ley showed a change in favor of the men. Several hundred men quit work at the Calvin Pardee mines, at Lattimer, as the result of persuasion on the part of the 400 marching strikers, and at Oneida and Cranberry the coal companies lost additional men. No collieries were closed down today.

MADE AN ORDERLY MARCH

Four Hundred Striking Miners Pay an Early Morning Visit to Pardeeville.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 1.—Another march, with the Calvin Pardee collieries at Pardeeville, five miles from here, as the objective point, took place early today. About 300 striking miners from Freeland started for Lattimer, and a little later 100 strikers set out from Hazleton for the same place. The two bodies united east of Lattimer, and marched into the town at 4 o'clock. Each striker carried a small American flag.

The marchers adopted the same tactics as were employed at Hazelbrook last week, going to the homes of all nonunion strikers and quietly asking them to refrain from continuing at work. They also covered all the roads leading from surrounding towns to Lattimer. The strikers claim they succeeded in getting nearly 400 men to quit, but the company officials say they did not lose anywhere near that number.

Sheriff Harvey, of Luzerne county, arrived at Lattimer just as the mine whistles blew for the starting of work, at 7 o'clock. He found nothing to do, however, as all the men were conducting themselves in an orderly manner. After starting time the strikers again formed in line and marched through the town, after which they dispersed.

All was reported quiet in the Panther Creek valley this morning. Reports from the various collieries throughout the Hazleton district show that practically the same number of men were working as on Saturday, excepting at Lattimer. The only colliery where a notable change occurred was that of A. Pardee & Co., at Cranberry, where some of the "lockie" engineers and some of the driver boys struck, thus further crippling the working. A "lockie" is a diminutive style of locomotive.

When John Markle, of G. B. Markle & Co., was asked how many returned to work in the collieries today he replied that "All the mines are working."

The strike leaders said there were very few men in the Markle works. The firm owns five mines and usually employs 2,800 men.

Sheriff Harvey is authority for the story that most of the Freeland men who marched to Lattimer this morning intended to stop at the Markle No. 5, Jeddo mine, on their way home. John Markle, he says, met the Freeland men at the outskirts of Jeddo. He found Sheriff Harvey with the marchers and told him his services were not needed. Upon joining the men, Mr. Markle marched with them to a schoolhouse near the No. 5 colliery, where he persuaded the strikers to go home.

TO OFFER MINERS ADVANCE

Decision of the Coal Operators at Their Meeting Held Monday Afternoon.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Oct. 1.—Coal operators at their meeting this afternoon decided to offer the striking miners of the Wyoming valley a net advance of 10 per cent. on wages heretofore paid, and to take up with their employes any grievance which they may have.

Powder will be sold to miners at $1.50 a keg, but the difference between this rate and the old rate of $2.75 a keg shall be taken into account in figuring the net 10 per cent. advance.

PRESIDENT MITCHELL TALKS.

Says Strike Is Complete and Miners Will Stand Together.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 1.—President Mitchell at noon today said:

"The strike is practically complete and there will be no resumption of work without there first being a convention representing every colliery in the anthracite field. The prediction made yesterday that no attention would be paid to the notices posted by the Reading company conceding a 10 per cent. advance has proved true.

"Our reports from the Panther Creek valley indicate that this heretofore impregnable portion of the anthracite region has declared its intention of suspending operations at once.

"Accompanied by the national board members I shall go to Wilkesbarre tomorrow to attend a great labor demonstration, which will be participated in by fully 25,000 men."

NO STAMPEDE TO WORK.

Miners Failed to Grasp Opportunity Offered by Operators.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Oct. 1.—Although the superintendents of numerous collieries attempted to start up their mines this morning few, if any, miners went to work. A few business people expected there would be a stampede of the employes of the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company to go underground on account of the company granting an increase of 10 per cent., but they were disappointed.

Strike leaders canvassed the workmen thoroughly after the posting yesterday of the company's notice, informing the miners of the concession. The canvassers pointed out that nothing was said about a reasonable reduction on the cost of powder, the abolition of the sliding scale or the granting of other important concessions.

NO CALL FOR A CONVENTION.

President Mitchell Denies That He Is Preparing One.

HAZLETON, Pa., Oct. 1.—President Mitchell reiterated this afternoon that, notwithstanding the reports to the contrary, he is not preparing to issue a call for a convention. He said there is nothing in the situation at present which would suggest the necessity of bringing together the delegates, but he intimated that something might develop at any time which would require him to issue a call for a convention on a day's notice. He would not say that he is looking for any sudden change.

