

RUSSIA WILL FIGHT FOR STRAITS RIGHTS

Radek Says Soviet Does Not Want Its Ships Stopped on Way From Black Sea.

CALLS INTEREST VITAL

Charges British Seek to Quiet Turks Until More Troops Reach Scene.

FRENCH WANT DELAY

Holds What Strengthens Eastern Nations Also Helps the Moscow Government.

By FRANCIS McCULLAGH.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD. Copyright, 1922, by THE NEW YORK HERALD. MOSCOW, Oct. 9.—Russia supports Turkey because everything which strengthens the Eastern nations that are exploited by international imperialism strengthens also Soviet Russia, which lies in the shadow of that same imperialistic danger, said Carl Radek to THE NEW YORK HERALD correspondent to-day.

"Russia also is interested in the free passage of the straits, and does not like ships coming and going from her Black Sea ports to be stopped, and thus her relations to the Dardanelles question are dictated by vital interests, for which Russia will fight with all means at her disposal.

"Six weeks ago," he continued, "Lloyd George used virulent language about the Turks being regarded as barbarians, against whom he almost invited Europe to start a new crusade. Now the Allies are talking of inviting Turkey to join the League of Nations.

Recalls Curzon Note to Radek.

"Meanwhile the allied note to Turkey is on all fours with Lord Curzon's note to Soviet Russia in April, 1920, in regard to Gen. Wrangel. The British Government," he then said, "would be glad to inform the British public that out of motives of humanity the Russian Government has annulled the following of Gen. Wrangel." The British Government then offered its services as mediator, and played the role of mediator till the French had sent Wrangel indispensable technical equipment that he lacked, and till he had begun his advance.

"The allied note to Turkey is simply a trick to make the Turks keep quiet till British reinforcements arrive. Then an international conference will give the Dardanelles into the hands of the League of Nations. That is, the English fleet will disarm Turkey, will exact an indemnity from her and will reestablish capitulations.

"As for the position of France, it does not follow that because she has withdrawn her troops she will take Turkey's side or take no part in the settlement of the Turkish question. France knows that the perseverance of English imperialism in England is considerably weaker than Dardanelles than Turkey, and that without a doubt Turkey could force the straits.

"But English imperialism will not surrender after first defeats, for Britain's strength is enormous and she knows how to mobilize it.

Says France Wants Delay.

"As the question of Germany's next payment to France comes up this winter, France probably will drag out the Near Eastern difficulty, and thus keep England's hand fully occupied.

"If the Venetian conference takes place in the near future, the most difficult problem before it will be the military strength of Turkey. If Turkey agrees to let the British remain at Gallipoli and Chanak it will be impossible for England to maintain great armies at those two points; and if Turkey gets the right to keep up an army of good size, corresponding to the extent and population of her territory, Turkey will be able to drive the British into the sea. All this leads me to think that at Venetia England will demand the reduction of the Turkish army to such a point that out of interests of self-preservation Turkey will not consent.

"England wants to make the crisis drag till she has reinforcements on the spot and meanwhile Lord Curzon does not want to hurt Russia's feelings, for she knows that in a crisis Russia can say the deciding word."

GREEK COMMANDER PLANS TO FIGHT TURK

Receives Enthusiastic Welcome to Adrianople.

ADRIANOPLE, Oct. 9 (Associated Press).—Gen. Anastasios Leonardopoulos, new Greek commander in eastern Thrace, was greeted by the populace and soldiery as "the liberator of Adrianople" upon his arrival here yesterday.

The title "Liberator" arises from the fact that he was the first Greek to enter Adrianople after the Bulgarians and Turks were driven from the city in 1918. He has now returned in the midst of extensive preparations being made to resist the Turkish reoccupation.

Immediately after his arrival here the General received the Associated Press correspondent, and in reply to the question whether Thrace was going to fight, he said: "We are prepared. The whole army asks nothing better than the opportunity. We shall not surrender Thrace. The Turks may think we are beaten, but let them try to prove it on the soil of Thrace. We are determined to redeem the recent reverses to the Greek arms and to settle once for all the question of Turkish reentry into Europe."

FIRE AT TOKIO UNIVERSITY.

