IT WAS PENSION DAY.

ARMY AND NAVY CERTIFICATES COMMEMORATE INAUGURATION.

McKinley's Picture Hung Above the Desk in the County Clerk's Office, Where the Line of Veterans and Widows Stood—A Picturesque and Suggestive Scene, Bringing Thoughts of Mexican Battlefields and of the Hardships and Privations of Camp and Campaign—Other Court News.

Yesterday was pension day at the county courthouse, and "Prof." DeLong, who presides at the pension window, came near breaking the record by issuing 125 certificates. The fees which he earned for the county by his day's work amounted to $62.50, which, with $4.50 for citizens' papers, made his contribution to the county treasury yesterday just $67.

It was a picturesque and interesting sight to watch the applicants for certificates come and go from the little window. All classes and conditions of men seemed to be represented. The workingman was there, and as he presented the vouchers that entitled him to a place on Uncle Sam's pay roll his eyes lighted up with unconscious pride. The professional man was on hand, and no fee ever came into his hand with better grace than the stipend which has come to be regarded among all American citizens as a sort of medal of honor. The widow was there, and as she mutely signed the necessary papers the mind of the observer thought of her sacrifices and her grief and wished her portion were doubled.

One woman, the picture of culture and refinement, the widow of a distinguished and gallant officer who died not long ago within the borders of this state, came forward as one of the line of pensioners. Just back of the desk hung a picture of McKinley, courteously appropriate to inauguration day. As the lady's eye caught sight of the smooth, classic face of the man who had not been ashamed to bear the hardships of camp life nor afraid to face the thunders of the battlefield, she murmured, as if to herself, "Dear old Mac" and perhaps memories came to her of her own husband, and with the memories a new pride in his achievements and a fresh glory in his character, of which the prosaic little voucher before her was a perpetual certificate.

Two very old men came to the window. They were veterans not only of the civil war but of the Mexican war as well, and as they drew their quarterly allowance it may be that their thoughts went back to Vera Cruz and Chapultapec, to Monterey and Buena Vista.

Two of the pensioners were from the navy. And so the day which marked the inauguration of a soldier as president of the republic for which he fought was fittingly commemorated, in that these representatives of the nation's soldiery and seamanship in the greatest war of modern times received the recognition which, while perhaps less than their merits, is not beneath their dignity.

The "honor roll" of certificates issued yesterday was as follows:

John O. Marvin, Henry Burke, William Markle, Ed F. Murphy, John Lambert, A. C. Nelson, James Bowie, Bevan Pearson, F. Schramm, Harrison Castigan, William Smith, DuCave Williams, William Fox, William Leuter, John N. McCormack, Perry D. Vincent, Edward M. Church, Thomas Myers, Levi Engle, John A. Willock, William Robinson, Joseph Smith, Oscar A. Carr, John McLeod, Herrman Schmidt, Amon Johnson, Joseph P. Kelly, George Stutz, Isaac L. Tiller, Eugene Cully, Margaret Wilson, Daniel F. Brownfield, Jerome Morford, Lyman D. Earl, Orville J. Bell, J. H. Barnes, Pat Learny, Albert Herriman, Stephen Jex, Lyman Wood, George H. Sanford, Daniel Kelly, Pat Keevey, Frank Krull, A. F. Hite, William J. Caldwell, John H. Gagle, Edward Wheeler, William H. Gifford, J. W. Clark, Wilson Davidson, John Cunningham, Chas. Seed, George Probst, Horace L. Mayo, William Harvey, John Hagan, John McIlvay, George H. Smith, Mark Seahill, Thomas Campbell, Robert McMann, Thomas White, Henry Temme, J. W. Warren, Lawrence Doyle, Charles Staempfle, Robert H. Smith, Robert Patterson, Watson Spencer, William H. Pinches, George Crozier, Alex. Wright, A. J. Beach, Pat Flynn, Nancy A. Spiger, Anna A. Walker, H. L. Evans, M. Morrow, William McFarland, George F. Bruce, William Underwood, M. Reid, C. B. Ovitatt, James Burcham, Robert T. Moore, Willard K. Kathorn, Alex. Hamilton, Thomas McDonohugh, Horace J. Odell, F. S. Berry, John E. Coursen, Esther McCowden, D. C. Shultes, George W. Lincoln, Robert Myers, J. W. Thornton, Albert Lynes, R. M. Longstaff, Betsy Butler, Edward M. Schroeck, Lyman D. Sager, Kate R. Fairburn, William P. Treadwell, Thad J. Dean, Fannie Kautz, George H. Bell, Alice M. Boynton, Michael Brunson, William W. Stryker, L. W. Burgess, Samuel F. Street, Mrs. Kolloch, Howard M. Giddings, Samuel Leyde, Thomas M. Young, George Hooker, Isaiah Dalrymple, Erastus A. Finn, David W. Strouse, Michael Phalen, T. H. Brown.

