NEWS FROM TACOMA.

FORMAL CEREMONY OF THE WEDDING TO THE SEA.

Immense Crowd Witnesses the Exercises—Aquatic Sports at the Water Carnival—Grand Ball in the Exposition Building—Large Attendance at the Second Day's Session of the Endeavorers' Convention.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

TACOMA, July 2.—Amid the blowing of sirens, screeching of whistles, showers of rice and the shouts of the multitude, Miss Sea Hell bride of the sea, walked down the plank of the Mogul, leaning on her father's arm, to the carriage. She had just been married to the sea by Mayor Fawcett, and as she stood on the bridge of the Oriental liner, Tacoma, surrounded by her retinue of attendants, handsomely gowned in white and green, she was to the large number of young ladies looking on the most envied female in the world; and why not? She had just been married to the opalescent sea, making Tacoma no longer the City of Destiny, but the City of the Sea. No bride ever received a more spontaneous ovation, not only the subjects of charming Queen Anna assisting, but the subjects of Victoria, the officers and crew of the Oriental steamers, Mogul, Tacoma, Victoria and Dirigo. People vied with each other in seeing who could make the most noise, but all the cheering was as the coughing of the pine tree to a cyclone when the Mogul turned loose her siren, bellowing forth its congratulations. The big white Oregon honored the bridal party with several blasts of her whistle, and the launches and tugs shrilly screeched out their congratulations.

Up to a few minutes before the wedding ceremony the sea was quite troubled, but quited down as peacefully as a mill pond when Mayor Fawcett, who acted in the capacity of the doge, performed the marriage ceremony. It would have been ungallant to do otherwise, especially with so lovely a bride. From present appearances it will remain quiet until the honeymoon is over, which is midnight tomorrow, and then if it wishes to go on a rampage, all well and good.

Long before the appointed hour, 4:30, the wharves were lined with people eager to witness the picturesque ceremony to which every one was welcome. As the hour drew near there was a disposition to get just a little nearer, so by the time the bridal party arrived every vantage seat aboard the Mogul and Tacoma was occupied. As the carriage containing the bride and her attendants, Queen Anna and her suite and Gov. Rogers and party drove up to the gangplank, there was a great rush made for the deck, but like good, loyal subjects, the people halted and made a passage way for the bridal and royal parties. The bride, leaning on the arm of Mayor Fawcett, led the way, followed by her attendants. Next came Queen Anna and suite and the governor and party. On the bridge of the Tacoma, which had been handsomely decorated, the bride was met by Ensign Hussey, attended by Lieut. Davis and Ensign Lyon. The bride's attendants and the royal party made a beautiful background for the bridal party.

Everything in readiness the doge escorted the bride to the end of the bridge overlooking the sea, which was sparkling with the brilliancy of Aladdin's lamp under the flood of sunlight that burst out from behind a black cloud. Placing a ring on her finger and another in her hand, the doge said:

"With this ring I, by authority of the powers that be, enjoin thee, Tacoma, to wed our beloved city, the fair daughter of the lordly mountain, to the everlasting sea; to its highways and its byways, for comity, good fellowship and mutual prosperity, with all of the nations of the earth."

To this the bride replied as follows:

"Except the Lord build the house, they labor in vain that build it; except the Lord keep the city, the watchman waketh but in vain. With this ring Tacoma weds, with clean hands and a pure heart, for truth, honor and prosperity, for God and home and native land. For these we give our banners to the winds of the multitudinous seas. I charge our loved tricolor with its divine message, 'Peace on earth—good will to men.'"

To this the ripling water breathed out "Amen," and the next moment swallowed up the ring that the bride threw in. Whether the sea will wear this ring or some jealous mermaid will never be known except to the select little coterie that tradition speaks of.

