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THE WHOLE OR ANY PART.

We sell any part of a Miner's outfit or can furnish him the whole thing complete. We like to outfit a man with everything he needs, but if we cannot do this, we are only too glad to sell him any little thing he may need.

SEATTLE-ALASKA GENERAL SUPPLY CO., Inc. 106-110 Washington Street West. Rear of Dexter Horton Block.

GERMANY EXCLUDES AMERICAN FRUITS.

Continued From Page 1.

The step taken, particularly in that it had not been preceded with notice to our representative at Berlin. Without discussing the motives of the movement, Hitt said it was evident that Germany based her course on sanitary grounds, which would exclude the idea that the move was of a political and proscription character. Hitt felt that our authorities would take steps to learn whether any sanitary evil could be attributed to the condition of the fruit crop in California, and if this was established in the negative, he had no doubt a courteous but firm representation would be made to the German government with a view to showing that the action had been taken without a sufficient inquiry into the facts. He expressed the hope that this was not a step in Germany's retaliatory policy which had been referred to in recent utterances by distinguished German officials.

Other members of the foreign committee expressed the view that this was a part of Germany's retaliatory methods towards the United States. Hilborn of California said:

"The reason advanced by the German foreign office is the thinnest kind of a pretext. Nowhere in the world is fruit so more respected and valued as in California. There is more care taken to keep it free from disease of all kinds. We do not even allow fruit to be imported into the state from other states without inspection."

Other members of the California delegation expressed similar views. Chairman Dingley looked over the Berlin cable and said:

"It is evidently a device to prohibit the importation of American fruits on alleged sanitary grounds, in line with the similar prohibition of American pork. The importation seems to be prohibited on sanitary grounds in order to evade the provisions of commercial treaties with Germany which give to our products from the United States equal privileges with imports from other countries. There is not the slightest ground for the allegation that California fruits are affected as charged, indeed, the evidence is conclusive that they are especially free from parasites. When that government undertakes to prohibit the importation of American products on sanitary grounds which do not exist in fact, it is in violation of the terms of the treaties with that country. The president, under the act of 1891, has authority to meet just such a situation as this."

Representative Tawney, another member of the ways and means committee, indeed, Chairman Dingley's view, and said that if Germany began such a course it was a game at which they could play.

It was said also that the result would work serious results to German wines, German hosiery, German shoddy, and many other lines of German goods brought in great quantities to this country.

Some of the representatives from the Pacific coast say there might be a slight justification for the Prussian claims, as far as the fruits of Oregon and Washington are concerned, if we were directed against apples. The codling moth is said to be very prevalent in both states.

Senator Mills of Texas expressed the opinion that Germany's action was the logical sequence of our high tariff system.

Senator Elkins said:

"We may just as well have it out with Germany now as at any other time. It is no denying that we are in a commercial war, and we should fight it out on the line they have laid down, should go back to their own terms, and should prohibit the importation of their sugar."

Senator Hawley pronounced himself very much surprised, but he was opposed to such measures on the part of this country.

Senator McBride of Oregon says he is confident that the discrimination of Germany is not occasioned by the condition of Oregon fruit, for it has always held a high place. He says that methods of retaliation can easily be found, if desired by the United States.

Representative Maguire of California late in the afternoon introduced in the house a resolution calling upon the state department for all information or correspondence between this government and Prussia relative to the decree forbidding the importation of American fruit. Maguire says:

"The Prussian edict excluding American fresh fruit is undoubtedly a measure of commercial retaliation. There is no foundation for it in the condition of California or other American fruit."

Senator Perkins of California said the prevention of importation on sanitary grounds was a mere pretext, and that it was merely to keep out fruits which competed with German products, and the order in this order by retaliation, and that if Germany did not want to be a market for our fruits and meats, measures could be taken which would allow these markets in the United States to German products.

Senator McEnery of Louisiana said:

"If this country would only prohibit the importation of Germany's sugar and sweets, there would soon be an end of any discrimination against American products, and according to my way of thinking that is what should be done."

Senator Lodge, of the committee on foreign relations, declined to say more than that Germany's action was in clear violation of the treaty.

Senator Burrows, of the committee on finance, thought the matter should be investigated thoroughly, as he said he had no doubt it would be by the executive branch of the government.

Foreign Prize Fight at Scranton. SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 2.—Tommy Ryan, of Philadelphia, and Jim Judge of Scranton, fought a bare-knuckle boxing match before Jack Skelley's American Sporting Club in Music hall tonight. Two hundred persons saw the contest.