WOULD NOT INTERFERE.

Judge Hanford Makes a Decision in the Krug Case.

Adolph Krug, who has been enjoying the liberty enjoyed by other citizens, that of being allowed to breathe the pure air of heaven and mingle with friends, will now have to occupy a cell in the county jail until his appeal to the United States court of appeals is decided. Judge Hanford yesterday denied the petition for the issuance of a writ of habeas corpus, on the ground that it did not properly come within his jurisdiction, in that the United States supreme court passed on the very questions that were presented to him in the petition. In deciding as he did the judge very fully covered every point submitted by Col. James Hamilton Lewis in his argument, and pointed out clearly the law governing the case. He decided, however, that Krug had a right to apply to the court of appeals for a writ of habeas corpus, and so decreed.

Krug's attorney asked if the right to appeal did not carry with it the right of allowing the defendant his freedom on his present bond. To this the court replied that as he had refused the motion, the defendant was not within his jurisdiction and he could not order Sheriff Moyer to do otherwise than his duty. Col. Lewis was persistent though, and started in to read authorities on the question, but before finishing he was interrupted by Judge Hanford, who stated in tones that could not be mistaken:

"Mr. Lewis, you read that to Sheriff Moyer. I cannot do any more. If the sheriff wishes to act, all well and good. I won't sit here week in and week out and year in and year out and try to enforce laws of this state. I will not do it. I will allow your appeal, but I will not attempt to interfere with the custody of the defendant."

Even this did not stop the colonel, who asked the indulgence of the court while he read another decision, but the judge had made up his mind and refused to change his decision, so Krug will have to go to jail.

These March Days

Are best suitable for the careful Furniture and Carpet buyer—at our NEW store especially. Anyway, stop in; can't overlook us—large white front a trifle above Madison—1012-16 First Ave.

STANDARD FURNITURE CO. (Inc.)

Largest in Washington—Oldest in Seattle.

What We Say We Do, We Do Do.

Something the Housekeeper Wants.

A Bustpan That's Always Where Needed.

Durable and Cheap.

Z. C. MILES CO., Yesler Way, Between First and Western Avenues.

T. F. DAVIDSON, Receiver.

WHITES GET DAMAGES.

Judge Awarded Them a Verdict of $2,250 Against Ballard.

The jury in the damage suit of Mr. and Mrs. Edward T. White against the city of Ballard yesterday brought in a verdict for the plaintiff in the sum of $2,250. As stated yesterday the suit was brought for personal injuries sustained by Mrs. White, whose horse became frightened at some bicycles while she and her husband were driving along A street in Ballard. The horse backed off the planking, which was about five feet from the ground, smashing the buggy and injuring the occupants.

The first item in the case yesterday was the defendant's motion for a non-suit, which had gone over from the day before. After hearing argument Judge Jacobs denied the motion and the jurors were again in the seats.

The defense called a number of witnesses, including Mrs. Battley, J. J. Stoddard, Mr. Hanson, W. H. Lord, Mrs. Larson and Dr. G. E. Webster. The defense suggested having the jury go out and view the scene of the accident, but Judge Jacobs refused permission, saying that the case had already consumed too much time.

The case went to the jury at 3:45 o'clock and it took just an hour and a half to reach an agreement. The foreman, in submitting the verdict, stated that it was the verdict of ten men.

MARRIAGE A FAILURE.

J. N. Eckels Sues for Divorce—Ground, Abandonment.

J. N. Eckels has concluded that marriage is a failure, or at least that his marriage is, if not marriage in the abstract. According to his complaint, filed yesterday in the superior court, he was married in this county six years ago. After a little more than two years of married life his wife left him of her own accord and has taken up a separate abode at Osage, Ia., and obstinately refuses to return to her husband and live with him here, or to make her home with him at any other place.

Mr. Eckels declares that he has always been a loyal and faithful husband, and that he has written to his recreant wife, but that she refuses all his overtures for a reunion.

The one child born to them, a girl 4 years old, bearing the poetical name of Pearl Revina, is with her mother in Iowa.

Mr. Eckels asks the court simply to grant him a divorce on the ground of abandonment.

Mrs. Peterson's Report.