The prime minister congratulated the bride and groom in the following language:

"To you, fair daughter Tacoma, to you great sea, our heartiest congratulations. May these waters ever bring wealth to thee from their depths and harbor be a home of all friendly nations. May the blessings of peace and prosperity ever be the lot of this city. May its manufactures bring wealth and contentment to thousands. May its storehouses be filled with plenty and its wharves ever laden with grain and wares to be carried to all quarters of the globe. May the myriad spires of its God's temples, ever reaching heavenward, call for a perpetual benediction upon all. So that wherever one from Tacoma may be sojourning, in native or foreign land, they shall be pointed out as 'a citizen of no mean city.'"

This concluded the ceremonies, and as the bridal party took up the recessional to the carriages a flag was raised on the ship, announcing that the ceremony had been performed. This was the cue for the salutation, which was given with a will by every craft in the bay.

Between 5,000 and 10,000 were present at the ceremony.

The sports on the water took place from 2 to 4 o'clock, and were witnessed by a large crowd, which occupied every available place along the water front. Many looked on from launches and rowboats, while others witnessed the sports from the decks of the battleship Oregon. A high wind blew during the afternoon, which interfered with anything like good time being made. There were four races, two between crews of the Oregon and two canoe events between Indians. The first race was between whaleboat crews off the Oregon, and was four miles, two miles straightaway and turn. Each crew consisted of ten men and a coxswain. The boat without any number beat No. 32 by about two lengths, after one of the prettiest races ever seen in the harbor. These husky chaps, the pride of the ship's crew, row wonderfully well and very fast for such heavy boats and oars.

The other race was between cutter crews of ten men each. These boats were numbered 41 and 43, the former winning easily by eight lengths in fast time.

A party aboard the Linda, the referee's launch, gave the tars a royal yell at the finish.

The next race was between two crews of seven Indians each in canoes of their own make. This race was over the same course as the others and was won by the crew stroked by "Chief-Young-Man-Not-Afraid-to-Work." The stroke of the other crew was "Chief-Afraid-of-a-Hair-cut."

The last event of the afternoon's exciting sport was an Indian paddling race from shore around the Oregon and back. Charley James, a young half-breed, won this. Joe Young was second and Dave [illegible] third. [illegible] was dashing and dived for their canoes full of crabs.

Tonight the grand carnival ball took place at the Exposition building, and was an unprecedented success. Royal maidens and princely gallants flitted about, while gaily gowned and vivacious plebians vied with each other in dancing attendance upon their more favored cousins. A gorgeously decorated throne beneath the musicians' stand was the center of attraction, for there sat the fair queen, who has ruled with a gracious mien. The queen and her court arrived at 9 o'clock. Her royal highness, escorted by the prime minister and followed by the royal maidens, circled the hall once and then took her place on her throne. The French court and a minuet by fourteen young misses followed, when the floor was turned over to the youth and beauty of Tacoma. Dancing continued till after midnight.

ENDEAVORERS' SECOND DAY.

Largely Attended Exercises at the Tacoma Convention.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

TACOMA, July 2.—The second day's session of the Christian Endeavor convention was much more largely attended than on the opening day. Delegations arrived from different points in the state, their presence being welcomed by Tacoma people generally and the members of the society particularly. Today's session was interesting throughout, there being a number of interesting and eloquent addresses and some very comprehensive reports. There were also several meritorious vocal selections. The topic for theday was "Saved for Service."

The convention convened at 6:30 a. m., with an early morning prayer meeting, the topic of which was "Prayer for the Convention," led by George F. Nye, of Aberdeen. Then followed Bible study in the church parlors, conducted by Rev. B. B. Tyler, D. D., of Memphis; devotional exercises, led by Rev. W. A. Sample, Auburn; reports from state president, secretary and treasurer, all of which showed the healthy condition of the society in the state; reports from the field by the junior, floating, missionary, Christian, citizenship, temperance and Indian work superintendents; report of state paper; address, "Organization; Its Benefits and Dangers," J. P. Hartman, jr., Seattle.

From 12 to 12:45 evangelistic meetings were held in different parts of the city, one at the St. Paul and Tacoma mill, led by Rev. W. S. Crockett, of New Whatcom; another at the Northern Pacific car shops, led by Rev. E. A. Woods, of Tacoma, and a third at the Chamber of Commerce, led by Rev. H. P. James, of Colfax.

