

ORANGES—Three dozen for 25c. PURE COFFEE—14c per pound. GRAHAM FLOUR—Ten-pound sack for 25c. YELLOW OR WHITE CORN MEAL—Ten-pound sack for 16c. HOBBY—Ten pounds for 20c. GIBBS—Ten pounds for 20c. CRACKED WHEAT—Ten pounds for 25c. RYE FLOUR—Ten pounds for 22c. RYE MEAL—Ten pounds for 18c.

COOPER & LEVY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL GROCERS 104-106 FIRST AVE. SOUTH, ONE DOOR SOUTH OF YESLER AVE.

ASSAYERS' MATERIALS.

Chemicals And Chemical Apparatus. A Complete Stock of Everything Needed in the Field or Laboratory. Orders and Inquiries by Mail Given Attention.

STEWART & HOLMES DRUG CO., 703 First Av., Seattle.

Another Week of Bargains in Footwear.

Broken lines that must be closed out to make room for our entire new spring stock, which will be here about March 10.

NOTE THE FOLLOWING PRICES.

Ladies' French Kid Hand Sewed Plain Toe Button Shoes, sizes 2 1/2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100. \$1.00 Pair

SAN FRANCISCO SHOE CO.

CEYLON TEAS TO THE FRONT.

CEYLON TEAS ARE FAST DRIVING OTHER BLACK TEAS OUT OF THE MARKET. IF YOU WISH TO TRY SOME WE CAN GIVE YOU THE BEST THE MARKET AFFORDS, AS WE BUY DIRECT.

Louch, Augustine & Co.

FRISCH BROS. Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry.

720 FIRST AVE. You Not Only Encourage Home Industry, But Elevate Your Taste. And Why Not? It Costs No More.

THE OREGON FURNITURE MANUFACTURING CO.

M. LEVY & CO. 111 FIRST AVENUE SOUTH.

Cigars and Tobacco, Smokers' Articles, Etc.

Headquarters for Miners' Supplies.

THE WASHINGTON RUBBER CO., (Inc.) 714 First Ave.

LEANDER BUTT, WATCHMAKER AND OPTICIAN.

CANTON'S LAST PARADE

Big Demonstration Marks McKinley's Departure.

ENTIRE POPULATION TURNS OUT

All Classes Represented in the Parade—Lines of Political Conviction Blotted Out in the Godspeed of Thousands of Friends and Neighbors—The Whole Town Escorts the Party to the Train—The Station Crowded for a Last Glimpse of the President-elect—McKinley's Parting Address—The Navy Will Participate.

CANTON, March 1.—It was indeed a beautiful and impressive scene that Canton presented this evening when her citizens bid farewell to Major and Mrs. McKinley as they entered the special train in waiting to convey them to Washington. The people of the city seemed to have turned out en masse. Young and old, rich and poor, richly gowned and humbly clad, and all of the political convictions, of all creeds, of all social planes, touched elbows and jostled each other in the throng which surrounded the Pennsylvania station, seeking some point of vantage for a last look at the speeding party.

Promptly at 6 p. m. the bands, military bands and citizens bands to organize in the city hall square. Capt. Harry Freese, who commanded the famous Canton troops during the campaign, was chief marshal, and Capt. H. L. Kuhns his chief of staff.

A platoon of white-gloved policemen headed the line, and back of this came the Canton troop. Following the troop came the Canton's famous Grand Army band. This in turn was followed by the Third Battalion, Eighth regiment, Ohio National Guard. Following in the order named were the Canton Business Men's Association, Grand Army posts, old soldiers, the First Ward Republican Club, other clubs, and societies and unorganized citizens of Canton, Mass., and surrounding towns. When the Grand Army band was in position the McKinley gate the column halted and waited for Maj. and Mrs. McKinley and their attendants to enter the carriage in waiting. The carriage was drawn by four splendidly caparisoned horses, and around it the members of the association stationed themselves as a guard of honor. Two mounted police officers were in front, carriage horses and the business men completed the hollow square in which the carriage moved.

There was no detour from the direct route to the station. Along the line the carriage containing the president-elect and wife was kept in a halo of brilliant light from flambeaux. At various points colored fire was burned, and although there was no organized effort in that line, individuals at various places sent skyrocket and Roman candles through the air. As the head of the column reached the station, a great cheering mass of humanity, which stretched out to meet nearest the point where the president-elect would be last seen, and some striving for a last handshake, although the crowd had been arranged that there should be none of this.

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Cretan Insurgents Conquer the Mussulmans.

THE BEYS FLEE TO THE POWERS.