Matched With Peter Maher. BUFFALO, N. Y., Feb. 2.—C. C. Smith, of the colored boys of this city, and Peter Maher were matched to fight twenty rounds at Sanger hall, Philadelphia, February 13.

Gas Heege Dend at Cleveland. CLEVELAND, O., Feb. 2.—Jas J. Heege, the actor of "Yon Yonson," died at his home in this city today.

A Specific for Colds and Croup. For years we have used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy and always kept it in the house. It is regarded in our family as a specific for colds and croup.—B. E. Romley, Olney, Mo.

LOANED MONEY TOO FREELY.

CASHIER QUILMAN, OF CHEMICAL NATIONAL, RESIGNS.

Advanced \$393,000 on Questionable Security, Without Consulting the President—For Twenty Years in the Position, and No Vacation.

NEW YORK, Feb. 2.—William G. Quilman, Jr., cashier of the Chemical National bank, has resigned. His letter of resignation to the directors, written under date of January 31, is as follows:

"Within the last few months I have made loans without consulting the president to the amount of about \$393,000 on collaterals which I knew they would not approve, and hence I have concealed these loans from you by methods which are not right."

"I have not been interested personally in them, and have not received one dollar of the proceeds of them, nor in but one instance received any benefit from them, and there but for a moderate amount, nor have I ever speculated to the extent of a single share in Wall street. My error has arisen from coincidence in the presentations on which these loans were made, and while I hope eventually no loss will arise from them, I acknowledge the justice of the request for my resignation, which is hereby presented, both as a director and as cashier of the Chemical National bank. This terminates a faithful service (until the above) of twenty-six years to the institution which has justly been the pride of my life."

The loans made by Mr. Quilman were on Western securities of various kinds and were negotiated by Francis Grable, a promoter of land, mining and irrigation schemes.

The first known of the affair by President Williams was when Quilman called upon him at home on Sunday last and made a full statement. It is conceded that Quilman, as cashier, had the power to make the loan, but it is held that in a transaction involving so large an amount of money he should have consulted the president. Mr. Williams said today:

"We think that absolutely the worst is known, and hope that Mr. Quilman's expectations are true, and that a large part of the money will be recovered. We will rather be represented, and let the public know the whole truth."

"We have charged off nearly the whole of the loan to the estate of Francis Grable, and we are satisfied that we shall recover a large part of the money eventually. In my opinion Mr. Grable is a man who has been the victim of clever schemes. I believe that he has been mentally irresponsible for some time, and that his apparent in his actions to betray this to us. I want to say this for Mr. Quilman. Not the slightest responsibility rests upon him. I do not believe that he printed these loans to the extent of one cent."

Mr. Quilman lost nearly all his own private fortune some years ago in protecting the name of a relative who had been speculating on the stock exchange during the panic, so that he has nothing with which to make good any losses arising from his bad judgment in the present case.

The Chemical National bank is one of the most prosperous institutions of its kind in the country, and should all the amount loaned by Mr. Quilman prove a loss, the bank's credit would not be affected. It has shares of a par value of \$100 have sold for more than \$100 each within a short time. The directors are George G. Williams, James A. Roosevelt, Frederick W. Stevens and Robert Goslet.

Cashier Quilman was also a director. The latter is 53 years of age. During the twenty years he was cashier, he never took a vacation.

Francis Halpin, assistant cashier, is acting cashier of the bank pending the selection of a successor to Mr. Quilman.

The amount loaned Grable was \$393,000. John S. Silver, of this city, representing a carbon copy of the bill.

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The conference was called to order by Elias Deemer, of Williamsport, who stated that the meeting had been called in behalf of Republicans of the state who desired the election of a governor who would administer the affairs of the state without the dictation of any one man.

The conference was in session about three hours. The sentiments of nearly all the speakers were in favor of the nomination of John Wanamaker, as the candidate for governor of the Republican party at the coming fall election, although the names of Congressman Dalseg and C. W. Stone were frequently mentioned and applauded.

After a lengthy discussion a resolution was adopted urging Wanamaker to permit the use of his name "for the office of governor with the approaching Republican primary elections and at the Republican state convention."

