BROWNLOW'S KNOXVILLE WHIG.

W. G. BROWNLOW, Editor and Proprietor. "PUT NONE ON GUARD BUT AMERICANS." TERMS—TWO DOLLARS, INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

ESTABLISHED APRIL 1838. KNOXVILLE, TENNESSEE, SATURDAY MORNING JUNE 29, 1861. VOLUME XXII.—NUMBER 48

JOHN W. ODELL
AGENT FOR THE SALE AND PUR-
chase of Negroes, Gay Street, Knoxville, Tenn.
The highest price given for slaves

TEMPLE & RODGERS,
Attorneys at Law.
KNOXVILLE, TENN.

T. C. CHAMPE,
MERCHANT TAILOR,
GAY STREET,
(Opposite the Lamar House.)
HAS JUST RECEIVED HIS
Spring Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Furnishing Goods, Trimmings, and every thing usually kept in an establishment of this kind.
Attention given to all work entrusted to his care.

DENTISTRY.
DR. P. H. CARDWEL
HAVE TRAVELING DENTIST
In the practice of Dentistry, he feels confident of extending his present business in this line, and guaranteeing that benefits by any dentist in the city, on Gay Street, opposite the Lamar House, between the hours of 8 o'clock A.M., and 6 o'clock P.M.
All operations performed in the best style. Teeth inserted on fine gold plate from a single tooth to a full set, and warranted to be equivalent to any work of the kind done here or elsewhere. He does not intend to be undersold, and he therefore confidently looks to the discerning for patronage, the place of his activity, for a liberal share of their patronage. His charges will be moderate.

THOMAS J. BAGBY,
AGENT & COMMISSION MERCHANT,
Gives out Negroes, Rents out Houses,
AND SELLS TOBACCO, WHEAT, CORN, FLOUR AND
Other Country Produce.
ALL BUSINESS ENTRUSTED TO MY care attended to promptly and properly.
Refers to Messrs. Chas. T. Worthington & Co., Tinsley, Trotter & Williams, Hood & Brother, S. Magenheir & Bro., and R. K. Morrow, of Richmond.

CHANGE. R. M. M'PHERSON & CO. CHANGE.
R. M. M'PHERSON & CO.
GROCERS AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
MAIN STREET,
Knoxville, Tennessee.
R. M. M'PHERSON TENDERS HIS services to his numerous friends and customers for the liberal patronage for many years past, and solicits a continuance of the same for the new firm.
JOHN S. BEIEN & SONS,
Attorneys at Law,
OFFICE NO. 10 CHERRY STREET,
NASHVILLE TENNESSEE.

W. C. M'ADOO,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
WILL PRACTICE IN THE VARIOUS Courts of Knox and adjoining counties.

CAMP HOUSE,
CLEVELAND, TENNESSEE.
NEW HOTEL JUST OPENED, ON the west side of Railroad and south end of the Depot, where the proprietor is prepared with a good house and good rooms to accommodate the public with as good fare as any House in East Tennessee.
W. A. CAMP, Proprietor.

CLARK, GREGORY & CO.,
SOLE PROPRIETORS OF
CLARK & FULLER'S
AMBROSIAL OIL,
To whom all orders must be addressed.
Agency of all the Numerous Patent Medicines, Ladies Toilet Creams, London Butter Scotch Candy.
Depot, No. 21 College Street, opposite the Southern House, Nashville, Tennessee.

DENTISTRY.
DR. GEORGE BUCKWELL TENDERS his professional services to the citizens of Knoxville and vicinity. Thankful for past favors, would solicit a share of patronage. Office, Gay street, a few doors above the P. O. Office—Knox Hotel.

CANCER CAN BE CURED
DR. R. W. JANEWAY
TENDERS HIS SERVICES FOR THE treatment of Cancerous Diseases, whether local or in the system. Scrofula and Chronic Diseases. His treatment is very mild, and perfectly safe, whether taken internally or locally applied. The remedies are vegetable. As proof of the successful success in the treatment of Cancerous Diseases, he would refer to the following gentlemen:
Dr. Reed, M.D., McMinnville, Tenn.; Dr. J. M. Port, Elizabethtown, Ky.; Dr. Dillard, M.D., Lexington, Ky.; Robert Spencer, Esq., Fredericksburg, Va.; Elder W. C. Dark, Gallatin, Miss.; Hon. Joel Sharp, Mississippi; Dr. A. W. Chesnut, Hopkinsville, Ky.; Dr. J. M. King, M.D., Murfreesboro, Tenn.; Dr. Northcott, M.D., Fort Hedge, Ky.; Dr. Wm. H. Eigler, Mo.; Dr. Dillard, M.D., Chicago, Ill.; Stephen Tucker, Alabama, Ala.; Rev. J. B. Greene, Nashville, Tenn.; Col. John M. Minor, Bedford, Mo.; M. L. Avery, Sr., Memphis, N. C.; Dr. Massey, M.D., Tompkinsville, Ky.; Murfreesboro', Tenn., Jan. 1, 1860.

