south of the Pasig, killing two men and wounding twenty of the Twenty-second Infantry. This morning Wheaton moved against this insurgent force, driving it to the south fifteen miles, experiencing very slight loss. The enemy left 200 dead on the field. "OTIS."

Another Account.

MANILA, March 19.—4:20 p. m.—Some of the rebels recently expelled from Cavite and the small towns in the vicinity of Pasig combined forces, and last night—as already cabled—attacked a company of the Washington volunteers, a detached post at Taguig, about a mile and a half east of Pasig. Gen. Wheaton immediately reinforced the Americans with two companies each of the Washington and Oregon regiments. The post had held the enemy in check, and the fire of the reinforcing companies repulsed them, driving them across to an island formed by the estuary. They were thus in front of the Twenty-second regulars.

Rebels Fought Desperately.

On discovering that they were entrapped the rebels fought desperately, aided materially by the jungle and the darkness, but they were completely routed with heavy loss after two hours' fighting. The Americans lost two killed and twenty wounded, among the latter Lieut. Frank Jones.

Gen. Wheaton determined to punish the natives, and at day break today his brigade started, in the following order:

The Sixth artillery, holding the extreme right; the Oregon volunteers, holding the center; the Washington regiment keeping to the edge of the lake, and the Twenty-second regulars occupying the right of the line which swept the whole country along the lake in a southeasterly direction toward Gen. Overshine's position. The line thus extended over two miles of country, rough and covered with thick jungle, advanced eleven miles. The enemy fled, the last of them being seen about 3:30 this afternoon. At scarcely any time did the Americans get within 1,200 yards of them.

The Troops Exhausted by Heat.

The troops are returning to Pasig tonight, exhausted by the hard work under a hot sun. The Oregon regiment had one man killed and four wounded, and the Twenty-second regulars one wounded. According to the official reports, no fewer than 200 Filipinos were killed.

Gen. Otis says the American army and gunboats now command the lake. He estimates that property of the insurgents valued at $500,000 had been destroyed, while quantities of rice and sugar and 400 tons of coal, which is very valuable, has been captured.

Filipinos Are Weakening.

Many prisoners represent that the Filipino soldiers are weakening. The generous treatment that the Americans administer to the native prisoners and wounded seemed to influence the insurgent army powerfully. In the opinion of the Americans, however, the Filipino leaders will continue to provoke fighting just as long as they can retain their hold upon their followers, because they have everything to gain and nothing to lose.

The enemy have twice as many men on their firing line as they have arms, and the fact that so few arms are captured by the Americans is because the guns of the wounded Filipinos and many of those who surrender are spirited away.

Gunboats Work in the Lake.

The armed tugs Laguna de Bay and Oeste have returned to San Pedro Macati, and reported the results of their tour on the lake. On Friday morning last they shelled the town of Moringi, the rebels fleeing without making any response to the fire. The Americans landed a party who destroyed a quantity of stores and all the store buildings except the church.

The expedition then proceeded to Majayguy where a sugar mill and sawmill were destroyed.

On arriving at Santa Cruz, a town of 1,200 inhabitants, it was found that the enemy was strongly entrenched and prepared to defend the position assisted by two gunboats and several launches. Moreover, the mouth of the river was blocked with rocks and bamboo.

Afterward a few shells caused an exodus of the citizens, but not of the enemy's troops. The Americans did not attempt a landing.

Capt. Grant, who is in charge of the expedition, asks for reinforcements and will probably take Santa Cruz tomorrow.

The United States distilling ship Iris, which left Honolulu for Manila with the United States battleship Oregon on February 20, arrived today.

This morning also arrived the San Joaquin, the last of the overdue English steamers sailing under American register that were detained by the insurgents on the northwest coast of Luzon.

CALIFORNIA LEGISLATURE.

No Further Ballots Taken and No U. S. Senator Elected.

SACRAMENTO, Cal., March 19.—At 11:45 a. m. today the legislature of California adjourned sine die without a United States senator to succeed Stephen M. White having been elected. When the hour of adjournment was extended at last night's session, it was expressly understood that the senatorial matter was settled, and that the question of the election of a senator was not to be broached today.

Nevertheless just before 11 o'clock Gov. Gage sent a message to both senate and assembly in which he charged the legislature with having left its duty unperformed. In the message he implored the members to no longer delay, but to proceed to the election of a senator at once.

The message was received with cheers in the assembly, but the Republicans as well as Democrats stated that it came too late. In the senate it was received and read amid the greatest confusion. Senator Boyce, a Republican senator, took the floor and in an excited address moved to lay the message upon the table. His voice was drowned in the uproar. When order had been somewhat restored, Boyce renewed his motion. Another motion was made to have the message printed in the journal, which prevailed.