Sultan Unable to Afford Them Protection—At Athens Premier Deloyannis Says the Foreign Admirals Acted Without Instructions in Bombarding Canea—The Great Peoples of the World Will Join in Greece's Protest—Russia Breaks Off Diplomatic Relations With Greece.

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CHICAGO, March 1.—The Post's Washington special says: The free silver Republicans today held a caucus today at which it was resolved to assent to the international monetary conference bill when it comes up for final approval.

SALEM, Or., March 1.—The temporary houses today decided to adopt drastic measures to bring in absentees. Members of the house present were sworn in by Chief Justice Moore, and a number of assistant sergeants-at-arms were appointed by Temporary Speaker Davis and dispatched to different parts of the state with warrants to serve on absent members.

PORTLAND, March 1.—Representatives Hope, Conn, Guerdane and Jennings were arrested here tonight on warrants issued by Temporary Speaker Davis, and several members at once applied to Circuit Judge Stephens for writs of habeas corpus. The judge made the writs returnable at 10 o'clock tomorrow.

ELLENBERGER, March 1.—Special.—The trial of Thomas Johnson, for the killing of William Donoghue at the Postoffice mines June 5, will begin in the superior court tomorrow morning. The case was up for trial at the last term, and after about ten days' work, a mistrial resulted, because of the sickness of one of the jurors. Johnson was defended by T. Griffiths, of Spokane, and Carroll H. Graves, ex-judge of the superior court here, while the prosecution was conducted by Dorr & Cross, of Seattle, and the same talent will appear in the coming trial, and an appeal taken to the supreme court. There is no doubt that Chief Justice Moore will cause it to be advanced on the docket. If all expedients are used by both sides, the controversy, a final decision may be reached within two or three weeks. If either side fights for delay settlement may be deferred indefinitely. Meanwhile, it is scarcely to be expected that there will be a quorum in the house tomorrow, nor does it appear probable that other absentees will voluntarily come in, pending the judicial adjustment of the angle.

YOKOHAMA, March 1.—The government has decided to adopt the gold standard at the ratio of 21-1 to 1. The smallest gold piece will be of the value of 1 yen. The silver yen will be gradually withdrawn. The new project will go into operation next October.

ST. LOUIS, March 1.—Special.—An employe of the Anderson & Watkins single mill at Valata, near Machias, met with a frightful accident this afternoon. A saw, which cut the thumb off and slit the arm up to the shoulder, and tore the shoulder to shreds.

FRANK A. LUX KILLED.

Accidentally Shoots Himself While Hunting.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 1.—Frank A. Lux, a wealthy grain merchant and member of the Lark Brewing Company, while out shooting in Contra Costa county, accidentally shot himself. While drawing his gun through a fence, a heavy charge went fire into his breast. When found by his friends he was dead.

Heavy Losses by Fire.

ANDERSON, Ind., March 1.—Fire this morning in the works of the American Plate Glass Company at Anderson caused damage amounting to \$40,000.

CASEY, Ill., March 1.—Fire this morning in the two-story brick building occupied by the Casey family, caused damage to the amount of \$10,000.

SPokane, March 1.—Special.—A man giving the name of Herman Gandy is in the county jail here tonight as a suspect of one of the most atrocious crimes in the history of California. He was arrested at Latah, this county by a constable who believes he is James C. Dunham, wanted at San Jose for the murder of three women and three more. Officers here do not believe he is the man. A. P. Schoen, of San Jose, viewed the prisoner tonight. He does not think he is the California murderer.

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HEAVY SUIT AGAINST W. S. LADD.

A Sister-in-Law Asks for Nearly a Million Dollars.

PORTLAND, March 1.—A suit, involving nearly \$1,000,000, was begun in the United States circuit court today by Dr. Albert Hiller and Sarah E. Hiller, of San Francisco, against the estate of the late W. S. Ladd. Mrs. Hiller's first husband, J. Wesley Ladd, was a brother of W. S. Ladd, and when he died in 1871 W. S. Ladd was given full control of the estate, the widow executing an assignment in trust.

DR. REDPATH RESIGNS.

For Ten Years Connected With the Stellacoom Asylum.

FIGHTING FOR CUBA LIBRE

Russell Montgomery Wipes Out His Disgrace—A Brave

PORTLAND, Or., March 1.—The mystery surrounding the disappearance of Russell Montgomery, of this city, son of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Montgomery, from the naval academy at Annapolis, Md., May 4, 1864, has been happily solved. Young Montgomery is fighting for Cuba, and is making a record of heroism. This morning the Montgomery household was relieved from a weight of anxiety by the receipt of the following letter, written by one who has command of a dynamite battery, but whose name, for prudential reasons, is withheld.

