WANT TO BE SENATOR

SQUIRE'S NAME SEEMS TO BE ENTIRELY OVERLOOKED.

James Hamilton Lewis Is the Dark Horse of Whom All Other Candidates for the Honor Are Afraid—Winsor and Stallcup Both in Thorough Training—Judge Turner Is Scrutched.

Tacoma, Nov. 8.—Special.—Although the campaign of 1896 is now a part of the history of this country and of the state of Washington, the fusion camp presents a scene of partisan activity which would lead a stranger to imagine that the struggle for supremacy was at its midnoon. The workers within the fusion party are to be occupied from now on till perhaps late in the winter with the disposition of two weighty matters, the election of a United States senator to succeed Watson C. Squire, and the proper division of the spoils of the victory won at the polls last Tuesday. One might imagine that the latter subject would assume such importance, in view of the hungry followers hanging about the outskirts of the victorious army, as to dwarf into minor significance the senatorial fight. But this is not the case, for the reason, perhaps, of the multiplicity of aspirants for the toga and the numbers of workers that have already espoused the fortunes of the different candidates.

It is currently reported at the headquarters of the Populists in this city that the patronage matter will be settled first, for two reasons, namely, the well established need of the average People's party man for an office, and second, that the larger task should be disposed of before the other is taken up. But while the three committees are wrangling over the distribution of the offices, the Squire henchmen, the Winsor Populists and the followers of A. V. Fawcett, Judge John C. Stallcup, Frank Baker, John S. Baker and the followers of the other possibilities in the senatorial line, are conducting an interesting campaign in order to gather together strength sufficient for the landing of the great prize when the legislature meets in January.

As yet there has been but little gathering of workers around the standards of the candidates. Among the Populists, who seem to have the best chance of naming the senator of the three factions in the fusion party, Richard Winsor, of Seattle, is perhaps the leading candidate. Mr. Winsor has been considered an aspirant for the senatorship for some months past, and he has a number of adherents among the Populists of Pierce county.

Ever since the early days of the campaign it has been whispered about that Frank Baker, chairman of the state committee, would enter the lists in the event of the success of the fusionists, and although his candidacy has not been formally announced, he is an active aspirant for the place. People's party men in Pierce county do not take kindly to his candidacy, and among their Democratic and Goat allies Baker is not looked upon as even a possibility. In the first place, the Populists themselves admit that the state chairman will be entirely unable to rally to his support even his own party, on account of the many feuds that have grown out of his attempted domination of the party machine. The Democrats in the fusion camp are inclined to pat Baker on the back and call him a good fellow, but they positively refuse to consider him as a possible candidate when there are better men going to waste on every hand.

It developed today that the Democrats would put in a claim to the senatorship, backed up by the strongest arguments they can muster. The Populists will be reminded that their victory could not have been made possible without Democratic advice and Democratic votes. It will be pointed out to them that the maintenance of the fusion organization, which Gov.-elect Rogers sets so much store by, will be impossible without Democratic co-operation and counsel. As a price for these things the wily Jacksonians will ask that a Democrat of the old school—none other than Judge John C. Stallcup—shall be named by the triplicate caucus that will assemble when the legislature meets at Olympia.

The Democratic leaders take a great deal of stock in Judge Stallcup's popularity among the People's party men of Western Washington. Among the Populists of Pierce no man stands higher than Judge Stallcup, who has been their constant counselor and friend. His attitude on the water plant question and upon the funding of the outstanding warrant indebtedness of Tacoma have both inspired Populist confidence and admiration. This fact is the principal stock in trade of the Stallcup men.

John S. Baker, of this city, who was defeated for state senator by Stanton Warburton on Tuesday, is looked upon as a possible candidate in case there is a chance for the silver Republicans. Mr. Baker has been a consistent and active advocate of free coinage for a long time, although he had not taken much of a hand in local politics for some time until his nomination by the fusionists for state senator. Mr. Baker is a banker and a large realty holder in Tacoma, and is therefore amply equipped to make the race. For that matter, Judge Stallcup is said to be possessed of worldly means sufficient to give his opponents a battle royal.

It is stated on apparently good authority that George Turner, of Spokane, will not be a candidate this time, preferring to save his energies for a race against Senator John L. Wilson in 1899. Judge Turner's attitude of quiescence is said to be due also to the fact that Eastern Washington cannot well claim both senators.

