

**PUBLIC STILL SEEKS FOR CAMPAIGN KICK**

Democrats Busy Organizing Committees of Almost Everything.

**G. O. P. WORKS UP-STATE**

Murphy Lying Low and Fear Voiced He Also Is 'Laying Down.'

**SMITH FORCES ON JOB**

Apathy of Tammany One of Chief Mysteries in the Situation.

Campaign managers are trying hard to inject some enthusiasm into the State contest, but apparently with little success. Both sides are amazed at the indifference of the public. What was expected to be a riproaring campaign has stirred up about as much public excitement as a well organized contest for sergeant-at-arms of the Board of Aldermen.

Trying to overcome the apathy, the Democratic committee still is organizing committees of citizens—the independent Democrats, the straphangers, the workers in this and that trade and anybody else who is willing to be organized.

The Republican State organization is spending all its time, money and energy this week on the up-State registration, going on the theory of getting out a 100 per cent. vote north of the city line.

Tammany has hardly shown a hand in the campaign. In answer to inquiries at the Fourteenth street headquarters, the information is given that Tammany never really gets into action until the last week of the fight and that the organization will do its part during the last seven days.

**No One Sees Murphy.**

No one has seen Charles F. Murphy. He has been seldom at the Hall. The Wigwag is about as active these days as on a good busy July afternoon during a hot wave. Alfred E. Smith's friends are inquiring whether Tammany and Murphy are 'laying down' or what it does mean. Tammany leaders admit they have never seen anything quite like it.

The Smith Committee with headquarters in the Biltmore, made up of loyal and enthusiastic supporters of Mr. Smith, is working twelve hours a day. This committee appears to be doing about all that is being done. It is forming other committees and getting out statements by the yard.

The State Committee, with Herbert C. Pell as chairman, has headquarters in the Murray Hill Hotel. The place is like a morgue. Nobody ever is seen there. In the rooms are scores of typewriters which must be costing a lot of rent, but the keys of the machines are not clicking.

The Republican County Committee isn't much more active than Tammany. George K. Morris, State chairman, has been after the county leaders, it is reported. There is known to be considerable bitterness against Governor Miller in some of the Republican districts, but how far that is to be carried cannot be determined. This is due in part to the turning down of John J. Lyons for re-nomination.

**Public Not Contributing.**

Both sides say they have limited campaign funds. The public is not chipping in. It is with difficulty the managers are getting funds enough to put out literature showing that the State and civilization will go to ruin if this or that nominee isn't elected.

The formative operations went on busily yesterday.

The list of the Citizens' Committee for Smith was announced with the names of 150 Democrats, many of whom have been on Democratic committees for many years. Most of them have been Democratic officeholders. The names given out as the best known include Robert Adamson, Philip Berolzheimer, city chamberlain; Francis G. Caffey, John W. Davis, Abram L. Elkus and Mrs. Elkus, Charles V. Forbes, Mrs. Charles Dana Gibson, Howard S. Gans, Henry A. Gilderleeve, James W. Gerard and Mrs. Gerard, Dr. S. S. Goldwater, Lamar Hardy, Mrs. James Lees Laidlaw, Alfred J. Johnson, Frank L. Polk, Lawson Purdy, Samuel Seabury, Mrs. Willard Straight, Nathan Straus, Mrs. Charles L. Tiffany, Lillian D. Wald and Mrs. Norman Doff, Whitehouse.

**WOMAN'S PARTY CALL.**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—Mrs. O. H. T. Belmont, president of the National Woman's party, upon arrival here tonight issued a call for a meeting of the party's national council to be held here November 11 and 12.

**AT THE ANDERSON GALLERIES**  
THE LIBRARY OF THE LATE GEORGE H. HART OF NEW YORK  
TO BE SOLD BY ORDER OF UNITED STATES TRUST CO.  
PART TWO ENGLISH LITERATURE  
To be sold Monday and Tuesday Afternoons, Oct. 23, 24, at 2:30  
FIRST EDITIONS OF MODERN AUTHORS  
THE COLLECTION OF MONTGOMERY EVANS, 2D OF PHILADELPHIA  
To be sold Wednesday, Thursday Afternoons, Oct. 25, 26, at 2:30

**LEADERS URGE PRESIDENT TO TAKE STUMP IN OHIO**

Appeals Declare His Appearance Would Assure Republican Victory There; Enemy Forces Hard at Work.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

New York Herald Bureau, Washington, D. C., Oct. 19.

