NO CALIFORNIA SENATOR.

THE CLOSE BALLOT THREE WITHOUT AN ELECTION DURING 1899.

Legislature Will Not Adjourn Until 12 O'clock Today, but by Agreement There Will Be No Further Joint Session and No Ballot.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 18.—The joint ballot for United States senator has been taken without choice, and the joint convention adjourned, after being in session for nearly three hours, during which time eleven ballots were taken. The proceedings were marked with much gesticulation, the lobby crowding the floor of the assembly chamber. The segment-at-arms was apparently unable to control the crowd. Three ballots were taken without result. Finally, a fourth Republican, Dan Slaughter, a Populist, offered a resolution calling for a ten-day recess at 6 o'clock. The resolution was voted down by a vote of 36 to 42. At the end of the fourth ballot Senator-elect Perkins, a Republican, announced the withdrawal of Senator Cutter, a Silver Republican, announcing a substitute providing that the joint convention take no more ballots and if there were no senator elected when the books had been taken, to adjourn sine die. A heated discussion ensued, which was concluded by Cutter and Estelle withdrawing their resolutions. At the end of the seventh ballot Senator, a Silver Republican, moved that a recess be taken until 7:30 this evening. Cutter offered a substitute resolution providing that when twelve more ballots had been taken, adjournment be taken sine die. Cutter's resolution was adopted by a close vote of 41 to 39. The balloting continued for twelve ballots, with few changes.

Grant lost a vote and gained one, while Boring gained three votes. This set the two leaders for the first time since the beginning of the session. Grant being been one to three votes in the lead all the time. The twelfth ballot under Cutter's resolution, the adjournment of the day and the hour of the session, gave the following result:

Total number of votes cast, 120.
Necessary for a choice, 61.

Barnes, Rep	1	Flanigan, Rep	1
Boring, Rep	3	Geary, Rep	1
Bulla, Rep	1	Grant, Rep	41
Cutter, Rep	1	Hilborn, Rep	1
Estelle, Rep	1	Perkins, Rep	1
Fitzgerald, Rep	1	Slaughter, Rep	1
Fitzpatrick, Rep	1	Wolfe, Rep	1
Flint, Rep	1	Wright, Dem	24
Foote, Rep	1	Rosenfeld, Dem	1

When the result had been announced a motion was made to reconsider the vote by which the Cutter resolution had been adopted. Debate raised the point that the joint assembly was under the provisions of the United States statutes and adjournment sine die could not be taken by resolution for while the legislature was in session. Speaker Pro Tem. Flint, who was presiding, ruled that while the resolution to reconsider on Monday, a motion must be taken.

The motion to reconsider was put to vote and lost by a vote of 56 to 45.

The journal for the day was then read and Speaker Flint declared the joint assembly adjourned.

A scene of wild confusion followed. The Democrats, who had combined with the Grant Republicans to bring about the result, raised a yell of triumph, which was not joined in by the Republicans. The legislature, by concurrent resolution adopted adjourned at midnight. Unless the resolution be set aside by other ballot for senator the result as the same vote which supported the Cutter resolution would be once against an attempt to reconsider the resolution.

It was after 6 o'clock before the members left the assembly chamber. During the intervening several of the Republican leaders attempted to get the Republican members together in order to have the committee reporting calling for adjournment at midnight set aside. Nothing came of it. However, before 6 o'clock the members of the assembly were in their seats once more.

Vinnie, a Burns adherent, introduced a concurrent resolution extending the time of adjournment until 7 o'clock Monday morning, which was supported by one of Grant's Republican assemblymen. Wolfe, of San Diego, with the understanding that the question of the assembly was not to be taken up, but that the time should be devoted to the passage of bills. The resolution was adopted by a vote of 45 to 36.

After a protracted debate the senate adopted the house resolution providing for legislative adjournment sine die at 12 o'clock Monday morning, with the understanding that no further session of the legislature be held, and that there be no more balloting for United States senator.

Another Bribery Story.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—An attempt made today to see H. U. Heineman, accused of having offered Assm. Barnes, the foremost candidate for the senatorship from California, a large sum of money for Barnes' withdrawal in favor of Dan M. Burns, proved futile.

