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FINANCIAL NEWS AND COMMENT

Benefits Incident to Price Curtailment and Greater Labor Efficiency.

EXTENSION OF MORATORIA

Grounds for Optimism on Future of Trade, Investments and Finance.

By WILLIAM JUSTUS BOIES.

The American people are taking their deflation medicine and developing better balanced industry on the foundation of fair profits and honest prices, which contrasts sharply with conditions of six months ago and means that the country will begin the new year with industry, finance and productive organism much stronger than they were twelve months ago. Merchandise prices are being stabilized on a basis which will make the family income more productive and relieve the terrific strain incident to continuing war prices in peace times. It is an extraordinary situation, and although the process is not pleasant the country is coming through 100 per cent. efficient on the deal. There is, therefore, a basis for genuine enthusiasm as to the longer future because it means that the story of 1921 is likely to be very different from the story of 1920.

Accomplishing Deflation.

Inasmuch as the evils we are suffering from result largely from the unprecedented expansion of credit and currency, the tendency lately shown to reduce the bank note issues of Great Britain, France and our own Reserve system is suggestive of forces restoring a normal order. The Bank of France contracted last week its outstanding circulation 362,800,000 francs and the reduction in British currency notes has amounted to much more than the equivalent of $27,000,000 within five weeks. There is reasonable expectation that there will be a further reduction in Reserve notes, as it is realized that the country cannot stand further inflation at this time. On that point J. Herbert Cast, acting governor of the Reserve Bank of New York, told the conference of New York State credit men last week than continued expansion would lead inevitably to ultimate collapse, and added:

"The war thrust upon us a huge business, a business not based on self-liquidating commercial paper but on Government bonds. It is, perhaps, a departure from sound banking principles but unavoidable. The whole scheme of basing note issues and deposit currency on short time self-liquidating commercial paper was upset by the flood of Government bonds. These Government securities must be gradually shaken out of the banks and assimilated by the public. It will require time and saving. Our people must be taught and encouraged to exercise thrift and acquire prosperity. An elastic system of credit and note issue implies power to curtail as well as to expand. The ability of the system to bring about a healthy contraction is still on trial."

Continued Restrictions.

He stated the case clearly and showed why it would be necessary for banks to confine their advances to necessities of essential undertakings that the inflation should not be resumed. The whole world is trying to extricate itself from complications growing out of twelve months of intense credit strain and is making distinct headway in that direction. Industrial nightmares and commercial failures attending the movement are bringing about easier credit conditions and relieving the intensity of a credit strain without parallel in peace times. With the close of the year, however, the heaviest engagements will have been met and the probability is that money rates will seek a somewhat lower level. Pretty much all the world is still trying to borrow here in one form or another, an added incentive for such operations being the sensational break in neutral exchange rates. That movement has enhanced the cost of doing business with us and made it very difficult for the needier nations of Europe to purchase foodstuffs, supplies and essential merchandise in the United States.

Moratoria.

The tangle in international exchange may force other countries to declare moratoria, but the fact that payments have been deferred temporarily does not mean that ultimate losses must be taken. Our business with South American countries is in many respects well safeguarded and never before have our banking connections with those countries been as strongly established as they are to-day. Several foreign trading corporations formed under the provisions of the Edge act and other laws will take the field within a few weeks for the purpose of strengthening our foreign trade relations with markets that are eager to do business with us on favorable terms. It is highly essential that liberal credits should be established because the cost of settling for merchandise purchased here in dollar exchange is prohibitive in most cases. With skilful management, however, the obstacles can be overcome and unless unforeseen setbacks are encountered it is probable that during the coming year we shall be able to extend our trade relations with markets virtually closed to us to-day, but not if American buyers of our foreign staples and merchandise be permitted to lay down on their contracts because sugar has fallen or some other commodity purchased abroad be selling several points below the price originally agreed upon. The sanctity of a contract must be upheld at all costs and the buyer who attempts to hold up payment under an irrevocable letter of credit must be made to respect his obligations, otherwise an extraordinary opportunity to build up foreign trade for American producers and manufacturers will be lost forever.

