

Scene on the Clondyke.



This man will make it all right. He has good outfit and he bought it at our place.

COOPER & LEVY. 104 and 106 First Avenue South.

Yukon Pointers. SUGAR is 50 times sweeter than sugar and 15 times as equal to 50 pounds of sugar. One little tablet will sweeten a cup of coffee. Sweetening for two months can be carried in the vest pocket.

STEWART & HOLMES DRUG CO., 703 First Avenue.

Neer Again.

WE BELIEVE WILL HAVILAND & CO.'S CHINA BE OFFERED AT THE PRICES PUT UPON THESE GOODS BY US TODAY.

WE MUST HAVE ROOM FOR NEW GOODS.

AND TO ACCOMPLISH THIS HAVE REDUCED ALL OF OUR ELEGANT STOCK OF HAVILAND GOODS TO PRICES SIMPLY RIDICULOUS.

"Keep a New, Fresh Stock" Is Our Motto, and so

HAVILAND & CO.'S GOODS MUST GO.

ABLE ENDS MONDAY MORNING. SEE WINDOW WITH PRICES. ENDS AD WILL GIVE YOU PRICES YOU NEVER SAW.

M. Seller & Co.'s Annual Clearance Sale Now On.

Clondyke Stoves.

Best in the market. Thoroughly made of heavy sheet steel. Don't buy till you see them.

C. B. SMITH, Telephone, Pike 87. 1202 First Av., Seattle.

CARPETS. New Carpets and New Furniture Arriving Daily.

SPECIAL SALE ON BABY CARRIAGES FOR THIRTY DAYS. INSTALLMENTS.

DAULTON, CARLE & CO., 1123 First Avenue.

WASHINGTON WOOLLEN MILLS, 820 Second Avenue.

Alaska Outfitters.

Blankets and Mackinaws fresh from the looms every day.

GOLD DUST. We pay highest price for gold dust and bullion and all jewelry. Our new furnaces give us unrivaled facilities for assaying and refining. We keep a full supply of all sizes of gold scales.

JOS. MAYER & BROS., Wholesale and Factory—14 Cherry St. RETAIL—26 Second Ave. Our office in our store.

TO COMPROMISE ON SEALS.

England Agrees to Meet American Wishes.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN MAY JOIN.

Question of Pelagic Sealing to Be Settled in Washington in October.

Ambassador Hay's Offer Formally Accepted—John W. Foster's View of the Matter.

LONDON, July 30.—John W. Foster, the United States special commissioner on the sealing question, will sail for New York by the St. Louis from Southampton.

"Wherever I have been, at St. Petersburg, Berlin, Paris, here in London, I have been received in the most cordial manner. Whatever may be the feeling in the United States about the reported agreement to our government displayed by the foreign powers, I have seen nothing of it. Everywhere I have had evidence that the foreign governments are willing to meet any question raised by the United States in the spirit of the utmost frankness and open-mindedness. Perhaps it is needless for me to say that this is most gratifying to me officially and in my private capacity."

"The British government has agreed to accept our proposition for a sealing conference. I am not returning to make an immediate report to President McKinley. I have had long and fairly candid conferences with Mr. Chamberlain and last Sunday afternoon with Sir Richard Webster, the attorney general, who is the adviser of the British government at the points of law involved. My statements to the press are the frankest and most impartial consideration."

All Agree to Annexation. "As to the Hawaiian question, I may say that in London, Paris, Berlin and St. Petersburg, the prevailing opportunity to ascertain the prevailing sentiment in political and commercial circles. In all these capitals annexation is only regarded as the natural, if not inevitable, result of the large growth and expansion of the United States on the western coast of America."

"As it could not be expected," continued Mr. Foster, "that any other foreign power would be permitted to occupy the islands, owing to their strategic importance, the position which it would give the United States in the Pacific would not be welcomed by nations seeking supremacy in that quarter of the world."

"My personal views on the question are well known in the United States. Nevertheless, it is important to certify that the necessary expansion of the United States will not be the cause of European difficulties and is appreciated as the logical outcome of American destiny."

