loans had been contracted to a bedrock basis but eased up considerably today. A cheerful feeling exists among all lines of business.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—General Passenger Agent Ruggles, of the Michigan Central railroad, announces that his road has today checked more commercial baggage than on any other day in 1896. The same statement was made by General Passenger Agent Eustis, in Chicago. General Passenger Agent Hereford, of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul, estimates that 10,000 will leave Chicago this week. Preparations are being made by a number of roads to reopen carshops that have been closed or running on short time for months. Cars will be needed by almost every large Eastern or Western road, and the construction of them will be rushed. A Chicago firm which makes a specialty of keeping a record of cars, estimated today that orders for from 40,000 to 60,000 freight cars would be placed with in the next sixty days.

APPROVED BY BI-METALLISTS.

League Meets in London and Indorses the St. Louis Plank.

London, Nov. 5.—A meeting of the members of the Bi-Metallic League has been in session all afternoon, engaged in drawing up a manifesto. Members from Birmingham, Manchester and elsewhere are in attendance. The document, which will be issued tonight, is signed by A. T. Denham, H. R. Greenfell, Robert Barclay, H. C. Gibbs and H. MacNeil. It claims that McKinley's election is a victory for international bi-metallism, and quotes the money plank of the St. Louis platform. Continuing, it says:

"In these circumstances, and in view of the strong agitation likely to be maintained and developed, a genuine and determined effort upon the part of the new government may be confidently anticipated to bring about an international bi-metallic agreement for the opening of the mints of the various countries to silver as well as to gold. The recent contest has brought home to the people of this country the vital importance of the monetary question and the grave dangers which threaten the industrial, commercial and financial interests of Great Britain so long as it is not settled on international lines. The attitude of this country in the past is mainly responsible for the attempt just witnessed to induce the United States to act alone, and for the consequent unrest and disturbance of commercial and financial circles. Therefore it is earnestly hoped that this country and the other great powers of Europe will heartily co-operate with the United States in its endeavor to place the metallic money of the world upon a permanent, sound and scientific basis."

Firemen and the Southern Pacific.

Peoria, Nov. 5.—F. P. Sargent, grand master of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen, telegraphs from San Francisco that he met with complete success in his negotiations with the Southern Pacific. The members of the brotherhood will be put on the same footing as they were before the strike of 1894 and the same footing as other organizations. The complaint was made that they had been tabooed.

Croup Quickly Cured.

MOUNTAIN GLEN, Ark.—Our children were suffering with croup when we received a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It afforded almost instant relief.—F. A. THORNTON. For sale by Druggists.

DEFEAT OF BRYAN.

THE RESULT HAS PRESERVED THE HONOR OF THE COUNTRY.

Great Credit Due to the Sound Money Democracy—Bryan Clearly a Populist, Says General Palmer—Bynum, Cockran and Wallace Rejoice in the Victory of Common Sense—John Sherman Favors Gold With the Largest Possible Use of Silver.

Springfield, Ill., Nov. 5.—Senator John M. Palmer, national Democratic candidate for president, gives the following statement to the Associated Press:

"The Democrats who voted for Mr. Bryan at the late election did so with the knowledge that he accepted the Populist platform of 1892 as well as their platform adopted at St. Louis in 1896. The national Democracy will never seek an alliance with the Populists. I predict that Mr. Bryan, who voted for Weaver in 1892, will soon abandon the Democratic name. His candidacy, which was an example of unreasoning socialism, was exploded by the election of McKinley at the late election. The issues of the canvass were dictated to the Chicago convention by that combination of politicians who are without principle, and only sought success. They had, before the Chicago convention met, matured plans for the nomination of the same candidate by the Populists at St. Louis. Mr. Bryan, thanks to the good sense and integrity of the American people, is defeated.

"Democrats know that 'protection,' as the Republicans call it, is a fallacy, but also know that the unlimited coinage of silver at 16 to 1 would deprave the American monetary system and produce infinite mischief. They have agreed to accept the less of the two evils. I have proof of their conduct, and thank the Democrats who have voted against Bryan and Altgeld, who are the representatives of a depraved currency and social disorder."

W. D. Bynum.

Chicago, Nov. 5.—Chairman W. D. Bynum, of the National Democracy, made the following statement:

"It is too early for the sound money Democrats to decide upon a course of action for the future. We shall have to wait developments. While the policy of the government so far as the standard is involved has been settled, the details of the sound financial system yet remain to be accepted. The present defenseless condition of the treasury must be remedied before we can hope for lasting prosperity, and this will be a difficult task, as some radical changes will be necessary. A reunion of the forces of the Democratic party can only be had on the platform of the Indianapolis convention. The Chicago platform was a radical departure from the cherished principles of the party and those who continue to adhere to it will find themselves swallowed up by the Populists.