There is one man of whom both the Winsor Populists and the Stallcup Democrats have a secret fear, and he is James Hamilton Lewis, congressman-elect. Lewis' splendid showing as a vote-getter has aroused much enthusiasm among the fusionists of the three parties. Whether Lewis will enter the race or not only he himself knows, and the friends of the other candidates would give a good deal to find out how he is minded on this question.

ADDITIONAL RETURNS.

Whatcom County.

Whatcom, Nov. 8.—Special.—The official count of the election returns will be made tomorrow. The Bryan electors have carried the county by about 200 plurality, and Rogers is only a little behind. The fusionists confidently expected majorities more than twice as great for their national and state ticket, and they were equally confident of electing their entire county ticket, with possibly one or two exceptions. In this they have been grievously disappointed, for the Republicans have elected the superior judge, sheriff, county attorney, auditor and surveyor, and the Democrats have got the best of what is left, viz.: Treasurer, clerk, school superintendent, and one commissioner. The Pops, with a large majority of the fusion vote, have only one commissioner, and the assessor, and there is much weeping and wailing and gnashing of teeth in consequence in the Pop camp, and the leaders of their forces swear that there will be no more Demo-Pop fusion in this county.

County Treasurer Purdy made a strong fight for re-election, and would have won easily if he had not been knifed by members of his own party in the bay cities. The vicious assaults made against him by County Attorney Alexander, in his fight for re-election, did him no harm, and undoubtedly did much to defeat Alexander himself.

In one of the Pop parades there was a banner inscribed: "The old soldiers, God bless them; four of them on our ticket." As a matter of fact there were five, and four of them were skinned. Two of them were nominees for constable in Whatcom, and one for justice of the peace here, and the only one who got a majority was Jerry Daniels, for constable, an office which pays $80 a year.

The Republicans intended to have a big parade and ratification meeting last evening, but it was so very stormy that the celebration was postponed until a more favorable time. If the weather is pleasant, it will take place Tuesday evening.

Walla Walla County.

The following are the official returns of Walla Walla county:

Electoral votes—Bryan 1,619, McKinley 1,596, Palmer 64, Levering 37.

Congress—Lewis, Pop., 1,498; Jones, Pop., 1,674; Hyde, Rep., 1,532; Doolittle, Rep., 1,526; Salyer, Pro., 34; Olsen, Pro., 31; Mix Nat.-Pro., 7.

Governor—Rogers, Pop., 1,691; Sullivan, Rep., 1,528; Dunlap, Pro., 61.

Lieutenant Governor—Daniels, Pop., 1,650; Arrasmith, Rep., 1,555; Shorthill, Pro., 42; Dickinson, Nat.-Pro., 13.

Supreme Judge—Reavis, Pop., 1,670; Hoyt, Rep., 1,564; Livermore, Pro., 37.

Secretary of State—Jenkins, Pop., 1,616; Price, Rep., 1,606; Haggard, Pro., 42.

State Treasurer—Young, Pop., 1,641; Kellogg, Rep., 1,596; Robin, Pro., 37.

State Auditor—Cheetham, Pop., 1,687; Frost, Rep., 1,567; Gridley, Pro., 33.

Attorney General—Winston, Pop., 1,678; Ross, Rep., 1,556; Smith, Pro., 39.

Superintendent of Public Instruction—Browne, Pop., 1,481; Brunton, Rep., 1,781; Newberry, Pro., 29.

Commissioner of Public Lands—Bridges, Pop., 1,649; Forrest, Rep., 1,577; Flagg, Pro., 38.

State Printer—Hicks, Pop., 1,687; White, Rep., 1,583; Bull, Pro., 45.

State Senator Ninth District—Yeend, Pop., 693; Dovell, Rep., 747.

State Senator, Tenth District—Miller, Pop., 962; Wingard, Rep., 840.

Representative, Eleventh District—Mathiot, Pop., 995; Storey, Rep., 816.

Representative, Twelfth District—Osborne, Pop., 633; Marshall, Rep., 794.

Superior Judge—Gose, Pop., 1,617; Brents, Rep., 1,665.

County Attorney—Sharpstein, Pop., 1,734; Wilson, Rep., 1,538.

County Auditor—McGahey, Pop., 1,589; Crocker, Rep., 1,689.

County Clerk—Mullinix, Pop., 1,701; Shaw, Rep., 1,561.

Sheriff—Ellingsworth, Pop., 1,746; Henderson, Rep., 1,564.

Treasurer—McCarthy, Pop., 1,603; Paxton, Rep., 1,675.

Surveyor—Camp, Pop., 1,591; Clark, Rep., 1,665.

