

used to accept the adverse opinions of critics regarding it. Mr. Fordney announced this afternoon that "Governor Harding of the Federal Reserve Board and Actuary McCoy assisted the committee in working out the new plan for a bonus."

More Bonus Protests From Disabled in War

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., March 2. RESIDENT HARDING has consented to receive a delegation of disabled war veterans to-morrow to present a protest against the passage of bonus legislation before the House.

The delegation will be headed by Capt. Thomas Kirby, U. S. A., retired, and will include ten disabled men representing 30,000 sick and helpless veterans of all sections of the country. These veterans intend to tell the President they are not in sympathy with the propaganda to impose the bonus read on the national Treasury and the taxpayers of the nation.

"If has been figured out that if all the men who get certificates go to the banks and get their 50 per cent. loan it would drain the banks to the extent of \$600,000,000. That sum would be advanced by thousands of banks throughout the land and would not be any drain upon any one."

"I am glad to accept the challenge of our friends, the enemy," he said, "to take their stand on the League of Nations, as their remedy in readjustment, and present the record of this Administration for the people's decision. Of the result there can be no doubt. The people are too close to the last Administration to fail to connect effect back to cause."

Representative Fess said President Harding found a public debt of \$25,000,000,000 when he took office and at once outlined, through Congress, the following program of economy: (1) Dismantle the war machine. (2) Establish a national budget system.

"The date was fixed because after that time the bill as originally drafted by the committee provided for a larger percentage of loan by the Government and has not been changed. New veterans can obtain money as soon as the certificates of insurance are issued, and in greater amounts than provided by the cash plan of the original bill."

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REPUBLICAN RECORD REVIEWED IN HOUSE

Fess Answers Democratic Attack on the Harding Administration.

ECONOMIES ARE LISTED

Pork Barrel Legislation Ended by National Budget System.

DISMANTLE WAR MACHINE

Taxation and Relief Bills Cited—High Praise for Arms Parley.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., March 2. Representative Fess (Ohio), chairman of the National Republican Congressional Committee, in an address in the House to-day, reviewed the accomplishments of the Harding Administration.

"We are not a party to the Versailles treaty, which we refused to ratify, and therefore we should not enter into any guarantee of any holdings Great Britain, France or Japan may have under that treaty."

Senator Lenroot accused Senator Hitchcock of having reversed the position he took on the League of Nations fight. Senator Johnson (Cal.) injected the remark that "as between the Senator from Nebraska and certain Republican leaders, it is like a general swapping of positions."

Representative Fess also recalled that much legislation was enacted by the administration tending to improve the industrial and agricultural conditions. With that end in view, he pointed out, the emergency tariff bill was passed, a law protecting dyes and chemicals, amendments enacted to the farm loan board act to assist farmers in securing funds, the packers bill, and the grain futures measure.

"The year has demonstrated the hopes of the country that the President has surrounded himself with counselors of the wisest minds, and this Cabinet ranks with the strongest of its predecessors. It is the last and only hope of a people who are weary of any open minded citizen to state the generally accepted fact that the administration of the State Department is the most outstanding success in our history."

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Mr. Hubert Work, First Assistant Postmaster-General, was nominated by President Harding and confirmed by the Senate to-day to be Postmaster-General. He is 61 and was born in Marion Center, Pa. He studied medicine at the University of Michigan and Pennsylvania and began the practice of medicine in Greeley, Col. He is the second Colorado man to hold a place in the Cabinet. Henry M. Teller of Colorado was appointed Secretary of the Interior by President Arthur in 1882. Dr. Work is the first member of the medical profession to hold a Cabinet office, and was a Lieutenant-Colonel in the Medical Corps during the war.

PROTESTS AGAINST BONUS COME FROM ALL SECTIONS

Many National, State and City Organizations on Record, and List Keeps Growing—Legion Posts Included—Trade Bodies Take Leading Part.

The number of important organizations, national, State and city, that have gone on record as opposing the soldier bonus proposition grows daily. The extent and character of the opposition is shown by the following list:

- National Association of Manufacturers. Utah Associated Industries. California Manufacturers Association. Manufacturers and Merchants Association of Oregon. Manufacturers Association of Connecticut. Printers Board of Trade, San Francisco. Pennsylvania and Atlantic Seaboard Hardware Association, Inc., Pittsburgh. Manufacturers Association of New Jersey. Associated Industries of Missouri. Manufacturers and Merchants Association of St. Louis. American Protective Tariff League. Elizabeth, N. J., Chamber of Commerce. American Defense Society. Willard Straight Post, No. 82, American Legion. National Association of Builders Exchange, Memphis. National Bank of Commerce, New York. National Republican Club. New York Mercantile Exchange. Post 32, American Legion, Greenville, Miss.