In the afternoon several papers were read, prayer meetings were held and an officers' conference had. In the evening there were musical numbers and two addresses, one by Rev. T. D. Landrith, of Nashville, Tenn., and the other by Miss Frances Patterson.

WHATCOM'S REGATTA TODAY.

Smaller Number of Entries Than Usual—The Jubilee Arrives.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

WHATCOM, Wash., July 2.—The indications are that the number of yachts participating in the international regatta, which takes place here tomorrow, will not be as large as usual, presumably on account of the numerous aquatic attractions at other places, especially at Seattle.

The races will be started Saturday morning at 10:30, ten minutes elapsing between the starts in each class. The regatta course will be from G street dock southwest one and three-fourths miles, thence southeast two miles, thence northeast two and three-fourths miles, rounding the stakeboat at the dock, three times around the course. A class; two times B and C; once D and E classes; time limit, A, 5 hours; B and C, 4 hours; D, 3 hours; E, 2:30; distance of course, 6½ miles.

The fine Victoria yacht Jubilee arrived yesterday, and the Ariadne, of the same place, came in today.

SALVATIONISTS UNDER ARREST.

Spokane Enforces the Law Against Street Meetings.

SPOKANE, July 2.—More than 1,000 people gathered on Riverside avenue this evening when the police arrested the leading members of the Salvation Army for conducting a street meeting in defiance of recent orders of the city authorities. Among those placed under arrest were Thomas Howell, brigadier general of the Pacific division of Eastern Washington, Idaho, Montana and British Columbia, and Mrs. Emily Barnes, adjutant for the same division. At 10 o'clock tonight all those arrested were still in prison.

Heavy Receipts at Olympia.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

OLYMPIA, July 2.—The receipts of the secretary of state's office for the last day of June were $3,300. This makes the whole amount for the month of June $14,000. This amount is largely due to the license fees received. No penalty will attach to fees received up to and including July 10.

The receipts of the land commissioner's office for the quarter just closed are $28,242.16, as against $18,620 for the corresponding period last year.

Christian Endeavor Conventions.

The Northern Pacific and Southern Pacific railways have been designated as the OFFICIAL ROUTE for the Christian Endeavorers attending the International Convention at San Francisco, Cal., July 7th to 12th. Special train will leave Tacoma on July 8th, at 6 p. m. Rate of fare will be $20.00 for the round trip from either Seattle or Tacoma. Special rates for sleeping cars have been made. All parties who contemplate going should notify the undersigned at once, so that space in this special train may be reserved for them. Limit of tickets July 17th, with privilege of extension to July 31st, on payment of $1 additional in San Francisco. There will be a large number from Eastern Washington and other points to join this special train excursion, therefore send in your names at once that you may be listed as one of the party. Those wishing to attend the State Convention at Tacoma will be given one fare for the round trip over all lines, and will be given stop-over at Tacoma to attend the State Convention and limit enough to return after attending the San Francisco Convention. H. C. Ewing, State President, Y. P. S. C. E. John P. Hartman, Jr., Chairman Transportation Committee.

Seattle, June 24th, 1897.

Langer & Lueben's band will play at Leschi park Sunday afternoon.

F. B. hams, boiled and sliced. Delicatessen.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

The fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on every wrapper.

We show 45 different styles in Extension Tables. We buy in straight car loads and can save you money.

Solid Oak Pillar Extension Table, $5.75.

FREDERICK, NELSON & MUNRO, Rialto Block.

Dealers in Furniture, Carpets and General Household Goods. Seattle Agents for Majestic Steel Ranges.

SPOKANE'S FRUIT FAIR.

Citizens Sign a Guarantee—Exhibits From the Northwest.

SPOKANE, July 2.—The committees soliciting for the annual fruit fair decided today that since the required amount was practically assured, it would go ahead with propositions for the fair. Twenty citizens have signed a guarantee against possibility of loss. In addition to this, business men and others have contributed a cash fund of between $4,000 and $5,000. Large and numerous cash prizes will be offered.

