

"Our Store Will Be Closed All Day."

EVERYBODY connected with our concern is going to celebrate this Glorious Fourth and expect to have a good time.

Cooper & Levy

104 and 106 First Avenue, Between Taylor and Washington St. Telephone Main 162.



They all like our SODA WATER IT IS GOOD. WE SERVE IT WITH BUBBLES OF ICE CREAM, CURRIES OF COCOA FRUITS.

STEWART & HOLMES DRUG CO., First Avenue, foot Cherry Street.

North American Transportation & Trading Company

ESTABLISHED 1892.

Is the Reliable and Direct Line to CAPE NOME, NEALY, ST. MICHAEL ISLAND, GOLOVIN BAY, KOYUKUK RIVER and ALL YUKON RIVER POINTS.

S. S. ROANOKE, Carrying U. S. Mail, Will Sail JULY 20.

FREIGHT and EXPRESS SHIPMENTS SOLICITED

Secure Your Berths Now and Avoid the Coming Rush.

For rates and full information call on or address

NORTH AMERICAN TRANSPORTATION & TRADING CO., Cor. Taylor Way and Occidental Avenue.

WE WILL CELEBRATE ALL DAY TODAY.

Z. G. MILES CO., A. L. PIPER, Recr. of Retail.

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ST. MICHAELS ABOUT

JULY 20.

S. S. Laurada

CAPE NOME, GOLOVIN BAY, Connecting with Seattle No. 1, Seattle No. 2, Seattle No. 3 for YUKON RIVER POINTS, and DAWSON, RAMPART, WAY PORTS.

S. S. DISCOVERY for Cape Nome and Golovin Bay

For Freight and Passenger Rates Apply to SEATTLE-YUKON TRANSPORTATION COMPANY 90 Columbia Street. Phone Main 247.

PAINTS, Oils, Varnishes and Brushes

FRISCH BROS. Manufacturing Jewelers and Watchmakers. Largest stock of Watches, Diamonds and Jewelry: 720 First Avenue, Seattle.

S. R. WAGONER, D. D. S., Painless Dentist.

Best teeth... Silver fillings... Gold fillings... A five year guarantee with all work.

GLASSES AND GLASSES Many people think that if they wear any glass it will be all right with their eyes.

LITTLE AMERICANS IN A LIVELY ROW.

Pandemonium in Session of Peace Conference.

AN ADDRESS IS ADOPTED.

Meeting Agrees on Wording of Unpatriotic Sentiments.

Prof. Herron Leads in Denouncing the Alleged Tendency to Autocracy, as Found in the Recent Wars and the Establishment of Martial Law in Idaho—March Excesses in Criticism of the Government in All Its Branches—Demand Made for Political Liberty, Rounded Out by Economic Liberty

BUFFALO, N. Y., July 3.—In the social conference today an address was read by Prof. Herron criticizing the Philippine policy, and a resolution denouncing the tendency to autocracy was adopted.

The first paragraph denounced "the war of conquest and extermination. The word 'extermination' was stricken out.

The words "lawless and irresponsible" were stricken from a paragraph referring to military control in Idaho.

The address as adopted refers to the "great evils of militarism and plutarchy which now menace the existence of the republic." It declares:

"The former is expressed in our war of conquest in the Philippines, in our continued government of Cuba, in the private use of the United States army for the complete overthrow of civil government in Idaho and the establishment of military despotism, in the corporate and private use of military force to destroy and terrorize organized labor, and in the monstrous public corruptions that have grown out of our Spanish and Philippine wars."

The address continues: "The nation that strikes down the liberties of another nation commits national suicide. We cannot too greatly emphasize the fact that the militarism that seeks conquest abroad has for its ultimate the overthrow of organized labor at home and the defense of government by injunction by Federal courts which have usurped the functions of legislation and have set aside the laws of the land."

An appeal is made to the public to join in the demand for the granting of liberties pledged to the Filipinos. Militarism is declared to be but the offspring and incident of the greater menace of plutocracy which has established a monopoly government.

"By force based upon special privileges in law natural resources, upon indirect taxation and consequent political competition, monopoly is centralizing the wealth of the nation in the hands of the enormous trusts which are becoming irresponsible, economic despotisms, which are using legislation, the judiciary and all the functions of the government as the mere instruments of private profit, which are reducing the entire people to economic serfdom or enforced wage slavery."