The Examiner, however, prints the following: Former Mayor R. U. Heineman, of Sacramento, arrived at the Palace late Sunday from Sacramento. When told that Barnes had duly charged that he (Heineman) had offered him money for he would withdraw from the senatorial fight, Heineman denounced the story as untrue.

GOV. WELLS WILL NOT APPOINT.

Utah Will Remain With But a Single United States Senator.

SALT LAKE, March 18.—Gov. Wells, for the present at least, has decided not to appoint a United States senator to succeed Senator Cannon, whose successor failed of election in the joint assembly which closed its session in a deadlock on March 3 last.

The governor states that should a senator be appointed from one of the states which the Utah have failed to return a successor to the retiring senator, and the United States senate should act favorably upon the appointment, he will then appoint Senator Cannon's successor, but otherwise he will allow the matter to be settled by the next legislature.

POLITICAL CONFERENCE POSSIBLE.

McKinley and Reed May Meet at Jekyll Island.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., March 18.—Thomasville, for the first time since the president's visit, was rife with political gossip today. Jekyll Island, speculation ran, was to be the scene of an important political gathering, where the future course of the Republican party would be gone over and settled far from the public and the press, and shielded from intrusion by strict enforcement of the trespassing regulations of the rich club which controls its environs.

The sudden appearance of Speaker Reed at Jekyll lend the announcement that President McKinley, Vice President Hobart and Senator Hanna would make their trip there on Monday, and the visit of ex-Secretary of State Day to Thomasville, although merely coincidence, according to those gentlemen named who are here, revived at once recollections of the important part in national history borne of Thomasville conferences four years ago. As to Speaker Reed's presence at Jekyll, both Messrs. Hanna and Hobart said they did not know the speaker was there until they saw the papers. The news, it was evident, was also surprising to others in the president's party, who ordinarily would have heard of it had there been any anticipatory comment about the house.

As regards Judge Day, he is not going to Jekyll, and probably will be out of the city on the way home by the time the president returns. There is, nevertheless, a possibility the Jekyll island trip, though not so heralded, may have an important political bearing. It may prove to be the reconciliation of McKinley and Reed. That these williams are anointed and that the development of party policy in legislation is hastened thereby is a matter of common report. John G. Blunt, whose guest Reed is, and Cornelius N. Blue, who added President McKinley and party to visit him, are numerous friends of all parties personally and politically, and through them harmonious following may result permit between the two foremost Republicans. If the Jekyll island trip has any political outlooks it will be this. Should this consummation come it is quite likely neither would have spent jerky to its preparation, for knowledge by them of such an whether hope by their friends would have prevented its consummation. This view is entirely in line with the statements of the principal persons who will be there, for they declare emphatically that politics will no figure in the trip.

Judge Day arrived this afternoon. He said: "You will be safe in saying positively neither politics nor international affairs are in any way connected with our visit. We are only here to pay our respects to the president and enjoy ourselves."

Senator Hanna, when told of the report that there was to be a big political powwow at Jekyll island with Reed and others, said: "It is silly talking about political conferences on this trip. It is for rest, and nothing else. I wish they would let up talking about politics being in it. The vice president had the grip and is run down, and I want to keep him here as long as may. Mr. McKinley's nerves were worn out with the strain. He needed to be braced up. The trip to Jekyll Island has nothing to do with politics. We would not come away down here to talk politics. Yes, I see Speaker Reed is at Jekyll island, but it has nothing to do with our trip."

A BIG SALMON FLEET.

Fifty Vessels Fitting Out With Supplies for Alaska Points.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Over fifty vessels are now fitting out for the salmon canning trade, and the shipping of crews and engagement of fishermen will soon begin. The ships will carry as ballast coal for the canneries.

