Daily Eagle.

M. M. MURDOCK, Editor.

TUESDAY MORNING, MAY 20, 1884.

ALTHOUGH AND BUT THAT NOW.

Friends, good morning; one and all, good morning; here is your DAILY EAGLE.

Although long delayed this greeting is being responded to with that eager promptness and hearty good will which has made this fair, busy city what it is, and which guarantees a successful future to its first full-fledged daily paper.

And, Wichita is going to be a city. Wichita is not only to be the city of this greatest of great valleys, but possibly, even probably, the city of the State of Kansas. The cities in this State that lead Wichita, to-day, are but few, and the shadow of each falls upon its neighbor so closely as to hamper the growth and ambitions of all. Wichita, upon the other hand, is without a rival or even the possibility of a rival.

But, the time has come when the conservation of a steady development renders it imperative that our business interests should reach out to embrace more than the immediate environments. The character of Wichita's undisputed supremacy as a commercial point must be changed to that of a commercial center, and the relation she has heretofore borne to neighborhoods and adjacent communities must she now bear to surrounding towns and cities. Wholesaling and manufacturing, to a comprehensive degree, must take the place of a former exclusive retail traffic. No other agency will so surely contribute to this effort as a daily paper going out into the stores, shops and offices of the various surrounding towns and cities, making known our ability and facilities for meeting all demands. Wichita is carrying larger and finer stocks of goods to-day than can be found in any city west of St. Louis, if we except Kansas City. These advantages can in no other way be so constantly and effectively impressed upon the people whose patronage we desire as by and through such a daily paper as THE EAGLE will strive to be.

That all this is thoroughly understood by the enterprising business men of this city it is hardly necessary to affirm in the face of the columns upon columns of their own declarations found in this paper.

The aim of THE DAILY EAGLE,—all of its best thoughts and energies, will be devoted to the cultivation of a community of interests which shall include Wichita first, and, secondly, the eight or nine counties of this lower valley which surround it, and which composes, we verily believe, the fairest and richest domain to be found on God's green earth. If such an aim, backed by such a faith, seconded by the energies of such men as are represented in these columns, can make the proudest city in this land, then, indeed, is the work already more than half accomplished.

One word more, and that of a personal nature: It has been our life's ambition to stand at the head of a daily journal. For this, in the early days of this city we severed ties which bound very strongly, left a people who not only sympathized with and sustained us for a long term of years, but who honored us over and again above our deserts, to come to a town in whose future we thought we saw some of the grand possibilities now being realized. For six years past we have had laid away in boxes the necessary extra material for a daily paper, awaiting the auspicious hour when the demand should warrant the venture. In this we have been seconded by a majority of the members of the Kansas and Missouri Associated Press who held the telegraph franchise for us against all offers and all schemers. With the majority of these men we have been laboring, in our humble way, for a quarter of a century to make Kansas what she is. And, although our new daily must inevitably trespass upon fields hitherto occupied by them, it is a satisfaction to know that it is done not only with their full consent, but that they have persistently refused all others the privilege.

Now, filled being the modest grasp of our ambition, filled the hands and head of THE DAILY EAGLE'S business manager, filled, we hope, will be the measure of the expectations of the good people of Wichita.

Again, good morning,

CYRUS McCORMICK GONE.

Cyrus H. McCormick, head of the great harvester manufacturing company, and supposed to be one of the richest men in Chicago, died at his home in Chicago on the 13th, in the 75th year of his age. He had been an invalid for many years.

Mr. McCormick was born in 1809, in Rockbridge county, Virginia. He was a son of Robert R. McCormick, a farmer, who invented the original reaper in 1816, but afterward abandoned it, owing to its imperfections. Deceased brought the invention to successful completion in 1831, when twenty-one years old. For this invention he was elected by the French institute as a member of the academy of science, and received the decoration of the cross of the legion of honor. In politics he was a Democrat, and has been prominent in his party as a member of the national committee. He founded and liberally endowed the theological seminary of the Northwest, conducted under the auspices of the Presbyterian church, and also endowed a professorship in the Washington and Union theological colleges of Virginia.

