

FIFTEEN RUM SHIPS HOVERING OFF SHORE
Number of Smugglers Suddenly Doubles and Dry Navy Calls for Help.

CARGO WORTH MILLION
Two Submarine Chasers and Eight Speed Boats Ordered to Scene.

LIQUOR IS POOR STUFF
Officials Say It Is Alcohol Worth Few Cents a Gallon, Coloring Added.

Fifteen liquor laden steamers are now hovering outside the customs limit in the harbor waiting to slip into port in the darkness or to transfer their cargoes to smaller run running craft, it was announced yesterday by Federal prohibition officials. The presence of the vessels was reported by the prohibition navy.

Coincident with this announcement, Ralph A. Day, State prohibition director, said two former submarine chasers had been assigned to New York harbor and were rushing to the assistance of the much overworked Hahn, which has had the duty of patrolling the port to prevent the smuggling of liquor. The Hahn has been watching seven of the steamers for a week or more. The others have arrived within the last few days.

With the arrival of the two submarine chasers and the eight high powered launches which will be able to compete in speed with any craft in the harbor, the prohibition officials expect to put a halt to the operations of liquor smugglers here. The staff of agents will be increased, it was said, and the new men will be assigned to the duty of checking the smugglers.

The fifteen steamers are said to be laden with millions of dollars worth of whisky according to bootleg prices here. Officials said the liquor, like virtually all of it being smuggled into New York, is of very poor quality, being artificially colored alcohol. The officials told yesterday how the liquor is made by the smugglers. They said:

Costs \$1, Sells for \$60.
Alcohol costing 17 cents a gallon in Cuba or the Bahama Islands, where it is made of black molasses, is taken on board the vessels and there it is colored and bottled. Each gallon of alcohol in this way will make a case and a half of whisky, which will sell here for \$60 to \$80. The whole case, including the bottle and the "Pure Scotch" labels, does not cost much over \$1.

Due to the insufficient number of boats and agents, the officials said, they have not been able to check satisfactorily the operations of the rum runners. But now that both of these departments will be augmented, the officials expect to gain control of the situation.

The two submarine chasers and the speedy launches will arrive this week and will begin duty at once, it was said. John D. Appleby, Zone Chief of New York and New Jersey, said he had received information from Washington that his staff of general agents will be doubled at once, bringing the total strength up to about forty-five men. The local staff includes about 150 agents.

"With the increase in our forces and navy we will be able to bottle up every rum runner who attempts to get through the coast," he said.
"Plans, which we think will be effective, have been worked out for coping with the situation, and we are going to shut off the supply of liquor flowing into New York from the sea. At the same time we will keep our eye on the Canadian border situation and keep that under control as it is now."

Mr. Day said that because of the smuggling operations his department will not "cease its reworkings on the Fourth of July. We have extended the reworkings period until such a time as we have absolute control of the smuggling situation."

Following investigation by local prohibition agents, Mr. Day reported yesterday that six wholesale druggists will be cited for revocation of their liquor handling permits because of alleged violations of the Volstead act. The names of the druggists involved in the revocation proceedings were not made public, but will be as soon as action against them has been completed. It was said that as many more wholesale druggists are being examined and may be included in the proceedings.

Police Get Thirteen Stills.
Brooklyn police late yesterday raided two old barns in the filled-in meadow land in Bath Beach and seized thirteen stills, six of which were in operation. The raid was declared to be the largest made in Brooklyn in several years. None of the operators was around, and no arrests were made.

Three of the stills had capacities of fifty gallons each, six were of thirty-gallon capacity and three of twenty-five gallon size. Three hundred gallons of alcohol and a huge quantity of other materials and apparatus were seized. Jacob Gluko, former restaurant keeper in Forsyth street, was held in \$10,000 bail yesterday by United States Commissioner S. M. Hitchcock for connection with an alleged plot to obtain the withdrawal of 1,700 cases and twenty-seven barrels of whisky from a distillery in New York on a forged withdrawal permit. Other arrests are expected to follow.

Gluko is charged with having asked Thomas Cullen, a letter carrier, to surrender a registered letter addressed to the Federal prohibition director at 1197 Broadway. Gluko is said to have paid Cullen \$500 yesterday and promised to pay an additional \$200 for the surrender of another letter next week.

