absent, being confined to his room with grip. Total voting, 111.

The second ballot stood:

Turner—Baum, A. S. Bush, Easterday, Fritz, Geraghty, Hagadorn, Houghton, Johnston, Keith, Mentzer, McAtee, McBeavy, Paul, Scott, J. B. Smith, Stafford, Stuhrman, Wolf—19.

Cline—Canutt, Couch, Hooper, Irwin, Lindstrom, Lusher, Mohundro, Parker, Richmond, Hargrave, Tebissen, Warner, Witt—13.

Daniels—C. P. Bush, Crow, J. M. Edwards, Floyd, Freeman, High, Hill, Mathiot, David Miller, Moore, Runner, Van Patten—13.

Winsor—Cagwood, Hansen, Hicks, T. J. Miller, Pierson, Way, Wilkeson, Windust, Winsor—9.

Baker—Cole, Davis, De Mattos, Forbes, Kincaid, Ross, P. M. Smith—7.

Davis—Carr, Day, J. O. Edwards, Gerry, Gilkey, Hodgdon, Koehler, Mitchell, Range, E. D. Smith, Yeend—11.

Rader—S. W. Baker, Jory, Phelps, Reinhart, C. Smith—5.

Squire—Likens, Merrifield—2.

F. R. Baker voted for Senator J. A. Davis; Nelson voted for Louis Foss; Land voted for W. R. Andrews, of Seattle; Conine voted for Newell; Plummer voted for Range, and Cline for Witt.

For A. A. Denny the Republicans voted solidly, numbering 26.

On the second ballot Senator E. W. Taylor set the legislature in a roar by voting for "John Smith." De Mattos rose and asked "What county does John Smith come from?"

"I believe he does," was Taylor's quick retort, and the house went off in another laugh.

On the third ballot Turner gained two votes, Hansen of King, whom the middle-of-the-road people had counted as one of their number, and Senator Crow, who had voted for Baker and Rader. Both are Populists.

On this ballot De Mattos caused a stir by voting for Gov. Rogers.

J. O. Edwards, who had voted for Baker on the first and Davis on the second ballot, changed on the third to Daniels.

On the third Cline gained Conine and H. D. Smith. The former had voted for Newell on the previous ballots.

David Miller and E. W. Taylor voted for M. M. Godman on the third ballot; Land and Plummer voted for Andrews.

The result of the ballot was as follows:

Turner 21, Davis 9, Daniels 12, Squire 2, Baker 5, Winsor 9, Cline 15, Rader 4, Godman 2, Rogers 1, J. A. Davis 1, Witt 1, Foss 1, Andrews 2, Denny 26. Total voting, 111.

The small, illy ventilated hall of representatives was crowded with the members of the legislature and spectators, numbering nearly 500. Every inch of space in the room was taken.

President of the Senate Daniels called the joint session to order, and after the reading of the minutes of yesterday as to the ballot for senator, President Pro Tem. Plummer took the gavel. The roll was called three times, with the result given. At 1:15 the joint session adjourned till 2:30 o'clock, and the house followed with an adjournment.

FROM FRYING PAN INTO THE FIRE.

Oregon Burglar Pardoned to Be Extradited for Murder.

PORTLAND, Or., Jan. 20.—George Betz, alias John Bingham, who is under sentence of three years in the penitentiary for burglary in this city, has been pardoned by Gov. Lord, against the wishes of the prisoner. The Chicago authorities want Betz on a charge of murdering Gus Collander in November, 1894, in Chicago, during an election row.

Detective Sederburg, of Chicago, returned from Salem today with the pardon which Gov. Lord granted last night and also with a requisition for the prisoner.

A very interesting question has arisen since the governor has issued the pardon, and it is probable Betz will remain in jail several days before it is decided. The attorney for Betz claims that the governor has no right to pardon Betz, as he has not yet been convicted of burglary in this state, his case being now before the supreme court on appeal. He claims that he is guilty of no crime, and therefore the governor cannot pardon him.