The flippant remark made by a prominent Thacher man, "that there was nobody for Martin but old soldiers and newspapers," does not seem to be entirely in accordance with facts. If the statement was true, they are friends any candidate may be proud of. There is one thing the campaign has so far has developed and that is that the newspapers and old soldiers are for Thacher.—*Capital.*

FOR SECRETARY OF STATE.

In making its first appearance before the people of Kansas, the Daily EAGLE takes great pride in being able to adorn its initial number with a good word for E. B. Allen as a candidate for secretary.

The importance of this office to the people of the state cannot easily be overestimated. He has the control of the engrossing of all bills and the custody of all the acts of the legislature, and by the lack of fidelity on his part, the change of a word, or perhaps a letter in a bill, might inflict immeasurable injury upon the people.

He is a member of the executive council which appoints our fiscal agents, our railroad commissioners and official newspaper. He is a member of the board of railroad assessors, which alone is a position of the greatest importance.

He has the charge of an incalculable amount of business, affecting directly the welfare of the people. Unquestioned integrity and tried efficiency are the requisites we need in that office. In these respects no man in Kansas holds a higher place than E. B. Allen. He is conservative and he is safe. He is qualified, and he is reliable, and his claims are as strong as those of any other man. We earnestly urge him upon the favorable consideration of our fellow Republicans of the state.

GRANDLY SAID.

Charles Reade wrote his own epitaph. It is to be engraved upon a plain stone, and reads as follows: 'Here lie, by the side of his beloved friend, the mortal remains of Charles Reade, dramatist, novelist and journalist. His last words to mankind are on this stone. I hope for a resurrection, not from any power in nature, but from the will of the Lord God Omnipotent, who made nature and me. He created man out of nothing; which nature could not. He can restore man from the dust, which nature cannot. And I hope for holiness and happiness in a future life, not for anything I have said or done in this body, but from the merits and meditation of Jesus Christ. He has promised his intercession to all who seek it, and he will not break his word; that intercession once granted, cannot be rejected; for he is God, and his merits are infinite. 'Him that cometh to me, I will in no wise cast out.' 'If any man sin, we have an advocate with the Father, Jesus Christ the Righteous; and he is the propitiation for our sins.'"

TICKETS TO THE CHICAGO CONVENTION.

Nearly two weeks ago we published an article intended to correct misapprehensions concerning the distribution of tickets of admission to the Republican National Convention, and to inform those desiring to attend how tickets may be obtained. But it is evident the matter is still imperfectly understood, and people going to Chicago to attend the Convention may be subject to grave disappointment and unnecessary expense. We would, therefore, request Kansas papers generally to publish the facts, which are as follows:

The tickets of admission to the National Convention are being prepared under the supervision of the subcommittee of the National Committee. They will be engraved, with coupons for each probable session of the convention. The tickets will be numbered and allotted to particular seats, as is done in the theatres and opera houses. The owner will retain his ticket, and as the coupon will be for successive sessions of the convention, this will prevent more than one person obtaining admittance at any one session on the same ticket.

The total seating capacity of the hall will not exceed 9,000. There are 820 delegates and 820 alternates, for whom seats will be reserved; 1000 seats have been allotted to the Chicago local committee subscribing the funds for defraying the expenses of fitting up the hall, policing, guards, and printing the proceedings; about 600 will be reserved for reporters of daily newspapers making special reports; and about 1000 for distinguished guests, including Senators, Congressmen, State officers, and others. The remaining seats, about 4,700, will be distributed among the delegates from the several States, *pro rata*, so that each delegate will have, in addition to his own ticket, from five to six for distribution among friends. The delegates from each State will, therefore, have the distribution of the tickets, and they are the persons to whom application should be made.

We wish to add, also, that unless persons who propose attending the Convention have secured, in advance, the promise of a ticket, they had better remain at home. The pressure for tickets is enormous. If only half of those in Kansas who talk of going, do go, not one-third of them will be able to procure a ticket, and they will have the journey and the expense for nothing, and be subject to a grave disappointment. The eighteen Kansas delegates will not have to exceed a total of 108 tickets for distribution, or about six for each delegate. Hence we would say to all persons in this State, if you have not obtained, in advance, the promise of a ticket, stay at home, and thus avoid expense, loss of time, and grave disappointment. The seating capacity of the hall cannot be increased, and the chances are that there will be in Chicago from all parts of the country, twenty applicants for every ticket that can be furnished.

