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Have You Tried Our Perfumed Almond Meal? We put it up in large and convenient packages that sell for 25 cents each...

STEWART & HOLMES DRUG CO.

KLONDIKE

A Commodious and Fast Sailing Steamer Will LEAVE SEATTLE ON OR ABOUT JUNE 10, 1898.

North American Transportation & Trading Co. Reservations for passage or freight on steamers may now be secured by making a deposit.

North American Transportation & Trading Co. DIRECTORS: John J. Healy, Michael Cudahy, John Cudahy, Ernest A. Hamill, Perdue B. Wear.

WHARFAGE. COMMISSION. STORAGE. THE ARLINGTON DOCK CO. Operating the largest wharf in Seattle.

CARPETS RUG SALE. This Week, Rugs of All Kinds and Sizes at Wholesale Price.

DAULTON, CARLE & CO., 1123 First Av., Seattle. CLOSE YOUR EARS. And open your eyes. That is the way to buy glasses.

GLASS NELLE & ENGELBRECHT. Window Glass, Mirror Plates, Glazed Sashes and Doors, Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Brushes, etc.

M. LEVY & CO., 111 FIRST AVENUE SOUTH. Importers and Jobbers of Cigars and Tobacco, Smokers' Articles, Etc.

SAPOLIO. "BAY ADE" AND "VELL NER" BE MARRIED. DON'T REFUSE ALL OUR ADVICE TO USE

GOLD DUST BOUGHT. GOLD DUST BOUGHT. GOLD DUST BOUGHT. JOS. MAYER & BROS., 119 CHERRY ST. P. I. Building.

Mackintoshes.. Latest Styles. The Washington Rubber Co., (inc.) 714 First Av., Seattle, Wash

DURRANT WILL NOT BE HANGED TODAY.

Court Was Too Hasty in Passing Sentence.

A RESPITE GRANTED HIM.

Application for a Writ of Probable Cause Is Successful.

No Official Knowledge Yet Received of the Action of the United States Supreme Court—The Condemned Murderer Entitled to Sixty Days' Grace—Effort to Secure a Writ of Habeas Corpus in the Federal Court Is Futile, But the State Supreme Court Will Not Yet Allow the Judgment to Be Executed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—Wm. Henry Thoreau Durrant will not be hanged at San Quentin tomorrow morning after all, the supreme court of this state having granted him another respite at the eleventh hour.

Up to 4 o'clock this afternoon there was apparently no further hope for the condemned murderer. His attorneys had made a futile effort to secure another writ of habeas corpus in the United States circuit court, and had not even been granted permission to appeal from that decision to the supreme court of the United States.

Meanwhile an application was made to the state supreme court for a writ of probable cause for the purpose of staying proceedings upon the ground that no official knowledge of the action of the supreme court of the United States in the matter of Durrant's appeal from the decision of the Federal court had yet been received; that the superior court had acted too hastily in sentencing Durrant to be hanged tomorrow, as the law required that he be given at least 60 days of grace; and consequently, that the pendency of another appeal in the supreme court affecting the condemned is of itself sufficient cause of a stay of execution.

The matter was partially argued in chambers and later argued before the full court and taken under advisement. Shortly afterward the court announced its decision, granting the writ applied for, in which all the justices concurred.

Durrant Prays Sincerely.

SAN QUENTIN PRISON, CAL., Nov. 11.—This has been a day of great, but suppressed, excitement in and about the penitentiary. The preparations for the execution of Durrant had all been completed and the prison officials were in readiness to carry out the sentence. At 1:30 p. m. the news of a reprieve was received at the prison. The message was sent to the death cell by a guard. Durrant quickly turned out his great despair of emotion fell on his knees and prayed silently for several minutes.

Mrs. Durrant, the mother of the prisoner, was notified at 2:30 by a boat from San Francisco. She was cheerful, saying that she had put her faith in God and felt that He would not desert her. On arrival at the prison, she was informed that her son's life had been spared, and that she might see him later. "Thank God," she said. At 7 p. m. she returned to the prison and when she reached Capt. Edgar's office, where her boy was waiting to meet her, the death veil was removed and Durrant was brought down to the office, and it will not again be placed over the prisoner unless required by future developments in the case. Mrs. Durrant remained with her son in close conversation for some time.

Again Asserts His Innocence.

Durrant had expressed a desire to make a statement to the Associated Press, and in the course of the interview he said: "Naturally I was greatly elated at the news of the reprieve, although my first intuition, based on a telephone message, was not positive. Soon afterward the news was confirmed. All I could do was to thank God."