TOM M'KAY KILLED.

Well-Known Character Shot Down at Klamath, Or.

KLAMATH FALLS, Or., Jan. 20.—Tom McKay, a noted character in this section, was shot and instantly killed by Newton Gordon, town marshal, about 4 o'clock this morning. Gordon and Charles D. Wilson, a saloonkeeper, were standing in front of the Linkville hotel, when McKay, who was intoxicated, accused Wilson of talking about his family. He started toward Wilson, saying he would cut his gizzard out. He then struck Wilson, knocking him over against the building. McKay started after Gordon, who drew his revolver, telling McKay to stop, and after repeated warnings to stop, McKay attempted to strike Gordon, when the latter fired, severing the spinal cord in the neck, killing McKay instantly.

McKay was a large, powerful man, and when drinking was dangerous. He was a half-breed Indian, a half-brother of Donald and Dr. William McKay, widely known in the Northwest.

Gordon gave himself up to the sheriff.

Short in His Accounts.

PENDLETON, Or., Jan. 20.—George R. Lash, city recorder for six terms, is short in his accounts $2,828. This is for 1896 and 1897 alone, only part of his accounts having been examined. Lash is sick at home and has been placed under arrest.

Johnson Case Postponed.

ELLENSBURG, Jan. 20.—Special.—The progress of the Johnson trial has been interrupted since Monday by the sickness of one of the jurors. He will probably be able to take his place in the jury box tomorrow; if not, the case will be continued.

Indian Commissioners in Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The board of Indian commissioners are holding their twenty-sixth annual conference in this city. Hon. Darwin James, of Brooklyn, acting as temporary chairman, in the absence of President Gates. The platform adopted by the board includes the following points:

Commending the Melklejohn bill, which has passed the house; prohibiting the sale of liquor to Indians; favoring the payment by the government of damages in Indian depredation cases, instead of making those damages a charge on the Indian tribal funds; urging upon congress legislation for the removal of the Indian service from the spoils system, and legislation which will facilitate the substitution of law and order for chaos in the Indian territory. President Merrill E. Gates, of Amherst college, was re-elected chairman, and Gen. E. Whittlesey secretary of the board.

Czarina's Anxiety Proved Serious.

LONDON, Jan. 20.—A Daily Mail dispatch from Berlin says that the czarina's miscarriage was a result of nervous anxiety concerning the czar's personal safety, and that it happened six weeks ago.

If your tea is good, it is cheap; if it is not good, it is dear, no matter what you pay for it—you had better drink water.

But good tea is better than water sometimes, because it tastes good, and whatever tastes good makes the stomach work right.

So good tea—*Schilling's Best*—is cheap.

A Schilling & Company
San Francisco 655

IN THE LEGISLATURE.

GOV. ROGERS FINDS MANY OPPONENTS IN THE HOUSE.

Bill to Investigate Walla Walla Penitentiary Causes a Warm Debate, and Is Finally Laid Over—The Executive Unwilling to Trust the Legislature.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—Special.—At the morning session of the house, Gilkey of Chehalis introduced a bill providing for the creating of a commission, to be appointed by Gov. Rogers, for the investigation of the Walla Walla penitentiary. The bill appropriates $1,000 for the expenses of the investigators, who are to be paid $5 per day.

After a brisk debate, in which it was evident that a number of the most active members of the house were bitterly opposed to the governor's evident desire to take away the job of investigating the penitentiary, the bill was laid aside. It will be remembered that Gov. Rogers in his inaugural message declared that there was evidence of grave abuses in the management of the penitentiary, although no member of the house seems possessed of the governor's information. The governor requested the legislature to appoint a committee to investigate the penitentiary and make a full report on its condition. Several resolutions carrying out this idea had been offered, but no action had been taken.