The Alaska Packers' Association is sending north a very large fleet this year. It will consist of the ships W. H. Macy, St. Nicholas, Oriental, Bohemia, Indiana, Santa Clara, L. J. Morse, Invincible, Two Brothers, George Shofield and Centennial; barks Merom, Charles E. Kenney, Electra, Corynthes, Nicholas Thayer and W. W. Case; barquetine Willie P. Hume, schooners Premier and Prosper and steamers President, S. H. Matthews, Bonanza, Jennie, Radiak, Thistle, Hattie Gage, Gertie Mae, Alaskan, Elsie, Ella Rohlfs, Pacific, Royal, Polar Star, Novelty, Arctic, Wigwam, Alert, Lillian, Portland, Chinook, Olga and Rockaway.

Some of the smaller steamers will be taken north on the decks of the sailing vessels, but the majority of them will go to Alaska under their own steam. Humes' vessels and those of the Pacific Steam Whaling Company will sail about the same time as the association's fleet.

OLGA SETHERSOLE PLANTS A TREE

Follows a Precedent at St. Louis Set by Other Prominent Actors.

ST. LOUIS, March 18.—Miss Olga Nethersole, the actress, today visited Tower Grove park, which her countryman, Henry Shaw, bequeathed to St. Louis, and under official auspices planted a young English elm tree near the statue of William Shakespeare. The spot selected was in close proximity to the mulberry tree planted by the late Adelaide Neilson in 1886, and also to the trees planted last year to the memory of Edwin Booth and Lawrence Barrett. A squad of mounted policemen were in attendance, and the ceremony was witnessed by many prominent citizens.

THERE WAS NO CORPORAL HAYES

Some Other Man Must Have Been the Californian Deserter.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—The report that ex-Corporal John W. Hays, of Company D, First California volunteers, turned traitor and was killed in the Philippines, is supposed here to refer to Henry T. Hazs, as there was no J. W. Hayes in the regiment. Haze had served in the United States navy and was said to have been a brave soldier, but was fond of liquor and considered rather erratic.

Ship Carnarvan Bay Arrives Safely.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—A cablegram to M. A. Newell told of the arrival of the British ship Carnarvan Bay at Queenstown. The vessel had been out from Tacoma for 186 days and up to a few days ago fears for her safety existed. The English underwriters shared those fears to such an extent that 5 per cent was offered by them to reinsure their risks.

Pop Ticket for Next Year.

HOUSTON, Tex., March 18.—Milton Park, of Dallas, chairman of the Populist national reorganization committee, has issued a manifesto setting forth the nomination of Wharton Barker for president and Ignatius Donnelly for vice president, and the adoption of a platform at Cincinnati, September 5, 1899.

Sherman Greatly Improved.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Gen. Miles has received a dispatch dated Ponce, Porto Rico, stating that ex-Secretary Sherman is very much better.

It is on the Way From London

LONDON, The vessel is in sight from the London warehouse. There is some on the way now.

The Monomotapa of the Ceylon Tea Growers' Association includes a large majority of the growers of Ceylon, who, by agreement, are compelled to sell their tea in the London market, and as the freight rate to London is very uneven it means that only the market of the world for Ceylon tea.

Louis Augustine & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS

CRISIS IN THE REICHSTAG.

EMPEROR WILLIAM LOSES HEREDITARY TO YIELD HIS POINT.

It Still Rests Doubtful Over His Failure to Carry Through His Army Bill Without Amendment—The New Bill Will Probably Not Pass.

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BERLIN, March 18.—The unexpected stalking crisis, which had overshadowed everything for week, was brought about by the fact that the secretary, judging from the words and manner of the minister of war, Gen. von Goessler, was led to believe that the emperor and the ministerials were satisfied with the military bill as fixed by the budget committee's report, granting everything demanded in the shape of reorganization of the artillery and cavalry and an increase of the army peace footing, except that only 1,000 men were granted out of the 2,000 asked for. This, however, is really not the case, so far as the emperor is concerned, and it was only after the adoption of war minister announced that the report was considered insufficient that it was discovered the majority intended upon the passage of the bill in its original shape or else the reichstag would be dissolved and new elections ordered on the issue.

