

NEWS FROM TACOMA.

GENERAL MANAGER KENDRICK LOOKS FOR A BUSY YEAR.

Indications Favorable for a Large Yield of Grain—Railroads and Farmers Ought to Reap Handsome Profits—Northern Pacific Improvements.

Tacoma Bureau of the Post-Intelligencer, 112 Pacific Avenue. TACOMA, April 12.—General Manager J. W. Kendrick, of the Northern Pacific, arrived here tonight from Portland on his private car, accompanied by O. McReeve, of St. Paul. Mr. Kendrick has been spending a five-weeks' vacation in California, having come to the Coast over the Santa Fe. He will remain here for a few days and will return to St. Paul over the Northern Pacific.

"I look for a busy season with the Northern Pacific," said Kendrick tonight. "All the indications point to a big yield of grain in Minnesota, North Dakota and Washington. There has been a heavy fall of snow in the wheat producing regions of those states and unless there is something unusual to prevent it, the yield of grain should be exceptionally large this year. This, of course, will mean business for the railroads, and if the prices are good, as seems probable, prosperity to the farmers.

"The Northern Pacific is in splendid condition. The improvements that were made during the time ago are being pushed out. You know of the amount of new steel rails that will be laid this year. Considerable work will be done in the direction of improving and widening the roadbed, and a number of new bridges will be built in the West."

This was about all Mr. Kendrick would say tonight. He declined to discuss the matter concerning the deal between James J. Hill and the bondholders of the Northern Pacific.

Capt. Whistler, of the steamship Tacoma, gave a dinner aboard the ship tonight in honor of General Manager Kendrick and Assistant General Superintendent Pearce. Among the other guests were Mr. MacRae and Mr. Ericson, of the steamship company, and their wives, and Mr. and Mrs. McReeve, of St. Paul.

POLICE KNEW ALL ABOUT IT. Tacoma Man Gets His Money Out of an Unfair Crap Game.

TACOMA, April 12.—A gambling episode has just come to light, which reveals the latest scandal in the police department. Last Wednesday a prominent Pacific avenue pawnbroker went up against a crap game in a certain liquor house and dropped about \$50 after a half-hour play. He became suspicious and called the police and found that they were loaded. He demanded his money, which being refused, he reported the matter to the police, who immediately opened investigations. Strangely enough, they knew right where the crap rooms were and who to deal with. The matter dragged on until tonight, when the money was refunded. The police refuse to discuss the matter.

GOVERNOR ONLY CAN ACT. Judge Winn Will Not Interfere for Straub-Rogers Alone Has Pardoning Power.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. THE NEW WHATCOMB, April 12.—Ex-Judge John R. Winn, who presided at the trial of R. H. Straub at Friday Harbor and imposed the death sentence upon him for the murder of Leon Lanterman on Blakely Island in August, 1906, was interviewed by the Post-Intelligencer correspondent today relative to the position taken by Gov. Rogers in the matter of the recommendation of the board of pardons for commutation of Straub's sentence to life imprisonment.

While regretting that the governor has seen fit to impose such responsibility upon him, Judge Winn states that he cannot conscientiously join in the recommendation for a commutation, for the reason that he feels that Straub had a fair and impartial trial in every respect and that his conviction and sentence were just under the law.

Judge Winn further feels that he has no right as a private citizen to set at naught his own judgment as a judge upon the bench, and that the pardoning power was conferred on the executive, in whom it is vested by the constitution.

POLICEMAN BADLY WOUNDED. Spokane Burglar Gets Away, Then Kills Himself.

SPOKANE, April 12.—Police Officer McPhee lies in a critical condition with a bullet wound in the neck, and the dead body of Arthur Chapman, who shot the officer, lies in the city morgue. McPhee had Chappelle under arrest, and was taking him to the station on a charge of burglary when the prisoner sprang back and fired a revolver at the officer. The ball struck him in the jaw, and went through the neck, lodging near the vertebrae.

