THE SEATTLE POST-INTELLIGENCER.

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FREE.

"Pride of Cashmere" is an extra choice quality of Ceylon Tea and well worth $1.00 per pound.

In order to better introduce it we will, beginning today and all of next week, make the following offer:

With each 1-4 pound, one good tumbler free.

With each 1-2 pound, three good tumblers free.

With each 1 pound, six good tumblers free.

This Tea is sold with the understanding that your money is returned if not perfectly satisfactory.

1-4 pound.....20 cents
1-2 pound.....35 cents
1 pound.....65 cents

COOPER & LEVY

Nos. 104 and 106 First Avenue South.

Store open until 9 o'clock tonight.

Have You Tried That Candy

OF LOWNEY'S OR GUNTHER'S?

One 5-cent guess wins the "Phoenix" Bicycle now in our window. The wheel has but 18 hours more to run. Will run 300 hours in all. The cyclometer will be opened by the path committee Monday evening.

There are eighteen flavors in a pound box of Lowney's Bon-Bons. They are unsurpassed, and all lovers of good candy know it. Put a box in your pocket and watch the smiles come as the candy goes. Plain Creams, 25c a pound. Velvet Molasses Candy that melts in the mouth, 10c a box. Chocolate Almonds are just the thing for a refreshing nibble after a spin, 25c a box. 5c and 10c boxes of Chocolates just fit the pocket. Everything at Eastern prices.

STEWART & HOLMES DRUG CO., 703 First Ave., Seattle.

J. S. GRAHAM'S

Great Saturday Specials.

Ladies' Suits, Pattern Hats.

$6.98.

A special line of Manufacturers' Samples in Serge and Scotch Cheviot. These Suits were purchased very low and we have decided to make a special of them today. They are worth easily $10.00.

$9.98.

A line of Ladies' Suits in Serge, Mixed Scotch Tweeds and Cheviots; also line of Young Ladies' Suits in Combination Effects, each Suit different. This is also a sample line and would ordinarily sell for $12.50 to $15.00. Today at $9.98.

Our Ladies' Bicycle Suits at $6 Are Going Fast.

New line Silk and Chiffon Capes and Jackets will be on sale today. Prices are..... $4.98 to $10.

$4.98 Fifty Choice Pattern Hats, the latest and most correct, stylish effects, worth fully double, special today at $4.98

J. S. GRAHAM,

716 Second Av., Boston Block.

NO FAKE IN THIS

By Order of the Superior Court.

L. A. TREEN & CO.'S

Large Shoe Stock Must Be Closed Out as Soon as Possible.

20 PER CENT. DISCOUNT FOR CASH. 20

On All Purchases of New, Fresh, Stylish Goods.

Hunt Up the Place, 707 First Av.

CHAS. G. SCOTT, Receiver.

J. H. WISE, MINING ENGINEER. Reports on Mines, Engineers Development, advice on Concentration and Milling of Ores. P. O. Box 557. Rooms 56-57 Epler Block. Take elevator McDonald Blk

NOW THEY DO GET IT.

Board of Control Is Requested to Step Down.

MEMBERS REFUSE TO RESIGN.

Issue Sharply Drawn by Gov. Rogers, Who Declares That Harmonious Action Is Impossible—Fusion Headsmen Will Themselves Be Decapitated—They Decide to Stand Together, and Demand of the Executive That He File Specific Charges in Writing—The Governor Must Either Back Down, or Remove the Entire Board.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

OLYMPIA, Wash., May 7.—The members of the board of control this afternoon each received an informal request from the governor to resign.

The action is desired by Gov. Rogers as a result of recent occurrences which rendered harmonious action impossible.

The governor said he did not care at this time to enter into a discussion of the difficulties which had made it impossible for him to act further with the board as it is now constituted.

The request for resignations does not include Traveling Auditor Lister.

The board of control held a meeting this evening, and decided in effect to fight the governor. The result of the meeting appears in the following official document, which was drawn up and signed for transmission to the governor:

"To His Excellency, John R. Rogers—Sir: Your informal request that we, as members of the board of audit and control, shall present to your excellency our resignations has received our respectful consideration.

"Permit us to say in reply that in the absence of specific charges as call for such request, we respectfully decline to comply, and have elected to accept the more heroic alternative implied, demanding, however, that your charges be stated in writing. Respectfully,

"GWIN HICKS,
"FRANK J. BROWNE,
"NEAL CHEETHAM,
"C. W. YOUNG."