The Official Acceptance. LONDON, July 30.—The British foreign office notified Ambassador Hay this morning that Great Britain had accepted the proposition of the United States for an international conference on the question of pelagic sealing in Bering sea, to be held in Washington the coming autumn.

LONDON, July 30.—The Times congratulates its readers upon the fact that the negotiations regarding the question of pelagic sealing in Bering sea have resulted in a treaty for an international conference on the subject to be held in Washington in October.

"We are glad to note," the paper says, "that the United States government has so far modified its views since the sending of the Sherman dispatch, apart from which there was never any real difficulty, both governments are desiring to protect a legitimate industry and only differing as to facts and methods."

Prof. Elliott on Sealing. WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Chronicle's Washington correspondent cables the situation. Prof. Elliott, of the Smithsonian Institution, has written a caustic letter to the Assistant Secretary of State, dated July 29, criticizing John W. Foster for writing the notorious dispatch to Ambassador Hay.

LONDON, July 30.—The Times alludes to the negotiations regarding the question of pelagic sealing in Bering sea, which will be held in Washington in October.

JAPAN ACCEPTS ARBITRATION. Immigration and Sake Tax by Hawaii to Be Amicably Settled.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—The Japanese government has accepted the offer by Hawaii to arbitrate the dispute between the two countries. The state department has been informed of the offer and acceptance. The subject of arbitration will include only the difficulty over the landing of the Japanese immigrants, but also other disputes between the two countries, the most important of which is the sake tax, imposed upon a Japanese liquor largely imported and consumed by the Japanese in Hawaii.

Hawaii Solid for Annexation. In SAN FRANCISCO, July 30.—Ellis Mills, retired consul-general at Honolulu, has returned from the islands on the steamer Alameda on his way back with his wife to his home in Virginia. Speaking of political affairs in the islands, Mr. Mills said:

"Annexation is now regarded universally by the people of Hawaii as a certainty. The enthusiasm over the annexation movement is more intense now, if such a thing be possible, than it has ever been, and almost everybody has an abiding faith in the happy result that they all wish for and anticipate. It is confidently expected that the whole matter will be settled when congress meets this fall."

LONG SPOOLED THE GAME. Scheme of the Armor-Plate Makers to Clinch the Question.

WASHINGTON, July 30.—Secretary Taft has rejected the offer of the armor-plate makers to supply the diagonal armor for the three battleships, Alabama, Wisconsin and Illinois, now building, at a price to be fixed hereafter by the navy department. The companies made this offer under the impression that, as armor of this kind is entirely within the hull and

A PERILOUS PLACE.

Narrow Escape Where Prof. McClure Met Death.

A TUMBLE INTO A CREVASSE.

Another Massacre Has a Thrilling Adventure and Is Rescued Only Just in Time—McClure's Body Badly Mangled—The Fatality Cause Masanuma to Harry Home.

TACOMA, July 30.—The body of Prof. Edgar McClure was sent to the family home at Eugene, Or., this afternoon, after the four brothers of the dead man, Henry, Horace, Walter and Charles, accompanied the remains. The first three arrived on the early train from Seattle in the afternoon. A telegram sent last night announcing that the body had been brought to Tacoma, and the latter, Charles, arrived from Spokane. The meeting at the depot between the brothers was a sad one, the elder brothers leaving it to the younger brother the details of the accident. It was hoped to reach Eugene by 11 and a quick tomorrow morning.

The injuries to the body. The face of the deceased was not so badly mangled as was first indicated. There were several small bruises on the forehead, nose and cheeks, while the ears were badly scratched and bruised. The worst marks were on the back of the head, one cut extending fully three inches in length. The skull was badly fractured in several places, which shows that death must have been instantaneous. The body was found in a position which the professor prevented many bruises to other parts of the body. There was a deep laceration on the forehead, which was deep enough that the unfortunate man tried to check his fall down the cliff.