Assessor—Gholson, Pop., 1,660; Wilson, Rep., 1,621.

School Superintendent — Lingenfelder, Pop., 1,602; Bond, Rep., 1,654.

County Commissioner, Third District—Drumheller, Pop., 1,811; Cummings, Rep., 1,433.

County Commissioner, First District—Evans, Pop., 1,656; Coffin, Rep., 1,615.

Coroner—Nelms, Pop., 1,586; Smith, Rep., 1,673.

Amendment—For 1,052, against 251.

San Juan County.

Whatcom, Nov. 8.—Special.—The brief message from Port Townsend published in the Post-Intelligencer yesterday, stating that San Juan county was carried by the Republican "by 25 majority," does the banner little Republican county of the state an injustice. The total vote for presidential electors was 625, and McKinley's plurality was 149, and his majority over both Bryan and Palmer 133. Sullivan ran ahead of the state ticket, and received a plurality of 132 over Rogers, Dunlap having received 4 votes. The majority for Doolittle and Hyde was 128, and the majorities for other candidates on the state ticket ranged from 107 for Forest to 141 for Ross. On the county ticket the majorities for the Republican candidates ran from 12 to 167, with the exception of Harrison for treasurer, and Dyer for school superintendent, who were beaten, the former by 24 votes, and the latter by 12.

Harrison's defeat is due to the fact that there are many citizens in the county who regarded his nomination as a violation of the spirit of the law against a third term, as he is now serving his second term as county assessor. The successful candidate is August Wold, a prominent and highly respected young farmer of the San Juan valley. The successful candidate for the legislature is W. H. Thacker, Republican, and not Joseph Hilton, as reported in the Post-Intelligencer's legislative list yesterday. He is the present county attorney. The constitutional amendment carried by about 250 majority.

School Question Not Settled.

Minneapolis, Minn., Nov. 8.—A special from Winnipeg says: The official announcement of the terms of settlement of the parochial school question was not forthcoming today, as expected. The Catholics desire some particular concession in regard to the hours in the schools for religious instruction, which Premier Greenway will not consent to have. The point will probably be compromised and the settlement not delayed beyond Monday, as both Protestants and Catholics are eager to bring the strife to an end.

Disastrous Floods in Italy.

Rome, Nov. 8.—The floods in Italy have been renewed. The town of Rimini has been submerged, and the river Cerfone has been overflowed.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Assistant Surgeon John H. Stone has been ordered from Port Leavenworth to Fort Riley, Kan.

The Occidental Athletic Club, of San Francisco, has succeeded in matching Jeffries and Van Buskirk. Details as to date and other matters will be arranged for.

Benjamin Traphell, jr., of Charleston, W. Va., has been appointed assistant United States attorney for the district of West Virginia, vice J. H. Couch, jr., dismissed.

Heavy gales have swept the coast of Valencia, and many vessels have been reported lost. A terrible storm has also swept over the Sea of Azov, causing many shipping disasters.

William H. Treworgy, lumber dealer at Boston, has assigned, owing to the failure at Portsmouth of the Vermont Lumber Manufacturing Company. Treworgy's liabilities are $204,443.

Judge William C. Ghost died at Denver, Saturday, of apoplexy, at the age of 54. He came to Denver 18 years ago, from Fremont, Neb., where he had been elected judge of the county court.

Francis Kossuth, son of the late Louis Kossuth, received a sharp cut on the right arm in a duel with Gabriel Ugron, at Budapesth, Saturday. Ugron was slightly scratched by Kossuth's sword.

At Toledo, O., Friday night, Conrad Eichorn and his son put up at the Entemen's hotel. During the night the father unscrewed a gas chandelier, and allowed himself to be asphyxiated, together with his son.

At Oakland, Cal., Friday, Mrs. Mary A. Townsend drew a revolver on Superintendent of Streets Chick, and prevented him from moving her house out of Shattuck avenue. The superintendent beat a lively retreat. The trouble resulted from a disputed grade.

Fire at Indianapolis Saturday destroyed a four-story building at 26 and 28 West Washington street, occupied by Robson & Lawrie, dry goods. The entire building, valued at $75,000, was destroyed. The cigar store of Charles F. Meyer & Co., and Knox's Five and Ten-Cent Store, carrying $10,000 stocks, suffered heavily by water.

Edward Mason has been sentenced to eighteen months at San Quentin, and to pay a fine of $500 for using the mails to extort money from Mrs. Caroline Christie, of Boston. Mason, who is an ex-convict, secured $100 by representing himself as sheriff of Truckee, and writing to Mrs. Christie that her son Edward had been badly hurt in a railroad accident.