Security Liquidation.

Drastic liquidation in the securities market has depressed prices to a level which ought to appeal strongly to careful investors. Seasoned securities put out by industrial and railroad companies are selling now at virtually the lowest level of the year, notwithstanding the benefits which must accrue from reduction of inventories and readjustment of business on a safer price basis. Some heaviest selling of last week was by speculators for the decline, who snatched profits here and there when frightened holders began to unload. On late reactions, however, the market received better support, and, although price recessions were numerous in some cases, a more confident tone was manifested in sections of the list. That rebound would have gone further had it not been for the still limited supply of call money and disinclination of investors to take on stocks when the money market was unsettled and banks disinclined to make the usual advances on time. The technical position of the market was strengthened by short selling. Consequently the present low level seems to afford basis for a sharp rise later on with profits to those who purchase securities in anticipation of a spirited January demand. Whether the upward movement sets in then or later, the outstanding fact is that security prices in many cases have declined below the level indicated by intrinsic conditions and the known position of basic industries.

Strong Points.

The markets have not begun to discount benefits which will come from abandonment of extravagant living and larger production resulting from increased efficiency of labor, which is becoming more noticeable weekly because the laborer is realizing that to become worthy of his hire he must give genuinely better service. If the merchandise dollar has been made more productive because of the sharp decline in commodity prices, it stands to reason that the wage dollar must purchase more and better service, provided that the worker receives just remuneration based on prevailing living costs. It is literally true, as President-elect Harding said before embarking for Panama, that "the big thing for all America to realize now and always is the dignity of productive labor. No matter how humble, the producers are the makers of the essentials of civilization and we must each and all of us accept and discharge our duty of producing for the world or of ministering to the needs or comforts or progress of mankind." That is the goal toward which intelligent workers and thoughtful employers are headed. Orderly deflation only can come with cultivation of national thrift and a largely increased industrial output a unit of worker. The industrial slacker in existing conditions will have to starve because there is no longer a competitive bid for labor, but a growing competition for jobs.

Passing Dividends.

The directors of the American International Corporation did right in passing their dividends and directors of other corporations acted wisely in similarly curtailing disbursements. We have internationalized the business of our corporations to such an extent as to expose them to ups and downs of foreign markets and make necessary for them to direct their business affairs according to conditions encountered abroad. That readjustment was inevitable and meant nothing more than that American business combinations were strengthening their organizations and doing what they could to build up large reserve balances to carry them over the period of dull business abroad. All those developments have been of the sort which will make for stronger business conditions later on, and there are the best of reasons for saying that the security of the future has been to a large extent underwritten by curtailment of prices, reduction of loans and paying floating indebtedness. The country is on the up grade again, as we are doing what will make for industrial well being in the end.

BANKERS ASK DEPOSIT OF MEXICAN BONDS

Call Is for 4 Per Cent. of 1954 Issue.

Speyer & Co. are inviting holders of United States of Mexico 4 per cent. gold bonds, due in 1954, to deposit their bonds, with all unpaid coupons attached, on or before December 31, 1920, with the Equitable Trust Company or its agents abroad, subject to the terms of the bondholders' agreement of November 22, 1920.

The total amount of that issue is $40,000,000, United States gold, and the bonds were originally placed by Speyer & Co. in the United States and by their banking connections in London, Amsterdam, Frankfort and Paris in 1904 and 1905.

Speyer & Co. in their circular state that default was made in the payment of interest on those bonds due June 1, 1914, and that since January, 1914, default has been made also in the sinking fund payments provided for their redemption. Since the defaults those bankers state they have made repeated efforts on behalf of the bondholders to have the interest and sinking fund installments paid, but without avail.

Temporary certificates of deposit will be issued by the depositary and will be changeable for engraved bearer certificates. Application for listing the engraved certificates on the New York Stock Exchange will be made.

Speyer & Co. will make no charge to depositing bondholders for their services under the agreement.

The total amount of defaulted interest on November 1 was more than $11,000,000.