Those who are close to the emperor have repeated the saying on the subject, which leave no room to doubt the majesty's attitude. But he is virtually alone in the stand taken since a majority of the ministerials made it clear to the imperial chancellor, Prince von Hohenlohe, on Wednesday, that their governments were satisfied with the bill in the shape reported. They further declared that a dissolution of the reichstag on such a trifling matter seemed unfavorable and injudicious. The majority being constitutionally the final arbitrator in the matter, the emperor seized being dissolved if he carried out the intention of dissolving the reichstag, and it also seemed clear that the result of an election would not be more favorable to the emperor's wishes. The popular votes represented by the majority rejecting the increase in the peace footing of the army on Tuesday, the vote standing 206 to 96, outnumbered the votes rejecting other proposals by almost two to one.

The statements of the leaders of the reichstag carried much weight. Dr. Lieber, spokesman of the Center party, showing that striking a few years, besides the regular military appropriations, the reichstag has voted 70,000,000 marks, but the peace strength of the army is much stronger than appears from the bill, being really considerably over 500,000 men.

This effective arrangement of the insatiable military demands and the statements of the other opposition leaders made a considerable impression.

Herr Richter, the German Radical leader, said:

"If the reichstag was now dissolved it would not be the cause of this trifling reduction in the military bill, but because another reichstag is wanted, one which will pass a reactionary and strike bill and modify the election law, and its motto will be 'unreliable absolute government and destruction of the reichstag's independence.'"

This only and similar remarks made by another speaker were heartily applauded by the whole Right and it was openly declared that the members of the party were not eager to enter into a new fight at the polls.

Nevertheless, it was very hard to change the emperor's mind, and it was only at the last moment, before he started for Friedrichsruhe to attend the entombment of the remains of Prince and Princess Bismarck, two hours before the decision of the reichstag, that he told the imperial chancellor and Count von Posadowsky Wehner, secretary of state for the interior, that he would content himself with the reduction, and this was only after it was shown to him that by the additional resolution the government would be assured a few years hence of what it contended for.

Still, the emperor felt that the reichstag's action was a personal defeat, and his mortification was correspondingly great, for the influence of the court military party for weeks has been strongly exerted in the decision of not yielding in this matter. The triumphal shoutings of the opposition on Tuesday when it became evident that the government and the emperor would yield, and utterances of a like nature in the opposition press, have helped to intensify his majesty's mortification. It is said that he feels dissatisfied with Prince Hohenlohe, Gen. von Goessler and Count von Posadowsky-Wehner for what he considers to be the unskillful manner in which the matter was manipulated in the reichstag and the lack of support of the government in the press.

Before the decision of the reichstag was arrived at the correspondent here of the Associated Press heard a gentleman of the emperor's surroundings say: "This has been old Hesekiel's Pyrrhus victory. The emperor is tired of him, and he will have to go at the first fitting opportunity."

It is said that his majesty is further irritated by the fact that the ultramontanes, though only one-third of the majority, upon this occasion triumphed in Protestant Germany over the Protestant Emperor, and it was said in Lessing's

There also seemed to be a most galling reflection in government circles, especially as the ultramontane leader, Dr. Lieber, spoke on Tuesday and Thursday in a defiant, challenging tone and with the manner of a master of the situation.

The newspapers are discussing the chances of effecting a commercial treaty with the United States, taking as a basis the arguments for and against the figures quoted by Count Von Posadowsky-Wehner in the reichstag, purporting to give the statistics of the imports and exports of Germany and the United States. These are seriously incorrect and do not tally with the figures furnished to Mr. Robert P. Porter, since he has been here, by Mr. Oscar P. Austin, chief of the bureau of statistics of the United States treasury department. The latter has collected official figures dealing with both fiscal calendars for the year 1898, and they both show an enormous discrepancy compared with the figure of Count Von Posadowsky-Wehner. The latter set forth that the excess of imports of American goods compared with the exports to the United States in 1898 were $7,500,000 marks, the imports being 455,000,000 marks and the exports 447,500,000 marks. According to the United States figures the American exports to Germany during the last fiscal year were almost 238,000,000 marks, while the imports from Germany, Count Von Posadowsky-Wehner's figures, the commerce and international discussion is greatly hampering the negotiations for a commercial treaty, and almost sure Mr. Porter's way for the present.

