CITY NOTICES.

thereafter. The owner of any such or parcel of land may redeem the same all liability for the cost and expense such improvement at any time after the ance of the bonds by paying the entire ssment charged against such lot or el remaining unpaid at the time of payment, with interest thereon at the provided in the ordinance levying the ssment to the day of payment, and shall also pay, in addition thereto, fur interest on all installments thereafter ature at the rate of one per centum annum for the respective periods un ed on each installment. In all cases installments of assessments not yet d are paid as above provided, whether re or after the issuance of the bonds, same shall be paid to the city treas who shall receipt therefor, and all so paid shall be applied solely to the ment of such improvements or the re ption of the bonds issued therefor. ere any piece of property has been re ed from liability for the cost of any rovement as herein provided, such ery shall not thereafter be liable for ther special assessment for the cost of improvement, except as otherwise in charter provided. No suit to set aside said special assessment or to enjoin the ding of the same shall be brought, nor defense to the validity thereof be al ed after the expiration of thirty days the time the amount due on each lot piece of ground liable for such assess t is ascertained and confirmed by the ncil. The funds raised by such assess t shall be applied solely towards the re ption of said bonds.

Subdivision 6. The issuance of such ds to the contractor, or the sale there shall operate to transfer to the pur her or contractor or holder thereof, all right and interest of the city in respect such assessment and the lien thereby ted subject to the right of redemption in provided, and shall authorize the der or holders thereof to receive sue and collect or have collected such bond bonds, by or through any of the methods vided by law for the collection of as ments for local improvements, and, if city shall fail, neglect or refuse to pay bonds or to promptly collect any of assessments when due, the owner or ers of any such bonds may proceed in or their own name to collect such as ment and foreclose the lien thereof in court of competent jurisdiction, and ll recover, in addition to the amount of r their bonds, and interest thereon, five centum thereof, together with the costs such suit. Any number of holders of bonds for any single improvement y join as plaintiffs, and any number of ers of property upon which the said ds are a lien may be joined as defend s in any such suit. Such bonds shall be al liens upon the property for the as ment represented by such bonds, with priority of one over another, to the ex t only, however, of the several assess ts made and not redeemed from against several lots and parcels of land in the essment district.

Subdivision 7. No holder of any such d shall have any claim whatever there against the city in any event, except receive from the city his proper share collections made by the city of the spe assessments levied for the payment reof, but the remedy of every such hold shall, in case of non-payment, be con d to the enforcement of such assess t. A copy of this subdivision shall be nly written, printed or engraved on face of each bond so issued.

Subdivision 8. The city treasurer shall the interest on the bonds hereby au rized to be issued out of the respective al improvement funds upon which they payable, and shall whenever there shall be sufficient money in such funds call and pay therefrom the principal of such ds or any of them. Said bonds shall be ed in and paid in numerical order.

Subdivision 9. Whenever the city has etofore issued bonds for the purpose of ing the cost and expense of local im vements, or has sold such bonds and such cost and expense from the pro s thereof, the city may, with the con t of the holders of such bonds, ex nge for them bonds in the form pro d herein.

Subdivision 10. In case any assessment been heretofore levied to pay the cost expense of any local improvement, ch is payable in installments under the visions of any law or the charter or inances of the city, the same may be d and collected and the property nged thereby may be redeemed from bility thereon in the manner provided rein."

further resolved that the fore going proposed amendment be and the e is hereby submitted to the qualified ters of the City of Seattle for their rat ation or rejection at the next general ction, to be held March 8th, 1898.

assed the city council the 4th day of uary, 1898, and signed by me in open sion in authentication of its passage 4th day of January, 1898.

THOS. NAVIN,
President Pro Tem. of the City Council.

filed by me this 4th day of January, 1898.

WILL H. PARRY,
y Comptroller and Ex-Officio City Clerk.

ate of first publication, January 29, 1898.

SOLUTION NO. 199—Be it resolved by e City Council of the City of Seattle as llows:

That it is the intention of the City Seattle to improve Third Avenue be en Yesler Way and Pike Street, Union et between the east margin of Sec Avenue and the east margin of Fourth enue and Fourth Avenue between on Street and Pine Street by replank the roadway and alley sidewalk cross e thereof.

That the cost thereof be paid by essments to be levied upon the proper abutting upon said portions of Third Avenue, Union Street Fourth Avenue under the plan of ayment by bonds," in the manner pro ed by the Charter and Ordinances of City of Seattle, or as said Charter and dinances may be amended, and that the m of said bonds be for the period of (5) years.

That the City Engineer be directed nish to the City Council an estimate the cost of said improvement.