This morning before the Gilkey bill had been introduced, Warner, chairman of the committee on penitentiary, offered the report of the committee, which contained a joint resolution calling for the appointment of a committee of five members from the legislature, which should proceed to the penitentiary and make a full investigation, with power to summon witnesses. Warner's resolution was passed under suspension of the rules and was sent to the senate. Of course, when the Gilkey bill was laid before the house there was a stir, which increased to a small sensation when Speaker Cline said, in answer to a question by a member, that the bill was introduced with the knowledge of the governor, "and that he had intimated that this was his wish." Evidently the governor was not satisfied to trust a legislative committee with the duty of making the investigation. Both Baker and Warner fought the bill, and after a hard fight succeeded in getting it laid over, although Gilkey had been successful in getting it considered under suspension of the rules and read a second time.

THE CROWDS VIEWING THE "P.-I." BULLETIN BOARD YESTERDAY.

HOUSE.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—Special.—Warner, of the penitentiary committee, reported house concurrent resolution No. 10, recommending that a committee of five, three from the house and two from the senate, be appointed to investigate the Walla Walla penitentiary; the committee to be empowered to summon witnesses and procure all necessary books and records. Warner moved the suspension of the rules and the passage of the resolution.

The motion carried and on roll call the resolution passed with but two dissenting votes.

The mooted question of the investigation of the Walla Walla penitentiary again troubled the house when Gilkey of Chehalis introduced a bill providing for the appointment of an investigating committee by the governor to examine into the affairs of the penitentiary. Gilkey moved a suspension of the rules and the reading of the bill a second time. This aroused the ire of Warner of Snohomish, chairman of the penitentiary committee, who attempted to have the bill tabled. Twenty-seven members voted to table and twenty-seven against, but Speaker Cline decided against Warner by voting against the motion to table.

The bill was read a second time and again Warner opposed the bill by fighting a motion to suspend the rules. Warner made a hot speech, attacking the bill, and saying that if it passed the "house would stigmatize itself before the people," and would admit that a committee could not be formed from the legislature which would be effective.

A member inquired if the governor approved the bill. Speaker Cline announcing in the affirmative.

F. R. Baker of Pierce opposed the bill, saying that the proposition to take away from the legislature the right to follow out the recommendations of the governor's message was entirely without precedent. Baker declared that the proposition was weighted with injustice, placing the governor in the position of prosecutor, judge and jury. He appealed for fair play to all. Baker's wrath was evidently aroused by the measure and he won the fight, mustering enough opposition to prevent the suspension of the rules.

Bills were introduced as follows:

H. B. 141, by Roberts of Spokane—Prohibiting deficiency judgments in certain cases; referred to judiciary committee.

H. B. 142, by Roberts—Relating to the issuance of school warrants; referred to committee on education.

H. B. 143, by Powell of King—Relating to the taking of fish and game; committee on fisheries and game.

H. B. 144, by Johnston of Spokane—Amending the military code; committee on military affairs.

H. B. 145, by Warner of Snohomish—Relating to mileage of state and county officers; referred to committee on compensation of officers.

H. B. 146, by Johnston of Spokane—Allowing witnesses in civil actions $2 per day and 5 cents per mile each way; referred to committee on judiciary.

H. B. 147, by Johnston—Fixing the fees of witnesses in criminal cases at $1 per day and 5 cents per mile mileage each way; referred to committee on judiciary.

H. B. 148, by Smith of Douglas—Providing that no court fees shall be charged indigent persons in the prosecution of civil actions; referred to committee on judiciary.

H. B. 149, by Stafford of Kittitas—Prohibiting railroads from issuing limited tickets; referred to committee on railroads.

H. B. 150, by Burt of Pacific—Regulating the setting of fish traps, nets, etc.; referred to committee on fisheries and game.

H. B. 151, by Land—An act to prevent the poisoning or destruction of honey bees, and providing a penalty for violation; referred to committee on agriculture.