"I am sure our efforts have materially contributed to the result. No one will question that our speakers were a potent factor on the stump. The splendid campaign of Gens. Palmer and Buckner and the speeches of Secretary Carlisle, Gov. Flower, Col. Irish, Col. Fellows, Mr. Humphrey and others had great influence with Republicans as well as Democrats.

"I shall call the executive committee together at an early date, but not immediately, as I have been closely confined to the work for five months and shall take a little recreation first. The position of the chairman of the national committee was new to me, but the support I received from other members and prominent Democrats throughout the country, was of great assistance and relieved me of much of the responsibility and labor attached to the position. While all connected with our organization are entitled to great credit, the important services of Mr. Dickinson and Mr. Hewitt merit special commendation."

Bourke Cockran.

New York, Nov. 5.—Bourke Cockran said last night:

"This was not a political contest in the ordinary meaning of the term. It was an insurrection against the underlying principles of civilization, and I believe it is without a parallel in the history of the world. I have no opinion to express as to the future of the Democratic party. It has no future which it can determine for itself. This election, in my opinion, was not an explanation of the people as to what should be done during the next four years, but as to what should not be done. I do not regard it as a verdict in favor of any specific policy. It was a verdict against the debasement of the currency, against the destruction of the supreme court, as an independent tribunal, and against the nullification or abridgement of the president's power to enforce the law. In fine, it was a verdict that the fundamental conditions of civilized society should not be disturbed in this country. The final outcome of yesterday's election no man can now predict except to say that the political issues of the future depend entirely upon the character of Mr. McKinley's administration."

Thomas H. Carter.

Helena, Nov. 5.—Discussing the result of the election, Senator Carter last night said:

"The election of McKinley bids the American people to renew hope in the future. That the newly-elected president will justify the expectations of the people, no one familiar with his past record and great ability can question. It must be understood, however, that his path is liable to be beset with difficulties. It is obvious that the senate will be very close on the subject of tariff legislation. The very large vote cast for Bryan will, I am sure, astonish those in the majority and show the necessity for prompt and vigorous efforts in the direction of securing results on the coinage question, in accordance with the platform."

Hugh C. Wallace.

Spokane, Nov. 5.—The following from Hugh C. Wallace was given to the Associated Press at midnight:

"The overwhelming defeat of Bryan completely demonstrates that the people when informed can always be trusted. Ever since the adoption of the Chicago platform, which made repudiation of just debts, an invitation to anarchy and the destruction of the independence of the supreme court its basis of an appeal to the people, there has never been any doubt in my mind as to the ultimate result. No candidate or party can succeed which arrays the business interest and common sense of the people against it. The experiment of Popocracy has been a dismal failure and will soon be an unsavory reminiscence, and the Democracy of the future will be that exemplified by the policy and spirit of the present administration. I am grieved that the state of Washington has gone astray politically, but I am certain it will soon recover from its temporary aberration."

John Sherman.

Mansfield, O., Nov. 5.—John Sherman gave out the following signed statement:

"I sincerely hope that the election will settle forever a question that in my opinion threatens the honor and good faith of the United States more than any other since the close of the civil war, confidently assuming as I do the election of McKinley. I hope that the present gold standard will be maintained, with the largest use of silver that can be maintained at a parity with gold. This settled we ought promptly to make such changes in our tariff and revenue laws as will yield a sufficient supply of money to meet current expenses of the government and create a sufficient surplus to pay outstanding bonds within a few years and to sufficiently and impartially protect American industries."

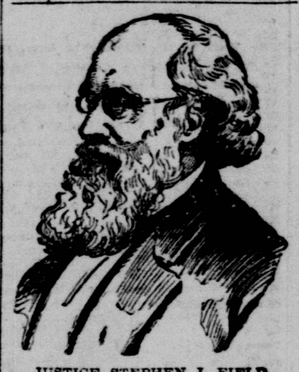
American Cattle for Switzerland.

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 5.—A special to the Wisconsin from Madison, says: Gov. Upham has received from the French consul at Chicago notice that the French minister of agriculture by a ministerial order, dated October 2, and by the abrogation to the interdiction of transit decree of February 19, 1895, has authorized exceptionally the transit of cattle from the United States that would be shipped to Bale, Switzerland, via Boulogne, France, on conditions that the cattle after their arrival at the receiving point, are shipped in stalled cars. The cattle must be submitted to a second inspection before being loaded into cars at Boulogne.

