THE PASSING THRONG.

Judge H. G. Bond, accompanied by Mrs. Bond and Marshall Bond, his son, arrived in the city yesterday morning on the steamer Umatilla from San Francisco. Since leaving Seattle Judge Bond has travelled extensively in the East. He spent considerable time in New York city and Washington, D. C., and also stopped at Denver on his way West to San Francisco.

When seen at the Rainier-Grand hotel Judge Bond stated that there is a gradual return of prosperity to be marked all through the East. Many men who have been denied work in the factories are steadily employed now, and his observations led to the belief that there are not many men out of work. He found the manufacturers and merchants decidedly hopeful and the business conditions much better than he had expected.

"Wall street is naturally dull," said Judge Bond. "There are always quiet times in Wall street when the purse-strings of the people are drawn. Activity is not caused by brokers turning their own money over, but by handling that which comes to them for investment. There is plenty of money in the East, but there is also a lack of confidence. The settlement of tariff questions will create a great change."

Judge Bond was asked what he heard in the East of the Debs movement.

"Debs is not taken seriously," was the reply. "I had a talk with a silver senator—it would not be fair to mention his name, but he is the most prominent of the silver senators—and he told me that the Debs movement would not amount to anything; he said that before Debs had issued his pronunciamento that silver had ceased to be a political issue. He might have said more had Debs expressed himself previous to my interview. He did say, however, that unless prosperity followed upon the settlement of the tariff question silver will carry the next election."

Judge Bond expressed himself as delighted at the evidences of prosperity that he found in Seattle. He is much interested in the enterprises that have either started already or are about to be launched. The smelter was a matter that he characterized as of the greatest importance to Seattle. He mentioned cases in the cities of Omaha, Kansas City, Pueblo, Denver, Leadville and Anaconda. His own experience in Denver qualifies him to speak with authority. When asked whether he would invest in the Seattle smelter Judge Bond replied: "I do not think so; if I were a younger man, I know of nothing that I would go into more quickly. As it is, my own business interests, under way and projected, will take up such attention as I care to devote to business, and will employ all of my available means. It is a great thing for Seattle, as this city is the logical center of the smelting district of the Northwest."

During his visit in Washington Judge Bond was informed that the tariff bill will pass sometime between July 1 and 15. There will be no serious opposition on the part of the Democrats and Populists. They will debate it and allow their objections to go on record before the country. "I did not meet many senators in Washington," he continued. "I dined with Senator Platt, and had several talks with him. I met Senators Hanna and Allison, as well as Wilson and Turner, of this state. Turner is on the wrong side, but is making a good impression as a new man. I met Judge Burke in Washington, and went with him when he called upon Secretary Long to urge upon him the practicability of the lakes here for vessels of the navy in ordinary, and out of commission, as against scraping out a fresh water basin at Legua Island. Secretary Alger informed me that he had signed the papers starting the work at Magnolia Bluff. When the canal matter was taken up by Judge Burke with Senator Allison, the latter said: Gentlemen, I am with you; don't waste your time with your friends; look out for the house."

Judge Bond then discussed ex-President Cleveland, saying that the Silver Democrats and Republicans denounced him early and late, but that the Sound Money Democrats and Republicans endorse his views on the money question, and that while Cleveland may never come before the people as a candidate he will always be an important political factor in this country. There is a growing sentiment all over the United States that Mr. Cleveland was the right man for his time.

Judge Bond will probably remain in Seattle several weeks.

Ex-Gov. Eugene Semple yesterday stated that he had received notice from Gov. Rogers that the appointment of three delegates from the state to the Trans-Mississippi commercial congress at Salt Lake City had been made. Gov. Rogers reported the matter officially to ex-Gov. Semple, as the latter is the vice president of the congress from this state. The appointments already made are George Hazzard, Tacoma; J. P. de Mattos, New Whatcom, and J. H. Todd, Shelton. Gov. Semple expects to go to Salt Lake City himself, as he is billed for an address before the congress.

In connection with the matter Gov. Semple spoke of the chairmanship of Mr. Bryan at the congress, expressing regret that the free silver leader would not visit Seattle, and hoping that inducements might be offered that would result in a change of programme. The reason for exciting Seattle out of Mr. Bryan's itinerary Gov. Semple charges to ignorance of its importance by those who have laid out the route for the tour, and he cited several examples of mistakes by Eastern people who consider the entire Pacific coast as California.

Gov. Semple is very much interested in the Trans-Mississippi congress, and has labored to secure an adequate representation from this state. Last year, at Omaha, there were no delegates from Washington, while the year before there were a number of representatives at the congress in St. Louis.

