A NEW RECEIVER.

APPOINTED BY JUDGE HANFORD TO CARE FOR HOPKINS' PROPERTY.

In Making the Appointment the Court Pays a High Tribute to Mr. Hopkins' Integrity, and Declares He Is Not Censurable in the Matter of Collecting Rents, but Is Too Ill to Continue—Appointment Made on Petition of Balfour, Guthrie & Co.

Upon an application filed in the United States court yesterday by the complainants in the case of Robert Balfour et al. vs. John Parkinson et al., a case involving the ownership of property now held by Charles Hopkins, Judge Hanford appointed John H. McGraw receiver, and fixed his bond at $5,000, with Jacob Furth as surety.

Affidavits filed in the case by L. G. Pattullo for Balfour, Guthrie & Co. and Charles Hopkins divulge the fact that there was a difference of opinion between the parties as to the necessity of the appointment of a receiver. The first difference is on matters of insurance, the complainants claiming the right to select the companies with which to insure and alleging that Hopkins refused to insure with the companies recommended by the complainants. It is further alleged in Pattullo's affidavit that the complainants are interested in the general agencies of the companies selected by them, and that it would be to their pecuniary interest to insure in the companies so named. Further than this, the affiant alleges that Hopkins has not been diligent in enforcing the payment of the rentals of the buildings in controversy, especially the Seattle Athletic Club, which is considerably in arrears. In closing Pattullo states that Mr. Hopkins is confined to his home by illness and is unable to personally attend to the rentals of the building.

In his affidavit, Charles Hopkins alleges that he has had charge of the property and has collected rents and deposited the same in court; that all rents have been collected up to date, March 17, except that from the Seattle Athletic Club, which, he is assured, will pay up in full by April 1. The athletic club, he avers, has been a tenant of the property for four years, and has always been a good and desirable tenant, although it has always been in arrears from three to five months. He says he has always been diligent in his collection; but has been hampered by the interference of the complainants, who have, he alleges, told the tenants that as the money collected as rent was to be paid into court there was no pressing need for payment, and affirms his statement by submitting a statement from T. P. Taylor, treasurer of the Seattle Athletic Club, which is to the effect that Balfour, Guthrie & Co.'s agents had informed him that as the money had to be paid into court they would not press them for immediate payment, if Hopkins did not, closing with a statement appreciating the leniency of Mr. Hopkins and promising to forward a check shortly.

He answers the allegations made by the complainants regarding the insurance by stating that he renewed the policies with what he considered first-class companies.

Judge Hanford, in granting the petition for the appointment of a receiver, made the following remarks:

"It must be taken as a conceded fact that pending the litigation over this mortgage, the plaintiffs have a right to have the whole income of the property kept for application on their mortgage if they prevail in the suit—establish a priority of their lien—and by the terms of the mortgage they are entitled to have a receiver. According to the practice of courts of equity, they will be entitled to have a receiver of the mortgaged property upon the showing that has been made as to the arrearages in the mortgage and the uncertainty about the property being salable or sufficient to pay off the mortgage in full and the accumulated taxes and insurance. But on the former hearing I held that that was practically an allowance of the plaintiffs' right to have the property well cared for and the rents collected and preserved so as to be available for application on the mortgage; and out of consideration for Capt. Hopkins, believing him to be interested in the property to try to do the best he could with the property and save all expense, I made an order that left him as the custodian and manager of the property, on condition that he pay the whole of the income into the registry of the court. Now, there is no particular advantage to him in continuing this arrangement, except as a matter of sentiment. If he was a well man and able to give his personal and active attention to looking after the property, as he has done up to the present time, there would be that advantage in having an interested man look after the property, to get the best of terms and keep it up in the best shape practicable, and all parties interested would have the benefit of that interested service. But upon the showing made that he is in ill health and not able, as I believe, to give the property any better attention than a disinterested person would—I mean by that a person disinterested as between the parties—that consideration fails. There has been some saving of expense, which all the parties have the advantage of, but the compensation of the receiver at the utmost would be very small, and that is not a controlling consideration. A matter of sentiment in this thing to a man of advanced years and in poor health amounts to a good deal with me, but I do not think that it weighs against the other consideration that there is irritation and friction and a good deal of worriment to Capt. Hopkins in having this property on his hands and caring for it, and while it may be displeasing to him to have some one else take care of it, at the same time he would be relieved from the irritation and worry that is constant while he retains it, and I think that is a good offset for the disappointment of having the property taken out of his hands.