It is understood that arrangements for receiving deposits of these bonds in London, Frankfort on Main, Berlin, Amsterdam and Paris, where considerable amounts of them are held, will be made.

FARM BUREAU FIGHTS EXCESS PROFITS TAX

Tariff on Products Also to Come Up at Convention.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Repeal of the excess profits and sales taxes, enactment of legislation to make bank credits more readily available to farmers, transportation problems, collective bargaining, a protective tariff on certain agricultural products and extension of further credit to European nations are among the subjects to be discussed at the annual convention of the American Farm Bureau Federation in Indianapolis December 6, 7 and 8.

Headquarters of the bureau here announced to-day that speakers would include Secretary of Agriculture Meredith, Herbert Hoover, Gov. Harding of the Federal Reserve Board, Sir Auckland Geddes, the British Ambassador; William Redfield, former Secretary of Commerce, and Govs. Goodrich of Indiana and Harding of Iowa.

PENNSY SERVES 52,000,000.

System's Trackage 28,031 Miles in Fourteen States.

Railroad lines owned and operated by the Pennsylvania Railroad, which come under the head of the Pennsylvania system, according to figures just compiled, are serving a population of more than 52,000,000 people in fourteen States, or approximately 48 per cent. of the population of the United States.

The Pennsylvania system now traverses 11,967.86 miles of territory, but the actual trackage covers almost 28,031.99 miles, which includes main lines, branch lines, sidings, &c. Of this trackage 15,966.48 miles are east of Pittsburg and Erie and 12,065.51 miles are west of those points.

STOCK EXCHANGE SALES.

New York Stock Exchange sales week ended November 20, 1920:

STOCKS.

	1920.	1919.	1918.
Monday	1,062,319	1,122,202	544,772
Tuesday	795,453	1,155,313	455,782
Wednesday	1,088,079	1,730,900	523,905
Thursday	1,116,212	1,196,728	575,960
Friday	1,441,757	1,050,924	648,960
Saturday	609,400	353,058	323,805
Totals	6,113,320	6,608,175	3,053,184
Year to date	193,101,882½	283,909,905	128,472,685

BONDS (PAR VALUE).

Monday	$18,922,000	$13,793,000	$10,087,000
Tuesday	14,205,000	15,607,000	7,734,000
We'nesday	13,310,000	19,746,000	11,962,000
Thursday	17,202,000	14,878,000	10,776,000
Friday	17,852,000	18,005,000	13,788,000
Saturday	6,558,000	12,787,000	7,780,000
Totals	$88,155,000	$94,817,000	$70,787,000
Year to date	$4,024,976,000	$3,151,226,000	$1,690,802,000

TOTAL TRANSACTIONS IN THE NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

WEEK ENDED NOVEMBER 20, 1920.

