

MEN FREED IN BAIL ARE FOUND IN JAIL

One Held for Attempted Murder, the Other for Carrying Pistol.

Another crime and a misdemeanor committed by men at liberty under bail came to light yesterday when two men failed to appear when called to trial for burglary because one had just been arrested for attempted murder and the other was completing a term in jail.

Domenick Alvero, 21, of 324 East 122d street, and Joseph Percicanto, 39, of 367 East 123d street, were indicted in January, 1921, on complaint of Israel Rosen, who charged them with having forced entrance into his poultry market at 219 East 122d street on December 4, 1920. They were subsequently released in \$5,000 bail each. When called to trial yesterday before Judge Otto A. Rosalsky in General Sessions, their counsel explained why they were not present.

Later both men were brought into court. Alvero by detectives of the East 126th street station and Percicanto by a penitentiary guard. Alvero had been arrested on suspicion of having fired five bullets through the body of Tony Bruno early yesterday morning in an automobile at 185th street and Riverside drive. Alvero had been taken before Bruno, in Columbus Hospital, and identified as his assailant. Bruno said Alvero had fired him into an automobile and had attempted to kill him. His wounds may prove fatal, according to Francis P. Marrow, Assistant District Attorney prosecuting.

Percicanto was convicted of carrying a revolver in violation of the Sullivan law. Bail of both men was raised by Judge Rosalsky to \$15,000. In default they were committed to Tombs prison and he requested that if efforts were made to secure bail to notify him and he would increase it still further.

FATHER DUFFY WRONG, ASSERTS SCIENTIST

Priest's Statements Disputed by Official of Church.

Certain estimates of Christian Science made before the Catholic Club last Sunday night by the Rev. Father Francis P. Duffy drew the fire yesterday of Charles E. Heitman, chairman of the Christian Science committee on publication for the State of New York. Mr. Heitman answered Father Duffy categorically, denying every important statement made by the priest.

"In accepting the statement that he has too much respect for the religious spirit to criticize any man's religion," Mr. Heitman said of Father Duffy, "I must assume that his erroneous assertions regarding Christian Science were due to a misunderstanding of its teachings and practice rather than a desire to misrepresent or unfairly criticize them."

"Christian Science does not, as Father Duffy implies, ignore evil, sin and disease in human experience, but it does hold, and in a substantial degree proves, that sin, disease, worry and evil are states of belief to be corrected, that is, destroyed by applying the truth about God and his perfect creation, including man."

Equally mistaken is the implication that one is necessarily following a line parallel to Christian Science in preaching happiness, optimism and "don't worry."

In refutation of the charge that Christian Scientists are uncharitable, Mr. Heitman refers to a substantial sum given to the Hoover relief fund, a large contribution to the fund raised for starving Chinese, the sending of a special trainload of supplies to Halifax after the great disaster there, and the contribution of millions for the relief of war sufferers.

Enright Pays 1919 Tax on \$12,250 Stock Deal

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

RICHARD ENRIGHT, Police Commissioner, has corrected his income tax return for 1919 to include an item of \$12,250 profits on a stock transaction handled for him by Allan A. Ryan and has paid to the State the taxes overlooked by him.

Income tax returns are confidential and secret and the State tax officials declined to say to-day what sum in penalties, if any, had been paid by Enright.

After publication recently of the report that the amount received by the Commissioner from Ryan, a special deputy police commissioner, had not been included in the returns and was being investigated, two agents representing Enright called at the Tax Department. It is understood they said Enright was anxious to correct any inaccuracies in his report.

During the Meyer committee investigation Enright denied that the \$12,250 from Ryan was a gift.

THIEF SLAYS 'LIFER' INSIDE SING SING

Colanno, Blaming Ciniglio for Dannemora Transfer, Kills Him With Hammer.

Alexander Ciniglio, a Sing Sing convict under twenty year to life sentence for a murder in Nassau county twelve years ago, was killed yesterday when another convict hit him on the head with a hammer during a quarrel in the sheet metal factory inside the walls of the prison. Before he died Ciniglio accused James Colanno, alias Colone, who is serving a four year sentence for grand larceny, and Colanno was placed in solitary confinement pending investigation.

Ciniglio after he was struck walked out of the sheet metal factory and over to the prison hospital, a distance of about 500 feet, but collapsed just as he got inside the waiting room. He was carried to a cot and told Dr. Amos O. Squires, the prison physician, Colanno hit him because he had heard that he had gone to Warden Lawes and persuaded him to put Colanno in the draft of prisoners transferred to Clinton Prison at Dannemora last night. Ciniglio, who was struck behind the right ear, died within a few minutes after he reached the hospital.