Exhibits are coming from Washington, Idaho, Montana, Oregon and British Columbia. Excursions will be run from Northwestern points and the East. Many Eastern commission and railroad men are coming. The fair will last twelve days. Dates will be selected Tuesday.

MEADER CLINGS TO OFFICE.

Lowell Postmaster Refuses to Surrender to His Successor.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

EVERETT, July 2.—H. F. Meader, who has be a postmaster at Lowell for the past four years, refused yesterday to turn the office over to W. H. Black, who has recently been appointed, on the ground that Black was not a citizen. It appears that Black ran away from home to enter the army during the war and enlisted under an assumed name, which has caused the confusion.

Later in the day Meader received a message from the department at Washington, instructing him to turn the office over to Black.

LITTLE CHICAGO ON FIRE.

Suburb of Great Falls May Be Wiped Out.

GREAT FALLS, Mont., July 2.—At 11 o'clock tonight a fire started in Cassaday's saloon in Little Chicago, a suburb of Great Falls. A high wind is blowing and the entire town is threatened. Already an entire block of the main street has gone. There is no fire protection, and the citizens are fighting the flames with water carried from the river, 500 yards distant.

B. C. Express Company Sold.

VANCOUVER, B. C., July 2.—Mr. Shields, of Toronto, who has been awarded the contract for the delivery of mails in the Lillooet and Cariboo districts, today concluded a deal whereby all the rolling stock, horses, etc., of the British Columbia Express Company passes into the hands of Mr. Shields' firm, which will carry on the business under the same style.

State Printer Hicks in Charge.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

OLYMPIA, July 2.—Ex-State Printer White today turned over the state stock to his successor, Gwin Hicks, who has located his office in the Hale block, on Fourth street, one block above the old state printing office. The machinery for the new plant arrived yesterday and is being put in position.

Supreme Court Decision.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

OLYMPIA, July 2.—The supreme court has affirmed judgment in the case of George E. Fisher, respondent, vs. Joseph I. Kirschberg, appellant, appealed from Clallam county.

The Fourth in the Big Bend.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

WATERVILLE, Wash., July 2.—The recurrence of Independence day will be celebrated in many of the country neighborhoods throughout Douglas county tomorrow.

BOMBAY ASSASSINS AT LARGE.

Europeans Uneasy at Threats by the Natives.

BOMBAY, July 2.—The assassins of Lieut. Ayerst, the commissary who was shot and killed by the concealed natives while leaving the governor's reception at Ganeshkind on the evening of June 22, jubilee day, Plague Commissioner Rand being dangerously wounded at the same time, are still at large.

The aggressive attitude of the natives prior to the shooting was remarked. There were whisperings of impending disaster to Europeans, and it is thought that the whole native community, including the police, had foreknowledge that something was going to happen. On jubilee night a delayed anonymous letter arrived at Commissioner Rand's bungalow, saying:

"You will die today and the queen will die two days after. Many others will follow, and the soldiers will all be killed."

There is the gravest disquiet in official circles.

DEATHS.

Capt. R. G. Penn.

VICTORIA, B. C., July 2.—An inquest was held this afternoon on the body of Capt. R. G. Penn, United States immigration commissioner for this province, who died early this morning on the steamship Charmer. Penn was recalling some exciting incidents in his career as a soldier of Lee's army during the war, and had just narrated a hairsbreath escape from instant death, when he gasped, leaned against a passenger, who was sitting alongside of him, and died. The coroner's jury returned a verdict of death from natural causes. Penn was a native of Danville, Va., and was about 58 years of age. He leaves a widow and a family of twelve children, six of whom reside in Vancouver. Remain will be sent to Vancouver.

Samuel L. Sachs.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—Samuel L. Sachs is dead at his residence as the result of an accident in Golden Gate park on June 25. He was thrown from his horse and severely injured. Blood poisoning caused his death. He was a wealthy man and noted for his philanthropy.