At 11:55 a. m., fifteen minutes before the hour that another ballot for United States senator would have had to be taken, Lieut. Gov. Neff's gavel fell, and the legislature was declared adjourned after one of the longest and most excited sessions in the history of the state of California.

STILL IMPRISONED IN BON AIR.

Another Attempt to Rescue Entombed Miners Fails.

LEADVILLE, Col., March 19.—The two men who have been imprisoned in the Bon Air mine for the past ten days were again disappointed today. It had been confidently expected that the rescuing party would reach them today but when the attempt was made to connect the rescue shaft with the level in which the men are, it was found unsafe to do so. It will now be necessary to sink about forty feet further which will take three or four days more. The men are well and in good spirits.

Postoffice Clerk Caught Stealing.

PITTSBURG, Pa., March 19.—W. J. Fitzgerald, a clerk in the Pittsburg postoffice, was arrested by a postoffice inspector charged with stealing money from letters. He was caught in the act.

BELT and NECK BUCKLES
New Designs Just Received
Graham & Moore,
JEWELERS,
705 Second Ave.

CHEMICALS IN THE BEEF.

FIRST DIRECT TESTIMONY ON THE EMBALMING PROPOSITION.

A Commissary Sergeant Says Some That Was Received at Lakeland Was Coated With a Substance Which Was Called Preservaline.

LEAVENWORTH, Kan., March 19.—The army beef court of inquiry concluded the taking of testimony at Fort Leavenworth at noon today, and at 4:15 departed for Chicago, where the sessions will be resumed Monday morning. The sole witness examined today was Sergt. Edward Mason, Troop A, First United States cavalry, located at Fort Robinson, Neb., who served as regimental commissary sergeant at Lakeland, Fla., and during the Cuban campaign.

Sergt. Mason's testimony was probably the most direct that has been adduced since the court left Chicago, witness declaring that meat received at Lakeland for use in his regiment was "undoubtedly chemically treated." An agent of Armour & Co., he further testified, "told me at the time that this meat had been treated with what was called preservaline." Witness refused to accept the meat.

Sergt. Mason was interrogated individually by each member of the court, and could not be shaken in his testimony.

The court met at 10 o'clock this morning in the court martial room at the fort. Sergt. Mason, whose failure to reach the fort yesterday made it necessary for the court to take Sunday testimony, was first questioned by Recorder Davis. He told of the meat furnished on the voyage from Tampa to Cuba. No complaints were made of the canned roast beef, but the meat was tasteless and unsatisfactory generally, and had to be thrown overboard. In Cuba the men of his regiment would not eat the canned roast beef, and as a rule it was thrown away. The refrigerated beef issued after the surrender was good, but as a rule it spoiled before it could be used.

The witness was then taken in hand by Maj. Lee. He said he was detailed commissary sergeant at Lakeland about April 29, and served as such through to the close of the Cuban campaign.

"Did you as commissary sergeant or acting commissary sergeant for the regiment draw any refrigerated beef at Tampa or Lakeland?" asked Maj. Lee.

"I did, sir."

"What occurred?"

"The meat we received was in appearance fine, but it was undoubtedly chemically treated. One morning I went down to the refrigerator car to draw meat, and I objected to the appearance of it. An agent of Armour & Co. was there. I do not know what his name was. He told me at the same time that the meat had been treated with what was called 'preservaline.' It was as if it had been painted over with something like paraffine wax. There was a light coating on the outside of the meat. I objected to the color of the meat, and refused to accept it. Our commissary officer came down, and he refused to accept it."

"About what time was that?"

"The 28th or 29th of May."

"Who was the officer that came down?"

"Lieut. C. J. Hartman."

"About how much was there of this meat at that time?"

"Probably 3,000 pounds that was in the car."

"Did you notice it generally?"

"I examined the meat very carefully. As commissary sergeant I had handled meat before. The meat was undoubtedly spoiled."

"Were any reports made by Armour's agent at the time as to the harmfulness or lack of harmfulness in the preparation? Was it discussed?"

"My recollection is he said the preparation used did not hurt the meat; that it was safe. He advised us to cut off the outside, and said the meat would be all right in the interior, next to the bone."

"Did he state where this had been done?"

"No, sir."

"Where had the meat come from before coming to Lakeland?"

"I do not know. It came in carloads—probably from Chicago or Kansas City."

"Might it not have come from Tampa?"

"Yes, sir."

"You know, as a matter of fact, that there was a refrigerator establishment there where meats were sent to the various commands?"

"I know that. I think our meat came from Chicago. It was not billed in any way to the commissary."

"It was not billed in anyway to the commissary? It came entirely to the agent?"

"It came to the agent entirely."

"To whom would he report in regard to the meat? Would he report to the commissary?"

"He would probably notify the commissary officer. We would go down in wagons and get the meat every morning."