"I do not think that Capt. Hopkins is censurable at all in the matter of collecting rents. I believe he has been faithful and diligent in caring for this property, and all parties have had the benefit of it. Such a property as the Athletic Club building cannot be handled as some properties can. As long as a tenant that is solvent, and from whom the money can eventually be collected, is occupying the premises and willing to pay, but unable to do so promptly, I think it would be very imprudent to force matters to the extent of losing such a tenant. Of course, if a tenant has not the money you can't get the money. You can turn them out and get judgment against them, and collect it out of their assets; that is about all you can do, except wait for the money. I am convinced that Capt. Hopkins has been diligent and prudent in collecting the rents. I would not make any different order by reason of any loss to any one by reason of his negligence.

"This matter of insurance, however, is a matter that illustrates the difficulty of having the business going on pending this litigation, where one interested party is in control of the property and the other claims rights, and they have to either agree or disagree. If they agree, it comes as a result of fretting and worry. If they disagree, one or the other feels that they are wronged to some extent. And it makes wear and tear and expense, because counsel cannot be coming to the court every few days with matters of this kind without expense to their clients. I believe now that the time has come when the parties interested would be best served by putting a disinterested party in charge of the property pending this litigation.

"I will appoint John H. McGraw as receiver of this property, and will fix his bond at the sum of $5,000."

Mrs. Fenton's Will.

The will of Mrs. Julia A. Fenton, who died January 27, leaving an estate worth $2,000 in this city, was filed for probate yesterday. It is dated September 10, 1895, and bequeaths the entire property to her husband, King W. Fenton, during his life. At his death her son, Delmar L. Hardee, is to be paid $10; all personal property, jewelry, clothing, silverware, curios, furniture, and an individed half of the real estate goes to her daughter, Amy Fenton-Brown, at whose death this part of the estate passes to her children. The other half interest in the real estate goes to Mrs. Fenton's son, Henry Fenton. Amy Fenton-Brown and Henry Fenton are named as executrix and executor without bonds.

Dangers of the Grip.

The greatest danger from La Grippe is of its resulting in pneumonia. If reasonable care is used, however, and Chamberlain's Cough Remedy taken, all danger will be avoided. Among the tens of thousands who have used this remedy for la grippe, we have yet to learn of a single case having resulted in pneumonia, which shows conclusively that this remedy is a certain preventive of that dread disease. It will effect a permanent cure in less time than any other treatment. The 25 and 50 cent sizes for sale by Druggists.

OHIO...
STEEL RANGES.

For fourteen years the standard of perfection.
Guaranteed perfect bakers. Easy on the fuel.

Z. C. MILES CO., 116-18-20-22-24 West Yesler Way.
A. L. PIPER, Receiver.

CASE OF ROSE ZETTLER.

It Bobs Up Again in a Suit Brought by F. W. Cushman, of Tacoma, for Attorney's Fees.

It would seem as if the case of Rose Zettler, which had sufficient notoriety at the time of its trial, is not to be suffered to drop out of public notice. It came up indirectly yesterday before Judge Benson in the shape of a suit prosecuted by F. W. Cushman, a Tacoma attorney, against Mr. and Mrs. Zettler for legal services rendered.

The testimony in the case yesterday showed pretty conclusively that Mr. Cushman had been employed by the Zettlers, and that he had done efficient work in connection with the defense of Mrs. Zettler. He had made up and filed the bonds for her appearance, had done all the routine work of the case at the Tacoma end, had followed up the evidence in that city where the alleged theft occurred, and had acted with Will E. Humphrey as counsel for the defense in the superior and supreme courts. Despite the testimony of Mr. Zettler and Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Zettler to the contrary, Judge Benson concluded that Mr. Cushman had done the work he had been engaged to do, and that a balance of $90 was due him on account by the Zettlers, and he accordingly gave judgment in that amount in favor of Claypool, Cushman & Cushman.

The ground for giving judgment in favor of the firm rather than of Mr. Cushman, who had brought the suit individually, was the result of a point raised by counsel for the Zettlers, who moved for a dismissal on the ground that, while the suit was prosecuted in the name of F. W. Cushman, all the receipts and other records offered in evidence showed that the proper plaintiff would be the firm, and that Mr. Cushman as an individual could have no standing in court unless he could in some way show that the claim of the firm had been transferred or assigned to him individually. The court was inclined to hold that the point was well taken, but thought it had been raised at too late a stage in the proceedings, and so, on personal assurance of the appearance of the two other members of the firm, allowed the substitution of plaintiffs.