Ignored by the Miners.

SHENANDOAH, Pa., Oct. 1.—The notice posted yesterday by the Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company, announcing an increase in wages of 10 per cent. to all its employes, was ignored by the striking mine workers, and none of them went to the workings this morning.

Will Accept Reduction.

BLOOMBERG, Pa., Oct. 1.—The 700 employes of the Reading Iron Company, of Deanville, decided today to accept the 25 per cent. reduction in their wages to take effect October 16, and against which they struck.

Needless to Tell You

That OUR STOCK is the FINEST and prices MOST REASONABLE of any Jewelry Store in the Northwest.

Our Enormous Business Proves This.

And if you haven't dealt with us yet, just give us a call and you will be convinced of this fact.

GRAHAM & MOORE
Jewelers and Diamond Merchants.
705 Second Av.

POMELO.

The Latest Healthful Carbonated Drink.

Pomelo is made from the pure juice of the "Pomelo" (grape fruit). This fruit is better known throughout the world as the "Shaddock," it being named after the man who first transplanted it from the East to the West Indies—a large species of orange, citrus decumana. It is credited with containing quinine in its best form, and is therefore a splendid, palatable tonic.

LOUCH, AUGUSTINE & CO.,
815-817 First Ave.

FLAW IN PAPERS TO FREE TEN MEN.

Continued on Page Two.

the list, is a graduate of Gonzaga college, of this city.

COURT OF APPEALS DECISION.

Rulings That Were Handed Down in the Coeur d'Alene Cases.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 1.—The following additional rulings were made:

The judgment is affirmed in the appeal of I. A. Thompson, by Nels Thompson vs. the Northern Pacific Railroad Company, for damages in a railroad accident.

In the appeal of Charles Olsen against the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company, an action for $15,000 damages for falling through a hatchway, the lower court's decision is affirmed.

The judgment is reversed and the cause remanded for further proceedings in the appeal of George Budge vs. the United Smelting and Refining Company. The case is from Montana, and is a suit on a contract to furnish mining timbers.

Judgment is affirmed in the appeal of Henry McGregor et al. vs. the Vermont Loan and Trust Company. The suit is from Idaho and was for the foreclosure of a mortgage.

In the appeal of Mary Mootry vs. R. R. Grayson to quiet title to certain mining property known as the Gold Hill mines in Boise county, Idaho, the decision of the lower court is reversed.

Morris & Whitehead (bankers) vs. Eastside Railway Company et al. and A. L. Maxwell vs. Eastside Railway Company et al. of Oregon. Judgment reversed and cause remanded with instructions to enter a decree.

The Northern Pacific Railway Company vs. J. S. Soderberg, judgment affirmed. Judge Gilbert, who wrote the decision, said:

"The question in this case is whether the land which is chiefly valuable for granite of a good merchantable quality is mineral land within the meaning of the exception from the grant of lands to the Northern Pacific Railway Company. The term 'mineral' embraces everything not of the mere surface, which is used for agricultural purposes.

"The granite as well as metallic ores and fossils, are comprehended within it. We entertain no doubt that in the reservation of mineral lands from the grant to the Northern Pacific Railroad Company the granite quarry in controversy was included. The land in controversy was land valuable chiefly for stone, and as such was offered for sale. Decree of the circuit court affirmed."

MONTHLY STATEMENT OF GOVERNMENT FINANCES.

Decrease of Over $6,000,000 in the Public Debt, and a Surplus of Equal Amount.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The monthly statement of the public debt shows that at the close of business September 29, 1900, the debt, less cash in the treasury, amounted to $1,106,156,671, which is a decrease for the month of $6,122,435. This decrease is accounted for by the increase in the cash on hand, and the redemption of the 2 per cent. bonds. The debt is recapitulated as follows: Interest bearing debt, $1,001,499,260; debt on which interest has ceased since maturity, $55,162,220; debt bearing no interest, $387,346,069; total, $1,394,361,549.

This, however, does not include $734,513,697 in certificates and treasury notes outstanding, which are offset by an equal amount of cash on hand. The cash in the treasury is classified as follows: Reserve funds in gold, $150,000,000; trust funds, $734,513,679; general fund, $123,956,806. In national bank depositaries to the credit of disbursing officers and to the are demand liabilities of $817,242,212. Total, $1,105,447,697, against which there are demand liabilities of $877,242,818 outstanding, which leaves a cash balance on hand of $288,204,878.