H. B. 152, by Gile—An act prescribing the manner in which execution against real estate under decree of foreclosure of mortgage or judgment may be stayed; referred to judiciary committee.

H. B. 153, by Gile—An act to provide for the examination of hostile or unwilling witnesses; referred to judiciary committee.

SENATE.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—Special.—The routine business of the senate during the forenoon session was confined to the approval of the journal of yesterday and the introduction of bills, after which the senate adjourned to meet the house in the hall of representatives to ballot in joint session for United States senator. Immediately following the joint session, the senate adjourned until 10 a. m. Thursday. Bills were introduced as follows:

S. B. 57, By McReavy—An act for an amendment to section 39, article II, of the state constitution, relative to the acceptance of passes by state officials; referred to committee on constitution and constitutional revision.

S. B. 58, by Taylor—An act relating to the sale of intoxicating liquors; referred to committee on public morals.

S. B. 59, by Range—This bill is a substitute for S. B. 23, by Range, relating to the validation of certain marriages performed by competent persons in the presence of witnesses; referred to committee on public morals.

UNFAVORABLE TO SEYMORE.

Contest Committee Inclined to Discredit His Witnesses.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—Special.—The house contest committee resumed taking testimony in the Rader-Seymore contest tonight. Four hours were spent in an examination of witnesses and reading of affidavits.

Strong evidence was introduced in Seymore's behalf, which the committee seems inclined to discredit. Indications point to the same arbitrary decision as in the Sims-Hargrave contest, which was decided by the same committee.

NORTHWEST LABOR ORGANIZATION

Arranging for a Federation of Workingmen at Olympia.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—Special.—A meeting was called tonight to arrange preliminaries for the formation of a Northwest Labor organization, having for its object the combining of the labor bodies of this state and portions of Oregon and British Columbia, in a federation. There are a number of representative labor men in the city during the session of the legislature and it is regarded as an opportune time for the commencement of such a movement. A committee was appointed to invite organized labor, including the Grange and Alliance associations, to send delegates here at an early date to participate.

Reward for Le Roy Renewed.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—Special.—Gov. Rogers has granted the petition of Solon T. Williams et al. praying for a renewal of the reward of $500 for the apprehension, arrest and conviction of David Le Roy. On June 29, 1896, David Le Roy shot and wounded Nathan Phillips, a merchant of Seattle, who was transacting business in Monte Cristo. Le Roy escaped with $1,500 worth of merchandise, and has not yet been captured.

Supeme Court Decision.

OLYMPIA, Jan. 20.—Special.—The supreme court affirmed judgment today in the case of Julia C. Ambrose, respondent, vs. P. B. Quinnup, defendant, H. M. Case, appellant, Whatcom county.

Another Strike.

Victor Anderson was arrested about 1 o'clock this morning on Washington street, charged with assaulting E. Thompson. He was taken to police headquarters and locked up for the night. Thompson, who preferred the charge, was also held as a witness.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. 25c.

The high pressure under which we live renders necessary the sedative use of good whisky, always with moderation. Have you tried the famous old Jesse Moore Whisky? Moore, Hunt & Co., sole agents for the Pacific Coast.

MITCHELL TO WIN.

WILL ORGANIZE OREGON HOUSE TODAY DESPITE OPPOSITION.

Davis to Be Turned Out and Benson Substituted as Permanent Speaker—Date Will Then Be Set to Ballot for Senator—Opinions as to Legality of Such Proceedings Received From Senators Hoar and Thurston — Summary Measures Recommended by the Latter.