Four Deaths From Yellow Jack.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 2.—The Pacific Mail steamer Acapulco arrived this morning from Panama flying the yellow flag, four deaths having occurred on board from the fever.

McKinley Leaves for Canton.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—President McKinley left the city at 7:10 tonight for Canton, where he will visit his aged mother and take a few days' rest.

THE EXAMINING BOARD.

National Guardsmen Qualifying for Commissions and Promotion.

The examining board N. G. W. met last evening in the office of Brig. Gen. McIntyre, room 607, Burke block, for the purpose of examining officers nominated for commissions or promotion. The board consisted of Brig. Gen. McIntyre, ex-officio; Col. Eagleson, surgeon general; Lieut. Col. Falcon Joslin, assistant adjutant general; Capt. Adams and Capt. Fortson.

The following took the examination: Lieut. Col. L. B. Parsons, Seattle, for brigade commissary; Lieut. Col. Frank W. Spear, for brigade judge advocate; First Lieut. W. F. Clark, Company C, Second brigade, Tacoma, for captain; Second Lieut. E. A. Sturgis, Company C, Second brigade, Tacoma, for first lieutenant; Sergeant Frank T. Liggett, Troop A, North Yakima, for second lieutenant; Sergeant James G. Maitland, Company E, Second battalion, Seattle, for second lieutenant.

WILL NOT BE HANGED

MILLER, THE WIFE MURDERER, GUILTY OF MANSLAUGHTER.

Is at Once Sentenced to Twenty Years at Hard Labor—His Wife Had Wounded Him, He Says, and He Wanted to Take Her With Him Into the Other World—Details of the Trial Before Judge Reid at Sidney.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

SIDNEY, Wash., July 2.—Charles F. Miller, charged with murdering his wife at Port Blakeley, was convicted this morning in the superior court for Kitsap county, the jury returning a verdict of manslaughter. Judge Reid sentenced him to twenty years in the penitentiary at hard labor.

Miller's trial was begun Wednesday, the state being represented by J. B. Yakey and the defense by George E. Morris, of Seattle. Both parties being ready, the jury was called. The entire afternoon was spent in selecting a jury. The following named persons were sworn as jurors to try the case: N. G. Rose, T. J. Lewis, Fred Burman, T. Dempster, J. A. Wilson, R. M. Gill, D. T. Williams, August Lindall, B. F. Sparks, Frank Lloyd, Marcus Ostringer, Robert Gibson.

The first witness for the state was Dr. S. J. Bridenstine, coroner of Kitsap county. He testified that Mrs. Miller came to her death from a bullet wound.

Edward Serd testified to being present when Mrs. Miller's body was found lying on the floor bleeding from a pistol shot. She was unconscious. The defendant was also lying on the floor in an unconscious condition.

J. H. Chapman, constable of Port Blakeley precinct, was present when the body of Mrs. Miller was found lying on the floor of the dining room in the Miller house at Port Blakeley.

"When Miller recovered consciousness," said witness, "I put him under arrest and took him over to the hotel. He asked me if Mrs. Miller was dead. I said no. Miller replied that he had made a 'poor job' of it, but would finish it yet. When we took him down to the boat to take him to Seattle he was afraid of the people; afraid they would hang him, and said he would hold me responsible for his life, and wanted me to protect him."

C. W. Evans testified:

"I am a clerk in the Port Blakeley Mill Company's store. On the 22d day of February I sold Miller a pipe. He said he was going away and wanted a pistol, a five-shooter. He bought it, and also a box of cartridges—Smith & Wesson. This was about twenty minutes before 12 m. of February 22. He was apparently sober."

George W. Dwelly testified:

"I am a justice of the peace in Port Blakeley precinct. I was notified that Miller had shot his wife. I hastened to the house and found Caroline Miller lying on the floor in the dining room. She had been shot; the bullet entered just below the right eye. Dr. Kellam was called and said there was only one chance for Mrs. Miller, and advised that she be taken to a hospital at Seattle."

