

Mixed Nuts, Fresh Cream Candy, Elegant Red Apples, New Lemon Peel or Orange Peel, Christmas Tree Candles, Pure Fruit Preserves, Pure Jellies and Jams, Fresh Ranch Eggs, Sweetened Chocolate.

SLAIN BY TREACHERY.

Maceo and His Staff Murdered Under a Flag of Truce.

PROMISED FREEDOM FOR CUBA.

Then Led into an Ambuscade, Where Hundreds of Soldiers Shot Them Down—Only One, a Traitor, Allowed to Live—Maceo Refused to Surrender, and With Sword Drawn for Cuban Liberty, Falls at the First Fire—Patriots Mourn, but Are Undaunted.

CINCINNATI, Dec. 12.—Antonio Maceo, the brilliant Cuban general, is dead, a victim of Spanish perfidy. The Commercial Tribune, in a special from Jacksonville, Fla., says:

J. A. Huan, agent of the Cuban Junta in this city, giving full details of Maceo's assassination, too foul for the civilized nations of the earth to tolerate.

"The Spaniards say they don't know where Maceo's body is. They know full well they have buried it, and will exhume it to a degree, and will exhume it

fore surrendering their arms to their tyrannical oppressors. Maceo was killed in Havana, in which our army is smallest and has the least means of defense, the Cubans are certain to be traitors to the cause, and not a day passes that we do not hear in this city of the

Evidence of the Plot. Josquin Fortin pointed yesterday to the facts, which in his opinion, corroborated the statements in the foregoing letter, and indicated that Maceo is really dead:

"First, La Lucha published an article Saturday in which it stated that the previous day Maj. Chiriqueda had had an engagement with an insurgent force, and had killed thirty-five Cubans, not named, at precisely the place in which Gen. Maceo was murdered.

"Second, the first dispatch sent from Havana, reporting Maceo's death, which was received on Monday, stated that Maj. Chiriqueda had the knowledge of the horse that Gen. Maceo was to ride.

"How did he acquire this knowledge? The glory of the event to the Spanish authorities, why should not Maceo be given exclusively to Maj. Chiriqueda, who had the good fortune, if the facts are as stated, to come unexpectedly on Maceo's party?"

"Fourth, from the fact, even before convincing proofs had been offered, such assurance was expressed at the palace, as indicating a previous-written plan.

"Fifth, Zertucha's previous conduct, it will appear, is not altogether free from bluntness.

"Sixth, a manifest contradiction appears between what is said by the authorities in Havana, and what the Spanish minister of foreign affairs announces in his complimentary telegram to Minister De Latorre, who writes from Havana and threatens say they have been unable to secure the body of Maceo, while the telegram from Madrid stated the body has been identified."

"The Spaniards say they don't know where Maceo's body is. They know full well they have buried it, and will exhume it to a degree, and will exhume it

manded the Spanish troops in the engagement in which Antonio Maceo was killed. Her majesty congratulated the man's wife, and promised the royal protection for the major's eldest son, who accompanied General Cervera. The queen also promised to pay for the boy's education.

THE GRESHAM IS SWIFT.

New Cutter Makes a Splendid Showing in the Trial Trip. CLEVELAND, Dec. 12.—The official trial of the new revenue cutter Walter G. Gresham took place today and proved highly satisfactory. For about two hours under a steam pressure of 100 pounds and the wheel making 135 revolutions, the speed averaged 13.6 miles an hour in ten fathoms of water. Changing the course, twelve fathoms was reached and the revolutions ran up to 137, the speed increasing to 20.7 miles an hour. Getting into fifteen fathoms, the engines turned up at high as 171 revolutions and the ship's speed ran up as high as 21.1 miles an hour.

SULTAN HAS SAID NOTHING.

No Protest Made Against the President's Message. WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The Turkish minister has authorized the Associated Press to state that he has received no instructions from his government touching the president's message, and has not made any official communication to the state department, or any branch of the United States government concerning the subject. Up to date the only cable made by the Turkish minister on Secretary Olney was two weeks ago, long before the president's message. Since then he has not seen the secretary of state, except at a social gathering at the British embassy. Moreover, no protest or any action has been directed against Constantinople. In the Halm case, Secretary of State Webster said that the doctrine, since observed, that a

THE WEEK IN EUROPE.