There is another fact delegates should bear in mind. The tickets assigned them are intended for distribution to citizens of their own State, and they should be reserved for that purpose. No matter how near and dear may be the friends applying to them, from other States, they should refuse all applications made by persons living outside of Kansas.

We wish the newspapers of the State would make public these facts. Their wide circulation may save many persons the expense of a journey to Chicago, and the grave disappointment of finding, on their arrival there, that they cannot get seats.—*Champion*

A SALOON MAN PARDONED.

Gov. Glick yesterday issued a pardon to J. S. S. Johnston, of Cawker City, Mitchell county, who has been convicted of a violation of the prohibitory law and sentenced to fine and imprisonment. The Governor based his action in the premises on the extenuating facts in the case, the prisoner being singled out and subjected to a special and different punishment from others tried for the same offense at the same term of court.

A petition for Johnston's pardon was presented signed by over four hundred citizens and tax payers of Mitchell county. Governor Glick also received numerous letters from citizens and business men of Mitchell county, without regard to party, asking for Johnston's pardon.—*Capital.*

DRAWING.

Messrs. Campbell and [illegible] undertaken to dictate to [illegible] of Kansas what they shall do. [illegible] Democrat and the other has been in the State four years.—*Topeka Capital*

Rev. A. B. Campbell took office as soon as he got to Kansas; he was made chaplain in the penitentiary. It is a soft place. Your audience cannot run away. You get a handsome salary, your feed, clothes, boots and shoes, all made by convicts out of goods paid for by the tax-payers of Kansas. Preacher Campbell waxed fat. He had a soft thing; a sure audience, good pay, no pastoral visits; no trouble about saving souls. Preacher Campbell is the fattest man we have ever seen in Kansas. We know all the editors and thousands of farmers and mechanics, but Kansans are never fat men. They work too hard. The pioneers have had to break the prairies, build their houses on borrowed money, and pay off the mortgages—no time to get fat. When this preacher came here he had no notion of going on to a farm or of going to work, on a small salary, like other preachers. He wanted to keep his fat. He selected the biggest stone building in the state for his home, with plenty of servants to wait on him, to feed and clothe him, and to allow him to get fatter and fatter.

When there was a change in the administration and the preacher had to go, he still had no idea of going to work. So he formed a co-partnership with Martin Van Buren Bennett, a Cherokee county Democrat, and the only man in the United States who, during the war, published a paper called the *Copperhead*. Bennett did this in Iowa. All the time that the war lasted this traitor sat in his office and abused the Union soldiers, President Lincoln and the patriotic men and women of his native land. He did not join the rebel army, where he belonged; he was just a copperhead snake, hissing, biting, running out his tounge at everything that was loyal and patriotic and true. More venomous and cowardly even than the rattlesnake, which sounds a warning of alarm before it fixes its fangs and sends its poison into the heart of its victim. This was Bennett, the Iowa snake, and this is his history. He is the coparcener of the preacher. For a year and a half now the fat man and the snake have been travelling through Kansas and collecting money to support themselves. They came to Hiawatha and begged and carried off almost a thousand dollars. They came here during the Methodist conference, when they were sure of an audience. We saw them—Van Bennett in front, spitting and fuming, and the fat preacher in the rear, sweating, wiping the oil off from his face, shaking his fat sides over the snake's wit, laughing, very contented, very happy, and finally toddling to the front and asking the people to subscribe for Brother Bennett's paper.