That the matter of making said im vement will be considered by the City ncil by a session thereof to be held on 28th day of February, 1898, at 7:30 ock p. m., at which time all persons ring to be heard before the City Coun upon the matter of making said im vement are notified to be present.

assed the City Council the 14th day of ruary, 1898, and signed by me in open sion in authentication of its passage 14th day of February, 1898.

J. E. CRICHTON,
President of the City Council.

filed by me this 14th day of February, 1898.

WILL H. PARRY,
y Comptroller & Ex-officio City Clk.

ate of first publication, February 16, 1898.

SOLUTION NO. 201—Be it resolved by e City Council of the City of Seattle as llows:

That it is the intention of the City of ttle to improve Twelfth Avenue from t Jefferson Street to Yesler Way by ding the same and by constructing walks and parking strips on both s thereof in a manner similar to those d in the improvement of Twelfth Av e, north of East Jefferson Street.

That the cost thereof be paid by as ments to be levied upon the property ting upon said portion of said Twelfth nue and said Twelfth Avenue South er the plan of "immediate payment," the manner provided by the Charter Ordinances of the City of Seattle.

That the City Engineer be directed urnish to the City Council an estimate the cost of said improvement.

That the matter of making said im vement will be considered by the City ncil at a session thereof to be held on 28th day of February, 1898, at 7:30 ock p. m., at which time all persons de ng to be heard before the City Council the matter of making said improve t are notified to be present.

assed the City Council the 14th day of ruary, 1898, and signed by me in open sion in authentication of its passage 14th day of February, 1898.

J. E. CRICHTON,
President of the City Council.

filed by me this 14th day of February, 1898.

WILL H. PARRY,
Comptroller & Ex-officio City Clerk.

ate of first publication February 16, 1898.

SOLUTION NO. 203—BE IT RESOLV d by the City Council of the City of Seattle as follows:

That it is the intention of the City Seattle to improve the alley running ough Blocks Six (6), Seven (7) and ht (8), of Maynard's plat of the Town e City of Seattle by replanking the e to the established grade.

That the cost thereof be paid by essments to be levied upon the prop r abutting upon said portions of d Third Avenue, Union Street Fourth Avenue under the plan of ayment by bonds," in the manner pro ed by the Charter and Ordinances of City of Seattle, or as said Charter and dinances may be amended, and that the m of said bonds be for the period of (5) years.

That the City Engineer be directed nish to the City Council an estimate the cost of said improvement.

That the matter of making said im vement will be considered by the City ncil by a session thereof to be held on 28th day of February, 1898, at 7:30 ock p. m., at which time all persons ring to be heard before the City Coun upon the matter of making said im vement are notified to be present.

assed the City Council the 14th day of ruary, 1898, and signed by me in open sion in authentication of its passage 14th day of February, 1898.

J. E. CRICHTON,
President of the City Council.

filed by me this 14th day of February, 1898.

WILL H. PARRY,
ty Comptroller & Ex-officio City Clk.

ate of first publication, February 16, 1898.

CITY NOTICES.

provement will be considered by the City Council at a session thereof to be held on the 28th day of February, 1898, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., at which time all persons desiring to be heard before the City Council upon the matter of making said improvement are notified to be present.

Passed the City Council the 15th day of February, 1898, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 15th day of February, 1898.

J. E. CRICHTON,
President of the City Council.

Filed by me this 15th day of February, 1898.

WILL H. PARRY,
City Comptroller and Ex-officio City Clerk.

Date of first publication, February 17, 1898.

RESOLUTION NO. 205—BE IT RESOLVed by the City Council of the City of Seattle as follows:

(1) That it is the intention of the City of Seattle to improve the alley running through Blocks One (1), Two (2) and Three (3), of Maynard's plat of the Town now City of Seattle by replanking the same to the established grade.

(2) That the cost thereof be paid by assessments to be levied upon the property abutting upon said portions of said alley under the plan of "immediate payment" in the manner provided by the Charter and ordinances of the City of Seattle.

(3) That the City Engineer be directed to furnish to the city Council an estimate of the cost of said improvement.

(4) That the matter of making said improvement will be considered by the City Council at a session thereof to be held on the 28th day of February, 1898, at 7:30 o'clock P. M., at which time all persons desiring to be heard before the City Council upon the matter of making said improvement are notified to be present.

Passed the City Council the 15th day of February, 1898, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 15th day of February, 1898.

J. E. CRICHTON,
President of the City Council.

Filed by me this 15th day of February, 1898.

WILL H. PARRY,
City Comptroller and Ex-officio City Clerk.

Date of first publication, February 17, 1898.