Germany claims that the balance of trade has lately been going under the Dingley law, too much for American wool to make a bounty under the existing conditions practically in Germany. In proof of this the German officials address the alleged enormous American surplus of 1898.

According to the American figures the excess of American exports to Germany during the last years between 1894 and 1898 is only 21,000,000, or less than the excess which Germany claims for 1898 alone.

During 1894-95 and 1895 Germany exported as shown by the United States, while the annual average of American exports to Germany for the last years is only a little over 21,000,000, a little in excess of a trade, of which moreover 1,000,000 marks were raw material, cotton, copper, minerals and potatoes from the United States and not produced in Germany. The latter showing that trade with the United States was a source of great profit to Germany instead of a loss. An American expert here has furnished the correspondent of the Associated Press with what seems to be a good explanation of the above discrepancy. Count von Posadowsky-Wehner's figures include among the imports from the United States all goods passing through Germany in transit, which form a very large amount, but just how large cannot be stated precisely.

The expert does not take into account the fact that nearly the whole carrying of exports from the United States to Germany is done in German vessels, the profits of which are also large.

A German expert showed these figures to a British statesman, and the latter, after carefully studying them, said:

"A magnificent showing for Germany. It would be a magnificent showing for any country."

According to the "Reichsanz" organ, the government has decided to place American "hard message" on a higher tariff as a luxury. This increases the duty from 10 to 60 marks per 100 kilos.

Referring to the visit here of Mr. Cecil Rhodes, a number of papers have discussed whether it would not be best to insist upon Samoa in exchange for Germany's consent to the building of the Cape Town-Cairo railroad through German East Africa. The Deutsche Zeitung approves of the scheme.

In the meantime, the United States ambassador, Mr. Andrew D. White, tells the correspondent of the Associated Press that though he has not received any recent instructions on the subject, he does not doubt the correctness of the dispatches from Washington saying the status quo will be maintained; that Herr Sold, the new municipal president of Apia, will be confirmed by the United States and Great Britain. It is added that Herr Sold seems to be the proper man for the matter, and if Malietoa behaves decently, and if the ineligibility of Malietoa Tanus be shown, there probably will be no objection to Malietoa's continuance on the throne.

The ambassador further remarks that, so far, except with a possible singular particular, it has been shown that Chief Justice Chambers had behaved correctly.

The Catholic press of Germany has devoted much space recently to Archbishop Ireland and the question of Americanism. The Cologne Volks Zeitung, the leading Catholic organ, says:

"America and her unruly spirits will surely not be permitted to prescribe to the church how to conduct herself."

The emperor and empress are due to arrive at Kiel tomorrow and will be there for two days.

On Monday Prince Valdemar, eldest son of Prince Henry of Prussia, who was born at Kiel on March 20, 1889, formally enters the army and a deputation of the First guard's regiment will go to Kiel in order to attend the ceremony.

The state secretary of the Brunswick court, Herr Kennecke, has been arrested on the charge of lese majeste.

RED CROSS WILL INTERVENE.

Will Try to Secure Release of Spanish in the Philippines.

MADRID, March 18.—The minister of war, Gen. Polavieja, it is announced, has received a dispatch from the committee of the Red Cross Society, of Geneva, giving him notice of the convocation of its general assembly for the purpose of appointing delegates to negotiate for the release of Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Philippine rebels.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—Miss Clara Barton has received the following cablegram:

"Clara Barton, Washington, D. C.: Negotiations begun for pecuniary ransom of the prisoners in the Philippines interrupted by Gen. Otis, because he feared the sums offered would be employed against his troops. We pray you earnestly to intercede with your government to insure triumph of humanity. With profound gratitude,

"MARQUIS VILLABOR,
"President Spanish Red Cross."

The cablegram has been communicated to the secretary of war.

The Spanish government, through the French ambassador, Cambon, has presented to the state department a representation as to the condition of the Spanish prisoners held by the insurgents, putting forth what they consider the serious results arising from Otis' recent prohibition of the efforts by the Spanish authorities to secure the release of the prisoners.