Sales for week	1920. 6,113,320	1919. 6,608,275	1918. 3,053,184

Range 1920 High.	Low.	Div. Yield.	Div. in $.	Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.	Net Chge.
46	25	..	..	800	Adams Express	30¼	29½	29½	— 1½
46⅝	18½	..	..	2400	Advance Rumely	21¼	18½	19	— 1
72	53	11.32	6	500	Advance Rumely pf	54½	53	53	— 1½
88¾	31¾	12.60	4	3900	Ajax Rubber	34	31¾	31¾	— ¼
2¼	1	..	..	6300	Alaska Gold M	1⅝	1¼	1¼	— ⅛
3	1½	..	..	2800	Alaska Juneau G M	1½	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
62⅜	46	..	..	19000	Allied Chem & Dye w i	53½	46	47¾	— 5¼
97	89	7.86	7	900	Allied Ch & Dye pf w i	91½	89	89	— 3
53⅞	28	7.14	4	8400	Allis Chalmers Mfg	32	28	28	— 1½
92	69	10.14	7	1600	Allis Chalmers Mfg pf	71	69	69	— 3¾
95	67⅝	11.49	8	5500	Am Agric Chem	75¼	67⅝	69⅝	— 2¼
96½	82	7.32	6	300	Am Agric Chem pf	84	82	82	— ¼
48½	39	8.89	4	100	Am Bank Note	45	45	45	— 1
103¾	49	16.33	8	6200	Am Beet Sugar	59¼	49	49	— 9
93	75	8.00	6	100	Am Beet Sugar pf	75	75	75	..
128¾	63⅝	15.40	10	4200	Am Bosch Magneto	69⅞	63⅝	65	..
60	45	8.89	4	100	Am Brake Shoe & Fdy	45	45	45	— 4
90	86	8.00	7	200	Am Brake Shoe & Fdy pf	88	87½	87½	— ⅜
61¾	22¼	..	..	26000	Am Can	26⅝	22¼	23¾	— 1½
101	79	8.86	7	900	Am Can pf	84¾	79	79	— 5½
147¼	118⅞	9.60	12	40200	Am Car & Foundry	127¾	118⅞	122½	— 2½
116¼	105¾	6.54	7	700	Am Car & Foundry pf	107½	107	107½	— ½
54⅜	20	..	..	5500	Am Cotton Oil	24	20	20⅛	— 2⅞
15⅛	7⅝	10.00	80c.	5500	Am Druggist Syndicate	8¾	7⅝	7⅞	+ ⅛
175	95	7.27	8	2100	Am Express	130	110	110	—20
30⅞	7	..	..	3900	Am Hide & Leather	8¼	7	7¼	— ¾
122	44	15.55	7	13200	Am Hide & Leather pf	52½	44	45	— 5½
52⅝	37	10.53	4	800	Am Ice	41	38	38	— 1¼
68	53	10.41	6	100	Am Ice pf	57⅝	57⅝	57⅝	— ⅞
120½	38¼	..	..	133900	Am International Corp	56⅝	38¼	42¾	—11½
14½	9	10.67	1	1300	Am La France Fire Eng	9½	9	9⅜	— ⅛
95	51	5.88	3	6700	Am Linseed Co	62½	51	51	— 1½
99⅝	80	8.38	7	600	Am Linseed Co pf	86½	83½	83½	— 2
109¼	80¼	7.45	6	38000	Am Locomotive	88	80¼	80½	— 5⅝
107	95½	7.00	7	600	Am Locomotive pf	100⅛	100	100	— 1
44	22	..	..	400	Am Malt & Grain	24½	22	22	— 2
17⅞	9½	..	..	14600	Am Safety Razor	11	9½	9⅞	— ⅛
73	71½	5.59	4	300	Am Radiator	72	71½	71½	— ½
30½	11¾	..	..	19200	Am Ship & Commerce	13¼	11¾	11⅞	— ⅝
72	42	9.09	4	46300	Am Smelt & Ref ex div.	53¾	42	44	— 8
100¼	86⅝	8.12	7	1700	Am Smelt & Ref pf	88¼	86⅝	86⅝	— 1⅞
83	70⅞	7.91	6	100	Am Smelt Sec A	75¾	75¾	75¾	— 1⅛
115¾	86	12.00	12	700	Am Snuff	100½	100⅛	100½	+ ⅜