By Gen. Wade—Were you at Lakeland when the car was opened?

"I do not think that I opened the car, but I was there when it was opened."

"Was it a regular refrigerator car?"

"Yes, sir."

"It had only 3,000 pounds in it?"

"No sir, the car was full when it came in."

"Was the meat you got out of the car before that treated?"

"Yes, sir; I suppose the same as the rest of it."

"Was that the only car treated?"

"No, sir; we would take about a car a week. We had four regiments there—the Second Massachusetts, the Seventy-second New York, First and Tenth cavalry."

"Was all the meat you got there treated with preservaline?"

"That I could not say. The only thing I knew was that Armour's agent told me."

Gen Gillespie—How did the agent happen to tell you about the appearance of the meat?"

"The meat was supplied in the morning and it smelled bad, and had a bad appearance. The agent just simply speaking of it, said: 'That is preservaline. That is the chemical we use to protect the meat to preserve it.' As to what preservaline was I do not know."

"Was this agent at Lakeland or Tampa?"

"He came up from Tampa."

"Do you wish the court to understand that very much of the meat supplied to you of that refrigerated beef had been treated chemically?"

"I would not swear that it was. I will say that in my opinion it was."

"Did you call the attention of the sergeant to that meat being treated?"

"I called the attention of my commissary officer, my immediate superior."

By Gen. George W. Davis—"Did all the meat you got at Lakeland appear to have this glossy surface like paraffine?"

"Yes, sir."

"Did you say that it looked like paraffine was over it."

"All the car meat we received had that appearance."

"How about the beef you received late in Cuba?"

"The majority of the meat we received in Cuba spoiled on us. It was the fault of the climate, as I thought at the time."

"Did it have this white appearance?"

"I could not say because it was all in clothes."

"Who was present beside yourself at this interview with the agent of Armour & Co.?"

"Lieut. Hartman and probably Sergeant Ables, who is now a commissary sergeant at Santiago."

"Are you sure the agent was an Armour man?"

"Yes, sir; I am positive of that, because I made out the vouchers."

"Was he a resident of Tampa, or did he simply come from there?"

"I think he was probably a Chicago man."

"What was his appearance?"

"He was a short, heavy-set man. In fact, Armour had two agents there, one a young man of twenty-five, the other decidedly Jewish in appearance. The one I refer to was the young man."

"Could you scrape this material off the surface of the meat—the preservaline?"

"I could not say that we could scrape it off. It would break. It was so light I could not scrape it off."

It is on the Way From London

LIPTON'S TEA comes to us direct from the London warehouse. There is some on the way now.

The membership of the Ceylon Tea Growers' Association includes a large majority of the growers of Ceylon, who, by agreement, are compelled to sell their tea in the London market, and as the freight rate to London is very nominal it makes that city the market of the world for Ceylon tea.

Louch Augustine & Co.,
SOLE AGENTS

THE FATAL WAR BALLOON.

One of the Men Who Operated It Has Just Died From His Injuries.

BOSTON, Mass., March 19.—Thomas Carroll, Boone, the telegraph operator in the war balloon in the operations before Santiago, died today at the Massachusetts general hospital as the result of an operation on a wound received in the fall of the balloon after it had been shot to pieces. Boone, with two government officers, performed heroic work in the great airship which was a target for the Spanish gunners until it fell into the trees and threw all the men out. Boone was caught in the drag anchor and was fearfully wounded. He never fully recovered, although since his fall, up to within two days of his death, he continued his work as a telegrapher.

He was born in Annapolis, Md., in 1878, and went to the front as first corporal of Company K, Second Massachusetts volunteers. Soon after the regiment reached Tampa he was detached and made a sergeant in the government signal service. In the first day's fighting at Santiago he went up in the balloon and sent all the messages and continued the work on the second day during the battle of San Juan Hill. His body will be sent to Annapolis for interment.

Calamity has overtaken all three of the men who were in the unfortunate balloon. One of the officers died as the result of injuries he received, while another is the inmate of an insane asylum.

IT WAS VILLAMIL'S BODY.

Gen. Wood Satisfies Himself After a Careful Investigation.

SANTIAGO DE CUBA, March 19.—After a careful investigation Maj. Gen. Wood, the military governor, is convinced that the skelton found a few days ago, tied in an armchair, on the shore, about four miles west of El Morro, is the remains of the Spanish admiral, Villamil, who commanded the torpedo boat destroyers Furor and Pluton in the battle which resulted in the destruction of Cervera's squadron.

Col. Valliente, chief of the Santiago provincial gendarmerie, has resigned his membership in the Veteran Association, owing to its action in supporting the military assembly in the controversy with Gen. Gomez.

Meetings continue to be held here indorsing the course of the Cuban ex commander-in-chief.

