

(Mich.), Balston (Ind.) and Dill (Wash.), Shipstead (Minn.), elected on the Farmer-Labor ticket, will also support any radical program. Activities toward the replacement of Mr. Lodge began to-day when several Senators now in Washington got together and discussed the probability of the Senate leader declining to serve longer because of ill health. Senator Curtis (Kan.) may be proposed as his successor. Close friends of Senator Lodge assert he will not resign and that he will be the nominee for the leadership when the Senate is reorganized. They say that while he suffered bad health during the last October, he has recovered and is able to continue the work of leadership. There are several Senators who would like to see Senator Watson (Ind.) elected Republican leader of the upper house. These Senators are in the minority and their wishes probably will not be carried out. If Senator Lodge declines the leadership, the regulars will attempt the appointment of Senator Curtis as floor leader, with Senator Watson as assistant floor leader. To Senator Watson would be assigned the task on the floor, with Senator Curtis doing the "whip" work.

SILZER IN FULL SWAY ON APPOINTEE JOBS

Jersey's New Governor Won't Have Republicans Left as Edwards Had.

MANY JUDICIAL PLUMS

Attorney-General and All County Prosecutors in Democratic Hands.

TUNNEL PLAN UNCHANGED

\$40,000,000 Road Bond Issue Apparently Ratified by 15,000 Votes.

Few Changes in Committees.

If it is decided when the new Senate convenes to continue with the present committees, except where vacancies were caused by the defeat of Senators for reelection, there will be few changes in the chairmanship of committees. Six chairmen of Senatorial committees were defeated either in the primaries or in the elections. The two most important of these chairmanships are the Finance Committee, Senator McCumber, and the Naval Affairs Committee, Senator Page (Vt.), who was not a candidate for reelection. Senator Smoot (Utah) is next in line on the Finance Committee. Mr. Smoot is now chairman of the Committee on Public Lands and Surveys and it is understood he would prefer to stay there. This would give the chairmanship to Senator La Follette. On the Naval Affairs Committee, Senator Lodge is the ranking member, with Senators Poindexter (Wash.) and Hale (Me.) next in line. Senator Lodge is now chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee and will undoubtedly desire to continue there. As latest reports from Washington indicate the defeat of Senator Poindexter, Senator Hale will probably succeed to the chairmanship of this committee.

"Anything Likely to Happen."

If the radical groups insist on a complete reorganization of the committees on a more progressive basis than "anything is likely to happen!" to quote a prominent Republican Senator. No matter what the result, Republican leaders are determined that the future when members are selected for committees will be Senators who are interested in the work of the committee and who can be depended on to attend and take an active part in meetings. They complain of the disinterest of the majority of committee members caused Republican leaders much embarrassment during the last session.

The defeat of Senator Townsend in Michigan may be followed by the resignation of Senator Newberry. There unquestionably will be enough votes to expel him in the new Senate if the issue is reopened, and Senator-elect Ferris has declared his intention to ask a rehearing of the matter.

Late to-day the statisticians of the Republican National and Congressional committees informally announced that the next House would contain 225 members who would vote for the G. O. P. candidates for Speaker and other officials that go to make up the House organization. Keen interest is manifested in the narrow margin, for the first important problem is the actual centering of the Senate and House and the formation of the various committees. Friends of Senator La Follette will urge him to use his influence to dictate the organization of the Sixty-eighth Congress. They pointed out that he has enough loyal political followers in the House to successfully interfere with any reactionary politicians trying to dominate the Senate or House.

Democrats Claim 210.

The Democrats claim 210 members certain, and this does not include any independents. With but 435 members the Republicans cannot have 225 and the Democrats 210, for that would total 435, one more than the law provides for. These claims leave out of the calculations some of the independents. The Republicans include O. J. Kvale, elected to succeed Representative Adams, A. J. Volstead in the Seventh Minnesota district. They assert that he is a regular party man except where Volstead is considered, and his opposition to him is so strong that it made him run independently of his party's ticket.