SALEM, Or., Jan. 20.—It is the purpose of the supporters of Senator Mitchell to attempt to organize the house tomorrow at 2 o'clock. It is claimed that no force will be used. The Mitchell men held a protracted caucus tonight, at which opinions on the situation obtained by Senator Mitchell from Senator Hoar of Massachusetts and Senator Thurston of Nebraska were discussed at length. The Mitchell men will attempt to reconsider the action by which Davis was chosen temporary speaker. If this is ruled out of order they will then set up a rump organization. They will insist that the action by which Davis was elected speaker can be reconsidered by thirty-one or more members, and they will elect a speaker for the purpose of taking his place. If Davis refuses to vacate, they will place the new temporary speaker, who may be Mr. Benson, at the side of Davis, and they will proceed to organize permanently, despite the protests which Davis will no doubt make, and recognizing their own speaker only as authority, vested with power to direct their deliberations. They will then proceed to permanent organization and Benson will be chosen speaker.

The consequences of this proposed action cannot be foretold, but that they will be serious is probable. While 2 o'clock tomorrow is set as the time for this decisive action, the Benson men say tonight they may possibly not be able to go ahead then, or for several days, inasmuch as thirty-one, or a majority, may not be present.

A representative of the Associated Press asked Senator Mitchell tonight to express an opinion as to the constitutional power of the house to organize and transact business with a less number present and qualified than two-thirds of all the members elected. He replied:

"I am clearly of the opinion that a majority of those elected to the house have a perfect right to organize the house permanently, and that such house, when so organized, provided there are present two-thirds of such majority, or two-thirds of the number actually present and duly qualified, whether a majority or more than a majority, have a perfect right, not only to cast the vote of the house for senator, but also a perfect right to transact any and all legislative business pertaining to the house of representatives. In order that I might be fortified in this opinion by the very highest authority in the United States on this subject, I yesterday wired Hon. George F. Hoar, chairman of the judiciary committee of the United States senate, and received his answer today. It will be seen Senator Hoar confirms the view I have stated."

Senator Mitchell's telegram to Senator Hoar was as follows:

"The constitution of the state of Oregon provides as follows: First, the senate shall consist of thirty and the house of sixty members. Second, two-thirds of each house shall constitute a quorum to do business, but a smaller number may meet, adjourn from day to day, and compel attendance of absent members. Can the house organize permanently, a majority only being present; and can such house elect a senator and lawfully do other legislative business, provided two-thirds of such majority are present? Thirty-one Republicans and four Democrats, being all the Democrats in the house, making thirty-five in all, are now present in the house ready to organize; while nineteen Populists, being all the Populist members of the house, and six bolting Republicans refuse to come in and be sworn. While we believe the house has a perfect right to permanently organize, provided thirty-one or more members are present, and that two-thirds of such number will constitute a quorum, to enable the house not only to elect a senator, but to transact any and all legislative business, in order to avoid any possible friction the majority have been patiently waiting in the hope of securing the presence of two-thirds of all the members elected to the house before organizing. Any suggestion or advice you are willing to give for use here will be gratefully appreciated."

Senator Hoar answered as follows:

"I think two-thirds of the number actually qualified make good a constitutional quorum. If only thirty-five qualify, they may organize and lawfully do business. The same question and principle were settled in the national house and senate in the time of the rebellion."

Senator Thurston, of Nebraska, wires Senator Mitchell tonight from Washington as follows:

"I strongly advise organization of the house with the members now ready. Elect a speaker, notify the senate and governor of the organization. Jointly with the senate agree on the time of voting for senator. If the bolting members hang out, appoint a committee to investigate and report the reason for their action and declare their seats vacant. There is no doubt about the legality of such a course, and I believe such action would bring the absentees in quickly."

SENATORS FORMALLY ELECTED.

DENVER, Jan. 20.—In a joint convention of the legislature today Senator Henry M. Teller was formally re-elected.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., Jan. 20.—The senate and house met in joint session today and re-elected Senator Vest. The vote stood: Vest 105, R. C. Kerens 38, Jones (Pop.) 4, Lewis (Rep.) 1.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., Jan. 20.—In joint assembly, by a strict party vote, ex-Congressman W. F. Mason, the choice of the Republican caucus, was formally elected United States senator to succeed Gen. John M. Palmer. The vote follows: Senate—Mason 37, Altgeld 13. House—Mason 88, Altgeld 64. Total: Mason 125, Altgeld 77. Senator Cullom was unanimously commended to President-elect McKinley as eminently qualified for a cabinet portfolio.

