

French Ranch Eggs, 12 1/2c per dozen. Baked Oats, 9-pound sacks, 23c; 50-pound sacks, \$2.25. Good Cooking Butter, 5-pound jars, 50c. French Sardines, 10c to 25c per can; the 25c grade are the best sold in this city. Ask for them. Choice large and juicy Lemons, 10c per dozen. Special Delicacies Sardines, spiced and ready for use, per keg, 85c. Imported Anchovies (genuine), per keg, 65c. Imported Swiss Cheese, rich and oily, 30c per pound.

COOPER & LEVY

No. 104 and 106 First Avenue South.

We Prepare Prescriptions. It is our business to work at them all day and all night. You are welcome to go behind our case and see us prepare yours. You will see PERFECT ACCURACY, ABSOLUTE CLEANLINESS and BEST OF MATERIALS. Nothing short of this satisfies us. We would like to serve you.

STEWART & HOLMES DRUG CO.

Plymouth (Mass.)

Woolen Mills

See the Coast agents, but the city is not large enough to support a woolen house, and we have consequently opened the largest during establishment in the Northwest. Times are hard, but there is necessity for any gentleman wearing a "hand-made" made for a Black or Harry in the dirty sweat shops of New York city. We make you a fine All-Wool Suit to order for \$15.00 and guarantee a You cannot feel as good and comfortable in a ready-made as you can in a tailor-made suit to fit your form. Come and see us. We are doing the four hundred every day.

SMITH & SMITH, 710 Second Avenue.

Saratoga Chips.... Very Fine. Very Fresh.

WE ARE NOW RECEIVING EXTRA FINE SARATOGA CHIPS, SO FRESH AS ALWAYS TO BE QUITE FRESH AND NICE.

GUESS Gladiator Bicycle. Proceeds to go to Lake Washington Bicycle Path Fund. ALBERT HANSEN, 706 First Avenue.

GARDEN HOSE. Sprinklers, Nozzles, Hose Reels. Wholesale and Retail. The Washington Rubber Co. (Inc.) 714 First Av., Seattle, Wash.

WINDOWS... Doors, Building Paper, Glass, Mirrors, Plates, etc., Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes etc. F. W. Devore & Co.'s Celebrated Mixed Paints. NELLE & ENGELBRECHT. Telephone Red 521.

EVERSOLE Children's Spectacles. We succeed where others fail. Old and young fare alike with us, for we obtain the best possible results in every case with our superior facilities, skill and experience, guaranteeing to all perfectly acceptable Glasses. H. CLAY EVERSOLE, Specialist, 726 First Avenue, Seattle.

FRISCH BROS. Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry, 720 FIRST AVE.

SAPOLIO. "CLEANLINESS IS THE PRIDE, DIRTY IS THE HONESTY." COMMON SENSE DICTATES THE USE OF

Moran Bros. Company, MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS Mining Machinery.

THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

First Publication of Industrial Army Correspondence.

TOMORROW THE TARIFF DEBATE.

Bill Delayed One Day by the Death of Senator Earle—Aldrich to Call up the Measure and Vote to Move to Strike Out the Internal Revenue Features—Long Speeches Will be Discouraged—The House to Delay Action on the Morgan Resolution Until President McKinley Will Have Heard From the Ruiz Investigation—Compromise Agreed on for Forestry Reservations.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer. WASHINGTON, May 23.—During the last session of congress a resolution was passed instructing the attorney general to make public the correspondence between the department of justice and public officers and private persons, and railroad companies and the officers and agents in the year 1894, relative to railroad strikes and disorders throughout the country and to the action taken by the United States in preventing the same. This correspondence has just been made public, although it was prepared by Attorney General Harmon before the new administration came to power. Mr. Harmon grouped the dispatches and letters by states and territories, and also gave separately the correspondence with, and the communications transmitted to the department of justice by the president and members of the senate and house of representatives, and the various executive departments. Although not exactly news at this late date, yet many persons who have hitherto ignorant of the action taken by the United States officers at that time, will find considerable interest them in the correspondence for the state of Washington. There were no letters. All were telegrams. They follow:

Tacoma, Wash., July 5, 1894. Hon. Richard Olney, Attorney General, Washington, D. C. The United States circuit court issued orders directing me to arrest all persons obstructing or hindering operation of the Northern Pacific Railway Company. In enforcing order I have arrested such men as notified deputies and myself deemed necessary, including some who are operating trains, my force now being 224 men. I am sure that they must look to receive for pay at Spokane. Today mob assaulted deputies and killed three. I have no doubt that trouble in enforcing the order will be very serious. If you have any directions I shall be very glad to receive them. DRAKE, Marshal.

Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., July 7, 1894. Drake, United States Marshal, Tacoma, Wash. Have your dispatch of the 4th. Measures have been taken. I think, remove difficulties in your position. OLNEY, Attorney General.

Seattle, Wash., July 7, 1894. Olney, Attorney General, Washington, D. C. We are assured that the industrial army are conspiring to commit mischief at Seattle, Tacoma, Spokane and along railroad routes. There is a possibility of riotous mobs may occur. United States marshal, under orders from United States circuit court, is directed to take charge of force of deputies protecting the roads in hands of receivers. His force, for lack of arms and discipline, not adequate to quell mobs in case of riotous mobs. The revenue cutter Grant, with officers, men and guns, under Capt. Toggler, could be used to quell mobs. If you deem it proper, if force necessary, it should be a superior force. Please endeavor to have secretaries of treasury issue proper instructions. See him tonight. BYRON PHELPS.

Washington, D. C., July 7, 1894. WILLIAM H. BRINKER, United States Attorney, HANFORD, District Judge.

Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., July 10, 1894. Drake, United States Marshal, Tacoma, Wash. Send at once an estimate approximating, as near as practicable, the total actual amount of all you deputies pay the deputies appointed in railroad troubles. OLNEY, Attorney General.

Tacoma, Wash., July 10, 1894. The Attorney General, Washington, D. C. I estimate that the amount of money that it will take \$90,000 per month to pay deputies in railroad troubles. This includes the Northern Pacific and Seattle, Lake Shore & Eastern roads in hands of receivers. DRAKE, Marshal.

Tacoma, Wash., July 10, 1894. Hon. Richard Olney, Attorney General, Washington, D. C. The United States circuit court directing me to arrest all persons who interfere with, hinder or obstruct the operation of the Northern Pacific railroad, or its appliances, or interfere with or hinder those in employ of the railroad, or who run trains, I deemed it proper, at the request of those managing road, to have force at points where the present mob was apprehended. In this way, to some extent, my deputies are general guards of the property, prevent interference, and no arrests are made. Attorney of receiver notifies me that they expect the government to pay these deputies. Col. Anderson, commanding United States troops here, informs me that it is not his duty to guard either prisoners who are arrested or property, except moving trains. Much of the property of the road seems threatened, and I am urged by the management to protect it. Shall be glad to have you inform me whether or not the government will pay for this service, that I may communicate same to receiver and court. DRAKE, Marshal.

Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., July 11, 1894. United States Marshal Drake, Tacoma, Wash. Take direction of the judge to payment of deputies to protect property of the Northern Pacific Railroad Company. OLNEY, Attorney General.

Tacoma, Wash., July 14, 1894. The Attorney General, Washington, D. C. The court directs me to say that large force is required to work trains, and not do in guarding stations, bridges, tunnels and telegraph. My men must know who will pay them. I am urged by the management to pay these deputies, or quit. It will help towards a proper understanding if the president will authorize expense for this service. I am urged by the management to pay these deputies, or quit. It will help towards a proper understanding if the president will authorize expense for this service. I am urged by the management to pay these deputies, or quit. It will help towards a proper understanding if the president will authorize expense for this service. DRAKE, Marshal.

Washington, D. C., July 15, 1894. United States Marshal Drake, Tacoma, Wash. Department of Justice will pay deputies, make up to \$100,000 per month. OLNEY, Attorney General.

Tacoma, Wash., July 15, 1894. Attorney General, Washington, D. C. What per diem do you authorize to special deputies? DRAKE, Marshal.

Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., July 15, 1894. United States Marshal Drake, Tacoma, Wash. Will \$4 a day be satisfactory, the deputy paying his own expenses? OLNEY, Attorney General.