The congress in the past has been openly committed to bi-metallism, and the membership as shown by the appointments is overwhelmingly pro-silver in its sentiments, so that it is expected some resolutions and probably some formal action will be taken affecting the silver issue.

William J. Bryan, who will preside, was elected to the position before his nomination for the presidency by the Democratic convention in Chicago. His friends aver that he will insist on the non-political and non-partisan rule; but they also add that the money question is properly an economic subject and as such is open for debate and subsequent action by the convention. Other matters to come up, as outlined by the executive committee, are: Irrigation, arid territorial questions, harbors and inter-transportation, trade with Mexico, Chinese competition, preservation of forests, immigration to Western states and several miscellaneous topics.

In anticipation of the large attendance

CARPET, CURTAIN, RUG SALE.

Surprising Prices.
STANDARD FURNITURE CO.,
1012-16 First Av., Step Above Madison.
"What We Say We Do, We Do Do."

We have a few lengths of **Garden Hose** at 4 cents per foot . . .

Which will be on sale for one week only at this price. We will give for one week a 50c Seeds' Nickel-Plated Water Filter with every purchase of hose.

Z. C. MILES CO. Yesler Way, Between First and Western Avenues.
A. L. PIPER, Receiver.

expected, the last legislature of Utah appropriated $3,000 to meet the expenses of the congress; and in addition the citizens of Salt Lake have undertaken to provide $1,500 for the extra expenses of the entertainment incident to such gatherings. Mayor Glendenning has announced his committees which are to handle the affairs, and the various women's clubs will appoint auxiliary committees, which are to see that the ladies accompanying the delegates are entertained while the men are at work in their business session.

The committee on entertainment of the delegates has not completed its programme, but the festivities of the session will include a big reception, an afternoon or evening at the lake resorts, a trip to the Ontario mine at Park City—the largest silver mine in this country—and probably a visit to the Ogden power works, where the biggest electrical installation in this country, except Niagara, is being put in.

The meetings will be held in the assembly hall of the Mormon church, and among the other diversions to which the delegates will be treated is an organ recital on the great organ in the Mormon tabernacle.

The Southern Pacific has not yet announced any rate to the convention.

Another sign on the outside of the Seattle & International general office building, stating that laborers are wanted, is an attestation of the scarcity of that essential element in the economy of the city. Laborers are scarce, not only in Seattle, but in the entire Northwest. W. B. Armstrong, superintendent of the Sunset Telephone Company, stated a day or so ago that it was hard work for him to find men to put in a short line from Blaine to Point Roberts. When he did secure men, it was by picking up those that he could in Seattle and New Whatcom and putting them to work. When the line was completed he did not have to bring back a single man, although his agreement was to return them at his company's expense to the place he secured them. "Every one of them," said Mr. Armstrong, "found work on the Point. The canneries are running full time, with orders ahead, and a couple more are building up at Blaine."

F. W. Parker, commercial agent of the Northwestern, returned from Spokane Sunday. While in the Eastern Washington metropolis, Mr. Parker states that he heard many inquiries concerning the celebration of the Fourth of July in Seattle, and says further that a considerable showing of Eastern Washington people will be in attendance during the festivities this week. They will take advantage of the low rates of fare offered by the railroads, the limits of which extend 200 miles from Seattle. The difference will be purchased in a round-trip ticket from Spokane to the limits established, where another round-trip ticket at reduced rates may be bought to this city and return to the place of starting.

It is several years since Capt. A. J. Balliet was one of Yale's great oarsmen, but his memory still lives. Scribners' magazine for July has a long article on "Undergraduate Life at Yale," and in one of the pictures of her crews will be found Balliet, looking just the same as he does today.

The captain is at present living on a ranch in Pierce county, and says that while he would be glad to do anything he could to make the celebration of the Fourth of July in Seattle a success, he desires it understood that he is not a member of any committee, and that he is not taking part in the arrangements.

General Freight and Passenger Agent Fred Allen, of the Seattle & International, said yesterday that his road is making preparations to handle 2,500 passengers during the three days of celebration this week. Reports from along the line justify the calculation that as many as that number will be handled, and undoubtedly more in the event of good weather, which all of the signs now promise. The local business of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Columbia & Puget Sound roads promises to be good, and the excursion business of the many steamer lines entering the city bids fair to be larger than at any time in years.

H. R. Wagner, of the Denver smelter, is in the city and will remain several days. His trip is principally one of recreation, but incidentally he will look out for some business that he has at Everett. He expressed himself yesterday as being much interested in the prospects of a smelter being soon built in Seattle.

