

WEATHER FORECAST.

Partly cloudy to-day and to-morrow; slowly rising temperature. Highest temperature yesterday, 82; lowest, 63. Detailed weather reports will be found on editorial page.

VOL. LXXXVI.—NO. 294—DAILY.

NEW YORK, TUESDAY, JUNE 20, 1922.

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THE NEW YORK HERALD

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THE BEST IN ITS HISTORY. The New York Herald, with all that was best of The Sun intertwined with it, and the whole revitalized, is a bigger and better and sounder newspaper than ever before.

MC CUMBER'S EFFORT TO DISPLACE TARIFF FOR BONUS BEATEN

Republicans Vote 30 to 9 to Keep Revenue Bill Before Senate.

ANOTHER TEST TO-DAY

La Follette Will Try to Get Raid Measure on Inside Track.

DEMOCRATS MAY HELP

Doubt Exists Regarding Result Unless Harding Forestalls Raiders.

By LOUIS SEIBOLD. Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD. New York Herald Bureau, June 19.

By odds of more than 3 to 1 a Senate Republican conference to-day responded to the leadership of President Harding and administered a decisive blow to the bonus raid on the public Treasury.

The tariff will remain first on the Senate calendar, as recommended by the President—if the Republicans majorly can keep it there. There is considerable doubt on this score, because a combination of Democratic and Republican Senators will attempt to-morrow to shove it aside and bring up the bonus.

Upon the result of this issue will depend the future of the bonus. Uncertainties of the situation are prolific of possible eventualities. First in importance of these is the attitude President Harding may assume in meeting the existing situation.

Definite Declaration Needed.

The unequivocal statement of Senator McCumber (N. D.), chief Republican sponsor for the bonus, that the President would approve his bonus bill is conceded to call for a definite declaration on the part of the Executive on the subject.

Until Mr. McCumber expressed confidence in the Senate debate on Saturday that the President would sign his bill the majority of Senators held a diametrically opposite opinion.

The North Dakota Senator's assertion naturally disturbed the dominant point of view, although there seems to be actually little basis for it. The complexities of the situation, however, are conceded to be sufficiently important to justify the President moving to set at rest speculation as to his exact position.

Outside the Senate chamber there does not appear to exist the least skepticism regarding the President's intention to veto the McCumber bill, which does not provide the revenue as suggested by him. But insistent chamber Senators on both sides of the bonus controversy express the belief and hope that the President will not hesitate definitely to affirm or repudiate the confident prediction made by Senator McCumber.

This desire is predicated on the absolute confidence that a declaration by the President at this time would induce the bonus project out of the way through passage or abandonment and leave the field clear for the tariff, the ship subsidy and one or two other measures that call for action before a reasonably early adjournment of Congress.

Speculating on Situation.

Senators both for and against the bonus to-day devoted rather more time to speculation as to the President's intention than to any actual development in the bonus situation. The members of his party in the upper house expressed little doubt of his ability to settle the bonus problem (for them) as easily as he experienced in settling the conference decision to keep the tariff bill before the Senate until it is passed or withdrawn.

The conference itself was more interesting than important. The adoption of a resolution to go ahead with the tariff did not materially change the legislative position of the bonus nor dissipate the almost hysterical anxiety of Mr. McCumber and some of his bonus associates over political contingencies.

Most of their apprehension was caused by the decision of the Democratic Senators and perhaps a dozen Republicans to support the motion which Senator La Follette (Wis.) will make to-morrow to push the tariff bill aside and bring the bonus before the Senate at once. Senator La Follette announced to-night he would make a motion to rush the bonus from the rear as soon as the naval appropriation bill was acted on. The naval bill was passed to-night.

If the La Follette motion is beaten some of the Democratic Senators, notably Walsh (Mass.), Ashurst (Ariz.) and Harrison (Miss.), will renew it at frequent intervals. Probably two-thirds of the thirty-six Democratic Senators will get behind Mr. La Follette, to the embarrassment of the bonus Republicans, headed by Mr. McCumber.

To add to the confusion Senator Ladd, the North Dakota colleague of Mr. McCumber, declares that he will call up his bonus bill for immediate

Paris to Solve Problem How to Know the Waiter

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD. New York Herald Bureau, Paris, June 19.