TOKIO, Oct. 9 (Associated Press).—Fire to-day destroyed the chemical laboratory of the Imperial University. The loss is estimated at yen 2,000,000. The mills and warehouses of the Japan Flour Milling Company, near Tokio, also were burned with estimated damage of yen 3,500,000.

CHANGES IN DANISH CABINET.

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 9.—Premier Niels Neergaard made several changes in his Cabinet to-day. M. Cold, former director of the United Shipping Company, will replace M. Seavenius as Foreign Minister. M. Brorson, chairman of the Liberal party, succeeds Klaus Bernsen as Minister of Defense.

English Labor Demands Government Resignation

LONDON, Oct. 9 (Associated Press).—The national council representing the whole labor party met to-day to consider the Near Eastern situation and passed a resolution expressing lack of confidence in the Government's policy and demanding the immediate resignation of the Government and the election of a new Parliament.

RED CROSS GIVES ALL FUNDS TO EAST

Instructs Chairman to Use Full Facilities for Relief of Refugees.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 9.—The American Red Cross, in annual convention here, took active steps to-night for the relief of refugees in the Near East.

Acting upon authorization by the organization's executive committee given in the day, Chairman John Barton Payne dispatched cables to Athens and Paris directing the immediate use of funds for the purchase of supplies for the sufferers. Chairman Payne also announced that Dr. A. Ross Hill, vice-chairman and director of foreign operations, will sail Friday to take charge of the expanded relief efforts.

The executive committee, it was announced at the opening of the convention, had placed in the chairman's hands all the organization's funds and facilities, advising him to use them as he deemed advisable. That action brought an expression of gratitude from President Harding, who further informed the convention in a message of greeting of his satisfaction at the willingness of the agency to cooperate in Near East relief and again extend a helping hand across the seas. Approval of the committee's action also was given by the convention through adoption of resolutions.

TURKS HALT ADVANCE NEAR CONSTANTINOPLE

British Blow Up Bridges to Help Defend City.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Oct. 9 (Associated Press).—The British reported the military situation stationary to-day. Turkish forces continued to occupy positions in the neutral zone on the Asiatic side of Constantinople, but, so far as has been learned, there were no further advances. The British landed additional forces to protect the railroad between Hadar Pasha and Kadikoi.

A shipment of Coldstream Guards reached the Dardanelles this afternoon and other British troops are expected during the week, as well as an aircraft carrier and a cargo of supplies. Four thousand Greek civilians have left Constantinople for Athens.

The Turkish Nationalist troops yesterday resumed their advance in the Dardanelles area in the direction of Chanak, the British stronghold, according to a Mudania dispatch to the local newspapers. It is reported that Turkish irregulars appeared yesterday afternoon a short distance from Belkos in the hills on the Asiatic side of the Bosphorus. Belkos is a suburb of Constantinople, eight miles above the American market.

CROWDER STILL IN CUBA TOWARD REFORMS

Fears Passage of Amnesty as Soon as His Back Is Turned.

HAVANA, Oct. 9.—Fighting which arose out of the heated political campaign being waged preliminary to the coming partial elections resulted in the death of two persons and the wounding of eight others last night at Guanajay, near here.

Owing to the outbreak of political disorders and reports that the Congressional leaders are planning to pass an amnesty law, Gen. Crowder, President Harding's personal representative in Cuba, has decided to postpone his departure for Washington.

Gen. Crowder had planned to leave to-morrow to confer with State Department officials regarding his future course of action in Cuba.

SMYRNA SHIP BRINGS TALE OF ATROCITIES

Winona Leaves Refugees in Greece on Its Way to America.

MUTILATE FUGITIVES

Turks Shot, Stabbed and Jumped on Foes, Skipper Says.

DESTROYER IS ON GUARD

Warship Turns Americans Over to Freighter, Loaded to Its Capacity.

The American freight steamship Winona of the Export Steamship Corporation, which rescued and took to Piraeus, Greece, refugees from the burning city of Smyrna, arrived here yesterday.

With it came the first personal stories of the disaster. Capt. John M. Walter, a big Yankee skipper, related yesterday his version of the Smyrna horror. His purser, Harry A. Lehman of Brooklyn, who went ashore while the panic in the city was at its height, added to the skipper's vivid word picture.