Supt. L. E. Smith was out yesterday over the line of the Columbia & Puget Sound with the pay car, distributing dollars so that the road's employes may properly celebrate the nation's holiday.

Bert Taylor, who left this city several months ago to attend the funeral of his father in California, returned yesterday to Seattle.

George L. McDonnaugh, of Philadelphia, traveling emigration agent of the Northern Pacific railway, was in the city yesterday.

Personal.

H. W. Boone, of Sprague, is at the Butler.

Dr. B. E. Hoye, of Auburn, is a guest of the Stevens.

Rev. J. M. Gunn, of Walla Walla, is at the Stevens.

Mr. and Mrs. T. Goldsby, of Everett, are at the Butler.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hawk, of Sherlock, are guests of the Butler.

Mrs. William Walker is registered at the Butler from Fort Gamble.

A. S. Taylor, a banker of Everett, is staying at the Rainier-Grand.

J. W. Neighbour, postmaster and general merchant at Fall City, is at the Diller.

E. C. Million, a merchant of Mount Vernon, arrived at the Stevens yesterday.

James Beach, of Fremont, Neb., is a guest of friends at Fremont and Ross.

Mrs. Arthur C. White, of Indianapolis, is visiting Maj. and Mrs. W. V. Rinehart.

Miss Ruth Laraway, of Centralia, is a guest of Miss Kocher, at Fremont, for a few days.

Mrs. John P. Fay, children and nurse left last night for East Sound, where they will spend the summer.

Lieut. K. W. Perry, U. S. R. C. S., is staying at the Stevens, accompanied by his wife and daughter.

Mrs. John H. Elder and son have returned from Los Angeles, accompanied by Miss Mae Wright, of Pasadena.

Mrs. L. D. Ferguson and Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Snodgrass, of Mount Vernon, are among the arrivals at the Butler.

Warren Hedges, of Blue Canyon, and Samuel Gray, of Roy, B. C., well-known mining men, registered at the Diller last evening.

R. B. Ross, of Port Townsend, brother of Thomas Ross, treasurer of Kitsap county, registered at the Diller yesterday. Mr. Ross has just returned from a two months' vacation in California.

Mrs. S. P. Dixon, Mrs. A. F. Tucker and Mrs. Paul LaSell, of Fremont, who represented the Wednesday Afternoon Club at the Women's Federation of Clubs at Olympia, have returned from their visit.

Competition prices smashed—look for red signs. J. Berkman & Bro., Occidental avenue and Washington.

Fireworks, flags, torpedoes, balloons, etc., wholesale and retail. Hardy-Hall Arms Company.

F.-B. hams, boiled and sliced. Delicatessen.

TEN NEW POLICEMEN.

TO BE ON DUTY DURING THE GREAT CELEBRATION.

Appointments to Be Made From the Eligible List—People Warned to Look Out for Pickpockets, Con Men and House Thieves—How Their Work Is Done.

The police force is to be increased during the Fourth of July celebration by the addition of at least ten special officers. Last evening Chief Reed and Secretary Grout of the civil service commission, had a consultation at headquarters, at the close of which the chief said that he had requested the secretary to provide him with a list of those eligible to appointment.

The new men will be named today or tomorrow, and according to the present intentions of the chief will not go on duty before 3 o'clock tomorrow afternoon. The three days' celebration will make hard work for the police because they are expected to perform their ordinary duties as well as to look after the safety of the immense throng of people that will be present from all parts of Washington and British Columbia.

Every patrolman will be required to work twelve hours a day instead of eight, and the detectives will be fortunate if they are not on the move a few hours more. Chief Reed realizes that there are breakers ahead this week no matter how vigilant his patrolmen and detectives may be, and he earnestly requests the people of the city and those who are here from other places to be constantly on their guard against the different kinds of outlaws that always flock to a city when a big celebration is in progress.

There will be pickpockets, bunko men, card sharps, dice manipulators, and burglars here, while the police will gather in many of them, unless they take warning and remain away there is bound to be a number of clever workers, who are unknown to the officers, and such men can do enough work in three days to make the citizens believe the city is being "torn up," as the expression goes.

Pickpockets usually work in crowds and do not hesitate to ply their vocation on a street car which is loaded down to the rail. Once in a while they work singly, but as a rule in two and threes. They crowd a person, and under the circumstances he does not think much about it. In the meantime, however, the "dipper," the one who picks the pocket, is industriously at work. Women who carry their purses in little pockets in wraps are easy victims, as the purse is easily observed, and it requires only one move of deft fingers to make it disappear. It should be remembered that after the actual theft it is a common practice among thieves to pass the plunder to a second man who escapes in the confusion, while the accused, on being searched, is found to have nothing. At the end of the day the gang meets and "cuts" up the proceeds. If people will keep their eyes open, and pay a little attention to their money and watches and chains while in a crowd, instead of stretching their necks continually to see over someone's shoulder they will be better off financially, even if they do lose some portion of the "show."