SPAIN HAS ANOTHER PROTEST.

Objects to Interference With Negotiations With the Filipinos.

MADRID, March 19.—Senor Silvela, premier and minister of foreign affairs, had a conference today with the French ambassador regarding the liberation of the Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Filipinos.

Spain, it is rumored, has determined to protest to the civilized world against the attitude of the Americans in hindering the efforts of Gen. Rios, Spanish commander in the Philippines, to liberate the prisoners. The government will demand a credit for the payment of the interest on the Cuban debt.

ORDERED TO CALIFORNIA.

Four Companies of the 24th Infantry From Fort Douglas.

SALT LAKE, Utah, March 19.—Orders were received at Fort Douglas requiring four companies of the Twenty-fourth infantry to proceed to California. This takes Col. Freeman and the regimental headquarters to the Pacific coast, as the other companies of the Twenty-fourth were recently ordered to posts in the far Northwest. There has been a smallpox scare at Fort Douglas, and it is said the contemplated move will not be made until all danger of infection, if any exists, is over.

Spain Will Pay Cuban War Debt.

LONDON, March 20.—The Madrid correspondent of the Standard says "I am able to state that the government intends so far as possible to execute the national guarantee of the Cuban debt. It is proposed that the settlement should include £23,000,000 of the Cuban 6 per cent. bonds issued in 1886 and £15,000,000 of the 5 per cent. bonds issued in 1890. These do not include the war debts contracted since."

Gen. Breckenridge Reviews Troops.

PONCE, Porto Rico, March 19.—Inspector General Breckinridge, of the United States army, who will inspect all the military posts in Porto Rico, reviewed the troops at Ponce yesterday and proceeded today to the Yauco district.

Transport Thomas Sails.

HAVANA, March 19.—The United States transport Thomas sailed this morning for the United States with the Two Hundred and Second New York volunteers.

THE HAZLETON SHOOTING.

Austrian Government Has No Desire to Quarrel Over the Matter.

LONDON, March 19.—The Vienna correspondent of the Standard, referring to the recent editorial allusions by the Politische Correspondenze to the Hazleton shooting, and its announcement that the Austrian foreign minister intends to press the "just claims advanced in behalf of Austrian subjects," says: "I have reason to believe that the Austrian government has not the slightest intention to seek a quarrel with the United States. The press, however, is constantly accusing the government of neglecting its duty in the Hazleton affair, and the government will not let the matter drop until Count Goluchowski (the Austro-Hungarian foreign minister) gets an opportunity to explain to the delegations that the standpoint of the American government, indicated by the latter's note of February 4, is legally and morally incontrovertible, though the sheriff of Latimer might have waited longer before giving the order to fire on the excited strikers."

THE DYNAMITE MONOPOLY.

President Kruger Shows Why the State Should Retain It.

PRETORIA, March 19.—President Kruger, in an important speech at Heidelberg on Friday, emphasized the necessity of the state retaining the dynamite monopoly, because, as he argued, the South African republic being an inland state, in the event of trouble with any of the powers, its supplies of explosives might otherwise be suddenly cut off. "Where should we then be?" he exclaimed. He announced his intention to modify the mining laws and to reduce the period entitling an applicant to full burghership from fourteen to nine years residence.

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy.

This remedy is intended especially for coughs, colds, croup, whooping cough and influenza. It has become famous for its cures of these diseases, over a large part of the civilized world. The most flattering testimonials have been received, giving accounts of its good works; of the aggravating and persistent coughs it has cured; of severe colds that have yielded promptly to its soothing effects, and of the dangerous attacks of croup it has cured, often saving the life of the child. The extensive use of it for whooping cough has shown that it robs that disease of all dangerous consequences. It is especially prized by mothers for their children, as it never fails to effect a speedy cure, and because they have found that there is not the least danger in giving it, even to babies, as it contains nothing injurious. Sold by all dealers.

LONG LIST OF MISSING.

Continued from Page One.

had a narrow escape from injury and possibly death about 5 o'clock. The four men were on top of the six story wall which was still standing on the Forty-seventh street rear corner of the hotel, tearing it down. A stiff northwest wind blew up suddenly and Sweeney felt the wall trembling beneath him. He cried out a warning and the men hurried from their dangerous perch. They were just outside the danger line when a great section of the wall, thirty or more feet square and including that portion on which they had been working, went down with a roar. A portion of it fell on the roof of the house back of the hotel, wrecking the roof. The house had been emptied by order of the building department and nobody was injured.

These Are Still Missing.