Helena Peterson yesterday filed her final report as executrix of the will of John Peterson, deceased. The report states that she took charge of the two stores, one at Kangley and the other at Palmer, and ran them until November 1, 1896, when she found it more economical to consolidate the two stocks of goods into one at Palmer, where she has since conducted the business. Not being versed in business, she found it necessary to employ F. D. Wright as manager at a salary of $50 per month.

During the time of its separate operation the Kangley store took in $1,792.41 for goods and paid out $1,650, leaving a net cash profit of $142.41. From December 5, 1895, to July 1, 1896, the Palmer store received $271.25 and expended $246.20, leaving a net balance of $25.05 on the right side of the ledger. Since the consolidation of the business there has been a net profit of $267.43, all of which Mrs. Peterson has used for the maintenance of herself and her family.

She thinks the prices marked on the first inventory were too high, and that the total value should have been $808.26, as shown by her itemized statement. Some of the accounts receivable, as for instance that against the American Coal Company for $1,512.83, she pronounces absolutely worthless.

Mrs. Peterson is 62 years old. She has no other means of support except this business, and she asks that the stock of goods, valued as above, be granted her as a widow's allowance.

Judge Moore set the report for hearing on April 2 and ordered due notice published.

Theatrical Mechanics' Association.

Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday for the Seattle Theatrical Mechanics' Association. The object is stated "to unite fraternally and socially its members; to promote the principles of true benevolence by associating its members together and granting to each as far as may be relief in sickness and help and sympathy in hours of trouble, and to cultivate the social and moral natures of its members."

Terms of admission are that the applicant must be a male citizen of the United States, in good health, over the age of 21 years, who has been employed in the theatrical profession at least six months.

The trustees are Frank Ousey, William H. Learned and Mose Goldsmith.

Mrs. Smith Denies.

Mary D. Smith, in her suit against the city, in which she is trying to compel that corporation to keep her residence on courthouse hill from sliding away, filed a reply yesterday to the affirmative answer of the city, in which she denies that she knew the treacherous nature of the soil on Mill street prior to the grading of that thoroughfare, and denying that at the time her house was erected she knew that the ground to the south and west of Mill street was continually sliding and breaking away.

The case was set for yesterday, but has been continued till Monday.

A Batch of New Claimants.

Lawrence Denning, Ben Sweesy and a number of others filed an intervening libel on the schooner W. J. Bryant yesterday. The Bryant was recently libeled by B. H. Colby in the United States district court. These intervening libels are all for work performed on the schooner and range from $16 to $30 each. Judge Hanford signed an interlocutory decree and default in the case, allowing all persons interested to interpose their claims, except the Schwabacher Hardware Company, United States Mercantile Company, Robert Baytie, F. T. Fisher and Fisher Bros.

More Mining Companies.

Two more mining companies have been added to the list. Articles of incorporation were filed yesterday for the following companies:

Sunset Mining Company, capital stock $1,000,000 in $1 shares; trustees, L. D. Youngs, H. P. Rude, W. H. White, D. Thomas Denny, Albert Bryan, H. A. Stanley and J. A. Freeman.

Alaska Development Company, capital stock $2,500,000 in $100 shares; trustees, A. H. Eddy, T. J. Hamilton, Arthur Hamilton and Charles F. Munday.

Longstaff Will Contested.

The contest over the will of Mrs. Mary Longstaff, well known in King county court circles, was before Judge Moore for a hearing yesterday. Mrs. Longstaff left all her property to her brother, Frank A. Stewart. Her husband is contesting the will.

New Suits Filed.

The following new suits were filed yesterday in the superior court:

Edward Collot vs. Anton Kalmund—Promissory note, $2,000, and interest.

J. N. Eckels vs. Jennie L. Eckels—Divorce.

S. L. Bowman vs. Lydia C. Short et al.—Promissory note, $1,750, interest, $300 attorney's fee, and foreclosure.

Court Notes.

J. B. Eagleson yesterday qualified as executor of the will of John Rankin, deceased.

Sheriff Moyer went to Chehalis yesterday, taking Chauncey Hussey to the reform school.

A non-suit was granted yesterday in the case of the Bank of British Columbia vs. Richard Jeffs et al.

The case of McNatt & Benson vs. M. C. Kennedy was on trial in Judge Benson's department yesterday afternoon.

E. Ellicott, B. F. DeBow and B. B. S. Phillips have been appointed appraisers of the estate of John Convery, deceased.

The first report of D. E. Durie as receiver of the Queen City Printing Company was approved yesterday by Judge Moore.

The North canal condemnation suit was not taken up yesterday, but went over until this morning, when it will be concluded.