England Closely Watching Russia's Oriental Policy.

CZAR CONTROLS MANCHURIA.

New Treaty, Which is a Triumph of Diplomacy, Threatens Japan Most of All—Chinese Will Be to Russia What India is to England—New Railroad Steadily Going Forward—Emperor William to Reform the Detective Service of Berlin.

Copyrighted, 1896, by the Associated Press. LONDON, Dec. 12.—The text of the Russian-Chinese treaty, reproduced here from the North China Daily News, has aroused considerable discussion on all sides, and it is regarded as a matter of the greatest importance. Some of the newspapers refuse to believe it authentic, as it would be such a victory for Russian diplomacy. The Spectator says today, however, it believes it to be exact, and says:

"No longer would have tried so elaborately to protect the pride of China. While securing every Russian object, nothing is ceded openly. Russia is permitted to run a railway to Kyren, and is expressly authorized to keep all the troops she pleases to station in the Manchurian stations, and she is also to fortify Fort Arthur for China.

matter to the trades, which arranged an amicable settlement, involving the reinstatement of the dismissed men, and the recognition of their union, which the company has hitherto ignored. The men claim to have won the victory, but the question of the improvement of their lot is still unsettled. Special importance is attached to the arbitrary attitude of the railroad officials and their subsequent change of front, owing to the personnel of the company's stockholders, which includes the Marquis of Salisbury, Lord Rosebery, the Duke of Norfolk and other prominent people.

BERLIN POLICE CORRUPT.

Disclosures in the Luetzow Case Will Lead to Reformation—An Editor Arrested.

Copyrighted, 1896, by the Associated Press. BERLIN, Dec. 12.—The revelations of the Luetzow case and the arrest of Baron von Tausch, the commissioner of detectives, are having unimagined consequences, one of which is that the whole police system as organized under Van Puttkamer and perfected under Zu Eulenberg and Von Koeller, will be either modified or abolished. The cabinet has held daily sessions during the week, elaborating a plan for bringing about one or other of these results.

The emperor, since his return from Hanover, has conferred with Count Zu Eulenberg, Police Commissioner Windheim, Prince von Hohenlohe and Baron Marschall von Bieberstein, and it is reported that his majesty is in no way satisfied with the bold policy in which Hohenlohe and Baron Marschall untried in court the police espionage, whereof they have been victims for years, believing the exposure will prejudice home authority and German influence abroad. A scene between the emperor and Baron Marschall at the new palace is reported to have been very animated. It is even claimed by

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Stewart & Holmes Drug Co. 703 FIRST AVENUE.

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Simply to Draw Your Attention to the Special Jewelry Sale at FRISCH BROS., 720 First Avenue.

When we say special it means wholesale prices

Hundreds of people have already taken advantage of our low prices. You will have the same opportunity if you come now.

Again let us impress upon your mind that we sell only the best goods, guarantee them all and will continue in our old place.

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When You Want Something Good Order IMPERIAL Hams, Bacon and Lard Home Products and the Best.

Offer My Entire Stock of... Ladies' and Gents' UMBRELLAS To Close Out at Wholesale Prices.

W. W. Houghton, Jeweler, 704 First Ave., Seattle.

THE WEEK THROUGH THE CARTOONSCOPE. BAYARD REFUSES GIFTS FROM ENGLAND. How GEN. WEYLER LOOKS IN ACTION. WHAT WE MAY EXPECT TO SEE SOME DAY. CONGRESS OPENS. SPARRING IN SEATTLE. CLEVELAND GETS IN A GOOD BODY BLOW ON TURKEY. THE BOY HAS TROUBLE OF HIS OWN.

soon, and say: 'Ah, there is the body of Maceo.' "From today Cuba will fight harder than ever. This will be a sad day for Spain. I don't know who will succeed Maceo, but I think it will be Col. Rios Rivera, a brave and intelligent soldier."