Tacoma, Wash., July 20, 1894. Attorney General, Washington, D. C. Authorize per diem of \$4 authorized. Think this should be sufficient. DRAKE, Marshal.

Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., July 21, 1894. United States Marshal Drake, Tacoma, Wash. Per diem of \$4 authorized. Think this should be sufficient. OLNEY, Attorney General.

Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., July 21, 1894. United States Marshal Drake, Tacoma, Wash. Per diem of \$4 authorized. Think this should be sufficient. OLNEY, Attorney General.

be sufficient. Substitute for this morning's message. OLNEY, Attorney General.

Tacoma, Wash., July 30, 1894. Sir: Pending the recent strike a number of employees of the Northern Pacific railroad, such as conductors, engineers, etc., were commissioned by me as deputies at the request of the superintendent of the road, some of them requiring this as a commission to remain the service. They continued entirely loyal to the orders of the superintendent, without reporting to me or being under my control. I have thought it should be made a part of the government and have refused to allow them their time. They insist they should be paid. Will you strictly maintain a very respectfully. JAMES C. DRAKE, United States Marshal, Tacoma, Wash.

Hon. Attorney General, Washington, D. C. Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., July 31, 1894. Drake, United States Marshal, Tacoma, Wash. Will you be the amount of all payments to deputies in labor troubles? OLNEY, Attorney General.

Department of Justice, Washington, D. C., August 4, 1894. Sir: The Senate referred to this department your letter addressed to him June 23, 1894, about the payment of deputy marshals in the labor troubles. You can make out two requisitions if necessary for expenses of labor troubles prior to July 1, 1894, and the other beginning with July 1, 1894, should the appropriation now pending in congress.

When these requisitions are received you will receive notice respecting advances. Very respectfully. RICHARD OLNEY, Attorney General, United States Marshal, Tacoma, Wash.

CONGRESSIONAL FORECAST.

Tarif Bill to be Called Up in the Senate on Tuesday. WASHINGTON, May 23.—On Tuesday next, ten weeks and a day after the beginning of the session, the senate will take up the tariff bill for the passage of which the house was reported last week. The bill was to have been called up on Monday, but the death of Senator Earle of South Carolina will render necessary a adjournment for a day. Aldrich will call up the bill, move its consideration and make a speech in its support. The Democratic amendment striking out the internal revenue features will be discussed by the general committee of the senate, and the bill will be reported on Monday. The bill will be reported on Monday, but the death of Senator Earle of South Carolina will render necessary a adjournment for a day. Aldrich will call up the bill, move its consideration and make a speech in its support. The Democratic amendment striking out the internal revenue features will be discussed by the general committee of the senate, and the bill will be reported on Monday.

The general sentiment among straight Republicans is adverse to the encouragement of the tariff. The bill will be reported on Monday, but the death of Senator Earle of South Carolina will render necessary a adjournment for a day. Aldrich will call up the bill, move its consideration and make a speech in its support. The Democratic amendment striking out the internal revenue features will be discussed by the general committee of the senate, and the bill will be reported on Monday.

The silver Republicans and Populists will seek opportunity during the pendency of the bill to present some remarks of a political character. The bill will be reported on Monday, but the death of Senator Earle of South Carolina will render necessary a adjournment for a day. Aldrich will call up the bill, move its consideration and make a speech in its support. The Democratic amendment striking out the internal revenue features will be discussed by the general committee of the senate, and the bill will be reported on Monday.

The Morgan resolution recognizing the belligerency of the Cuban insurrection, which passed the senate on Thursday, will not be acted upon by the house this week. The Morgan resolution recognizing the belligerency of the Cuban insurrection, which passed the senate on Thursday, will not be acted upon by the house this week. The Morgan resolution recognizing the belligerency of the Cuban insurrection, which passed the senate on Thursday, will not be acted upon by the house this week.

Probably Will be Receiver of the Spokane Bank. Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer. WASHINGTON, May 22.—When Bank Examiner Lynch, who has been appointed receiver of the First National bank of Spokane, shall have completed his work and completed a thorough investigation, which the comptroller of the currency desires him to make, it is believed that another receiver will be appointed, some local banker who will be recommended by the creditors of the bank probably. It is stated here that W. S. Noonan, of Spokane, would like to have the position, and that there is some probability that he will be appointed.