Important developments are expected in short order, for the governor must either make the removals or meekly bow to the board. The demand for specific charges in writing arises from the fact that the governor has not submitted an official communication to the members of the board, but approached each one individually with a verbal request.

RECEIVER CLARK GOES OUT.

Resignation Accepted by Mr. Eckels—To Investigate the Last Chance Mine.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Comptroller Eckels today accepted the resignation of Receiver F. Lewis Clark, of the First National bank of Spokane, and appointed in his place Bank Examiner Lynch, who takes immediate charge. Some matters are to be attended to at once, and Mr. Lynch's appointment, while it is understood not to be permanent, will continue until all matters are straightened out.

Comptroller Eckels declined to make any statement relative to the condition of the bank under Receiver Clark, or of the result of Lynch's examination. When asked if he would make a statement regarding it at any time in the future, he replied that would depend upon the result of the examination of the condition of the Last Chance mine, which he had already ordered. That examination will be made by an expert selected jointly by the creditors and the comptroller. The owners of the mine will give every facility for examination to the comptroller's agent.

THE DALLES BANK CLOSED.

Disagreement of Stockholders Responsible for the Failure.

THE DALLES, Or., May 7.—Bank Examiner Charles Clary posted a notice at 10 a. m. today on the door of The Dalles National bank, closing it. This action was taken against the advice and protest of the bank officers. Malcom A. Moody, cashier, had nothing to say in regard to the failure except that depositors would be paid in full. The officers of the bank are: President, ex-Gov. Z. F. Moody; vice president, Charles Hilton; cashier, M. A. Moody. It is thought here that the failure will not affect any business houses in The Dalles, although the bank had a large mercantile clientage.

It is reported that a disagreement among the stockholders led to a closing of the institution. No statement of assets and liabilities has been made.

Bank Examiner Clary stated that he had received telegraphic instructions from Comptroller Eckels authorizing him to close the bank Wednesday. The Dalles city and Wasco county had deposits aggregating $10,000. Mr. Clary is in charge as temporary receiver, and a permanent receiver will be appointed soon.

It is impossible to obtain any information about the condition of the bank. Examiner Clary refuses to give out any figures.

SHOOTING OF MRS. ASPLAND.

Webster Calmly Entered the House and Went to Bed.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

CHENEY, May 7.—George Webster, who shot Mrs. Aspland near Medical Lake Wednesday night, is 28 years of age, dark complexioned, and came from Madison, Wis., to this section four or five years ago. The only relative he has is a sister who still lives near Madison. The revolver used was a 28-caliber American, double-action.

After doing the shooting Webster entered the house, going through the room where Mrs. Aspland was lying, and got in bed with her husband, where he was when Deputy Sheriff Brown arrested him, about 5:30 o'clock. He was under the influence of liquor.

GARRISON HAD $300.

Robbery the Motive of the Whidby Island Murder.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

WHATCOM, May 7.—It is considered altogether probable that the skeleton found in a well on Whidby island, as reported in the Post-Intelligencer today, was that of Finley Garrison, who lived in this country for several years and left about two years ago. He was one of the co-operative company that operated the Templin shingle mill in Fairhaven, and he also worked at the Pancoast mill at Ten-Mile. He was quiet and industrious, of good habits, and belonged to the Good Templars here.

His brother, Thomas Garrison, who left about the same time or a little before, wrote for Finley to join him where he then was. That letter was uncalled for, and Thomas came here in the fall of 1895 to make inquiries. He expressed the opinion then that his brother had been foully dealt with, and that he must have had over $300 with him when he went away.

The murdered man was of small stature and about 27 years of age.

STRAUB'S BODY STOLEN.

Murderer's Remains Disappeared From Their Grave.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

WHATCOM, May 7.—It is reported that the body of R. H. Straub, who was executed at Friday Harbor April 29, for the murder of Leon Lanterman, has been stolen from its place of burial on the government military reservation near town.

LIVELY SCENE IN COURT.

Montana's Lieutenant Governor Charged With Being an Unwilling Witness.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

HELENA, Mont., May 7.—In the case of the state vs. John Bloor, secretary of the senate, who was indicted on a charge of secreting a bill which, if enacted into law, would have reduced the salaries of county officers, was commenced in the state court today. The speaker of the house, the lieutenant-governor and several members of the legislature were witnesses today.

A dramatic scene resulted during the examination of the lieutenant-governor, a witness for the state, when the prosecuting attorney accused him of being an unwilling witness. The accusation was denied, and a personal conflict appeared imminent. The lieutenant-governor and the defendant are both Populists.