The letter goes on to say that Maceo crossed the trocha, going to the place appointed for the meeting; he passed the Spanish sentinels, under Spanish protection, and that they presented arms in his honor. The letter continues:

"Going forward some four miles from the trocha, Maceo and his staff, numbering thirty-five men and officers, came to a hillside thickly studded with small pines and underbrush. Here a Spanish outpost was observed. Maceo sent forward his flag, and a few moments he was signalled to advance. As he did so, hundreds of Spanish soldiers arose out of the underbrush, surrounding Maceo and his staff, and demanded Maceo's surrender.

"Never," shouted the Cuban leader, drawing his sword.

Forward, my men, death to the cowards," shouted Maceo.

"At this the Spanish soldiers poured in a fire of leaden bullets. Maceo fell at the first fire, and young Gomez next. The fire was continued until every man was killed except Dr. Zertucha, whom the Cubans say if a traitor. The bodies of Maceo and young Gomez were then tied to the tails of the soldiers' horses, and dragged off the field, so as to get fire to them, as the Spaniards did not wish to have them discovered and identified at once.

"It is stated that this murder leaked out through a drunken soldier, while in Havana a day or two after the assassination. The Cubans here are in a state of great excitement, and swear Cuba shall be free. Over \$2,000 was subscribed today for the junta to prosecute the war."

Relied on Spanish Honor. JACKSONVILLE, Fla., Dec. 12.—The Citizen tomorrow will contain the following relative to the death of Antonio Maceo: Justo Carrillo, a well-known Cuban of this city, brother of the Cuban Gen. Carrillo, has received the following letter from a trustworthy correspondent in Havana concerning the reported death of Maceo and showing that he was killed by treachery:

"HAVANA, Dec. 9.—Dear Friend Justo: Our brave general, Antonio Maceo, and the greater part of his staff have been murdered by Spaniards, the Spanish major Chiriqueda acting the part of assassin, with Dr. Maximino Zertucha as an assistant in the horrid deed. Convinced that, notwithstanding his enormous army, he could do nothing against our gallant leader, who had so repeatedly defeated the Spanish generals in Pinar del Rio, Weyler, by the use of the secret relations between Dr. Zertucha and Gen. Ahumada, he planned with the latter his hellish scheme.

"Weyler took the field, and in his absence Ahumada proposed through Zertucha a conference with Maceo, to take place at a certain place in the province of Havana, with a view of arranging plans for the cessation of hostilities. The basis was the Cuban independence and a monetary indemnity to Spain, together with certain advantages that would be agreed upon for Spanish commerce and Spanish capital invested there.

"To carry out the plan, the agreement was that Maceo should be given to the detachment of troops stationed on the trocha on the day of the signing of the peace, and to allow Maceo with his staff to pass the military line unmolested. Time was required to make the arrangements, and to give them all the appearance of truth. Ahumada feigned that before acting he must make them known to Weyler for previous approval. This explains his sudden arrival in Havana and his prompt departure for Pinar del Rio.

"The conditions and place of meeting had been agreed upon. Maceo crossed the trocha, over the Pinar to Guanahay without being molested by the forts, but as soon as he had arrived at the place decided upon he and his party were greeted by a tremendous volley from the troops under Maj. Chiriqueda, who lay conveniently in ambush.

"Most of the officers of his staff fell not ten minutes after the attack. He was aware of the scheme and remained in the rear.

"The Spaniards know where the bodies are, but are bent on feigning ignorance to blot out the vestiges of the crime. "HAVANA, Dec. 12.—The Spaniards, because in their blind stupidity, they hope the war may end with the death of Maceo, are bent on feigning ignorance to blot out the vestiges of the crime.