Outing for Postal Delegates. WASHINGTON, May 23.—The members of the Universal Postal Congress returned to Washington today after a cruise down the Chesapeake. There were about 125 persons in the party. Visits were made to Fort Monroe, Newport News, Norfolk, and the navy yard at Portsmouth. The party went via Baltimore, special trains being placed at their disposal, and the water trip was made on the York line steamer Charlotte. The congress will be taken on a trip through the west about the first week of June. The plan contemplates a visit to Yellowstone Park, and stops at some of the leading cities.

Washington Postmasters. Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer. WASHINGTON, May 23.—Joseph Thomas has been appointed postmaster of Kitsap county, in place of Robert Wyatt, resigned. Commissions as postmasters have been issued at Frye and at Berkeley and Harry J. Neely at Wilbur.

SPANISH CABINET TO MEET THE CORTES TODAY.

MADRID IS GREATLY EXCITED.

Minister of Foreign Affairs Had Slight Provocation for Stopping Comas' Face—May Not Be Permitted to Resume His Portfolio—Sagasta Doing All in His Power to Abolish the Difficulty—Ministers Sit in Council and Decide That Explanations Must Be Made.

LONDON, May 23.—The Madrid correspondent of the Times says: Scarcely in the history of the cortes has there been created such a sensation as the Tetuan-Comas incident. It is difficult to conceive how a staid and experienced statesman like the Duke of Tetuan could have so completely lost his self-control on so slight provocation. It is believed that Sagasta is willing to do all he consistently can to minimize the difficulties of the situation, but it seems impossible that the Duke of Tetuan should retain his portfolio as minister of foreign affairs. The standard's correspondent at Madrid says: In the conference held on Saturday between the president of the senate, the premier and Senor Sagasta, with reference to the Tetuan-Comas incident, the president said he would not be justified in interfering, as the affair had not occurred in the senate chamber, but in the lobby. The premier declared that the opposition ought to be satisfied if the Duke of Tetuan announced in the senate that he never intended to discuss the general features of the bill, and that he would resign if the government could not dispense with the Duke of Tetuan's services as minister of foreign affairs, because he alone was acquainted with and able to conduct important and delicate pending negotiations with a foreign government (meaning America).

Senor Sagasta promised to give his following cabinet a special meeting to be held by the Duke of Tetuan, who were in no conciliatory temper. The dissenting conservatives declared that they would follow the decision of the Liberals, and therefore Ministerialists only have been present in the parliament since Friday. The premier, on receiving the reply of Senor Sagasta, went to the palace to inform the queen regent, who summoned a council of ministers. The crisis has been drawn popular attention from the attitude of the United States.

The cabinet sat in council this evening, and decided to do all in their power to prevent a second accident of the day happened about thirty minutes later. It was a cave-in at the big seventy-foot cut of the Newcastle Tractor Company, that is making a track to the new Cascade park. Michael Kurdy was buried under seventy-five feet of sand, gravel, clay and rocks, and was dead when taken out. Peter Herinsky was killed by a falling piece of timber on the shoulders and hips, but will live.

Special committee of the chamber of deputies will be instructed to consider the budget bill.

TOO SWIFT FOR SPANIARDS.

Steamer Ethelred Is Fired on by Gunboats, but Escapes Uninjured. PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—After being twice chased by Spanish gunboats and sailing through a perfect storm of shot, the steamer Ethelred, which was bound for the vessel's bow, the British steamer Ethelred passed through the exciting ordeal unscathed and arrived at this port tonight, after a five days' run from Port Antonio, Jamaica.