Following is a list of the missing, corrected up to 8 o'clock tonight:

Angenlin, Mrs. Mary; Brutt, Mary; Bradley, Mrs. N. K.; Bischoffshausen, Aaron; Boyce, Flossie; Brush, Mrs. M. C.; Boyd, Mrs., and daughter; Clair, Mary; Egan, Miss; Fuller, Miss Margaret; Guyon, Warren; Hoffman, Miss Dora; Jose, Miss; Johnson, Alexander B., and wife; Kelly, Alice, 17 years; Leland, Fred; Lynch, D.; Lowry, Miss Maggie; Lawrie, Harry M.; Lanny, Mary; McDonald, Mrs. Isabella; Morgan, Miss Annie Taylor; Morgan, Miss Catherine; McConnell, Kate; McNulty, Miss M. C.; McDonald, Lizzie; McCarthy, Catherine V.; McCarthy, Henry; McKenna, Jennie; Morat, Jennie; Nash, Mr.; Nellie, Annie (known at the hotel as Annie Malloy); Patterson, Mrs.; Reid, Miss; Salamon, Mrs. D. S.; Salamon, Miss Rosina; Shea, Kate; Stokes, Mrs. James B.; Simpson, Miss Adela; Sleman, Mary; Soy, Mary; Walsh, Mary; Ward, Annie; Mrs. I. H. Purdy; Simmons, Leland, wine steward.

Miss M. Vait, her grandmother and Eva Dressler, reported missing, are safe.

The following is a statement of the condition of the injured:

Roach, Kate, servant, ankles broken, recovering; Simmons, Mrs. Martha M. Frederick, Md., burned, recovering; Thorne, Mrs. Nellie, assistant housekeeper, shock, improving; Price, Mrs. Alice M., Macon, Ga., leg fractured, greatly improved; Misch, Mrs. Katherine, wife of correspondent of the San Francisco Bulletin, injuries slight, improving, at Presbyterian hospital; Shackleton, Edward, burns and dislocated shoulder, recovering; Von Spiegle, Mrs. leg and one rib broken, recovering; Wheeler, Mrs. C. P., and daughter, Miss Dorothy, burns and shock, improving; Boyce, Mrs. William S., burned and shoulder dislocated, removed to her home; Duke, John, hotel employe, removed to his home; Fuller, Mrs. A. H., Philadelphia, shock, condition critical; Bailey, Mrs. Catherine, Chicago, condition favorable; Waldo, Mrs. Louise, burned, condition favorable.

Of the nine victims who were originally taken to the Flower hospital, James McGuire, with leg broken, is the only one remaining, and his condition is not serious.

Mrs. Sarah White is also improving.

Some Missing Show Up.

Archibald Clavering Gunter, the novelist, reported last night as missing since the Windsor hotel fire, escaped from the hotel uninjured.

A. W. Vanvechten and Mrs. A. C. Demorest, both of this city, Windsor hotel guests also reported missing, are safe.

Miss E. S. Boston, who was reported as missing, is safe, as are also Mrs. Demorarch (Demorest), Charles Ford, Mrs. D. J. Johnson and Annette Upham, of Vermont, included in last night's list of missing, are safe.

CLEVELAND, O., March 19.—A special from Philadelphia says Joseph Haworth, supposed to have been lost in the Windsor hotel fire, arrived there tonight and registered at the Hotel Lafayette. He came direct from Atlantic City.

Precautions Against Theft.

The workmen on the job are each given a red card and without this they are permitted neither to enter nor to leave the lines. This is as a precaution against theft and to keep any professional thieves out of the forbidden precincts.

The 400 men who have worked for eight hours were relieved at midnight by a new shift. As the first shift had progressed pretty well into the ruins and had excavated to where much of the missing wealth might be found, extra precautions were taken as they came off the job. Each man was taken to a shanty nearby, where he was subjected to a search by detectives from the building department and regular policemen. It took more than an hour to go through the clothing of the 400 laborers and those last in line grumbled considerably at the enforced delay.

Just before midnight two sections of the rear, or eastern wall fell in with a mighty crash. No one was injured. The collapse was more beneficial than otherwise.

Col. Ochiltree's Theory.

Col. Thomas P. Ochiltree, who occupied a room on the second floor of the Windsor hotel, and who fled to the Waldorf-Astoria, tonight told his opinion of the cause of the fire:

"The parade (street parade on St. Patrick's day) was responsible for it. I was in a room next to the elevator, and just over the boiler room. The room was filled with more than 200 paintings, the collection of a wealthy gentleman who was temporarily absent from the hotel. I would say the collection was worth not less than $100,000. The parade drew every employe in the hotel from his post. They were mostly Irish, and took a keen interest in the turnout. My theory is that the boiler ran dry in the absence of the engineer and exploded. I know that the flames came up under my room, and apparently from the boiler room. The free vent in the elevator shaft accounts for its rapid spread. My Swiss valet deserted me at the first sign of danger. I was in bed, having just begun to recover from the grip. I roused myself and had scarcely time to get my clothes when my room was untenable. There is no doubt whatever of the origin of the fire. It was under my room. I know it."