"Was the reprieve a surprise?" "Not exactly. All along I have had perfect faith in my God. This afternoon I was visited by two Sisters of Charity, and I believe that their prayers and the prayers of all those who have interested for me have been instrumental in bringing about this result."

When Durrant remarked that he could not understand why Christian people should beg him in letters to confess, "I am innocent," he said, "and would never confess to such a crime. I have faith that the real perpetrator will yet be discovered and punished. All these little things are so interesting to me, I know that the Lord will sooner or later set all things right. I shall never give up the fight, because the Lord is with me," he added, embracing and kissing his mother.

On Mrs. Durrant's face was a smile, but the son looked sad and his eyes were dull. He earnestly repeated many times that his faith in God would save him in the future as in the past.

"You may say I am innocent," said Durrant, in conclusion. "I will never yield and God is with me."

After half an hour's private talk with her son, Mrs. Durrant returned to her home and Durrant was taken back to cell 21 in murderer's row, which he had occupied before the death watch was set over him.

No Remittitur for Thirty Days.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The supreme court has not yet forwarded the remittitur in the Durrant case. Under the practice of the court it will not be forwarded until thirty days from last Monday, the day on which the court affirmed the decision of the California Federal courts. The only way to expedite it would be a motion in open court by the attorneys for the state. Attorney General Fitzgerald is now out of the city, but is expected to return on Saturday.

NEW JURY IN THORN TRIAL.

Mrs. Nack Will Have Again to Confront the Killing—The Defense

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The trial of Martin Thorn for the murder of William Guidensuppe, which was begun last Monday at Long Island City, was suspended today owing to the dangerous illness of Juror Magnus Larsen. The jury will be discharged tomorrow and a new trial ordered. Larsen was taken ill yesterday and court adjourned on that account.

Physicians called to attend him found that he was suffering from appendicitis. At the opening of court this morning it was announced that Larsen was unable to attend, and an adjournment was taken until tomorrow morning. Late this afternoon an operation was successfully performed on the sick juror, and it is expected that he will be able to leave his bed in two weeks. District Attorney Youngs this evening notified the other eleven jurors to be present in the court tomorrow and receive their discharge. He will then ask the court to call a new jury. All evidence for the prosecution, which was ready to be introduced, will have to be introduced again, and Mrs. Nack will be required to go on the stand and tell her horrible story anew.

Thorn's Defense Outlined.

District Attorney Youngs and Wm. F. Howe, counsel for Thorn, held a consultation last night in order to ascertain when the Thorn trial would be brought to an end.

"Since you have decided not to cross-examine our witnesses who were put on the stand for the purpose of establishing the fact that the body at the morgue is that of William Guidensuppe," said Mr. Youngs, "I should say that we might close the entire case before the next visit of this week. How long will it take you to put in your defense? It will not take you more than one day to put in our side of the case," asked Mr. Youngs in astonishment. "That's all," replied Mr. Howe. "I think that will be time enough." "Are you sure that it will not take you more than one day to put in our side of the case?" asked Mr. Youngs in astonishment. "That's all," replied Mr. Howe. "I think that will be time enough." "Are you sure that it will not take you more than one day to put in our side of the case?" asked Mr. Youngs in astonishment. "That's all," replied Mr. Howe. "I think that will be time enough."

"Bosh, bosh," said Mr. Youngs. "Thorn will be convicted." "Not at all," replied the lawyer. "Mrs. Nack admitted on the witness stand that she lured Guidensuppe to Woodside, that she bought the olefina before the man was dead, and we have found the pistol which she did the killing with." "How is that?" asked Mr. Youngs. "Not at all," replied the lawyer. "Mrs. Nack admitted on the witness stand that she lured Guidensuppe to Woodside, that she bought the olefina before the man was dead, and we have found the pistol which she did the killing with."

Mrs. Nack's Confession.

Rev. R. H. P. Miles, pastor of the First Presbyterian church of Ravenna, O., to whom it is alleged Mrs. Nack made her confession, says that he had not attempted to work on the woman's feelings as has been alleged. During his first visit to the jail, Mrs. Nack ridiculed his religion, but he kept on preaching in the corridor. "Those who claim Him, yet I will trust," During the sermon, Mr. Miles noticed that Mrs. Nack was greatly agitated and was crying, and when he had finished she came to him and told him that she wanted to confess the murder. Mr. Miles said he did not care to hear a confession, but told her to pray. She got down on her knees and prayed, and later she told him that the prayer had greatly relieved her and that a great load had been lifted from her mind. He left without hearing the confession. On Tuesday, Mrs. Nack sent for him, and confessed the crime to him in all its details.