Mgr. Maurice Lesage d'Hanteroche d'Hulst, who represented one of the divisions of Brest in the French chamber of deputies, and was rector of the Catholic Institute of Paris, prelate of the house, the pope's honorary vicar general for the diocese of Paris, etc., is dead. He was born in 1841, and first entered the chamber of deputies in 1892, succeeding the late Mgr. Freppel, bishop of Angers.

While digging in a cellar near Middlesborough, Kan., a few days ago, John Winter unearthed a giant mummy, and discovered several interesting relics. The mummy is that of a man of great stature, being over eight feet tall. It was wrapped in a winding sheet of skins, and carefully sealed in a canoe-shaped coffin. A few minutes after being exposed to the air the mummy commenced to crumble, but by careful handling Winter has succeeded in keeping it intact.

The betting men of Monticello, Ill., are mourning because the money which they thought they had won on the result of the election has turned out to be worthless paper. A man named Lucas worked a great game of flim-flam. Early in the campaign Mr. Lucas began hunting bets, taking the Bryan end as fast as he could find takers. The money was enclosed in an envelope, and then Lucas suggested that it be deposited in the bank, with instructions to the banker to turn over the envelope to the winner. About $500 was put up in this way. On Wednesday Lucas disappeared. When the envelopes were opened, they were found to contain nothing but paper.

SIGNS OF THE TIMES.

COMPTROLLER ECKELS SHOWS CONFIDENCE IS RESTORED.

Money Will Now Creep Out of Its Hoardings—Preparations for New Undertakings and the Restarting of Old Ones—Abundant Crops Here and a Shortage Elsewhere—Already Bank Deposits Are Increasing, and the Era of Prosperity Has Begun.

Chicago, Nov. 8.—James H. Eckels, comptroller of the currency, today wired the editor of the Times-Herald from Washington City as follows:

"The liquidation of the last three years has prepared the way for a revival of business in this country upon a basis which ought to insure stability and continuance. The immediate effect of the defeat of the free coinage propaganda and the isms connected with it is seen in the suggestions everywhere made of preparations for new undertakings and restarting of old ones. Undoubtedly some of these will fall off, but the general tone of hopefulness will continue and investors will invest in those things which clearly promise a return of profit on the investment.

"I do not believe speculative enterprises will succeed for a long time to come. A great amount of money will come out of hoarding, but it will be used cautiously. The amount which has been secreted in safety vaults and elsewhere is larger than ever in the country's history. Much of it is in gold coin, but not a little is in the form of credit currency, such as bank notes, silver certificates and legal tenders.

"The favorable conditions for the people, aside from the settlement of the money question, rest in the abundant crops here and the shortage elsewhere, the reduction in the stock of manufactured products, and the fact that expenses have been brought to a minimum in every line of business.

"The banks have since 1893 been changing off bad and doubtful paper, so that they will be able speedily to loan out such sums as business men need. Already deposits are increasing to such an extent that the prospects of a strong showing under the next bank call are very flattering. With the restored confidence now manifest in our determination to maintain the single gold standard of value and the rehabilitation of American credit, there is reason to believe much foreign capital will come here.

"I do not see, either, why the banks ought not to resume the furnishing of any gold needed in business transactions, a thing they did without injury to themselves until the passage of the Sherman act of 1890. I believe the national banks should issue all the paper currency of the country, and with this power given them they should be obliged to redeem the same in gold. This they could readily do if the legal tenders were removed and they were completely freed from further silver agitation. I have no doubt that under such circumstances they would be willing to undertake it.

FACTORIES GETTING BUSY.

One Running Night and Day on Orders Conditioned on Election.

Lyons, N. Y., Nov. 8.—The Manhattan silver plate factory, which has been running irregularly since January last, has commenced running at nights on account of large orders conditioned on the election. The New Haven silver plate factory and A. H. Towar & Co.'s silver plate factory have both started up on full time. There is even a scarcity of employes at present. The Fisher pottery, established in 1825, is now running full blast for the first time in many months. The result of all this is that the produce handlers are now able to secure money with which to move the big apple crop, which is estimated at three-quarters of a million barrels. There has been an increase in farm produce prices also, and collections are said to be improving.

GREAT FOUNDRIES OPEN.

Which Will Give Work for Over One Thousand More Men.