From Representatives in the various States to-day the Democratic National Committee received reports telling of these gains: Connecticut, 1; Delaware, 1; Indiana, 5; Kansas, 1; Maryland, 1; Michigan, 1; Nebraska, 1; New Hampshire, 1; New York, 14; West Virginia, 4; New Mexico, 1; Pennsylvania, 7; Illinois, 4; Missouri, 9 or 10; Virginia, 1; Minnesota, 1; Rhode Island, 1; Montana, 1; Oregon, 1; New Jersey, 5; Massachusetts, 1; Tennessee, 1; Ohio, 7; Nevada, 1; and Oklahoma, 4. This makes a total gain of 79.

Before the Democrats could control the House they would have to have 85 more than they have in the present House.

Reactionary leaders cannot reorganize the House. They must listen to the progressives as take a chance of losing actual control. The gains claimed by the Republicans include these Progressives: O. E. Keller and T. D. Schall (Minn.); H. A. Cooper, E. Voight, J. M. Nelson, J. C. Schaefer, L. Lampart, K. D. Beck, E. E. Browne, G. J. Schneider, J. A. Fess and H. E. Peck (W. Va.); R. C. Woodruff (Mich.); R. C. Johnson (N. D.). In addition to these twelve progressives, most of whom belong to the La Follette faction of the party, there are three independent Republicans who voted for Champ Clark (Dem.) in the close fight in the House in 1917 against James H. Mann (Rep.); F. R. Lehbeck (N. J.) and M. C. Kelly (Pa.), making a total of fourteen. The support of these fourteen men listed as Republicans to the opposition and the vote would be: Republicans, 212; Democrats, Socialist and recalcitrant Republicans, 223.

FOUND ANYTHING? 17, 20, see if it is advertised in the Herald. Found columns of to-day's New York Herald.

RADICALS CAN RULE OR RUIN REPUBLICANS IN CONGRESS

HERE is how the next Congress will stand, according to nearly complete returns received up to a late hour to-night.

SENATE—Republicans, 52; Democrats, 43; doubtful, 1. Republican majority, 8 or 10. Republican majority in present Senate, 24.

HOUSE—Republicans, 226; Democrats, 208; Socialist, 1. Republican majority, 17. Republican majority in present House, 166.

Independents and radical Republicans in new Senate, 7 to 8.

Independents and radical Republicans in new House, 14 to 18.

The number of independents and radicals is sufficient to nullify the present Republican leadership in both Senate and House in the next Congress—if they vote as a unit.

GOV. GROESBECK MAY SUCCEED NEWBERRY

Senator to Decide in a Few Days Whether He Will Resign.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. DETROIT, Nov. 9.—By the election of Judge George S. Silzer as Governor, the Democratic party in New Jersey during the next three years will come into possession of all appointive positions in the State Government. Mr. Silzer will complete the job begun by Gov. Edwards in ousting Republicans from high places and supplanting them with Democrats.

In the State government the three most important positions from which Republicans will be removed by the turnover are those of Attorney-General, clerk of the Supreme Court and clerk of the Court of Chancery, the present incumbents of which were appointed by Gov. Edge for terms holding over the present administration.

The Secretary of State, the Commissioner of Banking and Insurance and the Commissioner of Education are already Democrats, and are not likely to be disturbed. It is conceded that John Milton, former Corporation Counsel of Jersey City, can succeed Thomas F. McCran as Attorney-General if he so desires, but it is not certain that Mr. Milton will seek the appointment. If he does not, the post may go to Harry Hobson, chief clerk, chairman of the State Democratic Committee, which conducted the Silzer campaign.

Judicial Openings. Judge Silzer will have only two appointments to the Supreme Court bench, seven of the present court having been named by Gov. Edwards. The two terms expiring under the Silzer administration are those of Justice Swaze, Republican, of Newark, and Justice Kalsch, Democrat, also of Newark. Three of the six Judges of the Court of Errors and Appeals will also be named.