Arestedes Karkedoulas, proprietor of a poolroom and lunch room at 684 Sixth avenue, was held in \$1,000 bail on a complaint charging him with conspiring to extort money from hotel, saloon and restaurant proprietors. The men are alleged to have represented themselves to be Federal prohibition enforcement officers. Karkedoulas was arrested Friday night in the Walton Hotel, 212 Columbus avenue, after he is alleged to have arrested a waiter on a forged paper and then to have offered to settle the case for \$500.

HOSPITAL TO PLACE MORTGAGE.
Justice Robert McC. Marsh yesterday granted permission to the trustees of the Fifth Avenue Hospital to place additional mortgages aggregating \$350,000 on their property at Fifth avenue and 105th street for the purpose of raising funds for defraying the cost of new building and maintenance.

Wet June has Dampening Effect on Marriages

HEADS of the marriage license bureaus in Manhattan and Brooklyn announced yesterday that the month just past, noted chiefly for its brides, had been the dullest June for marriages in many years. It was the wettest June in more than fifty years, however, and this fact, because of a certain dampening effect upon the ardor of youth and its hindrance to courtships, is blamed for the falling off in marriages. In Manhattan 4,409 licenses were issued, or 469 fewer than in June of last year. In Brooklyn 2,698 were given out, a decrease of 128.

SOCIALISTS PLAN FARM-LABOR FUSION

Convention Decides on Fight Against the 'Capitalistic' Parties.

With the utmost smoothness the Socialist party of New York State in an unofficial party convention made arrangements yesterday to pool issues in the fall with the Farmer-Labor party and fight the Republican, Democratic and other "capitalistic" parties. A conference to arrange a coalition ticket will be held July 15 and the regular convention of both parties will be held in the fall.

To-day, continuing its party convention, action by which is binding on the party organization so far as party affairs are concerned, the Socialists will name a full State ticket and also promulgate a platform. The ticket will probably be of a tentative nature, meant for trading purposes when the Socialists and Farmer-Laborites shall get together.

On the final ticket, it appeared, will be candidates not only for State and local offices, but also for Congress and the judiciary. It is understood to be settled that Jeremiah O'Leary will be picked as the candidate for the House of Representatives in the Eighteenth district and St. John Block for the Municipal Court.

The forty or fifty delegates from all parts of the State who gathered at 2 East Sixteenth street, decided on several amendments to the party constitution. These permitted the formation of a permanent coalition with labor unions providing various organizations under specified conditions. The coalition, for instance, must not enter the primaries of the Republican, Democratic or other "capitalistic" parties; the integrity of the Socialist party must be preserved, which means that its status as a political party and its place on the official ballot must be safeguarded; the platform of the coalition must not be inconsistent with the principles of the Socialist party, but need not so far as the coalition must not support any candidate of the Republican, Democratic or other "capitalistic" party.

This latter condition has some interest of a general nature because it would prevent the Socialist party from being run on the Democratic ticket. The amendments provide also that all coalitions for State offices must be approved by the national executive committee of the Socialists, and that all candidates for local offices shall be approved by the executive committee of the State organization.

SAKAI'S 'ABSOLUTISM' CHALLENGES RELATIVITY

TOKYO, July 1.—Mr. Ichiro Sakai, Spanish language instructor at the Colonial School in Koshikawa, claims to have discovered a theory of absolutism which is contrary to Einstein's theory of relativity. He developed the idea of explaining the universe by absolutism while looking for the best method of teaching grammar. Interviewed by the Nihon Nichi, Mr. Sakai said:
"I wonder why men of profound thinking like Prof. Einstein could not discover the theory of absolutism. I did not encounter any great difficulty in discovering it. Kant and Socrates will dwindle into insignificance beside this theory, which will revolutionize the medical, philosophical, physical, economic and religious worlds. What gives me great satisfaction is the thought that the theory which I discovered will strike at the very foundation of modernism. The theory of absolutism proves the reality of the conceptions of soul, heaven, hell and other ideas which believers in the doctrine of modernism laugh at as creations of a cracked brain. The theory of relativity cannot be explained unless by means of high mathematics, while the theory I discovered is easy to understand."
"According to my theory the soul is as stern a reality as the most visible thing on earth. The eye, mouth, leg, hand, color, sound and everything else on the earth are not dead, but living things. In the same way the brain, which is in itself a dead thing, becomes a living thing when it comes in touch with a thing and that thing is the soul. The soul is an invisible thing, but it becomes visible when it comes in touch with the brain."