Denver, Nov. 8.—It is announced that tomorrow the big plant of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company, at Pueblo, will be put to work on a large order of steel rails and fittings for the Santa Fe, which would keep the immense mills employed with a full complement of men until January 1 at least. The opening of the mills means the immediate employment of fully 1,500 men, 1,200 of whom will be at the mills, and the remainder at the mine. At present only 500 or 600 are at work.

Increasing Its Working Force.

Toledo, O., Nov. 8.—The Maumee Rolling Mill Company will increase its force by 200 men tomorrow. The sheet iron mills have been closed for several months, and would not have opened in the event of Bryan's election. The men are all high priced skilled workmen.

Wages to Be Restored.

Peoria, Ill., Nov. 8.—The American Glucose Company works yesterday notified its workmen to report for duty November 16, at which time a recent reduction of 10 per cent. in wages will be restored.

OUR TRADE WITH RUSSIA.

England Seems a Trifle Jealous of Its Recent Increase.

London, Nov. 8.—A dispatch from St. Petersburg to the Times with reference to the recent visit to the United States by Prince Hilkoff, Russian minister of communication, dwells upon the great increase of American trade with Russia.

"American locomotives are being imported," says the dispatch; "Americans are building a locomotive works on the Volga, and are laying naphtha lines in the south, while armor plates for the Russian admiralty are being made in the United States. It is the belief that the object of Prince Hilkoff's tour was to give the czar a report on American railways which will be useful and instructive in the present active development of Russian railways."

The Cure Affected by Prayer.

Alameda, Cal., Nov. 8.—Mrs. H. S. Stedham, of 1019 Paris street, whose sudden recovery from a spinal trouble is attributed to a direct answer to prayers offered up for her, walked to attend services today at the First Congregational church for the first time in six years. Her family and friends are greatly rejoiced over what they consider a miraculous intervention in her behalf. She has discarded for good the rolling chair which for years has been her only means of locomotion.

Heavy Claim Against Germany.

Paris, Nov. 8.—The Matin announces that Sidney O'Danna has arrived in Paris and intends to bring an action in the French courts against the German embassy, claiming 37,650,000 francs damage. O'Danna has just finished a term in prison in Berlin on a charge of intriguing to bring about a war between France and Germany. He contends that he was unjustly sentenced.

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IN CUMBERLAND GAP.

DEDICATION OF "GAPLAND ARCH," CORRESPONDENTS' MEMORIAL.

Monument Conceived by "Gath," the Most Famous Newspaper Man at the Front—Exercises Held on the Thirty-seventh Anniversary of John Brown's Raid—A Pretty Spot Once Deluged by the War.

Washington City, Nov. 7.—Special.—So great was the interest taken in the political campaign last month that a most noteworthy event passed with but very little public attention. This was the dedication of "Gapland Arch," the war correspondents' memorial conceived by George Alfred Townsend, "Gath," and carried out by him through the generosity of a number of former correspondents who have since become wealthy, and of wealthy men who appreciated the work done by the correspondents during the dark days of the civil war. Of all these war correspondents, "Gath" was easily the first and his letters sent from the armies during the great struggle, had done much more to inform the people of the country of how it progressed than anything else. At the dedication, one of the speakers recalled the remarks made by President Lincoln after the great battle: "We will not know what has taken place until 'Gath's' account is printed."

"Gath" is growing old and while he still writes, his work does not attract so much attention as formerly, principally because he does not do so much of it. Fortune has been kind, and he has built him a home far up in the Cumberland mountains near the famous gap through which the tide of war swept so fiercely. This he has called "Gapland," and happy are the friends who secure an invitation to visit the veteran correspondent there. Handsome grounds surround his modest dwelling, from which magnificent views of the mountain scenery in every direction are to be obtained.

Near this lovely spot the memorial is erected. Its dedication was on the thirty-seventh anniversary of that day when John Brown of Puritan blood and pertinacity, believing himself to be God's messenger to abolish slavery, marched from his temporary home in those mountains, with 15 white and colored men armed and equipped for war, seized the United States armory buildings at Harper's Ferry, stopped all railway trains, and held his position for 30 hours. His hope was that the slaves of Virginia would rally around him, throw off their shackles and assert their freedom. His disappointment and the consequences were sadly pathetic. Gov. Lowndes, of Maryland, who delivered the dedicatory address, spoke of Brown's act as "the opening scene of a panorama of death and devotion the like of which we pray may never happen again."