Receipts and Expenditures.

The comparative statement of the government receipts and expenditures, issued today, shows that during the month of September the receipts from all sources amounted to $45,304,326, and the expenditures $39,169,971, having a surplus for the month of $6,134,355. The receipts from the several sources of revenue are given as follows: Customs, $19,700,516; increase as compared with September, 1899, about $580,000. Internal revenue, $22,927,439; decrease, $1,437,000. Miscellaneous, $2,676,371; increase, $927,000.

The expenditures charged to the war department estimated at $14,125,284; increase, $3,600,000. Navy, $4,734,285; decrease, nominal.

During the three months from July 1, total receipts have exceeded the expenditures by $1,300,000.

Circulation Statement.

The monthly circulation statement of the comptroller of the currency shows that at the close of business on September 29, 1900, the total circulation of national bank notes was $328,335,973, an increase for the year of $35,045,845, and an increase for the month of $4,112,183.

The circulation based on United States bonds amounted to $284,222,979, an increase for the year of $36,908,806, and an increase for the month of $3,581,622.

The circulation secured by lawful money was $34,112,994, a decrease for the year of $1,862,961, and an increase for the month of $530,540.

The amount of United States registered bonds on deposit to secure circulating notes was $238,672,630, and to secure public deposits, $87,635,590.

Coinage of Mints.

The monthly statement issued by the director of the mint shows that during the month of September the coinage executed at the mints amounted to $6,849,458, as follows: Gold, $2,793,235; silver, $3,863,188; minor coins, $213,015.

Population of Los Angeles.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—The population of the city of Los Angeles, Cal., as announced officially today is: 1900, 102,479; 1890, 50,395. These figures show for the city as a whole an increase in population of 52,048, or 103.35 per cent. from 1890 to 1900. The population in 1880 was 11,183, showing an increase of 39,212, or 350.64 per cent. from 1880 to 1890.

Transports at Manila.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Gen. MacArthur cables the war department that the transport Belgian King arrived at Manila Saturday and the transport Logan today. The transport Universal arrived at Nagasaki Saturday, with forage for Taku and the transport Argyll has sailed for Nagasaki from Manila.

Proposals for Armored Cruiser.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Proposals for constructing, by contract, six armored cruisers, will be received at the navy department until 12 o'clock noon on Friday, December 7, 1900, when they will be publicly opened.

BRITISH ELECTIONS SHOW FEW CHANGES.

Continued from Page One.

populated working class district at the east end of London, and the result there seems to show that the Liberals have little to hope for from the metropolis.

On the other hand, Matthew White Ridley, son of Sir Matthew White Ridley, the home secretary, was elected at Staley Bridge, in the Unionist interest, by a majority of only 81, as against a Unionist majority of 632, secured by L. H. Sidebottom at the election in 1895. At Hartlepool Sir Christopher Furness, Liberal, received 6,491 votes as against 4,612 cast for Sir Thomas Richardson. This is a Liberal majority of 1,879 against a Liberal-Unionist majority of 81 at the election of 1895.

Both Conservatives Chosen.

Both the Conservative condidates were elected at Plymouth, which is a double-barreled constituency. The voting was as follows: H. E. Duke, Conservative, 6,009; Hon. Ivor Guest, Conservative, 6,005; S. F. Mendle, Liberal, 5,460; H. D. Walker, Liberal, 5,264.

At Oldham, another double-barreled constituency, one Liberal and one Conservative candidate have been elected, the latter being Winston Churchill. The polling was as follows: Alfred Emmett, Liberal, 12,947; Mr. Churchill, Conservative, 12,913; Walter Runciman, Liberal, 12,704; Mr. Crish, Conservative 12,592.

The returns received up to midnight show the total number of elected to be 132, as follows: Conservatives, 93; Unionists, 18; Liberals, 13; Nationalists, 8.

The Conservatives have gained two seats and the Liberals one.

Hon. Ivor Guest, one of the successful candidates at Plymouth, has an American wife.

Mr. Frederick E. Goodhart, who was defeated at Devonport, is a son-in-law of Mr. Leander McCormick, of Chicago.

CONSERVATIVES REJOICE AT ELECTION RETURNS.

