

another circular cautioned all members of the command that they would be held strictly responsible for all letters written by them or which they were in any manner the cause of. Half open, half covert threats of discipline—even court martial—have been given out from time to time; the writer is personally aware of several of these instances, two or three where court martial would follow the mention in any communication of certain names or incidents. The effect of such cautions in a military organization can be well imagined. While the mere mention of an officer's name in a letter is not an indictable offense, either in civil or military life, all military men remember that commanding officers have the power to place officers and men under arrest and release them without trial, to have them tried on unimportant or trumped up charges, or to deny common privileges and favors of the service, the refusal of which would make the service unpleasant and irksome, an accumulation and collection of powers sufficient to enable a man so disposed to enforce his ideas and desires among his inferiors. This explanation is given to no spirit of criticism of the actions of persons who are no doubt laboring for the best interests of the service, but merely that the people at home may know why they have not had all the news of the actions of their regiment in Manila.

ORGANIZING FOR THE WAR.

First Illinois Cavalry Forming a Squadron to Offer to the Government.

CHICAGO, June 24.—The members of the First Illinois cavalry who live in Chicago are organizing a cavalry squadron of four troops, the services of which have been offered to the government for service in the Philippine islands. Many of the officers have been elected, and it is understood that Capt. Tull Lino, of Troop B, will be offered the position of major.

DEATH OF MAJ. DRENNAN.

Officer of the First Montana Dies at Manila.

MANILA, June 24.—Maj. Drennan, First Montana, died at 1 o'clock this morning at Manila, of Bright's disease. He was ill three months.

Transport Sheridan Sails for Manila.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 24.—The transport Sheridan sailed today with troops for Manila. She carried 1,843 enlisted men and 4 officers. The transport Valencia is expected to sail tomorrow with some additional companies of the Twenty-fourth regiment.

Trouble in Spanish Provinces.

MADRID, June 24.—The anti-budget demonstrations are increasing, and government has been obliged to intervene in several provinces.

WELL ON HER WAY TO SAMOA.

U. S. S. Newark Arrives at Valparaiso, Chile.

SANTIAGO DE CHILE, June 24.—The cruiser Newark, commanded by Capt. Geddis, has arrived at Valparaiso. The Newark left Montevideo for Valparaiso May 16, and her captain was congratulated to make a quick passage, as it was expected she would be needed at Samoa. Her arrival June 12 at Port Love, Gaueck island, on the west coast of Patagonia, was reported, and it was known that she had encountered severe storms in the straits of Magellan. Newark having run short of coal, the Chilean government dispatched the gunboat Pingala with 20 tons of coal to Port Love to supply the cruiser, and enable her to continue her voyage to Valparaiso.

CAPT. WRIGHT ORDERED HOME.

Will Be Assistant General and Quartermaster at Fort Egbert.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer. OMAHA, Neb., June 24.—Capt. W. A. Wright has been ordered to Alaska, and will be assistant adjutant general and quartermaster, with headquarters at Fort Egbert, within three miles of the border, where there have been threatening of trouble with the British for some time. Capt. Wright will be better remembered here as Lieut. "Billy" Wright, of the Second Infantry, when he was stationed at Fort Omaha. He is every inch a soldier.

Increase in Havana Customs.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—Acting Secretary of War McKilloh announced today that the customs receipts of Havana for the week ending June 17 exceed those of any previous week for 1899 by \$2,005. The receipts for the week named were \$22,041.

DEADLOCK IN KENTUCKY.

DEMOCRATS UNABLE TO CHOOSE A CANDIDATE FOR GOVERNOR.

Eleven Ballots Taken Without Result—Hardin Withdraws, but Develoer Unexpectedly Strengthens Platform for Bryan and Silver.

LOUISVILLE, June 24.—After a week of excitement, the Democratic state convention passed today in a tiresome deadlock. An adjournment was had tonight until 9 o'clock Monday morning, not making any nominations.

