# The Eagle.

VOLUME 1. WICHITA, KANSAS, FRIDAY MORNING, MAY 23, 1884. NUMBER 4.



"Wait for the Wagon!"

Greatest Special Sale!

Of

EmbroideriesS

Ever Seen in Wichita,

Saturday, May 23d.

We have 1,500 pieces of Hamburg embroideries, of our own importation from St. Gall, Switzerland, and offer them as cheap as any importing house in this country. They will be sold at

1-4 off!

Remember the discount is 25 per cent., and the date Saturday, May 23d. Tell your friends and neighbors to come and see what an embroidery sale is.

ROBISON BROS.,

The One-Price Dry Goods House!

21 Main St., Wichita, Kansas.

Don't Forget the Number.

Bank of Commerce.

(HATFIELD & HARTLEY.)

Loans Money on Real Estate, Personal, and Chattel Securities.

Receives Deposits, Time and Demand, at Interest.

*Buys and sells exchange; makes collections; negotiates municipal bonds, and transacts banking in all its branches.*

No. 17 Douglas Avenue, - - - - - - - Wichita, Kansas.

RODOLPH HATFIELD, President. A. M. DENNY, Secretary.
B. D. ALLEN, Vice President and Examiner. J. W. HARTLEY, Treas.
C. W. GRAHAM, Auditor.

WICHITA LAND AND LOAN COMPANY,

Negotiates Loans, Sells Lands, Places Insurance, Makes Collections.

OFFICE IN BANK OF COMMERCE ROOMS.

WICHITA, - - - - - - - KANSAS.

CITIZENS BANK,

OF WICHITA, KANSAS.

*N. W. Cor. Main St. & Douglas Ave.*

Capital, - - - $100,000

DIRECTORS:

A. DRUMM, S. L. DAVIDSON,
JOHN CARPENTER, C. L. DAVIDSON, R. S. CATES,
W. E. STANLEY, J. O. DAVIDSON.

The capital stock of the bank is one hundred thousand dollars, sixty thousand dollars of which is owned by New England capitalists and savings banks who represent over ten million dollars, giving the institution a backing equal to any banking house in the State.

The bank will receive deposits, buy and sell foreign and domestic exchange, make loans, and do a general banking business. We shall endeavor to transact all business entrusted to us in a manner, and upon terms, satisfactory to our customers, and solicit a share of the public patronage.

*J. O. DAVIDSON, President.* *JOHN C. DERST, Cashier.*
*S. L. DAVIDSON, Vice-Pres't.* *C. L. DAVIDSON, Secretary.*
44-tf

Lombard Mortgage Co.,

LOAN NEGOTIATORS.

IN KANSAS STATE BANK BUILDING.

*South-west Corner of Main Street and Douglas Avenue.*

COME AND GET RATES, OR TALK LOANS.

GEO. E. SPALTON, Secretary.

S. D. PALLETT,

—Dealer in—

NORTHERN AND SOUTHERN PINE LUMBER!

LATH, SHINGLES, DOORS & BLINDS.

Office and Yard West End of Douglas Avenue, North Side, Near Bridge. 1-1m


### OUR CITY WATER WORKS.

*To the Editor of the Eagle.*

DEAR SIR.—Since the fire at the M. E. church, which occurred a few weeks ago, I have been considerably amused as well as surprised at the expression made use of concerning the origin of the fire, also the inefficacy of the water works, etc. We are told that usually there is no pressure in the mains at night, and on that occasion there was not sufficient pressure to produce a good fine stream, also that the water furnished for the city is drawn from the Little river, and consequently is not fit for use and many other like expressions.

For the benefit of those using water from the water works for culinary purposes, we will state here that there is not a word of truth in any of the above assertions. That the water is not "drawn" from the Little river but from a well 30 feet in diameter and 20 feet deep. In the bottom of this well are 84 driven wells or tubes from 16 to 22 feet long, from which flow clear, cold, pure water from a depth of 40 feet. By analyzing this water it is found to contain a small per cent. of iron and magnesia, which are said to be very healthful, and is preferred by many persons to the water underlying the city on account of the very imperfect drainage of our place. The water is pumped from this well and forced through wooden mains direct to the consumers. The pressure is obtained by forcing the water in the pipes until it becomes packed closer than a political ballot box, when it begins to rise in the stand pipe. The higher it rises the greater the pressure until full, when a fire pressure is "on" that will throw a stream, or several streams, eighty feet high, and with present capacity will maintain four or six of them from as many different places. I don't claim that we can bore a hole in a stone wall or knock the spots off Barnum's elephant, but do claim a very efficient fire protection for buildings such as we have here at present. When they grow to be four or six stories high, our venerable city fathers will have to look up a higher priced protector in the shape of a steamer to reach upper stories, just as all other cities do. At the present time we would be glad to have a horse to draw the hose carts to and from fires so that the men will not be tired out before they reach the fire; also, something in the way of an inducement to keep the boys together.

