

LINDSAY'S ACCUSER HIMSELF ARRESTED

Dr. Enlind Indicted on Charge of Stealing \$18,000 From Woman.

HAS TESTIFIED DAILY

Miss Bogart Says She Gave Him Money for Swindler to Invest.

3 MORE INDICTMENTS

Complainant Against Enlind Among New Accusers of Lindsay in Thefts.

Dr. Knute Arvid Enlind, who exposed Alfred E. Lindsay's \$1,000,000 stock swindle, because, he said, his duty as a citizen obliged him to do so, was himself arrested last night after his indictment for grand larceny on the complaint of one of Lindsay's women victims.

Dr. Enlind was a friend of Lindsay's for many years. At one time he shared the broker's country home at South Nyack and he introduced Lindsay to Mrs. Lillian N. Duke, his star client. Mrs. Duke, the divorced wife of James B. Duke, says she lost \$375,000. Other society and professional women whom Lindsay duped were patients of Dr. Enlind.

The indictment against Enlind charges him with the larceny of \$18,000 in cash from Miss Margaret Bogart of 15 Central Park West on March 15, 1920. It is alleged that he obtained the money to give to Lindsay on the false pretense of investing it in a stock pool.

Detectives Bernard A. Flood, Joseph Russo and Joseph Daly arrested Enlind at Sixth avenue and Thirty-sixth street and took him to the District Attorney's office, where he has appeared as a witness against Lindsay almost every day since the exposure.

The prisoner gave his address as 2126 Broadway and said he is a practicing physician. He is 48 years old, unmarried and is secretary of the American Chemicals and Chemicals Company, 41 East Forty-second street. The position was formerly held by Lindsay. While he was waiting to see Assistant District Attorney Richard C. Murphy, Dr. Enlind asked the reporters to say as little as possible about his arrest.

"This will ruin me. It will spoil my practice if it becomes public," he said. He added he would make no further statement for the press until he had seen a lawyer. Last Sunday, before Lindsay had been arrested and confined in the Tombs under \$50,000 bail, Enlind talked freely.

Lindsay took advantage of my recent absence in Europe," he said. "I had cautioned Mrs. Duke not to talk to me about her financial affairs and I have since learned he traded on my friendship. He sent me patients, mostly women whom he had fleeced, and then he turned them over to Lindsay a long time ago that he was getting their money."

It is determined to get to the bottom of the matter and expose it. But I had to move slowly. Each of the women had the same story to tell of her financial misfortunes and gradually, one at a time, I let them know the truth. On February 10 the women held a lambic conference in the District Attorney's office.

As soon as I began to suspect I broke off with Lindsay. Once I saw him in a hotel and told him he must have defrauded Mrs. Duke of a lot of money, but he denied it. I have not seen him since early December.

Three more indictments were handed down by the Grand Jury against Lindsay yesterday, making a total of seven criminal indictments against him for \$150,000 brought against him by his victims. He says he has no money. The complaints mentioned in yesterday's charges are: Mrs. Helen Burnett, 43 West Forty-eighth street, who says she lost \$21,000; and Miss Florence James, 22 West Fifty-ninth street, who says she lost \$2,450 in cash and \$2,500 in jewelry.

DISHES OF FAR NORTH AT CANADIAN BANQUET

Ice Fish, Yukon Partridge and Beaver Served.

The Yukon, the great north woods and the rivers of Canada all contributed to the dishes which were placed before the 600 members and guests of the Canadian Camp at its twentieth annual banquet at the Astor last night.

Northernland oysters were provided by Premier Walter E. Foster of New Brunswick, bisque of Partridge partridges from the Yukon, ice fish from Hudson Bay, loin of buffalo sent by the Canadian national parks, flapjacks from Labrador and pate of Huron beaver with the compliments of Jack McQuinn.

Mr. MacDonald of Nova Scotia was the guest of honor and principal speaker. He emphasized the hope of continuing friendship between this country and Canada.

Mr. Stone told of the warm feeling he had for Canada and Canada. Lieut.-Gen. Nelson A. Miles referred to the unity between the United States and Canada. Labrador was discussed by Horace D. Ashton, who illustrated his remarks with slides. Addresses were also made by Thomas G. Ryan and J. P. Sweeney, who touched upon Canadian camp life.