They collected a great many thousand dollars in Kansas, and the preacher keeps getting fatter and fatter. No Eskimo, floating in train oil, is fatter or happier than Rev. A. B. Campbell. He has struck it rich and has no idea of floating out of his tank. The coparcener, Van Bennett, is of the same frame of mind. He has plenty of money and has not been so happy since he yelped and howled over the assassination of Lincoln. The show season has again opened and the Fat Man and the Snake gave their first exhibition in the opera house, at Topeka, Saturday, May 3d, giving two performances, afternoon and evening. The rent of the opera house for the occasion was one hundred dollars. If it has been paid at all it has been paid by the temperance people. The showmen pay for nothing. Campbell charges for his fat and Bennett for his venom

We need only add that the purpose of the show this year, in addition to the passing around of the hat, is to defeat the nomination of John A. Martin for governor. Martin is a Republican, was a union colonel, and has always earned his own living.—*Hiawatha World.*

CHARLES O'CONOR DEAD.

At Nantucket, Tuesday, the great jurist, Chas. O'Conor died.

Charles O'Conor was a native of New York City. He was born in the year 1804, the son of an Irishman of culture, a member of the Catholic church, in which faith his distinguished son continued. The future eminent lawyer did not receive a university education. The associations of his life at home, while he was a pupil in a common school, were, however, favorable to the development of his mental powers. He was admitted to the bar when about 20 years of age, rose rapidly in his profession, and was recognized as a lawyer of unusual ability and promise before he was 30. When under 50 years of age he had achieved a national reputation. Of the important cases in which he has taken part, two are pre-eminent—namely: the Mason will case, in which he is considered to have made his greatest argument, and the Forrest divorce suit, in which he appeared for Mrs. Forrest. The statement is made that the great actor on one occasion threatened personal violence toward the eloquent advocate who represented his wife's interests in this lawsuit, but was overawed by his cool courage and dignity. Mr. O'Conor lived at Nantucket, in the enjoyment of an ample income earned by his brilliant success at the bar. He is said to be worth about $1,000,000, not a surprisingly large amount when his long practice, during the best period of which he made from $60,000 to 70,000 a year, and the appreciation of the real estate in which he invested, are taken into account. After being a bachelor many years he married one of his clients, a widow lady belonging to the Livingston family, with whom he lived but a short time. Their tastes were as opposite as their religious preferences, (she was a Protestant), and they separated. When, after many years, Mr. O'Conor received the news of his wife's death, he is said to have wept bitterly. He has no children. Mr. O'Conor was always a favorite among his brother attorneys. His nature was gentle and sympathetic, and his quick sensibilities often belied the cold exterior which he assumed. He was a Democrat in politics. During the presidency of Pierce he acted as district attorney for a months. He was a member of the constitutional convention of 1864. His nomination for the presidency in 1872 resulted in a few votes being cast for him in several states. These, perhaps, may be regarded rather as complimentary to the man than as an indorsement of the extreme views entertained by that section of the Democratic party which nominated him. Some years ago he was reported dead, but the day the news was published was able to sit up and read his own obituary.

Some Republicans don't want Arthur because he doesn't do enough. A great many are against Blaine because they are afraid he would do too much. A compromise ought to be made on Sherman, because the people know that he would do just right.—*Dayton Journal.*

It makes all the difference in the world which Sherman you mean. If it is William Tecumseh the Kansas boys will "join in the chorus" and give him in the neighborhood of 50,000 majority over Tilden.—*Emporia News.*

THEY'LL COME ALL THE SAME.

Among the demands made by the Austrian socialist democrats is one to the effect that America shall put a stop to emigration from Europe to this country. This is not as curious as it may seem at first glance. It is true this country has long been regarded as the refuge for the oppressed of Europe, and hundreds of thousands of the people of that continent have fled to this country to find here the freedom and opportunities denied at home.

But the social and political developments of the past few years have put a new aspect upon the emigration question. The revolutionary leaders of Europe now want to detain the thousands of young and enterprising men who are looking toward America for homes. In this they and such absolutists as Bismarck are agreed, but for contradictory reasons and purposes. Bismarck wants young Germany for his army. The revolutionists there and elsewhere want the young men of the humbler classes as recruits to their movements for the overthrow of monarchical governments.

So long, however, as this country presents such an inviting field for immigrats and offers such rewards to intelligence, industry and enterprise, neither the disposition of the princes nor the theories and promises of the revolutionists will keep the young blood of the old world coldly content with the restraints and disabilities of their life there.—*Leavenworth Times.*

ROCK & WELLS.