Some improvement could be made in the hose company in the way of drill, but so long as there is nothing but fault found with their work, this state of affairs will continue. As our city has been very lucky in not having serious conflagrations, it does not seem to me to be sufficient reason for negligence in providing for the future. In writing this article I have only the interest of our growing city in view, as well as to correct some of the false impressions that have been made by the unprogressive of of our times. Very truly yours,

J. R. MYERS,
Engineer in Charge.

### CHARLOTTE THOMPSON.

The Detroit *Free Press* pays the following compliment to Charlotte Thompson, the great emotional actress, who will appear in this city on the evenings of May 29th and 30th:

"Last night one of the best American actresses living, Miss Charlotte Thompson, again visited our city, in her world famed impersonation, "Jane Eyre." This lady was welcomed back with a full house, which she richly deserved. Her acting was grand. In the emotional scenes she carried the house by storm, and in her comedy scenes she captivated her auditors. "Jane Eyre," as presented by Miss Thompson, is one of the best comedies before the public. Her support is unusually good.

Here is another warning against the boy mania for the revolver. Mr Hambra's two boys, of West Wichita, having procured a revolver without the knowledge of their parents, started out to hunt a job of work. About 9 o'clock yesterday morning they thought they would have a little amusement with the thing. Finally it accidentaly discharged in the hands of the older boy, lodging the ball in his knee. He was brought to town in the Clearwater hack, the ball was extracted from his knee, and fortunately he will recover without any serious injury.

Joe and Thomas Russell, E. McKinley and J. Hill and their families, and Robert Boles and sister, from Barton county, Missouri, passed through the city yesterday en route by wagon for southern Colorado. They have been on the road about nineteen days, though they were detained several days by bad weather. They expected to reach their destination in about seven weeks from the date of starting.

### GRAND ARMY OADERS.

HEAD-QUARTERS GARFIELD POST NO. 25,
DEPARTMENT OF KANSAS, G. A. R.,
WICHITA, May 22, 1884.

Special Order No. 9.]

All comrades of this Post are requested to assemble, in full uniform, at Post headquarters at 10:30 o'clock a. m. Sunday, May 25th, for the purpose of attending divine worship, (in obedience to orders from national head-quarters) at the Presbyterian Church. By order of the Post Commander.

JOHN A. WALLACK, Adjutant.

It would hardly seem probable that the recent bank troubles should affect small money matters this far west. Yet it is a fact that since several of the eastern banks "passed" in their checks, transactions in Sedgwick county real and personal estates have dropped off at least one-half, as can be proved by reference to the register of deeds' books.

We learn that Mrs. C. Russell's class in music will sing three appropriate selections at the decoration of the soldiers' graves, and that Prof. Arbuckle will also take part in the exercises. Miss Laura Woodcock will also give a timely recitation.

We understand that Major Jesse A. Ask will drill a firing squad, of some twenty men, who will participate in the exercises on decoration day. If you don't believe it, Ask Major.

We are pleased to learn of the prosperity of the Kingman *Citizen-Republican*, and that they have just added to their office a Babcock cylinder press, jobber, paper-cutter etc.

Mr. Fuller has disposed of his old mocking bird to Dr. Gibbons, of Urbana, Ohio. It has always been a noticeable fact that Ohio people take kindly to sweet voiced songsters.

Arrangements have been completed by Mr. Fuller for the laying of a fine blue stone sidewalk around his residence on the corner of First and Lawrence.

Mr. Pattewait, a farmer living five miles north of the city, purchased on Wednesday a very handsome organ from the Temple of Music.

One of our dealers in musical instruments yesterday shipped a very fine Estey organ to Mrs. Anna LeRoy at Mulvane.

### PERSONAL MENTION.

E. C. Wilson, of H. C. Wilson & Co., St. Louis, and wife are in the city with M. L. Garver.

Henry Richards left on the early train yesterday morning for Medicine Lodge.

W. E. Woodward, the gentlemanly representative of the Sweet, Dempster & Co. hat house of Chicago, was interviewing our merchants yesterday.

T. H. Patterson, of Oswego, was on the streets yesterday.

J. A. Hevins and H. Reynolds, of Illinois, are in the city prospecting for a business opening.

A. W. Bingham, of Wellington, registered at the Tremont yesterday.

J. V. Pieace, Gus Tipper and W. G. Smith, of Osage Mission, were at the Douglas Avenue hotel yesterday.

Mrs. Lillie Feighner, of Marion, Ind., and Mrs. Martha McCabe, of Topeka, arrived in the city last night on a visit to their brother Judge Jewett.

W. L. Chellis, foreman of the Citizen-Republican, published at Kingman, gave us a pleasant call yesterday afternoon. He came down with the silver cornet band and remained here to meet his father and mother, who arrived from Yates Center on the evening train.

H. E. Elliott and wife, Chicago; F. W. McClelland, Winfield; W. S. Forry, W. T. Walker and J. Munger, Harper, and R. E Sauck, Iola, were at the Occidental yesterday.

### AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

The second rendition of the Union Spy by local talent, at the opera house last evening, drew out quite a large crowd, and by 8 o'clock, the time at which the curtain was rung up, the seating capacity of the house was about exhausted. As most of our readers know, the plot of this drama is laid in a Northern home at the time of the breaking out of the rebellion, and it was the author's aim to follow and impersonate each member of that household and each character at that time introduced through the vicissitudes of war, up to the time when civil strife should cease and peace be declared. To do this successfully and carry out the author's ideas require not alone natural adaptability for the character taken, but an intelligent conception of the part assigned. In selecting the present cast, Col. Temple displayed much good judgment and ripe experience, and we doubt if the strong and emotional parts of the drama have ever been so well brought out by any amateur talent in the state.

Perhaps the most difficult impersonation in the play is that of Nellie Morton, who by turns is actuated by the tenderest emotions and at other times trembles with surpressed scorn. This part was assumed and most intelligently carried by Mrs. Col. Stewart, as was that of Albert Morton by W. P. Campbell and Mrs. Morton by Mrs. King, and Mrs. Annie Morton by Mrs. McMillen—in fact with very few exceptions the parts were all well carried, the greatest objection to the play being its extreme length. The tabluaux were well arranged, and much better than those had by half of the traveling companies. The Union Spy will be repeated again this evening.

### NOT SO SOON.

There seems to be a slight misunderstanding between the Oklahoma boomers and the United States government, which we trust for the safety of the later, will speedily be reconciled. They—the boomers—are anxious and propose taking possession of that land of "milk and honey" at once, and Uncle Sam shies his castor in the ring and vociferates, "Nixy," and just at present Samuel seems to hold the "edge," and a "full hand" beside, with the "ace of clubs" in the lead. A few days since a few of these boomers, who probably thought to "slip in a cold deck" on Uncle Sam, come to grief. They were W. Q. Conch, H. H. Stafford, John Wilson and Morgan Bush. They made the first "deal" and were "called" at Oklahoma and taken to Reno, where they were kept in durance vile for several days, and then taken to Caldwell by Lieut. Stevens and turned over to U. S. Deputy Marshal Williams, who brought them before the United States Commissioner in this city, where they were obliged to "show their hand." Wilson and Bush waved examination and "passed out" to await the pleasure of that supreme body. Cone and Stafford were "barred out"—turned loose with an order to appear on June 24, when there will be a "new deal."

### UNDERSTAND THEIR BUSINESS.

The globe iron works of this city is now, and for months has been turning out a class of work such as but few foundries in the west produce. Andrew Flagg, the proprietor, is an energetic business man, and did a wise thing when he secured for master mechanic James Burslen, formerly occupying a like position in the shops of the Delaware, Maryland & Virginia railroad. He is a gentleman of much intelligence, thoroughly conversant with every detail of his business, and as a consequense the globe iron works are turning out a class of engines, boilers, pumps, etc., that cannot be excelled for workmanship by any eastern firm.

### AT THE RINK.

A fair audience was present at the rink to hear the Hyer comedy company, who played very acceptably, and kept the closest attention of the audience from opening to close. They appear again this evening at the same place.

Mr. John M. Russell, of Urbana, Ohio, who is a lawyer of prominence, and his brother G. M. Russell, a merchant of the same city, both out looking at this country, made us a pleasant call in company with Judge Jewett. These gentlemen called because they had been requested to by Judge Wm. Baldwin, our former city attorney, who for years was one of Wichita's leading citizens. Judge Baldwin's many friends will be delighted to hear that he has been restored to perfect health and is happy and prosperous.

One of the finest porcine breeders we have seen for a long time was at the express office of Wells, Fargo & Co. yesterday. It was a large black hog of the Poland-China breed, and was being shipped from Rushville, Ind., to John Walker at Cheney. It attracted the attention of several stockmen, who pronounced it one of the finest specimens of the genus hog that has ever come to this county.

All parties having claims against Warwick lodge, Knights of Pythias, are requested to present them to C. A. VanNess not later than noon of next Saturday. The Knights are anxious to have all indebtedness squared by that date.

### A DAISY DAILY.

Marsh Murdock's new daily at Wichita is a daisy. It is a four-page, eight columns to the page, paper, and as neat and well made up as the weekly edition has always been, which is sufficient praise. The Murdocks have done well in refraining from starting a daily till the city and country surrounding it had people enough to sustain such an enterprise. They have for years been importuned to do what they have now done. The temptation has been great and the demand almost imperative for the last five years to issue a daily. They, however knew too well the cost of such an enterprise. If they had started a daily when the people thought they ought to, the probabilities are that it would have had a sickly existence of a few months and then been compelled to stop. Now, however, if the people of Wichita stand by them as by the number of advertisements in the first issue they have commenced, the EAGLE will be a success. But to make it certain to succeed, the patronage now so generously given must be continued. No one not in the business can form any idea of the expense of getting out such a paper as the EAGLE promises to be. In Marsh, the EAGLE has a good writer, in Roll, a good business manager. We wish them all the success they deserve.—*Commonwealth.*

### THE NEW DAILY AT WICHITA.

The Daily Wichita Eagle made its bow to the public this morning, as we learn by a letter received from that place. We await its appearance here with interest. The publishers have made one of the best weekly papers in Kansas or any other state, and they know enough about journalism to make a success of anything which they undertake in this line.