JERSEY CITY LOSES PLEAS.
Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. TRENTON, July 1.—Dismissal of two operations by Jersey City the Public Utility Commission to-day refused to require the Pennsylvania Railroad to install a passenger station at West Side avenue, Jersey City, to be used by electric trains running between New York and Newark, or to compel the Erie Railroad to provide improved station facilities at Pavonia avenue.

TOMORROW'S DRIFT NEWS
One Day Only!
Black Enamel Suit Cases
Sizes 24-26-28. Cretonne lined with tray. Reinforced leather corners. Excellent for your vacation. Main Floor \$3.95
Nickel Alarm Clocks
American made movement. Bell on top with shut-off lever. We guarantee them to be reliable time keepers. For summer homes and campers. Main Floor 79c
Pack Carriers for Hikers
Strong, durable carriers. Fine for campers. Strap on to your back. Remarkable offers. Main Floor 25c
1872—Golden Anniversary Year—1922
BloomingtonaleS
59th to 60th—Lex. to 3d Ave.

SEA GAMBLERS HELD ON \$100,000 CHARGE

Arrive in Liner's Prison After Six Months Chase Over Europe.

John Pincoff, of Australia, and Arthur Ernest Cox, of London, who are said to have international reputations as confidence men, arrived yesterday in the prison of the French liner Paris to answer to a charge of grand larceny in Troy, N. Y., for the alleged theft of \$100,000 from Elnor Skagstad, president of the Christiania National Bank, of Christiania, Norway, in Troy on November 3, last, through a wireless wire-tapping game. Pincoff and Cox were arrested in Paris six weeks ago and fought extradition to the last ditch.

Timothy J. Quillman, District Attorney of Rensselaer county, went to Paris to personally direct the fight to bring Pincoff and Cox back to the United States. Mr. Skagstad, who since has returned to his home in Norway, accompanied the Rensselaer county prosecutor to the French capital, where he identified Pincoff and Cox as two of the band who had fled from him of the \$100,000. There were more members of the band, Mr. Quillman admitted, one of whom was Roy McMullen, who has a wide reputation as a sleight-of-hand sea gambler. Mr. Quillman would not make public the names of the others in the plot, all of whom have been indicted.

Met Banker Aboard Liner.
It was McMullen who met the banker as he was traveling to this country last autumn aboard the Cunard liner Aquitania. The gambler struck up an acquaintance with Mr. Skagstad and upon arrival of the vessel here in October he introduced the banker to his "friends" Pincoff and Cox, the latter supposedly a member of the firm of Cox & Co., international bankers, of London. Mr. Skagstad was invited to Troy and later to the town of Brunswick, just outside the latter city, where he was introduced to the members of a "turf club." The Norwegian banker was induced to make several bets on "sure things" in a pool arrangement, under which more than \$200,000 was won.

When it came to collect the money the cashier of the "turf club" made the usual demand of the game that the players show they had the ability to pay if they had lost. A total of \$200,000 was wagered to win the \$400,000, so it was necessary that the former amount be produced before the winnings could be collected. Mr. Skagstad said he would do his part and hurried to this city, returning two days later with a certified check for \$100,000. The "cashier" said he would have nothing to do with certified checks, what he wanted to see, he said, was cash, so the Norwegian banker hurried back to New York and obtained from the Guarantee Trust Company ten new crisp \$10,000 bills.

Returning to the "turf club" the bills were handed to the cashier who said he would send to the bank immediately for the \$400,000. In the interim another "sure thing" was suggested to the banker but he declined to become a party in the betting, saying that he had had enough. One of the gang then informed him that a bet had been laid in his behalf but that he would try to cancel it. The latter returned a few minutes later, informing Mr. Skagstad that it was too late to cancel the bet and that the horse had run second anyhow, thereby lessening his purse by \$100,000.

Trailed All Over Europe.
Mr. Quillman said yesterday that Mr. Skagstad did not become aware of the fact that he had been fleeced until two days later, by which time McMullen, Pincoff and Cox and the rest of the gang had disappeared. It was learned later by the authorities that Pincoff and Cox had sailed November 5 on the steamship Olympic. Detectives trailed them through virtually all the capitals of Europe and overtook them May 2, when they were arrested in the Hotel Crillon in Paris. Pincoff and Cox employed counsel immediately and started to fight extradition proceedings in such a vigorous manner that Mr. Quillman decided to make the trip to Paris.