RESOLUTION NO. 206—BE IT RESOLVed by the City Council of the City of Seattle as follows:

(1) That it is the intention of the City of Seattle to improve the alley running through Blocks Nine (9), Ten (10) and Eleven (11), of Maynard's plat of the Town now City of Seattle by replanking the same to the established grade.

(2) That the cost thereof be paid by assessments to be levied upon the property abutting upon said portions of said alley under the plan of "immediate payment" in the manner provided by the Charter and ordinances of the City of Seattle.

(3) That the City Engineer be directed to furnish to the city Council an estimate of the cost of said improvement.

(4) That the matter of making said improvement will be considered by the City Council at a session thereof to be held on the 28th day of February, 1898, at 7:30 o'clock P. M., at which time all persons desiring to be heard before the City Council upon the matter of making said improvement are notified to be present.

Passed the City Council the 15th day of February 1898, and signed by me in open session in authentication of its passage this 15th day of February, 1898.

J. E. CRICHTON,
President of the City Council.

Filed by me this 15th day of February, 1898.

WILL H. PARRY,
City Comptroller and Ex-officio City Clerk.

Date of first publication, February 17, 1898.

THE CITY OF SEATTLE—City Treasurer's Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the 3d annual installment of local improvement district No. 95 for the improvement of Kenney Street, in the City of Seattle, from Barclay Street (or Remington Avenue) to Madison Street, under the provisions of ordinance No. 3,317, which provides for the improvement of said street by grading the same and by constructing sidewalks on both sides thereof with parking strips between the sidewalks and roadway, and providing for the payment therefor in installments and establishing a fund for such payment by the levying and collection of special assessments upon the property benefited by the improvement, and providing for the issuance of bonds as authorized by an act of the legislature of the State of Washington, approved March 9th, 1893, and under the provisions of ordinance No. 3,349, approved May 7th, 1894, as amended by ordinance No. 3,440, approved July 11th, 1894, has been duly certified to me for collection, and the respective sums therein charged and levied against each parcel and lot of land, and part thereof, in said district, in payment of such installment remains unpaid, and the same, including the interest on the whole amount charged, must be paid on or before the 20th day of March, 1898. Unless payment be made on such installment on or before the 20th day of March, 1898, the same shall become delinquent and shall bear interest at the rate of 9 per cent. per annum, until paid, and if not paid before said time, a penalty of five (5) per cent. shall be added, and the sums delinquent shall be entered on the annual tax roll for the current year against each lot and parcel of land, and part thereof, so delinquent, and with the interest and penalty shall be collected as other taxes, together with such additional charges or penalties as are authorized to be charged and collected on other delinquent taxes, and each lot or parcel of land so delinquent shall be sold for the amount of such assessment, with interest, penalty and costs, in the manner provided by law.

GEORGE F. MEACHAM,
City Treasurer of the City of Seattle.

Date of first publication, February 19th, 1898.

CITY TREASURER'S NOTICE—The following city warrants will be paid upon presentation at the City Treasurer's Office. Interest on said warrants will cease at the expiration of fifteen days from the date of the first publication of this notice. Judgment Fund Warrants Nos. 177 to 202 inclusive; Rainier St. Ordinance No. 2390, Warrants Nos. 2775, 2776 and 2777, part payment, $125.00.

GEORGE F. MEACHAM,
City Treasurer of the City of Seattle.

Date of first publication February 16th, 1898.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for King County; Alfred Crebbin, Plaintiff, vs. Eliza Spray and George W. Spray, her husband, Jarvis-Conklin Mortgage Trust Company, a corporation, North American Trust Company, a corporation, The Seattle Lumber and Commercial Company, a corporation, Harriet R. Ulin and Erick Ulin, Jr., her husband, Defendants. No. 25000. Summons.

The State of Washington, to the said, The Seattle Lumber and Commercial Company, a corporation, Harriet R. Ulin and Erick Ulin, Jr., her husband:—

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 29th day of January, 1898, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiff, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court;