There was a startling discrepancy in the testimony offered yesterday. Mr. Zettler testified that at the trial of the case before the Pierce county superior court Mr. Cushman was not present in the courtroom more than ten minutes out of the two days during which the trial lasted. His evidence was corroborated by that of his sister-in-law, and neither of them varied from their story under cross-examination.

But Mr. Cushman took the stand, and the bundle of manuscript he held in his hand shed a different light on the matter. He swore that these papers were his original notes taken by him at the trial in the superior court; that he was present at every moment of that trial, and that Mr. Humphrey had afterwards used these notes in making up the appeal. In these statements he was strongly corroborated by Mr. Humphrey, who identified the notes and testified that Mr. Cushman had occupied a seat just behind him during the trial; that Mr. Cushman, having a wide acquaintance in Pierce county, had conducted the examination of jurors, had taken part in the cross-examination of witnesses, and had alone been present when the verdict was rendered, Mr. Humphrey having been called away.

Some amusing passages occurred between attorney and witness while Mr. Zettler was on the stand. Witness boldly took the position that he had never employed Mr. Cushman at all.

"What did you pay me money for, then?" asked Mr. Cushman.

"For fixing up the bond," replied Mr. Zettler.

"But after that," said Cushman, "don't you remember a conversation I had with you in front of the Bailey building, in which I spoke to you about money, and you promised to try and get some for me?"

"Yes; but I didn't pay you, did I?"

"No," replied Cushman.

"Then why didn't I?" asked Zettler, turning questioner himself.

"That's precisely what I should like to know," said Cushman dryly.

MARIE GEHRING'S REPORT.

She Files Statement of Estate at End of Six Months.

Marie Gehring as administratrix of her deceased husband's estate, filed a statement of the condition of the estate at the close of six months yesterday. It shows that the estate was appraised at $2,404.85, of which $1,139 was real estate and the balance personal. Of the real estate one tract appraised at $400 has been set aside as the widow's homestead, and the court has allowed $200 from the estate for her and her child's support for one year. The court also allowed her $20 worth of household furniture.

Collections have been as follows:

Certificate of deposit	$152 00
On mortgage P. C. Jaeger	100 00
Mortgage W. H. Remberg	205 00
Mortgage A. M. Dirkel	210 00
Mortgage G. S. Kyle, interest	13 75
Total	$680 75

The following claims against the estate have been presented and allowed:

E. R. Butterworth & Co.	$100 00
D. T. Denny	6 00
A Hambach	103 79
Appraisers	9 00
Total	$218 79

The administratrix believes these to be all the claims for which the estate is justly liable.

Renton Co-operative Coal Company.

The long contested suit of Rees P. Daniels and others, as relators, claiming to have been the legally elected trustees of the coal company against William Prosser and others, who were conducting and managing the affairs of the company in 1895, and in which the superior court for King county rendered a decision last summer in favor of the Prosser board of trustees, has been finally decided by the supreme court of this state in favor of the Prosser board, the appeal of Daniels and others from the lower court being dismissed.

Marriage Licenses.

Licenses to wed were issued yesterday for John N. Murdock and Mrs. Abbie Boyd, both of Seattle; Ben Olswong and Ida Sarah Lavenroth, both of Seattle; Renel V. Andrews and Aline G. McPherson, both of Auburn.

New Suits Filed.

The following new suits were filed yesterday in the superior court:

Peters Shoe Company vs. A. Abernethy—Balance on goods sold and delivered, $39.90.

Eugene W. Stowell vs. Richard W. Fuller et al.—Promissory note, $400, interest, attorney's fee $20, and foreclosure.

The Scottish American Mortgage Company, Limited, vs. Esther A. Megrath and Charles McGrath—Promissory note, $800, interest and insurance $94, attorney's fee $150, and foreclosure.

Eli Davidson vs. Alphonse Besson et al.—For correction of deed to real estate.

F. Ephraim and W. T. Hall vs. S. Droxinman—Rent and restitution of premises, and $40 damages for unlawful detainer.

P. M. Burns, successor to William Newman, vs. Michael Trainer—Appeal from Justice G. A. Hill's court on judgment for $17.10 and costs.

Court Notes.

Frederick Knaak, native of Germany, was admitted to citizenship yesterday by Judge Jacobs.