DIRECT IMPORTATION.
JUST RECEIVED—A Large Assortment of French Kitchen Implements and Utensils, Wedgwood's & Wright's Patent Kettle, Wright's Relief Box and Bright Tins, Clarke Walker's best Prime Chickens, Sardines, Anchovies and sardines.
As I have imported these goods direct from England, I am enabled to offer indisputable bargains to wholesale or retail customers for the cash.
T. G. SAWLINS.
P. S. OYSTERS. JOB C. TOWNSEND.

SUMMERS & TOWNSEND,
CONFECTIONERS AND FRUIT DEALERS,
221 Baltimore Street,
North Side, 2 doors below Howard St.,
BALTIMORE.

C. E. NOTEER,
WITH
MASSIE BELL & GOODLOE,
WHOLESALE DEALERS IN
Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps,
&c. &c.
No. 324 Baltimore Street,
BALTIMORE.

PRODDLE
Commission and Grocery House
LYNCHBURG, VA.
WILSON & SON.
IS PREPARED TO RECEIVE AND SELL
all kinds of Country Produce, and solicit consignments. Sales made and proceeds remitted promptly. A good and well assorted
STOCK OF GROCERIES
always on hand and for sale low for cash, or in exchange for produce.
Refer to Messrs. Lancaster & Buckner, Boland, Tenn.; Col. A. Wills & Son, Jonesborough, Tenn.; Lowry & Bacon, Morristown, Tenn.

Wholesale Drug Store.
GAY STREET, KNOXVILLE, TENN.
JOHN JACKSON,
Successor to Scarbro & Jackson
Manufacturing Chemist and Wholesale and Retail Druggist.
SOLICITS THE ATTENTION OF PHYsicians, Merchants and Families to his large stock of DRUGS, CHEMICALS, OILS, PAINTS, BRUSHES, TRUSSES, SURGICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c.
Assured that my goods are fresh and pure, and that I can sell them on equal terms as they can be purchased anywhere, I invite every article genuine and as represented.
By attending strictly to business, I hope to merit a share of public patronage.

MACHINERY.
THE SUBSCRIBERS, HAVING THE agency for Knoxville, Tennessee and Stationary Steam Engines, French Burr Mill Stones, Bolting Cloths, Belting, Saws, Boiler and Other Machinery. Worth's Patent Portable Steam Engines, Mackenzie and Tyler's celebrated
WATER-WHEELS,
Are prepared for the management of Machinery at moderate terms. Wheels may be seen in operation at the Mill of W. S. Kennedy, on this city, and from the high testimonials accorded them in other parts of the Union, they are confidently said to be unsurpassed by any in East Tennessee for the results of Mill owners in East Tennessee for the results.
S. McCLUNG & CO.
Knoxville, Tenn.

BARBER-ROOM.
DAVID SCAGGS would respectfully inform the citizens of Knoxville and the public, that he has permanently located himself in this city for the purpose of conducting the business of building in all its branches, and in the most modern and approved style.
Is prepared to execute plans for churches and private residences. Also will give special attention to the repairing and renovating of old buildings. Office at the Shop State of S. W. Scott.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS
COMPANY,
Eastern, Western, Southern and Northern Express Forwarders.
HEAVY AND LIGHT PARCELS, small packets, Gold and Specie, to their address, Bank Notes, Bonds, Jewelry, and all kinds of valuables, forwarded to and from all points of the United States and Canada, accessible by Railroad and Steamboat, daily in charge of special messengers. Bad debts, drafts and accounts promptly collected. Rates taken in charge and forwarded through the South.
H. B. PLANT, Sup. S. W. Div., Augusta, Ga.
JAS. SHUBERT, Int. Supt., Cincinnati, Ohio.
TOM MURRAY, Agent, Knoxville, Tenn.

REMOVAL!
UNION CLOTHING HALL.
H. MANN,
HAS REMOVED HIS ENTIRE Stock of
CLOTHING,
BOOTS and SHOES,
HATS, CAPS and FURNISHING GOODS,
to the room formerly occupied by E. S. Parham,
GAY STREET,
next door to one door above Cumberland, and next door to Judy's Book Store, where he will be pleased to meet his old friends and customers, and all others desirous of procuring anything in his line of business.
His stock is large, to which he is adding constantly by Express, and all may rest assured that their trade will be promptly and obligingly met, and at prices to suit the times.

GRACEY BROOKS, WALTER S. BROOKS, DENNIS FARNSTOCK
WM. McTEER, late of Tennessee,
WITH
BROOKS, FARNSTOCK & CO.,
DEPOTERS AND JOBBERS OF
Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,
FANCY GOODS AND NOTIONS.
No. 245 Baltimore and 56 German Streets,
BALTIMORE.