Business moved rapidly for a few hours this morning. The report of the credentials committee, deciding favorably to the Stone-Goebel delegates, was adopted, and a platform was adopted.

Then came the battle royal over nominations, but before it began Gen. P. W. Hardin, the ex-leader of the party in this state under the silver banner, withdrew his name as a candidate for the nomination for governor. His speech, which was delivered under affecting circumstances, did more to strengthen his following in the convention than all his political workers have been able to accomplish since the delegates assembled. This was shown on the first ballot, when William Goebel had 16 credit within less than a score of votes to give him nomination. There was a spontaneous outburst of Hardin enthusiasm, which lasted for half an hour, and came very nearly developing into a stampede about a minority report was received only a little more than 100 votes on the first roll call, had upward of 200 when, after recapitulation, the vote was announced.

Convention Gets to Work.

After three days of waiting under temporary organization for the credentials committee to dispose of the contents of the convention, its report was read this morning. The committee disposed of the contents in thirty-two minutes, and reported about 50 seats. These were all decided in favor of Stone or Goebel, except in three cases where Hardin was supported by the Hardin people.

Good humor prevailed today in refreshing contrast with the tangle of yesterday. Gen. Hardin presided from the start, and a marked disposition to expedite business was shown. Twenty minutes were allowed to each side for debate on the credentials committee report. The majority report was finally adopted, both sides agreed, and the first rays of harmony broke upon the convention, which had been wrangling and bitterness, which several times threatened to result in a split.

Gen. Hardin then emerged from the crowd on the stage and started another demonstration. After a few words of cordial thanks to his followers, he announced his withdrawal from the race for governor and appealed earnestly for the undivided support of the party in behalf of the nominee.

The committee on permanent organization of business order then reported. It recommended a continuance of the temporary organization.

The report of the committee on resolutions was then read by Hon. John Shea.

The platform, which was written by Judge James P. Tarvin, of Covington, contains the following:

"The Democrats of Kentucky in convention assembled reaffirm with alight qualification the principles and policies declared in the Democratic national platform adopted at Chicago in 1892.

"Our faith in bimetallism is vindicated by events. The necessity for the restoration of the double standard was acknowledged by the president and congress in 1893 when a commission was sent to Europe to entreat other nations to aid in establishing bimetallism and the failure of the convention to secure European co-operation confirms the friends of free coinage in their belief that relief can only come by the independent action of the United States.

The present legal ratio of 16 to 1 is the only ratio at which bimetallism can be restored in opposition to it is confined to those who oppose bimetallism at any ratio, and those who misapprehend or ignore the reasons which led three national conventions to adopt it.

"We denounce the present Republican administration for its reckless extravagance in the conduct of the public affairs; for its cruel and inhuman neglect in its treatment of our soldiers and sailors during the Spanish war; for its complete subordination to the interests of organized wealth; for its protection and encouragement of trusts and combinations, and especially for its appointment and retention in office of an attorney general

PIC-NIC.

We are headquarters for Picnic, Camping or Tourist Supplies.

We sell all kinds of canned specialties and many kinds of cooked meats; all kinds of fruits, preserves, etc., etc.

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devoted to the interests of trusts and combinations. We believe the trust is the result in large measure of the policies adopted and pursued by the Republican party, among which are the demoralization of silver, by which the volume of currency has been kept below the demands of business, and the enactment and enforcement of vicious, unwise and unpatriotic legislation such as the protective tariff laws, known as the



McKINLEY AMONG THE SWEET GIRL GRADUATES. Chicago Record.

McKinley and Dingley bills, whereby there is a discrimination in favor of corporate wealth and against individual enterprise. We favor the destruction of the tariff, as well as the removal of the causes. The re-establishment of independent bimetallism at 16 to 1, and the repeal of all protective tariff laws, would do more to cripple and destroy the organization and the operation of the trusts than of any other laws.

"We hereby express our continued confidence in William H. Bryan, and favor his nomination for the presidency of the United States by the Democratic national convention of 1896.