WARREN, White Sulphur Springs, Cullen Postoffice, Va., Feb. 28, 1897. John R. Montgomery, Dear Sir: The article in yesterday's World, I beg to inform you that your son, Russell Montgomery, is now in my battery of dynamite guns in Cuba. He accompanied me last August and has been fighting bravely ever since. I did not know the details of his affairs or I would have insisted on his communicating with you before he left.

WELCH FEELS SLIGHTED.

Rumor of Resignation Because of Sangulilly's Pardon.

NEW YORK, March 1.—A dispatch to the effect that the resignation of Gen. Weyler had been accepted by the Spanish government in Madrid, the captain-general is incensed beyond measure at being ignored in the negotiations carried on in the case of the notable captive, Sangulilly, who was released on Friday. Gen. Ramon Blanco y Armas, the Marquis of Pena Plata, may be appointed to succeed Gen. Weyler.

RUSSIA AND GREECE PART.

All Relations Between the Two Courts Are Broken—King George Starts for Thessaly.

LONDON, March 1.—A dispatch to the Times from Constantinople says all relations between the courts of St. Petersburg and Athens have been broken off. The Athens papers state that King George will shortly start for Thessaly to maneuver the Greek government.

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ROGERS AND SENATE WASH

Governor Extremely Angry With the Legislature.

FOR BLOCKING HIS SCHEMES.

The Executive, Chafing Under the Failure of His Pet Railroad Commission, Authorizes a Pungent Criticism—The Session Has Been Expensive and Without Practical Result. All Because the Populists Would Not Go Into Caucus—On the Other Hand, the Governor is Charged With Being a Meddler.

OLYMPIA, March 1.—Special.—Fretted beyond endurance by the strong Populist opposition to his wishes in the matter of the railroad commission bill, and chafing under the failure of the legislature to accomplish anything in the way of fulfilling the promises made during the campaign, Gov. Rogers today gave out another interview containing statements as significant as those in his last message. The governor takes the party lash in hand and lays it unmercifully over the shoulders of the fusion members of the legislature. He does not hesitate to indorse everything said in these dispatches as to the utter failure of the legislature to accomplish anything.

Gov. Rogers wants the people of the state to understand that he blames the legislature. He would have the impression go abroad that the executive has done everything possible to bring something out of the fusion organization in the way of results, and that the impending failure should be directly laid up against the members of the legislature.

Of course the governor is extremely amusing. Again the governor insists that there is no truth in the story that he has selected the members of the railroad commission and again he calls on the legislature to forthwith meet his wishes in the matter of the Turner bill.

The fact that the governor had given out statements derogatory to the members of the legislature, and even reflecting severely on certain members, was known near the close of the session this afternoon. A number of well-known Populists in the house, who have opposed the creation of the commission, denounced the governor for the language he is said to have used. They say that in his interview with the legislature, he has gone outside of executive propriety, the governor has been very much to blame for the present condition of affairs. They say he must thank himself, and declare that the people of the state should not condemn the legislature without first finding out where the responsibility lies.

Clearly the governor has lost nearly all of the influence he should possess with the members of his party in the legislature. He comes before the public with his conduct, evidently knowing that his only hope of seeing a railroad commission created is in an attempt to manufacture public opinion in favor of the project, and bring it to bear on the legislature.

In the interview given to the newspaper correspondents Gov. Rogers says: "Everybody who has made a study of the matter knows that a properly handled railroad commission is the most feasible plan for managing railroads. The only vital point is in securing an honest and capable commission, and that requires sufficient power to act promptly, and it must be made to feel that its tenure of office is conditioned upon its faithful performance of duty. Thus the whole matter will be settled, or in process of settlement, by the time the legislature meets, and that is the reason they are so bitter against a commission. It is the only thing that has been done in the opinion that any legislation looking to state control of railroads, even though the rate is to be fixed, would be in excess of those now charged, would be as vehemently protested against and as strongly opposed by railway managers and their attorneys as is the proposed bill. What the railroads are really opposed to is state control. A maximum rate law is all right, but it is quite probable that it will be found full of holes large enough for even a railroad to get through. With a strong commission given power to revise and promulgate rates in every such case, of course, there have been commissions that did no good. But this was to have been a commission that was to have been created by the legislature, and that is the reason they are so bitter against a commission. It is the only thing that has been done in the opinion that any legislation looking to state control of railroads, even though the rate is to be fixed, would be in excess of those now charged, would be as vehemently protested against and as strongly opposed by railway managers and their attorneys as is the proposed bill. What the railroads are really opposed to is state control. A maximum rate law is all right, but it is quite probable that it will be found full of holes large enough for even a railroad to get through. 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