Prove your merit and go to the Klondike free with the Post-Intelligencer.

BRUTAL WHITECAP OUTRAGE.

Young Girls Whipped Until Inconscious, Tazred and Feathered.

HOLGATE, O., Nov. 11.—Whipped and feathered this city this evening from Oakwood, Ohio, a small hamlet twenty-five miles south of an outrage perpetrated last night by Whitecaps upon two girls, Edith and May Roberts, aged 19 and 17 years. Ten days ago the young ladies received a letter from their mother, in which they were awakened by a band of eight or ten men entering their rooms and dragging them from their beds in their night robes to the nearby road, where they were terribly whipped by a cat-of-nine-tails, which was used in the road this morning. After beating the two girls the White-

NO QUESTION ABOUT IT NOW.

The Bear Will Try to Reach the Whalers.

ORDERS EXPECTED TODAY.

One Hundred Tons of Provisions to Be Purchased Here.

Capt. Tuttle Believes There Is Hardly a Remote Chance of Reaching the Imprisoned Men Before August—Klondikers Will Need Assistance More Than the Men in the Arctic—The Cutter Likely to Be Herself Caught in the Ice Fields—Reindeer or Dogs Cannot Be Brought Into Service.

There seems now to be no question that the revenue cutter Bear will be ordered north to relieve the whalers in the Arctic ocean. The following telegram was yesterday received by Capt. Tuttle, of the Bear, from the treasury department: "Can beef, rice, beans, canned goods and hard bread be obtained in large quantities in Seattle? Hurry repairs on the Bear." A reporter of the Post-Intelligencer was

here. That means at least 100 tons of provisions to be bought in this city within the next two weeks. The character of the supplies may be judged from the text of the telegram sent to Capt. Tuttle, "beef, rice, beans, canned goods and hard bread."

Capt. Tuttle's Opinion.

Capt. Tuttle was seen last evening in the Stevens hotel regarding the prospective cruise. "If I thought I could be of aid to the whalers I should feel cheerful in going north even in the face of a very chilly prospect. I do not see, however, of what



CAPT. TUTTLE AND HIS DOG "DAN."

avail my going will be. There is hardly a remote chance of the best organized and planned expedition reaching the whalers until next August. In my opinion, the miners on the Yukon will need assistance far more than the whalers in the Arctic

ers. It was at Dutch Harbor that I learned for the first time of the predicament of the whalers through Capt. McGregor, of the whaler Karluk. He had left Point Barrow two days after the Bear, and was forced to cut through ice in several places. When I heard of the straits at Point Barrow I wished carefully the chances of doing anything to relieve the imprisoned men, but could see no way to get relief to them. It is that Liebes & Co. had 300 barrels of flour at Point Barrow, was frozen in with the four vessels at that point. I did not then consider that the men were in danger of starving, and do not now think so.

Vessels Will Be Lost.

"The vessels will unquestionably be lost. When the ice breaks up next June the huge cakes will crush the wooden hulls like eggshells. But before that time the men will have gone ashore. The whalers are frozen up not further than twenty miles from the coast line.

Reindeer Cannot Be Used.

"How about the proposition to sled the relief supplies in by reindeer and dogs?" Capt. Tuttle was asked. "It would take 1,200 reindeer to carry on such a journey fifty tons of food. A reindeer cannot take on its back more than 100 pounds. On smooth ice it can draw a sled with 200 pounds. Any one who has ever seen ice in the Arctic ocean need not be told that it is anything but smooth. Following the coast line the distance from Port Clarence to Point Barrow would be 1,000 miles, and from there eastward to where the other four ships are caught is another 600 miles. I have an idea that there are now no reindeer at Port Clarence. From St. Michael I had as a passenger down William A. Kjellmann, superintendent of the reindeer station at Port Clarence. He told me that orders had been given to take all the reindeer then at Clarence and drive them inland by Golovin bay to St. Michael, where they were to be turned over to the United States soldiers. If that has been done, there are now no reindeer at Port Clarence.

As for dogs, about all they can carry it would take to feed them and the men who went along as drivers.

"What do I expect to do on leaving here?" Well, that depends entirely on the instructions I may receive. I shall probably go directly to Unalakleet, and from there proceed up the straits between Unalakleet and St. Matthews island until stopped by ice."