President Harding is receiving conflicting reports about the political outlook in Ohio, his home State. Some advisers tell him the State will go Republican. Others say this is not at all sure.

The situation is so confused that nobody seems certain how it is going, but the trend appears to indicate a Republican victory, particularly in the race for Governor. There is more doubt as to the chances of Representative Simon D. Foss (Rep.) in his contest with Senator Atlas Pomeroy (Dem.).

Walter F. Brown of Toledo, visited Mr. Harding. Mr. Brown believes the result will be close, but that the Republicans will win. Mr. Harding is expecting a report in a few days from Attorney-General Daugherty, who is on the stump in Ohio. He will speak next Saturday night at Canton, the home of Senator Pomeroy.

If Mr. Harding breaks away from his intention of making the Mondell letter of last Monday his only active part in the campaign it will be to help the Ohio candidates. Some of the Ohio politicians are urging him, because of his personal

popularity in the State, to make some move by letter or otherwise to rally the Republicans of the State to the Republican standard.

Mr. Harding carried the State in 1920 by 492,000, but the Republican candidate for Governor fell behind the ticket, receiving a majority of only about 170,000. Those who want Mr. Harding to take a hand declare that this would lift the contest out of one of State issues and make it national, thereby enhancing the Republican chances. It is regarded as unlikely that Mr. Harding will depart from his passive attitude toward the campaign, even in the case of Ohio. The letter to Representative Mondell endorsing the present Congress speaks for itself. White House attaches say, and leaves nothing more for the President to say.

As evidence of the Republican concern about Ohio, announcement that Secretary Hughes would speak in Cleveland a week from next Saturday was regarded with interest. He will be the fourth Cabinet officer to speak in the State, the others being Attorney-General Daugherty and Secretaries Hoover and Wallace. Mr. Hughes' Cleveland speech is expected to be one of the most important of the campaign.

**WEST IS DISSATISFIED WITH BOTH PARTIES IN CONGRESS**

Continued from First Page.

Movements that clearly reflect dissatisfaction with the course of both parties. The most definite form these movements have assumed is non-partisan, and portends the coming of some sort of political storm unless one or the other of the two major parties meets the necessities of the situation.

Popular insurgency in the West is rapidly taking the form of radicalism which has already broken down party lines in Missouri, Iowa, Nebraska, Minnesota, North Dakota, Wyoming, Montana and Utah, generally more damaging to Republican than Democratic interests.

Item: In Iowa, Brookhart, the radical Republican candidate for the Senate, has been openly repudiated by the leaders of his party, including three former Governors, and is pronounced "too strong" by the Socialist party, whose program he has confiscated.

Item: In Minnesota the lawless Non-Partisan League, thinly camouflaged as the "Farmer-Labor party," has practically gobbled up the Democratic party of the State and is trying to win over the erstwhile conservative Republican farmer with a program that would lend favor to Soviet Russia; this issue really being pronounced radicalism vs. liberal conservatism as represented by most of the Republican candidates, though some of the latter are openly denounced by the leaders of that party.

Item: In North Dakota independent Republicans and Democrats alike are openly supporting J. F. T. O'Connor, Democratic candidate for Senator, against former Gov. Lynn Frazier, radical Non-Partisan Leaguer, and removed under the recall system, the conservative Republican Gov. Nestos bluntly urging the election of Mr. O'Connor.

Item: In Nebraska both parties are striving to see which can propose the most radical doctrines. William Jennings Bryan leading the Democratic forces—and grooming for another try at the Presidency—and Howell, the Republican opponent of Democratic Senator Hitchcock, openly seeking the support of radical groups, still asserting "progressive principles."

Item: In Missouri Republicans are not only working for Democratic Senator Jim Reed against their own

party candidate, Brewster, on the wet and dry issue, but are swinging into the radical groups, to which he is appealing without regard for the Democratic organization, which has been completely demoralized by a seemingly irreparable split.

Item: In Montana and Wyoming the radical forces have taken possession of the Democratic party and are fighting for the mastery of the Republican. The Ku Klux is tearing the structures of both parties in some States named and also in normally Democratic States like Oklahoma, Texas, Tennessee, Georgia and Arkansas.