When the Ethelred left here, May 20, it was the intention of Capt. Hart to accompany her, but he was arrested and taken to the brig. It is supposed that agents of the Spanish government in this city notified the authorities at Havana that Hart would be on the vessel; hence the effort to hold up the Ethelred in Cuban waters. The next encounter with the Spanish fleet occurred off Cape May, on the trip down. Just after dusk on Sunday evening, May 16, a gunboat without any lights on her bows, and with a searchlight, and crowding on all steam, started directly for the fruit vessel. After steaming for an hour without firing an inch, notwithstanding that there was a searchlight on the other vessel, all steam was crowded on the Ethelred, which was beginning to show the Spaniard a clean pair of heels when a cloud of smoke closed in from the cruiser's side, and a second later a solid shot cut the water half a mile ahead of her bows. Then came a second and third shot, each nearer than the other. Capt. Hart was on his course, and after an hour's chase the Spaniard dropped out of the race.

The next chase happened last Thursday. The exact spot where the first attempt to hold the vessel occurred. Just as the Ethelred rounded Cape May, a big Spanish gunboat of the newest type started out from the shore, and fired at the Ethelred. For two hours the chase was kept up, enlivened now and then by a solid shot, throwing up a sheet of white spray just ahead of the swift vessel. It began to look as if the Spaniard meant to chase the Ethelred clear to the Delaware capes, when another steamship was sighted, and the gunboat abandoned the chase and gave vicarious chase to the other steamer.

MEDICAL MEN'S JUBILEE.

Noted Physicians to Gather at the Meeting of the American Association. PHILADELPHIA, May 23.—The golden jubilee meeting of the American Medical Association, which will be held here on June 1, 2 and 3, promises to be not only the most important, but the most interesting gathering of noted medical men ever brought together in this city. Apart from the large attendance of physicians from all parts of the country, numerous able and interesting papers placed upon the programme insure a meeting of important scientific results in the contributions to medical literature, and in the experience of practical workers in the field of medicine and surgery.

While the actual meetings of the association will not commence until June 1, the committee of arrangements has arranged a series of lectures and demonstrations free to members, for the week preceding and that following the association meeting. This course of instruction by the faculty of the teaching colleges of the city and of the laboratory, dispensary and ward demonstrations by the staff of the various hospitals and medical institutions, has been designed for a considerable number of physicians who would be glad of the opportunity of brushing up on the various branches while in the city. The college course will begin tomorrow at all the colleges and hospitals in the city, and besides clinics opportunities will be given to the students of the Roentgen rays at all the hospitals.

KENTUCKY DAY AT NASHVILLE.

Gov. Bradley to Lead the Celebration at the Exposition. NASHVILLE, May 23.—Tomorrow is Kentucky day at the exposition, the first day to be formally observed. Gov. Bradley, his staff and a large number of army, navy, and gentlemen will arrive at the Louisville Legion, 900 strong, will ar-

WITH GREECE DIRECT

Edhem Pasha Empowered to Negotiate Peace.

ANXIOUS TO BEGIN AT ONCE.

The Victorious General Urges the Appointment of a Greek Plenipotentiary—Armistice to be Prolonged—Athens Overrun With Foreign Volunteers, Including Italian Anarchists, Who Cause the Government Much Trouble—Col. Manos Attempts Suicide—Last of the Troops Embark From Crete.

ATHENS, May 23.—It is semi-officially asserted that Edhem Pasha, the Turkish commander-in-chief, has repeated his statement that peace must be negotiated with him, and is now pressing for the appointment of a Greek plenipotentiary to conduct the settlement of terms. Edhem Pasha has informed the Greek officers, who, in conjunction with the Turkish officers, are arranging the neutral zone, that he is empowered to negotiate the terms of peace with Greece direct.

LONDON, May 23.—The correspondent of the Times at Constantinople says: The powers have insisted that an ambassador should act as their representatives in mediating between Turkey and Greece. A collective note will be handed to the porte forthwith. Palace circles now realize that great credit has been displayed on the Turkish side. The correspondent of the Standard at Constantinople says: Peace negotiations continue. It is asserted the amount of indemnity will be reduced to £3,000,000. £2,000,000 to be paid in cash to Turkey and £1,000,000 to be accepted by Russia as a part payment of the indemnity owed her by Turkey.

PARIS, May 23.—Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria, had a long conference today with M. Hanotiaux, minister of foreign affairs. It is understood that the Greek-Turkish armistice will be prolonged, if at its expiration the peace negotiations should not be finished.

THOSE WORTHLESS VOLUNTEERS.