The chief of the customs bureau here thinks it would be a good idea to publish for the benefit of importers and others in the Puget Sound customs district the full text of the new law relative to liens on imports. This law was enacted near the close of the last session of congress and received the president's approval. It amends section 2981 of the Revised Statutes so that it reads as follows:

"Section. 2981. That whenever the collector of the port of entry of the vessel, or other proper officer of the customs, shall be duly notified in writing of the existence of a lien for freight, charges or contribution in general average upon imported goods, wares or merchandise in his custody, he shall, before delivering such goods, wares or merchandise to the importer, owner or consignee thereof for consumption, or to any vessel or vehicle for transportation or exportation, give seasonable notice to the party or parties claiming the lien; and the possession by the officers of customs shall not affect the discharge of such lien, under such regulations as the secretary of the treasury may prescribe; and such officer shall refuse the delivery of such merchandise from any public or bonded warehouse or other place in which the same shall be deposited until proof to his satisfaction shall be produced that the freight, charges or contribution in general average thereon has been paid or secured; but the rights of the United States shall not be prejudiced thereby, nor shall the United States or its officers be in any manner liable for losses consequent upon such refusal to deliver. If merchandise so subject to a lien, regarding which notice has been filed, shall be forfeited to the United States and sold, the freight, charges or contribution in general average due thereon shall be paid from the proceeds of such sale in the same manner as other charges and expenses authorized by law to be paid therefrom are paid."

Another law enacted about the same time is of interest to all persons in the state of Washington who may desire to make exhibits of any kind in the neighboring country of British Columbia. The act is brief and reads as follows:

"Whenever any article or articles or live stock shall be sent out of the United States for temporary use or exhibition at any public exposition, fair or conference, held in a foreign country, such articles shall be entitled to be returned to the United States, under such regulations as may be prescribed by the secretary of the treasury, without the payment of customs duty, whether they shall be of domestic or of foreign production: Provided, that the articles of foreign production have once paid duty in the United States and no drawback has been allowed thereon, and if any domestic articles are subject to internal-revenue tax, such tax shall be proved to have been paid before exportation and not refunded."

Beaten to a Jelly.

Huntington, Pa., Nov. 8.—During a drinking bout between Italians at Robertsdale, a mining town in the lower part of this county, late last night, Peter Venzelona was brutally murdered. His slayers, Lewis Lawrence, Daniel Cheraz and Chilan and Alexander Vanace, were lodged in jail here tonight. The alleged murderers used iron pins and stones on their victim, whose head was literally beaten into a jelly. Jealousy over a girl is said to have prompted the crime.

Miss Willard Home Again.

New York, Nov. 8.—Miss Frances E. Willard and Miss Annie E. Gordon, who arrived yesterday on the steamship St. Paul, started at once for St. Louis, where Miss Willard will preside at the annual meeting of the National Woman's Christian Temperance Union, convening November 13.

Railroad to Cripple Creek.

Victor, Col., Nov. 8.—The Colorado Springs, Victor and Cripple Creek railroad, incorporated several weeks ago, has succeeded in placing its bonds, and work on the line will be pushed as rapidly as possible.

A curious story is going the rounds of the European press concerning Prince Nicolas of Montenegro, the father of the Princess of Naples. A few years ago the prince, who is far from being wealthy, found it necessary to borrow 40,000 florins from the Lloyd bank in Cattaro. A few days before the debt became due the prince saw a peasant, driving a pig, pass by his palace. He rushed out and asked the countryman where he was going. "To Cattaro, prince," replied the Montenegrin. "All right," said the prince, "you can do me a great service if you will leave this at the Lloyd office," and he gave him a package of banknotes, which the peasant carried faithfully to the cashier of the bank.

WAS SENT TO SPAIN.

TO PROCURE A FRIENDLY SETTLEMENT OF CUBA'S TROUBLES.

Ramon O. Williams, Ex-Consul General to Havana, Believed to Have Been in Madrid Opening Up Negotiations on Behalf of This Country—The Offer He Is Said to Have Been Authorized to Make.

New York, Nov. 8.—The Morning Advertiser will say tomorrow: It was reported in this city that the ex-consul general to Havana, Ramon O. Williams, might be expected here from Europe in about ten days. Although the fact of Mr. Williams' presence in Spain escaped the vigilance of the newspaper correspondents in the Spanish capital. It is nevertheless true that he has been in Madrid for three weeks past and in the immediate circle of his family. It was announced that he was to leave for New York by one of the North German-Lloyd liners on Saturday last.

While the fact cannot, for chivalrous reasons, be definitely learned, it was generally believed by his personal friends that Mr. Williams' visit to Spain has been made as an agent of the United States with the view of making some arrangement by which a peaceable solution of the Cuban question might be brought about.