Efforts of the Republican legislative majority last year to hold open several county judicial appointments by refusing confirmation in the expectation of a Republican administration have failed. All county judges and prosecutors will fall into Democratic hands. Judge Silzer will have the appointment of seventeen county judges and twelve prosecutors.

The term of Gen. L. Bryant, Commissioner of Labor since 1904, will expire next year. Republican Legislatures have twice extended Gen. Bryant's term to prevent his removal by Democratic Governors and another effort is not improbable.

Commission Positions. Six members of the State Highway Commission are also to be named, though it is probable another effort will be made to organize that department by a party based commission. One of an engineer, an expert in construction and a lawyer. Two members of the Public Utility Commission, four of the five members of the State Tax Board, one member of the Civil Service Commission and numerous unsalaried boards and commissions will be named.

The State comptroller is elected by the Legislature on joint ballot and as the Legislature is controlled by the Republicans, Newton A. K. Bugbee of this city will undoubtedly be given another term. It is not probable that the election of Gov. Silzer will result in any change of policy respecting the tunnel now in course of construction between New York and New Jersey. The Republican Legislature of this year practically removed the tunnel project from executive control by ousting the Edwards Commission and appointing a new commission under an act passed over the Governor's veto.

Except in the appointment of members to the commission the policy of the State respecting the tunnel is settled by passage of the act authorizing a bond issue, which after ratification by the voters, became an irrevocable statute under the constitution, until the entire bond issue has been liquidated. Latest information available here to-night indicates that the \$40,000,000 road bond issue was ratified by approximately 15,000 majority. In many districts returns of the votes on the bond bill were not collected and there are still many missing districts.

Edwards 92,814 Ahead. Gov. Edwards's plurality over Senator Frelinghuysen for United States Senator was boosted to 92,814 to-night by the latest returns from missing districts. The total vote, with but one of the State's 2,464 election districts missing, stood: Edwards, 456,175; Frelinghuysen, 562,320.

In the same districts Judge Silzer led William N. Runyon, Republican, for Governor, by 44,250. The vote was: Silzer, 424,747; Runyon, 380,497.

VOLSTEAD'S SUCCESSOR IS 'KWAL-LEY' AT HOME. Rev. O. J. Kvale's Name Puzzles Country.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 9.—Comment on the election to Congress of the Rev. O. J. Kvale of Benson, who defeated Representative A. J. Volstead, author of the prohibition enforcement act, is marked by a variety of pronouncements of Kvale's name.

Even his constituents, unless they are of Scandinavian descent, have difficulty in articulating the Kv combination that is not infrequent in the Norwegian language. For practical purposes "Kwale" with the "a" as in "call," will do. If one can add a slight Scandinavian "w" sound instead of the "w" the pronunciation is perfect.

Norwegian members of the two Lutheran churches of Janesville and Orfordville celebrated the election to-day. For fourteen years Mr. Kvale preached at the two churches.

BROTHERHOODS PLAN BIG PULL STRIKE DRIVE

Project Organization in 1924 That Will Blanket the Country.

TO WORK WITH FARMERS

Robertson and Stone Claim 'Astounding Success' in Tuesday's Elections.

CLEVELAND, Ohio, Nov. 9.—Heads of railroad brotherhoods here to-night claimed "astounding success" for their non-partisan political program, which included indorsement of Senatorial, Congressional and Governorship candidates in many States.

D. B. Robertson, head of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Engineers, declared that "politically we have just begun to skirmish."

Commenting on the coming Presidential election in 1924, he said that "by that time we will have an organization which will reach down from the legislative committee in Washington to county organizations blanketing the country."

Mr. Robertson declared that "we are not going to ask of candidates we indorse whether they are in favor of special legislation for labor but whether they stand for special legislation for socialism," adding that "we are going to back candidates that will work for the interest of the farmer, the working man and the plain people."

Warren S. Stone, president of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, said he was greatly pleased with the returns.