PACIFIC PACT FOES GAINING IN SENATE

Continued from First Page. I cannot vote for its ratification unless some changes are made by amendments of reservations and certain serious objections to it are otherwise removed. The Four Power treaty was conceived in secrecy. In that respect its genesis suggests an old fashioned alliance, for that is exactly the way all alliances come to be made.

Senator Johnson (Cal.) injected the remark that "as between the Senator from Nebraska and certain Republican leaders, it is like a general swapping of positions." Senator France, Republican (Md.), predicted the overwhelming defeat of the Republicans if the four Power pact is ratified.

AMERICAN LEGION HEAD HAS SLAP AT FINANCIERS

MacNider Says They Are Chief Foes of Bonus. Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. ALTON, Ill., March 2.—Hanford MacNider, national commander of the American Legion, in a speech here last night before the Alton Post of the legion, declared that the foreign debt fund measure had not been passed. The woman's bureau was created and the maternity bill enacted into law. Two relief bills were passed for starving Russia.

FIVEFOLD BONUS PLAN INDORSED BY ASSEMBLY

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The Barnes resolution designed to place the New York Legislature on record as endorsing the American Legion's national fivefold plan of adjusted compensation for honorably discharged soldiers was adopted by the Assembly to-day without a dissenting vote.

LABOR BANK HELPS BONUS

CLEVELAND, March 2.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers' Cooperative National Bank of this city has purchased a block of \$900,000 of Ohio 4 1/2 per cent. soldier bonus bonds. It was announced to-night by Warren S. Stone, president. The purchase represents 1-22d of the issue.

COX WILL BE ACTIVE IN CONGRESS FIGHT

Confers with Party Chiefs in Washington but Misses Wilson. Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., March 2. James M. Cox, Democratic Presidential nominee in 1920, stopped over to-day on his way from Dayton to Alton, S. C., and talked with Democratic leaders about their campaign to wrest the House and, they hope, the Senate also, from the Republicans in the fall elections.

Mr. Cox did not meet former President Wilson. It had been arranged he would, but Admiral Grayson asked that the conference be cancelled because his patient has a cold. They will talk later when Gov. Cox returns from the South. Among those who discussed Democratic prospects with Mr. Cox were Cordell Hull, chairman of the Democratic National Committee; George White, formerly chairman of the E. H. Moore, the Cox pre-convention campaign manager; Joseph W. Folk, formerly Governor of Missouri, and Senators Harrison and Pomeroy.

ADMIRAL SIMS GLAD HE IS PRO-BRITISH

Tells Yonkers Crowd He Admires English Character. Rear Admiral William S. Sims in an address before the Lecture League of Yonkers last night declared that the battleship was obsolete and that the submarine and airplane were now the most effective weapons in war. He declared that he was opposed to the findings of the armament conference so far as it concerned submarines.

DISCUSS IN SECRET USE OF RADIO TELEPHONES

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The radio conference, which is meeting through three committees in secret session to formulate plans for controlling the use of radio telephones, is making some progress. It was said to-day at the Department of Commerce, in working out control in three or four directions, involving allocation of wave length, a priority plan for the dissemination of radio telephones, and the time scheduled for operation.

NINE BOY BANDITS MAKE \$25,000 HAUL

SAN JOSE, CAL., March 2.—Nine young bandits entered the home of Julian Hart, San Francisco merchant, at Menlo Park, near here, last night. He was able to take a daily horseback ride until a few days ago when stricken with influenza. It was said to be the second time he ever had been ill. Once ill, he reportedly had been getting a second growth of hair.

FUELS SHIP SHORTAGE MAY TIE UP U. S. NAVY

Denby Holds Orders to Halt Vessels in All Parts of World.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., March 2. Whether or not the American Navy will be tied up for want of fuel hangs in the balance to-night. Orders to anchor or tie up all vessels wherever they may be are held ready by Secretary Denby and prospects of getting more money for fuel from Congress are not encouraging.

Chairman Madden of the House Naval Affairs Committee stated to-day that the \$6,000,000 allowed, which is a cut of \$6,000,000, would provide sufficient fuel for the four months' operations remaining in the fiscal year, but naval officers disagree with him. They say there does not remain of the \$6,250,000 authorized for fuel out of funds already appropriated for other activities sufficient fuel to keep the fleet tied up and under "port steam" allowance, without incurring a further deficiency.

Authority for the Secretary of War and the Secretary of the Navy create deficiencies in such matters as transportation and certain other necessities for the current year are found in a law enacted in 1861 and revised in 1906, under which the Naval Secretary could create a deficiency for the current year. Secretary Denby has told the committee of his intention to come before it for the 1923 appropriation hearings with estimates based on "no appropriations." To conserve the fuel supply capital ships have been permitted only five cruises a month and the destroyers were limited to eight hours' cruising duty. All special cruises, including trips to ports where functions were being held for the benefit of the crews, were prohibited, and in general all non-essential activities were curtailed.