Others at the dinner were the Rev. Charles A. Eaton, Major A. P. Slinn, C. P. Folsom, Neil McDougall, Percy Collins, Walsh, Thomas Travis, C. Lenox Curtis, Dr. Henry van Dyke, Sam Harris, the Rev. Allen MacRae, William E. S. Dyer and John G. McKirdy.

355 FINED IN TRAFFIC COURT.

Record Made With Levies Totaling \$4,500 for Day.

Cases in Traffic Court yesterday made a new record when 355 violators of traffic laws, including 11 speeders found guilty of a first offense, were fined a total of \$4,500.

Forty-one chauffeurs, the largest vanishing from three to ten days each for non-payment of fines. The calendar was so heavy that two magistrates, Norman J. Marsh and W. Bruce Cobb, were called to the court.

SMASHING OF FRAUDS IN SECURITIES IS TASK OF STOCK EXCHANGES

Biggest Organization Can Force Dishonest Outside Brokers to Close by Cutting Off Ticker Service or Ordering Own Members to Stop Dealing With Them—Cromwell Leads Fight on Crookedness.

THE NEW YORK HERALD herewith presents another in its series of articles exposing bucket-shop and other financial and commercial fraud methods. The purpose of this article is to indicate the responsibility of stock exchanges for maintaining honesty in stock dealings and some of the steps being taken to insure such honesty.

Whatever measures may be taken to curb the bucket shop evil which has been exposed by THE NEW YORK HERALD in this series of articles—and it is fairly apparent that laws in themselves will do no more to prevent bucketing absolutely than any other species of crime—one big fact stands out:

If an end is to be made to bucketing and other of color stock deals it must have the aid of strict insistence by stock exchanges on the honest business conduct of their own members. The officials of all the stock exchanges concede that this is true.

The preponderance of failures in the membership of the Consolidated Stock Exchange and the frank admission by Seymour L. Cromwell, president of the New York Stock Exchange, that odd lot dealing on his and other exchanges needs stricter regulation, would seem to indicate that the thorough house cleaning now under way does not come too soon.

Two Measures Available to Prevent Dishonesty.

There are at least two highly effective means by which the illegal broker can be eradicated. Both are within the power of the New York and the Consolidated exchanges.

First—Compelling each member to submit to rigid inspection by the exchange of its books, credits and business methods. Such a supervision could be exercised by the exchanges with proper safeguard against the publicity of private affairs and information which forms the basis of objection from brokers to similar examination by the State.

Second—Removal of ticker service from the offices of such brokers as do not comply with the law and exchange rules designed to keep the business clean.

On the New York Stock Exchange, being not only the senior exchange and the one which is most widely known and has come to represent what Wall Street is in the public mind, but being also the primary market for securities, undoubtedly rests the superior burden of responsibility for this sort of work. That this responsibility is realized by the New York Stock Exchange is indicated by the speech of Mr. Cromwell to the Association of Stock Exchange Firms a month ago, when he declared that the time has come for drastic measures against bucketing.

It appears that Itzkowitz has a malformation of one of his feet. It is alleged that one of the bones forming the instep of this foot protrudes above its mate. It is said that Itzkowitz and Greenwald is charged with being its chauffeur. The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation charges that on February 2, 1922, Itzkowitz \$400 for an injury to his malformed foot, and that it was his contention that the car driven by Greenwald did the injuring.

Traced Through East. Mr. Simmons says he has four papers signed by Itzkowitz at various times in settlement of claims out of court by accident insurance companies.

Thus far Mr. Simmons has traced the activities of the syndicate through five Eastern States. It is not shown, however, that Itzkowitz, Elstein and Greenwald have been connected with all of this alleged fraud. There seem to have been two favorite methods of working the same, according to the stories told to Mr. Simmons. It is said that lawyers, doctors and brokers are accused of being local agents of the traveling circus. These doctors and insurance brokers would be notified of the coming of the troupe and prepare for action.