W. H. KENDALL,
TUNER AND REPAIRER OF PIANO Fortes, Organs, Melodeons, Seraphines, and all Musical Instruments to general. Knoxville, Tenn.
Mr. Kendall is well acquainted with the mechanical construction of the above instruments. Old Pianos that have become harsh from long use, made to sound as well as new. All orders addressed to him, or left at the Jewelry Store of Downey & Miller will meet with prompt attention.
REFERENCES—Rev. R. C. Carry, Col. J. H. Crozier, T. Palmer, L. C. Shepard, Alvin Barton, J. C. Moses, Knoxville, Tenn.

WM. BOOND.
Grocer, Provision Dealer
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
Gay Street, Corner of Union,
Knoxville, Tennessee.

THE EXCHANGE AND DEPOSITE BANK OF KNOXVILLE.
JUST ORGANIZED, WILL COMMENCE business on the 1st of June, and will deal in Gold, Exchange, Tennessee Bank Notes, Discount Paper, buy and sell public securities, and stocks, and make liberal advances and negotiable loans on reasonable terms.
Special attention given to the collection of commercial paper, which liberal advances will be made, whether it may be a matter of cash or not.
Interest will be paid on Deposites made for a definite time, or to be withdrawn after reasonable notice.
C. MORROW, President.
Pres. Warner, Jr.

500 SAFES
TESTED IN ACCIDENTAL FIRES
JAMES C. MOSES IS AGENT FOR Farrell, Herring & Co.'s celebrated "Champion" Fire and Burglar Proof SAFE, of Manufacturer's Prices. Knowing the superiority of these Safes, I have passed many things accidental fires, and they still stand for the acknowledged "Champion."

SOUTHERN AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT MANUFACTORY,
THE SUBSCRIBERS HAVING ERECTED a NEW AND COMMODIOUS BUILDING, adjoining the Planters' House, and the Phenix Foundry, is prepared to manufacture all kinds of
AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS,
TOOLS AND MACHINERY.
Having been awarded the FIRST PREMIUM, at the late Fair of the Lynchburg Agricultural and Mechanical Society for the best Wrought Iron and Ploughs better than any other there, we feel safe in asserting, and that the farmers would prefer to buy articles of Southern Manufactory, under a pro. ge guarantee.
E. B. SHEPHERD & CO.
Lynchburg, Va.

1861. SPRING TRADE! 1861.
NEW FIRM!
RUFUS H. M'CLUNG. CHAS. D. WALLACE.
M'CLUNG & WALLACE.
(SUCCESSORS TO SAMUEL D. BOYD.)
DEALERS IN STAPLE AND FANCY Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing, Carpeting, Hats, Caps, Boots, Shoes, &c. &c.
Corner Store—Coffin's Block.
They will be pleased to see the former friends and patrons of the old firm, and hope to offer such inducements as the trade can well appreciate in purchasing of the partners. Mr. Boyd is now in Market purchasing Spring and Summer supplies, and will remain in the New Firm for a time after his return.

NEW BAKERY
AND
CONFECTIONARY ESTABLISHMENT.
G. MOREHOUSE, & CO.,
THANKFUL FOR PAST FAVORS would announce to his friends and patrons and the public generally, that he is now prepared to furnish all the articles in the line of baking, at the old stand, Cumberland Street, opposite the Lamar House.
BREAD, CAKES,
PIES, CRACKERS,
CONFECTIONARY,
CANDIES, &C.,
of the best quality, and in any quantity.
Having lately added a Steam Cracker Machine the trade can be furnished with any quantity of Crackers of every kind desired.

KEROSENE
OR COAL OIL, BY THE BARREL, OR in any small class for sale wholesale and retail, at
JACKSON'S Drug Store.

FOR THE E. & E. R. CONTRACTORS.
JUST RECEIVED, PICKS, CROWBARS Sledges, Steel, Axles, Iron Rope, Hooks, &c. &c. which I will sell very low down for the cash. Try me.
T. G. SAWLINS.

SPORTSMEN
A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF RIFLES, SHOT GUNS, Pistols, and Fixtures for the Sport of the Big Pudduck, never they and Cumberland stands.

FARMERS, ATTENTION
HAVE SCYTHES, CRADLES, MAYsticks, Grain Cradles, Rake Heads, Forks, Shovels, Spades, Chains. All cheaper than ever before sold in this market.
T. G. SAWLINS.