Lost Jewels Worth $20,000.

Mrs. A. S. Jarvis reported to the police tonight that she had lived in the hotel for three years. She said she lost jewels worth $20,000.

Missing Guests Found.

A dispatch to the Herald from Washington announces that Mrs. Boyd and daughter and J. Warren Nash, whose names have been included in the list of Windsor hotel missing, are in Washington.

Miss Dora Hoffman Lost.

BALTIMORE, Md., March 19.—The relatives and friends of Miss Dora Hoffman, of this city, who was registered at the Windsor hotel on the day of the fire and who has since been missing, have abandoned all hope and given her up for lost. R. C. Hoffman, former president of the Seaboard Airline railroad and brother of Miss Hoffman, who went to New York expecting to find that one of the women who died at Miss Helen Gould's home was his sister, arrived home tonight. He learned that such was not the case, however, and believes that Miss Hoffman's body is in the ruins.

Funeral of Fire Victims.

Funeral services over Mrs. Warren Leland and Miss Helen Leland, wife and daughter of the proprietor of the Windsor hotel, and who died from injuries received at the fire, were held this morning at the Church of the Heavenly Rest.

Mr. and Mrs. Abner McKinley and a few other friends of the family were present. There were two large baskets of Easter lilies near the caskets, the gift of the president and Mrs. McKinley. Mr. Leland and his son Charles accompanied the remains to Chicago.

Homes Homes

$2,500 7-room house; sightly corner, in Queen Anne.

$1,600 Good modern 8-room house, corner lot, easy terms, North Seattle.

$1,600 Fine corner, 68x125, neat 5-room cottage, close in, terms easy.

$1,500 Good 6-room house, lot 50x100, on car line.

$1,000 60x120 foot lot and 3-room house on Terry avenue, near Pine street.

F. M. JORDAN
5 and 6 Colonial block.

Thinks Thieves Were at Work.

A. P. Demorest called at the East Fifty-first street police station and reported that he had a small safe filled with jewels valued at $10,000 in the ruins of the fire. He, his wife and daughter and son occupied rooms on the third floor, near Fifth avenue and Forty-seventh street. They were all in their rooms when the fire occurred. His daughter, when the fire was discovered, went to the small safe containing the jewels and tried to open it, but forgot the combination in her excitement. Mr. Demorest stated that when he opened the door to his room he saw three men running about in the smoke and going into the rooms. They were not firemen, and he was certain they were not employes. He thinks they were robbers. He and his family then went out on the fire escape and were rescued by the firemen. Mr. Demorest was apprehensive about the safety of the safe and its valuables.

Mrs. Abner McKinley's Jewels.

Thomas Cleary, of 911 Third avenue, called on Inspector Harley and stated that he assisted a woman from the hotel, whom he afterward ascertained was Mrs. Abner McKinley. He took her to the street and put her in a cab. Mrs. McKinley told him that she had dropped a bag containing some jewelry. He ran back and got the bag and gave it to Mrs. McKinley and she drove off. Inspector Harley held Cleary in order to verify the story. Of three trunks from the debris at Forty-seventh street and Fifth avenue Saturday afternoon two were claimed by Abner McKinley.

Mrs. Gibson's Body Reaches Home.

CINCINNATI, O., March 19.—The body of Mrs. John D. Gibson arrived here tonight and was met by her neighbors.

It is now thought that she was not the only one from Cincinnati lost in the Windsor hotel fire. Harry R. Lee, formerly of this city, who was employed as a key and mail clerk in the doomed hotel has not been heard of since the fire. His name was printed among the injured, but inquiries have failed to trace him.

VON MURENHEIM DENIES IT.

The Story That He Sold Military Secrets Is a Clumsy Invention.

PARIS, March 19.—The Temps today publishes an interview with Baron von Murenheim, former Russian ambassador to France, who now resides at Pau, in which he denounces as a "clumsy invention" the story that he is the real culprit who sold both Russian and French military secrets to the German government and that it has been only to avoid a public scanadal greater than the Dreyfus affair that he has been unpunished.

INDIAN BUDGET IMPROVES.

The Government Will Have a Substantial Surplus of Revenue.

CALCUTTA, March 19.—The Indian budget in almost every department of revenue shows improvement. It is estimated that there will be a surplus of $15,000,000 for the fiscal year of 1898-9 and $13,250,000 for 1898-1900.

No reduction in taxation is proposed. The government considers it advisable to maintain the strongest possible position in view of the expected measures for currency reform.

ANOTHER CONCESSION TO RUSSIA.

Gets a Port and Promises to Aid China Against Italy.