FATHER KELLY HEADS JESUIT PROVINCE

Succeeds Father Rockwell in Maryland-New York Field.

The Very Rev. Joseph H. Rockwell, S. J., who has been provincial of the Maryland-New York Province of the Jesuits with jurisdiction over more than 400 priests and a large number of scholastics and brothers, has been succeeded by the Very Rev. Laurence Kelly, S. J., who has been superior at the Jesuit novitiate, Woodstock-on-Hudson, N. Y. The appointment was made by the Father-General of the order in Rome. The New England division of the province, with headquarters at Boston College, is not affected. The Rev. Patrick F. O'Gorman, S. J., remains as vice-provincial. The Rev. Joseph Di-naud, S. J., will be secretary to Father Kelly, as he was to the retiring provincial.

Father Kelly entered the Jesuit order thirty-two years ago at Frederick, Md., where he remained for five years, later going to Woodstock College, Maryland, to study theology, after which he taught at Loyola College, Baltimore.

FRELINGHUYSEN FILES PETITION FOR SENATE

Will Seek Republican Nomination to Succeed Self.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. TRENTON, July 1.—Senator Frelinghuyesen filed a petition with the Secretary of State today as a candidate for the Republican nomination for United States Senator to succeed himself. The petition contained the signatures of 1,192 voters, more than 600 of whom were residents of Hudson county. His committee on vacancies consists of Chairman E. C. Stokes of the Republican State Committee, David Baird of Camden and William H. Keel of Elizabeth, national committeeman from New Jersey.

MEN STAY ON JOBS WHERE WAGES STAND

Clover Leaf Line Does Not Reduce Their Pay.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., July 1 (Associated Press).—The 1,100 shop men of the Toledo, St. Louis and Western railroad (Clover Leaf) did not strike today because W. L. Ross, president of the road, did not reduce wages, employees here stated. The reductions granted by the Railroad Labor Board to other lines do not apply to the Clover Leaf, as that road did not make application for wage reductions. President Ross not only refused to reduce wages of shop men, but has asserted he would not reduce wages of any employees at this time, it was explained. Mr. Ross took the stand that commodities and living conditions in general have not decreased sufficiently to warrant any wage reductions at the present, it was added.

COURT SAVES DOG'S LIFE

Animal Was to Die Under Law for Having Alien Master.

LANSDALE, Pa., July 1.—Dick, a handsome dog of St. Bernard and mastiff parentage, who was condemned to death because his master was unaturalized, received an eleventh hour reprieve from Magistrate Howard Bourse to-day.

A complaint against Dick cited the State law against the ownership of dogs by aliens. Dick was ordered shot by the State game protector of Montgomery county.

PROPOSES CHANGES IN EVIDENCE LAW

Whipple Would Admit Hearsay and Husband and Wife Confidences.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. ATLANTIC CITY, July 1.—Should a wife be allowed to testify in court concerning statements or admissions made to her by her husband when a third person was not present, and should a husband be permitted by the laws of evidence to repeat pertinent things said to him in private by his wife? This point was raised by a distinguished lawyer of Boston, Sherman L. Whipple, in an address before the Maryland Bar Association. Mr. Whipple believes such evidence should be received, and mentioned the unfair position in which a wife, who has heard "the cruel boast of the husband that he has been guilty of adulterous intercourse" is placed by the present rigid rules which hold that such testimony would violate "a sacred and hallowed confidence" necessary to the "peace and happiness of married life."

Mr. Whipple advocated, also, the admission of "hearsay" evidence, now excluded by an ancient rule, saying that hearsay evidence is often as valuable as first hand evidence, and that hearsay ought not be excluded from the record.

"It is plain," Mr. Whipple said, "that the effect of the rule under which certain kinds of evidence are excluded is to promote the business of the lawyers. It enables the criminal in safety to confess to his attorney his guilt and to secure his aid to escape his proper punishment. It enables the tricky and dishonest client to confide with safety his desire to repudiate and escape his honest obligations and to get the advice of counsel how best to do it."