THE fashionable French restaurants and hotels are about to take the initiative in solving the vexing problem as to how to distinguish waiters from guests by insisting that the former henceforth shall wear white bartenders' jackets instead of the traditional black tailed coats. The movement is arousing much opposition among the waiters themselves, who consider it an attack upon their dignity. But the edict has gone out at some popular Boulevard Boulogne place, that the staff must be prepared to don the new regalia next autumn, and it is the intention of some of the Channel resorts to abolish the often greasy stained black for the more sanitary white as soon as the summer season is in swing.

HALE WINS HIS FIGHT TO KEEP SENATE SEAT

Early Returns in the Maine Primaries Show Him Ahead, Two to One.

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\$500,000 LITIGATED OVER VONSIATSKY TO BE TRIED HERE

Alleged First Wife Orders Action Against the Former Mrs. Ream.

CABLES FROM PARIS

Promises She Will Forward Documents to Attorneys in New York.

ANNULMENT IS PENDING

Orthodox Church Waiting for Proof to Decide Validity of Russian Ceremony.

Trial in this country of the \$500,000 alienation suit which Mlle. Lioubou Mouroumsky, a young Russian refugee in Paris, is bringing against Mrs. Marion Ream Stephens Vonsiatky, the Chicago heiress, became a certainty yesterday.

Charles Campbell, Paris attorney for Mlle. Mouroumsky, has retained Edwards, Murphy & Minton of 26 Liberty street, to represent his client here.

The suit is the outgrowth of the contention of Mlle. Mouroumsky that she was married to Anastase Andreievitch Vonsiatky in the Yalta Cathedral in Crimea in 1920, and therefore she is his only lawful wife. She is demanding \$500,000 from the second Mrs. Vonsiatky, whom Vonsiatky married in the Russian Cathedral in East Ninety-seventh street last February and who is reputed to be the heiress of \$400,000.

Where the case will be tried is not settled. Mrs. Vonsiatky's residence in Paris, 10 rue de Valenciennes, is reputedly the site of the trial. The suit to trial are being forwarded by mail.

Settlement Denied.

Clarence Blair Mitchell of 40 Wall street, the attorney for the former Mrs. Ream, who went abroad in 1920 to investigate the alleged first marriage of Vonsiatky, has again asked for Europe, but it was said at his law office that his absence has nothing to do with the Vonsiatky case. The present Mrs. Vonsiatky's attorneys are reported to have an interview in which it was stated that their client might be willing to settle the case out of court.

The annulment proceedings which the young woman in Paris requested from the Russian Church officials to institute here with regard to the second marriage have been lost sight of in the more recent developments of the alienation suit, but it was learned yesterday that steps are being taken to have the question of the validity of the first marriage settled within a few months.

Church Awaits Proof.

Reports have been circulated among those interested in the case that Andreievitch Vonsiatky has on several occasions promised to furnish the Russian Church with the documents which would decide upon the authenticity of the first marriage one way or another, so that he would be in a better position to deal with the case.

The Russian Cathedral, it was learned, has set a definite date upon which the consistory will meet to decide the question and has requested Mlle. Mouroumsky to forward the additional documents which she promised in a cable several months ago, when the authorities were asked not to declare void her marriage in the Yalta Cathedral.

If these documents are not forthcoming, the consistory is determined to go ahead with the case and base their judgments on the material furnished by Vonsiatky himself in proof of the fact that his wife is a Jewess and the rather scant amount of matter received from the young woman in Paris. The same informant stated that the Russian Church dignitaries were somewhat annoyed at the delay in receiving the documents from Mlle. Mouroumsky, and they feel that ample time had been given her to supply the promised proof.

McCALL NOT TO RUN FOR SEAT IN SENATE

Issues Statement at Smith College Trustees' Meeting.

NORTHAMPTON, Mass., June 19.—Former Governor Samuel W. McCall said here to-day that he would not be a candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator.

Mr. McCall, who was here to attend a meeting of the board of trustees of Smith College, issued his statement.

"I shall not be a candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator.

Hooks 80 Pound Tarpon Fishing from Seaplane

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

AMPA, June 19.—Trolling from a low flying hydroaeroplane driven by Aviator Johnny Green near Passaic yesterday, David W. Budd of St. Petersburg hooked and landed an eighty pound tarpon. Mr. Budd sighted a school of tarpon in the Gulf and the plane circled while Budd played the fish and hauled it into the machine.