Intense Feeling Shown and Serious Melee Occurred at Westminster Meeting.

LONDON, Oct. 2, 3 a. m.—Late last evening Joseph Chamberlain, secretary of state for the colonies, sent to the editor of the Birmingham Daily Mail the following message to the nation, which was conspicuously displayed on the screen where the paper was announcing the results of the polling:

"Patriotism before politics. May the union between the colonies and the motherland, now cemented by their blood, be forever maintained."

Considerable interest attached to the speech at Derby of George Wyndham last evening, because it had been semi-officially announced that the parliamentary under secretary of state for war would outline the government's proposals as to army reform. The chief points in the speech were that the home army should have a higher training, instead of being regarded as merely a training ground for the supply of the foreign army, and that greater opportunities should be given for home maneuvers on an adequate war scale.

Rumors are current this morning that the Marquis of Lansdowne, secretary of state for war, will succeed Earl Cadogan as lord lieutenant of Ireland.

Row at a Mass Meeting.

A mass meeting at Westminster last evening was addressed by the secretary of state for India, Lord George Hamilton, and by Lord Mayor Newton. The latter's son, after ejecting a disturber, was savagely attacked. His head was forced through a glass panel, and he received a severe scalp wound and other injuries.

Considerable excitement was displayed along Fleet street and the Strand, especially around the newspaper offices, where illuminated lights displayed the election results thus far at hand.

The Earl of Portsmouth, who as Viscount Lymington, formerly represented Barnstable in the house of commons, has formally withdrawn from the Liberal-Unionist Association on the ground that Liberal-Unionism no longer means anything but Conservatism.

The editorials on both sides this morning express satisfaction over yesterday's returns, which the Daily Mail asserts proves that there is no "khaki" boom.

A recount at Oldham last evening gave Messrs. Emmett and Runciman elected, with Mr. Churchill at the bottom of the poll. The Daily News and some other papers print this as the result. Corrected returns, however, which arrived late, give the result as already cabled, which may be accepted as accurate.

POPE IS PLEASED.

Says United States is Fair and Just to Church.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—Archbishop Ireland, who has arrived here from Rome on his way to the United States, in an interview today is quoted as saying:

"In one of the audiences which he granted me, the pope said: 'We are well pleased with the relations of the American government to the church in Cuba and the Philippines. The American government gives proof of good will and exhibits a spirit of justice and respect for the liberty and rights of the church. You will thank, in my name, the president of the republic for what is being done.'

"When I repeated to Cardinal Rampolla, the papal secretary of state, my interview with the pope, the Cardinal declared such statements were what he personally believed and knew to be true and that I was at liberty to repeat them to the American people. Furthermore, Cardinal Rampolla said that on no less than three different occasions petitions had been sent to the vatican, in the name of the Filipino leaders, asking that direct, official relations be opened between them and the vatican, but the vatican had always refused to listen to such petitions, out of consideration for the American government."

Russians Win Two Fights.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 1.—The war office announces that dispatches from Khabarovsk and Kharbin say Gen. Tschitschagoff sent Col. Kopetken with a detachment of Cossacks, railroad troops and volunteers to engage a force of Chinese who occupied the railroad at Sanchakan. The Russians won two obstinate fights. Forty-three dead Chinese were left in the trenches after the second engagement.

Transvaal Refugees Sail.

LORENZO MARQUEZ, Oct. 1. — The Austrian steamer Lloyd has sailed from here, having on board 400 Transvaal refugees, part of them being Irish-Americans. All their expenses have been paid by the Transvaal government. Each man received thirty shillings and will be paid $42.50 on landing at any port which may be selected by them.

HE AWAITS AN ANSWER.

Why Prince Ikanthor Cannot Return to Cambodia.

PARIS, Oct. 1.—Prince Ikanthor, son of the King of Cambodia (French Indo-China) who was recently a guest of France at the exposition, and who disappeared somewhat mysteriously, has been found in Brussels. A dispatch sent in his behalf says he did not sail for home last week from Marseilles, as was arranged, because he has received the French government's reply to the letter of grievances from his father against the French officials in Cambodia, of which he was the bearer. He adds that the only response he received was a telegram from his father ordering him to return. But he explains that he cannot do so until he has received the reply of the French government, so he has gone to Brussels.

The prince denies having any disagreement with his father, King Norodom.

WELCOMED TO LONDON.