HARRISBURG, Pa., Jan. 20.—Boies Penrose was today formally elected to the United States senate to succeed J. Donald Cameron.

ALBANY, N. Y., Jan. 20.—Thomas C. Platt was today elected United States senator to succeed David B. Hill. The houses of the legislature, in joint convention, voted as follows: Platt 147, D. B. Hill 42, Henry George 4.

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 20.—Senator P. J. Pritchard was today elected to succeed himself in the United States senate by joint assembly. Pritchard, Republican, received 88 votes; Thompson, Populist, 43; Doughton, Democrat, 33. There were six members not voting.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., Jan. 20.—The legislature in joint session today ratified the election of James K. Jones to the United States senate.

BISMARCK, N. D., Jan. 20.—The houses in joint convention at noon today declared Hansbrough United States senator-elect.

HARTFORD, Conn., Jan. 20.—In joint convention today the legislature ratified the election of Orville H. Platt as United States senator, to succeed himself.

INDIANAPOLIS, Jan. 20.—The two houses of the general assembly met in joint session at noon today and verified the election of Charles Warren Fairbanks as United States senator.

Harris Nominated in Kansas.

TOPEKA, Kan., Jan. 20.—William A. Harris, of Linwood, was nominated for United States senator in the Populist caucus tonight on the thirty-fifth ballot. Both houses will meet in joint session next Tuesday noon to formally elect him United States senator. Harris is 54 years of age and a native of Virginia. He came to Kansas in 1865 and was a Democrat until 1890. During the past twenty years he has been a farmer. In 1892 he was elected by the Populists, congressman-at-large, and held the place until 1894, when he was defeated by Congressman Blue, the present Republican incumbent.

Harris is an ex-Confederate, having served during the war as assistant adjutant general in Wilcox's brigade, Longstreet's division, and as chief of ordnance in the divisions of Hill and Rhodes. He is a civil engineer of ability, and was employed in an engineering capacity during the construction of the Union Pacific road for three years. He was also connected with the Nicaragua canal survey. Harris is everywhere recognized as an able and cultured gentleman.

Dubois Cannot Budge.

BOISE, Idaho, Jan. 20.—The Populists today voted for J. W. Ballentine, of Blaine. He got 28 on the first ballot and 26 on the second. Dubois received 26 on both. J. C. Rogers, Populist, got 13 Democratic votes on the first ballot and George J. Lewis, Populist, 14 on the second. The legislature adopted resolutions congratulating the Colorado legislature on the election of Teller.

No Choice in Utah.

SALT LAKE, Jan. 20.—The legislature in joint session took two ballots for senator today. Both resulted as follows: Thatcher 21, Rawlins 16, Henderson 17, Lawrence 4, Goodwin 3 and Nebeker 2.

Kyle Leads in South Dakota.

PIERRE, S. D., Jan. 20.—In the first joint ballot today there was no senatorial choice. Pickler held his party vote. The Populist candidates played for position. Kyle is in the lead.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

W. H. Walker, an extensive mine owner, at Ottawa, Ont., has failed.

The condition of Mme. Melba, the operatic singer, is much improved.

Several persons were injured in recent election riots in Cerra Pasco, Peru.

W. J. Murphy, aged 17, was frozen to death last week in South Dakota while hunting.

Fritz Spahre, an American violinist in Berlin, committed suicide Monday by taking poison.

William Hespe, a rancher near Ontario, California, was clubbed to death last Sunday by highwaymen.

Alfred Noble, the inventor of dynamite, left his entire fortune to the University of Stockholm, as trustee.

A bill providing for the twelfth census of the United States, under the direction of Carroll D. Wright, chief of the labor bureau, has been introduced in congress.