Nellie Lewis has moved for a new trial of the case recently decided against her in favor of A. L. McDonald & Co.

Judge Hanford was in Tacoma yesterday. He will hold court in this city today, commencing at 10 o'clock a. m.

Judgment for $258.93 against C. M. Maltby and Lucy A. Maltby and in favor of W. A. McCutcheon was signed yesterday by Judge Benson.

Appraisement of the Henry Otterson estate has been dispensed with, Judge Moore holding that it would entail greater expense than the property is worth.

Sheriff's sale of real estate in the following cases has been confirmed by the superior court: Hannah E. Gillette vs. George Hill, H. E. Gillette vs. George Hill.

George T. Quinby yesterday filed a $50 bond as receiver of the mortgaged premises in the case of the Northern Counties Investment Trust, Limited, vs. Hermine Kreutziger et al.

Judge Moore has granted William G. Hamlin judgment by default against Cassius M. Monohon and wife for $1,417, promissory note and interest, $75 attorney's fee, and decree of foreclosure.

R. Abernethy will have to pay the Peters Shoe Company, of St. Louis, $39.90, balance on a bill of goods ordered last June amounting to $194.90. Judge Benson signed the judgment yesterday.

Richard S. Cox is no longer one of the defendants in the case of William S. Greaton vs. Francis R. Day et al., Judge Moore having dismissed the case as to him yesterday. The court decided that Mr. Cox had no interest whatever in the property involved in the suit.

In the Seattle Coal and Iron Company case certain attorneys representing creditors whose claims aggregate $52,562.71, yesterday filed a petition asking the superior court for an order that upon a sale of the property the proceeds be paid to the receiver, out of which he shall pay these claimants 75 per cent. of their claims, and the balance of 25 per cent. to the attorneys.

City Hall Notes.

At a meeting of the committee of the whole of the city council yesterday afternoon it was decided to take no steps in obtaining a crematory here. The matter has hung on for several weeks.

A claim for $2,000 personal damages was filed against the city yesterday with the comptroller by Ruth Smith. She claims that on February 23, 1897, at 9:30 p. m. she fell in an excavation at the corner of Madison street and Western avenue, spraining her ankle. The excavation was not surrounded, she claims, by lights or guard rails.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

Transactions Since January 1 and for Yesterday.

Real estate transactions since January 1, 1897, are $627,387.12. There were filed for record yesterday 15 deeds, aggregating $6,021.60. Following is a list furnished by the Seattle Abstract Company, room 419 New York block:

Lewis Yoakam et ux. to Clara M. Yoakam, lots 47, 76 to 78, blk 1, Portland & Puget Sound Railway add, South Seattle, March 15, 1895, $225.

Sheriff to Thomas D. Stimson, nw se se, sec 31, 23, 4, Feb. 24, $200.

Sheriff to Stimson Mill Company, lot 7, blk 19, G. Kinnear's add, August 25, 1896, $103.60.

David Kaufman et ux. to Washington National Building Loan and Investment Association, lots 1, 2, 7 and 8, blk 8, Kaufman's add, March 16, $10.

William J. Doherty to Mary T. Doherty, s½ lot 3, all lot 4 and n½ lot 5, blk 109, D. T. Denny's 5th add, Jan. 18, $10.

Jennie Chase to M. Jennie Jenkins, lot 4, lots 13 to 16, blk 54, Southern Pacific Land Company's Huntington Park add to Des Moines, March 17, $300.

Same to same, lot 4, McNaught's sup plat to McNaught's add, Central Seattle, March 17, $500.

Same to same, blk N, Ravenna Park, March 17, $2,000.

Rufus B. Jones et ux. to Arthur W. Eaton, n½ se and w 30 acres of sw se sec 8, 20, 6, 110 acres, Dec. 30, 1896, $1.

Oscar S. Brown to Charles Hanson, n½ sw and se nw and se sw (except 10 acres), sec 28, 20, 7, 120 acres March 17, $2,200.

Bernhardt Myers et ux. to James M. Dixon, lots 4 to 7, blk 52, Wood's South Div, Green Lake add, Jan. 25, $10.

Mary L. Myers and husband Silas W. to the Pacific States Savings, Loan and Building Company, lots 4 and 5, blk 17, Ross 1st add, Feb. 25, q c, $1.

Lewis N. Martell et ux. to Pacific States Savings, Loan and Building Company, lots 4 and 5, blk 17, Ross 1st add, Feb. 8, $250.