Spanish Republican Plot.

MADRID, March 18.—The Imparcial asserts that a Republican plot has been discovered in the province of Seville, that three of the leaders have been arrested, and that Carlist movements have taken place at Porpignan, capital of the French department of the Eastern Pyrenees, where arms are said to be accumulating.

TWO AMMUNITION EXPLOSIONS.

They Occur in French Government Factories, With Much Damage.

PARIS, March 18.—Two explosions occurred at the government ammunition factory at Bourges in the shell filling shop. Three men were killed and five injured. At Marseilles, a cartridge exploded, blowing up a quantity of gunpowder. Three men were injured and great damage was done to the building.

No Operation on the Pope.

ROME, March 18.—There is no truth in the report that the pope was operated on again today. During the day he received several persons in audience. A committee consisting of the pope's chamberlains and other papal functionaries has issued an appeal to the foreign press to send the committee copies of all newspapers which have published anything respecting the pope's recent illness, the appeal adding that it is "intended to incorporate them into a volume which will be presented to his holiness."

Cuban Assembly Will Dissolve.

HAVANA, March 18.—The Cuban military assembly meets on Monday, and it is reported that if there is no quorum, which is probable, it will dissolve of its own accord, public opinion having been too strong.

Czar Would Not Receive Finns.

ST. PETERSBURG, March 18.—A Finnish deputation of 400 persons, who recently arrived here to petition the czar against the Russification decrees, has been ordered to return home immediately, the czar refusing to receive its members.

Esterhazy a Philippine Sympathizer.

LONDON, March 18.—Maj. Count Esterhazy has expressed the wish that he had enough money "to join Aguinaldo and serve in his little army."

Bicycle Makers Will Combine.

CHICAGO, March 18.—J. W. Kiser, president of the Monarch Bicycle Company, said today that a syndicate had been formed which proposed to absorb the plants of the leading bicycle makers of the country. He said it will take at least $25,000,000 to buy the various plants.

DANCERS ARE BURNED OUT

FIRE DESTROYS THE OPERA HOUSE AT WELLINGTON, B. C.

Overturned Lamp at an Early Hour Sets the Buildings Afame—Twenty-nineers All Escape—Entire Town in Danger for a Time—The Losses.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

NANAIMO, March 18.—There was a fire at Wellington, in which the opera house and barber shop were destroyed, early this morning. The fire threatened the town for some time.

The fire was caused by the overturning of a lamp in a candy store in the opera house building, at 1:15 o'clock. Pouring water on the flames caused the fire to spread with rapidity, and soon the whole building was in a blaze.

At the time of the outbreak a dance was going on in the opera house. Fortunately the dancers were given sufficient warning and made good their escape from the burning building. The volunteer fire brigade turned out with its steamer and did good service. For some time the fate of the town was doubtful, but it was owing to the splendid work of the firemen that Wellington is not today a heap of ruins. By 5 o'clock the fire was well in hand, but the opera house and the shop next door were destroyed.

The loss to the owners is $8,000. Loss to insurance companies, $3,000. The principal losers are:

	Loss.	Ins.
G. Passop	$2,000	$2,000
Hamilton candy store	Total.	None
Evans, barber	700	300
Opera house	4,000	2,000
Wellington Library	1,500	None

The opera house was owned by the Dignitaries company.

The Manchester Fire Insurance Company is the principal loser. The Aetna, Phoenix and Imperial share with it. The damage by removal was considerable and merchants complain of goods having been stolen.

New Orleans Races.

NEW ORLEANS, March 18.—Weather cloudy; track slow. Results:

Six furlongs, selling—Leon, Macon won, Barnina second, Rosinfelds third. Time, 1:18½.

Five furlongs, selling—Tradition won, J. Lucille second, Myrtle Gessner third. Time, 1:01.

Mile and a quarter, selling—Donation won, Woodranger second, Thiro disqualified, Babe Fields third. Time, 2:08¾.