The following report of the United States comptroller shows the condition of Washington National banks, December 17: Total resources, $15,557,486; loans and discounts, $7,013,441, and reserve, $2,672,796.

Four men were found dead in Boston, Mass., Monday, as the result of asphyxiation by gas, making seven victims within twenty-four hours, and twenty-five during the present epidemic of asphyxiation.

The British steamer British Queen, Capt. Smith, from Antwerp, while coming through Gedney channel, New York harbor, yesterday, struck the outward bound Atlas steamer Alvena amidship on the port side, tearing a large hole in her. The Alvena is now full of water and her cargo is washing out.

One of the boilers of the French steamer Saghalien exploded while the vessel was off the Chinese coast on December 2, bound from Singapore for Hongkong. Eleven of the stokers in the fireroom and one of the engineers were killed instantly by the explosion or by the scalding steam. The chief stoker was so badly injured that he died a few hours afterward, and four other firemen died the next day.

Colds Coughs

In the winter nearly everyone is a victim of coughs and colds. Sometimes these troubles seem to be trifling, but they often lead to serious results. Pneumonia, bronchitis and the grip are developed from common colds. The way to avoid these dangers is to keep the system in a strong and vigorous condition. The blood must be pure, rich and nourishing, the appetite good and the stomach in a healthy condition. To accomplish all this Hood's Sarsaparilla is exactly adapted. It makes rich, red blood, creates an appetite, aids digestion and tones up the system. To guard against dangers of the season take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The Best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are tasteless, mild, effective. All druggists. 25c.

KID GLOVES

On Sale Tomorrow, FRIDAY,

67c Pair.

Genuine Bargains....

100 dozen Ladies' Fine Glace Kid Gloves, five large hooks, Foster's patent, shades of brown and tan, all sizes, usual $1.25 value, on sale tomorrow.....

67c Pair.

Agents for Standard Patterns and Publications. February Designer, 10c. Catalogue free.

E. W. NEWHALL & CO.

Cor. Second Ave. and Madison St.

NEWS FROM TACOMA.

COAL SHIPMENTS TO SAN FRANCISCO LED BY PUGET SOUND.

Ahead of Australia and Great Britain—State Board of Pharmacy Closes Examination—Ten Certificates Issued—Diphtheria Appears in Negro Tract—Two Young Women Dead.

Tacoma Bureau of the Post-Intelligencer, 1123 Pacific Avenue.

TACOMA, Jan. 20.—Special.—The standing of the cities of Puget sound, as compared with other ports, is steadily advancing toward the top, as statistics and reports from Eastern papers show.

Shipments of coal from the Sound to San Francisco compare favorably with all the rest of the world, exceeding Australia's, Great Britain's and any other points by many tons.

While the transportations by San Francisco in 1896 were not so heavy as during the two previous years, the percentages shipped from the Sound have not fallen off to so great a degree as from other ports. Puget sound shipments in 1896 were but 2.9 per cent. less than in 1895, while British Columbia's decrease was 13.8 per cent. There is an increase of 4,400 tons shown in the report from Coos bay.

Result of Pharmacists' Examination.

TACOMA, Jan. 20.—Special.—At the quarterly examination of the state board of pharmacy which closed last night, the following applicants were granted certificates:

For pharmacists—W. A. Freeburger, of Montesano; A. L. Hopkins, of Tacoma.

For assistants—I. J. Harmon, of Orting; J. M. McFarlane and R. J. Cole, of Tacoma.

By graduation—E. D. Carmichael, of Ilwaco from Northwestern University, Evanston, Illinois; Otto J. Diamond, of St. Joseph, Missouri, from Louisville College of Pharmacy; Oscar A. Moeglich, of Spokane, from Cincinnati College of Pharmacy.

As licentiates by examination in other states—Lloyd E. Jones, of Walla Walla, and John A. Gutzen, of Astoria, from the Michigan board.