Said action is brought and the object thereof is to obtain a judgment against the defendants, Eliza Spray and George W. Spray, her husband, for the sum of four thousand ($4,000) dollars, with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum, computed semi-annually, from January 1, 1891, less a credit thereon on account of interest of seven hundred and fifty-eight ($758) dollars, and for the further sum of seventeen ($17) dollars with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from December 26, 1896, and for the further sum of ten dollars and sixty-two ($10.62) cents with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from March 6, 1897, and for the further sum of six hundred and seventy-three dollars and fifty-seven cents ($673.57) with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from November 24, 1897, and for the further sum of four dollars ($4.00) with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from December 29, 1897, and for the further sum of four hundred ($400) dollars attorney's fees and for costs of this action, and to foreclose the lien of a certain mortgage made and executed on the 1st day of January, 1891, by Eliza Spray and George W. Spray, mortgaging the following described property, to-wit: Lot three (3) block two (2) in the plat of an addition to the town (now city) of Seattle, Washington, laid off by the heirs of Sarah A. Bell, as recorded in Volume one, Plats, page 103, records of said county, said premises being situated on Fifth street between Olive and Pine streets, in said City, containing in all 60 by 120 feet, said real estate being situated in Seattle, King County, Washington. Which said mortgage is now of record in the Auditor's office of King County, Washington, in book 52 of mortgages, on page 509, of the records of said county, and which, together with the debt thereby secured, has been sold and transferred to plaintiff. And to bar and foreclose above defendants, and each and all of them, of and from any and all right, title and interest and equity of redemption therein, and thereto, and to obtain for plaintiff further relief in the premises and for the appointment of a receiver for said mortgaged premises.

PRATT & RIDDLE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address: 309-310-311 Bailey Building, Seattle, Washington.

Date of first publication, January 29th, 1898.

IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE State of Washington for the County of King. Alfred Crebbin, plaintiff, vs. Ella M. Sanderson (unmarried), Jarvis-Conklin Mortgage Trust Company, a corporation; North American Trust Company, a corporation; Harry White, Will R. White, George W. H. White, Robert Kneale and Amelia Knipe, his wife; Lillie E. Steeves, administratrix of the estate of John A. Steeves (deceased), Lillie E. Steeves, a widow, sole heir of John A. Steeves (deceased), defendants. No. 25,601. Summons.

The State of Washington, to the said Ella M. Sanderson (unmarried), Will R. White, George W. H. White:—

You are hereby summoned to appear within sixty (60) days after the date of the first publication of this summons, to-wit, within sixty days after the 29th day of January, 1898, and defend the above entitled action in the above entitled court, and answer the complaint of the plaintiff, and serve a copy of your answer upon the undersigned attorneys for plaintiff, at their office below stated; and in case of your failure so to do, judgment will be rendered against you according to the demand of the complaint, which has been filed with the clerk of said court.

Said action is brought and the object thereof is to obtain a judgment against the defendant, Ella M. Sanderson (unmarried), and the estate of John A. Steeves, deceased, for the sum of four thousand five hundred ($4,500) dollars with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum, computed semi-annually from November 1, 1889, less a credit thereon on account of interest of ten hundered and thirty-seven dollars and forty-five cents ($1,037.45); and for the further sum of eight dollars and fifty cents ($8.50) with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from October 25, 1897; and for the further sum of five hundred and twenty-eight dollars and ninety-eight cents ($528.98) with interest thereon at the rate of twelve per cent. per annum from November 24, 1897; and for the further sum of four hundred and fifty dollars ($450) attorney's fees and for his costs of suit, and to foreclose the lien of a certain mortgage made and executed on the 1st day of November, 1889, by Ella M. Sanderson, mortgaging the following described property, to-wit: Lot No. twelve (12) and the south half (S. ½) of lot No. eleven (11) in block U, Bell's Sixth (6th) Addition to the City of Seattle as the same appears of record, said real estate being situated in Seattle, King County, Washington. Which said mortgage is now of record in the Auditor's office of King County, Washington, in book 42 of mortgages, on page 349, of the records of said county, and which, together with the debt thereby secured, has been sold and transferred to plaintiff. And to bar and foreclose above defendants, and each and all of them, of and from any and all right, title, and interest and equity of redemption therein, and thereto, and to obtain for plaintiff further relief in the premises and for the appointment of a receiver for said mortgaged premises.

PRATT & RIDDLE,
Attorneys for Plaintiff.

P. O. Address: 309-310-311 Bailey Building, Seattle, Washington.

Date of first publication, January 29th, 1898.

RECEIVER'S SALE—Under an order of the Superior Court of the State of Washington, for King County, the Receiver of the Washington Savings Bank will sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash certain personal property of said bank, consisting of notes secured by mortgages and other collateral, and unsecured, among which collateral are the following: 210 shares of stock of the Clise Investment Company, 1561.31 shares of stock of the Green Lake Home Building & Guarantee Company and 200 shares of stock of the Green Lake Electric Railway Company. That a complete list of the property to be sold can be had by application to the undersigned.

Said sale will be held on Monday, the 7th day of March, commencing at 10 a. m., on said day, in the Library room of the King County Court House, Seattle, Washington, and will be continued from day to day until all said property is sold.

Terms of sale, 5 per cent. cash on the date of sale and the balance in cash on the confirmation of the sale by the court. Said sale is made subject to confirmation by the Superior Court of King County, either as a whole or as to any particular item thereof.