Charles T. Yerkes, the Former Chicago Street Railway Magnate.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The Daily Mail prints this morning an exhaustive article dealing with the personality and career of Charles T. Yerkes, who has just purchased the Charing Cross and Hampstead underground railroad charter. Commenting editorially upon the entrance of Mr. Yerkes into the business life of London, it says:

"London needs such a man at this juncture, and if he can put the same spirit into street railway enterprises here that he has displayed in Chicago, he will be a welcome sojourner among us."

British Recover a Gun.

LONDON, Oct. 1.—A dispatch from Lord Roberts, dated Sunday, September 30, says:

"Rundle's troops in the Bethlehem district have recaptured from the Boers a mountain battery gun lost at Nicholsons nek and also 65,000 rounds of Martini-Henry ammunition."

British Gunboat Retaliates.

HONGKONG, Oct. 1.—The British gunboat Robin shelled the village of Luklao, on the West river, in retaliation for the inhabitants firing on a British steamer. The ringleaders were afterward captured and flogged.

Baden-Powell to Command Police.

PRETORIA, Oct. 1.—Gen. Baden-Powell has arrived here to take command of the police in the Transvaal and Orange river country which is proposed to maintain a force of 12,000 men, all under Gen. Baden-Powell.

Disastrous Explosion.

LORENZO MARQUEZ, Oct. 1.—An explosion occurred at Komatipoort, while the British were destroying the Boer ammunition, resulting in the death of two and wounding of eighteen of the Gordon Highlanders.

Berlin's Street Car Fares.

BERLIN, Oct. 1.—The street car lines in Berlin today introduced a uniform fare of 10 pfennigs.

WILL CONFER AS TO ARMOR.

Midvale Company's Claim as Lowest Bidder Will Receive Consideration.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—It is expected that representatives of the various armor producing concerns will be here tomorrow to confer with Secretary Long concerning the armor required for the warships now in course of construction. This armor amounts to about 26,000 tons, for eight battleships, six armored cruisers and three protected cruisers, and constitutes the largest amount of the kind ever recommended by the government.

When the first bids were opened it was found that the Carnegie and Bethlehem companies had divided the amount of armor, each bidding the same price—$445 for class A armor and $40 added for royalty. The Midvale Steel Company's bid was $438 per ton without charge for royalty, but with the condition that considerable time be given before deliveries began. All the bids were rejected and new bids were called for, to be opened tomorrow noon.

In the meantime the Midvale company protested that as the lowest bidder it should receive the contract. Efforts are now under way to adjust the matter so that the chief aim, that of securing the armor at the earliest possible time and at a reasonable price, may be realized. To this end the plan of opening new bids tomorrow has been given up and instead there will be a conference to devise means for an adjustment of the matter.

INDORSES ARMY CANTEEN.

Surgeon General Sternberg Corrects a False Impression.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 1.—Surgeon General Sternberg, U. S. A., writes to Adjutant General Corbin, saying:

"My attention has been called to a published statement attributed to me, opposing the army canteen. I presume this statement, as published, is practically what I said some years since, when interviewed upon the subject, although I do not at present remember to whom it was given. I did not at first look with favor upon the proposition to sell beer to soldiers at army canteens. That opinion was not based upon personal observation, as I had not been stationed at a military post since the canteen was established. Owing to the general concensus of opinion among line officers and medical officers of the army who have had ample opportunity to observe the effect of the army canteen upon the habits of our soldiers, I am obliged to admit that, from a practical point of view, it seems to have accomplished very desirable results in reducing the amount of drunkenness in the army, and the disposition of soldiers to leave their stations for the purpose of obtaining spirituous liquors."

INCREASES ARE SHOWN.

Pamphlet Report of St. Louis & San Francisco for Year.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—The pamphlet report of the St. Louis & San Francisco railroad for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1900, is issued. The results of operations from an added average mileage of 67.63 with comparisons, are as follows: Gross earnings $7,983,248, increase $756,584. Operating expenses $4,692,527, increase $351,336. Other income $118,002, increase $40,842. Total income $2,408,722, increase $446,090. Interest, taxes, rents, $2,312,361, increase $164,529. Surplus $876,361, increase $151,561.

The increase in passengers carried one mile was 15,285,752, or 20.9 per cent. The rate per passenger per mile increased .014 of a cent.