Mads Peter Madsen, a native of Denmark, was admitted to citizenship yesterday by Judge Hanford. Adam Held and George Jensen were witnesses.

The receiver who was directed last week to take charge of the shingles owned by William Wiles has been ordered to sell them for the benefit of the creditors.

Allie Lexo, one of the defendants in the suit of Clementine E. Burns vs. George E. Hall et al., yesterday filed notice of appeal and bond for $300, with Frank Atwood as surety.

Three men signalized inauguration day by filing declarations of their intention to become citizens. They are John Scouse and Matthew Duffie, of Scotland, and Olaf Isakson, of Sweden.

On petition Judge Moore has authorized S. S. Carlisle, as administrator of the estate of Mary Eaton, to give required six months' notice of withdrawal of a $419.25 deposit in the People's Savings bank.

The jury in the case of W. H. Peters vs. Thomas O. Lindsay, Thomas F. Drew and James P. Gleason returned a sealed verdict Wednesday evening, which, when opened yesterday morning, proved to be for the plaintiff in the sum of $313.69.

In the case of S. L. Bowman vs. Lydia C. Short et al. Judge Moore has ordered the defendants to show cause on March 10 why a receiver should not be appointed to take charge of the mortgaged premises, which are represented as unoccupied and going to waste.

Default has been entered against the defendants in the following suits: The German Savings and Loan Society vs. F. W. Woodaman et al.; Thomas A. Wright, jr., vs. Mary E. Jones et al.; W. W. White vs. Miles Fulk; The German Savings and Loan Society vs. Christian P. Nelson et al.

The sale of real estate in the case of Joseph Haywood vs. P. B. M. Miller et al. has been confirmed by Judge Moore. The property involved was lot 6, block 15, Bell & Denny's plat, 60x111 feet on the west side of First avenue, between Lake avenue and Clay street. It was sold to the plaintiff February 11 for $8,000.

The sale of real estate in the following cases has been confirmed: Evan C. Jones vs. Rees P. Daniels et al., the west half of lot 2, block 7, Jackson Street addition, sold February 19 to the plaintiff for $500; G. W. E. Griffith, trustee, vs. The Northwestern Land and Investment Company, sold January 8 to the plaintiff; Robertson Mortgage Company vs. George F. Cotterill et al., sold January 22 to the plaintiff; William B. Robertson vs. Christopher T. Roscoe, sold November 20 to the plaintiff.

FIRE AT LATONA.

Marquis Hall, Wherein Many Hot Political Meetings Have Been Held, Destroyed.

Marquis hall, Latona, was totally consumed by fire yesterday afternoon about 3 o'clock. The building was a two-story frame, 40x60 feet. It was built in 1889 by Andrew Marquis, at a cost of about $1,000. The upper story was fitted up for a dwelling and the lower floor was used for political meetings, dances and other public purposes. J. F. Deberneau lived upstairs. At the time of the fire he was not at home.

The fire started at the corner of the building nearest the railroad track, in a pile of wood which had been placed against the house. The supposition is that the fire originated from a spark from the engine of a work train which had passed up shortly before, and the heavy wind fanned the coals into a blaze that soon consumed the entire building.

The residence of J. M. Dewey, which was only about thirty feet distant, was in great danger, but was saved through the heroic efforts of the crew of the Latona shingle mill, who turned themselves into a fire company for the occasion.

The loss is a severe one to Mr. Marquis, whose only means of support was the income from the hall. It is thought that an insurance policy for $300 expired a short time ago.

NO QUORUM.

Council Committee Takes No Action on the Crematory Question.

A meeting of the committee of the whole of the city council was set for yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, but a quorum did not materialize, only six councilmen putting in an appearance.

The meeting was especially called to consider the granting of a franchise for the establishment here of a crematory. It would seem from expressions heard of individual opinion that a majority of the council are opposed to the crematory, and the remainder of the council is disinterested.

As bearing on the subject, an extract from the January number of the Yale Scientific Monthly, in which H. C. Garneau describes what is known as the "utilization process," now used in St. Louis, was passed about among those present yesterday.

Cremation, said the writer, has proven unsatisfactory, being offensive, expensive and not thorough. The sulphuric acid process was also condemned. The "utilization process" was patented by Adolf Merz, an Austrian chemist. It consists of first thoroughly drying the garbage and then extracting, by solution in naphtha, the valuable grease, leaving finally a useful fertilizer. The grease thus obtained is said to be largely used for soap manufacture, and is not only perfectly free from disagreeable elements, but is actually antiseptic, owing to the presence of finely divided carbon, which colors it a dark brown.

After waiting an hour for a quorum the six adjourned.