GEN. MILES' ESTIMATES FOR COAST DEFENSE APPROVED BY SECRETARY ALGER.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Secretary Alger has approved the estimates for the coast defense work submitted by Gen. Miles, and they will be submitted to Chairman Cannon, of the house committee on appropriations, some days before the opening of the session. In accordance with law the expenditures at the different seaports are itemized, but the secretary will ask for authority to spend the money in lump sums so that work on any particular defense may be hurried to meet emergencies. Gen. Miles divides the fortification appropriation as follows:

Table with 3 columns: Location, Amount, and Remarks. Includes entries for Southern entrance New York, Boston harbor, San Francisco, Portland, Me., Puget sound, etc.

In his report to the secretary, Gen. Miles makes no reference to possible complications with Spain, but says: "Although the general desire of our people is to maintain a condition of peace with all nations, and the policy of the government is one of good-will and peaceful relations with all others, yet nothing could be more judicious than to remain in a condition of insecurity and permit the lives of millions and the accumulated wealth of many generations to be destroyed or endangered by any foreign power with which we are liable to come in contact, and the general plan for defense which has been adopted by the government should be steadily pursued until the nation is in a condition of security and safety, which a due regard for self-preservation would demand."

whalers will be able to pinch through on short rations.

To Be Well Provided.

"I shall take one year's provisions for the Bear, as we might be ourselves caught in the ice. In fact, I look for that very thing to happen. When I left St. Michael thirty-two days ago the ice near the shore was five inches thick. What the condition of the northern water now is no one can say, as this is the first time a vessel has ever gone north at this time of year. From the result of observations taken at Port Clarence I know that from October to April, last year, there were but

GOLD IN ARCTIC ALASKA.

A Retired Whaling Captain Tells of a Rich Find Made Forty Years Ago.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer. BRINSON, Nov. 11.—The reports of gold finds on the Arctic coast of Alaska are creating some comment. In remarking about it yesterday, Capt. Samuel Clements, who is one of the best-known of the old-time navigators of the West, but who is now retired and lives on a pretty farm here, said: "You look on the map of Western Alas-

STATESMEN MEET TO TALK IT OVER.

Sherman and Laurier of the Same Mind.

GOOD CHANCE FOR TREATY.

Seal Question Considered at the First Day's Conference.

Experts Submit Reports, and Engage in an Animated but Friendly Discussion—The Catch Is Only Half as Large as Last Year's, and Indicates That the Herd Is Rapidly Decreasing—American Vessels Take Only 1,500 Skins Out of More than 15,000—The Premier Entertained by the President.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—Secretary Sherman and Sir Wilfrid Laurier yesterday afternoon began the first of a formal series of conferences for the purpose of bringing about an agreement by which as many as possible of the questions now causing friction between the United States and Canada may be amicably settled by treaty or otherwise. These conferences will be independent of the seal fisheries conference, which is the immediate occasion for the Canadian premier's visit to Washington. Among the causes of friction between the two countries is the question of the rights of citizens of either country to pursue business callings in the territory of the other, and the tariff question.

The conference this afternoon was brought about by a note which Mr. Sherman this morning sent to Sir Wilfrid, asking him if it would be convenient for the latter to meet the secretary this afternoon. The Canadian premier replied in the affirmative. The conference accordingly began at 1:30 p. m. in the state department. Mr. Sherman and Sir Wilfrid were together for two hours. It was stated on authority that the discussion was devoted to the consideration of the many important questions affecting the general relations between the United States and Canada. In such a discussion the secretary of state and Canadian premier found themselves much in accord. Mr. Sherman has long favored the most cordial relations between the United States and Canada, having been while in the senate author of several resolutions in that direction. Sir Wilfrid has been the conspicuous exponent of the same view in Canada.

It was realized on both sides, however, that the discussion now opened was but one which could bring immediate results. In many of the border controversies of long standing and many practical difficulties are in the way of settlement. The purpose, however, is to approach the general subject in a spirit of friendliness, and allow this to develop ways and means for dealing with the numerous questions relating to both countries, among which are border immigration, reciprocity, fisheries rights and railway bonding privileges.

Seal Catch Cut in Two.

At today's Bering sea conference, the report of Prof. Lucas upon the habits of the seal was read, as were also the reports of Prof. Jordan and Thompson, which had not been expected heretofore. The papers led to considerable discussion, which generally specified in an amiable character, although some marked differences of opinion were expressed.

In detail the report for this season's catch, now made available for the first time, show that the total catch of seals in the North Pacific was 37,000, against 70,000 last year. The total catch this year is divided as follows: Taken by British vessels, 20,000; by American vessels, 4,000; by Japanese vessels, 3,000. The reduction of about one-half, of the catch in Bering sea, British vessels took 15,000; American vessels, 1,500. The figures make a striking contrast with the total catch in the North Pacific in which the United States is interested, is 16,150 for the present season, against 28,500 last season, a reduction of about one-half. Of the catch in Bering sea, British vessels took 15,000; American vessels, 1,500. The figures make a striking contrast with the total catch in the North Pacific in which the United States is interested, is 16,150 for the present season, against 28,500 last season, a reduction of about one-half.