One way of getting the money was to have the victim insured. The victim might have a queer leg that could be thrown out of joint easily and snapped back again at its owner's will. Another might have an arm that had never completely recovered from an old injury or that had been crippled since the victim's birth. Even trick plays and freak internal shortcomings were included in the collection of marketable misfortunes that were of such value to the syndicate.

Quickly Signs Release. This insured victim would be run down by a motor car or other vehicle to impress on bankers the necessity of extreme caution in recommending dealers in securities to the public, and a blow at misleading advertising through which sucker lists are built up, and the scope of the Stock Exchange plans is made fairly clear.

Not only have committees been clothed with power to carry out such measures as may be found necessary within the New York Exchange, but there is reason to believe that that power is making itself felt. As expert accountants have been in the field for months, and their work has resulted in the weeding out of houses, particularly in the middle West, those methods convinced the New York Stock Exchange that its ticker service was being used for illegitimate purposes.

It is expected that this work will be heard from closer to New York and in a rather direct way within a few weeks.

DEBATORS FIND WORLD 'HOMEMADE STRUCTURE'

Economic System Likened to Automobile.

The present economic system is like a home made automobile. "This was one of several paragraphs of a speech in a debate last night on the ability and inability of the present economic system to provide a remedy for unemployment. Prof. Walter B. Pitkin of Columbia University and General Searing were the debaters. The meeting was the eighteenth of a series in Stuyvesant High School under the auspices of the New York Joint Board of the Amalgamated Clothing Workers of America. The auditorium was crowded.

Prof. Pitkin, arguing in favor of the present economic system, offered the simile. He said that the present system, he said, had been assembled by random contributions through the centuries. It has survived the "bumps" of the past, but at present, he believed, it still needs attention. It need not be scrapped, but may perhaps "last until the nearest town is reached where it can be exchanged for a better one."

Later making use of the symbolism, Mr. Searing said the trouble with the "flivver" had been its drivers. "Since 1910 we have turned over the United States to the high priced bankers," he said. "What did they do? They drove the car to smash. They smashed us against a stone fence, and that is where the car is to-day."

DANGER IN ALIEN SCOUNDRELS. Justice Martin Says Character is Essential to Citizenship.

Justice Francis Martin in admitting 30 aliens to citizenship yesterday in the Supreme Court in The Bronx set character trial in Special Sessions in a case asserting that "the intelligent scoundrel is more dangerous to the community than a man who has but a meager education, but who lives an exemplary life."

"Even the colleges," said Justice Martin, "are recognizing the fact that not so much stress must be laid on the educational requirement, but rather on the character of those who seek entrance to the colleges."

PORCUPINES TO SAIL TO-DAY. Twenty-four Maine porcupines, consigned to John D. Hamlyn, naturalist of London, will sail to-day by the Atlantic Transport freight steamship Nislan, with three barrels of Maine apples to sustain them on the trip. A special attendant will see that the porcupines are kept in good condition.

JUSTICE HOTCHKISS ILL. Suffers From Pneumonia, With Condition Reported Grave.

Henry D. Hotchkiss, Justice of the Supreme Court, is seriously ill from pneumonia in his home, 315 West Seventy-fifth street. It was said there last night that his condition was considered grave. His physician, Dr. Richard Stern, said that Justice Hotchkiss had a high temperature, respiration and pulse.

The only member of the Hotchkiss family who is in New York is Mrs. Strong Hotchkiss, his daughter-in-law. Mrs. Hotchkiss, wife of the Justice, is at Cannes, France. A cabman has been sent to her telling of her husband's condition.

INSURANCE FRAUDS REVEALED BY CIRCUITS

Traveling Band of Contortionists Preys on Companies by Fake Mishaps.

GRAFT MAY BE \$100,000

Indictments Here and in Boston for Grand Larceny in Suspicious Cases.

A traveling circus of contortionists, double jointed men and women, chauffeurs and several motor cars is now commanding the attention of the District Attorney. It is alleged that this outfit has grown passing rich by defrauding accident insurance companies, and while the extent of the industry can only be estimated at this early date, Jerome Simmons believes this latest graft syndicate must have taken in nearly \$100,000.

