Wichita Eagle.

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The Photographer. Pictures in all sizes and styles. He also carries the finest assortment of picture frames in the city. Give him a friendly call and examine samples. d-2-tf

BROWN & CHALLIS,
MAKERS OF THE CELEBRATED CONCRETE
PAVEMENTS!
Desire to inform the citizens of Wichita that they will continue to do their work at the prices already established, and intend to remain in the city where they can be held to a strict account for the fulfillment of their contracts. The street-crossing on Douglas avenue, AND ALL OF OUR WORK, are samples that are equal, if not superior, to any other of the kind. Call on us while at work and see the process. Office at 115 Douglas avenue. J. H. BROWN, d26-tf W. S. CHALLIS.

J. A. HOLLENBERGER,
DENTIST.
Teeth extracted without pain. Fine gold fillings a specialty. Artificial teeth from $5.00 to $50.00 a set. Dental rooms in Lails' block, Douglas avenue, Wichita, Kansas. w-8-tf

J. F. STAFFORD,
DEALER IN
Guns, Pistols and Ammunition
Hunting outfits rented on reasonable terms.
CORNER FIRST & MAIN, WICHITA, KANSAS. tf.

If you are going to buy a Watch, Gun, Pistol, Musical Instrument, Diamond Ring, Sleeve Button, Chain, or, in fact, any thing it will pay you to go and see POST, the Pawnbroker, for if he has anything you want you can save money by buying of him. Two doors west of Tremont House, next to Niederlander's land office, 44 Douglas avenue, Wichita, Kansas. 1-tf

George Borstner,
BOOT & SHOE MAKER

☞ Two Doors East of Tremont House.
Orders promptly attended to on short notice.
Repairing Neatly & Cheaply Done.

56- Choice Lots! -56
FOR SALE
In Turner's addition to the city.
Prices Low. Terms Easy.
Apply to J. R. Turner, or Jocelyn & Thomas.

GREIFFENSTEIN'S
7th and 8th Additions
This is the most desirable residence property in the city.
Prices Low. Terms Easy.

R. MATTHEWS,
DENTIST,
TEMPLE BLOCK.

Pavements!

Being now alone in the business, and having no agents to pay, I have concluded to reduce the price of my pavement to 12½ cents per square foot for the next 60 days; and as there is another party laying a similar walk, I would respectfully invite everybody to inspect my walk in front of the postoffice, and also in front of Robison Bros.' dry goods store and Woodman's bank. Thanking my friends for past favors, and wishing a continuance of the same, I will promise to at all times do you a first-class job. Those wishing anything in my line will please address me through the postoffice, or call on me at my residence on Market street, near street-car track.
d25-tf H. R. BELLAMY.

For Choice, Fresh
GROCERIES!
Fair Treatment and Honest Goods, go to
H. F. RHODES'
GREEN FRONT,
South-east Corner of Douglas Avenue and Market Street. 1-tf

MRS. KLENTZ
—DEALER IN—
MILLINERY
And Human Hair Goods,
Announces that she will not be undersold by any establishment in the city for the next two months, either at wholesale or retail.
Next Door South of Woodman's Bank.

190,000 PEOPLE.

The Center of Kansas' Population.

Many years ago the editor of the EAGLE wrote a long article on the future center of the population of Kansas, in which, among other things, was set forth the probable future density of the population of the southwestern counties, and the result as touching the material and political interests of the state, and the location of the state capital. Another thing asserted in that article was that cut the state in eight equal squares Topeka would be found within five miles of the center of the northeast eighth. The article called out considerable comment of assent and dissent. General D. W. Wilder, then editor of the Fort Scott Monitor, took up the proposition and in connection with his comments published a diagram showing that we were correct.

The convictions and calculations of then have been more than realized. The borders of what was then denominated the great southwest have enlarged, embracing several counties then counted as mere cattle ranges, but now known to be as fine agricultural counties as can be found in the state. A gentleman who had just returned from an extended trip through the counties of Kingman, Pratt, Barber, Edwards and Comanche, informed us yesterday that as fine oats as he ever saw he found growing one hundred and twenty-five miles south west of Wichita, and that the new county of Pratt is dotted all over, upon nearly every quarter section, with pioneer cabins and improvements.