Great enthusiasm was aroused in the earlier part of the meeting by the reading of a letter from Wanamaker. It was dated

Ossaud island, Ga. Mr. Wanamaker expressed regret that a prior engagement had prevented his attendance at the meeting, with the purpose of which he was fully in accord. He wanted it distinctly understood that he did not desire public office, and suggested John Stewart, Henry C. McCormack, John Dalseg, Maj. E. S. Hancock and Col. E. A. Irwin as names from which a governor could be selected, not to be owned by any one. A committee of seven was selected to notify Mr. Wanamaker of the action of the conference and ask of him permission to use his name as a candidate for governor.

The conference adopted a lengthy platform of principles in the form of an address to the Republican voters of the state. It declares the condition of politics in the state to be disgraceful, and that this condition has been brought about by the expenditure of money to corrupt and debauch the voters.

The present senior United States senator, the platform says, is understood to desire re-election, and he, more than any other man, is responsible for the present corrupt condition of state politics. His defeat for re-election is urged upon the voters.

TURLEY ELECTED SENATOR. Democratic Caucus Nonlegis Success—ful in Tennessee. NASHVILLE, Feb. 2.—Thomas B. Turley, Democrat, was today elected United States senator by the legislature in joint convention. Turley received ninety-one votes. The Republicans voted for J. W. Blacker, of Nashville.

IN THE SENATE. Amendments to Agricultural Bill Are Agreed To. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—Beyond the reading of the agricultural appropriation bill and agreeing to the amendments proposed by the committee, the senate transacted no business of importance in open session today. The greater part of the afternoon was passed in executive session, the discussion being on the Hawaiian annexation treaty.

Hawley secured the adoption of a resolution instructing the secretary of the interior to furnish the senate with information relative to the cost and influence of

Bishop Talbot Enthroned. BETHLEHEM, Pa., Feb. 2.—The Right Rev. Ethelbert Talbot, D. D., LL. D., former missionary bishop of Idaho and Wyoming, was today enthroned as bishop of the Central Pennsylvania diocese of the Protestant Episcopal church.

Argument in Luertger Case. CHICAGO, Feb. 2.—Attorney J. E. Kehoe began the argument for the defense in the Luertger trial today. He argued chiefly on the trial aspect of the case. His argument consumed the entire session of court.

education of Indian children at the Indian schools. At 12:30 the vice president laid before the senate Pettigrew's resolution declaring it to be against the policy of the United States to acquire territory to defend which a navy would be required.

The executive session was concluded at 4:30 p. m., and Davis of Minnesota presented the joint resolution by the house providing for representation at the international fisheries exposition at Bergen, Norway, and accepting the invitation extended to the United States to make such representation. The appropriation carried by the resolution is \$20,000. It was passed.

Speech of Wisconsin called up a bill amending the law which authorizes commissioners appointed by the president to codify the criminal laws of the United States to act as a commission and to enable the commission to have its accounts passed by the comptroller of the treasury. The bill was passed.

Custom of Illinois, of the appropriations committee, called up the agricultural bill. As it passed the house it carries \$2,392,822. As reported to the senate the bill carries \$3,512,292, an increase over the house bill of \$1,119,470.

Warren of Wyoming offered an amendment to establish a division of irrigation and reclamation of arid lands at a cost of \$7,300, and providing for investigation of the method of storing and distributing water in the reclamation of arid lands, at a cost not exceeding \$100,000. No action was taken on the amendment.

After the reading of the bill the senate adjourned.

IN THE HOUSE. District of Columbia Bill Is Passed—Debate on Fortifications. WASHINGTON, Feb. 2.—The house after three days' debate on the District of Columbia appropriation bill, mostly in political discussion, passed the measure today, and then took up the bill to provide for fortifications and coast defenses. Several Democrats, notably McClellan of New York, criticized the measure because it cut down appropriations for these works below what had been appropriated in recent years. It was arranged that the general debate should close tomorrow at 3 o'clock.

At the opening of the session Grow, Re-

Alaska Clothing.

Most complete stock in Seattle. Sleeping Bags, Extra Heavy Mackinaws, Extra Heavy Blankets, Furs, Boots, Rubber Goods, Etc. Extra Heavy Underwear. Low Prices. Reliable Goods. Prices Marked in plain figures. Free Public Library Building.

E. W. NEWHALL & CO. Cor. Second Av. & Madison St.

publican, asked unanimous consent for the consideration of a resolution directing the secretary of war to issue medals to 350 Pennsylvania soldiers who belonged to the command which passed through a mob at Baltimore April 13, 1861, and who received the thanks of congress July 22, 1861. Hull, chairman of the military affairs committee, objected. Several other requests for unanimous consent met a similar fate. At 5 p. m. the house adjourned.