Yesterday the Grand Jury returned three grand larceny indictments on complaints made by the Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation, 114 Fifth avenue, against Jacob Itzkowitz, who formerly lived at 635 Moore street, Brooklyn; Max Elstein and Benjamin Greenwald, said to be Elstein's son. Mr. Simmons declared these men to be in Boston at the present time under indictment there.

It appears that Itzkowitz has a malformation of one of his feet. It is alleged that one of the bones forming the instep of this foot protrudes above its mate. It is said that Itzkowitz and Greenwald is charged with being its chauffeur. The Ocean Accident and Guarantee Corporation charges that on February 2, 1922, Itzkowitz \$400 for an injury to his malformed foot, and that it was his contention that the car driven by Greenwald did the injuring.

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WHISKY STILL RAIDED OPPOSITE CEMETERY

Running a Year and Turning Out 100 Gallons a Day.

Izzy Elstein, Moe Smith and Michael Barry reported to prohibition headquarters yesterday that they had raided a house at 3605 Bathridge avenue, just opposite Woodlawn Cemetery, and seized three stills, two with a capacity of 100 gallons each and a third of fifty gallons. They said they found fifty barrels of mash, a few bottles of whisky and many cases of unfilled whisky bottles, together with false labels. "Canadian Club" was one.

The agents arrested Frank Swirlen, 19; Charles Barna, 23, and Paul Peterson, 18. A summons was sent for Frederick Abby, 40. The boys said Libby had hired them at \$25 a week to work in the cellar day and night. The output of the plant was estimated at 100 gallons a day. The stills are believed to have been in operation for nearly a year.

COLER'S FIGURES SHOW PROHIBITION FAILINGS

Urges Light Wines and Beer to Remedy Conditions.

Bird S. Coler, Commissioner of Public Welfare, produced figures yesterday to show that drug addiction has increased greatly in Brooklyn since prohibition. The figures concerning alcoholism also show an increase, although not as marked.

In 1918, he said, there were discharged from the Kings County Hospital 1,146 persons treated for alcoholism; in 1919 there were 965, in 1920 there were 1,024 and in 1921 there were 1,108. The drug figures showed that in 1918 there were 116, in 1919 the total jumped to 239, in 1920 to 420 and in 1921 to 761.

Commissioner Coler said he was satisfied that the great increase in drug addiction is primarily to prohibition, and felt that the only remedy appears to lie in a modification of the Volstead act, permitting the manufacture and use of light wines and beer.

NUTT TO LEAD ATTACK ON BOOZE SMUGGLERS

Colonel to Have Charge of Operations in Florida.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., March 3. Prohibition officials to-day perfected plans to make a mass attack upon booze smugglers in Florida. A large number of the best field agents in the enforcement of the law will be concentrated there early next week.

The U. S. Navy, for many years one of the Government's recognized experts in coping with the revenue and narcotic law violations and now one of Commissioner Haynes' chief assistants, will be in charge.

E. C. Yellowley also will have part in the drive against smugglers operating between the Cuban and Florida coasts.

Trinity Student is Set Free. Police Still Working on Mysterious Fires in College.

HARTFORD, March 3.—With an explanation to the court that the police inquiry into seven mysterious fires at Trinity College recently was incomplete, the prosecutor, Nathan A. Schatz, to-day had a nolle prosequi entered on the complaint charged George Mulligan, of Bergenfield, N. J., a freshman, with technical breach of the peace. Mulligan was arrested a week ago, after a fire had been found in his room in Jarvis dormitory.

Mr. Schatz also informed the court that he did not have enough evidence to proceed against the student.

Climber Atop Building Ties Up Lower Broadway

A MAN who climbed up and down around the brazen statue of Central on top of the American Telephone and Telegraph Building at 195 Broadway yesterday morning laid himself open to a charge of obstructing traffic. In Broadway and Fulton street hundreds and then thousands of busy New Yorkers stopped with necks stretched, and waited for him to fall. He didn't. Arguments as lively as any that can be started on Main street began as to who he was, a movie stunt artist, a workman, or the man who claims to be a telephone subscriber who had overtaxed his brain in getting a number. None knew.