Dice games in saloons with strangers should be avoided entirely. No matter how clever a man may think himself he ought to remember that there are others smarter, and that to "go against another man's game" is like butting your head against a rock. Those who allow themselves to be pressed into a card game to bet another man's money will surely live to see how foolish they were. Follow the rule to talk with policemen, not strangers in civilian dress.

It is a common practice among residents of a city to go to celebrations and leave no one at home. There is not a house in Seattle which is proof against a clever burglar. No matter how secure the doors and windows may appear, a man who has made a study of overcoming locks and hasps will find a way to get in. The proper thing to do when leaving a house is to see that nothing valuable is left where it can be stolen. Why should people go away and leave rings, gold watches and diamonds on a bureau? Yet it is done frequently, and leaves the way open to burglaries that amount to something.

As has been mentioned in the Post-Intelligencer, it will be the policy of Chief Reed to have all known crooks and suspicious characters arrested on general principles during the celebration, and while this may appear a harsh way of dealing with liberated criminals, yet it is the only practical way. One large gang of bunko men, etc., passed through Seattle a few days ago, bound for Montana to join the racing circuit. Up to the present time only a few crooks have appeared in Seattle to "celebrate" the Fourth and they have been given a lecture on what is expected of them. In brief, crooks cannot work in this city, unless they are clever enough to avoid the police.

Assault on a Chinaman.

An assault on a Chinaman was made by a tough on Second avenue in front of Fraser & Wilson's last evening. The Chinaman was taken to police headquarters, and it was found that his nose had been broken. He gave the name of Sam Yick, and was able to go home. The police secured the city for the assailant and made several arrests, but the Chinaman did not identify them. The only explanation is that it was an act of pure cussedness.

Blood-purifiers, though gradual, are radical in their effect. Ayer's Sarsaparilla is intended as a medicine only and not a stimulant, excitant or beverage. Immediate results may not always follow its use; but after a reasonable time, permanent benefit is certain to be realized.

The stock of boots and shoes of Adam Orth has been removed to 307 Yesler way, and will be disposed of at retail under mortgagee's sale below cost. John Wenzler, Manager.

Grab the opportunity; $6.00 suits, now $3.75; $8.00 suits, now $4.75. J. Berkman & Bro.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair
Gold Medal, Midwinter Fair.
DR. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER
Most Perfect Made.
40 Years the Standard.

BURNS IN THE DOCK.

HIS TRIAL ON THE CHARGE OF ROBBERY BEGUN YESTERDAY.

The Entire Day in Judge Jacobs' Court Consumed in a Fruitless Effort to Obtain a Jury—The Eleven Men Agreed On Taken in Charge by an Officer of the Court—Guardian of J. H. Nagle Submits His Final Accounts, Which Are Approved—Receiver of Washington Savings Bank Compromises With Stockholders—News of the Courts.

The regular panel of twenty-four jurymen and a special venire of eight talesmen were exhausted yesterday in the superior court in an attempt to obtain a jury of twelve men to try the case of the state of Washington versus Patrick Burns, charged with robbing Mrs. Norrington of $285 in the Diamond saloon last May. The examination of jurors began at 11 o'clock in the morning and continued till 5:45 in the afternoon. At that hour, the special venire of eight talesmen having been exhausted, Judge Jacobs ordered court adjourned till this morning at 9:30 o'clock.

The fact that fifteen jurors were excused "for cause," and that the defense in addition took advantage of the six peremptory challenges allowed it by law, is an indication of the remarkable nature of the case against Burns and Burke. These fifteen jurors were excused because they had read of the case in the newspapers or else had discussed it with other people, forming an opinion as to the guilt or innocence of the accused such as would require evidence to remove. The record made yesterday has never been equaled in the criminal court in King county in any other than a murder case, or one of equal importance. The court and the attorneys interested agreed that in this regard the case was a record-breaker.

One of the features of the day was the court's admonition to the eleven jurors agreed upon at the close of the day's proceedings. Judge Jacobs said: "I want you to be very exemplary in your conduct. You will be kept together in charge of a sworn officer of the court, who will provide meals for you and a place to sleep. You will obey the officer and hold no communication with outsiders. You will be permitted to read the newspapers after the officer has cut out all articles relating to this case. You will hold your minds in the present condition until you have heard the evidence in the case, the arguments of the attorneys and finally the charge of the court."