FIRST SURVEY ON THE RESERVE.

Party Soon to Enter Into the Olympics.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

MONTESANO, May 7.—E. G. Hunt and H. S. Shorey, of this city, leave next week to commence the survey of the north half of township 21 north, range 1 west. Mr. Hunt secured the contract last year and expected to do the surveying that summer, but letters of instructions could not be issued by the department, owing to errors in other surveys. It is expected that it will take three months to complete the work.

The township comes within the Olympic forest reserve and is nearly all covered by squatters' locations. The holders of the rights have been a good deal exercised over the question of what will be their status and whether or not their claims will be recognized by the government.

TREE FROM LI HUNG CHANG

Tribute to General Grant Is Planted at the Old Tomb.

NEW YORK, May 7.—As a tribute to the memory of Gen. Grant, Yang Yu, former minister from China to the United States, today planted a tree in the ground in which the casket of Gen. Grant lay for twelve years. The tree is called gink gobilo by Chinese botanists and is said to grow to a height of about 100 feet.

Col. Fred Grant, Mrs. Grant and Mrs. Julia Grant were present, and after a brief speech by Samuel McMillan, the minister took a spade, threw a little earth around the root of the tree and then read his speech.

"This tree is planted," he said, "at the site of the tomb of Ulysses Grant, to commemorate his greatness, by Li Hung Chang, guardian of the prince, earl of the first order."

WITNESSES LEAVE FOR THE EAST.

Townsend Murder Trial to Begin Next Week.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

RITZVILLE, May 7.—The case of Mark W. Townsend, who is to be tried for murder in Wisconsin, comes up for hearing Monday, May 10, at Lancaster. Several witnesses have gone back from this place, among them Miss Woods, who acted as detective, and claims to have trapped him on a promise of marriage into confessing that he committed the murder in cold blood.

It is also understood that Edward Bower has gone back to testify against him, having, it is claimed, overheard the conversation when he confessed. Richard Coleman left Wednesday morning, and David Richardson, of this place, who is now in Coldwater, Mich., is expected to be there to testify for the defense.

Mr. Coleman is expected to rebut the evidence of Miss Woods, claiming that he also overheard the conversation, and that Mr. Townsend did not confess that it was a murder, but stoutly denied it, saying that he would not confess to any one; that it was nothing but an accident, and nothing could induce him to say anything different.

It seems that if Townsend gets clear of this charge it will not be the last of trouble for him, as the people who have been working up the case here say they "have not played their trump card yet," and that if he gets clear of this charge they have another.

PACIFIC ZOOLOGICAL SOCIETY.

San Francisco Scientists to Maintain Elaborate Gardens.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—Scientific enthusiasts decided today to organize the Pacific Coast Zoological Society, the object of which shall be the maintenance in this city of elaborate zoological gardens. Dr. David Starr Jordan acted as temporary president and Prof. Torielli as secretary. It was agreed after discussion and a presentation of the scope of the project by Prof. Torielli its chief promoter, to delegate to a committee of six the task of drawing up a constitution and to develop the new organization on lines similar to the New York Zoological Society. It was agreed that $50,000 would be needed to set the project going in proper shape, and Prof. Torielli spoke confidently of raising that sum, saying that one wealthy San Franciscan had already raised $35,000.

For Stealing From the Dead.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 7.—"Dr." Hopper Love, who conducted the Bicyco-Aureum sanitarium at 104 Fifth street, is wanted by the police for grand larceny. He is accused of appropriating the effects of a dead woman, consisting of a diamond ring and a valuable sealskin sack. On March 28 last it is claimed Mrs. Elizabeth Lampman was taken to Love's house to be treated for the liquor habit. The following day she died of chronic alcoholism. Shortly after the woman was buried, it was discovered that her jewelry and a bank book, which showed that she had $3,000 on deposit in the San Francisco Savings Union, were missing. Her husband reported the fact to the police, and an investigation resulted.

Three More Cases on the Empress.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

PORT TOWNSEND, May 7.—Three new cases of smallpox have developed among the Chinese passengers who were landed in quarantine at Victoria from the Canadian steamer Empress of China.

Thompson Not in the Suit.

NEW YORK, May 7.—President Frank Thompson, of the Pennsylvania road, has denied over his own signature that there is any foundation in the report that he is concerned in the suit against the Northern Pacific.

A child was cured of croup by a dose or two of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. A neighbor's child died of the same dread disease, while the father was getting ready to call the doctor. This shows the necessity of having Ayer's Cherry Pectoral always at hand.