50	26	13.04	3	17400	Am Steel Foundries	32	26	28	— 3½
93½	82¼	8.51	7	1100	Am Steel Foundries pf	85	82¼	82¼	— ¾
142⅝	90⅛	7.40	7	24000	Am Sugar Ref	100	90⅛	94½	— ½
118½	100½	7.00	7	2000	Am Sugar Ref pf	106	100½	100½	— 4
106¾	66⅜	14.08	10	18900	Am Sumatra Tobacco	78¼	66⅜	71	— 3¾
105	80	8.78	7	200	Am Sumatra Tobacco pf	84¾	80	80	— 5
100¾	92⅛	8.00	8	8700	Am Tel & Tel	99⅞	98⅞	99¼	— ¼
283	104¼	10.82	12	12200	Am Tobacco	115¾	108	111	— 3⅛
210	102	11.32	12	5300	Am Tobacco B	115	105½	107¼	— 6¾
97¾	85¼	6.70	6	1450	Am Tobacco pf new	90	89⅜	89½	+ ⅜
165½	60¾	10.92	7	28000	Am Woolen	67⅛	63	64	— 1
105½	90¼	7.76	7	850	Am Woolen pf	92	90¼	90¼	— 2½
61⅜	36	..	..	2000	Am Writing Paper pf	42½	36	37	— 4½
21¾	6½	..	..	1600	Am Zinc, L & Smelt	8½	7	8	— ¾
59½	33	17.64	6	600	Am Zinc, L & Smelt pf	34½	33	34	+ ½
66½	37	10.81	4	83000	Anaconda Copper	45½	37	37	— 8½
6¾	2	..	..	500	Assets Realization	3	2¾	3	..
67¼	19¼	19.51	4	2000	Associated Dry Goods	20¾	19¼	20⅛	— 3½
75¾	50	10.52	6	200	Assoc Dry Goods 1st pf	57½	57	57	— 1
125	85½	6.12	6	1700	Associated Oil Co	107½	98¼	98¼	— 8¾
90¾	76	7.14	6	29600	Atch, Top & Santa Fe	85½	81¾	84	— ½
82	72	6.49	5	2100	Atch, Top & Santa Fe pf	77⅞	77	77	..
12¼	5	..	..	2600	Atlanta, Birm & Atl	8¼	7	7¼	— ¾
104½	82¼	8.14	7	800	Atlantic Coast Line	93	86	86	— 5½
20¼	12¼	..	..	1300	Atlantic Fruit	15¼	12¼	12¼	— 3
114	103	6.71	7	100	Atlantic Refining pf	105	105	105	— 2
22½	19¾	15.48	3	700	Atlas Tack Corp	20¾	19¾	19¾	— 1⅝
176½	103¾	9.33	10	43200	At, Gulf & W I S S	117¾	103¾	107	— 7½
75	57½	8.63	5	800	At, Gulf & W I S S pf	59⅞	57½	58	— 2
24	12	..	..	300	Austin Nichols	14	12½	14	+ 2
82	71¾	9.72	7	300	Austin Nichols pf	72	71¾	72	— ½
148	91½	7.48	7	256900	Baldwin Loco Works	102⅜	91½	93⅝	— 6⅝
102½	95½	7.23	7	1700	Baldwin Loco Works pf	98	97	97	— 1⅛
49⅜	27⅝	..	..	44700	Baltimore & Ohio	41⅜	35¾	38	— 1⅜
54	40⅛	9.12	4	3800	Baltimore & Ohio pf	51	49⅛	49⅛	— ¾
93	25	..	..	200	Barnet Leather	25⅛	25	25	—10
154½	102	7.87	8	1700	Barrett Co	118½	102	102	—23⅞
130	105	..	..	5700	Barrett Co Ch con ctfs	116	105	105	—18½
111½	100	7.00	7	400	Barrett Co pf	102¾	100	100	— 5
105	102¾	..	..	200	Barrett Co Ch con ctfs	103	102¾	102¾	— 2¼
1⅜	½	..	..	400	Batopilas Mining	1	⅞	1	..
32½	2¼	..	..	4600	Bethlehem Motors	3⅝	2¼	2½	— ½
96¼	52¾	9.43	5	1800	Bethlehem Steel	60¾	52¾	53	— 6¾
102¼	90	7.65	7	400	Bethlehem Steel 7 p c pf	91½	90	91½	+ 1½