LONDON, March 19.—The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Daily Mail says: "It is asserted here that negotiations are almost concluded by which the treaty port Newchwang, province of Leaotung, on the river Laou, near the gulf of Pechili, will become a Russian possession, Russia undertaking in return to support China in resisting the demands of Italy."

Explosions Cause Alarm.

PARIS, March 19.—Although there is no evidence that they were caused by foul play, the explosions at the government ammunition factories yesterday, following so closely upon the terrible disaster at La Goubran, near Toulon, have caused widespread public alarm. The greatest precautions have been adopted at the factories, sentries being doubled at all such places.

Cretan Refugees Plunder Stores.

LONDON, March 20.—The Constantinople correspondent of the Standard says: "News has been received from Smyrna that 6,000 Cretan Mussulman refugees, who were in desperate lack of work and food, invaded and pillaged the Greek and Turkish quarters of the city, a conflict resulting, in which many persons were killed and wounded."

Belgium Also Wants a Slice.

LONDON, March 20.—The Peking correspondent of the Times says: "Sir Claude McDonald, the British minister, has been urging the tsung li yamen to grant the Belgian demand for a concession at Hankow, but China declines, and the British advocacy of Belgium's proposal is regarded as unreasonable and inconsistent."

Dr. Knapp Turns Up.

LONDON, March 19.—The Rev. Dr. Knapp, former principal of Queen's college, Newfoundland, who mysteriously disappeared from his residence in Brighthouse, West Yorkshire, on January 28 last, writes to his friends in this country that he has reached New York in a sailing vessel.

Gift to Paris School of Mines.

PARIS, March 19.—An official decree just issued authorizes the school of mines in this city to accept the gift of $5,000 offered in February of last year by Dr. Thomas Egleston, emeritus professor of mineralogy and metallurgy, of the school of mines, New York.

Another Expedition Against Khalifa

LONDON, March 20.—An Anglo-Egyptian expedition will be undertaken next autumn, according to a dispatch from Cairo to the Daily Mail, to finally dispose of the Khalifa Abdullah and the other dervish leaders in the Soudan.

Italy's Demands on China.

ROME, March 19.—The Chinese ambassador, Sir Chih Tehen, had a prolonged interview today with Admiral Canevaro, minister of foreign affairs, presumably regarding the Italian demand for a concession at Sanmun bay.

Cruiser Talbot Reaches England.

PORTSMOUTH, Eng., March 19.—The British cruiser Talbot, with the body of Baron Herschell on board, which sailed from New York on March 8, arrived here today.

PRESCRIPTIONS. Bartell Drug Co.

WHOLE FAMILY WIPED OUT.

Continued From Page One.

over portions of Arkansas yesterday reached Pine Bluff today. At Walnut Lake three persons were killed. Every house on J. M. Parker's plantation, extensively known as the Fish place, was demolished.

Another Tornado.

WAYNESBORO, Ga., March 19.—A tornado passed over Burke county at 3 o'clock this morning. In the vicinity of Waynesboro four people were killed. Several houses were demolished and much damage done.

Two Negro Boys Killed.

BISMARCK, Ala., March 19.—A terrific wind storm, accompanied by rain and hail, passed through the plantation of Samuel Curry, in Chilton county, last night. Eleven tenement houses were blown down and two negro boys were killed. Seventeen other negro tenants were injured.

BRYAN AT CHATTANOOGA.

He Will Open the Campaign of 1900 at That Place.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., March 19.—Hon. W. J. Bryan arrived here at midnight from Knoxville, in company with Gov. McMillin. Mr. Bryan comes here to attend a banquet given in his honor tomorrow night by the Bryan Birthday Association of this city. This association gives each year on the 19th of March, Mr. Bryan's birthday, a dinner to which the leading Democrats of the state are invited. This event promises to be the most successful ever given, being the first the distinguished Nebraskan has attended. Over 300 tickets have been issued and covers for 400 have been provided. Tonight it is stated that there are more demands for tickets than can be supplied.

Tomorrow afternoon Mr. Bryan will deliver a speech at the city auditorium, at which time his friends say he will fire the first gun of the campaign of 1900.

Youthful Criminal Taken Back.

SAN FRANCISO, March 19.—John T. Morgan, aged 16 years, accused of taking $1,250 from John A. Giblin, a coal dealer of Ilion, N. Y., who was arrested a few days ago in this city, was taken back east today by a detective. He admitted the crime, and $840 of the money has been recovered.

ADAMS CASH GROCER

It's Worth Something to You

To know that you're eating the world's best. It ought to be worth something to know that by buying at a cash store your GOOD money doesn't go to pay "bad debts," and therefore prices are lowest.

Think About It.