Warden Lewis E. Lawes said last night that Ciniglio had had nothing to do with his decision to include Colanno in the group of convicts sent to Clinton Prison, and that he would try to learn how Colanno found out he was going. The names of the men who are to be transferred from Sing Sing are always kept secret by the officials until a few moments before their departure.

Prison attendants said that Colanno was known in the prison as a bad man, always ready to fight. He was sent to prison from Manhattan last March for grand larceny, and would have been eligible for release in eighteen months.

Ciniglio had behaved himself during the twelve years he had been in prison, the keeper said, and would have been eligible for release in three years. Frederick E. Weeks, District Attorney of Westchester county, visited the prison last night and examined a number of witnesses and it was announced that if the statements of Ciniglio were corroborated a charge of first degree murder would be made against Colanno.

REPINGTON URGES WORLD 'GOLD CURE'

Colonel Says Exchange Collapse Is Responsible for Unemployment.

Col. Charles A. Court Repington, British journalist and military expert, delivered the first of a series of American lectures at Town Hall last night. His subject was "Personalities in Europe."

Col. Repington, who has traveled extensively in Europe and America since the war, discussed Russia, foreign exchange, France, Germany, reparations, Austria, England, Ireland, India and the Washington conference, ending with an appeal to America to lead the nations of the world at the Genoa assembly.

The collapse of exchange, he said, is the cause of decreased exports and unemployment in England and America. He declared that the only cure is the reestablishment of world currencies on a gold basis and expressed satisfaction that the Federal Reserve Board has come to the same conclusion.

The constant warring between England and France, Col. Repington said, need not be considered serious. He attributed it to the failure of England and the United States to guarantee France against future aggressions. France, he pointed out, is looking forward to the day when Germany will have a population of 80,000,000 to her 40,000,000. He described Germany as a well governed country in "apple pie order with masses and masses of children, the whole place electrified and not a house knocked down."

Germany's disarmament is complete, he said, but she cannot pay her war bills unless the exchange is reestablished on a sound basis.

"You put finance right and we will guarantee the security of France," he declared. "That's a fair solution."

He raised our statement for the work they accomplished in the Washington parley of former President Wilson he said: "He has fallen from his very high state, but, believe me, the name of Wilson will go down in history perhaps as the biggest figure of the war."

Col. Repington thought Japan had "behaved very well" at Washington, but "watch Siberia. If they get out it will be an index as to whether all Baron Kato said was true or merely kampan."

COOLIDGE KICKS BRICK WALL AND BREAKS TOE

Trips on Draperies in Hotel Lobby; Wallop Follows.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

NEW YORK, Feb. 8.—Vice-President Coolidge is limping around looking for the man who put the brick wall behind a lot of draperies in the lobby of the New Willard Hotel.

Mr. Coolidge's reason is that the brick wall broke his great toe. He was walking through the lobby and tripped over the draperies. Vexed and at the same time anxious that the thing should happen to no one else, he attempted to kick the draperies out of the way.

The brick wall of the Willard interfered with the Vice-President's freedom of action. The injury is not serious.

Postal Receipts Point to Business Recovery

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

POSTAL receipts in New York and forty-nine other cities increased \$398,000 in January compared with the same month last year.

The increase is regarded as justifying optimistic predictions that spring and summer will bring a resumption of nearly normal business conditions.

The increase in revenues was 4.48 per cent. for January, 1922, over January, 1921. The 1921 total was 1.77 per cent. greater than that of 1920, and 1920 was 5.79 per cent. greater than 1919.

In New York postal receipts for January totaled \$4,364,185, which was \$310,253 greater than the same month of 1921. This was an increase of 7.65 per cent. For fifty cities the total receipts were as follows: January, 1922, \$20,902,997; January, 1921, \$20,006,615.

INVESTIGATE SALE OF GUNS FOR IRISH

U. S. Grand Jury at Trenton Examines Three Witnesses on Case.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

TRENTON, Feb. 8.—Investigation of the circumstances surrounding seizure at Hoboken last June of \$100,000 worth of Thompson sub-machine guns destined for the Irish Republic was begun to-day by the United States Grand Jury. Guns to the number of 495 were captured by customs officers aboard the steamship East Side, which, it was alleged, had been chartered by the Irish Trade Commission to transport coal to Dublin.