DONEGAN, 10 YEARS; GETS \$100,000 BAIL

Bootlegger Appeals From Long Prison Term and Fines Totalling \$65,000.

Edward J. Donegan, the Brooklyn bootlegger from whom the Government is endeavoring to collect \$1,600,000 in income taxes and penalties, was sentenced yesterday by Judge Webb in the Federal District Court to serve ten years in the Atlanta penitentiary and to pay fines amounting to \$65,000. Donegan was convicted Thursday of larceny and conspiracy to violate the Volstead act.

As soon as Donegan's punishment was announced, William J. Fallon, his attorney, got a stay of execution of sentence from Judge Manton in the Federal Circuit pending appeal. Arguments must be heard not later than May. Donegan's bail was set at \$100,000.

Soon after midnight this morning Donegan succeeded in obtaining the \$100,000 bail bond and was released from the Tombs. United States Commissioner Thomas Hitchcock accepted the bail. Who furnished it was not known.

When Donegan was arraigned before Judge Webb yesterday Mr. Fallon contended that the verdict acquitting Miss Regina Sassone and convicting Donegan could not be allowed to stand, because it was inconsistent.

Judge Webb, admitting that the conduct of the jury might be considered inconsistent, said the verdict was not so. He characterized Donegan as a thoroughly bad man.

"He has many good qualities," Mr. Fallon declared. "I know of many generous acts in his past life. He was very generous to Miss Sassone," said the court. "He was making millions and he gave her \$3,000."

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REPUDIATES CHARGE AGAINST KENNEALLY

Blickman Says Picture Revealed That He Never Saw Man He Accused.

PFEIFFER PLANS INQUIRY

Prosecutor Says There Was Never a Doubt as to Tammany Leader's Identity.

William P. Kenneally, former vice-chairman of the Board of Aldermen, indicted February 1 for extortion, took steps yesterday to have the indictment dismissed on the ground that the complainant, Saul Blickman, a builder, since had discovered it was not Kenneally but some other man to whom he paid \$2,000 to call off a strike. Blickman has made an affidavit to this effect for Kenneally's lawyer, George Z. Medalle, Deputy Attorney-General. Timothy S. Pfeiffer, who is conducting the prosecution, said last night he proposed to find out under what circumstances Blickman's affidavit was made.

Kenneally is Tammany leader of the Tenth Aldermanic district, in which Charles F. Murphy lives. He has been known for years as "Murphy's Alderman." His indictment resulted from the Lockwood building trade investigation in name Kenneally jointly with Robert P. Brindell, who is serving five years in Sing Sing for extortion. Blickman's affidavit says:

"On or about February 1, 1922, I testified before the Grand Jury, in which I paid money to call off a strike on a building I was interested in in 1920. On February 17, 1922, the day after I testified, the New York World published a picture of William P. Kenneally. That is not the picture of the man with whom I had any dealings. Neither the Attorney-General in charge of this matter, nor the Grand Jury nor any one at any other time asked me to describe the individual to whom I gave the money."

Saw Briber but Once.

"I was asked if I recalled whether the initials of the man to whom I handed the money were 'W. P.' and I stated I did not know. I heard the name of this man but once. His given name was not mentioned. The country to whom I gave the money was between 35 and 40 years old, weighed about 120 to 130 pounds, had dark hair, dark complexion and a thin face."

"I have been asked to give this affidavit in the interests of justice because it is apparent to me that there is no likeness between the individual to whom I gave the money in 1920 and the picture that appeared February 17, 1922. 'I saw this man but once. This was on the day that I gave him the money, and since that time no opportunity has been afforded me to see him for the purpose of identification. I am quite convinced, however, that I would recognize him if I were confronted by him.'"

Affidavit Criticized.

Deputy Attorney-General Pfeiffer said last night that the identity of Kenneally never was in question. He gave this statement:

"The thing I want to make clear in this is that the picture brought to the attention of the Attorney-General by the Grand Jury itself. A Grand Juror told it to Mr. Robert Appleton, the foreman, who told it to me. The complainant's original appearance at this office was voluntary and not upon subpoena. Blickman then appeared before the Grand Jury on two separate occasions. The matter of the picture of William P. Kenneally, former vice-chairman of the Board of Aldermen and a delegate of the Steamfitters Helpers Association, as the man concerning whom Blickman testified was never in the slightest doubt."