The blue-bird is hailed as a harbinger of Spring. It is also a reminder that a blood-purifier is needed to prepare the system for the debilitating weather to come. Listen and you will hear the birds singing: "Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla in March, April, May."

F.-B. Co. Bacon for Alaska outfitters.

City Hall Notes.

Labor Commissioner Grout is preparing his annual report for submission to Mayor Wood.

A building permit for the stone edifice to be erected for J. M. Colman was taken out yesterday by the contractor, Donald McRae. Dow Brothers also took out a permit to remove the two-story building now on the property, down on the water front, the estimated cost of the removal being $5,000.

From the Clerk of the Court.

Mr. Geo. Wolff, clerk of the court of this (Nassau) county, came in a few days ago, and volunteered his testimonial to the good qualities of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. He says that his children are croupy and it gives immediate relief.—J. GEO. SCHERR, Druggist, Bertrandina, Fla.

DEATH OF G. A. MEIGS.

CORONER'S JURY SCORES THE CITY FOR NEGLIGENCE.

Earnestly Recommends That the Authorities Take Immediate Steps to Protect Life and Limb on the Dangerous Water Front—The Wharf Was in Darkness When the Poor Old Man Plunged to His Doom—History of the Port Madison Pioneer Millman.

The announcement in the Post-Intelligencer yesterday morning of the death of G. A. Meigs, formerly owner of the Port Madison mill, by falling from the wharf at the foot of Spring street to the deck of the freight steamer Rapid Transit, created a genuine sensation among old-time residents of Seattle and all towns along the Sound. The "new generation," however, read the name and then remarked that it had not heard of Meigs. This condition of affairs calls vividly to mind how easy it is for a man, prominent in the early history of a section, to drop out of sight. Strange as it may seem, the name of Mr. Meigs is not mentioned in the two "histories" of the state of Washington, printed during the past five or six years.

In accordance with instructions from Mrs. Meigs, the remains of her husband were sent to Port Madison on the steamer Starr last night at 9 o'clock. The time of the funeral services was not announced.

Coroner Yandell held an inquest at Butterworth's undertaking rooms yesterday afternoon, but no new facts connected with the death were developed, otherwise than those given at length in the Post-Intelligencer yesterday morning. Evidence was adduced to show that the wharf was not lighted and that there was no arc light within two and a half blocks of the place where the accident occurred. The jury examined the premises and were unanimous in their condemnation of the city for not providing proper safeguards against the loss of life. Following is the verdict of the jury:

"At an inquest held at Seattle, state of Washington, on the 4th day of March, 1897, before Henry Yandell, coroner, upon the body of G. A. Meigs, the following jurymen, sworn to inquire into the circumstances attending the death of said Meigs, find that the deceased was a native of ———; that he was — years old, and that he came to his death on the 3d of March, 1897, at or near the foot of Spring street wharf by a fall from the wharf to the deck of the Rapid Transit, and we further emphatically censure the city for gross negligence in failing to provide the proper safeguards, such as lights, railing and gates or bars for the openings in the slips. This jury, after a careful examination of the premises, also find many dangerous holes in the planking which should be immediately repaired. The city authorities are urged to give this matter their immediate attention. We recognize the zeal with which our coroner, Dr. Yandell, has looked into this matter, and heartily indorse his course.

"THEODORE DESCHNER,
"THOS. H. CAMPBELL,
"JAMES M'CORMACK,
"J. H. SEXTON,
"JOHN H. MICHEL,
"G. M. BLAKNEY."

Nothing has been discovered that tends in the least to upset the generally accepted theory that Mr. Meigs accidentally fell off the wharf. Alfred Battle, of the firm of Battle & Shipley, attorneys for Mr. Meigs, confirmed the Post-Intelligencer's assumption yesterday that Mr. Meigs came to the city on business connected with the libel recently filed against the steamer Detroit by C. D. Emery on behalf of Capt. P. Brown. It might be presumed that Mr. Meigs was the owner of the Detroit, but such was not the case. The boat is owned by John A. Finch, of Spokane, but the libel covers a time when it was being run by the mill company.

Mr. Meigs was accompanied to the city Wednesday by his daughter Lilly. He visited the office of Battle & Shipley and talked over business affairs. He appeared to be in good spirits, although he has not been well for some time. After he left the office of his attorneys he visited George J. Willey at the Central wharf. One of his friends there invited him out to dinner, but he declined, on the ground that he had considerable "running around" before him. It is presumed that he attended to some business transactions and started down to the steamer Starr, which leaves the Arlington dock at 9 o'clock. He might have intended to stop on his way and take a look at the Detroit, and in this way mistaken the dock and walked to his death.