WARD TRIAL IN JULY PROSPECT IF FATHER RETURNS TO TESTIFY

Morschauer Told by Family Only Business Keeps Baking Man Away.

TALE OF PLOT TRACED

Judge's Questions Show Suspicion of Conspiracy by Absent Witness.

SISTER SEES PRISONER

Mrs. L. S. Wood, Once Called 'Mystery Woman,' Has No Information on Case.

Justice Morschauer made a speed record in examining five witnesses in twenty-five minutes at White Plains yesterday, but none of the darker corners of the Ward mystery was illuminated thereby. A sister of Walter S. Ward, Mrs. Leland Stanford Wood of 3 West Seventy-fifth street, was one of the five.

In this proceeding, which is held behind closed doors with Justice Morschauer sitting as a Magistrate, he is apparently trying to ascertain whether Walter Ward's father, George S. Ward, is a material witness in the murder case, and if so whether his continued absence from this State is part of a conspiracy to defeat the ends of justice.

Mrs. Wood, who has been seen at horse shows as a dashing rider of thoroughbreds, spent only a few minutes in the Justice's chambers, where the hearings are held with District Attorney Weeks present. Her husband was also examined. Both had been subpoenaed. Unofficially Mrs. Wood was expected of Mrs. Wood. In fact, in the patois of amateur criminology, she was a "mystery woman" and was about to "tell all." But she proved to be not at all mysterious, and all she told was that she knew nothing of the blackmail plot, the killing of Clarence Peters or her father's peregrination. Her husband was equally destitute of enlightening information.

The other witnesses, likewise subpoenaed, were Ellwood M. Rabenold and Allan R. Campbell of Ward's counsel and Ralph D. Ward, brother of the man who is in the Westchester county jail in connection with the murder indictment. In the first hearing in the same proceeding last week Ralph Ward gave an outline of the story his father had told him, including Walter Ward's racketeer operations, the threats of the blackmailers to expose family secrets and kill Walter Ward, and his family and the shooting of Peter near Kensico Reservoir on May 18.

Recalled yesterday, he was questioned briefly.

Attorney Breaks Silence.

When Allan Campbell, after spending six minutes with Justice Morschauer, emerged from the courtroom of the County Court House he also emerged from the silence into which he, the other attorneys and the whole Ward establishment retired a month ago after the surrender of Walter Ward. To reporters who questioned him Campbell said:

"He [Justice Morschauer] asked me where I resided, and I answered, 'Bronxville.' He asked whether I knew of any arrangement whereby George S. Ward should leave this State or jurisdiction. I answered, 'No.' He asked me why George S. Ward was out of the jurisdiction. I said, 'The only thing I know about it was the information given by Ralph Ward, which was that his father is out of the State on business.' He asked me if I was one of the attorneys who had been subpoenaed. I said, 'Yes.' I asked for leave to appear for Walter Ward at these hearings in the role of counsel, and this request was denied."

His associate, Ellwood Rabenold, had said that he was one of the attorneys who had been subpoenaed. Campbell said that George S. Ward, who was in Cleveland yesterday, seemed to keep about one day ahead of the newspaper men.

Health May Be Issue.

Walter Ward, his counsel reported, continues to suffer from the severe of headaches which have bothered him for some time. They had made no serious complaint of his imprisonment on the ground of his health, but it is clear that they intend to insist on his being kept in jail all summer before going to trial. In view of the fact that he voluntarily gave himself up in the first place, that nothing has been offered for his release, and that the defense has thus far not taken advantage of its opportunity to ask leave to inspect the indictment minutes and to dismiss the indictment.

The Ward forces are expected to begin very soon a fight for an early trial for the "killer" of Peter. The fight will probably be made when Isaac N. Mills of Mount Vernon, a former presiding Justice of the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, steps into the case. It is expected that he will ask the District Attorney to be ready to proceed early in July.

There seems to be a good chance that this request will be granted, provided George S. Ward returns to New York and testifies in the conspiracy hearing before Justice Morschauer. All of the senior Ward associates have denied that he has been trying to evade service. It is understood that Ralph Ward told Justice Morschauer that he had made reservations for his father's trip, including a convention of the plum managers of the Ward Baking Company in Cleveland yesterday, long before the trial.