UNION MEAT MARKET!

Fresh lake fish constantly on hand. Family orders a specialty. 1-tf

A. SMITH,

Contractor and Builder,

SHOP 136 & 138 MAIN St.

Residence on Lawrence Avenue, near Central Avenue. Post-Office Box 603. tf

Killeen & Stockinger,

Practical Plumbers, Steam & Gas Fitters.

Gas Fixtures. Steam Heating & Ventilating a Specialty. Estimates Furnished.

☞ Shop on Main street, old Arkansas Valley Bank Building, Wichita, Kansas. Post-office Box 445. 6-tf

For Choice, Fresh

GROCERIES!

Fair Treatment and Honest Goods, go to

CRAVEN & RHODES'

GREEN FRONT,

South-east Corner of Douglas Avenue and Market Street. 1-tf

W. G. HACKER. L. C. JACKSON.

HACKER & JACKSON,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Colorado and Pennsylvania Anthracite,

And all kinds of

BITUMINOUS COAL!

Also

Stone, Lime, Cement, Hair, Etc.

Office at Big Red Scales, No. 79, Douglas Ave., South Side, Near Depot. 1-tf

J. P. ALLEN.

Every Thing Kept in a First-Class Drug Store.

JOHN DAVIDSON,

THE

Pioneer Lumber Man!

—OF SEDGWICK COUNTY.—

ESTABLISHED IN 1870.

A Complete Stock of Pine Lumber,

SHINGLES,

LATH,

DOORS,

SASH, &c.

—always on hand—

☞ Office and Yard on Market Street, between Douglas Avenue and First Street. 49-tf

W. L. McBee,

SEDGWICK COUNTY

Abstracter,

Abstracts of title compiled on short notice.

Fire, Life and Tornado Insurance.

Represents seven of the best Companies in the world. tf

B. K. BROWN.

FURNITURE,

JEWELRY, ETC.

Douglas Avenue, - Wichita, Kansas.

FROOMAN & PECKHAM,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN

Staple and Fancy Groceries, Fruits, &c.

Highest cash price paid for produce. More goods sold for the same money than any other firm in the city. Goods delivered promptly to any part of the city.

SOUTH SIDE DOUGLAS AVENUE,

w1m6tf Third Door West of Main.

This Space is Reserved by

Jocelyn & Thomas,

(THE OLD RELIABLE REAL ESTATE AGENCY.)

For Future Announcements.

J. F. STAFFORD,

DEALER IN

Guns, Pistols and Ammunition

Hunting outfits rented on reasonable terms.

CORNER FIRST & MAIN, WICHITA, KANSAS. tf

OLIVER BROS.

LUMBER DEALERS.

YARDS,

Winfield,

Wellington,

Garden Plain,

Harper. tf.

DEDMAN BROS.,

Wichita Meat Market,

DEALERS IN

All Kinds of Fresh and Salt Meats

Of the very best quality. Live fish Wednesday, Thursday and Friday. tf

ISRAEL BROS.

Druggists and Grocers.

FIRST BLOCK WEST OF TREMONT HOUSE,

30 & 32 Douglas Ave., Wichita, Kas. tf

Exton Elevator Corn Mills.

Fine Ground and Bolted Corn Meal.

Ground Corn and Oats.

Corn-Chop and Bran.

Orders filled promptly. Telephone to Exton Coal Office. tf

M. A. NAWLIN,

DRESSMAKER,

Elliott's Block

Corner Douglas and Lawrence. Room No. 2 up stairs. 1m

SMITH & HAHN

Contractors & Builders.

Hard pine finish a specialty.

SHOP SOUTH SIDE 4th AVE.

Office Pallett's Lumber Yard. 1m

J. E. RICHMOND,

Wagon and Carriage Maker.

DOES ALL KINDS OF REPAIRING.

Light Work a Specialty.