It is often customary for the court, in a case of this character, to ask the attorneys for the state and the defense what they wish done with the jury during the recess of the court. Judge Jacobs did not wait for any suggestions from counsel, but forthwith ordered the jury into the custody of an officer of the court.

When the case was called in the morning Attorney Melvin G. Winstock moved for a continuance on the ground that the defendant Burns was too ill to proceed with the trial. Burns came into court looking pale and nervous, with beads of perspiration standing thick on his brow. His demeanor was that of a man in a bad way, but the court was not satisfied that there was any good reason for a continuance, and after hearing from Dr. Askam, who testified that aside from nervousness the prisoner was as well as any ordinary man, ordered the trial to proceed. Then the defense interposed a demurrer to the indictment on technical grounds, which the court promptly overruled.

At the afternoon session Burns sat at a table by his attorneys, looking the picture of health, with plenty of color in his face and a complacent rotundness about his form betokening a healthy appetite and digestion.

The examination of the jurors brought out the fact that the case had attracted the most widespread notice from the public. Three-fourths of the jurors examined had read of Mrs. Norrington's famous visit to the Diamond saloon and her subsequent encounter with the gallant Burns and his companion, Burke. A strange reluctance to act in the trial must have deterred many of the jurors from qualifying, the usual reply to the questions of counsel being that the juror had formed an opinion of the guilt or innocence of the parties which would require evidence to remove. One juror was excused because he had expressed a belief that the guilty should be punished. The following jurors were examined and excused for cause:

Thomas Gordon, James Kelley, P. W. Navin, A. J. Wilks, J. W. Twiss, Norman Graves, W. O. Bradley, L. J. Griffith, A. Windt, P. Wickstrom, F. B. Russell, J. T. Kenworthy, J. T. Moore, Gordon Rice and G. D. Bruns. Those peremptorily challenged were: J. B. Gordon and William Morris, by the state, and James Liddle, J. T. Lloyd, J. T. Jones, George W. Webster and Robert Allen by the defense.

The jurors agreed upon thus far are: M. Heller, De Witt Clark, Walter Walker, J. L. Attebury, Owen Duffy, A. R. Lewis, G. O. Bunnell, R. A. White, John Nesary, Julius Johnson and J. R. Dixon.

At the beginning of the trial it was agreed by counsel to try the men separately. Accordingly the case against Burns was first taken up.

SETTLING WITH STOCKHOLDERS.

Receiver of Washington Savings Bank Allowed to Compromise.

Judge Moore yesterday granted the petition of Receiver Sheafe, of the Washington Savings bank, for leave to compromise certain suits against the stockholders of the bank on their assessments levied through an order issued by the court some time ago. The stockholders were assessed for 10 per cent. of the capital stock.

The receiver states that he had begun suit against A. V. Larimer, of Sioux City, Ia., for $10,000, being the assessment on capital stock in the bank to that amount held by Mr. Larimer. The receiver further stated that Mr. Larimer denied his liability and had filed a counter suit to recover the amount paid on the stock, alleging that the nature of the transaction had been misrepresented to him when he subscribed for the stock. It was further stated by the receiver that Mr. Larimer had offered to pay $4,500 and dismiss his suit against the bank if this amount would be accepted as full discharge of his liability.

The receiver recommends that the offer be accepted, likewise one of N. P. Dodge, of Council Bluffs, Ia., whose assessment was for $5,000, and who offered to pay one-half this amount, and J. L. Howe, of the same place, who wanted to compromise his assessment of $1,000 for $450.

The court, after hearing the matter, ordered the receiver to accept the offers if they were paid within the time specied in the petition.

Suit Against Third Avenue Line.

J. W. Filkins, who operates a shingle mill on Lake Union, yesterday secured a temporary restraining order preventing the Third Avenue and Suburban Railway Company from proceeding with the driving of piles in its bridge over Lake Union. In the complaint filed yesterday the plaintiff alleges that for more than two years past the waters of the lake have been open to public navigation; that the defendant company is obstructing the waters of the lake by driving piles at its bridge near Fremont; that the plaintiff depends on the waters of the lake for transporting lumber, and that if the defendant company carries out its intention, he will be irreparably damaged. On filing a bond for $500, a temporary restraining order was issued by Judge Moore and the case set for hearing July 8.

Licensed to Wed.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: John F. Herman (30) and Matilda J. Johnson (21), of Seattle; Mathias O'Grady (29) and Alice Hart (19), both of Auburn, and James Thomson (21), of Seattle, and Emily Gilbert (19), of Brownsville, Wash.