Their city editor is Moses Stone, who has been connected with the News for the past three years in the capacity of foreman and reporter. There is no man in Kansas who has a keener nose or sharper eye for items than "Mose," and there will be precious little going on in Wichita that he will not be "on to." His success is only conditioned upon his health, which has been much impaired of late by rheumatism, and we sincerely trust that he may overcome this difficulty and find himself strong enough to fill the position for which he is otherwise so well qualified. We wish him and the Eagle the fullest measure of success.—*Emporia Daily News.*

### THE DAILY EAGLE.

The first number of the Wichita daily EAGLE is before us. It is a bright, handsome eight-column folio, the first morning daily of Wichita, Col. M. M. Murdock, editor, R. P. Murdock, business manager. The weekly EAGLE has long been one of the best weeklies in the state, and the same newspaper ability will no doubt place the daily EAGLE upon a successful and permanent basis. The *Capital* most heartily wishes the EAGLE success. It is backed by the most enterprising town of Kansas, full of energy, life and business, and the rich valley of the Arkansas, an empire in itself, will continue to build Wichita as the commercial metropolis of the southwest. The EAGLE will contribute much to the future growth of the city of Wichita, and we can only wish that its editors may reap substantial benefits for the years of hard work their enterprise will demand. —*Capital.*

Geo. A. Blackwelder, of Hillsboro, Ill., is in the city closing a purchase through Niederlander's office, of 1,320 acres of land in this county, and also a fine residence property, on Emporia avenue. Mr. B. will move to Wichita during the summer.

All members of the G. A. R. are requested to attend services at the Presbyterian church next Sunday.

Isn't it about time that a program was being arranged for decoration day?

### SUICIDE.

St. Louis, May 22.—J. F. Richardson, local agent of the Indianapolis & St. Louis railroad, suicided by shooting himself tonight. The discovery, by the traveling auditor, that he was six thousand dollars short to the company, is supposed led to the act.

### FIRE.

Pittsburg, May 22.—Fire destroyed the post-office and all the stores in the village of Springfield, Fayette county. Loss $25,000.

### STRUCK BY LIGHTNING.

Toledo, May 22.—This afternoon Mrs. Emma Pfarr and Miss Tilla Fear, sisters, were walking in the suburbs with a baby carriage containing two children, and took refuge from a thunderstorm under a large tree by the roadside. Lightning struck the tree, tearing it into pieces and killing Miss Fear. Mrs. Pfarr had her hand torn off and was shocked, but not otherwise hurt. The children were not hurt.

### A LITERATEUR DEAD.

Brussells, May 22.—Sol Lois Hymans, literateur, and publicist is dead. He was born May 3, 1829.


**Eureka Springs Lumber Company**

Has now a full supply of All Kinds of White Pine Lumber, in great variety, viz: Flooring, Siding, Shingles, Mouldings, Finishing Lumber, Doors and Windows of all kinds and sizes, all of which I offer at Much Lower prices than ever sold before in Wichita.

4 d2t JOHN DAVIS, Agent.

I have recently received large additions to my stock of Lumber, and though I have all the trade I want, I will still wait on all my friends who want Good Lumber of any kind at Living Prices. 4 d2t

JOHN DAVIS, Agent.

Split Oak Posts, 3 cars on the track to-day. I will keep the price steady for a while at 12 cents from the car, or 12 1-2 from yard. Large Posts 8 feet long, 20 cents. 4 d2t

JOHN DAVIS, Agent.

Outside shippers having Posts or Lumber for sale On The Track, may find a purchaser by calling at Eureka Springs Lumber Yard, Wichita.

4 d2t JOHN DAVIS, Agent.

The last chance for a hot biscuit at Peckham & Hellars to-day. 4-1

The parade is over and the hot biscuit man is baking for the last time at Peckham & Hellar's to-day. Go and see the most delicious hot biscuits made with the French Baking Powder without shortening. It is your last chance. 4-1

Hot biscuits at Peckham & Hellar's to-pay. 4 1t

Call at Peckhan & Hellar's to day, it is positively your last chance to get one of those elegant hot biscuits, made with French baking powdeas. 4 1t

Peckham & Hellar's is the place to get a hot biscuit made with the French baking powder without shortening, to day. 4 1t

Don't miss the last chance to see hot biscuits made without shortning, at Peckham & Hellar's, to-day. 4 1t

Everybody ought to visit Peckham & Hellar's grocery to-day and see those elegant hot biscuits, made without shortening.


