

### P.P.C. Printing Facts

We are not a group of art printers, but an organization of business men who are bringing good business judgment to bear on the many problems which are constantly arising in a printing-establishment.

We do not go ahead trusting that everything will come out all right in the end, but plan in the beginning so that everything must come out all right in the end. We realize that time is money and that the buyer is entitled to have his order executed with proper dispatch, just as he has a right to expect that it will be produced in a workmanlike manner.

Publishers Printing Company  
211 West 25th Street  
Telephone Chelsea 7840

Gilman Collamore & Co. Inc.  
beg to announce that they are now located at  
15 East 56th Street

THEY desire to extend to you and your friends a cordial invitation to call so that they may welcome you to their new home.

There is on display a most comprehensive and distinctive selection of imported China, Glass and Earthenware, also many fine examples of Modern and Antique Chinese, English and Continental Porcelains and many decorative pieces of interest.

Formerly at  
5th AVENUE and 30th STREET  
NEW YORK CITY

"Your Department Store"  
**Bloomingdales**  
Lexington to 34-59th to 60th  
The Newest Vogue  
**Soft Felt Hats**  
\$4.69

They add charm to the face, these soft, narrow-stitched hats.  
Ten delightful colors, including Royal Navy, Henna, Sand and Orange. Six delightful models, silk and satin lined, jauntily trimmed.  
Bloomingdales—Main Floor

**Floyd's Service, Inc.**  
**PLANNED ADVERTISING**  
116 West 32nd Street, N.Y.C.  
BOSTON CLEVELAND SPRINGFIELD

### MOONEY BOMB PLOT CASE TO BE REOPENED

Grand Jury to Probe Evidence of Perjury in Conviction.

NEW CHARGE IS MADE

Philadelphian Says State's Witness Admitted a 'Frameup.'

DISTRICT ATTORNEY AIDS

Results of Investigation to Be Submitted to Gov. Stephens for Action.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 22.—Reopening of the Mooney bomb case, that has agitated California and the country for four years, appears certain in view of announcement to-day by District Attorney Mathew Brady, who said the County Grand Jury would be asked to investigate statements by Policeman Draper Hand and other persons that the convictions of Thomas J. Mooney and Warren K. Billings on the charge of exploding a bomb during the preparedness day parade here, in July, 1916, were due to fraud.

Mr. Brady said that the Grand Jury's findings would be presented to Gov. Stephens, on whom clemency Mooney is now serving a life sentence in prison instead of having been executed.

According to Mr. Brady the Mooney case will be presented to the Grand Jury from every aspect. Mr. Brady has been moved not only by the statements of Patrolman Hand but also by a letter he has received naming Cameron Bristol, a Philadelphian, a graduate of Hamilton College, who said Frank C. Oxman of Oregon admitted perjury to him. It was largely on Oxman's testimony that Mooney was convicted.

Mooney was sentenced August 23, 1917, to be hanged for murder. The indictment against him charged that he had conspired to perpetrate the bomb outrage that killed nine persons and injured forty on July 22, 1916. The sentence was later commuted to life imprisonment.

Four persons were indicted with him. One, Warren K. Billings, was convicted. Mrs. Rena Mooney, Mooney's wife, and Israel Weinberg were acquitted, and Edward D. Nolan was never brought to trial, although he was charged with having made the bomb.

Mooney was the most violent, incendiary type of labor agitator, considered by employers here, and especially operators of public utilities, so dangerous that they employed private detectives to watch him.

Immediately following Mooney's conviction, February 1, 1917, on the testimony of witnesses many of whom were unscrupulous characters, labor unions commenced an intense propaganda to save him from the electric chair. Charges were made that the San Francisco Chamber of Commerce's law and order committee, which had a \$1,000,000 fund, and the District Attorney, Charles M. Fleckert, were in conspiracy to get rid of Mooney by railroad him to the electric chair on the bomb charge. The whole thing was called a frame up.

Organized labor circulated millions of pamphlets entitled "Justice Raped in California," attempting to show that the prosecution's witnesses perjured themselves; that all their evidence was circumstantial and the charges without basis of fact. Labor unions appealed to President Wilson, to Attorney-General Gregory and to labor organizations throughout the United States. The Mooney case became of international im-

### Twenty-two Robbed of Overcoats in Chicago

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
CHICAGO, Nov. 22.—To borrow a phrase from the fezzed ad. writer, there was a slaughtering of overcoats on Chicago's North Side to-day. Four direct actionist price cutters were responsible. Tearing the North Side in a black automobile they accosted and divested all overcoat wearers they met.

The "Overcoat Shower" was participated in by twenty-two, who also made involuntary contributions of money and jewelry.

Interest throughout the appeal to Italian labor and through the impression that spread in labor circles in Great Britain, France and Italy that Mooney was the victim of capital.

In July, 1918, the Supreme Court of California reaffirmed the death sentence and appeal was made to Gov. Stephens of California. On July 27 he announced that he would grant a reprieve that would act as a stay of execution until December 13, 1918. This was in response partly to a personal appeal for clemency addressed to the Governor by President Wilson.

There then ensued a bitter rivalry by capital and labor in California, and, indeed, throughout the country, to influence Gov. Stephens's action. He was deluged with letters and telegrams from either side, but finally decided to commute Mooney's sentence to life imprisonment.

The agitation for a new trial for him, however, gained strength and union labor became more vociferous in its assertions of perjury at the trial and insidious capitalistic influences prosecuting Mooney. Meetings were organized in New York and addressed by W. Bourke Cockran, who had been Mooney's counsel; Dudley Field Malone and others of "radical" tendencies.