STOCKTON, Cal., May 6.—Local Foresters of America are searching for Joseph Krier, past chief ranger of Court Schiller. It is feared he has met with foul play.

FAREWELL TO BAYARD.

Ambassador Banqueted by Americans in London.

IS GIVEN A LOVING CUP.

The Guest of the Evening Speaks of the Affection Between the Two Countries—Tribute to Col. Hay, Who Eulogizes His Predecessor—Newton Crane Acts as Toastmaster—Two Hundred and Seventy Guests, Including the Lord Bishop of London and the Lord Chief Justice.

LONDON, May 7.—The farewell banquet given this evening by the American Society in London to Mr. Bayard, former ambassador of the United States, was attended by 270 guests. The company included Ambassador Hay, Mrs. Hay and all the members of the American embassy, the lord bishop of London, Baron Russell of Killowen, the lord chief justice; Sir Francis and Lady Jeune, Sir Edwin Arnold, Sir Henry Thompson, Lady Randolph Churchill, Lady Anderson, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Vivian and Miss Genevieve Ward, the actress. But there was a notable absence of the majority of the best known Americans. Mr. Bayard had a cordial re-

THOMAS F. BAYARD.

ception. He took Mrs. Hay in to dinner, Ambassador Hay taking in Lady Jeune.

The dining room was prettily decorated with flowers, the stars and stripes being entwined about the coat-of-arms of the state of Delaware above Mr. Bayard. Newton Crane toasted the guests of the evening.

Ambassador Hay cordially applauded all the eulogies of Mr. Bayard during the presentation of a loving cup, which is in the form of a pitcher, surmounted by a bust of Mr. Bayard. Mr. and Mrs. Bayard were visibly affected.

Mr. Bayard, on rising to respond to Mr. Crane's sentiments, was greeted with a storm of applause. He spoke for an hour, slowly and impressively. He said in part:

"There is nothing we desire to conceal, except a strange shame-facedness that tempts us to restrain the love each feels for the other, but there never should be a strain of doubt as to that affection between the hearts of the two countries. No man can feel this more than my illustrious successor. If I was ever worth a button, you have here a better button to put in my place. I rejoice in my successor, for he is as fair as I have always sought to be."

Baron Russell, in proposing the health of Ambassador Hay, said:

"The United States has sent us their best men to represent them; and we have no doubt that the chain will remain unbroken. To Ambassador Hay we will give the heartiest of welcomes, for we believe that he is the harbinger of peace and good will to all."

This toast was received with great enthusiasm. Col. Hay, responding, said:

"When our chairman kindly invited me to be present tonight and when Mr. Bayard added the sanction of his own friendly request, I could not but avail myself of the opportunity. I stipulated, however, that I was to come, not in an official capacity, but simply as an American temporarily resident in England and desirous to add my tribute of regard to our distinguished guest.

"I have always been cordially opposed to Mr. Bayard on almost every matter of public concern upon which men of good will may differ; but I have always been happy and proud of his personal friendship. I have shared the pleasure all his friends have taken in observing the unexampled affection and regard which he has conquered in England. They are successes so complete that they can provoke neither envy nor emulation. Certainly no immediate successor of Mr. Bayard would be so injudicious as to attempt to rival his brilliant career or to replace him in the regard of the British people. Nothing but disaster could follow such an attempt. None but Ulysses could bend the bow of Ulysses. Mr. Bayard will always be remembered as our first ambassador, and all the more because he has the affectionate esteem of your government and also of the masses of the people of these islands.

"Since the great revolution in France, which brought the people forward as the principal factor of sovereignty there, it has been the fashion of kings to call themselves emperors, and kings not of France but of the French. In like manner, it would not be inappropriate to call Mr. Bayard not so much ambassador to England as ambassador to the English."

PROBABLY NOT IN IT.

Attempts to Put Canal in Sundry Civil Bill Appear to Have Been Futile.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—No mention of the Lake Washington waterway appears in the sundry civil bill as it finally passed. Senator Wilson tried to have an amendment giving use of $10,000 for the purpose of a survey. The money was to be taken out of the appropriation already made for the proposed work, but it was refused by the committee on appropriations, and there was no opportunity to make amendments in the senate. The original programme of passing left-over appropriation bills as they went to the president at the close of the last congress is being religiously followed out.

TO CORRAL THE BISON.