NAGLE CASE ENDED.

Final Account of D. T. Denny, Guardian of Nagle's Property and Person, Approved.

One of the most noted cases in the files of the county clerk's office was terminated yesterday when Judge Moore approved the final accounts of D. T. Denny, guardian of the person and estate of John H. Nagle. The case is numbered 67 in the records of the probate department, and Mr. Denny was appointed guardian of Nagle and his property September 14, 1874.

C. M. Sheafe and Miss L. Dora Gow, administrators of the estate, have opposed the final accounting made by Mr. Denny, and over a number of items of expense and loans made of the funds of the estate a hot legal battle has been waged. Counsel for the administrators filed exceptions to items in the account aggregating $4,200 and announced that they would appeal to the supreme court.

The public is familiar with the affairs of the Nagle estate. The case was remarkable for the long period of time in which the guardianship of Nagle continued, extending for nearly a quarter of a century. Nagle was the owner of the Nagle tract, the greater part of which has been platted into residence property, situated in a fashionable neighborhood. When Nagle went to the asylum that part of the city was a forest of firs and heavy underbrush.

The final account of Mr. Denny as guardian was approved by the court, and he was allowed $500 extra compensation. His attorney was allowed $750. To both of these allowances the administrators filed exceptions.

In the bill of exceptions the attorneys for the administrators object to the allowance of a loan of $1,350 made September 14, 1891, to William Wilson and wife, which, it is alleged, was made without the authority of the court. Items of expense, which included insurance, taxes, ground rent and water rent, aggregating $1,057, are excepted to, as is also a loan of $335 to E. Inez Denny and a credit of $163 in the Merchants' National bank. The court is further asked to surcharge the guardian with $1,336.82 rent due and unpaid for the farm leased to R. A. Chisholm. On the refusal of the court to surcharge the guardian with this amount, the attorneys for the administrators filed an exception.

New Suit Filed.

The following new suit was filed yesterday in the superior court:

J. W. Filkins vs. the Third Avenue & Suburban Railway Company—To restrain the defendant from obstructing the waters of Lake Union.

Court Notes.

A decree in favor of plaintiff was yesterday entered in the suit for damages and restitution of premises in the case entitled Kramer vs. Anderson.

In the suit of Murphy vs. B. B. Bagley et al., the plaintiff yesterday filed a demurrer to the amended complaint and affirmative defense of defendant.

Judgment in favor of R. A. Cooper and against E. C. MacDougall, the Denny Hotel Company and F. T. Potvin was yesterday revived on application of the plaintiff.

In the Bay Mill Company receivership, Judge Moore yesterday issued an order restraining F. B. Cole from collecting a policy of $500 on the plant of the company, issued by the Hamburg-Bremen Company; also restraining Cole from collecting a bill of $500 from the West Coast Manufacturing and Investment Company for logs, which it is alleged were the property of the mill company and by fraud transferred to other parties.

DEMAND FOR LABORERS.

Twelve Steady Positions Waiting in the Everett Smelter.

The city free employment bureau can offer men willing to work some very good jobs. Twelve men of family are needed for steady work at the Everett smelter. This is an opportunity for the men who have a number of dependent children and will prove a boon to the twelve men fortunate enough to get the positions. Ten railroad laborers are also wanted for general service work on the line of the Northern Pacific.

As for servant girls, they are in great demand. No less than sixteen new orders were received yesterday by Labor Commissioner Grout, calling for waitresses, second girls, chambermaids and girls for general housework.

Two Tacoma Girls Locked Up.

Carry Rinck, aged 17, and her sister Emma, aged 16, will not have the pleasure of celebrating the Fourth of July in Seattle. As Capt. Hogle expresses it, they feel bad about it, too. Last evening Capt. Hogle received a telephone message from the chief of police at Tacoma requesting the detention of the two truant girls, who were on the Flyer. Detective Cudihee went down to the boat, and when she landed at 9:45 o'clock took the two Rinck girls in charge. Emma said to her sister, "I told you so." Carrie said, "We ought to have taken the 4 o'clock boat." The Rinck girls are attractive, but not handsome. Carrie has been in Seattle before. Detective Cudihee said last evening that one of the girls was in the attempted suicide of three little maids in a lodging house here a few months ago, all on account of three brave sailor laddies.

Endeavorers Enthusiastic.

Among the young people of the various churches the leading question is "Are you going to Tacoma?" or "When shall you start for San Francisco?"