It will be remembered that on returning from Havana, Mr. Williams spent some time in Washington City, where he had several lengthy interviews with President Cleveland and Secretary Olney. He then left for Europe, sailing on September 8, it being generally supposed that his trip was taken for rest, and in the interest of his health. He first visited England, and then crossed over to France, and, as it now transpires, proceeded thence to Madrid, where he has been for a little over three weeks.

It was even stated that Mr. Williams was authorized to favor negotiations by which the purchase of the islands by the Cubans might be arranged, on the understanding that the United States would guarantee the payments to the mother country. It will be recalled that this was substantially the basis of the arrangement proposed by Gen. Grant at the time of Spain's last war with her colony.

CUBA'S AUTONOMISTS.

They Address a Cable to Spain's Premier Promising Support.

Havana, Nov. 8.—Today a meeting was held at the government palace of representatives of the Union Constitutional, the Marquis of Apeztugia, the Marquis of Pinar del Rio and Mayor Antonio Quesada, the autonomists Galvez, Montoro and Cueto, and the Reformists Revell, Segundo and Alvarez. The following cable dispatch was addressed to Senor Canovas, the Spanish premier:

"The constitutional committee of national defense of the island, under the presidency of Gen. Weyler, have the honor to greet your excellency and offer to aid in the constitutional support toward the triumph against the national aspiration in the island which is foreshadowed today, the definite triumph of our arms over the odious rebellion which is devastating the island and compromising the civilization acquired under the Spanish banner." Signed by the committee.

After sending the message to Senor Canovas, the committee of national defense paid a visit to Capt. Gen. Weyler, who applauded their action and said that he considered it important for Spain. The congratulations of the united party, he said, were important as indicating their patriotic purposes.

A telegram from Cienfuegos says great enthusiasm prevails there, and that a patriotic subscription is under way to aid in the increase of the navy.

A Skirmish in Cuba.

Havana, Nov. 8.—Col. Palonca encountered the insurgent leader Robau at Palo Prieto in Santa Clara province, and killed fifteen of his men, and took one prisoner. The insurgents carried off the rest of their lost. The troops had two officers and four soldiers wounded.

Arms for Cubans.

Tegucigalpa, Honduras, via Galveston, Nov. 8.—A club has been organized amongst residents of this place, to be devoted to sending arms to the insurgents in Cuba.

Gen. Lee Homeward Bound.

Washington City, Nov. 8.—Consul General Lee left Washington City last evening for Charlottesville, Va., where his family is now stopping.

K. of L. General Assembly.

Rochester, N. Y., Nov. 8.—The twentieth annual general assembly of the Knights of Labor will be opened in this city next Tuesday. The assembly is likely to be in session from ten days to two weeks. Among the prominent members of the order who have arrived are: J. R. Sovereign, grand master workman, and John H. Hayes, general secretary and treasurer.

Nevada Silver Mine to Reopen.

Carson City, Nev., Nov. 8.—The News, a Republican paper, last evening stated that one of the important silver mines in Nevada, after being closed some time, will at once open in full blast. Two hundred men have been engaged to commence work at once, and others will be put on later. This mine is the Cortez limited, and is strictly silver.

Three Adventurous Tramps Killed.

Wellsville, N. Y., Nov. 8.—Two men and a boy who were stealing a ride on an Erie car loaded with iron piping were instantly killed last night by the jarring of the car by a switch engine and the shifting of the pipes.

A PRIEST KIDNAPED.

Just as He Was About to Embrace the Protestant Faith.

London, Nov. 8.—The bishop of Marlborough, presiding at the Bible Society on Saturday, made a sensational statement to the effect that an eminent Roman Catholic priest who was entrusted with important missions by the pope, came to London and asked him (the bishop) to prepare him for conversion to the Church of England. Directly the preparation was completed the priest was kidnaped and taken back to France, where he is still kept under restraint.

The morning papers demand that the bishop shall give further details of this remarkable case.

Is Parnell Still Alive?

London, Nov. 8.—The Sunday Times says a firm of London publishers wrote last week to Prof. Haddon, of Dublin, as to the matter of preparing a life of Parnell. Prof. Haddon replied, saying that a general belief exists that Parnell is alive on an obscure ranch in a Western state. Shortly after the announcement of Parnell's death Prof. Haddon approached the family, mother and personal friends of Parnell with a view of obtaining material for a biographical sketch. Documents and statements concerning Parnell were refused; the reason being given in conference that he is still alive.