His daughter, accompanied by a friend, went to the Starr, and when Mr. Meigs did not appear she naturally concluded that he had been detained by business affairs. The boat took her home, and it was not until the dispatch sent late Wednesday night arrived that she knew the real reason that prevented her father reaching the boat.

Sketch of His Life.

G. A. Meigs was a native of Vermont, and, according to the best information obtainable, was 74 or 75 years old. When he was a young man he went to Florida and engaged in the sawmill business. Alfred Battle said yesterday afternoon that he thought Mr. Meigs met W. P. Sayward, to whom the property of the Port Madison Mill Company was turned over a number of years ago, in that state. The litigation between Sayward and Dexter Horton & Co. over the Madison mill property is one of the most voluminous cases of the Pacific coast, and was recently decided in favor of Dexter Horton.

According to Mr. Meigs' own statement, he came to the Pacific coast in 1856. It is not positively known, but his friends think that he came around the Horn. He landed in San Francisco and lived in California for a while, eventually coming to Puget sound in the early sixties.

After looking around the Sound he selected the spot now called Port Madison as the location for his mill. It is on Bainbridge island, between twelve and fifteen miles from Seattle, and is always spoken of as an ideal site. He obtained title to considerable land in that vicinity. J. M. Colman, the millionaire pioneer of Seattle, who was the pioneer millman of Port Orchard, was hired by Meigs to build a mill at Port Madison. It was in connection with his early mill business that W. R. Gowley, of San Francisco, had considerable to do. On the authority of Charles Fresch, it is stated that Gowley was a bookkeeper at first, and later Meigs' business manager in San Francisco. J. M. Lyon, who knew Mr. Meigs for thirty years, told a reporter yesterday that Gowley became a partner in the business and died about 1870.

It appears that Gowley lost heavily in stocks, and according to the generally accepted story his losses involved Mr. Meigs. According to Thomas Fresch, Gowley spent $300,000 or $400,000 of the mill's money. It is said that Gowley committed suicide.

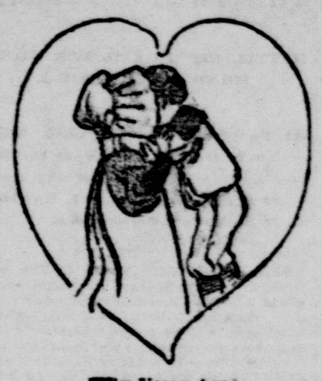
July 19, 1877, the first meeting of the Meigs Lumber and Shipbuilding Co. was held. This is really the proper name for all that is commonly included in speaking of the Port Madison Mill Company. Strictly speaking, there is no such thing as the Port Madison Mill Company, but it has been so common to speak of the Port Madison mill or the Port Madison Mill Company that the proper name has been lost in the shuffle. At the organization meeting of the Meigs Lumber and Ship Building Company, G. A. Meigs was elected president and E. M. Herrick, a San Francisco lumberman, was made secretary. James McKinley, a Californian, was also associated with Meigs and Herrick. Herrick is still alive, but McKinley is dead. This company did a large business with Harrington & Smith, which was recognized as one of the largest firms in Seattle.

After awhile the property of the company was sold and transferred to W. P. Sayward, the San Francisco millionaire. From that time on until his death Mr. Meigs had charge of the Madison mill property as the agent of Sayward. The mill has not been running since 1892, when it was closed by means of an attachment issued at the request of Dexter Horton & Co. The litigation following has occupied the most of Mr. Meigs' attention.

Mr. Meigs is also known among the old-timers as the owner of the first steam tug built on Puget Sound, her name being the Resolute. He is also well known to seafaring men as builder or part owner at one time or another of the sailing vessels Nonantum, Oakland, Northwest, Tidal Wave and the Vidette.

In some respects Mr. Meigs was a peculiar man. He seldom talked about his personal affairs, and many men who knew him thirty years had no idea what state he came from. He was one of those who, once having come to the conclusion that he was in the right, would fight to the bitter end. He has been spoken of as uncompromising. He was a man of exemplary habits, devoted to his family and possessed of good business ability.

He leaves a wife and one daughter, Lilly.



Fifty Years Ago.

No theory of germs to chill
Affection's budding blisses;
When ardent lovers took their fill,
No microbes on their kisses.
How happy they were not to know
The germ-fad—50 years ago.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

is the standard family remedy of the world for colds, coughs and lung diseases. It is not a palliative, and is not therefore put up in small cheap bottles. It is put up in large bottles for the household. They cost more but cure more.