Buffalo Jones Asks to Preserve Them From Destruction.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Buffalo Jones, of Oklahoma, who is at present in the city, has made the interior department a proposition to corral the remnant of the once mighty herds of American bison. Practically all of these animals left in a wild state are in the Yellowstone national park, and Mr. Jones says they will not exceed thirty in number. He is an authority on buffalo, and he says that if the remainder of the animals are to be preserved they must be gathered at once. Mr. Jones says the superintendent of the park has abandoned all hope of preserving a single specimen.

The secretary has not acted upon the proposition.

HARDSHIP TO SHEEP MEN.

Suits on Account of Forest Reserve May Be Suspended.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Commissioner Hermann has recommended to the attorney general the suspension for the present of legal proceedings growing out of sheep pasturing within the Cascade range forest reserve. The attorney general is requested to instruct the United States attorney for Oregon to stay all proceedings until further orders, in view of legislation pending in congress and probable early action of the department on the question. The recommendation is due to the presentation of facts from Oregon that great hardship and loss have resulted to the sheep owners of the state by exclusion from grazing lands within the reserve, on which they have been dependent for years.

C. S. JOHNSON IN THE LEAD.

Juneau Lawyer Probably Will Be the Next Governor of Alaska.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—C. S. Johnson probably will be the next governor of Alaska. He was an original McKinley man at St. Louis, and is very strongly indorsed.

PORT TOWNSEND, May 7.—Many petitions are being forwarded from Alaska to Washington relative to the appointment of governor. The missionaries and religious element demand the appointment of John G. Brady, a lumberman and mill owner of Sitka, while the less religious and more business-like element is favorable to C. S. Johnson, of Juneau. Both elements agree in demanding the appointment of a resident of the territory.

MARK HANNA COLLAPSES.

Unable to Stand Up Against the Office-Seekers.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The first victim scored by the onward rush of the army of office-seekers is no less a personage than Mark Hanna. After standing the strain of a long political campaign, he has broken down under the importunities of applicants for office.

Following out his plan of campaign, Mr. Hanna has kept open house at the national headquarters, at his apartments in the Arlington, and even at the senate itself. From early in the morning till late at night applicants for office have camped upon his trail. The result is that Mr. Hanna, who was the picture of health, has at last broken down under the strain. While at the office of the national committee yesterday he was seized with vertigo, which prostrated him for a short time. The usual restoratives were applied, and Mr. Hanna, in spite of the protests of friends and physicians, was driven to the senate chamber to cast his vote in favor of the arbitration treaty. When this duty was accomplished he returned to the hotel. He was obliged to keep to his room until late in the afternoon. The prostration is not serious, but it is the direct result of overwork. His physicians have warned him that he cannot continue to hold conversation with all office-seekers.

COMMISSION IS NEEDED.

Senator Cullom Thinks the Tariff Question Should Be Given Over to Experts.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—In reply to inquiries as to his views on a permanent tariff commission, Senator Cullom has written the following to Samuel B. Archer, secretary of the Tariff Commission League, Newark, N. J.:

"I believe that through the judicious agency of a permanent commission composed of experts and statisticians such changes could be made from year to year by congress as might be indicated and clearly shown to be wise. This would save the necessity of requiring a change of the whole tariff system by whatever party came into power. We cannot continue indefinitely as we have been doing with reference to that subject. The business of the country will not tolerate it.

"I hope that congress may provide for some kind of a commission which will aid in changing the situation, and I should be glad if an amendment of the kind indicated were to be incorporated in the bill known as the Dingley bill."

AGREEMENT IN CONFERENCE.

Indian Appropriation Bill Disposed of in Committee.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—The conference committees of the senate and house reached an agreement on the Indian appropriation bill today.

The conference on the senate amendment for opening the Uncompahgre reservation has been reconsidered on the basis of a provision for leasing the gilsonite lands instead of purchasing them. The compromise agreement authorizes any person to take one claim on lease, and to hold it in perpetuity upon the payment of a royalty of 75 cents a ton on the gilsonite mined. A provision against trusts was inserted upon motion of Senator Pettigrew. This provision forfeits to the government the claims of holders who enter into a combination to limit the production or to raise the price of gilsonite.

The Seneca oil lease is confirmed, and one additional judge is allowed for Indian territory.

TO PROTECT THE SEALS.

Foster in Conference With the Senate Committee.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Hon. John W. Foster, special ambassador on the part of the United States for a settlement of the Bering sea sealing question, was in conference with the senate committee for two hours today and went over the situation quite thoroughly. None of the details of the conference were made public, but it is known that the conference was based upon Great Britain's refusal to enter into negotiations with Russia and Japan looking to the accomplishment of an amicable agreement for the regulation of the sealing industry. He will leave the country in pursuance of his mission and will go to London.