J. R. Milhern, deputy sheriff of Kitsap county, was the next witness. He said:

"On the way to Seattle Miller asked me if his wife was dead. I said no. After a short time he asked me the same question. At the wharf at Seattle he again made the same inquiry. I then told him I understood she was dead. He said: 'I did it, but made a d—d poor job of it.'"

The revolver, box of cartridges, the cartridges remaining in the pistol, and the one taken from the wound in Mrs. Miller's head were identified and were marked exhibits in the case.

At this point the state rested.

Miller himself took the stand in his own behalf the second day. His testimony was substantially as follows:

"I had been absent from home for five or six months, and had returned a few days before the shooting. I brought home over $100 in money. I gave $70 to my wife and paid a store bill of $10. About two days after I came home my wife accused me of taking some mining papers, but I knew nothing of these papers. She repeated this charge every day. I bought a pipe and revolver the day of the shooting, with a view of going away that afternoon to a new and wild country. I went home, loaded the revolver, laid it down, and went out to the closet. M. J. Lyons came to the door and spoke to my wife. As I was returning from the closet I overheard Lyons say:

"'Come down early.'

"I asked her what Lyons meant by 'coming down early.' She said, 'To clean house.'

"I said: 'It is a strange time to clean house, at night.' She replied: 'It's none of your d—d business.'

"Isaid: 'Come, let us be going.'

"I was going to Riderville to take the boat, and she was going to Lyons', to get $30 to give me. She had placed the money with him for safe keeping.

"She said: 'I want those papers first.' I said I did not have the papers.

"She took up the gun and said: 'You shall never leave this house until you give me my papers.'

"I tried to take the gun away from her. She put the hand with the revolver behind me, the gun was discharged, and the bullet struck the back of my head, making a slight wound.

"She said: 'Oh, I have killed you.'

"I had then got the revolver, and I said: "'I will take you with me' and fired the shot at her, and she fell to the floor. Then I turned the gun on myself.

"That is all I remember."

Attorney Morris argued the case for the defendant, making an eloquent plea to save the prisoner from the gallows. Prosecuting Attorney Yakey made one of his best efforts for the state.

The jury brought in their verdict yesterday morning, finding the defendant guilty of manslaughter.

Judge Reid at once sentenced Miller to imprisonment at hard labor in the state penitentiary for a term of twenty years.

The defendant's attorney is well satisfied and will not contest the case further.

Notice to Excursionists.

Steamer Greyhound will make two round trips between Seattle and Everett on Sunday, July 4. Leave Seattle 12 m. and 5 p. m. Leave Everett 2:30 and 7:15 p. m.

F.-B. hams, boiled and sliced. Delicatessen.

Elegant offices for rent low. Sullivan building.

Langer & Lueben's band will play at Leschi park Sunday afternoon.

CROKER READY TO FIGHT.

Tammany Leader Arranging for the Fall Campaign.

LONDON, July 2.—The Associated Press is informed on reliable authority that Richard Croker assures his friends here that he has virtually made up his mind to return to New York in time to manage the Tammany campaign for next autumn's elections. He is in constant communication with Tammany leaders and taking an active part in arranging the preliminaries.

Royal makes the food pure, wholesome and delicious.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER Absolutely Pure

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

SLEEP FOR SKIN-TORTURED BABIES

And rest for tired mothers in a warm bath with CUTICURA SOAP, and a single application of CUTICURA (ointment), the great skin cure.

CUTICURA REMEDIES afford instant relief, and point to a speedy cure of torturing, disfiguring, humiliating, itching, burning, bleeding, crusted, scaly skin and scalp humors, with loss of hair, when all else fails.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CORP., Sole Props., Boston. How to Cure Skin-Tortured Babies, free.

SKIN SCALP and Hair Beautified by CUTICURA SOAP.

Fourth of July visitors can find good service and reasonable prices during their stay in our city --eat the best--at the best Restaurant--

THE ROYAL

818 First Ave.

IKE ROSENTHAL, Manager.

Extra chairs and help for all.

TWO VOTES TAKEN.