"Far from the spirit of the Cubans has grown more ardent, and today they are resolved to make every sacrifice to

Chance That He May Be Alive. A special to the Citizen from Key West, Fla., says: Passengers by the Olivette today announce that Maceo is still alive. Dr. Zertucha, who claims to be his physician, betrayed him and he escaped only by a miracle. He went with Maceo as far as the trocha and saw the party through safely. They were commanded by a militia who remember Maceo, who was killed in Havana, an engagement after passing the trocha. Then Maceo and his few followers returned to Pinar del Rio province and went into a cabin, when the doctor reported to the Spanish authorities that Maceo had been killed. Maceo and his few followers succeeded in killing most of the party, but Maceo brained the first man and escaped to the woods, leaving his clothing and effects at the cabin. Great excitement exists here over the news.

Spain Forced to Assassinate. NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Estrada Palma made the following statement: "I received a telegram from my agent in Jacksonville affirming the news that Maceo and his staff came into conflict with Ahumada, Weyler's lieutenant, and were murdered. Dr. Zertucha was present. The news does not surprise me, because the first reports of Gen. Maceo's death were so contradictory that I saw mystery in them. I was inclined to believe the report at first, but that if Gen. Maceo had really been killed it was through the assassin's knife.

It seems now he has been murdered. Gen. Weyler, on arriving at the crowd from the seizure of his palace in Havana, seemed anxious to shun the responsibility of Maceo's death. That was apparent when he declared the 'victory' belonged to Ahumada, and that his conscience began to feel the pang of remorse.

"This very act of the Spanish government proves the strength of the revolution. They cannot crush it by open warfare. They must resort to the assassin's knife. They dared not face Maceo, so they had to stab him in the back."

To Fill Maceo's Place. WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The succession of Gen. Calixto Garcia to the lieutenant generalship of the Cuban insurgents and of Maj. Gen. Rios Rivera to the command of the forces in Pinar del Rio, both of which were held by Maceo, are agreed upon practically as certainties by the Cuban delegation here. Senor Quesada, in charge of the Cuban junta here, says these two will almost beyond a doubt be determined upon. Both men are noted campaigners and have made strong records. Garcia is now 50 years of age, and his achievements in the revolution are history, and Rivera is, as Maceo was, a pupil of the veteran commander-in-chief Gomez, and was his associate during the ten years' war in Cuba. He is a vigorous fighter and is one of the most highly cultivated men on the island. He is still in Pinar del Rio province.

Cubans Must Be Exterminated. MADRID, Dec. 12.—Those conversant with the plans of the Spanish premier state that since the debate in the chamber of deputies the government has not thought of the proposed reforms. Cuba being solely occupied with providing means for the success of the war. While they consider the death of Antonio Maceo a great blow to the revolution, it is pointed out that some time must elapse before it can be fully felt.

When Maceo and Gomez were asked whether they would offer their followers to lay down their arms in the event that autonomy was granted to Cuba, they refused, and said they would only consent to complete independence and a republican form of government. Spain therefore is convinced that the rebellion will have to be crushed by force of arms, and that to discuss reforms at the present moment would be equivalent to proposing an arrangement with the insurgents which would almost secure a peace which would not last six months. It is maintained that so long as the slightest doubt of the superiority of Spain exists in Cuba the war will continue, but that when her superiority is established she will consider the advisability of granting such reforms as may be necessary.

Honor to Maceo's Slayer. MADRID, Dec. 12.—The queen granted the title of Marquis of Santa Cruz to the wife of Maj. Chiriqueda, who com-

missioned the Spanish troops in the engagement in which Antonio Maceo was killed. Her majesty congratulated the man's wife, and promised the royal protection for the major's eldest son, who accompanied General Cervera. The queen also promised to pay for the boy's education.

From the long service of Mustafa Bey as a diplomat, there is reason to believe he will study a view of the precedents and usages in this connection.

The minister called at the state department today, it being the first time in two weeks ago, long before the president's message. Since then he has not seen the secretary of state, except at a social gathering at the British embassy. Moreover, no protest or any action has been directed against Constantinople. In the Halm case, Secretary of State Webster said that the doctrine, since observed, that a

Moritz Rosenthal Much Better. CHICAGO, Dec. 12.—Moritz Rosenthal, the pianist, who has been ill with typhoid fever, is convalescing. Henry Wolfson, his agent, has concluded to take the artist to Southern California as soon as it can be safely done. Rosenthal will begin his season on the Pacific coast some time in February.