IS EIGHTY YEARS OLD.

Justice Field Celebrates His Birthday in Washington City.

Washington City, Nov. 5.—Associate Justice of the Supreme Court Stephen J. Field today celebrated the 80th anniversary of his birth. A constant stream of visitors came all day to offer congratulations. The supreme bench, headed by the chief justice, paid its respects to the distin-



JUSTICE STEPHEN J. FIELD.

guished member. Messengers brought many elaborate things. Rev. Henry M. Field, the justice's brother, is spending some time with him.

Justice Field is now reaping the benefit of treatment taken last summer in California, and his 80th birthday found him in good health and spirits.

Queen Lil Fully Pardoned.

Honolulu, Oct. 29.—Per Steamer Australia, San Francisco, Nov. 5.—The Hawaiian government has granted a full pardon to ex-Queen Liliuokalani, with the restora-

QUEEN LILIUOKALANI.

tion of her civil rights. When found guilty of misprision of treason she was sentenced to five years' imprisonment and fined $5,000. She was released on parole one year ago, and has since kept such good faith with the government that full pardon has been granted.

BUTCHER FOR THE PHILIPPINES.

Polavieja, Trained in Cuba, Relieves Gen. Blanck.

Madrid, Nov. 5.—Gen. Camillo Polavieja starts tonight for the Philippine islands to replace Gen. Blanck, the captain of those colonies. Gen. Polavieja has had considerable experience in Cuba, where he was nicknamed "the butcher." He was a subordinate of Martinez de Campos at the time of the Virginius affair. The Cubans accuse him of murdering. He entered the army in 1868, when the ten years' war began in Cuba, and was steadily promoted until he became a general. Before the close of the war he was governor of the province of Santiago de Cuba, and after the revolution was captain general of Cuba, retaining that office until 1892.

Washington City, Nov. 5.—Minister of state in Madrid, the Duke of Tetuan, has sent the following cablegrams to the Spanish minister in Washington City: "In Batagas and vicinity in the Philippines quiet has been restored and business has commenced. Canadosa and Canaman were attacked by the rebels. The enemy was driven back with heavy loss."

The express train conveying Gen. Polavieja to Barcelona came into violent collision with another train at Chipriana. Gen. Polavieja and his wife, Marquis Cuevas and other passengers were injured, but the general will proceed on his way to the Philippine islands, to which he has been appointed governor general.

Postal Changes.

Washington City, Nov. 5.—Special.—The following postal changes have been ordered affecting the state of Washington:

The through registered pouches between New York and Chicago and Seattle will hereafter be dispatched via the Chicago & Minneapolis R. P. O., leaving Chicago at 3 a. m., and via the Spokane & Seattle R. P. O., leaving Seattle at 10 p. m.; pouches to go forward via the Chicago & Minneapolis, St. Paul & Minot, Minot & Butte, Havre & Spokane and Spokane & Seattle R. P. O.

The following changes in the star schedule have been made:

Ives to Methow—Leave Ives daily except Sunday immediately on arrival of mail from Chelan, but not later than 12 m.; leave Methow daily except Sunday thirty minutes after arrival from Ives.

Walla Walla to College Place—Leave Walla Walla Sunday at 8:30 a. m. and 1:15 p. m.; leave College Place Sunday at 7:15 a. m. and 12 m. The schedule for daily except Saturday and Sunday to remain as at present.

The postmaster general has issued an order to all postal officials in Washington and Idaho to recognize railroad mail service over certain lines in those states in the name of the Northern Pacific Railway Company, evidence of change of title having been submitted. This includes service over lines formerly known as follows: United Railroads of Washington—Chehalis to South Bend, Cosmopolis Junction to Cosmopolis, Lakeview to Gate City, Centralia to Oceosta. Northern Pacific & Cascade railroad—Tacoma to Carbonado. Spokane & Palouse Railway Company—Marshall, Wash., to Genesee, Idaho; Belmont to Farmington; Pullman Junction, Wash., to Juliaetta, Idaho. Central Washington railroad—Cheney to Coulee City. Northern Pacific & Puget Sound Shore railroad—Seattle to Meeker Junction. Spokane Falls & Idaho railroad—Houser to Coeur d'Alene.

Within a hammock snug they sat,
But how the two behaved
One could not tell, it was so dark,
Had it not been for the remark:
"Oh, George, you must get shaved."
—Scottish Nights.

We are spending more than our profits on *Schilling's Best* tea to get you to try it—just to try it.