THE SENATE AGREES TO RECIPROCITY AND RETALIATION.

Allison Unable to Secure an Agreement on a Time for Final Vote on the Tariff Bill—Wellington Vigorously Defends His Prerogative in the Matter of Senatorial Appointments.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Reciprocity and retaliation were the two phases of the tariff bill today, to the exclusion of all other subjects. Shortly before adjournment Allison endeavored to secure an agreement for the time for a final vote, but Teler would not consent until all proposed amendments had been submitted to the senate. As Allison was not prepared to submit these amendments, he withdrew his request, and the time for the final vote was left open.

The retaliatory clause provides that whenever any country bestows an export bounty on any article, there shall be levied in addition to the duties provided by the act an additional duty equal to the amount of the bounty. The clause was agreed to, 33 to 19.

The reciprocity clause empowers the president, with the advice and consent of the senate, to make reciprocity treaties giving 20 per cent. reduction in duties on designated articles, or placing the articles on the free list. The amendment brought out much opposition. It was agreed to, 30 to 18, two Democrats, Gray and Morgan, voting with the Republicans in the affirmative.

Early in the day Wellington of Maryland, rising to a question of personal privilege, vehemently upheld his senatorial prerogatives in the matter of Federal appointments. His remarks grew out of a fight he is making against the confirmation of B. H. Warner, jr., of Maryland, as consul to Leipsic, Germany. The fight has aroused great interest in the District of Columbia and in Maryland, and has become a personal matter. The senator had indorsed Warner for consul to Southampton, but objected to his appointment to another place.

After this the tariff bill was called up. White, in behalf of the minority of the finance committee, asked Allison as to the programme on tea, beer, the anti-trust amendment and other important questions. Allison responded that an amendment relating to an increase of the revenue to be derived from the bill would be brought in later in the day. As to other questions, a little more time was desired.

Teller inquired what the committee or the caucus contemplated doing on the question of decreasing the tax on distilled spirits, in view of the letter written by the secretary of the treasury.

Allison answered that the whole question of distilled spirits had been gone over. Personally he thought it unwise to go into a complex question in connection with the tariff bill.

Teller said the letter of the secretary of the treasury indicated a desire for legislation on that subject. Then the senator added:

"Before this bill is disposed of, I will discuss what should be done in decreasing the tax on spirits. I will show that the committee is giving away $2,000,000 a month to the detriment of consumers who bear the tax burdens and to the detriment of honest dealers in distilled spirits."

The paragraph relative to nickel was changed, making the rate on nickel ore 2 cents per pound on the nickel contained therein; nickel matte, 4 cents per pound; nickel and nickel oxide, alloy, etc., 8 cents per pound.

This brought the senate to the retaliatory clause, so called, providing that whenever any country pays a bounty on any article, then on the importation of that article to the United States there shall be levied, in addition to the duties otherwise imposed by this act, an additional duty equal to the amount of such bounty or grant, however the same may be paid or bestowed.

Gray spoke against the amendment and read protests by the Austrian and German ministers. Caffery differed with Gray, arguing that no breach of international obligations was involved.

White argued that if Germany had the right to give an export duty which in effect operated against the United States, the United States could adopt a measure to offset this, and he would not even call it retaliatory.

Chandler said he would vote for the retaliatory clause with extreme reluctance. He had been told that Germany was beginning a course of commercial warfare against the United States and he would make sacrifices to prevent friction between the empire of Germany and the United States. But the senator said he did not see how this retaliatory clause could be avoided if the protective character of the bill was to be preserved.

The retaliatory clause was agreed to, 33 to 19. Two Democrats, Caffery and Money of Louisiana, and Allen and Kyle voted with the Republicans in the affirmative, and Mantle and Teller with the Democrats in the negative.

The reciprocity section was next considered, Allison offering the new provision, the purport of which has been given. It was changed slightly by providing that the reciprocity treaty "be made by and with the consent of the senate." In brief, the section authorizes the president to negotiate commercial treaties to extend more than five years, and granting a "reduction of the duties imposed by this act to the extent of not more than 20 per cent. thereof," or for the transfer during that period of designated articles from the dutiable to the free list, being the natural products of such foreign countries and not of the United States.