The Masanuma Going Home. That the accident caused a feeling of unrest in the minds of the members of the expedition there can be no doubt, as a number returned to the city who had intended remaining on the mountain. The Japanese party, headed by Masanuma, was driven to the transfer company's office on Tenth street, where the members of the party were themselves arranging their baggage. A large crowd gathered to welcome the mountaineers and congratulate them on their safe return. Among the party were the engineer, Dr. C. P. Perry, of Tacoma; Dr. J. P. Sweeney, of Seattle; and several Portland people. Later in the afternoon Dr. Perry and Dr. Sweeney returned to Tacoma. Prof. McClure's body, rode into town on a wheel from the sawmill this morning. It was found in a position which the professor prevented many bruises to other parts of the body. There was a deep laceration on the forehead, which was deep enough that the unfortunate man tried to check his fall down the cliff.

Experiments in Ireland Prove It Equal to Any in Europe. WASHINGTON, July 31.—Secretary Wilson has received a report from a firm in Dublin, Ireland, on some testing and searching experiments conducted in Ireland with a ton of flax straw grown in the Puget sound region of Washington which was used in the construction of a department in its experiments. These experiments developed the fact that for flax culture the Puget sound region is equal to any in Europe. The best flax-producing regions of Europe are in the north of France, Belgium and the Netherlands. The flax grown in the Puget sound region is of a quality which is equal to any in Europe. The flax grown in the Puget sound region is of a quality which is equal to any in Europe.

Two Women Drowned at Portland in a Peculiar Manner. PORTLAND, July 30.—Mary Hammond and her 17-year-old daughter were drowned here tonight in an unusual manner. The ladies were out in a rowboat with Dr. C. P. Perry, of Tacoma, and Dr. J. P. Sweeney, of Seattle, and several Portland people. Later in the afternoon Dr. Perry and Dr. Sweeney returned to Tacoma. Prof. McClure's body, rode into town on a wheel from the sawmill this morning. It was found in a position which the professor prevented many bruises to other parts of the body. There was a deep laceration on the forehead, which was deep enough that the unfortunate man tried to check his fall down the cliff.

A Cyclone Slays Seven. SAN JOSE, Ill., July 30.—At 1 o'clock this evening a cyclone struck the farm of A. McDowell, two miles north, and his house and barn were entirely destroyed. Seven people were killed and many were injured. The killed: A. C. McDowell, McDowell's grandson, wife of Miss Jessie Groves, seven-year-old children, Miss C. McDowell, her son Charles and daughter Mary.

A Hall Storm Reaps the Crop. DENVER, July 30.—A special to the Republican from Sioux Falls, S. D., says: One of the most destructive hail storms known in this section passed near here early this morning. The storm started three miles west of Dell Rapids and went on a westerly direction, destroying absolutely everything in its path around the city of Sioux Falls. The storm was a branch of the storm that passed over Sherman and Lyverne, Minn., went in two paths, one north of Lyverne and the other south of Lyverne. It is estimated that fully 100,000 acres of crops were destroyed by the storm. Hundreds of farmers will lose every vestige of a crop.

A Searcher at Kansas City. KANSAS CITY, July 30.—All hot weather records for the summer of 1915 were broken here today, when the government weather bureau reported 92 degrees at noon, 97 at 1 p. m., 99 at 2 p. m., 100 at 3 p. m., 101 at 4 p. m., and 100 at 5 p. m., and tonight the thermometer is still swelling to 100. The thermometer is still swelling to 100.

Effects of the Altitude. The altitude affected several members of the expedition, causing a bleeding at the nose and in some cases nausea. Dr. J. P. Sweeney and daughter, who were at the camp, were affected. The young ladies could not stand the rarified air, and with their father returned to Lonsimer's. Mr. Leslie Cullum, special treasury agent, who accompanied the party, was also affected. Prof. McClure returned this morning and has been kept busy all day telling his friends about the trip, etc. The balance of the party, numbering about fifty, expect to start for home from camp next Tuesday. Those who returned today are: Dr. and Mrs. Frank Baker, of Washington; Mr. Baker is superintendent of the Smithsonian Institution; Dr. J. P. Sweeney, with two daughters, Seattle; Peter Liez, of

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Mayor Wood's official policy is so well known that to refer to it seems almost unnecessary. He entered the office with some experience in public affairs, and after acquainting himself with his duties, he began a policy of suppression and control directed to serve the interests of the city. He has also advocated civil service and economy in public administration. Several of his measures have been employed by the police department in dealing with the unruly elements have been brought about by his suggestion and request.