"Political liberty is a mockery without economic liberty. Even the further extension of suffrage, so as to grant political citizenship to women, which extension we urge and advocate, will avail little or nothing without economic freedom to men."

"We therefore make urgent appeal to the people to co-operate with us in the institution of such movements, and in support of such men as shall propose, first, direct legislation and proportional representation; direct taxation; public ownership of public utilities or monopolies; and the existence of society; the sole control by the people, through their government, of their medium of exchange, and for the upbuilding and enduring establishment of a free, just and progressive society based on these elementary principles of political and social democracy, we offer our voices and appeal to the good will inherent in the association of men for liberty and the common good."

At the afternoon session President George A. Gates, of Iowa, presented a resolution favoring a permanent organization with annual meetings. This was adopted and the chair appointed a committee on organization.

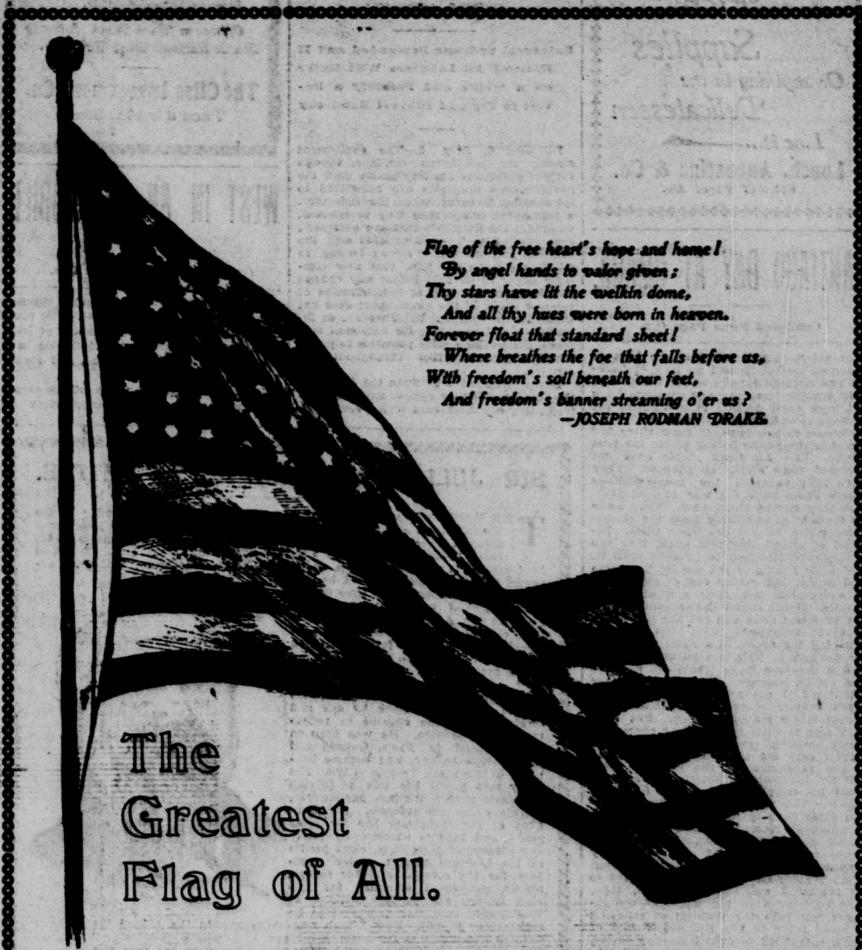
The committee on resolutions reported a long preamble and resolutions about the "inhuman and inexcusable war of conquest in the Philippines," declaring such war to be "an affront to every sentiment of humanity," a denial of the principles of justice and a repudiation of the fundamental theory of our American government.

This was carried by a vote of 97 to 54. Resolutions were also adopted opposing "all laws tending to limit or abridge the suffrage of American citizens or seeking to place under partisan control the machinery of elections;" indorsing the Ten Commandments; expressing a belief in heaven; opposing lynching; opposing voluntary co-operation as one of the means of industrial reform.

The conference was then declared closed.

NATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

Train Load of Members Will Reach Portland This Evening. HUNTINGTON, Or., July 3.—The excursion train with the National Press Association, consisting of ten sleepers and 350 excursionists, arrived at Huntington today.



DREYFUS' LAWYERS SEE HIM

WEST IN AN AUTOMOBILE.

SANTIAGO DAY AT OMAHA.

NEW YORKERS TRAVELING ACROSS THE CONTINENT.

POSTMASTER GENERAL SMITH TALKS ON PHILIPPINE WAR.

OMAHA, July 3.—"Santiago day" was celebrated today at the Greater America exposition.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Across the continent in an automobile!

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STATUS OF ARMY IN PHILIPPINES.

Recruits Required to Fill Regiments, 6,338.

NEARLY ALL ENLISTED.

Those Will Bring Regular Regiments to Their Full Strength.

All the Volunteers Will Reach Home Probably by September 1—Nine New Regiments to Be Created, Which Will Be Commanded by Regular Army Officers Who Were Colonels of Volunteers During the Late War, Selected According to Their Records—The Other Officers Will Be Selected From Volunteers

WASHINGTON, July 3.—The adjutant general's office today gave out a statement based on cable advices from Gen. Otis regarding the number of recruits required to fill the vacancies in the regular regiments new in the Philippines, the transports available for the return of volunteers and for the transportation of fresh troops, and the estimated time it will take to complete the work of enlistment.

Manila, July 3. Adjutant General: Number of recruits required to fill the companies to 125 in each regular regiment:

Table with columns for Infantry (First to Fourth), Artillery (First to Fourth), Cavalry (First to Fourth), and Engineers (First to Fourth).

Volunteers Yet to Be Returned.

Table with columns for California, Colorado, Idaho, North Dakota, South Dakota, Washington, Tennessee, Nevada, and California.

The department sums up the situation as outlined by Otis in the following statement.

To meet the requirements of the returning volunteers, the quartermaster's department reports there are now at Manila transports Sherman, Warren and Grant, with a capacity of 120 officers and 4,500 enlisted men.

There are now in San Francisco the transports City of Para, which will sail July 12, and Tartar, to sail July 23, with a capacity of 55 officers and 2,300 enlisted men.

There are now en route to San Francisco the following transports, with a capacity of 200 officers and 4,000 enlisted men: Ohio, Newport, Hancock, Senator, Morgan City, Indiana and Relief, hospital ship.

The department confidently believes the transportation has been so well arranged by the quartermaster's department that the last of the volunteers will leave Manila not later than the 9th of September, and it is expected they will all be away by the 1st.

Number of Recruits Required.

The recruits required for the regular regiments in the Philippines are estimated at 6,338 men. The number of recruits now at San Francisco are 3,284; a total of 4,721 leaving 1,547 yet to be provided for.

The large number of vacancies existing in the Fourteenth, Eighteenth and Twenty-third Infantry, is due to the fact that these regiments went with Gen. Merritt's original expedition to the Philippines, and were not filled to the maximum, also that the men in these regiments were enlisted for the war and are just now being discharged.

The men enlisting in the other regiments were discharged before the troops left this country and the vacancies are due to the increase of the companies from 105 to 125 men.

At the rate of enlistments for the last few weeks, the entire number will be enlisted by the close of the present week.

Nine New Regiments.

The proposed organization of nine volunteer regiments will place a number of important military commissions at the disposal of the president.

Although there will be three new brigades, Adjutant General Corbin says it is not likely that more than one additional brigadier general will be needed, the other two being provided for by officers of that grade now in the army, whose terms of enlistment are about to expire.

Regular Officers Alone to Command.

Gen. Grant, who is now in the Philippines, is in this category and he probably will be one of the two new brigadier generals. Another officer, now in the Philippines, is also available for reappointment to the provisional army.

Probably the most important point in connection with the proposed volunteer organization is the president's declared intention to appoint none but officers of the regular army to the command of the nine new regiments.

Nearly fifty regular army officers had regimental commands during the recent war in the volunteer establishment, and the nine colonels to be assigned to the new regiments will be selected from among that number.

The election will be based entirely upon the records of the officers during the late war, and the nine officers whom

Continued on Page Two.