## FROM WASHINGTON.

### LIVELY DEBATE IN THE HOUE.

### RYAN RE-NOMINATED.

### THE DEBT BEING REDUCED

### A Family Roasted Alive.

### OUR TOM.

Hon. Thos. Ryan Nominated by Acclamation at Emporia Yesterday on an Unequivocal Protection Platform.

Emporia, May 22.—At the Republican delegate convention, for the Fourth congressional district, held in this city to-day, Hon. Thos. Ryan, of Topeka, was nominated by acclamation as cannidate for re-election to the national house of representatives amid great enthusiasm. The following resolutions were adopted without a dissenting vote:

Resolved, By the Republicans of the Fourth congressional district, in convention assembled,

First, That we re-affirm our devotion to the principles of the Republican party that have in the past brought the nation and people a degree of prosperity without a parallel in history.

Second, We are opposed to the doctrine of free trade, and are in favor of a tariff so adjusted as to protect American labor, promote home manufacturers and foster home markets for the products of American agriculturists.

Third, We demand in the interest of the farmers, business men and shippers of the country, that congress shall regulate, by proper and stringent legislation, inter-state railway commerce on a basis alike just to the carrier and to the business interests of the country, to the end that unjust discriminations and extortionate shipping rates shall be obviated and prevented.

Fourth, We are in favor of the immediate forfeiture of all unearned land grants hitherto held by railroad companies, and demand the reservation of the balance of the public domain for actual settlers and especially for those who risked their lives in defense of an imperiled country.

Fifth, We endorse Hon. Thos. Ryan as a faithful, honest and wise public servant and commend him for his upright and manly conduct as the representative of this district in congress.

Sixth, We heartily endorse the wise, able and patriotic administration of President Arthur.

Seventh. That we are in favor of the enactment of a National bankrupt law embodying the provisions of the bill that has already passed the United States senate.

### SENATE.

The senate resumed the consideration of the labor statistics bill. Senator VanWyck's proposed amendment to the labor bureau bill was read, providing that the chief of bureau shall be identified with the laboring classes, etc.

Ingalls said every fiber of his being was in sympathy with labor, but this was a bill which he could not support in its present shape. The committee on labor, he said, seemed to think that there was all over this land an intense, eager avidity for succulent, juicy and nutritious volumes of statistics. He could imagine the comfort with which the weary plowman would wend his way homeward if he knew that on passing the post-office he should secure a volume of statistics. He thought the senate could bow down and worship that bill without being guilty of idolatry because it resembled nothing in heaven above, nor in the earth beneath, nor in the waters under the earth. If, however, the bill was properly amended he would support it.

Senator VanWyck said that communism of capital was more dangerous than communism of labor. Six railroad kings could sit in parlors, in New York, and regulate everything in this country.

Senator Blair replying to Ingalls said the criticism of that senator had been simply a piece of elaborate, but trivial buffunery.

The senate took up the bill to prohibit the mailing of newspapers and other publications containing lottery advertisements.

Senator West objected to its consideration and the senate, by a vote of 22 yeas to 29 nays, decided not to consider the bill and it goes to the foot of the calender.

Senator VanWyck submitted an amendment to be disposed of at the proper time extending the provisions of the latter bill so as to prohibit the mailing of newspapers or other publications containing advertisements or notices of the sales of railroad, mining or other stocks, of corporations, or buy margins or puts and calls, or any agency thereof, or any notice, report or statement of any such sales.

Bill passed authorizing the construction of bridege across the Mississippi river at St. Paul.

Senator Morgan from committee on foreign relations submitted a proposed amendment to the consolor and diplomatic bill appropriating $50,000 to enable the president to open commercial or diplomatic intercourse with the Congo country.

Senator Blair afterwards withdrew the word buffoonry and raised a laugh by suggesting that the reporter put in its place some word not so offensive, but which would mean as nearly as possible the same thing.

Senator Sherman suggested the substitution of the word department for bureau.

Senator Blair adopted the suggestion, and moved to make the title of the bill "a bill to establish a department of labor."

Pending further debate the senate adjourned.

Senator Coke's bill passed amending the act creating a northern judicial district at Texas, and providing for holding terms of court in the western judicial district of Texas at El Paso. It provides for holding terms of court twice a year: at Brownsville, first Mondays in January and July. San Antonio first Monday in May and November. El Paso, first Mondays in April and October, and at Austin first Mondays in February and August. It also provides for the appointment of a deputy clerk at El Paso.

The committee on civil service reform unanimously directed a favorable report on the bill to repeal tenure of office acts.

Amendment to sundry civil bill was reported to the senate to-day providing $5,000 for the exploration of Alaska.

The president nominated Josh D. Sherman, receiver of public moneys at North Platte, Nebraska.

### FROM TEXAS.

Galveston, May 23.—The News Laredo special says, no confirmation can be had here of the reported revolutionary outbreak at Lenora, Mexico, which is about forty miles southeast of Monterey. The only report reached here is to the effect that a great conflagration has prevaled at Sinora.