GEORGE H. KING,
Receiver of the Washington Savings Bank, Room 53 Boston Block, Seattle, Washington.

BANKS.

PEOPLE'S SAVINGS BANK.
Occidental Block, Seattle, Wash.

Capital $100,000

—OFFICERS AND TRUSTEES.—

Jacob Furth ..... President
Arthur A. Denny ..... Vice President
John Leary ..... Second Vice President
James R. Hayden, Manager, Cash'r, Sec'y
Frank I. Blodgett ..... Assistant Cashier
Sigmund Schwabacher, John Collins,
E. C. Neufelder, J. T. Greenleaf.

Transacts a savings bank business exclusively.
Deposits received from $1 to $10,000.
Interest allowed per annum: Six per cent. on term deposits; 4 per cent. on ordinary deposits.
Dividends declared last days of May and November. Loans made on real estate or approved collaterals only.

THE PUGET SOUND NATIONAL BANK OF SEATTLE.

Capital stock paid in $525,000
Surplus 35,000

Jacob Furth ..... President
E. C. Neufelder ..... Vice President
R. V. Ankeny ..... Cashier

Correspondence in all the principal cities in the United States and Europe.

DEXTER HORTON & CO., BANKERS.
Incorporated 1887.

Capital $200,000
Surplus 100,000
President ..... A. A. Denny
Vice President ..... W. M. Ladd
Manager ..... N. H. Latimer
Cashier ..... F. R. Van Tuyl

Sight exchange and telegraphic transfers on New York, Chicago, St. Paul, San Francisco, Portland and various points in Oregon and British Columbia.
Sight bills of exchange on London available elsewhere in Europe.
Collections made at all points on favorable terms.
Bonds, stocks and other valuables received on deposit for safe keeping.

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF SEATTLE.

Paid-up capital $150,000
Surplus 150,000

Maurice McMicken ..... President
J. H. McGraw ..... Vice President
Lester Turner ..... Cashier

General banking business transacted.
Sight and telegraphic exchange payable in all the principal cities of the United States and Europe.
Letters of credit furnished, on Alaska, payable at all trading posts of the N. A. T. & T. Co.

BANKS.

NATIONAL BANK OF COMMERCE.

Paid-up capital $300,000

Transacts a general banking business.

M. D. Ballard ..... President
H. C. Henry ..... Vice President
R. R. Spencer ..... Cashier

Safety Deposit Boxes for Rent.

MADE ME A MAN
AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE
ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Impotency, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by Abuse or other Excesses and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or marriage. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all other fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 CTS. per package; or six pkges (full treatment) for $2.50. By mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circular free. AJAX REMEDY CO., 79 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

PILES Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared for Piles and Itching of the private parts. Every box is warranted. By druggists, by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00. WILLIAMS MANUFACTURING CO., Props., Cleveland.
For sale by Stewart & Holmes Drug Co.

DR. GUNN'S IMPROVED LIVER PILLS
For People That Are Sick or "Just Don't Feel Well."
ONLY ONE FOR A DOSE.
Removes Pimples, cures Headache, Dyspepsia and Costiveness. 25 cts a box at druggists or by mail. Samples Free, address Dr. Bosanko Co. Phila. Pa.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Sold by all Local Druggists.

THE DEAF HEAR
"Common Sense Ear Drums"
Relieve all conditions of Deafness and Head Noises, where Medical skill fails. The only Scientific Aural Sound Conductor in the world. Safe to wear, comfortable, invisible, no dangerous wire or metal attachment. Recommended by physicians. Write for book. Free.
Wilson Ear Drum Co., 352 Trust Bldg., Louisville, Ky.

MEN BE MANLY
We will send you a five (5) day trial treatment of the French Remedy CALTHOS free, on C. O. D. and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges and Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhœa, Varicocele, and RESTORE Lost Vigor.
It costs you nothing to try it.
Von Mohl Co. 529 B Sole American Agts. Cincinnati, O.

BLOOD POISON
Have You Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, Aches, Old Sores, Ulcers in Mouth, Hair-Falling? Write COOK REMEDY CO., 314 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ill., for proofs of cures. Capital, $500,000. Worst cases cured in 15 to 35 days. 100-page book free.

An Instrument of Torture

Is a truss made on the plan of the above, with a heavy steel strap or iron band, as you well know if you have been in the habit of wearing one. Throw it away! Why will you continue wearing such an instrument of torture when we can furnish you a most efficient truss without any iron hoops or steel springs about it, and one which may be worn with ease and comfort NIGHT and DAY? It is just the thing for the Klondike; IT WON'T BREAK!