Timber Bark Lost.

Quebec, Nov. 8.—A private cable announces the loss at sea of the German bark George Linck, Capt. Varselo, from Quebec, October 2, for Grimsby, with a cargo of timber. The crew was rescued, and are on the ship General Gordon, bound for London.

The George Linck hailed from Dantzic, Germany, and was owned by Schonberg and Domansky. Her register was about 679 tons.

India's Famine Outlook.

Bombay, Nov. 8.—The Earl of Elgin, viceroy of India, speaking at a banquet on the famine outlook, said that recent news from the Punjab and the northwest provinces were somewhat reassuring. The fact that the Punjab has not yet felt the need of relief showed the distress was not yet acute. The measures adopted in the Northwest provinces had encouraged the people, who were facing the situation creditably and hopefully.

Many Wrecks on Britain's Coast.

London, Nov. 8.—A severe gale prevailed on the English coasts on Saturday night, and there were many wrecks, accompanied by exciting lifeboat rescues.

The Contents of 5,000 Sermons.

London Spectator.

Rev. Arthur Robins, chaplain-in-ordinary to the queen and chaplain to the Prince of Wales and to the household troops, preached on Sunday last his five thousandth sermon in Windsor, and his parishioners, in celebration of the occasion, presented him with a complete set of clerical robes. We should like to know Mr. Robins' own reflection on his long career of exhortation. Does he look back on it with complacency, or with humiliation, or with some mixture of the two emotions? If he has kept anything like a simple and natural mind throughout the fifty years or so during which he has probably been preaching, he must be, as very possibly he is, a man of great force of character, for nothing sooner succumbs to the spirit of routine than the habit of telling "my dear brethren" what they ought to think or feel in relation to their fellow creatures and their God. Think of the saying that for every idle word you utter you shall be accountable at the day of judgment, and consider how many idle and ill- words there must generally be in [illegible] mons. It must be a pathetic if not [illegible] rible retrospect. But we may [illegible] the great majority of preachers [illegible] ance will at least be very lenient [illegible] so, or we journalists should [illegible] left in an even worse predicament [illegible] preachers.

Tim Murphy tells this story of [illegible] H. Hoyt: During one of the [illegible] Texas Steer" Hoyt was with the [illegible] Their route was through a [illegible] country. The temperature in [illegible] was terrific and sleep was out of [illegible] tion. Tim heard sounds of [illegible] proceeding from Hoyt's berth. [illegible] the playwright's head emerged [illegible] hind the curtains. ("Great [illegible] claimed the owner of the head [illegible] that could be heard all through the [illegible] Hades is any hotter than this I am [illegible] to be good."

Those of the theatrical profession [illegible] after faithfully committing [illegible] carefully making up and going [illegible] their parts as effectively and [illegible] as they can, envy the greater [illegible] other artists, may congratulate [illegible] selves that those whom they [illegible] have a harder time of it. For [illegible] before appearing in "Cleopatra" [illegible] Davenport went through every [illegible] relating to Egypt's queen and her [illegible]

The Duke of Devonshire is still a [illegible] Irish land owner, although the [illegible] he sold 32,000 acres of land in [illegible] John Arnott for something like [illegible]

Cloak Dep't.....

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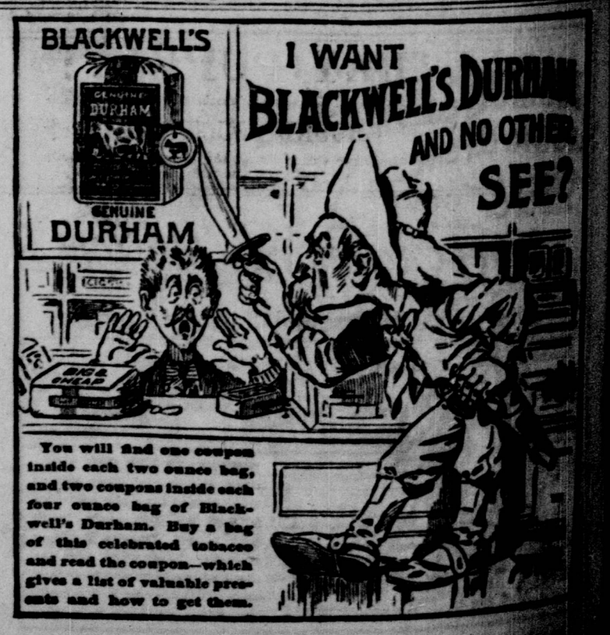
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