The Monterey Revista, an influential journal, in editorial upon President Enferio of Mexico, closes with this significant sentence: "It is the fundamental law of nationalities that excessive tyrany will sooner or later produce liberty. Do you understand our final destiny? Is it to become Yankees?

### BOND CALL.

Washington, 23.—The following are the numbers of three per cents. called to-day maturing June 30th: $50, No. 345 to 6,403, both inclusive; $100, No. 2,796 to 3,387, both inclusive; $500, No. 1,229 to 1,558, inclusive, and No. 3,987 to 3,993, both inclusive; $1000, No. 12,375 to 13,366, both inclusive, an No. 22,773 to 22,812, both inclusive; $1500, No. 21,171 to 22,075, both inclusive. Total, $10,000,000.

### MURDER.

The Journal's Winnepeg special says that the body of a wealthy Englishman named Falkenbridge was found in his bed at his hotel here to-day under circumstances indicating murder.

### WEST VIRGINIA GREENBACKERS.

Wheeling, May 22.—The Greenbackers have nominated Judge E. C. Maxwell, Republican, for governor. They will fuse with the Republicans at the fall elections.

### HOUSE.

Washington, May 22.—Mr. Horr rising to question of privilege, said that no ex-member of congress had a right to the floor if he takes it and then abuses its privileges by attempting to influence legislation here. I now rise to say it has been brought to my notice by a democratic member of this House that an ex-member of congress, the father of one of the litigants in this case, has been on the floor of the House soliciting members, sending for them and taking them into consultation and attempting to influence them in their vote on this case. It this time must not go unnoticed.

I desire to say, replied Mr. Randall, that the father of the contestant would be unnatural if he did not take the deepest interest in his son's contest. [Applause on the democratic side and derisive laughter on the republican side.] And I stand here and witness the fact that that gentleman has exercised the most careful propriety in connection therewith. [Applause on the democratic side.]

And I want to say further, broke in Mr. Blount, that it is a notorious fact, known by all the members on this floor, that this rule has been violated time and time again. The ex-member of congress in the employ of the railroad companies and in other interests, have been here importuning the members on the floor.

Why did you not call attention to it? inquired Mr. Brown of Pennsylvania.

Why have not you done it? replied Mr. Blount.

Because I have not known it, retorted Mr. Brown.

Oh, my dear sir, you are a very innocent person, returned Mr. Blount. I want to add that this rule has been obsolete for months and years. It ought to be enforced and the gentleman from Indiana is certainly excusable under the circumstances when the rule has been obsolete in every other direction.

Mr. Springer made a point that the rule related to persons who were interested in things pending before congress It had reference to pecuniary interest—to hired attorneys coming on the floor and advocating the passage of claims, and it had never been claimed that it had any reference to gentlemen who come looking after the interests of friends or relatives in contested election cases.

Mr. Horr said he had made the statement not for the purpose of political claptrap [incredulous laughter on the democratic side], but because he feared the dignity of the house and its rule was being violated, and he felt it his duty to call the attention of the house to the fact. The gentleman from Pennsylvania had said it was natural for a father to feel for his son; so it was, but it was also natural for him, if he had the sense of honor he should have, to do it in a seemly and becoming manner.

And so he had, exclaimed Mr. Randall.

And not do it, continued Horr, by outraging the rules of the house. If you don't believe what I tell you, investigate this matter and I promise to prove a good deal more than I have stated. No man with a keen sense of honor would be found on this floor doing what he has been doing in this case.

Mr. White of Kentucky moved that sergeant at arms be directed to arrest Mr. English and bring him to the bar of the house to show whether he had violated its privileges.

This motion was received with laughter and Mr. White subsequently withdrew it, stating he did so at request of contestee.

Mr. Cox of New then arose to defend his old friend who had been insulted, by the motion. He gave original rule regulating admission to ex-members to the floor. He had originally drawn up rules at a time when the republican party was rising towards the very height of corruption, and when ex-members came here to lobby for railroad grandees, which the democratic party was now undertaking to forfeit. [Applause on the democratic side.]

Milliken, "Is there any higher claim or more sacred claim than a title of a member to his seat."

Mr. Cox I would rather have a man come here undertaking to present the claims of his son honorably to this house than your mean, sneaking, mercenary that come here to grab and raid the public treasury.

Bayne offered a resolution instructing the committee on rules to inquire and report to the house whether or not Hon. W. H. English an ex-member of the house, has violated the priveleges thereof in contested etection cases, English vs: Pealle. Halitzell objecting, Bayne withdrew the resolution for the time being.

Question re-occurring on the minority resolution it was lost, yeas 128, nays 129, and majority resolution adopted, yeas, 130, nays, 127.

English then appeared at the bar house and took the oath of office.

Bayne re-offered his resolution as a question of privelege

Dunn suggested it be amended by directing an inquiry whether Greenbraum, late member of the house had lobbied for the whiskey bill.

Thompson hoped that no such amendment would be pressed.