HO FOR GOLD AND SILVER.—ROW is the time to make your money. Send a 3 cent stamp and get full particulars how to obtain wealth. Address
S. HANKINSON, Chester,
No. 76 West Fourteenth St., New York City.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION.
PHILADELPHIA.
A Benevolent Institution, established by special Endowment for the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of Diseases of the Sexual Organs.
MEDICAL ADVICE GIVEN GRATIS, by the Acting Surgeon, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, age, occupation, habits of life, &c., and in cases of extreme poverty, Medicines furnished free of charge.
VALUABLE REPORTS on Spermatorrhœa, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the NEW REMEDIES employed by the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three stamps for postage will be acceptable.
Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa. By order of the Directors.
EZRA D. HEARTWELL, President.
Geo. Fairchild, Secretary.

F. W. MILES,
ARCHITECT AND BUILDER.
THE SUBSCRIBER RESPECTFULLY informs the citizens of Knoxville and the vicinity, that he has permanently located himself in this city for the purpose of conducting the business of building in all its branches, and in the most modern and approved style.
Is prepared to execute plans for Churches and private residences. Also will give special attention to the repairing and renovating of old buildings. Office at the Shop State of S. W. Scott.

JUST RECEIVED.
A SPLENDID ASSORTMENT OF COAL Grates, with everything complete, at
JAS. C. MOSES'.

BACON
100 000 LBS. CLEAR SIDES FOR sale. April 6. JOB & HART.

THE KNOXVILLE WHIG
IS PUBLISHED WEEKLY
BY WM. G. BROWNLOW.
Terms of Subscription.
TWO DOLLARS a year, payable invariably in advance. No subscription will be received for a less period than Six Months.
Communications to be sent through the Post Office, or the risk of the Publisher, when the receipt of the Post-master is taken for the amount forwarded.
Rates of Advertising.
TERMS: LINE OF NONPAREL MAKES ONE SQUARE.

No. of Squares	1 Week	2 Weeks	1 Month	3 Months	6 Months	1 Year
Half Square,	$1 00	$2 00	$3 00	$5 00	$6 00	$10 00
One Square,	1 50	2 50	3 50	6 00	8 00	12 00
Two Squares,	3 00	4 00	5 00	8 00	10 00	15 00
Four "	5 00	6 00	8 00	12 00	15 00	20 00
Six "	6 00	11 00	15 00	20 00	25 00	40 00
Twelve "	12 00	20 00	25 00	40 00	50 00	80 00

Job Calls on persons to become candidates will be inserted at other advertisements, to be paid for invariably in advance.
All advertisements on which the number of insertions is not marked, will be published till forbid, and charged accordingly.
Advertisements will be published day when inserted, except those with whom we have regular accounts.
No advertisements from a distance will be inserted unless accompanied by a remittance, except in cases where the advertiser is known, or is vouched.

KNOXVILLE WHIG.

KNOXVILLE, TENN.
SATURDAY, JUNE 29, 1861.

Editor's Correspondence.

GREENVILLE, June 19, 1861.

In coming to this place, I took it leisurely through the several counties below, in a buggy, striking the Railroad at Bull's Gap. In the edge of Sevier, I met with a full company of Home Guards, drilling, and all well armed with rifles. Coming up into Jefferson, in the afternoon of the first day, I met with another Union company drilling, and, as I took it, well provided with rifles. At those points, and all along the road, I found but one spirit inhabiting the people, and that was a determination not to submit to the unconstitutional and oppressive legislation of our late General Assembly. And a more determined spirit never animated the bosoms of any people. When, and in what this matter will end, God only knows.

I noticed with pride and pleasure, all along the line of my travels, and on either hand, the splendid crops of Wheat and Oats, as well as the prospect for Corn. The Wheat crop has not been finer for years. The grains are large and fine, the heads are full, the rust has done little or no damage, and the amount of ground in Wheat is greater than I had any conception of. The hay is fine and abundant. Vegetables are fine. There are apples and peaches enough for all reasonable purposes. Truly this is encouraging. Verily the dark night of adversity among farmers, has been followed by a bright morning of prosperity.

But I must say something about the Convention of the Union men of East Tennessee, now in session here. The ball was opened yesterday morning by the introduction of about a half Regiment of troops from the South. Portions of these rushed into the Hotels, and seized upon the breakfast prepared for the guests and boarders. At Maloney's, where I am quartered, with about fifty other delegates, they rushed in, and one of them drawing an axe, threatened to demolish the door of the dining-room. The landlord quieted them by promising them breakfast as soon as his boarders were through. Breakfast over, they entered a small shop, and divided its contents among themselves. They went into the shop, then, of a poor man, who had about forty dollars worth of boots and shoes made—took them all—took his tools, and leather not worked up, and carried all away. They had previously gone into an Irishman's liquor shop, and taken all his money, breaking open his drawer, and filled their canteens with liquor, spilling more out of the barrels than they used. The particulars of this case I am not able to give—the citizens say that the Irishman had more than one hundred dollars on hand. These men, as I take it, were the "flower of the youth" from the Cotton States! The officer having them in charge, made them an inflammatory speech—told them that this town had given 60 Southern Rights votes, to some three hundred Black Republican votes, and ordered his minions to groan for the Republicans, and they bellowed forth like devils, their looks and oaths corresponding with their groans.