As for CURES, "DR. PIERCE'S PATENT MAGNETIC ELASTIC TRUSS" has accomplished THOUSANDS! It is an ELECTRIC truss; the only genuine and successful one ever invented and has been sold for the past TWENTY-TWO years. If ruptured, it will pay you to investigate at once. Consultation free. Trusses fitted without extra charge. Call or send 3c in stamps for our New Book on Rupture. This book also describes our New Appliances for Piles, Varicose Veins, etc. Address:

MAGNETIC ELASTIC TRUSS COMPANY,
704 Sacramento street, corner Kearny, San Francisco.

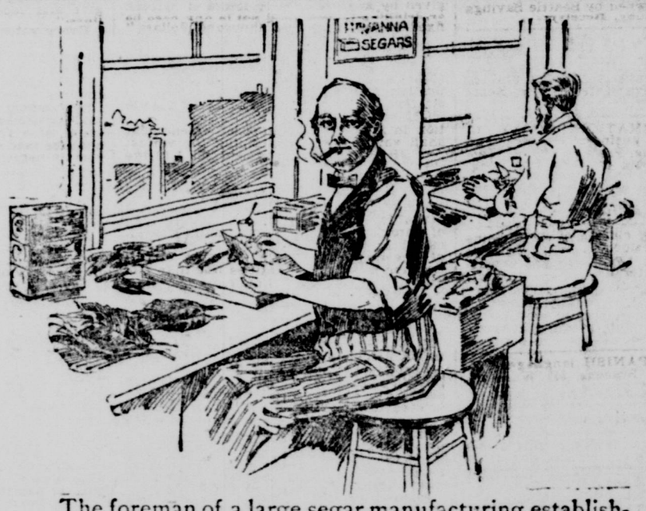
Seattle office, 35-36 Sullivan block, 712 First avenue, between Columbia and Cherry.

Beware of Imitations

LEA & PERRINS' The Original & Genuine Worcestershire SAUCE
JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, AGENTS, NEW YORK.

CHOICE
ONION SETS,
EARLY GARDEN PEAS,
RADISHES, ETC.
Time to Plant Them.
E. J. BOWEN,
212 Occidental Av., Seattle, Wash.
KLONDIKE SEEDS.

HOTEL BUTLER
Seattle's Largest and Only First-Class European Plan Hotel.
Cafe and Grill Room in Connection.
Rooms With or Without Baths.



The foreman of a large segar manufacturing establishment in Philadelphia says: "One who has charge of a segar manufacturing plant has duties that are many and burdensome. He must be amidst tobacco leaf and tobacco dust most of the time, and that experience is by no means beneficial to his lungs. Working at segars regularly I naturally smoke a great deal, and as a result am subject to a frequent dizziness in the head from over-smoking. For this ailment I have found no better cure than Ripans Tabules and I generally take one just before leaving the factory. If I do this I feel soon after emerging that the magic Tabule has wrought a change in my system and strengthened my nerves. I also find Ripans Tabules a help for lost appetite and a remedy for biliousness, and I never miss an opportunity to recommend them to my friends."

A new style packet containing TEN RIPANS TABULES in a paper carton (without glass) is now for sale at some drug stores—50c. per dozen cartons. The low-priced one is intended for the poor and the economical. One dozen of the five-cent cartons (10 tabules) can be had by mail by sending forty-eight cents to the RIPANS CHEMICAL COMPANY, No. 10 Spruce Street, New York—or a single carton (TEN TABULES) will be sent for five cents.

TOWER'S TRADE MARK FISH BRAND WATERPROOF CLOTHING.
KLONDIKERS
DON'T FORGET
That a waterproof coat and hat are the most important articles to take with you. Tower's Fish Brand waterproof clothing is the only kind that will keep you dry in a hard rain. When you buy your outfit insist upon having the Fish Brand waterproof clothing and see that the Fish Brand trade mark is on each article.
For Sale by the most Reliable Dealers.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents premature old age, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of Impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities.
BEFORE AND AFTER
CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.
Two million sufferers are not cured by Doctors because ninety per cent are troubled with Troublettis. CUPIDENE is the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given to cure. Money returned if six boxes does not effect a permanent cure. Price, $1.00 per box, six for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.
Address Davol Medicine Co., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.
For sale at Lang's Drug Store, Front and Columbia streets, Seattle, Wash.

YARNS SPUN IN CLOAK ROOMS

HOW CONGRESSMEN WHILE AWAY IDLE HOURS IN WASHINGTON.

Choice Spirits Sparkle Betimes—A Cozy Rendezvous for Good Fellows Who Love a Joke and a Witty Yarn—Johnny Allen's Gems.