"We recommend to the Democracy of Kentucky J. C. S. Blackburn as the successor of William Lindsay in the United States senate.

"We endorse the war carried to success for the freedom of the enslaved Cubans, and we appreciate the heroism and heroism of our soldiers and sailors therein engaged. But we declare the conduct of the present national administration as to the Philippines to be repugnant to every line of the bill of rights, the constitution and the Declaration of Independence.

In the matter of state affairs the platform indorses the election law passed by the last legislature, known as the "Goebel law," and the law "to prevent extortion, unfair and discriminating freight rates by the transportation companies," which were passed over Gov. Bradley's veto.

The law to insure competition in the sale of school books is also indorsed. The reading of the platform provoked a great deal of enthusiasm, particularly the references to Bryan and Blackburn. The resolutions were then adopted as reported.

Beginning of the Deadlock. Next came the nominations for governor. John S. Shea placed the name of Capt. W. J. Stone before the convention. Congressman Wheeler seconded the nomination. Judge Tarvin had nominated William Goebel. There were several seconds, but the crowd was too tired for speaking, and the roll call was ordered. A vote was ordered, and the roll call proceeded, with considerable disorder. The roll call was known as the "Goebel law," and the law "to prevent extortion, unfair and discriminating freight rates by the transportation companies," which were passed over Gov. Bradley's veto.

When the roll was completed he had within thirty votes of the necessary 100. The roll call was then changed to 8 to 10, and the roll call proceeded. The roll call was then changed to 10 to 10, and the roll call proceeded. The roll call was then changed to 10 to 10, and the roll call proceeded.

Under an agreement of the candidates the convention took a recess until 6 p. m. Unable to Nominate.

When the convention reassembled Hardin retained his strength during the early evening, increasing to 27, but it was to 27, or within 11 votes of Stone.

There was a decided drift in favor of Goebel early in the evening, but it was checked by the Stone people throwing enough strength to Hardin to even matters. The roll call was then ordered, and the inner workings of the Stone men to prevent Goebel getting the long end of the bargain, at least until the second ballot was taken, had had a bad test of his strength.

Successing ballots up to the eleventh showed no change in the position of the candidates, but at present there is no sign of a break from the deadlock.

After the eleventh ballot the strength of the candidates fluctuated, first one being in the lead and then another, but when the convention adjourned, the highest vote that had been recorded for either candidate was 24, cast for Stone on the eighth ballot.

Earlier in the evening several attempts by the Goebel forces to force an adjournment until Monday were voted down. After the eleventh ballot a resolution was offered by the Goebel people providing that after the next ballot the names of the candidates having the least number of votes be dropped. This was opposed by the combined strength of Hardin and Stone, who were defeated by a vote of 17 to 17. The convention then adjourned until Monday morning.

HOUSE OF THE MILITARY.

WARDNER SYMPATHIZERS HOLD A MEETING AT BUTTE.

Resolutions Adopted Condemning the Imprisonment of Accused Dynamiters - President McKinley is Asked to Intervene.

BUTTE, Mont., June 24.—There was a public open air meeting tonight here to protest against the action of the military authorities in the Coeur d'Alenes. The speakers were Judge William Clancy, of the district court; Peter Breen and T. S. Hogan, secretary of state. Mayor McCarthy presided. Speeches were made denouncing the military arm of the government for assuming to dictate to the men of the Coeur d'Alenes whether they should leave the ranks of union labor or surrender their right to earn a living.

The resolutions adopted condemn the imprisonment of men at Wardner, "held and tortured to wring from their lips words

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the old men at once, the remainder, except those who have been guilty of violence, being placed on the waiting list.

RULES FOR RESERVOIR SITES.

Interior Department Seeks to Correct an Abuse of the Law.