TODAY'S SPECIAL SALE OF TEA

Gem of Golconda, a most delicious Indian Tea, contains absolutely no coloring and has all the aroma and flavor that characterize the best; actually worth 75c; on special sale Monday at, per pound 58c

Best American Fine Granulated Sugar, 18 lbs for.... $1.

Illinois Creamery Butter, another shipment, excellent quality, 2-lb bricks for 45c

HAM AND EGGS?

Fresh Oregon Ranch Eggs, very special, per dozen..... 14c

Fresh Washington Ranch Eggs, very special, per doz 15c

Best Grade Sugar Cured Hams, the pick of the market; special today, per pound..... ..... 10c

ADAMS' SPECIALTIES

Adams' Java Combination Coffee, the equal of any at 40c; great value, for per pound 28c

Adams' Best Baking Powder, absolutely the best, full 16-ounce cans for 25c

Adams' Self Raising Buckwheat Flour, large package for 20c

Adams' Best Spices; these are absolutely pure and the equal of those you pay 20c for elsewhere; the list includes Cinnamon, Cloves, Ginger, Mustard and Allspice, ¼ cans for 10c

Fresh Soda Crackers, 3-lb cartons for Monday's sale.. 20c

J. F. ADAMS
CASH GROCER
512 2d Ave., bet. Yesler and James

At Newhall's

TODAY
WHILE THEY LAST.

$79 ends of Lace Curtains (manufacturers' samples), different lengths and qualities, will be sold at the uniform price of ..... } 25c each

WHILE THEY LAST.

Some are worth $1.25 each. Sale commences at 9 a. m. in the Curtain Room.

Don't fail to see our Ladies' Tailored Suits at $12.50 each; English Wool Coverts, all colors and black.

Ladies are welcome to inspect our Dress Novelties, Silk Petticoats, Silk and Washable. These goods may last until 3 p. m., or may be sold in five minutes, as one purchaser can purchase all.

NO LIMIT.

Don't fail to see our Black Wool Dress Novelties at 25c a yard, or our Ladies' Tailored Suits, made of English Wool Coverts, all colors and black, all sizes, at } $12.50 a Suit

Ladies are welcome to inspect our Millinery values, our Wool Dress Novelties, Suit Patterns, Dress Trimmings, Fancy Hosiery, Neckwear Novelties or Wash Dress Novelties, whether they intend to purchase or not.

E. W. NEWHALL & CO.
Seattle, Wash.

Royal Restaurant
818 FIRST AVENUE.

The Best Served Luncheon in the City for 25c, from 11 to 4 P. M.

Oysters.
SOUP.
Ox Tail. Split Pea. Consommé.
FISH.
Baked Perch, Wine Sauce.
Boiled Salmon, Melted Butter.
Steamed Clams.
BOILED.
Corned Beef and Cabbage.
ENTREES.
Chicken Giblets, Espagnole.
Braised Beef, Mushrooms.
Veal Saute, French Peas.
Hungarian Gulash.
Short Ribs of Beef, Brown Potatoes.
ROAST.
Loin of Pork, Apple Sauce.
Veal, Dressing.
Prime Beef, au Jus.
Saddle of Lamb, Jelly.
VEGETABLES.
Red Cabbage. Fried Parsnips.
Mashed and Boiled Potatoes.
DESSERT.
Cottage Pudding, Cream Sauce.
Vanilla Ice Cream.
Sliced Bananas and Cream.
Cream Puffs.
PIES.
Apple. Custard. Mince.
Lemon Cream. Apple Custard.
Coffee. Tea. Milk.

French Dinner, With Wine, From 4 to 8 P. M., for 50c.

An Hour In Our.... Music Store

Will afford any one an hour of pleasure, whether they wish to purchase or not. We are always glad to have you call on us, and we will show you about.

Have You Heard The Graphophone?

It is the greatest reproducing machine yet invented. It will play for you if you will call.

The late songs and two-steps are constantly being played at our store. Call and listen to them.

Winter & Harper,
903 Second Ave., Seattle, Wash.

MERCHANTS' BANK OF HALIFAX.
Incorporated 1869.

Capital, paid up $1,500,000
Rest 1,200,000

Branches of this bank are now established at

ATLIN AND BENNETT.

Drafts issued and money transferred. A general banking business transacted. Gold dust assayed and purchased. Drafts on ATLIN and BENNETT can be purchased from the Washington National Bank of Seattle and from the First National Bank of Seattle.

W. M. BOTSFORD,
Manager Vancouver Branch.

COUNT SEVEN

That is the number of words estimated to make a line of classified advertising in the P.-I. Business and Professional Directories, on classified pages. Seven words every day for a month cost $1.50; for a year $1 per month.

See the Ludwig Piano.

A revelation in high class goods at a moderate price, before paying a high price for goods of less value.

Ramaker Music Co., 5th and Pike.