There was an increased ton mileage of 14,614,174, or 2.8 per cent., and an increased train load of 25.13 tons or 19 per cent.; while the freight train mileage decreased 539,462 miles or 13.8 per cent.

The net increase in the bonded debt of the company during the year was $3,305,875.

Coptic Passengers Released.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 1.—The passengers on the steamer Coptic, which arrived from China last night, were released from quarantine this afternoon. Among the passengers were twenty-six who passed through the siege of Peking. These include Miss M. E. Andrews, F. M. Chapin, wife and three children; Miss Douw, Miss Dudgeon, C. H. Fenn, wife and two children; Dr. J. H. Ingram, wife and two children; C. H. Oliver and two sons; Miss Cecile Payne, W. G. Squires, Mrs. M. Woodward and daughter; Dr. W. C. Becker.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY.

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

One Fare for the Round Trip, Via the G. N. Ry.

Only $10.40. Seattle to Spokane and return, to attend the Fruit Fair. Tickets on sale Oct. 8. Good to return Oct. 12.

DEGRADING OF TUAN OFFICIALLY ANNOUNCED.

Continued from Page One.

peace commission which was forecasted by Minister Wu's advices several days ago. Mr. Conger made no reference to the condemnatory decree, hence it is inferred that it was not issued when his dispatch was sent last Thursday.

The text of these two dispatches is as follows:

"Canton, China, Oct. 1.

"Secretary of State, Washington: Decree just issued blames ministers for whole trouble. Orders Tuan, Kang Yi and other officials degraded and punished by imperial courts. Emperor holds Tuan and others entirely responsible for bloodshed.

(Signed) "M'WADE."

"Peking, Sept. 27, via Taku, Sept. 30.

"Secretary of State, Washington: Have received notice today from Prince Ching that he, Earl Li, Jung Lu and Viceroys Tin Kun Yi and Chang Chip Tung will act in concert in negotiations for peace. Jung Lu is in the interior. Li Hung Chang is at Tientsin.

(Signed) "CONGER."

It is evident that the two viceroys mentioned are Liu Kun Yi, the viceroy of Nanking, and Chang Chip Tung, the viceroy of Wuchang, the difference in spelling being in telegraphic transmission. There has been some question as to Yung Lu being a member of the commission, but Mr. Conger's report settles all doubt. Minister Wu already had received an edict naming Yung Lu as one of the commission, but this was questioned in the other Chinese circles.

The appointment is not likely to be satisfactory to any other of the powers, as Yung Lu has made himself as offensive as Prince Tuan. He is generalissimo of the imperial troops, and is regarded as mainly responsible for the persistent fight on the legations during the crisis. The other commissioners are highly acceptable. Earl Li and Prince Ching are already favorably known as the two viceroys who are among the most pacific, enlightened and pro-foreign men in the empire.

It is the understanding of Minister Wu that the viceroys will not come to Peking to take part in the commission but will be counseled by telegraph. Li Hung Chang's long stay at Tientsin is exciting some comment, as he is aware of the American instructions to Minister Conger to open negotiations with him at Peking. It gives the idea that Earl Li is not fully satisfied that the reactionary element is overcome at Peking, and is awaiting more positive assurances.

The attention of the officials of the navy is being called to the report from Tientsin that the United States is about to take part in a naval expedition organizing at Taku for operations against Shanhaikwan. It was stated that this probably referred to an old project. Some time ago, while hostilities were in full progress, a movement against Shanhaikwan was projected to divert the Chinese from their resistance to the Peking relief expedition. With the fall of Peking the necessity for such a movement has expired. It is regarded as unlikely that the United States forces will take part in it if it is revived by any of the powers.

Gen. Chaffee reports he is moving with rapidity toward the execution of the department's orders relative to the withdrawal of his troops.

LOSSES AND GAINS IN CHINA.

Remarkable Utterances of a Boston Congregational Minister.

BOSTON, Oct. 1.—At the Congregational ministers' meeting this morning the principal speaker was Dr. Francis A. Clark, president of the United Christian Endeavor, whose subject was "Losses and Gains From the Uprisings in China."

Dr. Clark, who has visited several mission stations in North China, where the massacres lately occurred, says in part:

"The dragon's teeth of war and massacre were shown by the foreigners who had come in the spirit of commercial greed to push their conquests. Turn the tables for a moment and imagine China forcing her goods upon us at the point of the sword, sending her opium here to debauch our youth and compelling us to buy it, seizing the whole state of Massachusetts because of two Chinamen murdered by a mob, and we can imagine some of the feelings which animated the Boxers or the more intelligent powers behind the Boxers.