The next session of the board will be held at Seattle.

Two Young Women Dead.

TACOMA, Jan. 20.—Special.—Mrs. E. M. Barber, aged 23 years, and Mrs. Amanda E. Elliott, aged 22, died late last night

Case of Diphtheria Reported.

TACOMA, Jan. 20.—Special.—A case of diphtheria has appeared in a colored family living in the Negro tract. The premises have been thoroughly quarantined.

Tacoma News in Brief.

TACOMA, Jan. 20.—Special.—The flag over the Japanese consulate will be hung at half-mast until January 26, in commemoration of the death of the empress dowager.

Steamer Al-Ki will go on the Quartermaster dry dock for minor repairs before proceeding on her trip north.

British ship Lynton will sail tomorrow with wheat for Europe.

Schooner Annie Larsen has surrendered her foreign register and taken out a Coast license.

Steamship Victoria will be due at Victoria from the Orient Saturday. She is en route to Tacoma.

John L. Jensen was today permitted by Judge Kean to change his name to John L. Rynning.

PACIFIC RAILROADS DEBT.

Delay in the Negotiations for a Compromise.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—The Post's Washington special says: The settlement of the Pacific railroad indebtedness by friendly negotiations between the government and the Union Pacific reorganization committee has been delayed. Papers have been prepared which are to make the government a party to the pending foreclosure suits by filing cross bills, but the president, Secretary Carlisle and his official advisers are not satisfied, it is said, with the guarantee behind the $30,000,000 offer made by the committee.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 20.—The Pacific railroads committee of the house today heard statements from parties interested in the settlement in the Sioux City & Pacific affairs.

NEW YORK, Jan. 20.—It is reported that G. H. Patrick, government director of the Union Pacific railroad, left Omaha this morning to attend a meeting of government directors to be held in New York Friday next, at the office of the receivers of the company.

The Press tomorrow will publish the following: Attorney General Harmon arrived in the city today to consult with the government directors, the reorganization committee and the underwriting syndicate of the Union Pacific railroad, regarding the adjustment of the debt of $55,000,000 to the government. An underwriting syndicate has been organized among bankers and trust companies, with a view to offering the government $45,000,000 for an assignment of its debt against the Union Pacific. It is believed in Wall street that the offer has been made, but information was denied by those interested in Union Pacific affairs. No foreclosure proceedings will be instituted, it is stated, until the attorney general is satisfied that the interests of the government will be protected in event of sale.

RECEIVER FOR CHICAGO ROAD.

Elevated Line Unable to Pay Interest on Mortgage.

CHICAGO, Jan. 20.—The Metropolitan West Side elevated road is in the hands of a receiver. A bill to foreclose the mortgage protecting the issue of $15,000,000 of bonds was filed in the Federal court this afternoon, and Judge Shoalwater appointed Dickerson McAllister, manager of the road, as receiver. The bill was brought by Adrian Iselin, jr., and George R. Haven. It was a simple statement of a default in a portion of last August's interest account and the charge that the road would be unable to meet the February interest. The answer of the road admitted the charge of being $37,000 in default on the August interest and that it will be unable to pay the February interest, due in a few days.

Debs' Advice Rejected.

LEADVILLE, Col., Jan. 20.—The mine owners, it is understood, will pay no attention whatever to the strikers' request for arbitration of the questions at issue between them. E. V. Debs considers the strikers made a mistake in rejecting the terms offered by the mine owners. The strikers preferred to follow the advice of President Boyce, of the Western Federation of Miners, rather than that of Debs.

BUY a high-class baking powder only. Others are wasteful. A dollar's worth of Royal will make more food than a dollar's worth of any other kind, however low the price. Royal makes perfect food; always light, sweet and wholesome. Other powders lose their strength when opened and will not always leaven alike, sometimes actually spoiling the cake and wasting expensive flour, eggs and butter.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW-YORK.