Fads come and go but no theory or fad can overthrow the fact, that the greatest cure for all colds, coughs and throat and lung diseases, is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

50 Years of Cures.

MAKER OF SPURIOUS MONEY.

James A. Hoey Arrested on That Charge by the Police.

James A. Hoey, aged 51 years, was arrested yesterday morning by Detective Sam Corbett on suspicion of being the actual maker of the spurious half dollar found in Mack McAlpin's room at the Nicolette house recently. The arrest was made at the food and shelter department of the Salvation Army, where the greater part of the unemployed find a place to sleep. Hoey gives his occupation as that of a stableman and it is said that he has worked for the Seattle Transfer Company.

It is supposed that Hoey is the man who was mixed up in a gang of counterfeiters that worked in Tacoma several years ago. The gang was broken up and two of them were sent over the road. The one that escaped is supposed to be Hoey.

Saved the Child's Life.

John Montgomery, of 611 Alton street, is a gripman on the Yesler avenue line. He is also a hero, in company with the fender of his car. This is how it happened: Night before last the car was coming down the Jackson street hill, when suddenly, a short distance ahead, Montgomery saw a child walking across the street. She had a glass pitcher in one hand. Her head was bowed down. She was thinking of something and was unconscious of her danger. Montgomery realized that the child could not escape being struck, but he worked with all the energy he had to check the car, which responded to his efforts and picked the child up on the fender, unharmed. A similar case happened on Pike street two or three weeks ago.

Robbed of His Money.

Kitty Woods, sometimes called "Morphine Kate," was arrested yesterday afternoon by Detective Williams and Patrolman Barbee for the alleged theft of $15 from John Johnson, a laborer. The trick was turned in a Washington street lodging house, but the police are not certain as to which one, although there are only two involved.

Mattie Burns in Jail.

Mattie Fraser, alias Mattie Burns, who was living with George E. Tallman, the old man who died suddenly February 14 in room 1 at the European house, on Washington street, was arrested last evening. No charge was placed against her.

RECORD OF GOOD WORK.

Ladies' Hebrew Benevolent Association Holds Its Annual Session—The President's Report.

The Ladies' Hebrew Benevolent Society held its annual meeting Wednesday in the Chamber of Commerce hall. The affairs of the society are in excellent condition, as shown by the following report of the president, Mrs. A. Levy. One might travel far without finding a record to eclipse that of these benevolent women, who have distributed $1,500 "for sweet charity," with a total expense of only $50. In her report Mrs. Levy said:

"Officers and members of the Ladies' Hebrew Benevolent Society: For the fifth time I submit to you my annual report. This society was organized March 17, 1892, with a charter membership of thirty-seven. Since that time many names have been enrolled on the books. At the beginning of last year we had sixty-five members; we now have fifty-five. During the year we gained three and lost twelve members by removal from the city and other causes. During the past year I have received from dues $224.95 and $108.60 from the domino party given in February, 1896; also $6.65 commission on tickets sold for the Food Exposition, making a total of $338.60, of which I have paid into the treasury $321.60, and have still $7 received since last meeting. I have drawn vouchers to pay out $345.55, which shows that we have paid out $20.57 more than we received from our members' dues. Our running expenses for the year for postal cards, printing, receipt books, stamps, stationery, etc., were $8.25, and I have about 125 printed postals yet on hand. Our total expenses for the past five years, including $8 for incorporation, $4.50 for a table and $6 rent for hall, have been only $48.

"At the end of our fifth year we may well be proud of the noble work we have accomplished. We have disbursed about $1,500 in sweet charity, with an expense of less than $50 to the society. The incidental expenses incurred in visiting the poor, etc., have been defrayed by the officers of the society. Our society is in a fairly prosperous condition, and it is to be hoped that it may continue its work of broad charity and sisterly benevolence for many years.

"Consider what an amount of good this little band of noble women, with limited resources, has accomplished quietly and systematically. A look at the records would reveal a history of its own of sums, large and small, paid out since the society was organized; of how a poor brother or sister in the sick chamber has been helped and cheered; of how it wiped a widow's tears and helped poor, bereaved orphans, and of how assistance has been given to enable applicants who are worthy to engage in some vocation that will make them self-sustaining, or to remove to some other city, where they were able to find work. If we have been occasionally deceived and have given to unworthy applicants, were it not better to give to ten unworthy than to refuse one poor, deserving person? Such records and figures preach a powerful and practical sermon of benevolence and sisterly love; they stand as a lasting monument to those who are banded together to put into practice the noble and grand principles of our society—to administer relief to the poor and needy sick."