"Since his appearance before the Grand Jury Blickman has given no intimation to me nor to any one else in the Attorney-General's office that he entertained any doubt as to Kenneally's identity."

"It is most significant that Blickman's affidavit states only that a picture he saw is not a likeness of the man to whom he paid graft."

"The Attorney-General proposes to go to the bottom of this matter immediately and will utilize every legitimate available means to learn the circumstances under which Blickman's affidavit in Kenneally's case was made."

Kenneally, a steamfitter by trade, was a member of the Building Trades Council when Brindell was known as the "czar" of the building trades in this city. His Aldermanic career dates back twelve years and has been a stormy one.

LABOR PLANS TO FIGURE IN CONGRESS CAMPAIGN

Gompers Outlines Telling Points of Federation.

Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, announced yesterday an outline of the issues that probably would be stressed in the coming Congress campaign. These include:

No appreciable decrease in unemployment. No steps taken to use legislative machinery to bring relief by starting wheels of industry on constructive projects. Ten thousand navy yard workers thrown out of work "on an assumption that certain contingencies would develop, with no effort to make the readjustment gradual and with a careless disregard by the Government of the moral obligation which rests upon it."

Regarding injunctions, the election of all judges would bring home to them the responsibility they owe to citizenship of the country. "America is a kind of muddling with tax and tariff questions with little regard for the great masses of our people." Indications of a Government policy to add to a destructive crusade against unions. American farmers thrown into a condition bordering upon disaster.

Mr. Gompers added that the Non-Partisan Campaign Committee will check up carefully the actions of legislators.

\$200,000 FOR AUDUBON WORK.

The National Association of Audubon Societies, 1165 Broadway, has received an anonymous contribution of \$200,000, said T. Gilbert Pearson of the association yesterday. The donor frequently has made contributions to the association, said Mr. Pearson, but always with the understanding that his name be withheld. The \$200,000 will allow the association to carry on its work in the interest of game restriction legislation.

FALLS DEAD ON SIDEWALK.

A man, identified by papers in his pockets as J. T. Howell of 250 East 14th street, Jersey City, fell dead of heart failure on the sidewalk in front of 214 Broadway at 11:30 p. m. yesterday.

ENRIGHT PLANS CHANCE TO APPLY FOR PENSION

Depends on Retirement, Appellate Division Rules.

A judgment of the Supreme Court last November enjoining Police Commissioner Enright from accepting the pension of a Chief Inspector, either while serving as Commissioner or after he shall cease to be Commissioner, was modified by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court yesterday in a decision upholding the ruling that he may not receive the pension now, but asserting the question of whether he can receive it after his retirement to be one not proper to be considered until he shall have retired and applied for it. The decision yesterday was handed down by Justice Finch in the absence of Justice Sweeney.

CAPT. DU BOIS GETS PENSION.

Capt. Percy M. Du Bois of the Atlantic avenue station, Brooklyn, who was to have been retired on pension from the Police Department in January, 1921, when he was indicted on a charge of accepting a gratuity, left the Department yesterday. He was retired by Police Commissioner Enright on a pension of \$2,900. He lives at 43 Linden avenue, Brooklyn.



Advertisement for Saks & Company featuring the text 'Just Arrived from England "PADDINGTON" TOP-COATS FOR MEN' and 'Better coats never found a place in our stocks. They are new—they are individual—they are ALL the well-dressed man could look for in Top Coats of distinction.' Price \$35.00.

Advertisement for Saks & Company featuring the text 'Will Hold To-day A Clearance Sale of MEN'S IMPORTED Japanese Crepe Shirts At 1.15' and 'The longest wearing shirts obtainable, made of thoroughly pre-shrunk Japanese Crepe, a material that will not fray, and launders beautifully. The patterns are in smart stripings, in two and three-tone effects of a quite uncommon variety.' Price 1.15.