Chappelle lives at Dayton, Wash., where he has a wife and five children. After shooting McPhee he ran several blocks and concealed himself in an out-house. He was pursued by Deputy Sheriff Ferguson and a party of citizens. As the deputy pulled the door open a shot was fired inside, and the officer thinking he was being fired upon, shot inside. Chappelle fell to the floor dead. He had seen that the bullet had hit himself through the head. Ferguson's bullet passed through the burglar's arm and made a flesh wound in his side.

FOR THE ODD FELLOWS' HOME. Ground Broken at Walla Walla—To Be Completed August 1.

WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Ground was broken today on the site of the Odd Fellows' home, at the corner of the building which will be pushed to completion as quickly as possible. By the agreement the work has to be completed before August 1.

SLIPPED OUT OF QUARANTINE. Tag Tacoma, Which Picked Up the Infected Alice Leigh.

VICTORIA, B. C., April 12.—Two of the crew of the bark Alice Leigh, which arrived in Royal Roads on Saturday night from Shanghai, died on the trip across.

MR. GROCER:

We can't get along without you. Here are thousands of people who want good tea, and here are tons of Schilling's Best for them. It is beautiful business. It makes friends; and friends mean more business—in tea and everything else. Won't you get the tea and say to your customers: "Here is tea that you will like. If you don't, I'll pay your money back?" We pay you, of course.

Economy

And strength are combined in Hood's Sarsaparilla. One hundred doses one dollar is peculiar to add true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla. This is why a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla contains more curative power than any other. The great merit of Hood's Sarsaparilla, proved by its wonderful cures, has placed it not only in the front rank of medicines, but has given it a place also as an unapproachable standard in the treatment of all diseases of the blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is the best-in fact the One True Blood Purifier.

Hood's Pills are the only pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

from smallpox, and three other members of the crew are down with the disease. The Leigh was picked up off the Cape on Saturday by the tug Tacoma, which dropped her in the roads.

The Tacoma got off to the Sound with the ship Prince Robert before the quarantine officer could get hold of her, as the quarantine regulations require that a tug taking hold of a ship with an infectious disease on board must go to quarantine with the infected ship.

IT IS BRANDED AS A LIE.

Senator Van Patten Says the Zute Bag Story is an Absolute Falsehood.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

Special to the Post-Intelligencer. WALLA WALLA, April 12.—Senator Van Patten in a letter to the editor of this paper says that the story of the Zute bag is an absolute falsehood. He says that he has seen the bag and that it is a piece of old, worn-out material.

LEVEE GIVES WAY.

MISSISSIPPI FLOODS SWEEP DOWN ON DAVIS ISLAND.

Homes of Twenty-Five Hundred People Threatened—Government Relief Work Actively Progressing in the Delta—Thousands of Negroes Peniless.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., April 12.—The mighty sweep of the waters south of Vicksburg has at last had its effect upon the lower levees and tonight the levee from Tallahatchie reports that the levee which protects Davis Island has given way and that the island will in all probability be flooded. Twenty-five hundred people inhabit Davis Island, which consists of about a thousand acres of land. The place is situated in Warren county, Miss.

Throughout the upper delta the flood situation shows little change since last reports. The work of government relief has been actively inaugurated. Many people are being fed and housed at Greenville, Helena, Priar's Point, and other points along the river. The relief steamer is now plying up the St. Francis river with food and forage for man and beast.

At Helena the river has fallen twenty-four feet in the past twenty-four hours. The weather observer at that point says tonight that a steady fall will be noted in the river despite the rains from Tallahatchie. The water in the Mississippi crevasse has widened considerably, but the velocity of the water has abated and no further breaks are feared.

At Greenville, Helena, Priar's Point, and other points along the river, the relief steamer is now plying up the St. Francis river with food and forage for man and beast. At Helena the river has fallen twenty-four feet in the past twenty-four hours. The weather observer at that point says tonight that a steady fall will be noted in the river despite the rains from Tallahatchie.

BACK INTO ITS OLD CHANNEL. Missouri River at Omaha May Do Much Damage.

OMAHA, April 12.—The Missouri river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

At noon the government gauge showed 14.8 feet above the normal. The water in the river has risen almost two feet at this point in twenty-four hours, and is now higher than at any time since 1881.