California labor continued to organize strikes demanding a new trial, while the National Labor Congress in Chicago in January, 1919, voted a nationwide strike, which it later called off. Five resolutions to the same effect were introduced in the American Federation of Labor's convention in that summer. The agitation for a retrial has continued ever since.

John B. Denamore of the Federal Department of Labor reported after an investigation that Mooney had been "framed," whereupon it was charged that Denamore had been intimidated by organized labor, which had threatened to slow up war production unless it got what it wanted in the Mooney case.

The conviction of Mooney was said to hinge upon the testimony of Frank C. Oxman, Oregon cattleman, who swore he saw Mooney deposit a suitcase at the scene of the explosion just before it occurred. Later Oxman was tried on a charge of attempted subornation of perjury in attempting to induce F. E. Rigall, of Grayville, Ill., to corroborate him.

### ROB FOUR IN DOCTOR'S OFFICE.

Two Masked Men Get Away With \$12,786 in Pittsburgh.

PITTSBURGH, Nov. 22.—Two masked men, armed with pistols, entered the office of Dr. Joseph Kramer in the downtown section late to-night and robbed the physician and three visitors of \$12,786, according to a report issued by the police.

Morris Stein of Detroit, one of the visitors, was robbed of \$12,000, police officials said.

### NO U. S. MESSAGES BY WESTERN UNION

War Between State Department and Telegraph Company Becomes Acute.

BOTH SIDES STAND PAT

Government Wires Refused Because of Inability to Pay in Advance.

Special Despatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.  
Washington, D. C., Nov. 22.

War between the State Department and the Western Union Telegraph Company has reached an acute stage. No more messages of the Government are being sent over the Western Union wires. Whether it is a boycott or whether it is because the Western Union will not accept the messages does not clearly appear.

It was said at the State Department to-day that the reason the messages were not being sent over Western Union wires was that the Government did not have the funds available to pay in advance. From this it became clear that President Carlton of the Western Union had made good his threat to insist on prepayment from the State Department before his company would accept Government messages.

Meantime the Western Union is seeking an injunction against action by the Secretary of the Navy preventing landing of cables from Miami to another point in Florida. It is explained this is merely a local cable and has nothing to do with the foreign cable which the Western Union was prevented from landing at Miami by a fleet of destroyers upon the command of Secretary of the Navy Daniels.

It is understood the Miami cable in controversy now is being held up by the War Department rather than the Navy Department with the explanation that in view of the doubt that exists concerning the purposes which the Western Union has in mind it might be well to hold up all cable landings no matter how local they might be in character.

At last reports both sides to the controversy were standing pat.

### EQUAL CABLE RIGHTS IN YAP URGED BY U. S.

Epd of Monopolies Also Sought at Conference.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 22.—General agreements on questions at issue before the International Communications Conference is expected by American officials to be reached within a few days.

The principles for which the American commissioners have contended, it was said to-day, are expected to be adopted by the conference. These principles include the abolition of cable monopolies which in the case of the east coast of South America, has proved particularly objectionable to the American Government; the recognition of equal landing rights in cables and the equitable dis-

### OCCASIONALLY

Occasionally an Owner gives us a job without requiring an outside limit of cost, either because he has sufficient faith in our integrity and ability, or because there is not time to furnish an outside limit of cost before the contract is signed. But in either event, we furnish an outside limit of cost at the earliest opportunity.

Put it up to us to put it up for you!  
**THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY**  
Building Construction



Saks & Company Will Hold Beginning This Morning

## A Sale of 1500 Pairs of Men's Tan Calfskin Shoes

Formerly \$14 and \$15

**Now \$9.85**

THESE shoes were made expressly for those men who lean toward the finer grades of footwear. The lasts are among the smartest for immediate wear made according to a very high standard of workmanship in light tan, medium tan and mahogany calfskin. Four styles illustrated.

BROADWAY **Saks & Company** at 34th STREET



Saks & Company Announce to Begin This Morning

## An International Sale of MEN'S SILK NECKWEAR

Regularly \$3, \$4, and \$5

**At \$1.95**

from England	from France	from Switzerland
Macclesfield Silks	Ottoman Silks	Moire Silks
Figured Velours	Satin Broche	Twill Silks
Embroidered Repps	Satin Francais	Printed Warps
Figured Twills	Novelty Twills	Two-Tone Satins

From Italy—Novelty Basket Weaves, Embroidered Twill Silks, Fancy Moire Silks and Satins.

Every scarf in the collection is hand-tailored, with the seam at the side and not in the centre, making the cravat slide easily through the collar and assuring much better than average service. The silks are the most beautiful and most exclusive received from Europe for Winter wear, so varied that the most critical man's taste is easily and promptly satisfied.

BROADWAY **Saks & Company** at 34th STREET

# Men! Men!

## SALE

Thousands of Famous Macy

# Silk Shirts

**\$5.69**  
tax 27c

Heavy Crepe de Chine	Satin Twills
Heavy Broadcloth	Flat Stripes
Wonderful Satin Striped	Heavy Broadcloth
Jersey Silks	in neat refined stripes

This is an exceptional opportunity to supply your

## Christmas Wants

ON SALE TO-DAY

Macy's—Main Floor, 34th St.

# R. H. Macy & Co.

HERALD SQUARE Inc. NEW YORK

### THE STORY OF REVILLON FURS



### Baking Bread on the Trail

A Revillon inspection party travels light and few cooking utensils are carried. Cephas, the guide, has just mixed his bread in a roll of birch bark, freshly cut from a tree. This can be seen in the center of the picture. He is now baking a roll of dough on the end of a stick over a fire of glowing embers within easy reach

**Revillon Freres**  
Fifth Avenue at 53rd Street