At 12 o'clock thereafter, the Convention met in the Grove, where some two or three thousand men were addressed by Messrs. Maynard and Nelson. At four o'clock, the Delegates assembled in the Court House, and so large was the body as to fill the house to overflowing. The President, Mr. Nelson, read a report to the Convention, and this was referred to the Committee of 31, representing every county in East Tennessee. The Committee have this document and others under consideration, but when they will report, I am not able to say, nor can I say what they will report. Nelson's document, I consider as able as the old Declaration of Independence.

The Convention held two sessions to-day, and it was largely attended. The session in the forenoon was held in the Grove, and was addressed by Col. Temple and Gen. Arnold. In the afternoon it held its session in the Academy, and was addressed by W. H. Maxwell, Esq., and Col. Duggan. I have not spoken of the Convention, in detail, nor of the speeches, because I was not present, being on the Committee of 31, and it being all the time in session. The Greeneville *Democrat*, of this date, comes out and compliments the soldiers, for their good behavior here, and cautions the public that the Union men would send out reports to the contrary. Mr. Maxwell read the article, in his speech, and denounced it, and its lying author in becoming terms. The article is in these words:

There have passed over our road some 50,000 troops, and out of that vast number we have not yet heard the first well-authenticated instance where they have committed even a misdemeanor of any magnitude.

We repeat again, that under all the circumstances, the soldiers who passed through here behaved remarkably well; yet, as we said before, there are those who are trying to create the impression that they are afraid of them.

Yesterday morning a large detachment of the Tiger Rifles, from Louisiana, above referred to, in company with other troops from Louisiana and Georgia, passed through here, and though they lay over from half past two till eight o'clock—five hours and a half, and part of the time before daylight—we have heard of no case of enormity committed by them—in fact they behaved remarkably well; though the rumbles of the cars that bore them away had hardly died upon the ear, till all sorts of ridiculous rumors were circulated about them.

It is a fallacy to suppose that a prejudiced man can avoid distilling the truth, just a little.

Our Committee has adjourned over to half past seven to-morrow morning, and the Convention adjourned to meet at half past eight. We may be able to close our labors to-morrow, but of this there is no certainty. The proceedings, thus far, have been harmonious, and a very deep interest is felt in the result of our action.

Senator Nash and Representative Butler have to-day received a dispatch from Nashville, signed by R. B. Cheatham, to the effect that the members of that body, the Legislature, will not be required to take an oath of allegiance to the Southern Confederacy.

TAS. BOTTOM.

LATEST WAR NEWS.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—A Government messenger reports Stone's command at Rockville. Less reliable reports place him in quiet occupation of Leesburg.

A brush is reported at Senora. Southern loss, Capt. Shinze and two men.

Arrangements are proposed for paying transportations over mail routes in Government stocks.

Gen. Scott boasts of the evacuation of Harper's Ferry as being in perfect accordance with his plans.

The Government has information that the Southerners have set a trap for them, fifteen miles from Alexandria, into which they expect to draw the Federalists.

The same scout reports Indians lurking in the neighborhood of the alleged trap.

Point Lookout and Fortress Monroe are to be connected by a submarine telegraph.

A collision at Vienna is reported. The Southerners have possession of the bridge there over which the invaders must march.

Nebraska officials, including J. Sterling Morton, Sec., Addison R. Gilmore, Receiver, Wm. Pirsell and R. P. Rankin, Marshals, are heavy defaulters. An investigator is sent.—Defalcations in Iowa are also developing.

A dozen rifled cannons have been sent to Alexandria.

Gen. Butler is threatening Great Bethel in force.

The Aquia Creek defences are being increased.

The troops at Fortress Monroe sleep on their arms.

From St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS, June 18.—The Federal troops fired, aiming at the Windows in the Recorders office, killing four citizens and mortally wounding two.

A soldier in the ranks accidentally fired his gun at which the whole company became frightened and fired indiscriminately.

The Federal force in the interior is 10,000 located as follows: 2,400 at Herman and Jefferson City, 3,200 at Rolla, 2,500 at St. Joseph and along the Hannibal Railroad, 1,000 on the North Missouri Railroad, and 1,000 at Birds Point in addition to 2,500 at St. Louis.

Nothing is known of Gen. Jackson's movements.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The Federalists at Vienna numbered 900 men.