The Winona was in the inner harbor of Smyrna on September 8, while the defeated Greeks, apparently without leadership, were struggling through. The waterfront was piled high with the belongings of refugees. Thousands from the interior besieged the steamship offices for tickets to any place on the map.

It was estimated, the skipper said, that there were 400,000 refugees from the interior, whose villages and towns had been burned by the retreating Greek army. The Winona and all other merchant vessels were ordered out of the inner harbor on the evening of September 8 by the allied naval officers. War craft then went in and tied up along the waterfront.

Hear Women's Screams.

The combined narrative of the skipper and the purser was that the Turkish army entered the city at 10 o'clock the next morning. "At first sight of the Turks all the Greek soldiers on the streets tore off their uniform coats and caps, threw them away and fled," the officers related. "As the Turkish advance guards entered the town some one threw a hand grenade at the officer leading the column. The grenade exploded, cutting the officer's face, but the Turks continued to advance without commotion. This happened directly in front of the office of the agent of this voyage, W. F. Van der Zee. The Turks continued arriving during the day without disorder, except occasional sniping of rifles. These screams came from the Jewish and Armenian quarters. The following midnight the same thing occurred. An Armenian swam out to the ship and claimed that the Turkish civilians were going around armed and taking the Greek, Armenian and Jewish men out and killing them and looting their houses. This man was one that the Turks were after. He had managed to escape from his house after dark.

"On the next day the officers and crew of this vessel saw a number of men coming down a hill from a house on top of which appeared to be the headquarters of a gang of bandits and looters and head toward three houses further down the hill. As they approached the houses six men ran out. The one who got furthest from the house was about fifty feet away when he was shot. Two of them merely got outside the door when they were shot. The Turks did

not appear to be satisfied with just shooting them, but ran up to them and stabbed them and jumped on their bodies.

"The following morning, September 13, the vessel was permitted by the Turks to proceed into the harbor, it being thought that she would be able to work cargo. All business houses were closed and Turkish civilians were going around looting the Greek and Armenian shops. No other ship was allowed to enter the harbor, the American Consul and the ship's agents having obtained permission from the Turkish authorities to allow her to enter. This ship was the last to go into the harbor under the Greek regime and the first to enter under the Turk.

"At 8:15 P. M. the entire business section of the city was in flames and the Greek and Armenian quarters were also going. The wind carried the fire away from the Turkish quarters and into the European. At that time the boats from the American destroyer Litchfield started bringing refugees on board. The first ones were inmates of an American orphanage and several American schools. They were terror stricken. In the American College a number of Greek and Armenian men and women had taken refuge, and as the American teachers could not take care of them they were left in the buildings. The Y. W. C. A. workers in charge of the children stated that as soon as they left the building the Turkish soldiers entered and they are sure that the people remaining perished."

See Bodies in Harbor.

The skipper said that no more refugees were brought aboard that night, but they nearly swamped the freighter the next morning. The refugees saw that the American destroyer was the only ship that was protecting them. They flocked astern of it. American sailors were placed around them as guards. Several boats were swamped by the fugitives crowding into them pell-mell. The Turks fired on some persons who tried to swim out to the merchant ships and many were killed within sight of the Winona's officers and crew.

The Winona sailed out of Smyrna harbor on the evening of September 14 with 1,243 refugees. It was ordered by Capt. A. J. Hepburn, senior naval officer at Smyrna, to proceed to Piraeus. Many of the people who boarded the Winona had had nothing to eat or drink for twenty-four hours. The water and food supply of the ship was exhausted. Many of the men refugees were only their underclothing, having been stripped of everything by the Turks. One young woman was brought aboard nude and delirious and it was impossible to learn from her what had happened to her. When the Winona left Smyrna hundreds of bodies were seen floating in the harbor. All fugitives were landed at Piraeus the next day, disembarking in three hours without casualties or trouble.

12,550 MARKS TO FOUND.

LONDON, Oct. 9.—German marks touched a new low record of 12,550 to the pound sterling in the exchange market to-day. The slump occurred on general selling and absence of support.

4,000 Rebels Still Active.

About 4,000 rebels still are operating in counties Cork, Kerry, Limerick and parts of Tipperary and Waterford, chiefly under Liam Lynch. De Valera has been serving there as a private in one of the flying columns. The irregular leaders expect to continue fighting while they have men and ammunition left; while the program of the political element is to take every opportunity to win the country over from support of the present Dail to a new Republican assembly.