Continued on Page Four.

EVEREST CLIMBERS WITHIN FEW HUNDRED FEET OF TOP, HIGHEST POINT EVER TROD

Magnificent dash for the summit of Mount Everest, loftiest peak in all the world, brought Gen. Charles G. Bruce's men within a few hundred feet of the goal, but there it failed, according to a dispatch from Calcutta. The altitude of Everest is 29,140 feet. The weather was reported to be terrible around the peak and the climbers suffered intensely.

Three picked men—G. L. Mallory, Dr. A. M. Wakefield and T. Howard Somervell—following the attempt reported June 8 of George Finch and Capt. Geoffrey Bruce, who reached 27,200 feet—started. They had a fearful struggle, but with great heroism succeeded in climbing higher than man had ever gone afoot before. For a time they thought they would make their objective, but conditions proved worse than they had expected. The general impression in the camp now is that the appalling weather must improve if the expedition is to be a complete success.

Capt. C. J. Morshead, one of the gallant climbers who participated in an earlier attempt, was forced to remain in camp because of the loss of several fingers through frostbite.

PUPILS CALL SCHOOLS SOCIALIST HOTBEDS

Radical 'Yipsos' Are Steadily Gaining Converts, Their Letters Declare.

DOTEY MAKES REPORT

Quotes Statements of Teachers Favoring Bolshevists—Pershing Called Murderer.

Letters from high school students to Socialist and radical publications describing the high schools of New York as breeding places of Socialism are quoted in the report of Aaron J. Dotey of the faculty of DeWitt Clinton High School, who has been conducting an investigation as chairman of the committee on exploitation of schools by radicals. His report has been filed with the Teachers Council.

The use of classrooms by radical students and teachers for the dissemination of radical doctrines, Mr. Dotey says, is shown by the following passage, which occurs in a letter written by a Socialist high school student:

"High schools are the breeding places of Socialism. There is not a class that does not have a few Socialist pupils who are doing good work in getting others to join. But we need more educational work and outside help. Give us more lecturers."

Many other examples were cited by Mr. Dotey in his report, and quotations from remarks of school children showed that the proselytizing was having some effect. One pupil convert to Bolshevism called Gen. Pershing a "murderer"; another called himself a "Red," and several of them in various ways declared themselves in favor of a revolution.

Known as 'Yipsos.'

"Bolshevism is the spiritual fountain head of true Democracy," was one of the remarks attributed to a teacher. Patriotism was a "murderer's occupation" and a traitor's cloak," is the opinion of another teacher. Members of the Young People's Socialist League were known in the schools as "Yipsos," and exerted considerable influence, Mr. Dotey declared.

"There will come a time when Soviet America will send a representative to Soviet Russia," said one of the Yipsos. Mr. Dotey said that four teachers now being employed in the public school system had been candidates for public office in the Socialist and Farmer-Labor parties. These were Jesse Wallace Huhman, Socialist candidate for President of the Board of Aldermen, and Johanna Lindloff, Farmer-Labor candidate for Borough President of Brooklyn in 1921.

Much of Mr. Dotey's report was given over to a criticism of the Teachers' Union, all members of which were said to be pledged to principles inimical to the established form of Government. The union has recently widened its organization, Mr. Dotey said, including other members than teachers.

Mr. Dotey made a retraction of the part of the report which referred to Emmett O'Donnell, an English teacher in the Brooklyn Manual Training High School, as an instructor of radical doctrine and having taught in the "Ladies International Garment Workers' School." O'Donnell, in demanding a correction of the statement, declared he had been assigned to teach in one of the night classes and did not intend that his students were mainly composed of union workers. Mr. Dotey assented willingly to the change.

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Rumored President May Offer Him a Higher Place.

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POINCARÉ ARRANGES PROGRAM FOR HAGUE WITH LOYD GEORGE

France Participating, to Take Up Russian Affairs Where Genoa Left Off.

POLITICS ELIMINATED

Debts Discussion Also Postponed as Dependent Upon American Opinion.

NEAR EAST PARLEY NEXT

France-British Friendship Revived at Banquet in Downing Street.

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