The report to Gen. Scott says on turning the curve within a quarter of a mile of Virginia, we were fired upon by a masked battery with shells, shot and grape, killing and wounding the men on the platforms of the cars. The train stopped on account of injury to the machinery, and could not be retired.—We abandoned the train, and took to the woods, finding the battery supported by 1,500 South Carolinians. We fell back, throwing out skirmishers on both flanks, and retired, 5 killed, 5 wounded, and 5 missing. The men abandoned knapsacks and blankets, and a few muskets. The report is signed R. C. Schenk, Brigadier General.

From Fortress Monroe.

FORTRESS MONROE, June 18.—The steamer Catalina was fired on by a steam tug.

The Southerners are erecting a water battery at Sewall's Point and concentrating in force on James river.

From Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, June 18.—Col. Boerstein is appointed commander of St. Louis and Cole counties. He has issued a proclamation.—Lyon is also out in a proclamation.

ST. LOUIS, June 18.—There are 2000 Missourians at Boonville, and 1000 on the opposite bank. Artillery is placed commanding the river. Lyon is waiting for information to determine whether to advance by river or land.

Arrival of the Jura.

FARTHER POINT, June 16.—The Jura, from Liverpool on the 6th, via Londonderry the 7th, passed this point at 2 o'clock for Quebec.

Lord John Russell said in Parliament he had no knowledge of the Canadian volunteer regiment tendering their services to the United States Government. Of course he could not say what action would be taken.

Five cases, containing 1000 rifles, directed to the Commercial Bank, New York, intended for the steamship Adriatic, were stopped at Galway, the agent of the line refusing to let them pass.

Wheeling Convention.

WHEELING, VA., June 17.—In the Convention to-day, Mr. Pierpont, of Marion county, made a strong speech in favor of the declaration.

On motion of Mr. Dorsey, of Monongahela, the declaration was ordered to a third reading.

Mr. Carlile obtained leave to report an ordinance for reorganizing the Financial Bureau of the State, by which no sheriff or other depository of public funds is permitted, on penalty of loss of office, to pay money to the Richmond authorities hereafter to be provided.

Mr. Dorsey moved that the declaration be put upon the passage, calling for the ayes and nays. Ayes 50—not a vote in the negative. Thirty members were absent on leave.

The declaration was signed by 56, the same number as signed the Declaration of Independence.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Gen. Scott has ordered the Regulars, consisting of several regiments in Gen. Patterson's command, to Washington.

The remnant of Patterson's force will occupy Harper's Ferry.

More troops are concentrating at Baltimore.

From Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, June 18.—Reports from Fortress Monroe say a British war vessel is cruising off the Chesapeake. The Harriet Lane is coming in minus her wheelhouse. There is an immense Southern force between Yorktown and Great Bethel. Butler is still preparing to advance.

From Leavenworth.

LEAVENWORTH, June 18.—The Missourians at Independence burned the telegraphic dispatches in the office at that place.

A Kansas regiment is encamped at Wyandotte.

Robinson proclaims that as Missouri has declared war against the United States, Kansas is subject to invasion, and urges all good citizens to organize.

From Wheeling.

WHEELING, June 18.—Convention.—An ordinance was passed fixing the salaries of Governor and Representatives much lower than now.

A bill proposing separation was tabled by a vote of 51 to 11.

From New York.

NEW YORK, June 17.—The steamer Peerless has arrived here from Toronto under American colors. The steamers Atlantic and Baltic are to be converted into gun boats. The Florida and Auguste are coaled up ready to transport troops.

From Missouri.

JEFFERSON CITY, June 18.—Lyon's expedition on two steamers proceeded towards Boonville yesterday. Several hours afterwards firing was heard. The telegraph lines are cut.

ST. LOUIS, June 17.—The Democrat has special dispatches founded on the report of a man who came to Jefferson City in a skiff, to the effect that the Missourians were routed at Boonville with 300 killed and many captured.—11 Federalists were killed.

Arrival of the Bavaria.

NEW YORK, June 18.—The Bavaria, from Hamburg the 2d and Southampton the 5th, has arrived here. She has a large quantity of argos on board for the United States Government, consisting of 500,000 stand of rifles.

LEXINGTON, KY., June 19.—Andy Johnson, of Tennessee is here en route for Washington. He spoke three hours.

CHICAGO, June 19.—Reports from various quarters render it certain that the Virginians are moving westward under Wise.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Seven cars backed out by a locomotive from Alexandria, dropping detachments as they went, meeting no interruption till near Vienna, where a man warned them of a battery, but they proceeded a short distance, when the battery opened fire, directed at the engine, crippling it. The engine being behind the train, the engineer uncoupled it, abandoning the train, rushed away, carrying some of the wounded and dead. The men, leaping from the cars and while running for the woods, suffered considerably. Vienna is occupied, the Southerners falling back on Fairfax. The engagement lasted 20 minutes—nine killed and thirty wounded.