Watson H. Brown to T. J. Carle, lots 8 to 12, blk 16, Commercial Street Steam Motor add, March 18, $350.

Cherubino Simonelli et ux. to Charles Pr[illegible]ch et ux. e½ lot 6, blk 7, Boren & Denny's add, March 18, q c, $1.

Annual Meeting.

The regular annual meeting of the directors of the Washington National Building Loan & Investment Association for the election of officers, was held at the company's office, 115 Cherry street, yesterday afternoon.

Mr. Herman Chapin, president of the Boston National bank, was unanimously elected president for the ensuing year.

The office of vice president and manager was filled by the re-election of Mr. C. E. Vilas. Mr. H. W. Castleman, who has served as secretary since the organization of the association, will continue in this position. The well-known firm of Messrs. Strudwick & Peters will be the general attorneys of the association, a position they have filled for five years. The Boston National bank was chosen as treasurer. Shareholders who have usually paid at the Washington National bank will please notice this change, and make their payments at the Boston National.

Homesteads School Land.

Land Commissioner Brest has sustained the local office in its rejection of the protest filed by the state against the homestead entry of Herman Koepp of 160 acres in Clallam county. The tract in question is school land and the state is entitled to select another tract in lieu of the one homesteaded.

TIP, THE ELEPHANT, STRANGLED.

Vicious Beast Slain by Terrified Circus People.

BRIDGEPORT, Conn., March 18.—Tip, a big and vicious elephant, was strangled to death Tuesday by the employes in the winters quarters of the Barnum & Bailey circus. The animal was in such a condition of fury that there was danger of its breaking its shackles and creating havoc. Tip was eleven feet high and weighed three and a half tons. He had been with the show twenty years and was valued at $6,000. The ivory in his tusks alone is estimated to be worth $500.

The elephant had developed a bad temper recently and became a burden to the show people. He could not be kept safely with the other elephants, and the lives of his keepers have been in almost daily danger.

Truly Astonishing.—Miss Annette N. Moen, Fountain, Minn., says: "Ayer's Cherry Pectoral has had a wonderful effect in curing my brother's children of a severe and dangerous cold. It was truly astonishing how speedily they found relief after taking this preparation."

Alaska prospectors use F.-B. Co.'s bacon.

FISCHER NOW FREE.

CASE AGAINST FORMER COLLECTOR OF BREWING CO. DROPPED.

The Prosecuting Witness Called Upon to Pay All the Costs—Seven Policemen Eligible to Promotion as Sergeants—Sympathy for a Mother Saves a Young Man From Prosecution for Petit Larceny.

"The case was dismissed because the prosecution failed to produce its witnesses to prove that the defendant was guilty of the crime charged. What is more, we have taxed up against the prosecution the entire costs."

The above statement was made yesterday afternoon by Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Hart after Justice Ingersoll had entered an order dismissing the charge of embezzlement against Eugene Fischer, formerly collector of the Seattle Brewing and Malting Company.

Fischer was arrested in Vancouver, B. C., several weeks ago on complaint of the company for which he worked. It was claimed that he had been too free with the money that came into his possession. He waived extradition proceedings and came back to Seattle, where his friends gave bonds for his appearance in Justice Ingersoll's court.

The preliminary examination was put off from time to time. Finally Prosecuting Attorney McElroy and his assistant, John B. Hart, came to the conclusion that it was time to have the matter settled. When the case came up yesterday the company had no witnesses or evidence to give in, so Mr. Hart made a motion to dismiss and asked that the costs be taxed to the prosecuting witness. Mr. Fischer, who was present, appeared greatly pleased at the turn things had taken and walked out of the court room with a much pleasanter expression than when he entered it one night several weeks ago.

SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.

Policemen Who Have Passed the Examination for Promotion to Sergeant.

The names of the successful candidates for promotion from patrolman to sergenat were given out yesterday by Secretary Grout, of the civil service commission. They are: Irving Ward, W. F. Laubscher, W. B. Thompson, W. I. Peer, S. S. Crawford and A. H. Mefford.

The civil service commisson will file with the city clerk today for presentation at the next regular council meeting the following communication:

"We desire to call the attention of your honorable body to the fact that we are required by the provisions of article XXII, of the city charter to provide for the examination of engineers for license to operate steam boilers, and that we cannot proceed with such examination until the license fee is established by ordinance. The same article provides for the appointment of a boiler inspector after civil service examination, the compensation for such inspector to be fixed by the city council, as also the fee to be charged for the inspection of boilers."