Senator Robinson of Arkansas opposes the suggestion that Cabinet members be allowed to participate in the debates of Congress, saying that there was too much pressure upon Congress from propagandists and that such an innovation as suggested would threaten, if not destroy the constitutional division between the legislative and the executive branches of government.

"It is inevitable," said Senator Robinson, "The President would be committed in advance by his Ministers to approval or rejection of measures which, under our scheme of government, should be passed upon by him with an independent mind. Congress would be subjected to executive influences and the result would be either the subordination of the legislative mind to the executive or a hopeless conflict between the two."

The Senator defended Congress from criticism, holding that it is responsible for the prevailing restlessness and discontent, although the Senator added "It is following a faltering leadership whose strategy is to make successive advances upon the American people, converted into a nation of law breakers and he advocated more deliberation in legislation and the "repeal of unnecessary, vexatious and admittedly unpopular statutes." He urged also a simplification of internal revenue and other complex laws, and "rigid and impartial enforcement as the surest means of compelling the repeal of obnoxious statutes."

The Senator made the flat statement that violations of the national prohibition law are so frequent and notorious that the American people are being converted into a nation of law breakers and he advocated more deliberation in legislation and the "repeal of unnecessary, vexatious and admittedly unpopular statutes." He urged also a simplification of internal revenue and other complex laws, and "rigid and impartial enforcement as the surest means of compelling the repeal of obnoxious statutes."

5th AVENUE James McCreery & Co. 34th STREET

Announce
Beginning Thursday
July 6th
Annual
July Sales

Seasonable merchandise
in every department
at special prices

OPEN ALL DAY MONDAY, JULY 3rd.
Business hours during July and August: 9 A. M. until 5 P. M., excepting Saturdays when this establishment will be CLOSED ALL DAY.

Stern Brothers
West 42nd St. (Between 5th and 6th Avenues) West 43rd St.

A Most Extensive Collection of New, Smart Summer Models in
Women's COTTON DRESSES
Featured Especially for Monday at
\$9.75 and 15.00

Voiles, Linens, Eponges, and Anderson Gingham, in woven checks, or with embroidered dots, plain color voiles, and hand-drawn effects. Slenderly styled and individualized by such touches of trimming as organdie collars, cuffs and vestees, hemstitching, hand-drawn work and novelty belts.

HEARN
FOUNDED 1827
FOURTEENTH STREET WEST OF FIFTH AVE.

For the convenience of customers we will remain open all day Monday (July 3rd), closed Tuesday, July 4th.
Store open July and August 9 to 5.

MEN'S SUMMER SUITS
25.00
Were 34.75

All Wool suits in men's and young men's models. Well tailored, of standard fabrics, in wanted shades and mixtures, stripes, overplaids, checks or plain colors, including blue serge. Sizes 34 to 46, regulars, stouts, shorts and slims.

Two-Piece Summer Suits
Palm Beach—Special 12.75
Tropical Worsteds and Gabardines—Special . . . 22.00
Mohair Suits—Special 17.75 and 21.75

MEN'S STRAW HATS
A great reduction to enable you to purchase your holiday hat at a saving. All sizes and all styles, including Sennets, Splitts, Leghorns, Mackinaws and Fancies. Some have the new "Facilo" easy fitting sweatband.

Were \$1.95	1.50	Were \$3.50	2.75
Were \$2.45	1.97	Were \$4.50	3.50
Were \$2.75	2.19	Were \$6.50	5.00

SEE PAGE 9 FOR OTHER HEARN ADVERTISING

Stern Brothers
A Timely Sale—1000 Women's and Misses'
TRIMMED FELT HATS
at the Exceptionally Low Price of
\$2.75

A wide variety of shapes in all the favored summer colors. Also WHITE HATS for sport wear. Many ribbon trimmed in two-tone effects; others with edging of straw.

3000 TOWELS at Greatly Lowered Prices
These four specials are but a few of the many remarkable values now available in our annual sale of towels:

Turkish Bath Towels hemmed. Soft and absorbent. \$3.75 per doz.	All-Linen Huck Towels Hemstitched ends. \$7.50 per doz.
All-Linen Kitchen Towels (typed)— Twilled and ready hemmed. \$5.90 per doz.	Union Linen Dish Towels— Hemmed and taped. \$1.75 per doz.