The following officers were unanimously re-elected for another year: President, Mrs. A. Levy; vice president, Mrs. M. M. Frederick; treasurer, Mrs. Ida Davis; secretary, Mrs. I. Cooper.

Children's Home Society Meeting.

The monthly meeting of the Washington Children's Home Society was held in the Y. M. C. A. rooms yesterday afternoon. The reports of the state superintendent, Mrs. Libbie Beach Brown, to the board showed that the work was constantly growing. During the month of February twelve children were taken. Of this number, Christian homes are desired for two boys, aged 10 and 12. These are brothers, and if possible they do not want to be separated.

This society has been in operation in this Coast country about fifteen months. It has been quietly but steadily at work and has been extending itself in various parts of the state. There is no public home maintained in its work, but the children are placed out at once in good homes. During the time it has been in operation it has taken seventy-four children. Seattle was made the headquarters about a year ago.

To show the strength and character of the organization, Lyman J. Gage, secretary of the treasury, was, until he resigned to accept his high office, vice president of the national board. President McKinley himself was the Ohio state president of the society.

Missionary Meeting.

Rev. Fung Chao, superintendent of the Chinese mission of the Tabernacle Baptist church, will address the W. F. M. S. at the First Free Methodist church, No. 512 Pine street, this evening at 1:30. His subject will be, "Christ's Love the Motive Power in Mission Work."

Rev. Fung Chao has been a successful pastor for twenty-three years, having labored in various places in China, San Francisco, Portland and Seattle, and is regarded as one of the most eloquent and interesting speakers of his nationality. A very pleasant feature of the programme will be the singing of Chinese hymns by Mrs. Fung Chao and her little daughters.

Midday Service.

At the union Lenten service of the Episcopal churches at Rialto hall, 12:05 to 12:30 today, Rev. H. H. Gowen will speak under the general topic "Man and Himself," on "His Passions."

The Doctors Say

Anheuser-Busch's Malt-Nutrine is pure and highly nourishing. It is endorsed and prescribed by the medical profession in general as the greatest of all malt tonics. At your druggists.

QUEENSTOWN, March 3.—British ship Cromartyshire, from San Francisco, November 29, for this port, one of the four sailing vessels engaged in the race from San Francisco, has arrived.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands.

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You should make sure your clothing and underwear are of the correct quality and kind;

We have had years of experience with the Alaska trade and carry a very large stock of just such goods as experience has taught the Alaska pioneers are particularly suited to that country.

The wearing qualities of the goods are of vital importance. It is a serious error to purchase the cheap, trashy kind. None but the best should form your outfit, as when in the interior you will find it difficult to purchase others.

We carry only the very best and our prices are lower than others, quality considered. We are showing a large collection of—

Mackinaw Coats, great variety.
Mackinaw Pants, black and brown.
Mackinaw Underwear, water proof.
North Pole Underwear, heavy ribbed.
Canvas Coats, blanket lined.
Canvas Pants, blanket lined.
Canvas Vests, blanket lined.
Wool Sweaters, heavy worsted.
Arctic Wool Socks, all kinds.
German Socks, big assortment.
Arctic Wool Mits, all colors.
Blue Flannel Shirts, single and double-breasted.
Buckskin Gloves, Saranac.
Cashmere Overshirts, extra heavy;
See window display.

We offer special inducements to parties outfitting together.

AMUSEMENTS.

S. A. C. Minstrels

SEATTLE THEATER,

March 12 and 13

Third Avenue Theater.
SEATTLE AMUSEMENT CO., Inc.
W. M. RUSSELL, Manager.

—TONIGHT—

And All This Week Only,

The Charles L. Young Columbia Comic Opera Co.

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Tonight and Saturday Matinee.....Olivette
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CALHOUN AS GASPARD.

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Paul B. Hyner, Resident Manager.
Telephone, Main 42.

ONE NIGHT, FRIDAY, MARCH 5,
The Pacific Coast Tragedian,

FIFE AS RIENZI,

The last of the Roman Fathers; the Great Classical Tragedy by Mary Russell Mitford, supported by a strong cast; special scenery; historical costumes. Under the management of J. Thomas Hickey, L. G. Jackson, J. P. Chapman, Peter Daley, O. J. H. Swift, W. J. Fife, B. P. O. E., 124. Cervus Alces.

Prices—Lower floor, 50c; balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c. Tickets at Cohen's cigar store, Stewart & Holmes' or from any Elk. Reserved seats at theater, Wednesday, at 9:45.

Ladies Who Value

A refined complexion must use Pozzoni's Powder. It produces a soft and beautiful skin.