The state and international conventions are attracting a great deal of attention, and Seattle will be well represented at both, but there is to be a Christian Endeavor rally tonight, which all can attend. At the Methodist Protestant church, corner Pine and Third avenue, to begin promptly at 8 o'clock, will be held the last meeting of the local union for the year. The result of the election recently held in the several societies will be announced, and the new officers of the union will be addressed by Rev. R. F. Powell, of the Cumberland Presbyterian church. The retiring officers will give reports of the work done during the year just closed, and those having in hand arrangements for the Tacoma and San Francisco conventions will have an opportunity to "fire a parting shot." The closing address of the evening will be by Rev. H. W. Gilchrist, on "The Power That Brings Success." This meeting, coming right on the eve of the convention, will undoubtedly be largely attended by Endeavorers and their friends.

After the Prizes.

The prizes offered by Mitchell, Lewis & Staver Co. for the best decorated Phoenix bicycle and best costume worn by a Phoenix rider in Friday night's parade are the talk of cycle circles. The Phoenix riders will be out in full force.

Fireworks, balloons, flags, etc., of every description; lowest prices. Hardy-Hall Arms Company.

F.-B. hams, boiled and sliced. Delicatessen.

To San Francisco, steamer Cleveland; cabin, $5; steerage, $2.50; June 30, 5 p. m.

CARPETS
New Carpets and New Furniture Arriving Daily.
SPECIAL SALE ON BABY CARRIAGES FOR THIRTY DAYS.
INSTALLMENTS.
DAULTON, CARLE & CO., 1123 First Avenue.

Your Neighbor Uses Crescent Baking Powder and Saves 20c a Can. Why Don't You?
Will do all any higher priced powder will do and do it better
Crescent Manufacturing Co.
808 Occidental Ave., Seattle.

ODDS AND ENDS
Of Our Gigantic China, Crockery and Glassware Sale.
Great American Importing Tea Co.
803 Second Ave. 308 Pike Street.
See Our Prices.

FLAGS
...ALL SIZES...
FESTOONING
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
LOWMAN & HANFORD
Stationery and Printing Co.
616 FIRST AVE. (Pioneer Place)

..PHOTO SUPPLIES..
A lot of cartridge loading kodaks, just received.
Developing done by an experienced man.
Washington Dental and Photographic Supply Co.
Opposite Postoffice, 211 Columbia Street.

THE FOURTH OF JULY.

HOW SEATTLE WILL OBSERVE INDEPENDENCE DAY.

The Greatest Celebration Ever Attempted in the Northwest—Four Days and Nights of Festivity—Why Every Patriotic Citizen Should Endeavor to Visit Seattle on This Occasion—The Advantages of Such a Trip.

The Fourth of July will be celebrated in many parts of the country, but nowhere with greater pride and more genuine enthusiasm than here in Seattle. On this occasion the Queen City intends to surpass anything of the kind ever before attempted in the Northwest.

Indeed, twenty-four hours are not enough for the enthusiastic Seattleites. They require at least four days and nights in which to let out their pent up patriotism, and have arranged a programme accordingly; a programme covering July First, Second, Third and Fourth; a programme consisting of bicycle meets, balloon ascensions, water carnivals, athletic sports, military parades, sham battles, fire illuminations and many other attractive features calculated to make the heart glad and the blood of patriotism boil.

Let every liberty-loving citizen, therefore, wherever his home may be planted throughout the Pacific Northwest, come to Seattle on this most interesting occasion.

But some will say, "I would be delighted to go, to look upon Seattle in all her gaiety, but my health will not permit me to make the trip; travel tires me, eating distresses me; friends bore me; pleasures depress me; duties burden me; thought maddens me, and sleep is out of the question."

If this is your condition my dear reader, it is all the more important that you visit Seattle. By doing so you will have an opportunity to get relief. The well-known and reliable specialist, Doctor E. M. Ratcliffe, cordially invites you to visit his offices, at 713 First avenue, where you can post yourself on the benefits derived from advanced science in medical treatment. You are quite welcome to the doctor's store of information. A confidential chat with him will cost you nothing, and it might save you much mental and physical suffering, and add golden years to your life.

To examine Doctor Ratcliffe's testimonial files would make the heart of a despondent person leap with joy and renewed hope. They show that people afflicted with all sorts of special diseases have been cured by him, and made happy. Some were suffering from ailments of the eye, ear, nose, throat or brain; some from

DR. E. M. RATCLIFFE.

diseases of the heart, lungs, liver, stomach, kidneys, bladder or urinary organs; some from acute drains, swellings, strictures, blood impurities, varicocele or hydrocele; some from nervous debility or failing manhood, with their many distressing symptoms; some from the most aggravated forms of female complaint.