Mile, handicap—Tokamomo won, Barbaria second, Elkin third. Time, 1:42.

Mile—Ellie Ainslie won, Brown Vail second, D. P. McCarthy third. Time, 1:50¾.

Seven furlongs, selling—Sauterne won, John Sullivan second, Elsie Bramble third. Time, 1:30½.

Ingleside Races.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 18.—Weather at Ingleside fine; track slow. Results:

Mile and a sixteenth, selling—Opponent won, Wyoming second, Joe Massie third. Time, 1:49½.

Mile, selling—Flour in Lis won, Lamanwater second, Marinel third. Time, 1:50¾.

Short course steeplechase, handicap—Vanity won, Lord Chesterfield second, Horseman third. Time, 4:06½.

Three and a half furlongs—Sardine won, Ned Dennis second, Ella Roland third. Time, :37½.

Mile and a quarter, handicap—Surcrow won, Sardonic second, Mistletoe third. Time, 2:04¼.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. 25c. The genuine has L. B. Q. on each tablet.

ADAMS CASH GROCER

Got Time To Think?

Ponder on these facts. This store sells the best quality and at the lowest prices; guaranteed everything, including courteous, quick service and speedy delivery. It's the most popular store because it's the best.

Think Twice About It.

MONDAY'S SPECIAL SALE OF TEA

Gem of Golconda, a most delicious Indian Tea, contains absolutely no coloring and has all the aroma and flavor that characterize the best; actually worth 75c; on special sale Monday at, per pound **58c**

Best American Fine Granulated Sugar, 19 lbs for ..... **$1.**

Illinois Creamery Butter, another shipment, excellent quality, 2-lb bricks for **45c**

HAM AND EGGS?

Fresh Oregon Ranch Eggs, very special, per dozen **14c**

Fresh Washington Ranch Eggs, very special, per doz **15c**

Best Grade Sugar Cured Hams, the pick of the market; special Monday, per pound **10c**

ADAMS' SPECIALTIES

Adams' Java Combination Coffee, the equal of any at 40c; great value, for per pound **28c**

Adams' Best Baking Powder, absolutely the best, full 16-ounce cans for **25c**

Adams' Self Raising Buckwheat Flour, large package for **20c**

Adams' Best Spices; these are absolutely pure and the equal of those you pay 20c for elsewhere; the list includes Cinnamon, Cloves, Ginger, Mustard and All-spice, ¼ cans for **10c**

Fresh Soda Crackers, 3-lb cartons for Monday's sale **20c**

J. F. ADAMS
CASH GROCER
612 2d Ave., bet. Yesler and James

"Indapo Made a well Man of Me in 30 days."

This old, yet marvelous, Hindoo Remedy for men cures all Nervous diseases, Failing memory, Night emissions, Sleeplessness, Lost energy, etc., caused by overwork, past excesses or early abuses. Prevents insanity, enlarges shrunken organs and restores condition and vigorosity in old or young within 30 days. Price $1.00 a package; Six for $5.00, with written guarantee to cure or money refunded. INDAPO can be had of druggist named below, or, if preferred, we will send it prepaid, securely sealed, on receipt of price. Book of value free. MINDOO REMEDY CO., Prop., Chicago, Ill.

Sold in Seattle by Stewart & Holmes Drug Company and R. B. Leithead.

BELT and NECK BUCKLES
New Designs Just Received
Graham & Moore,
JEWELERS,
705 Second Ave.

RALPH VAN BUSKIRK KILLED AT MANILA.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer.

NORTH YAKIMA, March 18.—The death of Ralph Van Buskirk at Manila was a great shock to the people of North Yakima. Universal regret is expressed at the untimely death of a bright young man. When the news came at midnight one of the prominent citizens of the city sounded the pastor of the church of which the parents are members to break the news of their son's death. They were not aware that Company K was operating with the flying column. Ralph Van Buskirk was born in 1877. He came to Yakima about twelve years ago. He was a member of the Christian church and an ardent worker in the Christian Endeavor society. When mustered out he expected to enter college, and better prepare for the ministry, which was his life's aim.