The committee took no formal action, but there was a general expression of approval of the plan to deal with Russia and Japan and arrange for a protection of the seal herds.

For the Alaska Collectorship.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—M. H. Ewers, of Tuscola, Ill., filed application for the collectorship of customs at Sitka, Alaska, today. This makes twenty-six applications for that place.

Minister McKenzie Resigns.

CINCINNATI, May 7.—A special to the Enquirer from Bowling Green, Ky., says: The Hon. J. A. McKenzie, minister to Peru, has just arrived here, much improved in health. He has sent in his resignation to Washington and expects to remain here.

Arrested for Embezzlement.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Robert H. Martin, formerly treasurer of the Columbia university, was arrested today and taken to the police court on charges of embezzlement of funds of the institution. Martin was released on $5,000 security.

DEATHS.

Rev. John Burgess.

KEOKUK, Ia., May 7.—Rev. John Burgess, a pioneer Methodist preacher and author, is dead here, aged 76.

Count Nicholas.

LONDON, May 7.—Count Nicholas, the celebrated sportsman and breeder of fine horses, is dead.

Duc d'Aumale.

PARIS, May 7.—Duc d'Aumale died yesterday at Succo, Sicily, of the shock experienced upon hearing of the death of the Duchess d'Alencon. The immediate cause was cardiac apoplexy.

Brush the hair daily through to the scalp, and occasionally apply Hall's Hair Renewer, and a luxuriant head of hair will be maintained of a natural hue.

DRIVEN INTO THE SEA.

General Smolenski Forced to Embark at Volo.

TURKS KEPT AT HIS HEELS.

Main Body of the Greeks Make Another Stand at Domokos—Not Fighting to Hold the Turks in Check, but he Hellenes Cannot Stop Them—The Irregulars Worse Than Useless—Smolenski Reaches Almyros—His Army Could Have Stood Its Ground.

PHARSALA, May 7.—An engagement began early today near Velestino and lasted several hours, the Greeks being finally beaten back. They have retreated upon Volo, sharply pursued by the Turks.

ATHENS, May 7.—The Greek fleet at Volo has been instructed not to hinder the entrance of the Turks, in order to save the town from destruction.

Gen. Smolenski's artillery, engineers and some cavalry have proceeded to Almyros by sea.

VOLO, May 7.—The consuls have decided to ask the foreign warships to land detachments and have promised to protect the town.

CONSTANTINOPLE, May 7.—Orders have been telegraphed to Edhem Pasha to push on to Domokos immediately.

COPENHAGEN, May 7.—The Athens correspondent of the Politiken reports that he has interviewed an aide-de-camp of King George, who says: "Since the loss of Larissa, the Greeks have totally broken down. They have no equipment, neither food nor tents. They have to stop in the open, even on the coldest nights."

DOMOKOS THE NEXT STAND.

Defeated Greeks Still Resist—Turks Steadily Move On.

LONDON, May 7.—The Times prints the following dispatch from Velestino, via Athens:

The expected battle began at 6:30 yesterday morning at this point and at the Cynoscephalae, and a little later above Aivali and Pharsala. The positions were as follows: Velestino and the main Cynoscephalae chain were held by the Greeks. The plain to the northward and the gray ridge jutting out between the Cynoscephalae and Velestino were held by Turks.

The Greeks had three batteries of artillery and the Turks four. Early in the morning a well directed Greek artillery fire prevented the advance of the Turkish infantry. By 7:30 the artillery firing was very heavy on both sides, but each maintained its position. At 10:30 a Turkish battery behind Koniari began firing shrapnel and the Greeks soon began to lose ground. A hot artillery and musketry fusillade was kept up until about noon, when the Greeks on the big hill commenced to retire in orderly fashion, but at a double quick. The Turks were not firing at them and were apparently ignorant of their success.

"The irregulars tried in vain to assist the Greeks by firing at the advancing Turks; and, in fact, throughout the engagement, they were practically valueless.

"At 12:45 p. m. the Turks attacked the big hill with musketry and shell fire. I and another correspondent reached a valley and five shells fell very close to us, besides shrapnel whistling overhead. Several shots were thrown into the road beyond, designed to prevent the Greeks from sending reinforcements to their left, where the Turks were rapidly ascending the hill. The Greek batteries on the right were useless, and almost silenced, and the Turks on the Larissa road made no attempt to attack them.