All of these maneuvers are admitted by the radical leaders of both parties to reflect a decidedly radical trend of the popular mind regardless of political nomenclature or the enshrining of party doctrines. Where the responsibility lies in the matter—if there be any susceptible of party organization control—is subject to controversy. But there is none as to the probable effect of the discord and confusion prevailing in both parties.

The conflicting cross currents of popular opinion which seem to be breaking down both parties point to either an emotional gesture that may spend its force in vocal hysterics, or uprising that may be checked in embryo or a political revolution that may produce a substantial venture to destroy them both.

The passing phases are interpreted by thinking leaders as symptomatic. One of the danger spots to Democrats as well as Republicans lies in the treatment of the farmer and labor elements in the group of States where the wave of radicalism is threatening both.

The farmer, feeling aggrieved, and the labor units sullenly resentful are easy prey for the apostles of discontent and the lawless propagandists who preach rebellion against constitutional as well as party government.

The Western farmer appears to be sore at the Administration, Congress, the railroads, the banks, and all other agencies of organized commerce. The Western laborer feels pretty much the same way about it. "If neither of the two major parties heads his demands he appears to be ripe for revolt. At least this is the opinion of the thinking leaders of the dominant parties. And most of them frankly confess they don't know what can be done about it."

**COHALAN REPEATS HIS MURPHY CHARGE**

Surrogate Asserts Retort by Democratic Boss Is Meaningless.

Surrogate John P. Cohalan, in a speech last night in Floral Hall, at Broadway and 145th street, repeated the story he told last Tuesday night about his break with Charles F. Murphy. He also discussed the statement issued recently by Ralph Pulitzer, denying the truth of the Surrogate's story that Murphy had asked him to let up in demanding re-appraisal of the estate of Joseph Pulitzer, which added eventually \$2,000,000 to its value, because the New York World was "on his neck." Murphy's denial, the Surrogate said, is meaningless and does not change the facts.

"Murphy's denial is an admission of everything short of the express terms of the charge," said Mr. Cohalan last night. "Murphy admits that there was such a meeting at Tammany Hall, but denies that he spoke to me about the World. Which is more probable, the story told by me or by Murphy?"

"On the night I made the charge," Cohalan said, "I was in the room with Mr. Murphy and Mr. Pulitzer. I recall no previous act of the kind. Why has he ignored the charge made by Jerome that \$40,000 passed in Murphy's room to facilitate the payment of money due on contracts? All that he denies is that he spoke to me about the Pulitzer matter."

"I now repeat that Murphy asked me to help to get the World off his neck. I did not say and do not say that he was asked by the man who was on his neck to ask me to take him off. But I point out the clear agreement between the statements of Mr. Murphy and Mr. Pulitzer. When Mr. Murphy says the World was on his neck and Mr. Pulitzer speaks of the World's record of consistent opposition to Murphy, what is Mr. Pulitzer's assertion but further confirmation of the truth of what Mr. Murphy said to me?"

"Yet we are asked by Mr. Pulitzer to believe that Murphy never asked for help in getting the World off his neck because neither Mr. Pulitzer nor any agent of his asked the boss to have it done. I say that to any reasonable mind the statement that Mr. Pulitzer made to carry home conviction of the charge which I have made against Murphy that in 1913 he asked me to help to get the World off his neck."

Mr. Pulitzer adds further: "To the best of my information and belief the Cohalan statement is false in every respect." In December, 1912, I had refused to confirm the report of the appraiser fixing the tax value of the estate of Joseph Pulitzer. I sent it back for re-appraisal. It had not been returned to me at the time that Murphy spoke to me.

"When it was returned and when I confirmed it the taxable value had been increased by close to \$2,000,000, and the Pulitzer's paid in many thousands in addition to what they would have paid had I confirmed the original report. That Mr. Pulitzer should properly want to prove an alibi for himself with relation to an inference that he alone appears to have drawn from what I said at the Town Hall meeting may be very natural."

**SAVES 116 PASSENGERS IN COLONIAL LINE SHIP FIRE**

Mohegan Goes to Aid of Concord From New York.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Oct. 19.—Officials of the Colonial Line made no estimate today of the damage to the steamship Concord, which caught fire off Watch Hill at 2 o'clock this morning and whose 116 passengers, bound from New York to this city, were transferred to the steamship Mohegan and brought here.