"A heroic chapter of missionary annals has been written, a chapter whose records can never be dimmed. The native convert has proved himself worthy of the Savior who died for him. The taunt of rich Christians can no longer be thrown in his face. China has been awakened from her sleep of ages. She can never again fall back into the same comatose condition as before. A trumpet call has been issued to the Christians of America and Great Britain to go in and possess the land and to see to it that their comrades have not died in vain."

PLANS OF MISSIONARIES.

Some Will Seek Furlough While Others Will Remain in China.

BOSTON, Oct. 1.—The American board of commissioners for foreign missions has received a message from the Rev. G. M. Chapin, one of its missionaries in Peking, disclosing the plans of the group of missionaries there. It is proposed to reopen the Bridgeman school for girls in Peking either in that city or in Tientsin. The North China college, which was destroyed in Tunche will probably be reopened in Peking.

Minister Conger has given assurances that he will try to secure the use of two or more large compounds which have been used by the Boxers and hence are liable to confiscation, for the use of the American board of missionaries. Eight of the missionaries, chiefly women, feel that they need a furlough, and sixteen are prepared to remain.

FRANCE DEFINES POSITION.

Favors Razing Fortifications Between Peking and the Sea.

LONDON, Oct. 2.—The Austro-Hungarian foreign office, says the Vienna correspondent of the Morning Post, has received a circular note which France has addressed to the powers, in which she agrees as to the necessity of obtaining satisfaction for the anti-foreign attack, but suggests that the ministers in Peking should immediately begin negotiations on the other questions at issue. The note also proposes the permanent prohibition of the import of arms and ammunition into China, the razing of the fortifications between Peking and the sea, and the maintenance of legation guards.

IS OFFICIALLY DENIED.

Alleged Withdrawal of Germany's China Demand.

BERLIN, Oct. 1.—The statement published in Paris that France, Russia and Germany have arrived at a complete understanding in regard to the retention of troops at Peking, and that Germany abandons her demand for the punishment of the instigators of the outrages before the peace negotiations begin, is denied here officially.

One Dose

Tells the story. When your head aches, and you feel bilious, constipated, and out of tune, with your stomach sour and no appetite, just buy a package of

Hood's Pills

And take a dose, from 1 to 4 pills. You will be surprised at how easily they will do their work, cure your headache and biliousness, rouse the liver and make you feel happy again. 25 cents. Sold by all medicine dealers.

Baroness Von Ketteler's Plans.

TIENTSIN, Sept. 29.—The German government minister, Von Schwarzenstein, has arrived here and established himself at the German consulate.

Baroness von Ketteler will start for Japan shortly on board the German steamer Halle.

HIS RULING IS IMPORTANT.

Judge Estee Decides That a Chinaman Sailing From New York Can Land in Honolulu.

HONOLULU, Sept. 24, via San Francisco, Oct. 1.—United States Judge Estee has rendered an important decision regarding the rights of Chinese to land in Hawaii. It was in the case of Ah Sing, who came here from New York as one of the crew of the ship Challenger, and was refused permission to land in Honolulu. He was brought before Judge Estee on habeas corpus proceedings. The judge decided that, having shipped from New York, the Chinese had a right to land in any other American port, and Honolulu is now an American port.

The decision is regarded as highly important as bearing on the question whether the many Chinese in the Hawaiian islands have a right to land on the mainland. A clause in the Hawaiian territorial act declares that the Chinese in Hawaii shall not be admitted to the rest of the United States. This clause is believed by some to be unconstitutional and the decision of Judge Estee is in line with that opinion.

There are about 20,000 Chinese in Hawaii.

TO CHECK PENSION FRAUDS.

Judge Clarke Charges the Grand Jury in His District.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Oct. 1.—Judge C. D. Clarke, presiding over the session of the United States court for the Eastern district of Tennessee, which convened here today, in his charge to the grand jury made special reference to pensions, and said:

"It is perfectly astonishing how bold applicants for pensions are becoming in forging affidavits, and especially the names of nonresident negroes who can never be found. This class of fraud is becoming so prevalent that even persons claiming to be Spanish-American war veterans are beginning to put in claims that are not without fraud."