Condensed Dispatches. United States Minister Willis is in a precarious condition at Honolulu, as a result of an attack of malarial fever.

M. Andre Theurier, the French novelist, and M. Albert Valdun, the historian, have been elected members of the French Academy.

The jury returned not a true bill for the indictment of Andrew Spate, charged with the murder of John D. Edwards, who was boating several weeks ago.

The jury in the second trial of Marie Bartoli, recently killed near Denver while boating several weeks ago.

M. Lockroy, formerly minister of marine affairs, has withdrawn his rival proposals, which involved the appropriation of \$20,000,000 francs for the building of new ships.

James Mitchell, of San Francisco, was acquitted Thursday of the murder of Private Detective Edward A. Hicks, whom he shot and killed in the Spreckels building last October.

At the annual meeting of the board of directors of the Santa Fe system at Topeka Thursday the entire board of directors, the executive committee and the officers of the road were re-elected.

United States District Attorney Babb brought suit Thursday in the United States court at Chattanooga, Tenn., against a number of pipe works, charging them with conspiracy.

Divorce from the night of November 13, 1896, the town of Ambrohem, capturing forty prisoners and all the cattle. The English residents narrowly escaped being massacred.

Princess Kivira, the eloping daughter of Spain, has been heard from in a letter, which she addressed to her father, the king, in Barcelona, waiting to sail to the United States.

Two survivors of the German ship Ewald, which was captured by the British, were on board the boat Springfield, which arrived at New York Friday. Nineteen of the crew were drowned.

A committee of college officials, representing the agricultural departments, waited upon President-elect McKinley Thursday to urge that he limit the importation of agricultural products from the government.

"No glass is required to interpret phrases like these, which completely invest Russia with military control of Manchuria and the Liaotung peninsula."

The Spectator thinks the arrangement threatens Japan more than Great Britain, "which can resist when her commercial rights are threatened."

Charles Dilke, in a speech, has expressed the opinion that the treaty will place Northern China at the feet of Russia, and that it is wholly inconsistent with the promises which China made to England when she left Fort Hamilton. He favors the reoccupation of that fort.

Sir Arthur Forster, member of parliament for the Southern division of Lancashire, Conservative, in a speech yesterday evening said that probably China would become to Russia what India was to England, and that English trade in China would be superseded by Russian manufactures. In regard to the doubts expressed as to the actual completion of the treaty, the speaker said he happened to know that Russian government engineers were now in Manchuria studying the proposed railway.

The French government, apparently, has at length decided to abolish the penal colonies in New Caledonia, which the Australians have long demanded. The convicts will be sent to Madagascar instead.

Great indignation prevails in antiquarian circles at the news that a number of Druidical remains at Dartmouth have been destroyed, notably a stone avenue and several circles on Sherborn common. It appears that the rural council contractors broke up the ruins in order to utilize the pieces of stones in mending roads.

Edwin A. Abbey, the American artist, is one of those who have been commissioned to paint the frescoes of the vacant spaces in the Royal Exchange.

The first big sealskin sale of the season occurred on Wednesday. Although the offerings were far below the usual number, being only 60,000 pelts, there was a great decline, averaging 30 per cent. in prices. The reason given for this is that the trade in seal skins has not yet recovered from the turmoil of the election, and that there was scarcely a buyer or commission from that country.

The announcement that a foreign post will be re-established in pursuance of the recent act of the congress of the United States, is warmly received here; but there are unpleasant remarks on the alleged narrowness of the policy of confining the transmission of the parcels to American vessels. The Daily Telegraph claims to see in this a characteristic example of "a narrow protectionist spirit," but expresses the opinion that it will be found difficult, if not impossible, in actual experience to limit the post, in the "strictly patriotic fashion its promoters desire."