Several of the men passengers who had stayed to help fight the flames were aboard the Concord when, trailing the Mohegan, she reached port. The passengers commended Capt. George C. Cobb of the Concord and Capt. Fred M. Hamlen of the Mohegan for their seamanship and gallantry and the captains complimented the passengers for their coolness. The flames were brought under control in a little less than two hours. The cause of the fire has not been determined. The transfer of passengers was twelve miles from shore, with the wind blowing twenty-five to thirty miles an hour from the northwest.

**MILLS DENOUNCES TIGER TO NEGROES**

Warns San Juan Hill Folk Not to Succumb to Tammany's Bait.

Speaking last night before a large audience of negroes at the Fear Not Republican Club in the Seventh Assembly district, 323 West Fifty-ninth street, Representative Ogden A. Mills, who is opposing Herman A. Metz, in the Seventeenth Congressional district, warned against the possibility of the negro vote in this city going to Tammany Hall a second time. He said:

"I have noticed recently a tendency on the part of a good many colored people to break away from the Republican party and go over to Tammany Hall because of political appointments which some of their friends were seeking. Human nature being what it is, it is a natural and praiseworthy desire for members of the race to seek recognition, but this is not the major issue. And you can't afford to sacrifice the greater good to be derived by consistently supporting the Republican party, which has always worked for the best interests of the colored race."

"Vote for the Democrats if you will, just to give a few men a job, but vote with the consciousness that you are selling out your race," Mr. Mills devoted part of his address to the accomplishments of the Harding Administration. He said:

"Since Mr. Harding went into office this country has passed by the economic and industrial crisis. Wages and prices are beginning to stabilize, and there has been a tremendous increase in employment. In a single year, as the result of efficiency and economy, Government expenditures have been reduced by \$1,800,000,000. By cutting expenses the Government has made a definite contribution to the prosperity of the country."

Discussing the new tariff, he said: "To throw the United States open to the competition of cheap, foreign labor would be to destroy American industry. When you diminish the supply of goods produced in this country you diminish the available work for our people."

Other speakers were Harold Risselmann, Victor R. Kaufmann, Mrs. Grace Van Name and Albert J. Borwin. Mr. Mills had spoken to two women groups in the afternoon, at the home of Mrs. Peter Zuckler, 1 West Seventieth street, and later at Mrs. Peter Boynton's home, at 134 West Seventy-fourth street.

**INQUIRE IF JITNEY MEN ARE IN A CONSPIRACY**

Buffalo Court Issues Warrants for Two.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD.

BUFFALO, Oct. 19.—Following a John Doe proceedings brought by the International Railway Company to ascertain if there was a conspiracy between the Manhattan Transit Company of New York and members of the Buffalo Jitney Owners Association, to violate the transportation corporation law, Chief Judge George W. Wolitz today issued warrants

for Joseph S. Hoadley, president of the Manhattan Transit Company, and for H. B. Chapin of New York. The latter has been active in organizing jitney lines to be operated under a charter granted to the Manhattan Transit Company in

1920. The warrants will probably be served today. Since a strike was called by the street car employees on July 1, jitneys have been operating, and a week ago jitneys appeared bearing the name of the Man-

hattan Transit Company. Attorney Henry W. Kilson contends that no jitney or bus line can operate here without a certificate from the Public Service Commission and a permit from the local authorities. This has not been done.

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For the man who wishes to dress for a semi-formal occasion without the least fear of being incorrectly appareled—

And for the man who instinctively desires a touch of distinction in his dress, a Knox-made Derby can be safely recommended as both smart and correct.

Economy in the purchase of a derby hat begins at the moment when you determine to buy from Knox a hat that will not only fit well, and look well, but will give distinguished service from the first day you own it until the last.

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Hats for every type and every occasion are included, so one is certain of finding a smart, pleasing chapeau.

Hackle brims, vulture, peacock, ostrich—monkey fur on satin—felt with velvet, coque, fur and pheasant tails—velvets in wide variety—present their charms for your approval—and you will approve!

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Gentlemen are again wearing **SILK SHIRTS**

These are specially priced at **\$4.95** Formerly \$7.00

These shirts are carefully made of heavy Broadcloth Silk—a quality that has been selling at \$7.00 and upward for the past few years. At \$4.95 they are exceptional values. The Silk is striped with Satin in a pleasing variety of Autumn colors. Sizes, 14 to 17.

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