Some activities, outside the fleet, were necessary, however, in spite of the scarcity of fuel. It was pointed out by the Secretary that the protection of American interests and the furtherance of the national policy, including operation of special service squadrons in the Atlantic, Latin American and Eastern waters. Diplomatic missions must be executed, it was pointed out, and the insular possessions receive the naval attention which where regular lines do not operate.

MADDEN DEFENDS CUT IN NAVY YARD FUNDS

Holds \$1,250,000 a Month is Sufficient. WASHINGTON, March 2.—Discussion of the amount of fuel the navy will need for the remainder of the fiscal year reached the floor of the House to-day when Chairman Madden of the Appropriations Committee, in opening debate on the Government's second deficiency bill for this year, declared in reference to the dispute over fuel oil that this was the first time in framing the measure that naval experts had failed to raise the specter of an impending war with Japan.

Mr. Madden added that in cutting the figure for fuel oil from around \$12,000,000 to \$6,000,000 the committee has reached its "conclusion" on a basis of a million and a quarter dollars a month, which, according to one of the best men in the navy, whose name I will not mention, will suffice.

Turning to the army, Mr. Madden said that while Secretary Weeks had not always agreed with the committee, the Secretary was in hearty accord with the movement to keep within the appropriation. The worst enemy of the Treasury, Mr. Madden declared, was the deficiency fund.

DRINK LIQUOR OF VICTIM AND LIQUOR ALL NIGHT

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., March 2.—Manuel Antonio Ortiz, said to be 112 years old, died to-day. He was able to take a daily horseback ride until a few days ago when stricken with influenza. It was said to be the second time he ever had been ill. Once ill, he reportedly had been getting a second growth of hair.

105,000 ARMY SEEN IN 60 MILLION CUT

War Officials Concerned Over Further Reductions by House Experts.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—At least \$50,000,000, and possibly \$60,000,000, will be slashed from the budget estimate for the War Department by the House Appropriations subcommittee, which is framing the army appropriation bill for the fiscal year beginning July 1 next, members of the subcommittee predicted to-night. The measure, they added, not only will provide that the enlisted strength of the army be reduced from its present strength of 137,000 to 115,000 men on July 1 but that the number of officers be limited to 11,000, as compared with the present strength of 12,900 on the active list.

War Department estimates were revised and pared down by the Budget Bureau to approximately \$363,000,000 for the coming fiscal year, of this amount \$293,000,000 being requested for the army and the rest for the non-military work, such as improvements to rivers and harbors. The draft of the bill, it was said to-night, practically had been completed, but must be reviewed by the full committee, which may make changes. Chairman Anthony has said the measure would be reported next week.

As drawn by the subcommittee the bill, it was said, does not provide for lump sum appropriations as requested by War Department officials. Such an arrangement would have permitted department heads to expend funds under general headings as they saw fit, affording them an opportunity to stretch economies where possible and expend amounts greater than the estimates on other activities if the total expenditure authorized was not exceeded. The bill as it will be reported to the full committee, however, it was emphasized, will specify for what purposes each allowance is to be used.

Concern was expressed in army circles to-night over the prospective forced reduction of the regular establishment to 115,000 men and 11,000 officers. Both Secretary Weeks and Gen. Pershing, in appearing recently before the subcommittee, urged that provision be made for an army of 150,000 men, and the subcommittee in deciding upon 11,000 as the maximum number of officers has disregarded the recommendation of Gen. Pershing, who outlined plans for "weeding out" inefficient officers to bring the force down to 12,000, in the expectation of the regular increasing of officer personnel to 14,000 by commissioning officers in the junior grade.

A reduction of the army to 115,000 enlisted strength, it was pointed out by Department officials, would mean an actual effective force of little more than 105,000 men, as the regular turnover, due to expiring enlistments, recruit training and other conditions, keeps about 10,000 men on the average continuously out of active ranks.

The proposed reduction also would mean a heavy additional curtailment of various army activities. Exhaustive studies made in the Department as to the most advisable course to follow in another sharp cut in strength was made. It is to be expected that the cost of defense, except for a few harbors of vital importance, must be virtually abandoned by the regulars to the National Guard or organized reserve.

Another activity threatened probably would be aviation. It was regarded as likely that the flying service also might be transferred so far as possible, to the National Guard or organized reserve elements of the new army.

BRAIN FOOD

In the dark, fish exhibits a shimmering or so-called phosphorescent appearance. Hence the tradition that fish is rich in phosphorus and therefore a great brain food. Yet the percentage of phosphorus in fish is only about one-third that in beans.

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