NOVELTY SILK PATTERNS. EMBROIDERY SILKS.

English Covert Tailor-made Suits, $12.50 Each.

At Newhall's
THIS WEEK.

Remarks on DRY GOODS Worth Committing to Memory.

Any purchase made in this store which may prove unsatisfactory will be exchanged, taken back or otherwise made satisfactory if the purchaser will report to the manager.

Lace Curtain Ends tomorrow at **25c Each** At Nine A. M.

MAIL ORDERS.

Write for samples of our new Spring Styles, if you are unable to come and select in person. Samples free of charge. We will thus be saved of to make their selections at their residence from the choicest assortment in this state. Ladies who find it necessary to defer made up garments can, by describing as nearly as possible the style and quality of goods desired, be as well suited by our selections as though they selected the goods in person.

All Wool Covert Cloth Tailor-made Suits, fly front, jackets silk lined, all sizes, colors and black, special, **$12.50 a Suit.**

OUR NEW SPRING STOCK.

We take pleasure in soliciting an inspection of our new Spring Stock. Our importations for this season present extensive assortments which include the most elegant and exclusive novelties in weave and color effect manufactured either in this country or Europe, and offer a variety of choice in high class fabrics unequalled by any first class store elsewhere in this country (the largest cities not excepted), and we beg to add that so far as price is concerned we are in a position to purchase and retail merchandise as cheap as any dry goods store anywhere.

Black Duchesse Satin Waists, fancy tucking, all sizes, special at..... **$4.50 Each.**

We deal in strictly reliable goods, correct in style and seasonable in pattern, which are marked for sale at the lowest possible prices at which equally desirable values can be purchased anywhere. Hence we are enabled to guarantee satisfaction with our merchandise.

60-inch Black Wool Satin Berber Brocades, variety of figures, special at ..... **25c a Yard.**

Ladies are always welcome to step in and inspect our stock, especially made-up garments, without the disagreeable feeling that they are necessarily expected to purchase because they look through.

Ladies' Seamless Black Hose, white soles, Maco foot, all sizes, special at ..... **12½c a Pair.**

Our Dress Goods department is especially inviting. See our black and colored Cheviots and Flannels, both in silk and wool and English Mohair tailor suitings in all the new weaves, including several rain-proof and dust-proof fabrics in the new spring shades, as usual, marked at very MODERATE PRICES.

45-inch Tailor Suitings, fine checks and lines, new spring shades .... **$1.25 a Yard.**

There is nothing like comparison to determine values. Therefore ladies should not fail to inspect our lovely Millinery Stock before ordering their Easter Bonnets. Everything in this stock is this season's selection, and the prices are DECIDEDLY MODERATE.

Silk Moire Ribbons or Taffeta, all shades, at ..... **60c, 30c a Yard.** All shades same, No. 5, 5c a yard.

We have just opened a most attractive line of Men's Fancy Neckwear in Easter styles, all the new colors and styles. Gentlemen should see them. Men's Negligee Shirts in new and lovely styles. Very choice and very moderate. White Shirts with the new fancy silk fronts in large variety.

Men's Fancy Striped Balbriggan Underwear, all sizes, special bargains at ..... **25c Each.**

It would be difficult to duplicate our magnificent collection of white and fancy Wash Dress Novelties. Every fashionable novelty for this season is here in large variety—Piques, Silk Zephyrs, Silk Ginghams, Organdies, Batistes, Bannockburn Suitings, Golf and Bicycle Suitings, Derby Suitings, Fancy Swiss Nainsooks, Persian, India, Victoria and Bishops Lawn in all grades, English and French Mulls and Longcloths, English and French Nainsooks and Organdies in the finest grades. Inspection invited.

Fancy Dress Pique in all color effects ..... **12½c a Yard.**

New Belts, New Purses, New Ribbons, Novelty Neckwear, Misses' Tailor Suits, Novelty Capes, New Fancy Lace Work Hosiery, new shades in Kid Gloves, Novelty Suit Patterns, New Silk Grenadines.

E. W. NEWHALL & CO.
Seattle, Wash.