Greece Gladly Ships Italian Anarchists to Brindisi. LONDON, May 23.—The Athens correspondent of the Times says: Owing to the disquietude caused by the presence in the city of large bodies of volunteers, the government has hastily recalled the force of Greek anarchists, and will take measures to deport these dangerous elements to their various countries at the earliest moment. Most of the volunteers making up the Brindisi column are anarchists and the government has decided wisely in refusing to allow them to remain here, although they insisted on the privilege of the Greek anarchists, who were sent to Seavard, and there disarmed them, they began to indulge in all sorts of excesses, and got into a quarrel with the inhabitants, with the result that one Italian was killed and six were seriously wounded. Finally, after a great deal of trouble, they were sent to Brindisi under the escort of two Greek men-of-war.

The correspondent of the Daily Telegraph in Epirus gives a terrible picture of the excesses of the Italians while traveling from Arta to Zaverda. He says: "They stole brandy and drank it like water. Armed only with revolvers and bayonets by the time they reached Zaverda, they were quarreling fiercely among themselves. The village was thoroughly sacked and the situation became serious. A Greek tried to pacify the Garibaldians, who were about to dash his brains out with a stone, whereupon an Italian fired and wounded the Garibaldian. Instantly the cry was raised: 'A Greek has been killed,' and the villagers began to fire their rifles. The firing became general, but the Italian played a flag of truce and the embarkation was effected, though with great difficulty. Several officers told me they did not expect to reach land alive, and that their ruffianly soldiers would surely kill them." The Athens correspondent of the Standard says: The government and people are now only anxious for the disarming of the irregulars, and for the return of the Russian soldiers to do this as soon as the conditions of peace have been agreed upon.

ARMENIANS AGAIN MADE VICTIMS.

Telegram from Constantinople says that serious outbreaks against the Armenians occurred in a village near Van and at Ineboli, a seaport of Asia Minor. The Russian consul has telegraphed to the government to send a warship. Manos Attempts Suicide. LONDON, May 23.—According to a dispatch to the Graphic from Corfu, it is reported that the Greek anarchist Manos, while in jail, he has been sent handcuffed, with his entire staff, to Athens for a trial by court martial.

LAST OF THE TROOPS LEAVE CRETE.

CANEIA, Island of Crete, May 23.—Col. Staikos, with the last detachment of the Greek expeditionary force, embarked for Greece this morning. Uruguayan Troops Repulsed. LONDON, May 23.—A dispatch to the Times from Buenos Ayres says: Uruguayan troops repulsed the rebels made a determined stand at Revere. The government troops tried to capture the town, but were repulsed with severe loss. They are now waiting for reinforcements.

CYCLE RACES IN MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO, May 23.—The second day of the race meeting of the Mexican Cyclists' Union was held today, and there was a very large attendance, including United States Minister Clayton and his daughters, and the American Consul. The mile race, first class, was won by J. F. Mohler, time 2:13. The two-mile race was won by Mohler, time 2:17.15. He exhibited a wonderful burst of speed in the stretch. A. W. Evans, a well-known amateur of the United States, rode in both races, but sacrificed his chances by winning for the purpose of placing other contestants.

FOR A RAILWAY ACROSS NICARAGUA.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, May 23.—For the last two weeks Charles Smith, representing a syndicate of English capitalists, has been quietly but actively engaged in enlisting the interest of officials in behalf of a freight railway across Nicaragua, against the American canal company's contract. For two months prior to coming here he was in Costa Rica, promoting the same project. Shot Down in Election Riots. AGRAM, Hungary, May 23.—The elections for the Croatian and Slavonian provincial diet took place today. Serious disturbances occurred in several towns. At Bosnyacz there was a terrible riot. The military were ordered to fire upon the crowd, with the result that fourteen were killed and thirty wounded.

OVERPRODUCTION OF SUGAR.

LONDON, May 23.—A dispatch to the Times from Buenos Ayres says: The sugar industry is threatened with a severe crisis, owing to overproduction. The excess of available export for the current year is more than 100,000 tons.

VISITORS TO THE OREGON.

Steamer Greyhound will carry visitors to the Oregon between 1 and 4 p. m. today.