TO MEET TODAY. Merchants Will Try to Counteract the Effect of Canadian Customs Laws. The Canadian government has taken a decided stand in the matter of customs duties on American supplies passing into British territory. No American can escape the duty of the power which rules in the Northwest Territory. Not only will the clothes he wears and the food which he attempts to sustain life be taxed, but his hard-earned wage as a miner will be levied upon.

The following self-explanatory telegram was received here yesterday: "VICTORIA, B. C., July 29.—Ernest E. Ling, Secretary Chamber of Commerce, Seattle, Wash.: Duty will be collected on miners' outfits in every individual case. 'A. R. MILNE, Collector.'"

The message of Collector Milne has aroused great indignation in this city, and following as it does upon the announcement that a royalty will be collected on gold and that every alternate claim will be withheld from location, it will unquestionably cause many to abandon all idea of seeking their fortune in the Clondyke. The effect of this ruling, which has been carried out, was seen in the despair of American prospectors at Victoria which led many to dump their outfits into the Sound rather than pack what seemed merely an excuse for the levy of taxes.

Prompt action will be taken to counteract the effect of these exactions and counterbalance the smile which may be supposed to illumine one side of the provincial parliament's face. The merchants of Seattle are called together to talk at once some action which shall defend the city against this attack on its swelling prosperity. A meeting will be held this morning at 10 o'clock in the Chamber of Commerce, at which all Alaska outfitters and all others interested are asked to be present. Judging from the feeling that has been aroused on this subject, the gathering will be a large one and will undoubtedly hit upon some expedient to nullify the disastrous influence of the Canadian government's proposed action.

ROASTING THE ISLANDER. Passengers Protest Against Paying Duty—Local Agent Explains. From all accounts the experience of those who went from here to take the British steamer Islander at Victoria, the Dyea, was not a pleasant one. The steamer was registered by John Doser, who said in a letter to a friend in this city, written Thursday in Victoria, that he had had a very bad experience and that he would not go back. The steamer was registered by John Doser, who said in a letter to a friend in this city, written Thursday in Victoria, that he had had a very bad experience and that he would not go back.

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TO MEET TODAY. Merchants Will Try to Counteract the Effect of Canadian Customs Laws. The Canadian government has taken a decided stand in the matter of customs duties on American supplies passing into British territory. No American can escape the duty of the power which rules in the Northwest Territory. Not only will the clothes he wears and the food which he attempts to sustain life be taxed, but his hard-earned wage as a miner will be levied upon.

The following self-explanatory telegram was received here yesterday: "VICTORIA, B. C., July 29.—Ernest E. Ling, Secretary Chamber of Commerce, Seattle, Wash.: Duty will be collected on miners' outfits in every individual case. 'A. R. MILNE, Collector.'"

The message of Collector Milne has aroused great indignation in this city, and following as it does upon the announcement that a royalty will be collected on gold and that every alternate claim will be withheld from location, it will unquestionably cause many to abandon all idea of seeking their fortune in the Clondyke. The effect of this ruling, which has been carried out, was seen in the despair of American prospectors at Victoria which led many to dump their outfits into the Sound rather than pack what seemed merely an excuse for the levy of taxes.

Prompt action will be taken to counteract the effect of these exactions and counterbalance the smile which may be supposed to illumine one side of the provincial parliament's face. The merchants of Seattle are called together to talk at once some action which shall defend the city against this attack on its swelling prosperity. A meeting will be held this morning at 10 o