Judge Clarke laid special stress upon this class of frauds, and cited an instance of a case at Knoxville, Tenn., during the late session of the United States court, where an applicant for pension produced affidavits that he was wounded in the charge at San Juan, but finally admitted that he had never been nearer San Juan than the state of Georgia.

FATE OF CAPT. SHIELDS.

There Is Still Some Doubt About It in Manila.

MANILA, Sept. 28, via Hongkong, Oct. 1.—Persistent native reports, which are generally believed, have been current in Manila for several days to the effect that Capt. Devereux Shields and Company F, of the Twenty-ninth regiment of infantry, consisting of forty-five men stationed at Boag, Marinduque island, embarked September 13 on the gunboat Villalobos and landed on the Marinduque coast September 14, where 200 of the enemy, armed with rifles, supposedly from Luzon, surprised the Americans. The latter fought for several hours until their ammunition was exhausted, and they were overpowered and surrendered, relief being impossible. At least four of the soldiers were killed, among whom, according to reports, was Capt. Shields. The Americans also had several wounded.

Lieuts. Reiff and Bates, on board the gunboat Yorktown, left Manila Monday. After gathering troops at Batangas they proceeded to Marinduque to verify the reports regarding the fate of Capt. Shields and his men, and in case the native rumors were well founded, to punish the rebels and release the captives.

News from this expedition is awaited with some anxiety in Manila. In the meanwhile the censor prohibits the transmission of news concerning the affair. Col. Edwin H. Hardin, of the Twenty-ninth regiment, who is now in Manila, admits it is possible that the native reports may be correct.

Ship Blanchard Burned.

NEW YORK, Oct. 1.—The board of underwriters received a cablegram from Montevideo today saying that the ship P. N. Blanchard, of Baltimore, April 4, for San Francisco, had been burned at sea and was a total loss. Her crew was safe at the Falkland islands.

Will Be a Total Loss.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 1.—The steamer Jennie, which went ashore near Point Arena in the fog Sunday morning, will doubtless be a total loss, as she is in such an inaccessible position that tugs cannot reach her. Her own engines cannot move her.

Salt Lake-Los Angeles Line.

CHEYENNE, Wyo., Oct. 1.—General Manager Dickinson, of the Union Pacific railway, and Senator W. A. Clark, of Montana, were in conference here today presumably with reference to the proposed Salt Lake-Los Angeles road. Later they both left for Salt Lake.

ECZEMA; NO CURE NO PAY.

Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, Itching Humors, Dandruff and all Skin Diseases no matter of how long standing. Price 50c. If your druggist should fail to have it send us 50c in postage stamps and we will forward same by mail, and at any time you notify us that the cure was not satisfactory we will promptly return your money. Your druggist will tell you that we are reliable, as our LAXATIVE BROMO-QUININE Tablets, which have a national reputation for colds, are handled by all druggists. Ask. PARIS MEDICINE CO., St. Louis Mo.

Everyone Will Go.

Everbody that can spare the time will attend the Fruit Fair at Spokane. Round trip tickets, via the Great Northern Ry., only $10.40, Oct. 8.

French Broadcloths, New Shades.

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Fall Millinery, Dainty Styles, Moderate Prices.

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LADIES' FINE GRADE ALL WOOL VESTS AND PANTS, plain weave, at ..... $1.00 and $1.25 each.

LADIES' FINE IMPORTED SWISS RIBBED VESTS AND PANTS, in assorted colors, low necks and sleeveless ..... All Sizes at 98c.

LADIES' UNION SUITS.

Ladies' Wool Mixed Nonshrinkable, natural gray and white, at ..... 75c, $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 each.

Florence Suits, in gray, white and black, all sizes, at ..... $2.75, All Fine Wool.

Mixed All Wool "Oneita" Suits, in white and gray, all sizes, at ..... $1.50 and $1.98.

Mixed Wool Black "Oneita" Suits in all sizes, at ..... $1.75 and $2.50 each.

These Goods Are Strictly First Quality and the Best Values Procurable at the Respective Prices.

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LADIES' HEAVY ALL WOOL BLACK HOSE, all sizes and extra values ..... At 25c a pair.

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Fascinators, Hoods, Shawls, in a large variety of qualities, all colors.

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Just opened, a large line of FRENCH FLANNELS, daintily embroidered with silk polka dots, in colors, the very latest in fancy flannels, a yard $1.25

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