Bayne said he offered his resolution because he had information that a member of the house had voted in the early part of the proceedings, that he had been asked to leave his seat, that he had left his seat, and that he had gone into consultation with English, and that he had afterwards disappeared from the floor of the house without having been paired. Having that information he felt it, the right and just inquiry should be made by a competent committee. The member to whom Mr. Bayne had reference is Mr. Miller who voted on the first roll call to-day and did not do so thereafter.

Mr. Nichols said that James Wilson, member from Indiana, and counsel for Peele, had been on the floor lobbying in the latter's interest

Mr. Bayne modified his resolution by granting the committee power to send for persons and papers.

Mr. Hammond offered an amendment entrusting the investigation to a select committee of seven members, and requiring it further to inquire whether any ex-member, employed as agent or attorney, in any contested election case or for any railroad or other corporation having any claim pending has, during this session, abused the privileges allowed him under rule 34, and report who they are and how they have abused the privileges granted them. The amendment was agreed to and the resolution as amended adopted.

The bill forfeiting the Oregon Central land grants was then taken up.

Bath opposed the bill on the ground that it is proposed to forfeit a portion of the grants which had been earned by the road.

Mr. George took the same view, and Mr. Cobb made an argument in favor of the bill. In the course of his remarks he referred to the decision of the supreme court four years ago in regard to the grant to the Oregon Central, and Mr. George asserted that the Oregon Central to which the decision referred was not the Oregon Central to which the bill related, and intimating at the same time that Mr. Cobb was misleading the house. This aroused Mr. Cobb, and he declared he had a letter in his possession showing Mr. George to be a railroad attorney. Mr. George vigorously denied this declaration, and defied Mr. Cobb to produce the letter. Mr. Cobb said that when the gentleman accused him of attempting to mislead the house he was mistaken in his man. Mr. George disclaimed any intention of charging that Mr. Cobb purposely misled the house, but the fact remained that he was doing so.

Pending further debate the house adjourned.

### HOTEL BURNED.

Manhattan, Kan., May 22.—The Adams house with its contents was burned. Loss, $14,000; insurance on building, about $7,000. The servants barely escaped by ladders from the third floor. The fire was prevented from spreading.

### WARD JAILED.

New York, May 22.—Ward, after spending all day in endeavoring to obtain $6,000 bail, was taken to Ludlow stree jail and lodged in a cell there. He refused to see anyone. Gen. Grant stated to-night that the opinion that U. S. Grant Jr. had fled to Canada to escape arrest was wholly without foundation. Both of his sons the general said were in town and intended to remain here. They had no money to make a trip to Canada, even if they wanted to go there. He was very indignant that the report had been circulated.

## FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

### WICHITA MARKETS.

Live Stock.

| | |
|---|---|
| Shipping steers | $5 00@5 25 |
| Butchers' steers | 3 25@4 00 |
| Fat cows and heifers | 3 25@3 50 |
| Fat shipping hogs, best | 4 00@4 00 |
| Stock and feeding hogs | 4 00@4 40 |
| Sheep | 3 00@3 50 |

Produce.

| | Wholesale. | Retail. |
|---|---|---|
| Potatoes, per bu | 60 to 80 | 75 to 1 00 |
| Potatoes, new, per peck | | 75 |
| Eggs | 12 | 12½@15 |
| Butter | 12 to 18 | 18 to 20 |
| Cheese | 17 | 20 |
| Lard | 10 | 15 |
| Chickens, per lb | 6 | 8 |
| Chickens, per dozen | 4.50 | each, 35 |
| Bacon | 10 | 15 |
| Shoulders | 10½@ | 12½ |
| Hams | 14 | 16 |
| Corn meal | 1 00 | 1 20 |
| Flour, high patent | | 3 50 |
| Flour, patent | 2 65@2 90 | |
| Flour, XXXX | 2 45@2 65 | |
| Flour XXX | | 2 00 |
| Chop feed | 80@1 00 | |
| Bran | | 85 |
| Sherts | | 90 |

Grain.

| | |
|---|---|
| Milling wheat | 90@91 |
| Shipping wheat | 50@75 |
| Corn | 29@30 |
| Oats | 30@32 |

### MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, May 22, 1884.

MONEY—Easy at 2@3 per cent; closing offers at 1½@2 per cent.

PRIME MERCANTILE PAPER—4@5½ per cent.

STERLING EXCHANGE—Bankers' bills weak at $4.83½; demand, $4.85¾.

GOVERNMENT BONDS—Lower. The following are the quotations:

| | |
|---|---|
| U. S. 3-per-cents | 100 @ |
| U. S. 4½-per-cents | 112½@ |
| U. S. 4-per-cents | 120 @ |

STATE SECURITIES—Dull.