WASHINGTON, June 24.—New regulations for the control of the entry of reservoir sites on the public lands will soon be issued by the interior department. The secretary of the interior has been considering the necessity of additions to the regulations formerly issued under the act of January 12, 1888, relating to reservoirs, live stock, the law and the regulations issued under it have been greatly abused by repeated locations of those who seek a monopoly of the public lands to the exclusion of those who want to locate homes. In one instance in Kansas one person located several hundred contiguous acres as reservoir sites. In a limited section in one county in Nebraska 400 locations were made.

The new regulations will limit the right to these sites to those actually engaged in breeding, grazing and handling stock and then to the actual necessities of each applicant. They will also provide that if a reservoir site is fenced or if an attempt is made to use it for any other than reservoir purposes the right to it shall be immediately cancelled.

It will be the purpose of the new regulations to afford under the law ample water facilities for all who really used them for live stock and to effectually prevent abuses contained in

LOGGED IN JAIL IN MEXICO.

An American Woman Imprisoned for Defending Herself.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 24.—Two letters received from Mrs. Evelyn Collier, who is now in jail at Hermosillo, Mexico, tell the story of her arrest, trial and sentence to four years imprisonment for shooting and killing a Mexican who forced himself into her home when she was alone and attempted to assault her. She is an American woman, who lives with her brother, William Frost, at Ures, Sonora. On March 21, of this year, while her brother was absent, a Mexican broke in the door, a scuffle over the possession of a pistol then ensued, both having hold of the same weapon. Mrs. Collier pushed the man outside the door, when the pistol was discharged. He fell dead, but she locked and barred the door without ascertaining the fact. For this she was sentenced to four years in prison.

Frost secured the transfer of his sister from the jail at Ures to the jail at Hermosillo, and at the same time took an appeal to the supreme court. She claims that her condition in jail is deplorable.

The attention of Senator Perkins has been directed to the case of Mrs. Collier, and he promises to where the secretary with Secretary Hay, to the end that an investigation be made and the release of the prisoner be effected if the statements made by her are verified.

McKINLEY VISITS GREYLOCK.

The President Views the Scenery of the Mountains.

ADAMS, Mass., June 24.—The warm weather here prompted President McKinley and several members of his party to remain about the Plunkett residence in the forenoon. At noon the president and Mr. Plunkett were driven up Greylock mountain to Adams, where the scenery is most picturesque. Abner McKinley has been called to New York and he will leave tomorrow. At 2 o'clock this afternoon President McKinley addressed the G. A. R. men in Memorial building.

There were no wheels turning at the Big Bend flouring mill during the fore part of the week, and the employees of the plant are charged up to the looms entailed by the same time, and the acceleration took so well as to cripple up the men so they could not work.

BURKE MINERS EVADE AN ORDER.

Hold a Meeting and Attempt to Dissuade Missourians.

WALLACE, Idaho, June 24.—Last night the Burke miners' Union prepared to hold a meeting, inviting the Missourians to the Standard to attend. The authorities forbade the holding of the meeting, and the unionists met in a private hall, claiming to be holding a meeting of the Red Men. While there, one Missourian was induced to send a telegram to a friend at Joplin, advising him against coming.

ARRESTED FOR THE THIRD TIME.

Francis Butler Charged With the Murder of Jim Cheyne.

Special Dispatch to the Post-Intelligencer. SPOKANE, June 24.—Francis Butler, a well known young man of this city, was arrested today charged with the murder of Jim Cheyne at Wardner, Idaho, on the day of the explosion of the Bunker Hill mine.

This is the third time young Butler has been arrested, the first charge being that of conspiracy and attempting to obstruct the mails.

Prosecuting Attorney Forney came in from Wallace last night, and Butler will probably accompany the attorney back to Wardner, as he has announced that he will waive requisition.

When arrested he declared his innocence, and said he was paid \$25,000 to attend on this charge, as well as upon other charges. The young man spent the night in county jail.

Butler secured considerable notoriety at the beginning of the trouble at Wardner. He was the first man arrested, but was subsequently released through the agency of influential friends. He was re-arrested about a week later on the charge of conspiracy to murder.