With Klaus & Cole, Market street, south of Douglas avenue, Wichita, Kansas. tf

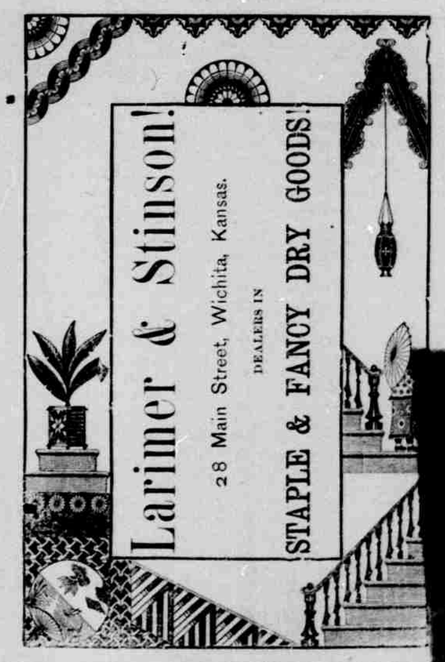
ORGANS TO RENT

—APPLY TO—

W. B. MEAD,

Or Address Lock Box 85,

Wichita - - - Kansas.



Wichita City Roller M[illegible]

AND ELEVATOR.

—ESTABLISHED 1874—

MANUFACTURE THE CELEBRATED BRANDS:

IMPERIAL, - - - - (Roller Pa[illegible]

WHITE ROSE, - - - - (Extra F[illegible]

X. L. C. R. - - - - - (F[illegible]

These brands have been on the markets East, West, North and South for ten years, won an enviable reputation wherever introduced. To try them is to stay with them. Always in the market for wheat at highest cash price.

SHELLABARGER, IMBODEN & OLIVER

WILLIAM KASSEL

Has the Finest Line of

DIAMONDS, GOLD AND SILVER WATCHES!

FINE JEWELRY, GOLD CHAINS, SET RINGS, BRACELETS, ROLLED GOLD AND PLATED CHAINS.

CLOCKS. SPECTACLES IN GOLD, SILVER AND STEEL. SOLID AND PLATED SILVERWARE.

No. 88, Douglas Avenue. - - - - Lawrence's Drug Store.

To All Readers!

Of

"The Daily Eagle!"

Its Promoters and Friends!

We Wish

Prosperity and Happiness!

ROBISON BROS.,

The One-Price Dry Goods House!

21 Main St., Wichita, Kansas.

Don't Forget the Number.

☞ Samples mailed to any address upon application.

J. M. ALLEN & CO.

(SUCCESSORS TO ALLEN & TUCKER.)

Wholesale and Retail

GROCERS.

H. W. KENDLE,

FUNERAL DIRECTOR

And Dealer in

WOOD, CLOTH, AND METALLIC BURIAL CASKETS

ROBES, GLOVES, CRAPE, ETC.

Have two fine hearses. A private telephone to Wichita Cemetery. Office always open, 90 Douglas Avenue, Wichita, Kansas. Prompt attention to Orders by Telegraph.

HOLLOWELL & DORAN

Are to the front with the Latest, Neatest, Nobbiest and Cheapest line of

CLOTHING!

HATS, CAPS, & FURNISHING GOODS

IN THE CITY.

Douglas Avenue, Between Smyth's and Wallace's Implement Houses

S. D. PALLETT,

—Dealer in—

NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN PINE LUMBER!

LATH, SHINGLES, DOORS & BLINDS.

Office and Yard West End of Douglas Avenue, North Side, Near Bridge. 1-1m

B. LOMBARD, Jr., President, JAS. L. LOMBARD, Vice-Pres't. L. D. SKINNER, Cashier, GEO. E. SPALTON, Ass't Cashier.

Kansas State Bank.

Paid-up Capital, - - - - [illegible],000

DIRECTORS:

J. P. ALLEN, J. M. ALLEN, GEO. E. SPALTON, JAMES LOMBARD, B. L[illegible]D, Jr., [illegible] DAY, L[illegible]NER.

Receive Deposits, Make Collections, Buy and Sell Exchange, and transact a General Banking Business.

CORRESPONDENTS:

JESUP, PATON & CO., 52 Williams St., N. Y. NATIONAL BANK OF [illegible] Chicago. BLACKSTONE NATIONAL BANK, Boston. MERCHANTS' NAT'L B[illegible] Kansas City