RAILWAY BONDS.—Weaker Quotations

| | |
|---|---|
| Missouri Pacific 6's bonds | 105 |
| Hannibal & St. Joseph bonds | 104 |
| Central Pacific stocks | 40¾ |
| Chicago & Alton | 130¾ |
| Chicago, Burlington & Quincy | 115¾ |
| Denver & Rio Grande | 10¾ |
| Hannibal & St. Joseph | 38¾ |
| Hannibal & St. Joseph preferred (asked) | 80¾ |
| Missouri Pacific | 65¾ |
| Northern Pacific | 20¾ |
| Northwestern | 110¾ |
| New York Central | 110¾ |
| Rock Island | 115¾ |
| Union Pacific | 36¾ |
| Wabash | 6¾ |
| Western Union | 53¾ |

Kansas City Live Stock.

KANSAS CITY, May 22, 1884.

The *Live-Stock Indicator* reports:

CATTLE—Receipts, 1,038; market firm and 10c higher; native steers, 915 to 1,368 lbs, $5.35@6.10; stockers, feeders and cows unchanged.

HOGS—Receipts, 5,260; market market weak and 5@10c lower; lots average 179 to 299 lbs sold at $5.00@5.30; bulk at $5.15@5.20.

SHEEP—Receipts, 796; market quiet; native averaging 77 to 95 lbs sold at 4.00 to 4.25.

St. Louis Grain and Produce.

ST. LOUIS, May 22, 1884.

FLOUR—Market unchanged.

WHEAT—Market active and higher for cash, May and June but lower for other options. No. 2 red, 1.14 cash; 1.15 May; 1.10 asked for June; 95¼@96½, closing at 96c, July; 92⅞@93⅞, closing at 92⅞, August. No. 3 red, 1.02 bid.

CORN—Market active; opened higher, declined, closing at ⅛@⅛c under yesterday's prices. 51⅛@52⅛ bid for cash; 51⅛@51⅛ May; 51⅛@52⅛ June; 52⅛@53⅛ July, closing at inside prices.

OATS—Market better; 33½c cash; 32 May; 32½c bid June; 31c July; 27½c year.

RYE—Slow; 61@62 bid.

BARLEY—Dull at 60@80c.

LEAD—Market easier at 3.35.

BUTTER—Unchanged.

EGGS—Market unchanged.

FLAXSEED—Nominal.

HAY—Unchanged.

BRAN—Quiet; 71c at mill.

CORN-MEAL—Higher at 3.00@3.65.

WHISKEY—Steady at 1.11.

PORK—Market slow; jobbing at $16.75.

BULK MEATS—Market very quiet; long clear, 8.00@8.10; short ribs, 8.10@8.20; short clear, 8.45.

BACON—Scarce and firm; long clear, 8¾c; short ribs, 8⅞c; short clear, 9⅛c.

LARD—Market slow at 7.90.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 3,000 barrels; wheat, 25,000 bushels; corn, 32,000 bushels; oats, 11,000 bushels; rye, ——; barley, 1,000 bushels.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 8,000 barrels; wheat, 8,000 bushels; corn, 64,000 bushels; oats, 20,000 bushels; rye, ——; barley, ——.

AFTERNOON BOARD.

WHEAT—Market irregular; 1.14 May; 1.00⅞ June; 96@96⅛ July.

CORN—Market steady. 51½ May; 51½ June; 52½@52c July.

OATS—Nominal.

St. Louis Live Stock.

ST. LOUIS, May 22, 1884.

CATTLE—Receipts, 2,600; shipments, 1,500; market active and steady; exports, 6.00@6.75; good to choice shipping, 5.90@6.30; common to medium, 5.40@5.85; corn-fed Texans, 5.25@5.75; grass-fed Texans, 4.00@4.25; stockers and feeders, 3.75@5.25.

SHEEP—Receipts, 717; shipments, 145; market quiet; clipped, 3.25@5.00; Texans, 3.00@4.85.

Chicago Grain and Produce.

CHICAGO, May 22, 1884.

FLOUR—Quiet and firm.

WHEAT—In fair demand. The unsettled course of the stock market had some effect, but much less than yesterday. The market opened ⅛c lower, fluctuated, and closed about ⅛c below yesterday, afternoon's prices Quotations: May 89⅞@90⅛c, closing at 89⅞c; June, 90⅞@91⅛c, closing at 90⅞c; July, 92⅛@92⅝c, closing at 92⅛c; August, 91⅛@92⅛, closing at 90⅞.

CORN—Market quiet and slow; opened unchanged, closing ⅛c below yesterday's prices, Cash 54⅞@55c, closing at 54⅞@54⅞c; May 54⅞@55⅛, closing at 54⅞; June, 55⅛@55⅜c, closing at 55⅛; July, 57⅛@57⅜c, closing at 57⅛c; August, 56⅛@56⅜c.

OATS—Market nominally unchanged; cash, 31⅞; May, 31⅞@32c; June, 32⅛@32⅜; July, 32⅛@32⅜c; August, 28⅞@29⅛c.

RYE—Quiet at 61⅛c.

BARLEY—Dull at 72c.

FLAXSEED—Quiet at 1.09.

PORK—Demand good; opened stronger, fell 30@35c, rallied 25@30c, closing steady. Cash, 18.30@18.65; May, 18.55@18.75; June, 18.55@18.72, closing