Leesburg had not been occupied up to yesterday morning. A battle occurred in that vicinity day before yesterday, lasting ten hours, but with what loss to the Southerners is unknown, and the particulars with regard to the result and Federal loss is suppressed.

Gen. Johnson is moving to surprise Cadwallader at Martinsburg instead of going to Winchester.

A desperate fight between Vienna and Fairfax Court House is imminent.

From Wheeling.

WHEELING, June 19.—An ordinance, passed by 19 to 2, provides for the entire re-organization of the State Government, and repudiates the Richmond Convention. The Convention will now proceed to choose a new Governor. A State Seal and other emblems of authority have been ordered.

From Missouri.

LOUISVILLE, June 19.—Gentlemen from St. Louis say that no reliable whatever can be placed in dispatches emanating from St. Louis, or any point in relation to affairs in Missouri, the telegraph being utterly unbridled. The Democrat controls the Western line, and officials dictate what shall be sent.

Lyons' capture was believed there, and is thought probable here. Not a word, however, has been telegraphed since the dispatch of last night from the Democrat, giving details of how Jackson viewed the fight on a distant hill, and fled to parts unknown; and how General Price was seized with a violent diarrhœa on the commencement of the fight, and taken to his home on a boat. The editors of independent, truth-telling papers are jailed for treason.

From Washington.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—Reliable accounts place Col. Stone's advance at Poolesville. The Southerners are attempting to cross Goose Creek under a heavy fire from special case shots.

It is stated that the Missouri Senators will not take their seats, fearing arrest for treason.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—It is judged by prudent persons here that Beauregard in withdrawing his advance, aims to catch McDowell's column in ambuscade, but he will hardly succeed after the warning at Vienna.

The Southerners are erecting batteries at all important points on the Potomac, with a view of controlling navigation and cutting off Washington except via Annapolis.

Persons from Richmond report gigantic preparations for its defence.

Repairs on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad were deferred until they can be more safely done. Seven thousand feet of bridging is burned.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—Telegraphic communications to headquarters from Falls Church says the movements of both parties indicate an action in that vicinity.

WASHINGTON, June 19.—It is positively asserted that Wigfall visited Washington, disguised as a cattle drover.

The Department is accepting men by battalions.

Latest from Cairo.

CAIRO, Monday, June 17.

To the Editors of the Cincinnati Enquirer:

The steamer Wm. H. Brown, from Pittsburg for Cairo, arrived here this morning at three o'clock. She is reported for the Cairo-Memphis squadron, and has aboard, for Camp Defiance, three twenty-four pounders, and any amount of shell, shot, powder, &c. We now have plenty of cannon and ammunition, and our fleet is increasing as fast as could be expected. They comprise the following boats: City of Alton, Cairo Company Ferry, Swallow, Wm. H. Brown, and the steam tug, Capt. Stevenes, all ready for service at a moment's notice.

Official Account of the Evacuation of Harper's Ferry.

The following dispatch has been received at the War Department at Washington:

POINT OF ROCKS, June 15.

To Hon. Simon Cameron: We landed on the Virginia side of the Ferry at 2 o'clock p. m. We were the first Union men that crossed. We then passed over into the town, which was nearly desolate. There was not a solitary soldier visible. A few of the poorer classes were on the streets. The best houses were closed. The John Brown engine house and magazine and armory buildings we have reported as saved.

Three cars of grain and coffee for Winchester, for the engines to haul, were emptied into the river on Friday, and also lot of cotton. The cars were marked "Miller Rifles, Winchester." Five trucks, loaded with machinery and pipes, stand in front of the hotel, marked "Richmond." Near the armory fifty flint-lock muskets were thrown into the river. Our boys are fishing them out. At the camp grounds in the rear of the town there was nothing left of any value. The town and surrounding country present the most desolate appearance ever seen.

The physician who was attending the troops says that in the Mississippi and Alabama troops about fifty were down with the measles.

The troops were ordered to leave twenty-four hours before they did, and one of Johnson's staff said it was reported the Federal troops were going to take Winchester and fortify it, and cut them off. But they would now go there and be reinforced from Richmond. We found in the buildings burned in April, from fifteen to twenty thousand musket barrels, gathered in piles.

The men all uniformed according to fancy, and the means of the town they come from. No side arms were allowed in the camp, excepting for commissioned officers. The Kentucky and Mississippi troops said they came to fight, and were eager to go up, and take Washington on their own account.

We secured a lot of bayonets and pieces of muskets as mementoes.

Left at 5 o'clock. The inhabitants are rejoicing over the evacuation. A piece of the Virginia flag, placed there in April, remains on the top of the pole. The rope is broken, and there is no flag of any kind in the town.

We saw a young man who came down on the train that left the Relay House at nine, with a sword and two trunks, by the weight of which we concluded they were no doubt percussion caps. He said at the Ferry he was going to Richmond, where he had command of a company of Baltimore men.