The commission requests the city council to act its part as soon as possible.

A communication will also be read in the next council meeting, asking for a clerk for Labor Commissioner Grout, the commission finding that "the labor bureau now demands the time of at least one person exclusively, thus giving no time to correspondence on the work of the commission." The salary of the new clerk, if allowed, will be $30 a month.

PITY FOR HIS MOTHER.

Saves Rudolph Schultz From Prosecution for Robbery.

Rudolph Schultz, aged 22 years, who is well-known in Seattle, escaped prosecution in the municipal court yesterday afternoon for petit larceny because Jake Berkman, who has a store on Washington street, corner of Occidental avenue, pitied his mother.

Schultz confessed to stealing clothing from the stores of Max Krome, Berkman and B. H. Freyd. In all he stole seven or eight pairs of trousers, five of which were recovered at Wineberg's second hand store under the Phoenix hotel, corner of Washington street and Second avenue south.

The method employed by the young man was to enter a store with his overcoat on his arm. He would put it down on a pile of trousers and when he went out pick it up, taking with it a pair or two of the trousers. He tried this at Berkman's store and was caught.

MRS. M'KNIGHT GUILTY.

Keeper of a Fruit Stand at the Lake Fined for Selling Liquor.

Mrs. McKnight, who runs a fruit stand at the Lake Washington terminus of Yesler way, was fined $50 in the municipal court yesterday afternoon for selling liquor without a license. A few days ago she pleaded not guilty, but after due deliberation, came to the conclusion it would not be policy to go to trial.

Mrs. McKnight is a widow with a large family. During the winter months the business transacted in the little stores at Yesler way and Madison street landings is small, and there is always a funeral appearance following a raid. The city will not grant liquor licenses to people doing business on the lake, and as is well known they sell on the sly once in a while.

Kate Simey's Assailant.

The police believe they have the assailant of little Kate Simey in the person of Knute Hunter, who was arrested day before yesterday for petit larceny at Fremont. Policeman Hadeen learned that Hunter answered the description of the man wanted, and yesterday had the child go to police headquarters. Hunter was brought into Chief Reed's room, and the moment the child saw him she said, "That is the man." It is also claimed that the nails on Hunter's shoes correspond with imprints in the tracks at the spot where the assault took place, near Woodland park.

Blacked a Woman's Eye.

John Daniels and Minnie Witt are "friends." They live below the dead line. Yesterday afternoon Daniels was before Judge Bogue charged with being the one who discolored Miss Witt's eye. Daniels pleaded guilty, although he took the position that Miss Witt's story was not correct as to the exact manner in which the job was done, and why it was done. The cause was purely of a private nature. Judge Bogue fined Daniels $15, which Daniels paid. Then Miss Witt varied the monotony by claiming that the money was hers.

Fitzsimmons and Corbett.

Thomas Mahoney and Gus Dolstrom, one a representative of the deep-water sailors and the other a 'longshoreman, had a dispute about the Corbett-Fitzsimmons fight. Instead of arbitrating, they went to fighting. Honors were about even, although each claimed to have a shade the better of it, when a policeman said: "Stop that fighting." Judge Bogue fined the belligerents $7 and costs each, and now they are enjoying life in the city jail.

Wanted at Newcastle.

James W. Steel, an ordinary looking man, was arrested in this city yesterday by Constable George Johnson, of Newcastle. Steel is charged with stealing a suit of clothes. He was taken to Newcastle last evening.

Lenten Services at Rialto Hall.

At the union Lenten services of the Episcopal churches of this city, held in Rialto hall daily, 12:05 to 12:30 o'clock, under the general subject of "Man and His Business" Rev. H. H. Gowen will speak today on "Industry."

KEY WEST, March 18.—The Cubans here openly state that three large expeditions have left the United States shores within three days.

In the...
Rain Storm

the man got very wet. The wetting gave him a cold. The cold, neglected, developed to a cough. The cough sent him to a bed of sickness. A dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, taken at the start, would have nipped the cold in the bud, and saved the sickness, suffering, and expense. The household remedy for colds, coughs, and all lung troubles is

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

Send for the "Curebook." 100 pages free
J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

CARE OF THE POOR.

WHAT THE CHARITY ORGANIZATION SOCIETY IS DOING.

Agent Allen Reports More Applicants for Aid Than Ever—Need of More Union and Co-Operation Among the Churches and Charity Societies.