The statement made by Sir Thomas Sutherland, chairman of the P. & O. Steam Navigation Company, to the stockholders of that concern, that trade with the port of London is wanting, has attracted attention, and is generally discussed in shipping and mercantile circles. London is declared to be still the leading port of the world, but it is losing its prestige as a distributing center, and goods being taken direct to Continental ports. The two chief reasons given are the exorbitant dock charges, and the dearth of London labor.

The trouble with the Northwestern railroad was partly settled yesterday by the intervention of the Board of Trade. The Northwestern employees have been agitating for improved conditions, hinting at a strike which would paralyze Christmas traffic unless their demands were conceded. The railroad authorities, however, took the bull by the horns. After they had engaged several of the most disaffected who admitted they would strike if asked by the horns. This caused a general outcry from all the Northwestern employees and the situation became critical, until the railroad chiefs submitted the

of the emperor's entourage that the minister of foreign affairs tendered his resignation, which the emperor refused for the time being, to accept.

It is certain, however, the court etiquette hostile to the supporters of Von Tausch, Hohenlohe, with Count Zu Eulenberg at the head, is again in the ascendant, and unexpected developments may be looked for at any moment. It is admitted that his majesty conferred with everybody on the recent events, before he consulted Prince Hohenlohe and Baron Marschall. The emperor's week end was spent in the necessity of overhauling the detective service. It appears Von Tausch has powerful and influential backers. His trial has been fixed for three weeks hence, and it is not doubted that it will develop new and sensational facts. It is interesting to note that Count Herbert Bismarck visited his brother this week and was exposed of the Hamburger Nachrichten came out with an urgent demand that the backers and patrons of Von Tausch be unearthen and punished.

Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, has announced that at a mass meeting next week he will make interesting revelations against the supporters of Von Tausch. The Socialists intend to move in the Reichstag to eliminate from the criminal code the so-called "spy" paragraphs.

One of the most sensational articles of the week appeared in the Vorwarts, the Socialist organ. It was entitled "Signs of the Times," and in it the rotteness of German politics was exposed and compared with anti-revolutionary epochs in France. The Eulenburgs, Count Von Waldsee and the Bismarcks are openly charged with having prompted Von Tausch in his past doings. Five hundred thousand copies of the Vorwarts were sold on Tuesday before Von Borsse, its editor, was arrested on the streets. The remaining copies of the edition were confiscated. The paper will be prosecuted for slander. Nearly all the German papers strongly condemn the police system, and agree that further disclosures are imminent.

President Cleveland's proclamation declaring tonnage dues has caused a great stir in government circles, where it is violently condemned. It is believed that Germany's remonstrances will lead to their withdrawal. The Kreuzer Zeitung says: "Americans need us more than we need them, though we do not deny they are good customers to our manufacturers. But if what is said of McKinley's intentions proves true, the Yankees themselves will rid us of any remaining scruples. As Mr. McKinley is only the tool of the monopolies, we may know what to expect."

Harvard-Princeton Debate. PRINCETON, N. J., Dec. 12.—The subject of debate between Harvard and Princeton, to take place on the 18th, is, "Resolved, assuming the adoption of adequate constitutional amendments, the United States should institute a system of responsible cabinet government." Harvard has the negative. Sydney R. Wright, '97, of Fall River, will be Harvard's first speaker.

Ex-Sultan Murad Escapes. BERLIN, Dec. 12.—The Tageblatt says that ex-Sultan Murad has escaped from the palace near Constantinople, where he was being kept in a prison since he became insane in 1876.

Remember the Armenians. NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Miss Frances E. Willard has issued an appeal to the "Dear mothers and sisters of America," asking them to remember at Christmas time the orphans of Armenia.

War Vessels for China. ROME, Dec. 12.—Special Chinese envoys now in Italy have placed several orders for large battleships and cruisers.

Hard to Believe. But it is true. Actual cost is all we ask during this, our tenth annual clearance sale. Frisch Bros., Jewelers, 720 First Avenue.

Bargains in watches and diamonds, jewelry and musical instruments. Uncle Joe, 27 Second Avenue.