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LABORERS' DEMAND GRANTED.

Strike in the Stockyards Results in Concessions.

CHICAGO, June 24.—The strike among unskilled laborers at the stockyards today assumed a wider scope, forty tinners leaving the Libbey, McNeill & Libbey cannery. The men were paid \$2.50, and the demand 5 cents more. Later half of them resumed work without getting the additional pay. The rest took place at Armstrong, Libbey, McNeill & Libbey announced today they would on July 1 grant the raise of 5 cents asked for. Other packers are expected to follow.

The strike extended to the car yards of Armour & Co. and those of Nelson Morris & Co. this afternoon, when 100 laborers quit. Nelson Morris granted the increase of 5 cents, and the score of men who had left returned.

STREET CAR STRIKE SETTLED.

Probable That Cars Will Be Running as Usual Today.

CLEVELAND, June 24.—An agreement between the big consolidated street railway and its striking employees was reached at 6 o'clock this evening, and it is probable that cars will be running as usual on all the lines of the company tomorrow.

The agreement provides for the hearing of grievances, a resort to arbitration in case the men and the company cannot agree, and it also provides for the re-instatement of discharged employees.

At Newhall's TOMORROW MONDAY

Another Special Sale of Curtains Ends—Manufacturers' Ends of Fine Lace Curtains.

Consisting of Fine Swiss Point de Calais and Fine Brussels Representing Curtains Worth from \$7.50 to \$20.00 a pair.

59c Each

It invites the attention of housekeepers to our special offer of manufacturers' samples ends of fine grade LACE CURTAINS comprising ends of fine Brussels Net, Point de Calais and Fine Swiss Lace Curtains, representing ends of goods worth from \$7.50 up to \$20 a pair. Sample pieces are now shown in our window; all on sale tomorrow at 5:30 a. m. at.....

59c Each

ALSO TOMORROW, SHIRT WAISTS

In great variety of style and fabric—Oradians, Poplins, Plaids and Checks at extraordinary reductions. All the 50c and 75c SHIRT WAISTS reduced to.....

All 50c WAISTS reduced to.....

The Olympia SILVER SERVICE. This magnificent solid silver service, furnished by us, to be presented to Admiral Dewey's flagship Olympia, by the citizens of this state, has been finished. We Will Exhibit July 4-10 The Service..... Graham & Moore, JEWELERS. 705 SECOND AVENUE.

ADAMS The CASH GROCER. Has everything in the Grocery Line at the very lowest Cash Prices for Camping And PICNIC PARTIES No Camping Outfit Is Complete Without Adams' Self-raising Flour And ADAMS' Best Coffee Remember the location No. 513 Second Av. Between Taylor and James St.

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT. Ladies' fancy effect in Lace OPENWORK HOSIERY, fast black and tan, in the new fancy drop..... SUMMER UNDERWEAR For Ladies and Children. Ladies' and Children's Summer Underwear in large variety. Lisle Thread, Silk and Cotton—large assortment, all prices. WASH DRESS GOODS. New, stylish WASHABLE DIMITIES, worth 10c..... THE "NEWBALL" KID GLOVE. Has proven itself an unqualified success. The beauty of finish, the softness of the skin and the general appearance and fit of it stamp it as one of the most perfect of our run on this still continues and the "Newball" Glove is sure to come to stay. Every pair guaranteed by us; price..... SPECIAL SALE OF TORCHON LACE. ALL PURE LINEN LACES, 1 inch, 1 1/2 inch, 2 inch wide, worth 10c, 15c, 20c, special Monday at..... MAIL ORDERS. Write for samples. Samples free. Mail orders carefully and promptly filled. We pay postage on purchases of \$5 and upwards, except on domestic staples. Spring and summer hats catalogue ready for mailing. Standard Designer for June now on sale, 10 cents copy. Art Department Mrs. Bagnell in Charge. E. W. Newhall & Co. SEATTLE, WASH.