114	100½	7.93	8	1153	Bethlehem Steel 8 p c pf	104	100½	101½	— 1½
102½	51	9.52	5	82500	Bethlehem Steel B	61½	51	52½	— 7
15	4¾	..	..	4000	Booth Fisheries	5⅛	4½	4½	+ ⅜
17	9¼	..	..	5600	Brooklyn Rapid Transit	13¼	12	12¼	— ¼
13¼	5½	..	..	1900	Brooklyn R T ctfs of dep	8¼	7½	7⅝	— ⅜
65	45¼	..	..	500	Brooklyn Union Gas	61	54	54	—10½
104½	40	..	..	100	Brown Shoe	45	45	45	+ 5
118¼	84	8.33	7	100	Brown Shoe pf	84	84	84	— 3¼
8½	4½	..	..	200	Bruns Term & R R	5⅛	5	5	— ¼
129	84	11.76	10	200	Burns Bros	90	85	85	— 1⅛
27¼	10	..	..	1300	Butterick Co	11⅛	10¼	10¼	— ¾
11½	4⅝	..	..	6900	Butte Copper & Zinc	5¼	4⅝	5	— ¾
29½	10¼	..	..	3600	Butte & Superior Cop	12¼	10¾	10¾	— ⅜
28¾	10¼	..	..	4800	Caddo Cent, O & R	15⅞	13⅛	14	— 2
85½	60	9.84	6	8100	California Pack Co	67½	60	61	— 4⅝
46	15⅜	..	..	10400	California Petrol	20¼	15⅜	15⅞	— 4⅛
75½	63	11.11	7	1400	California Petrol pf	67	63	63	— 2⅝
69	48	8.33	4	200	Calumet & Arizona	49¼	48	48	— 3½
134	110	8.62	10	44500	Canadian Pacific	119¾	114	116	— ¾
11¼	7	..	..	200	Case J I Plow Works	7	7	7	— 1½
100	80½	8.45	7	200	Case, J I, Thres M pf	82¾	82¾	82¾	— ¾
104¾	35⅞	..	..	26900	Central Leather	38⅞	35⅞	36⅞	+ ⅛
108½	88	7.86	7	700	Central Leather pf	90	88⅞	89½	— 1
240	175	4.83	8	300	Central of New Jersey	215	210	210	—30
61⅜	30	12.90	4	9400	Cerro de Pasco Cop ex d.	35½	30	31	— 2½
62	40	9.76	4	500	Certain-teed Prod Corp	41	40	41	— ¼
164¾	72¼	13.42	10	29000	Chandler Motors	77½	72¼	74½	— 2¼
70⅜	47	6.26	4	24500	Chesapeake & Ohio	65	60¾	63⅞	+ 1⅝
17	6	..	..	1000	Chicago & Alton	9	6¼	8	— ¼
15	4	..	..	1600	Chic & E Ill Eq Tr ctfs	10¼	8¼	8¼	— 1⅜
17¼	4⅝	..	..	400	Chi & E Ill pf Eq T ctfs	9½	7	7	— 2
14½	7	..	..	4200	Chicago Gt Western	9¾	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
33⅜	19⅞	..	..	6200	Chicago Gt Western pf	24½	21½	22	— ½
44⅞	30¼	..	..	28600	Chicago, Mil & St Paul	38	32¾	34	— 1
65	45¾	..	..	26500	Chicago, Mil & St P pf	56⅜	49½	51	— 2⅝
91½	67	6.44	5	6400	Chicago & Northwestern	79⅛	75	77½	— 1½
120¾	98	6.36	7	200	Chic & Northwestern pf	110	110	110	— 2
41⅜	23½	..	..	57700	Chicago, R I & Pacific	32⅜	29	29¾	— ¼
71½	54	9.36	6	3800	Chic, R I & Pac 6 p c pf	69	63¼	64	— 1¾
84¾	64½	9.21	7	3300	Chic, R I & Pac 7 p c pf	78½	75	76	— 1
95	90	7.78	7	200	Chic, St P, M & O pf	90	90	90	— 2
21¼	12⅛	..	..	21600	Chile Copper	13⅛	12⅛	12½	— ⅛
41⅝	19¼	7.50	1½	22200	Chino Copper	22⅞	19¼	20	— 1
62	42	..	..	500	Cleve, C, C & St Louis	49½	48	48¼	— 8¾