RHEUMATISM

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure is guaranteed to cure acute or muscular rheumatism in from one to five days. Sharp, shooting pains in the joints, which are stopped by a few doses. A prompt, complete and permanent cure for lameness, stiffness, neuralgia, sciatica, lumbago, and all other rheumatic affections. One or two doses, and almost invariably cured before one bottle has been used. Price 50c.

MUNYON'S

Improved Homeopathic Home Remedy Company put up a separate cure for each disease. At all druggists, mostly 25 cents. Guide to the Munyon's Remedies. Personal letters to Prof. Munyon, 1595 Arch street, Philadelphia, Pa., answered with free medical advice for any disease.

seventh amendment to the constitution and in the general law, continuing the status of the various territories, "so far as they authorize a uniform course of proceeding in all cases, whether legal or equitable." The court expressed the opinion that uniformity was a prerequisite in all territorial cases. No opinion was expressed as to the validity of such a law under a state form of government.

The court itself advanced the Texas anti-trust cases on the docket to be heard on the second Monday of the next term. The law in controversy defines trusts and declares them to be illegal. Several arrests have been made and the prisoners were released by the Federal court on motion for habeas corpus. The state authorities appeal to the supreme court.

TO MODIFY ANOTHER ORDER. McKinley to Revoke Consolidation of Pension Agency.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

An Address by Mr. Bryan. WASHINGTON, April 12.—Tonight, at the invitation of the law class of the Columbia university, Mr. Bryan delivered an address to the students and a large number of invited visitors. His general theme was "Government and Equality of the People Before the Law."

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—The sweeping order of President Cleveland affecting the consolidation of pension agencies will be revoked by President McKinley, if the present plans are carried out. Though the state of the pension law has been reached on the matter, the president, it is learned, has become convinced that it should never be allowed to become operative.

FOR A VAST ESTATE

STRANGE CONTEST OVER WILLIAM HENRY KING'S MILLIONS.

Mrs. Ross, Who Claims to Have Been His Cousin, Says He Was Kidnaped and Imprisoned in an Asylum for Thirty-one Years.

NEW YORK, April 12.—The Herald this morning says: Mrs. E. A. Webber Ross, who has made several unsuccessful attempts in Massachusetts and Rhode Island to get control of the estate of William Henry King, a millionaire, will continue her battles in this city this week. King died in the Boston hospital, Providence, R. I., in 1886. He had been confined in an asylum for thirty-one years. Mrs. Ross appeared in 1889, said King was her long-lost uncle and denied that he was related to the King family of Rhode Island, who has him pronounced insane, and one of whom had been appointed guardian of his person and property.

When he died one of these King petitions to be appointed administrator of his estate. Mrs. Ross offered a similar petition. As King had real estate in this county, counter petitions were also filed with Surrogate Arnold.

In all her actions heretofore Mrs. Ross has declined to say more than that she was next of kin, and the only heir of William Henry King's millions. She was charged by the Kings, of Rhode Island, with being an illegitimate child, and was given two opportunities in court to explain her history and antecedents, but although directed by the judge to do so she refused, and therefore was not permitted to be a party. At present she is pending.

Mrs. Ross has now filed an affidavit with Surrogate Arnold through former Judge Dittenhofer, her counsel. In this she tells all about her family back to the days of King. She says that the man who was known as George King was not entitled to that name. In her affidavit, which is filed in answer to supplementary affidavits made by the Rhode Island King family, she says also that she is the widow of Isaac Allison Ross, who lived on a plantation in Mississippi until 1870 when he became resident of the city of New Orleans.

Her husband died at Charleston, S. C., in 1882. She says that her father was James F. Calhoun, a cousin of the famous South Carolina statesman; that her mother was Christina Gordon, a distant kinswoman, traces her genealogy back to the barons of Kinneachy. She also claims to have numerous cousins of wealth and prominence in New England, Pennsylvania and the South. Her husband, she says, was a staff officer in the Confederate army, and a grandson of Capt. Isaac Ross, who died in 1836, and willed that his 2,000 slaves should be returned to Africa, and that his estate, valued at \$200,000, should go to them.