Agent Allen, of the Charity Organization Society, reports more applicants for aid than ever, and says there is greater need of more union and co-operation among all the churches and charitable organizations of the city.

In connection with this the following editorial from St. Mark's Rubric, Rev. D. C. Garrett's paper, may prove interesting. Mr. Garrett is president of the Charity Organization Society and is laboring to bring all the churches of Seattle into practical association for the care of the poor.

The Rubric says:

"At all times, but especially at such a crisis of hard times as these, which never seem to end in Seattle, the churches have a work to do—plain, glorious, man-approving and God-commending. It is to take hold of every case of misfortune, of poverty or vice, and grapple with it lovingly, persistently and successfully. It can be done.

"With one true Christian family or one Christian man or woman, with a church back of him to offset a single case of struggling need, nine times out of ten a remedy for suffering will be found. Causes of poverty, too, will be uprooted by concerted action among the churches. The present plan of charity organization is all that is wanted in the way of method. The demand is for energy and fidelity to carry the plan into operation. The churches cannot be in better business than in taking hold by districts of all the distress, lack of employment and incapacity in this city. Every church enlisted should have a good strong committee to do the work, and it should be done thoroughly. This committee should come to the stated meetings and get what information is needed to do their work wisely. The church that holds back, refusing to co-operate in this united effort, is not proving itself loyal to Him who 'went about doing good.' It is not expected that each church shall assume the responsibility of feeding all the poor within its district. Unbelievers and non-church-going people have a responsibility as outlined by law. The county commissioners will, for every worthy case, supply groceries. What is needed is personal friendship for the poor, somebody to see that the family gets the food. And, besides this, there is the greater need of teaching people how to help themselves, the furnishing of temporary or permanent employment, to give encouragement; in a word, to be a friend to the friendless. Emergency relief may and should be given whenever needed, and with the city divided into so many districts the burden on each church will not be greater than each church should be willing to bear. In no better way can the churches demonstrate to outsiders the power of Christianity than in making this Christianity practical. If any church, through its pastor or trustees, prefers to criticise rather than co-operate, to go along its own way, hiding its selfishness behind a false independence, let it go that way. The community, as well as God, will be the judge of that church's right and title to the name Christian. The plan is before the city. The ministers' meeting has indorsed it. The rooms, with a volunteer agent, are open (83 Sullivan building). Thirty churches have agreed to do the Lord's business for the poor in this way. What we want is to have the business attended to. Reports must be made to Mr. Allen at his rooms. Committees must meet together and find out how things are going. A case that is remanded to a church must be attended to. Either by public or private aid the poor must be given work or bread. Many of the committees need instruction about applying to the county commissioners. Every family now on the books of the commissioners as recipients of relief must be visited and befriended, the unworthy deterred from feeding at the public crib and taught to be more worthy, the really deserving helped all the more and made to feel that there is still a chance for them to become independent. Two things are now necessary—knowledge of the methods of organized charity, interest enough to put these methods into application."

Salvation Army Flag Presentation.

The Salvation Army will have a meeting of special interest tonight in its hall at the corner of Second avenue and Yesler way. It will be the public presentation of new flags to No. 1 corps, one being the national flag and the other the flag of the Salvation Army. Adjutant Milne, of headquarters, will make the presentation speech. In the street march preceding the hall meeting it is expected to have a float on which will be two young women, one dressed as Columbia and the other in attire symbolical of the army. The procession will stop at the corner of Cherry street and Second avenue, and the young woman representing Columbia will sing "America."

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FEAST OF PURIM.

A Notable Jewish Festival Celebrated Yesterday.

One of the most notable Jewish festivals was celebrated yesterday and the evening before. It was the feast of Purim. The origin of Purim was under the Persian reign of King Xerxes, when the grand vizier, Haman, plotted the destruction of the Hebrews of the entire empire on account of Mordecai's refusal to bow before him and pay him deified homage. Mordecai being a Hebrew, it was against his principles to kneel before any one save his God.

Haman, according to the edicts of the country, exacted from all subjects of the empire a reverence second to the deities of the land, and because the Hebrews refused to comply with that edict he obtained under false pretenses and malicious accusations a writ signed and sealed with the king's insignia that all Hebrews should be annihilated on the 14th day of the twelfth month of the lunar reckoning, which is the month of Adar.

Esther, the niece of Mordecai, who had been chosen queen, learned of the plot through her uncle and interceded on behalf of her people at the risk of her own life, and the calamity which threatened to befall her people was averted through her wise and prudent petition in the presence of the Hebrews.