At Point of Rocks sixty-four cavalry were reported still across the Potomac.

The rest of the main body of troops were only ten miles from the Ferry at noon. I have the honor to be, &c. A. H. PALMER.

Curious Phenomenon.

"How is it that you raise so large and nice onions?" I asked of an Iowa farmer, as I was sitting at the table with him, and observing some on the table.

"Well," said he, "we sprout the seed with boiling water, and then plant early and in good ground."

"Sprout the seed in boiling water?" I exclaimed, inquiringly. "What do you mean, sir, by that? Won't boiling water kill the seed?"

"Not at all," he replied; "but it would sprout them in one minute's time."

"It will? It looks incredible!" I replied with surprise.

"Will you try it," he replied, "when the time comes to plant, and you will find it just as I tell you."

And sure enough, when spring came and my neighbor was about planting his onion seed, and being present, I said:

"Jesse, last winter there was a man told me that to pour boiling water on onion seed would sprout in one minute. Suppose you try it."

"Very well," said he; and taking the teakettle boiling from the stove he poured the water about boiling on the seed which, he had in a saucer. Looking closely at it for a moment, he exclaimed, "My conscience! you have told rightly. Only look there."

I looked and beheld the little sprout, about as long as horse hairs, were sprouting out of the open ends of the seeds! He did not retain the water on the seed above three seconds, and in less than one minute after it was poured off, the sprouts were projecting from the seeds.

My Iowa friend assured me that this two to three weeks beyond the ordinary method of planting, with our warm spring.—Try it gardeners and farmers; maybe he guessed it.

PROCEEDINGS
OF THE
E. TENNESSEE CONVENTION

HELD AT GREENVILLE, ON THE 17th DAY OF June, 1861, and succeeding days.

SECOND SESSION.

FIRST DAY.

GREENVILLE, TENN., June 17, 1861.

The Convention met this day in pursuance of the following call:

EAST TENNESSEE CONVENTION.

Pursuant to a Resolution adopted on the 31st May, by which the Convention adjourned to meet at such time and place as the President, or Vice President in his absence, may determine and publish, I hereby notify and request the members of the Convention to meet in Greeneville, on Monday, 17th day of June, 1861. THOMAS A. R. NELSON.

Jonesboro', June 11, 1861. President.

The members of the Convention assembled at the Court House, and were called to order at 4 o'clock P. M., by the President, the Hon. T. A. R. Nelson.

Vice Presidents present, JOHN WILLIAMS, of Knox, and WM. HENSLEY, of Monroe.

Secretary—JOHN M. FLEMING, of Knox.

Assistant Secretary—J. MONROE MEEK, of Jefferson.

On motion of Mr. Reinhell, of Monroe, the roll of counties was called, when the following delegates were reported in attendance:

List of Delegates.

Anderson County.

L. C. Houk.

Bledsoe.

J. G. Spears.

Blount.

W. T. Dowell, H. J. Henry, J. R. Frow, Solomon Farmer, Lander Wear, A. Kirkpatrick, F. M. Cruze.

Bradley.

J. G. Brown, R. M. Edwards.

Campbell.

J. A. Cooper.

Carter.

A. Tipton, Wm. Marsh, L. Slagal, T. M. Hilton, L. Carter, W. B. Carter, H. Slagal, J. Bonnet, D. Stover, J. Hendrickson, J. G. Lewis, W. J. Crutcher, J. Perry, B. P. Angel, V. Singleton, J. L. Bradley, R. M. G. O'Brien, C. P. Toncray, Robert Williams, John M. Smith, C. Wilcox, H. C. Smith.

Cocke.

J. W. Clarke, P. Easterly, G. L. Porter, W. Nively, J. Bible, Wm. Wood, W. Graham, W. Hornett, S. H. Inman, W. A. Campbell.

Claiborne.

R. E. Jones, V. Myers, J. J. Branch, J. J. Sewell, H. Sewell, F. Jones.

Cumberland.

R. K. Byrd (alternate.)

Grainger.

H. G. Lea, D. C. Senter, E. L. Tate, James James, Jno. Brooks.

Greene.

J. P. McDowell, W. H. Crawford, T. D. Arnold, Charles Gass, Peter Harmon, J. P. Heltzinger, J. B. Dobson, R. A. Crawford, James Jones, B. H. Barter, David Rank, Israel Woolsey, A. W. Walker, J. Easterly, S. Earnest, N. Earnest, B. B. Sheetle, John Love, J. Myers, Geo. Kinney, Wm. Jones, Anthony Moore, J. Brannon, J. Kerlough, C. Harden, Jacob Bible, B. McDaniel, A. W. Howard, C. M. Vest, J. G. Reeves, Wm. Cavender, D. G. Vance, Thos. Davis, E. Davis, J. W. Harold, John