Mrs. Ross further says that she is prepared to prove that the William Henry King, who she claims to be her husband, was not the brother of George Gordon King, Dr. David King and Edward King, but was her uncle, who when he was a young man got into a difficulty in Boston in consequence of which he left the United States; that, being acquainted with Edward King, he assumed the latter's family name and joined him in Canton, China; that they were known there as brothers; that the two returned to Boston, where they were known as brothers until 1866, when her uncle was kidnaped, taken to Brazil and thrown into an insane asylum by the man whose family name he had taken.

Mrs. Ross says that letters of administration were granted to her in her own name, and that she has collected and hold the vast estate until such time as proof of the rightful ownership be determined. Mrs. Ross intimates that the "difficulty" that led her uncle to leave Boston and change his name was punishable by death. She says she claims that the man who was known as King was carried from Troy, this state, to a Massachusetts asylum on the eve of what was to have been his wedding day, and that she, Mrs. Ross, was engaged to him, and that she was rewarded in 1881 by finding him in Providence.

The surrogate's case, it is expected, will go to a referee this week. At the hearing Mrs. Ross says she will tell the whole story, including the reason for her uncle's flight from the United States and the assumption of an assumed name. An affidavit of Edward Ludlow Patton is attached. Patton was a broker from 1851 to 1873, when he retired. He was 70 years old. He claims to have known Edward King, who he says was a young man of 18 when he was carried from Troy, this state, to a Massachusetts asylum on the eve of what was to have been his wedding day, and that she, Mrs. Ross, was engaged to him, and that she was rewarded in 1881 by finding him in Providence.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES. DETROIT, April 12.—Hallstone, the property of Conover & Co., died at the Windsor race track yesterday.

LOS ANGELES, April 12.—Violente German, a Mexican charged with insanity, was found dead in his cell this morning, having hanged himself with his bed clothes.

SAN FRANCISCO, April 12.—Mrs. Victor Stearns, formerly Miss Bridget Ramsay, was charged with the murder of Thomas Eragoni, for alleged breach of promise. Miss Ramsay was engaged to Eragoni, but married Dr. Stearns, whom she had previously threatened with breach of promise.

WASHINGTON, April 12.—William Jennings Bryan returned to Washington today from Florida. He is still suffering from the effects of the accident at St. Auguste. The force of the fall can be judged from the fact that a silver match case which Bryan carried in his vest pocket was crushed completely out of shape.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY. Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. See.

Onyx in large quantity, and it is said, of good quality, has been found in Hart county, Kentucky.

CONFESSES MANY MURDERS. Fetzer Says He Slew Dr. Nichols and Dozen Others.

SALT LAKE, April 12.—The Deseret News this afternoon prints what is claimed to be a confession by J. W. Fetzer, who is under arrest at Dillon, Mont., in which he says he killed Dr. C. H. Nichols, superintendent of the insane asylum at Washington, D. C., in 1874. He says he has ten or fifteen other victims, but will not plead guilty unless he can get a death sentence, and that Mrs. Ross, who introduced herself to him recently, strongly resembled William H. King. He also adds that he has seen photographic copies of the photographs of the man who was assumed to be King, and that he was judged insane. The testimony is that William showed signs of mental weakness for several years prior to 1866. Patton denies this and testifies that he had a remarkably clear intellect.

UNGUAYAN FEDERALS DEFEATED. NEW YORK, April 12.—A dispatch to the Herald from Montevideo says: It is reported that a serious engagement has occurred between the Federal troops under Col. Casalla and the insurgents near Minas. The Federals are said to have been defeated. The insurgents have captured the town of Sarandí del Yí.

CHICAGO STRIKE AT AN END. CHICAGO, April 12.—The Illinois Steel Works, a South Chicago, resumed operations this morning. About 500 rail finishers, whose striking involved 2,500 men, were not re-employed. The finishers were not upheld by the officials of the union.

ST. LOUIS BUILDING DESTROYED. ST. LOUIS, April 12.—A five-story building on Main street and Park avenue, occupied by the St. Louis Refrigerator and Wooden Gutter Manufacturing Company, was entirely destroyed by fire this forenoon. Loss, \$90,000.

BANK CASHIER GIVES UP \$4,420. NEW YORK, April