The cloak rooms are two cozy little nooks adjoining the hall of the house of representatives, writes Amos Cummings in the Washington Post. One is patronized by Republicans and the other by Democrats. They are really the private boxes of the legislative theater. Their doorways command good views of the chamber and galleries and of the faces and figures of the actors. Within these boxes electric lights shed a soft radiance, and sofas and easy chairs invite weary representatives to sweet repose. In winter a cheerful wood fire is ever ablaze on a tiny hearth adorned with a mantel of variegated marble. Around this ingleside gather a few choice spirits, who light their pipes and cigars and solace themselves with quaint stories and reminiscences, while the drowsy hum of dreary discussion is heard in the house. The Democratic nook was a favorite resort in days long past of Governor Andy Curtin, Sunset Cox, Charles F. Crisp, Davy Culbertson, John R. Fellows and scores of statesmen of more or less renown. Samuel J. Randall, William S. Holman, Fernando Wood and men of that ilk had no use for the cloak room. Life was too serious a matter for them. Whatever of verve and vivacity was about them was reserved for post-prandial speeches or club room seances. They tabooed levity while in the house, and went so far as to hang their hats and overcoats in their committee rooms in preference to the cloak room. The habitues of these cozy nooks are men whose dispositions are streaked with sunshine and who relieve the strain of legislative work by opening the safety valve of mirth. To them an hour in the cloak room is like recess to a schoolboy. Figuratively, they run and jump and shout, play "red lion," "pull away" and "snap the whip." To the new member this daily recess is a revelation. At first he is dazed; anon interested, and in many cases captivated. He sees well known statesmen in a light entirely new, and if gifted with wit and repartee, winds up with becoming a member of the inner circle himself and contributes to the fund of enjoyment. The retailer of obsolete stories or of pithless reminiscences quickly goes to seed, but the unique original is fertilized with unrestrained applause and flourishes like a green bay tree.

Hours in the cloak room vary in salubrity like days in winter. The atmosphere is not always clear. Cloudy days alternate with sunny ones, or the rain falls, and at times there is a heavy frost and freezing weather. One sunny hour occurred during the debate on the civil service bill. Silver Dollar Bland and David De Armond were of the party. Carmack, of Memphis, sat nearest the fire, and John Allen, of Mississippi, was struggling with an alleged perfecto. Judge Moon, of Tennessee, was twiddling his thumbs in unalloyed enjoyment, while the sunny-faced Starit, of South Carolina, was extracting comfort from a clay pipe made by a Watauga Indian. There were a dozen or more in the party. John Allen opened a reminiscent campaign by referring to a hot confab which had just occurred on the floor of the house.

"It reminded me," said John, "of a scene that happened in my district in a little town down in Oktibbeha county. The sun was about on a level with the horizon and the chickens were thinking about going to roost, when a dispute arose between two lanky citizens in front of a country store. Their language was quaint and idiomatic, but painfully virile. It would have attracted more than the usual attention in Faneuil hall and it would have horrified Plymouth church. The men were evidently old acquaintances and on that account were disposed to be lenient toward each other. Both were armed, but neither drew a weapon. They had almost reached the border line of passion when the heaviest of the two sprang into his saddle, gave his horse free rein and rode away. As he disappeared at a turn in the road some one turned to the lone man and asked him who his antagonist was. 'He's as good a friend and as square a neighbor as you'll see in a dog's age,' was the response. 'The only trouble with him is that when he's drunk his mind won't work at all, and when he's sober he's a cussed fool.'"

John knocked the ashes from the alleged perfecto and looked unconcerned, while his colleagues roared with laughter. Before the merriment had ceased Mark Smith, of Arizona, sprang into the melee. "It's a good story," he said, "and reminds me of something that happened several years ago in Arizona. Two friends of mine were riding near the Mexican border, when they were startled at seeing the body of a man swinging from the limb of a tree. It was evident that Judge Lynch had been holding court and that a verdict had been rendered in accordance with the evidence in the case. Some one had saved the sheriff of the county much trouble and some expense. A group of buzzards were perched on a limb above the victim, gazing at a paper pinioned upon his back. As my friends approached the buzzards stretched their wings rather reluctantly and flapped away 100 yards or more. The horsemen rode around the body and finally deciphered the inscription on the paper. Somebody had written upon it the words: 'This was a very bad man in some respects, and a thundering sight worse in others.' The buzzards were evidently in a quandary over the inscription, for the body was untouched."