Schooner Minnie Abandoned at Sea. ASTORIA, Or., Feb. 2.—The British ship Robt. Capt. Jones, arrived today, seven days later than San Diego. Capt. Jones states that on January 16, the next day after leaving San Diego, and 120 miles west by south from that port, he sighted the hull of the schooner Minnie, of San Diego. The schooner was submerged, except the stern, which protruded far enough above the water to show her name. There were no signs of life about the vessel.

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Newhall's Store Crowded to the Doors. WHY NOT? When You Can Purchase From the Newest and Choicest Stock in Seattle Goods Like These. SAMPLE REDUCTIONS. 90c Fancy Silks, very latest effects... at 49c a yard. \$1.25 Fancy Dress Goods, latest novelties... at 68c a yard. \$1.00 Fancy Dress Goods, latest novelties... at 35c a yard. 20c Dress Linings (we carry the Nubian brand)... reduced to 10c a yard. \$10.00 Jackets, ladies' sizes... reduced to \$3.50 each. \$1.50, \$2.00, \$2.50 and \$3.00 Shirt Waists... reduced to 50c each. \$1.00 Kid Gloves, broken sizes... reduced to 25c a pair. \$1.25 Kid Gloves... reduced to 50c a pair. 50c Ladies' Union Suits (cotton)... reduced to 10c each. 25c Ladies' Black Cashmere Hose... 25c a pair. 12 1/2c Black Cotton Hose... reduced to 7c a pair. 10c Black Cotton Hose... reduced to 3c a pair. \$1.50 a pair Bed Spreads... reduced to 95c a pair. \$2.00 a pair Lace Curtains... reduced to 90c a pair. 8c Outing Flannels... reduced to 5c a yard. 8c Outing Flannels... reduced to 3c a yard. 10-4 Bleached Sheetings, the old-timer charges 20c... reduced to 14c a yard. 15c Turkish Towels... reduced to 11c each. 10c Checked Nainsook... reduced to 4 1/2c a yard. 10c 27-inch Flouncing... reduced to 25c a yard. 15c Cube Pins, all sizes... reduced to 6c a card. Cube Hairpins... 3c a box. Brass Pins... 1c a paper. 50c Ladies' Fine Muslin Drawers... 20c a pair. 25-inch Lonsdale Muslin, 36-inch Fruit of Loom, best quality... both 3c a yard. 20c Embroideries, dainty effects... reduced to 2c a yard. When you read these prices, are you surprised at our crowds? E. W. NEWHALL & CO. Cor. Second Av. and Madison St.

ADAMS. TODAY. 45c. For 6 cans Erie Preserving Co's Red Ripe Tomatoes. We reserve the right to limit quantity on this sale. TODAY. And not over two pounds to customer, we will sell our best Java and Mocha Coffee, our regular price, 40 cents per pound, for 35 cents per pound; this price good only for today, Feb. 3rd. TODAY. Our regular 35-cent coffee at 30 cents. TODAY. Our regular 30-cent coffee at 25 cents. TODAY. Our regular 25-cent coffee at 22 cents. TODAY. Our regular 20-cent coffee at 18 cents. TODAY. Our regular 15-cent coffee at 13 cents. TODAY. Our regular 10-cent coffee at 9 cents. TODAY. Arbuckle's coffee at 9 1/2c per pound. J. F. Adams, Wholesale and Retail Cash Grocer, 907 First Ave., Between Marion and Madison. Telephone, Main 42.

ALASKA FOOTWEAR Largest Stock in Town. RIGHT GOODS. RIGHT PRICES. BROWN BROS., SUCCESSORS TO SAN FRANCISCO SHOE COMPANY 722 First Avenue, Cor. Columbia St. The Largest and Finest Stock of WATCHES, DIAMONDS, JEWELRY, SILVERWARE, CLOCKS, RICH CUT GLASS, ETC., IS TO BE FOUND AT Albert Hansen's Jewelry Store, 706 First Avenue. Skilled workmen for fine watch repairing. The most complete jewelry manufacturing department in the Northwest. Gold dust bought for cash in any quantity. G. H. OLSON GOLD DREDGER COMPANY, Manufacturers of PLACER MINING DREDGES. Our patented arm used on this dredge is pivotally mounted on a boat, which is generally used on machines of this type. The machinery parts are complete, including boiler and engine, with a capacity of 2,000 cubic yards per day, weigh only ten tons. Dredges built by us are working placer grounds a short distance from Seattle and can be seen in operation at any time. For information write to or call on G. H. OLSON GOLD DREDGER COMPANY, Twenty-sixth and East G Street, Tacoma, Washington. Expert Optician and Swiss Watchmaker. The best one in Seattle to fit you with glasses. Consultation free. None but the best workmanship used. Complicated Swiss and English watches repaired. ALON