"At 12:45 p. m. the attack on the right of Cynoscephalae became severe. The Greeks there were in full retreat, the irregulars fleeing in all directions. At 2 p. m. the long line of Greek infantry was retreating, forming into companies and then falling into single file. Despair was doubtless running down the line from left to right and influencing the retreat. At 3 p. m. the Evzones retreated on Akitsi, and the remainder of the Eastern infantry to Almyros. The Turks burned the village of Deltitia.

"During the morning the foreign legion entered the engagement probably between Pharsala and Aivsali. The Turks were seen to have driven back the Greeks along the line extending from Pharsala to Aivsali, turning the flank of the Velestino division at Cynoscephalae and rolling up the Greeks in two retreating masses.

"The Turks won chiefly because they had field guns, whereas the Greeks had none.

"The former also showed their tactical superiority by making a strong attack near the Cynoscephalae, where the Greeks were weak and without artillery. Two of the Turkish batteries were outside the Greek range and the Turks seemed to have good sheltering rifle pits. The Greek infantry stood their ground well under a heavy fire, especially along the center of the line or rifles. Many shells burst around them and overhead.

"Gen. Smolenski's army was much stronger and could easily have held its position. The Greeks at Domokos and Almyros will probably join forces at Lami, though I am informed that a stand will be made at Domokos, Thermopylae will doubtless be left to the fleet. The Cynoscephalae was the main strategic point of battle. The number of casualties is unknown, but in the early part of the day it appeared to be small."

ROYAL FAMILY IN DANGER.

Revolutionists Guard the Palace to Prevent Escape.

LONDON, May 7.—The Rome correspondent of the Mail says: Private news from Athens which has escaped censorship shows the position of the royal family there to be more perilous than ever. The members of the royal family rarely leave the palace and their portraits have been withdrawn from the public view. When the queen and princess visit the hospitals they are openly insulted in the streets.

The palace is watched by revolutionary agents, lest their majesties should attempt to flee from the country.

DEBATE IN THE COMMONS.

Curzon Blames the Greeks for Provoking the War.

LONDON, May 7.—In the house of commons today, William S. Robinson, Liberal, moved to reduce the salary of the Marquis of Salisbury, the premier and minister for foreign affairs, by £500, for the purpose of raising a debate on the Eastern question.

After several Liberal members had criticised the action of the government in the Eastern crisis, George N. Curzon warmly defended Great Britain for her part and blamed the provocation on the Greeks, saying that the attitude of the Christians in Crete was due to the presence of the Greek force. Mr. Curzon said that withdrawal of the Turkish troops in Crete would be the prelude to massacre of the Mussulmans, compared with which the Armenian massacres would sink into insignificance. Continuing, Mr. Curzon remarked that the day the Turks withdrew would be the dawn of brighter prospects for Crete.

Regarding affairs in the mainland of Greece, he said that there were few persons who did not know on which side the provocation rested, but, he added, the chastisement has been so terrible that he would not say any more on the subject. The Turks, he asserted, had exercised considerable self-restraint before they accepted the challenge, and the powers had carried their conciliatory attitude towards the Greeks almost to the point of weakness. They now express their willingness to mediate with Turkey, if Greece will express her willingness to accept mediation.

The motion to reduce the salary of the Marquis of Salisbury by £500, introduced in order to bring about a debate on the Eastern question, was voted down.

GEORGE WILLING TO ABDICATE.

Heroic Greek King Wishes a Larger Annual Allowance.

ATHENS, May 7.—It is said positively that if the powers insist upon the withdrawal of the Greek troops from Crete as a condition of mediation, Greece will reply that she prefers war even to extermination.

BERLIN, May 7.—The Lokal Anzeiger says that the king of Greece has formally asked the mediation of the emperor of Russia. It asserts that the plan of abdication turns on financial matters. He asks an allowance of £24,000 yearly.

LONDON, May 7.—It is stated here that Germany still clogs the negotiations for mediation between the powers by insisting upon the evacuation of Crete and unconditional acceptance by Greece of such terms as the powers approve.

WILL RELIEVE THE STRAIN.

England Welcomes the Action by the Transvaal.

LONDON, May 7.—The secretary of state for the colonies, Mr. Chamberlain, replying today in the house of commons to a question by Sydney C. Buxton, Liberal, who was under secretary of state for the colonies in the Rosebery cabinet, said that no official confirmation had been received of the report that the Transvaal government had repealed the immigration law, but there was no reason to doubt the truth of the report.

If the report turned out to be correct, added Mr. Chamberlain, it would greatly relieve the tension which unfortunately existed between Great Britain and the Transvaal.