Last spring railroad brotherhoods went on record as indorsing active participation in politics by setting up organizations seeking the support of all other labor elements and the farmers and making campaigns at the polls.

POMERENE MAY GET SUPREME BENCH SEAT

President Known to Have a High Regard for Him.

Special Dispatch to THE NEW YORK HERALD. WASHINGTON, D. C., Nov. 9.—Senator Pomerene (Dem., Ohio), who was defeated in the Senate races by Dr. Warren D. Ford in Tuesday's election, may be raised to the United States Supreme Court by President Harding.

The President has indicated that he will select a Democrat for a place on the court when he makes a nomination for the vacancy caused by the retirement of Justice William R. Day and the vacancy that will be created through the early retirement of Senator Pomerene by resolution of the Congress of Justice Mahlon Pitney, who is in ill health.

Senator Shields (Dem., Tenn.) has been the choice in political circles, but it is not indicated that Senator Pomerene stands at least as good a chance as does Senator Shields.

President Harding is known to have high regard for his former colleague from Ohio, and possibly the President has maintained the most friendly relations with the President and at all times abstained from participation in the Democratic hue and cry against the Ohio Executive.

Among others being considered by the President for the Supreme Court are Representative Sisson (Dem., Miss.) and John W. Davis of West Virginia.

WIFE SAYS 'LOVE TAPS' MEANT BLACKENED EYES

Therefore She Asks Separation From E. C. Sweeney.

Mrs. Hattie Blanche Sweeney of Hartsville, who is suing Edward C. Sweeney for divorce, told Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins at White Plains yesterday that while intoxicated he had blackened her eye several times and punched her with his fists.

Mr. Sweeney, who is the president of the Estates Crude Rubber Company of 189 Broadway, and a member of several clubs, testified that he had blackened his wife when she had worried him, but he classified them as only "love taps."

Mr. and Mrs. Sweeney were married in 1917, and have three children. Mrs. Sweeney owns a large house at 46 Green-acre avenue, Hartsville, where she lives with several servants. Mrs. Sweeney in answer to a question said: "My husband was actually intoxicated every Friday night of the year."

When he did not drink he was irritable and "picky," she said Mr. Sweeney called her a "drunken" and her husband had punched her. Mr. Sweeney testified that the marital trouble was due to his "inlaws."

SCREWDRIVER, FALLING 19 STORIES, HITS WOMAN

Penetrates Her Skull; Ankle Fractured Also.

Mrs. Ella Coleman, 23, of 1122 Longwood avenue, was injured seriously yesterday when a screwdriver fell from a window on the nineteenth floor of the Masonic Building, 383 Sixth avenue, and penetrated her skull. Mrs. Coleman was taken to the hospital and sustained a fractured ankle. At the New York Hospital last night she was reported improving.

Ernest Rear, aged 23, of 1532 Roosevelt avenue, The Bronx, after admitting to the police that the screwdriver fell from his pocket while he was installing window frames, was held in \$1,000 bail for the Grand Jury on a charge of felonious assault.

Robert Whiteman, riding master of 520 Main street, East Orange, was riding with one of his pupils, Miss Doranda Rogers, 15, of 262 Center street, Orange, yesterday when the girl's horse was frightened by a train. Whiteman leaped over to calm the animal and his own horse fell, turning over on him. Whiteman's back was broken. He is in St. Mary's Hospital.

MASHER SENT TO JAIL. Samuel Simon, 22, of 518 Home street, The Bronx, who is alleged to have annoyed Mrs. Genevieve Thomas, 64 of West 124th street, in the street, was sentenced to ten days in jail by Magistrate Oberwayer in Tombs Court yesterday. Simon was not able to pay a fine of \$50.

HARDING HOPE HIGH FOR SUBSIDY TO PASS

Secretary Denby Gives Administration Views at Marine Banquet.

PRESIDENT SENDS WORD

Says Future of America on Seas Depends Upon Passage of Bill.