If you have any of these or similar affections, do not miss this opportunity to consult the distinguished specialist, Doctor E. M. Ratcliffe, while visiting Seattle during the Fourth of July week. His medical and surgical offices, as above stated, are permanently located at 713 First avenue, and his hours are from 9 a. m. to 8 p. m., except Sundays, when he may be consulted from 10 to 12 a. m. only.

The MacDougall & Southwick Co.

JACKETS AND CAPES AT SWEEPING REDUCTIONS...

We mean exactly what we say about this sale. Each and every Jacket and Cape must be sold. It will take but a short time to effect this end. Come early.

Three Special Lots—
$1.98 $3.98 $6.98

Misses' and Children's Jackets at $1.98, $2.48, $4.98. No reserve in either stock.

Laces at Half Price.

This week we are cleaning up our Lace and Embroidery stock, by reducing the prices to ridiculously low figures.

Laces, regular price 22c yard, reduced to 11c yard.
Laces, regular price 32c yard, reduced to 19c yard.
Laces, regular price 35c yard, reduced to 20c yard.
Laces, regular price 60c yard, reduced to 35c yard.
Laces, regular price 65c yard, reduced to 42c yard.
Laces, regular price 40c yard, reduced to 25c yard.
Laces, regular price 30c yard, reduced to 19c yard.
Laces, regular price 47c yard, reduced to 32c yard.
Laces, regular price 30c yard, reduced to 17c yard.
Laces, regular price 45c yard, reduced to 32c yard.
Laces, regular price 25c yard, reduced to 15c yard.
Laces, regular price 95c yard, reduced to 65c yard.
Laces, regular price 35c yard, reduced to 25c yard.
Laces, regular price $1.10 yard, reduced to 65c yard.
Laces, regular price $1.00 yard, reduced to 75c yard.
Laces, regular price 87c yard, reduced to 49c yard.
Laces, regular price 12c yard, reduced to 9c yard.
Laces, regular price 65c yard, reduced to 50c yard.
Laces, regular price 48c yard, reduced to 25c yard.
Laces, regular price $1.00 yard, reduced to 65c yard.
Laces, regular price 10c yard, reduced to 7c yard.
Laces, regular price $1.00 yard, reduced to 50c yard.
Laces, regular price 35c yard, reduced to 15c yard.
Laces, regular price 50c yard, reduced to 25c yard.
Laces, regular price 49c yard, reduced to 35c yard.
Laces, regular price 32c yard, reduced to 15c yard.
Laces, regular price $1.45 yard, reduced to 98c yard.
Laces, regular price 50c yard, reduced to 29c yard.
Laces, regular price 27c yard, reduced to 19c yard.
Laces, regular price $1.25 yard, reduced to 75c yard.
Laces, regular price 17c yard, reduced to 12c yard.
Laces, regular price 55c yard, reduced to 35c yard.
Laces, regular price $1.97 yard, reduced to $1.00 yard.
Laces, regular price $1.10 yard, reduced to 65c yard.
Laces, regular price $2.25 yard, reduced to $1.25 yard.
Laces, regular price 73c yard, reduced to 43c yard.
Laces, regular price $2.75 yard, reduced to $1.75 yard.
Laces, regular price 80c yard, reduced to 50c yard.
Laces, regular price 20c yard, reduced to 12c yard.

Embroideries at similar reductions.

BUNTING. Bunting of every description and full size flags at lowest prices.

SEATTLE'S Big Three Day Celebration, JULY 1, 2, 3,

Will Surpass Any Celebration of the National Holiday Ever Before Held in the Northwest.

The Programme

Will Include Events of Greatest Interest to All

Bicycle Meets, Water Carnivals, Balloon Ascensions, Grand Civic Pageants, Shooting Tournaments, Illuminated Night Parades

Militia Drills, Sham Battles, Aquatic Sports, Athletic Contests, Band Concerts, Etc. Of Every Description, Games and Sports

Two Nights of Fireworks.

The Pyrotechnic Display will be of unusual magnitude and merit, introducing the largest set pieces and greatest variety of Fireworks ever displayed in this city.
Make your preparations to celebrate in Seattle.
Reduced rates on all transportation lines.

Moran Bros. Company,
MANUFACTURE ALL KINDS
Mining Machinery.

M. LEVY & CO. 111 FIRST AVENUE SOUTH, Terry-Denny Building.
Importers and Jobbers of Telephone Main 57
Cigars and Tobacco, Smokers' Articles, Etc.

M. FURUYA CO., 303 Yesler Way, 802 Second Av.
Fireworks and Flags at lowest prices. Fans given away to customers.