The South African committee of the house of commons, which is inquiring into the Transvaal raid, had another session today.

PRAETORIA, May 7.—President Kruger's reply to the dispatches of Mr. Chamberlain, on the subject of the Transvaal alien law and other alleged breaches of the London convention, has been handed to the diplomatic agents. The contents are not known, and the utmost secrecy is observed on the subject.

Tumult in Vienna Reichstag.

VIENNA, May 7.—The exciting scenes of yesterday were repeated in the lower house of the reichstag today when the house resumed the discussion of the motion submitted by the German Nationalists to impeach Count Badinoff, and nearly all the other ministers for violating their ministerial powers by issuing a decree authorizing the Czech language. The minister of justice, Dr. Olelspach, today asserted that no blame or bad intention could be imputed to the government. This assertion drew forth loud applause from the right and caused a tremendous uproar, mingled with cries of "withdraw" from the left. As the tumult continued the sitting was suspended.

The Tariff and Italian Trade.

ROME, May 7.—In the chamber of deputies today the minister of husbandry, Guiccardini, replying to Senor Piccardi, explained the clause of the Dingley bill affecting Italian trade, especially oranges and lemons. He added that Baron Fava, the Italian ambassador at Washington, is continuing negotiations to obtain the best concessions possible.

To Determine the Boundary.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, May 7.—The Nicaraguan commission of engineers has started for Greytown to meet there the Costa Rica commissioners, and then with Mr. Alexander, former President Cleveland's appointee, as arbitrator, to determine the boundary line between the two states.

MURDERER IS VERY COOL

After Shooting the Husband, He Has the Wife Serve Him at Breakfast.

MILWAUKEE, May 7.—Alexander Harris, a farmer living five miles south of Waukesha, on the Milwaukee road, was murdered this morning when at breakfast. Mrs. Harris, the hired man and the hired girl were also wounded.

The crime was committed it is supposed, by William Pouch, a farm hand. Pouch worked for Harris about two years ago. Last night at his request, he was given lodging over night. After breakfast this morning Pouch started to walk toward the door. Before Mrs. Harris realized what was about to happen he wheeled around and shot her in the breast. Then he fired at the hired girl. The hired girl has a chance to recover.

About 5 o'clock Harris and the hired man went to the yard to milk the cows. Mrs. Harris and the girl were preparing breakfast. Pouch left his room quietly, and, going to the yard, bade the men there good morning. Harris and the hired man were sitting on stools near each other. Pouch drew a revolver and fired at the farmer, killing him. He then shot one of the hired men, inflicting probably a fatal wound.

Pouch then walked leisurely to the kitchen. He told Mrs. Harris her husband would not be in for a few minutes, and he would eat his breakfast at once. The woman waited upon the murderer, who seemed to relish the meal, after eating which he shot them and fled.

Pouch rode away on a bicycle. A posse of farmers is in hot pursuit. The farmers are greatly excited and enraged, and should they get hold of the murderer he undoubtedly will be lynched. The supposition of the authorities is that the man either is insane or committed the murders in order to hide evidence of another crime. The manner in which the murders were committed shows plainly that Pouch deliberately arranged his plans.

Harris was quite well-to-do. Pouch worked for him in the summer of 1895, but nothing occurred as far as is known to cause enmity between them. Pouch is 20 years of age. The name of the hired man is Nelson McHolm. The girl is Helen Vesbach.

The latest reports from Mukwonago state that Mrs. Harris was not instantly killed, as at first stated, and may recover. There is little hope for the hired man or the girl.

Bloodhounds on the Trail.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., May 7.—Deputy Sheriff Bramlett this morning received a dispatch from Elbert, asking him to come at once with his bloodhounds, as that place had been raided by a band of desperadoes, who had looted the stores. Bramlett left on the afternoon train. Elbert is a small town on the Gulf road, about forty miles north of this city. No additional particulars have been received.

Washington Pensions.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

WASHINGTON, May 7.—Pensions have been granted as follows: Thomas J. Foster, Walla Walla, Wash., original, $8 per month, from May 15, 1895; Daniel Hoover, Morton, Lewis county, Wash., original, $8 per month, from November 2, 1895; William Harsel, Ellensburg, Kittitas county, Wash., original, $8 per month, from August 16, 1896.

Sufferers from Catarrh and cold in the head want relief right away. Ask for 10 cent trial size of Ely's Cream Balm. Full size 50c. All druggists.

Ireland, with a population of 4,704,000, has one of the smallest suicide rates in Europe—only ten to 1,000,000.