In memory of this event the elders of the synagogue of that period instituted that the day shall be observed by Israel in all generations and the festival be called Purim, which means in the Persian dialect, lots. This name was chosen on account of Haman having previously cast lots on which day the Hebrews should be executed and massacred.

The observance of the festival in the synagogue of the present day is commemorated by the reading of the story of that event contained in the book of Esther. In the family circle it is made a festival of rejoicing by family reunions and rendering gifts to the poor, the widow and the orphans. It is observed in Persia as a three-day festival; first, one day previous is devoted to fasting, the second to the usual observance, the synagogue ritual, and the third day is made a day of general festivities. In the Occidental synagogue one day only is observed.

DRAWBACK ON REFINED SUGAR.

Treasury Department Makes a Ruling Important to Cannerymen.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Instructions in regard to a revenue ruling of the treasury department of very great interest and importance to the fruit canning industry of this Coast have been received by the collector of the port. Up to August 1 last a drawback of the duty on imported refined sugar used in preserving fruit intended for export was allowed. On that date the allowance of the drawback was revoked by the treasury department, but the circular announcing it was not received at this port until September 22. The collector at the instance of the fruit interests asked for a recision of his revocation, and allowance of the drawback. This recommendation is not concurred in by the treasury department, the communication announcing this giving the grounds for it as follows:

"The amount of drawback annually allowed, and which this cuts off, is estimated by Auditor Cope at about $20,000. A considerable portion of the drawback for the coming season of 1896 has already been received by the canners or will be under the ruling authorizing the payment on entries for drawback filed up to September 22; but probably $15,000 of what was expected to be received by the canners will not be. The effect of this revocation of drawback will be slightly to the advantage of Hawaiian and domestic beet sugar. Under the drawback system, sugar imported from Germany or Cuba had an advantage to canners at the same price over Hawaiian or domestic sugar in that the drawback, amounting to something like a cent a pound, was practically a reduction of that much when it came to exporting canned goods."

PERSONAL.

C. A. Day, of Fairhaven, registered at the Northern last night.

Dr. W. L. White and wife, of Whidby Island, are at the Diller.

George C. Hatch, of Port Angeles, was at the Northern yesterday.

Thomas Shaughnessy, a merchant of Burlington, is at the Diller.

R. E. Davis, of Anacortes, was about the Butler corridors last night.

Henry Cross, a mining man of Rossland, arrived at the Butler last night.

Charles H. Baker left yesterday for a short business trip to Portland.

J. C. Miller, a tourist of Suddridge, Ontario, is stopping at the Stevens.

Elmer White, a newspaper man of Toledo, O., registered at the Butler yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. Albert Wilkeson, of Port Angeles, were guests at the Northern last night.

H. McBride, ex-superior judge of Skagit county, was among the Butler guests yesterday.

Hank Noll, proprietor of the Grand hotel at Salino, B. C., was a guest at the Northern yesterday.

Capt. L. Willey, of the Seattle & Olympia Steamship Company, was at the Northern last night.

Capt. Samuel Willey, of Olympia, accompanied by Mrs. Willey, is at the Diller, en route for Victoria.

Mrs. I. Katz, of Port Townsend, wife of the well-known merchant of that place, is registered at the Butler.

Mr. and Mrs. J. C. Pearson and daughter, of Indianapolis, are visiting in the city, and are at the Stevens.

Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Lovelace and Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Thompson are Shelton people, who are at the Butler.

W. L. McCabe, of Tacoma, member of the firm of McCabe & Hamilton, stevedores, was at the Butler last night.

D. O. Pearson, a merchant of Stanwood, accompanied by Mrs. Pearson, registered at the Diller last night. They are going to see their father, D. Pearson, of Whidby island, who is seriously ill.

Fitzherbert Leather, who has been acting as clerk for the Pacific Coast Steamship Company, left yesterday, accompanied by his wife, for London, England. He intends to perfect himself as an artist, and in a year or more will enter the literary field.

Anheuser-Busch Brewing Ass'n. recommends the use of the greatest of all tonics, "Malt-Nutrine," and guarantees the merits claimed for it. For sale by all druggists.

A Disastrous Dive.

JACKSONVILLE, Fla., March 17.—Brodie Williams, the high diver, today jumped in a ball of fire from a 75-foot tower into Lake Worth, at Palm Beach, struck the bottom, broke his neck and died within a few hours.

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