Three witnesses examined by the jury to-day were Col. Marcellus H. Thompson of New York, son-in-law of Col. George Harvey, Ambassador to Great Britain, and vice-president and general manager of the Auto Ordnance Company, 302 Broadway, New York, from which the guns were purchased; Capt. Geoffrey Bartlett, manager of the Cosmopolitan Shipping Company, which had chartered the East Side from the Shipping Board; and Roy C. McHenry, who had charge of the investigation of the contraband shipment.

Mr. McHenry told the jury that J. L. Fawcitt of the Irish Trade Commission had contracted for the shipment of coal to Ireland at the rate of \$5 a ton, the negotiations being carried on through Andrew Dempsey in behalf of the Cosmopolitan Line.

The contraband arms were smuggled aboard the East Side on January 11 and 12, tied up in burlap, represented as containing engine room supplies. William N. Narney, chief steward, examined one of the packages, discovered the contents, notified the customs officials and the seizure followed.

Mr. McHenry said it had been discovered that the guns were obtained by George Gordon Rourke of Washington and were consigned to "Frank Williams, who is in reality Lawrence Deane, who served a term of eighteen months in the McNeil Island Penitentiary, Washington, for pro-German activities during the war."

The investigation by the grand jury will be resumed here on February 17.

JAPAN'S 'WILD BOAR' IS DEAD OF CANCER

Admiral Kabayama Won Fame by Bravery in Chinese War.

TOKYO, Feb. 8 (Associated Press).—Count Admiral Susunori Kabayama, 85, member of the Japanese Privy Council and former Minister of War, died in his home here to-day of cancer.

Count Kabayama, who was Chief of the Naval Staff in the Sino-Japanese war, had been prominent in Japanese governmental affairs for several years. He was created a Viscount in 1884 and given the title of Count in 1895 in recognition of his services during the Sino-Japanese war.

The exploit which won for him everlasting Japanese fame occurred in a fitting summary of a bold act. In the height of the battle of the Yellow Sea Kabayama, then Chief of Naval Staff, suddenly appeared on the scene in a small transport called the Saikyomaru. Seeing the Japanese warship Hiyel in danger from the shell fire of the Chinese warship Teiyen, Kabayama started for the Teiyen at full speed to ram her. The Teiyen got away, but Kabayama saved the Hiyel as well as a Japanese gunboat.

In later life he became Governor-General of Formosa and served both as Minister of Education and Minister of Home Affairs. His last years were passed as a member of the Privy Council. Like most of Japan's naval leaders, Kabayama came from the Province of Satsuma. He was born in November, 1837, the son of a Samurai, a follower of a feudal lord.

The early part of Kabayama's career was passed in the army. He played an important part in the military operations which resulted in the restoration to power of the Imperial Dynasty and the overthrow of the Shogun's Dynasty. Kabayama always was a student of naval technique and his special knowledge made it possible to transfer him from the army to the navy. His transfer occurred after he had attained the rank of major-general. The year 1880 found him a sea lord with the rank of rear-admiral, and five years later he became a vice-admiral. He was appointed a Minister of Marine in 1890, and held the portfolio for two years.

GIRL SUICIDE UNIDENTIFIED.

The young girl whose frozen body was found in the casing yard of E. W. Bliss Company under the Manhattan Bridge in Brooklyn Wednesday morning remained unidentified yesterday in the Kings County Morgue. Dr. Carl Rootiger's examination of the body indicated that she had jumped from the bridge.



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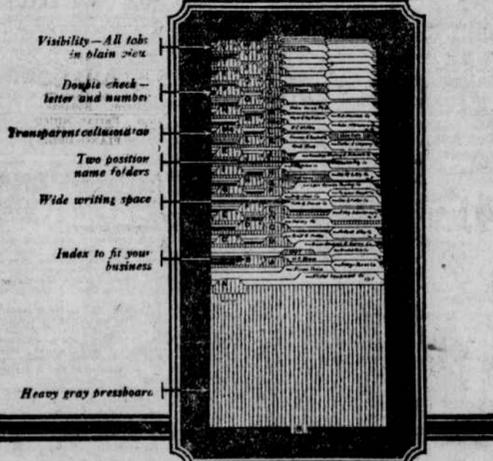
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If your dealer cannot supply you with the VAN HEUSEN Collar and the VAN CRAFT Shirt (a soft white shirt with the VAN HEUSEN Collar attached) phone (Longacre 7915) or write for address of one that can.

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