Your money back if you don't like it.

At grocers' in packages.

A Schilling & Company
San Francisco 832

MACEO THE FIREFLY.

SPANIARDS CHASE BACK AND FORTH, BUT CANNOT FIND HIM.

Havana No Longer Safe From the Lightning-Like Blows of the Cuban Shoulder-Striker — Consul General Lee Arrives at New York, but Refuses to Talk—The Patriot Army Will Cross the Trocha.

Havana, Nov. 5.—According to insurgent statements the frequency of engagements recently in the province of Havana is evidence of the truth of the report that Antonio Maceo and Maximo Gomez are directing the force under their command upon the city of Havana itself, with the intention of laying siege to it. They insist that Maceo passed the military line after having bombarded Artemisa. As a matter of fact the Spanish commanders admit that they are not aware of the whereabouts of Maceo.

There is another feature of the situation which is causing the insurgents considerable satisfaction, and that is the visit of United States Consul General Lee to the United States. They insist, in spite of all denials, that the relations between the government at Washington City and the Spanish authorities are decidedly strained, and that the further interviews which are expected to take place shortly between Consul General Lee, President Cleveland and Secretary Olney will lead to important departures on the part of the policy of the government. The more hotheaded of the insurgents continue maintaining that the intervention of the United States in Cuba is certain before long, as the insurgents insist they have demonstrated their ability to maintain for more than a year past, a permanent and independent government in Cuba, and to keep their large armies in the field in spite of the fact that Capt. Gen. Weyler has some 250,000 troops. They add that the Spanish are no longer in possession of anything more than the large cities of the island, and that with the investment of Havana the fall of several of those cities would be anticipated.

IN PINAR DEL RIO.

Patriot Army Soon to Force a Passage of Weyler's Trocha.

Key West, Nov. 5.—Advices from Cuba give plainer descriptions of the movements of the insurgents than can be sent by cable from the island.

Antonio Maceo has moved to the plain country, that is to say, to the south coast of Pinar del Rio, with the intention to make an attempt to pass the trocha, protected in the meantime, as he hopes, by insurgents at the rear of the trocha. He is at present supposed to be at Carojal, in the direction of the swamp of Majala. If he does not accept a battle he will be obliged to go further toward Dayaniguets, for an advance by Pueblo Nuevo, taking the road by Cayajabos to La Sierra. It is thought probable that it will be difficult for him to pass by the south coast to the western portion of Pinar del Rio, because Gen. Weyler has stationed 2,000 cavalry to prevent that movement near Candelaria.

Weyler's columns are fortifying the strategic positions taken from the insurgents in the mountains of Pinar del Rio so as to form a strong base of operations. When once these are finished, Weyler calculates he will be able to dispose 10,000 more men in the pursuit of Maceo, and it is the general opinion that he will be able to give a decisive blow.

The insurgents have dynamited the culvert of the railroad at San Cristobal, in the province of Pinar del Rio, detaining a passenger train until next day.

The military governor of Cabasar, Havana province, learned that the insurgents were in the habit of passing daily across the river to Almendares. He prepared an ambuscade, as the result of which the insurgents lost one man. The well-known leader, La Figurcade, was also wounded in the leg.

The splendid farm houses of San Miguel, near Guayaraba Meleno, have been burned by the insurgents. They also attacked the village of Macuga, plundered the stores and burned the greater part of the houses. The troops on the ground made a stubborn defense, but were unable to drive out the insurgents before they burned the town. The fort only dominated a small part of the village. The insurgents left three of their killed in the street when they made their retreat. Numerous families, left homeless, took refuge on an adjoining plantation.

The insurgent leader, Aguirre, and, it is supposed, some others, are active in the neighborhood of Guana Baza, just across the bay from Havana, and have made several feints to attack that village, with the intention of creating a sensational diversion. The government has several columns in pursuit of them.

GEN. LEE AT NEW YORK.

Declines to Discuss Cuban Affairs—The Vigilancia Episode.

New York, Nov. 5.—Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, accompanied by Thomas Jones, his private secretary, arrived from Havana late last night on the Ward Line steamer Vigilancia. Gen. Lee said his health had been excellent from the time he left this country last June, in spite of reports to the contrary. He had been treated with military courtesy by Gen. Weyler, whom he described as a gentleman with pleasant manners but a strict disciplinarian. Gen. Lee declined to talk about the Cuban question, even in general terms.