Meanwhile the other political groups consider the treaty question settled. The present supporters of the Government are building a new political party, ready to fight in the next election, which is expected about April. It is thought that

FOES OF FREE STATE IN NEW IRISH PARTY

Organize to Oppose Taking Seats in Parliament Under Treaty.

REBELS KEEP UP FIGHT

Supporters Forming Group for Next Election on Conservative Platform.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

Adherents of the old De Valera anti-Free State party are now rallying to a new political formation preparatory to entering candidates for the next Parliamentary election, pledged to take no seats in a Parliament held under the Anglo-Irish treaty, THE NEW YORK HERALD correspondent learns to-day.

While Eamon de Valera still is technically the President of "Comman na Poblacht" (Republican Political Association), he was practically dethroned at the last meeting of the party, held in Cork recently. The former leader has grown very despondent, and has been advocating the cessation of the military campaign, so the younger group stripped him of his power, but they have no popular figure to put into his place.

The Republicans seek to repeat the success of the old Sinn Fein party when it contested the English Parliamentary election in Ireland in 1918 on a platform of abstention from representation at Westminster and the formation of an Irish national assembly. The Republican political campaign, however, will not mean the voluntary cessation of hostilities.

POLES STOP PASSPORTS HERE.

WARSAW, Oct. 9.—The Polish Government to-day discontinued issuing passports to persons emigrating to the United States because those already issued will exhaust the Polish quota until next July.

organization will be completed by November 1. The new party will have a tendency toward a conservative platform, with gradual evolution toward fuller independence, or separation from Britain, as distinguished from the Labor Party's radical schemes for abrupt severance.

REPORT SHOWS BRITISH CABINET POLICY STRONG

For Freedom of Straits and Protection of Christians.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

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New York Herald Bureau, London, Oct. 9.

Notwithstanding the publication of the story that Prime Minister Lloyd George's resignation was imminent, which has set the political clubs buzzing, it is again emphasized in all the numerous camps now organized about Downing street that the Cabinet is standing firmly for Lloyd Georgeian terms.

Labor, through the joint labor council, to-day demanded the Prime Minister's resignation and a general election, but the Cabinet countered by issuing a stenographic report of the labor delegation's interview with Mr. Lloyd George, Austen Chamberlain, Sir Robert S. Horne, Chancellor of the Exchequer, and Sir Laming Worthington Evans, War Secretary, on September 21, the burden of which was that the Government's policy had been rigid and unvarying for the freedom of the straits and the protection of Christian minorities, without war if possible.

Furthermore, Lord Curzon was amply sustained in to-day's meeting of the Cabinet. He gave a complete account of informal discussion of a final peace conference, which occurred in Paris; but in view of the fact that a final peace conference is chimerical till Mudania settles the armistice terms, the Cabinet took no formal action.

MURDER OF PORTUGUESE AVIATOR IS RUMORED

Rio Janeiro Unable to Confirm Report About Cabral.

RIO DE JANEIRO, Oct. 9.—A rumor was current here to-day that the Portuguese aviator, Capt. Sacaadura Cabral, who, with Capt. Coutinho recently made a transatlantic flight from Lisbon to Rio Janeiro, had been assassinated aboard the steamer Porto on the way to Portugal. The Porto left Rio Janeiro Oct. 4. The rumor could not be confirmed. None of the newspapers here received any report from the steamer, but all knew of the rumor and were starting anxious inquiries.

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Terminal Beauty Salons for Women Patrons. TERMINAL Beauty Salons are maintained at the Hotel Waldorf-Astoria, the Hotel Pennsylvania, and the Knickerbocker Building, at 42nd Street and Broadway. Their activities embrace everything from manicuring, to massage, from bobbing the hair, to suggesting and achieving new and alluring arrangements of the coiffure, according to the lines of the face or the fashions. Charming salons conducted with privacy, courtesy, and efficiency, and in charge of attendants expert in their profession and accustomed to cater to women of refinement. THE KNICKERBOCKER TIMES SQUARE THE PENNSYLVANIA THE WALDORF-ASTORIA