A Dinner in Honor of Laurier.

Sir Wilfrid Laurier, the Canadian premier; Sir Louis Davies, the minister of marine of Canada, and the other officials, who are taking part in the Bering sea negotiations, were entertained at dinner by President McKinley at the executive mansion tonight. The list of guests was confined to gentlemen and included the members of the cabinet. The guests assembled in the blue parlour at the executive mansion, where the table was simply adorned with white chrysanthemums, were met by the president. President McKinley met them, escorting Premier Laurier, the president led the way to the private dining room, where the table was simply adorned with white chrysanthemums, were met by the president. President McKinley met them, escorting Premier Laurier, the president led the way to the private dining room, where the table was simply adorned with white chrysanthemums, were met by the president.

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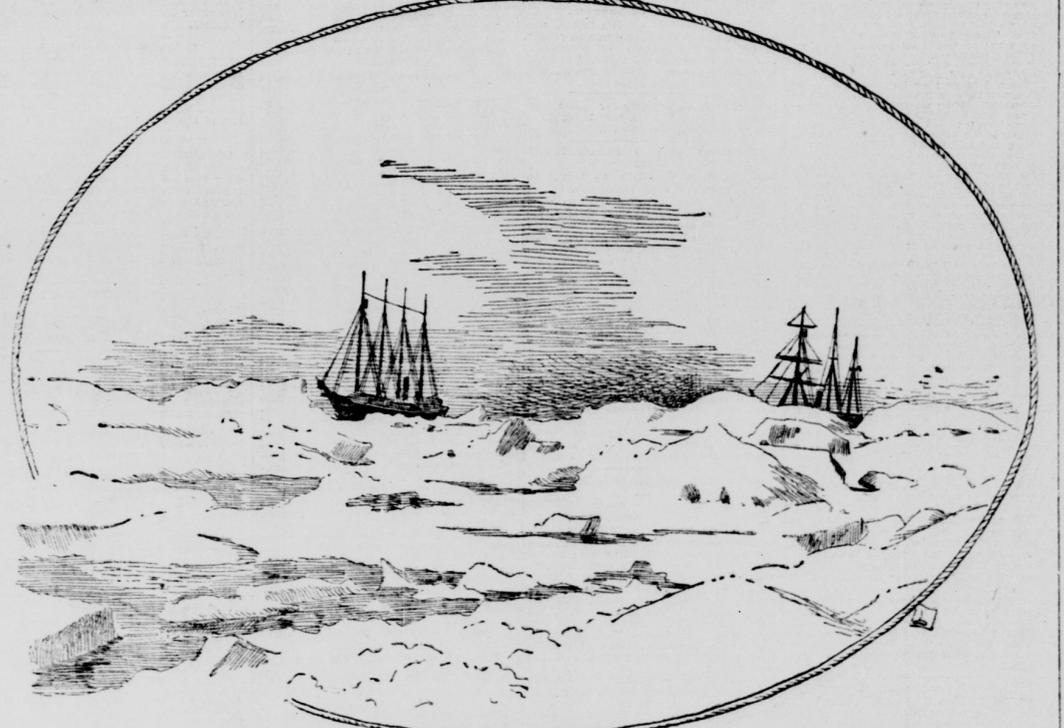
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The Revenue Cutter Bear and the Steam Schooner Jeanie in the Ice Eight Miles South of Point Barrow—August 7, 1897.

Terrestrial Harbor to Have Her Hull Examined, Scraped and Painted.

By the latter part of next week the vessel will be ready to start. What point is to be made for depends on instructions yet to come from Washington.

Now that the department has been informed that Seattle can put up a few boxes of grub without subjecting her citizens to a risk of starvation, the provisions for the Bear and a surplus for the relief of the whalers will undoubtedly be purchased

ocean. As I have before said, I think the five days when the thermometer registered above zero, and then it showed but 4 degrees and ranged from that to 25 degrees below. I have seen ice up there sixty feet thick. Only one-seventh shows above water, the balance being submerged.

Predicament of the Whalers.

"The Bear on the cruise from which she has just returned left Point Barrow August 2. At that time the water was comparatively clear. Had we been there two days longer we would have experienced great difficulty in getting out, and might have been frozen in with the whal-

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