Capt. McIntosh, who is in command of the Vigilancia, had only a few words to say in refernec to the attempt of the Spanish authorities to arrest Antonio Escalante at Havana on the outward trip of the steamer. "The chief of police," said he, "came aboard when we reached Havana, and told me that he had an anonymous letter from New York stating that Escalante was on board my ship, and that he was a fugitive inasmuch as he had tried to evade the military law. I told him that I had such a man on board, but that I would not give him up until I had consulted the American consul. The chief of police and I have been fast friends for nearly twenty years, and the matter was conducted very quietly. Of course, Gen. Lee refused to allow Escalante to be taken from my ship, and I landed him safely in Vera Cruz."

Washington City, Nov. 5.—General Fitzhugh Lee, the consul-general to Havana, who arrived in New York today, reached Washington City this afternoon. In reply to a direct question he said he had not been called here by the president for the discussion of the situation there. When asked whether the insurgents or the Spanish held the advantage in the war, General Lee was evasive, saying: "First reports are heard of success on the one side and then on the other. The war has been in progress since February, 1895, and there is no prospect of its speedy termination."

The consul-general testified to the baneful effects of this strife which is now desolating the island. "Business," he said, "is paralyzed, and the island is being gradually ruined. What one side leaves the other destroys, as in all civil wars. There is a systematic destruction of the vast sugar estates."

Another Spanish Victory.

Madrid, Nov. 5.—It is reported here that the Spanish troops have defeated Antonio Maceo in Pinar del Rio, the insurgents losing 200 killed and wounded.

Big Failure in Texas.

Dallas, Tex., Nov. 5.—W. W. White & Co., one of the largest and oldest cotton buying firms in Texas, filed a deed of trust late last night. The liabilities are near $200,000, the largest creditor being J. P. Morgan & Co., of New York, who have claims for $106,000, secured by 3,000 bales of cotton. Local banks were hit hard. Six sections of land in the Panhandle and numerous shares of stocks of local elevator companies are conveyed for the benefit of creditors.

The newest buttons seen on fur coats are made of tortoise shell, mother of pearl and cut steel.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair,
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.

DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Most Perfect Made.
40 Years the Standard.

ADDRESS BY ROGERS.

GOVERNOR-ELECT PUBLISHES A LETTER TO HIS PARTY.

They Are Warned Against Their Opponents, "the Enemies of Future Prosperity and Good Government"—All Applicants for Public Positions Must Be Unanimously Indorsed.

Tacoma, Nov. 5. — Special. — Governor-elect Rogers has issued the following address to the People's party of Washington:

"The ticket nominated at Ellensburg has been successful at the polls. It now becomes our duty to consolidate into one united party under one management, the forces there brought together. No administration of state or national affairs can hope to be successful or to merit the approval of the great majority of citizens unless unity of action and wise counsels prevail among the supporters of that administration. Grave difficulties exist which must—and will be—surmounted.

"Our opponents, and the enemies of future prosperity and good government, will strive by every means known to defeated and desperate men to hinder our success and defeat our efforts, being willing in this to imperil the fortune and good name of our glorious young commonwealth to accomplish their selfish purposes. Chief among the means employed will be their efforts to disorganize our forces by creating where possible among us division and dissension. We cannot be successful in reforming and purifying the service without a firm and well-established bond of union among our allied forces. Let us resolve that under whatever name we shall henceforth be known the union formed at Ellensburg is, and of right, ought to be, unbroken and perpetual.

"To this end, and as one step in the direction indicated, let it be understood that application for the comparatively few positions which may at some time in the future be within the gift of the state administration, must be accompanied by the full and complete indorsement and recommendation by the authorities and prominent members of the former Populist, Democratic and Silver Republican parties in the county from which the applicant may come. These matters must be settled in the various counties by the practically unanimous voice of all the elements composing the present fusion. It will thus become practically impossible for an unfit man to receive indorsement, and where all factions are in this manner agreed the party will be strengthened and members drawn more and more together in the work of providing good and efficient government.

"For let us not forget that our chief object and purpose is to serve well the state, to guard its honor and the interests of its people against the insidious attacks of wily and conscienceless foes who may shortly assume the position of obstructionists in the state, stopping at nothing in their dastardly work of disparagement and attempted division. But if we continue to stand as we did at the polls on the 3d of November last, shoulder to shoulder, for honest government, our organization will merit, and attain success and a brilliant political future.

"JOHN R. ROGERS."

Assistant U. S. Attorney Removed.

Washington City Nov. 5.—Attorney General Harmon has removed James Couch, jr., assistant United States district attorney for West Virginia. Couch was a candidate for an elective office Tuesday in violation of the rules of the department of justice. He declined to resign.

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