Mills of Texas stated that the proposed amendment sought to deprive the house of representatives of its constitutional right to participate in all revenue measures.

Vest spoke of the assaults of this bill on Germany, Japan, Argentina and other countries, and declared that not one of these countries could want a reciprocity treaty with the United States after being thus assailed.

Morgan said the United States supreme court had passed upon the reciprocity clauses of the McKinley law, and had held that it in no way disregarded the rights of the house of representatives.

Teller argued that a grave question was involved in taking from the house the power to co-operate in making reciprocity treaties. It was too grave a question to be brought into the senate during the closing hours of the tariff debate. The senator said he wanted to vote for some reciprocity clause, but not for one in violation of the constitution.

The reciprocity clause was agreed to, 30 to 18.

At 6 p. m. the senate adjourned.

TO TAX SALES OF STOCKS.

New Method of Raising Revenue Discussed in Caucus.

WASHINGTON, July 2.—Senator Lodge today prepared a draft of an amendment to the tariff bill providing for a stamp tax on stocks and bonds, in accordance with the action of the Republican senatorial caucus of last night, and submitted it to the finance committee. As prepared, the amendment provides for a tax of 5 cents a share of $100 or fraction of the face value of the capital stock or of bonds on their issuance, and of 2 cents for each $100 or fraction of each transfer of stock or bonds. United States and state bonds are exempted, as are individual bonds to secure mortgages, and also the stock and bonds of mutual benefit building associations. The amendment has been submitted to the Republican members of the judiciary committee and approved by them.

NEW YORK, July 2.—News from Washington that a tax on all stock and bond transactions was contemplated by the government was discussed in Wall street today. Three conservative houses took with disfavor on the scheme. John T. Terry, a director of the Western Union Telegraph and Manhattan Railway Companies, said he doubted the constitutionality of the measure. The governors of the stock exchange sent to Washington a telegram protesting against the proposed tax on stock and bond transactions, and asking that the finance committee grant a hearing.

DENVER, July 2.—The decision of the caucus of Republican senators to place a tax on all sales of stocks created consternation in the Denver and Colorado Springs mining exchanges, where many cheap stocks are dealt in. R. C. Bogy, president of the Colorado Mining Exchanges, expressed the belief that such a tax would be unconstitutional, but said such a law would be evaded anyhow by transferring agreements instead of the stock itself.

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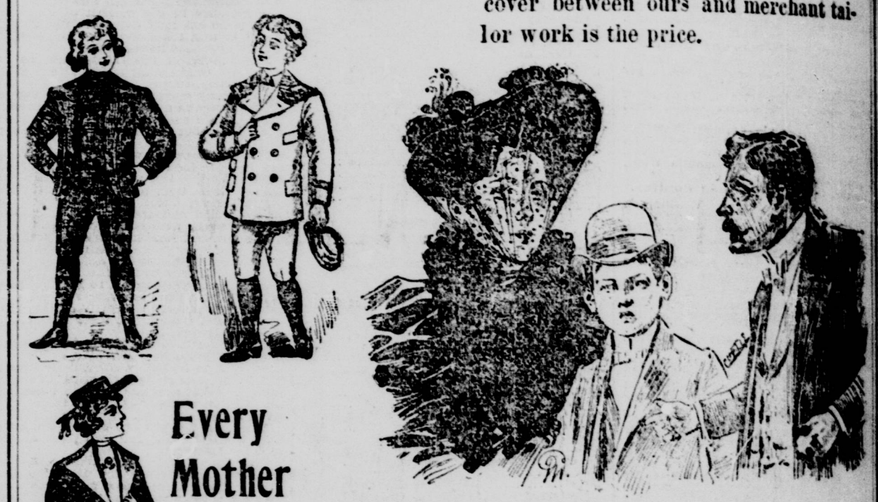

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