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When life was extinct three graves were dug. The remains of the two victims were interred with solemn ceremony. The body of the murderer was hastily consigned, face downward, to a shallow grave at the foot of the tree which had borne his lifeless remains. William A. Lee was 32 years of age. He leaves a young widow in Lowell and a little dark-haired daughter, N. A. Call, 12 years of age, had a wife in Worthington, Minn.

SNOW FALLING AT VALDES.

Prospectors Unable to Get Over the Pass Until March. Steamer Alliance brought from Alaska the following passengers: H. B. Davidson, superintendent of the Hunters bay fish cannery; T. L. Thomas and Charles Green, of Orcas. As cargo she had 16,000 cases of salmon consigned to the Pacific Steam Whaling Company, in San Francisco. She sailed for the latter point last night.

The Alliance sailed from Seattle January 3 for Copper river, loaded with 25,000 feet of lumber and forty passengers. She called at Juneau, Dyea and Skagway. She started on the return from Port Valdes January 18, and from Hunters bay January 23.

The prospectors now at Port Valdes have been unable so far to start over the pass. The unusually mild weather, together with the absence of snow up to Christmas, has delayed what might have been more active work. The lower reaches of the Copper river, too shallow for navigation, are yet unfrozen, and it is impossible to ascend them. The Valdes glacier yet presents its summer crevasses and fissures, but will later on give passage, as snow has been falling heavily of late.

Jury Secured for Martin Trial.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 2.—Today's session of the criminal court was consumed in an effort to secure a jury for the trial of Sheriff Martin and deputies. At 3:40 this afternoon the jury was completed and court at once adjourned until tomorrow.

TOWA Iron Works, Limited, Dubuque, Ia., build the best machinery for river steamers, and make a specialty of building sectional steel hulls, which can be easily shipped and quickly bolted together; also builders of all kinds of marine machinery and boilers. Represented by F. A. Hill with Hibbard & Norton Co., Yeager dock, Seattle.

EXPERT WATCH REPAIRING.

Does your watch act as if it were tired? Is its lever out of order? If so bring it to us and we will put it in good order and guarantee it to give perfect satisfaction.

GRAHAM & MOORE, Jewelers.

705 Second Ave. Watches regulated free of charge.

Expert Optician and Swiss Watchmaker.

Is the best one in Seattle to fit you with glasses. Consultation free. None but the best workmanship used. Complicated Swiss and English watches repaired.

ALON

2622 Ave. C. Phone 1021 and 1022.

The "P.I." Reception a Success.

Nearly 5,000 people availed themselves of the invitation extended by the Post-Intelligencer to inspect its mechanical plant yesterday afternoon, and between 1 and 6 o'clock the stairways and halls of the Post-Intelligencer building were thronged with a moving crowd of interested spectators. The journey was taken up at the art rooms and engraving department and continued through the composing rooms, where the almost human Mergenthaler linotype machines were viewed with amazement. The elevator was then taken to the stereotype rooms, where the matrix making and casting received a great deal of attention.

The next feature was witnessing the big edition of the Post-Intelligencer being run on the Hoe press, the most perfect piece of mechanism in the Northwest. To each visitor was given a copy of the weekly as it was printed, and the lists of names for complimentary distribution in the East were turned into the counting room. These papers were sent out last night. There was every type of citizen represented, and there were among the visitors several who were not citizens.

Seattle being represented, city craftsmen, professional men, tradesmen and mechanics were in the moving crowd, all intensely interested in the unusual sights. The entire mechanical process of newspaper making was given explanation, and this paper feels sincere gratification at the result of its "open house." Among those present was Mr. Whitworth, who ran the old Passage hand press, the first press of the Intelligencer. He looked at the new equipment, and said to Pressman Grable that he took pleasure in remembering his early associations when he saw what the Post-Intelligencer had grown to be.

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FRESH Loose Leaf LARD.

50 CENTS PER POUND. Thursday Only. WINSHIP BROS. CO., Inc., GROCERS, 920-922 Western Av., Cor. Madison St. Tel. Main 208.