That President Harding holds high hopes that the ship subsidy bill will be passed at the special session of Congress, which convenes November 20, was announced here by Secretary of the Navy Denby last night. Secretary Denby was the principal speaker at the thirtieth annual banquet of the Society of Naval Architects and Marine Engineers at the Waldorf-Astoria.

A letter from President Harding to Walter McFarland, president of the society, was read. In it the President said: "No one purpose more enthusiastically enlisted the attention of the present Administration at Washington than that of turning our vast assets in ships into a live and efficient merchant marine."

"Every day adds to the conviction that the upbuilding of our merchant marine is of first importance in assuring our national defense and of incalculable importance in maintaining America's fitting place in the commerce of the world. We must establish and maintain this agency of transportation on the high seas if we are to maintain a position of becoming eminence in the world of trade."

Secretary Denby emphasized the importance of a merchant marine, especially when the navy had made the reduction agreed upon at the arms conference.

"Under whatever name a ship subsidy has been proposed," declared the Secretary, "I voted for it throughout my six terms in Congress. We need it. Perhaps it was to show how we needed our own merchant marine that that great friend of the nation, Theodore Roosevelt, sent the then greatest American fleet for its cruise around the world. Every tender, supply ship and mother ship that went with that fleet flew a foreign flag."

"On my recent trip in the Orient the first ship we saw in the harbor of Yokohama was the Robert Dollar, flying a British flag. I have nothing against any ship flying a British flag, but I don't like to see American ships flying any other flag in token that they can't make a go of it under their own flag."

Secretary Denby outlined the growing need of American merchant ships both for commercial prosperity in time of peace and as a sustaining arm in time of war.

Among the guests were Rear Admiral John K. Robison, Rear Admiral John I. Beuret, Sir Andrew Scott, William J. Love, Rear Admiral Carl T. Vogelzang, Homer L. Ferguson, Brig.-Gen. William G. Weigel, Rear Admiral A. P. Sibley, R. A. C. Smith, Rear Admiral Hutchison Cone and Rear Admiral Robert S. Griffin.

SENATOR KATLIN FINED; HELD FOR CONTEMPT

Calls Witness a Liar in Special Sessions.

Abraham L. Katlin, State Senator, of 175 Hewes street, Brooklyn, one of the Republicans defeated Tuesday, was fined \$50 in Special Sessions, Brooklyn, yesterday on a charge of assault in the third degree by Traffic Policeman Charles E. Kerrigan. A few minutes later he was charged with contempt for calling Julian Y. Carraba, a Brooklyn lawyer and a witness for the policeman, a liar in the presence of the three judges.

Policeman Kerrigan got in an argument with Senator Katlin over parking rules in Surf avenue last June. The Senator was accused of refusing to move his automobile and pushing the policeman from the running board. He paid the fine under protest and was cited to appear November 24 in the courtroom action.

TO MARRIED MEN

Should you be the first to go, it would be distressing and unfair to your widow to have to select a place of burial when in grief.

You can do it wisely now and certainly save her great mental anguish. Helpful information on request.

Family lots from \$200 up. A deposit of 10 per cent sufficient.

Visitors' automobile sent on request.

KENSICO America's Permanent Burial Park City Office—103 Park Avenue Telephone Murray Hill 1841 Ask for "The Passing of our City Cemeteries"

After the Games

FOR THE YOUNG MISS Who dines and dances at some smart club or restaurant—Gidding features the following:

Chiffon and Taffeta Frocks have gay enchantment in their colors and simplicity in their line—\$55.

Lustrous Velvet Frocks of bright blue, black and burnt orange find their perfected ornaments in a band of fur or a few flowers—\$75.

Outdoor Costumes to be worn at the Football Field—Furs, Hats and Accessories are gathered in the Gidding Misses' Salon at the attractive prices awaiting her choice.

Gidding 56th Street FIFTH AVENUE 57th Street

WILKE PIPES The Decorative Man better not come here. WILKE PIPE SHOP 257 W. 47th St. M. ONLY 5 CENTS Wilke originated Unpatented Better Coat Pipes.

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