It was almost too ghastly a story to be amusing, but Mark's way of telling it captured the coterie. It's one thing to tell a story and another thing to write it. The voice and accent of the narrator cannot be photographed, nor can his facial expression be given. All these add to the zest of the narration, and aid materially in making the denouement. The laughter over Mark's story had hardly subsided before the Hon. Ike Hill, of Ohio, burst into the cloak room with important news from Columbus, where a great senatorial fight was raging. The news started John Allen afresh. He said that the matter would probably be fixed up according to the logic of a negro down in Mississippi. The financial situation and its relation to the African race were under discussion. "I tell you, Ephraim, what am de trouble wid de niggah, an' why he don't done prospah like de white man. Yu see, de niggah he don't know how to transfer, nchow. Now de white man he know how to transfer—yes, indeedy. Now, yere am de milk in de nut. If I done gib my note to a white man to git $100 fer to make a crop wid, he done transfer it to de merchant, an' de merchant he done transfer it to de commission merchant, and de commission merchant he done transfer it to de bank, an' dat bank she done transfer it to anudder bank, and chery one o' dem gits $100 on it but me. I has to pay $100, 'cause I don't done understand dis yere system o' transfer. No, sah; de niggah ain't gwine to prospah till he done learn how to transfer."

Of course, the reminiscence, to say nothing of its application, gave rise to a new stream of merriment. It encouraged the great Mississippian to a new effort. It came in pat when some one commented on the prolonged absence of a well known habitue of the cloak room.

"He used to spend the most of his time here at the extra session," remarked Mr. Cochran, of Missouri, "but he seems to have deserted us for good."

"His desertion," broke in Allen, "reminds me of a story told me by Rev. Sam Jones some months ago. And, by the bye, Sam Jones is one of the best story tellers I ever met. This incident occurred in his early church life, while he was the pastor of a country church up in the mountains of Georgia. His congregation kept up a continual assault on the outposts of Satan. They had prayer meetings and class meetings continuaty, and wound up once a month with a genuine hip-and-knee baptismal service. One of the most enthusiastic members of the church was Brother Snodgrass. He always took the lead at class meetings, and was regarded as the bell wether of the flock. Suddenly he ceased coming to class meetings; nor did he appear at church on Sundays. Three months had passed, and nothing had been seen of Brother Snodgrass. One night at class meeting Brother Dusenberry got up and told his experience. It was well seasoned with 'amens' and 'Lord be praised.' It was so affecting that many of the brethren and all of the sisters were in tears. When Brother Dusenberry took his seat, Mr. Jones said, 'Brother Dusenberry, isn't Brother Snodgrass a neighbor of yours?'

"'Yes, pasture,' said Brother Dusenberry, 'Brother Snodgrass is my neighbor. He is a mighty good neighbor, and I reckon a great deal on him.'

"'I am very glad to hear it,' the pastor responded. 'But Brother Snodgrass seems to have entirely dropped his church relations. Can you tell why it is he no longer attends class meetings?'

"'Well, pasture,' replied Brother Dusenberry, drawing a long breath, 'you see, Brother Snodgrass has got to be a leetle quarrelsome when in liquor, and he thinks he had better keep out of a crowd.'"

One of the best stories was told by a New York congressman. It was concerning Colonel Tom Ochiltree. For a year or more the colonel has been an invalid. He has pleasant rooms at the Windsor, in New York. The New York congressman, having some business with him, found him propped up in bed. A negro servant ushered the congressman into the room. The colonel was delighted to see him, and a lively conversation ensued. It was interrupted by a pronounced snore.

"Here, Jim," the colonel shouted, "what's the matter with you. Don't go to sleep here."

"'No, Massa Ochiltree; no indeed, Jim ain't gwine to sleep."

The congressman began to state his business and had used up three minutes of his time when the sonorous snore was again in vibration. A wood sawyer could not have made more noise.

"Jim, you black rascal," roared the colonel, "what in the thunder do you mean, interrupting us in that way? Stop your infernal snore!"

"'Deed, Massa Ochiltree, and 'deed I isn't snoring. Jim's wide-awake man. He yeahs what you say, colonel, 'deed he does."

"Well, keep awake," the colonel responded, "or leave the room."

A third time the conversation proceeded, and a third time the music of a nasal bugle was evident.

"'Jim, you infernal black scoundrel," the colonel cried, "get out of the room—get out this instant. This is the third time you've gone to sleep."

"Tain't me at all, massa, 'deed tain't me," Jim replied. "Don't you know what it am, Massa Ochiltree? It am dis yere dry steam register a-drawin', dat's what it am. Tain't no snore at all—dat it aint."

So much for the cloak room of the house. The cloak rooms of the senate are grander and far more royally furnished. They might not inaptly be termed parlors, or even boudoirs. Lemonade and