106	49	15.01	8	600	Cluett, Peabody & Co	55¼	53⅛	53⅛	+ 1⅛
40¾	21⅛	..	..	33500	Coca-Cola	25¼	21⅛	22¼	— 3¼
44½	28	10.71	3	3600	Col Fuel & Iron	31	28	28	— 3¾
36½	20	..	..	1300	Colorado & Southern	29	28	28½	+ ½
67	50	9.35	5	4600	Columbia G & Elec	56½	52½	53½	— ½
65½	11½	7.89	1	49200	Columbia Graphophone	14⅝	11½	12⅝	— 2
56	39	10.26	4	10000	Comp Tab Record	41⅛	39	39	— 2¾
80	52	12.96	7	1800	Consolidated Cigar	59	52	54	— 4¾
89⅞	76¼	9.09	7	200	Consolidated Cigar pf	79	77	77	— 2⅝
93⅞	75⅞	9.09	7	10100	Consolidated Gas	84	77	77	— 2⅝
20¾	6¼	26.67	2	4900	Con Interstate Cal Min	8	6¼	7½	+ ¾
46¼	17⅞	15.79	3	7600	Consolidated Textile	19¾	17⅞	19	— ⅝
97⅞	59	11.86	7	3300	Continental Can	66	59	59	—10
102¾	97¾	7.12	7	100	Continental Can pf	98	98	98	..
14½	5	19.65	1	16000	Continental Candy	7½	5	5¼	— 2
85	67⅛	7.42	5	300	Continental Insurance	67½	67⅛	67½	— 1¼
105¼	67	5.59	4	111100	Corn Products Ref	78⅝	67	71½	— 4⅛
107	99⅛	7.00	7	800	Corn Products Ref pf	100¾	99⅛	99⅛	— 1⅛
43¾	30	7.58	2¼	10500	Cosden & Co	35¾	32¾	33	— 2
278½	85	9.20	8	106200	Crucible Steel Co	108	85	87	—17
100	84	8.33	7	300	Crucible Steel Co pf	90	84	84	— 5¾
60¾	25	13.81	4	18700	Cuban Am Sugar	34¼	28¼	29½	+ ½
59¾	24	..	..	26600	Cuba Cane Sugar	28	24	24	— ½
85⅞	64	10.45	7	6200	Cuba Cane Sugar pf	69	66	67	+ 2½
40	32	3.12	1	100	Davidson Chemical	32	32	32	— 2
36¾	20½	..	..	100	De Beers Mines	20½	20½	20½	— ½
108	83¼	8.91	9	2600	Delaware & Hudson	102	100¾	101	+ ⅛
260½	165	4.61	10	900	Del, Lack & Western	233	215	217	—22
9	1	..	..	3600	Denver & Rio Grande	1⅛	1	1	— ¾
16⅞	1¼	..	..	15500	Denver & Rio Grande pf	2¾	1¼	1¾	— 1¾
101	85	8.66	8	200	Detroit United Ry ex div	92¼	91	92¼	+ 3¼
13	9¼	8.57	1	5600	Dome Mines	12	11¼	11¾	— ½
8	3	..	..	600	Duluth, S S & Atl	5	4½	4½	— ½
12¾	7	..	..	100	Duluth, S S & Atl pf	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ 1
67½	36	5.26	2	100	Durham Hosiery Mills	38	38	38	..
102½	88	7.96	7	100	Durham Hosiery Mills pf	88	88	88	— 2
535	518¼	1.96	10	25	Eastman Kodak	518	515¼	515¼	..
28	16¼	..	..	2300	Elk Horn Coal Corp	18	16¼	16¼	— ½
29	7⅞	..	..	400	Emerson Branting	9⅞	7⅞	7⅞	— 7
147	53⅛	9.26	5	6100	Endicott Johnson	59	53⅛	54	— 1
104	89	7.86	7	200	Endicott Johnson pf	89	89	89	..
21¾	9½	..	..	38900	Erie	16½	14	16	+ 2
30¼	17½	..	..	13900	Erie 1st pf	24	21½	22	..
22¾	12½	..	..	2600	Erie 2d pf	17½	16	16½	+ ½
93½	45	..	..	200	Fairbanks Co	47½	45	45	— 6½