It is no longer questioned that the lands lying south of the main upper Arkansas valley are richer, better watered, and more favorably situated for rain-fall than the lands composing the immediate valley.

We don't know where the center of the state's population is today, but it must be several miles west of Emporia, farther south and west of Topeka, probably, than Topeka is west from the Missouri river. Counties that had, when we wrote that article, but a few hundred each of population, namely, Butler, Cowley, Sedgwick, Sumner, McPherson, Harvey, Kingman, Harper and Barber now have a population aggregating one hundred and ninety thousand (190,000) people. The four first counties named have upwards of 115,000 population.

What does the northwestern portion of the state think of these figures, anyhow We confess that they astonish the writer, who has witnessed the entire development.

7,137,777.92.

The above figures represent the number of dollars at which the aggregated wealth of Sedgwick county was estimated to be worth this spring, on an assessment basis, which basis, probably, means about one-third actual values. For these interesting figures we are indebted to that most competent county clerk in the state, Ed. A. Dorsey. Where did the twenty millions of values come from, who brought them here, and when? They didn't come nor were they brought by anybody. Less than 10 per cent of that grand total was ever brought here. It has been made right here and for the most part in a dozen years.

Looking over the table as furnished us by Mr. Dorsey, we find some interesting points for the local reader. Union township has the greatest number of acres under cultivation, viz: 19,867, followed by Grant with 17,611 acres, then Attica next with 15,413. Grand River has the best, 5,449 acres under cultivation. Attica has the largest per cent of her lands under cultivation, being two-thirds of her entire area. Wichita township lands average the highest in value, being a fraction over $17, or seventeen dollars nine cents and three mills. The lowest Grand River, at $3 74 per acre. The richest township in the county, that is the biggest aggregate of property-dollars is Delano, with $850,000, followed by Grant with $733,000 and Union with $694,000.

The following table will show the grand aggregate of all the townships:

No. acres cultivated	285,061
No. acres not cultivated	341,931
Average value per acre	$6.206
No. improved town lots	2,902
No. of unimproved town lots	6,061
Average value	$149.77
Aggregate value personal property	$1,419,556.00
Aggregate value railroads	449,686.92
Aggregate value of all lands	3,938,290.00
Total valuation	$7,137,777.92

DISTRICT COURT.

The following business was transacted in the district court yesterday, Judge Sims presiding:

The case of H. G. Lee vs. the city of Wichita, in which the plaintiff sued for $1,000, alleged damages sustained, by the city running a ditch through his lots, causing the surplus water of the town to overflow upon the same, occupied the greater part of the day, and was warmly contested on both sides. It was given to the jury about two o'clock p. m., who after being out a short time returned a verdict for the plaintiff, allowing him judgment for $125 and costs.

F. N. Watson vs. I. N. Dean; trial by court; judgment for plaintiff for $15 and costs.

The case of George O. Wells vs. Thos. F. Bryan, was called at a late hour, but before a full jury had been impaneled, court adjourned until this morning at 9 o'clock.

WELLINGTON WAIFS.

The thermometer showed 100 degrees here yesterday.

Mother Hettinger was buried yesterday at 4 o'clock.

Harvest is in full blast, and the wheat is good quality.

H. H. Case plead guilty to keeping a gambling house yesterday and planked down twenty-five dollars.

Oscar Freese, formerly a resident of this city, returned yesterday to Danville, Illinois, after visiting with friends here. Oscar wishes he were in our prosperous city again.

John C. Holden and Messrs. Noble & Collier, druggists of Gueda Springs, plead guilty before 'Squire Gaswell yesterday, and were fined $100 each for selling mineral water without prescription. Their licenses were also revoked.

'Squire Smith, Frank White and Tom Williamson went to Winfield yesterday afternoon, and viewed the quarries whence cometh the stone for our new court house.

It was probably because the writer's chirography looks so much like German that the EAGLE made the name of the newly organized band the Farmers' and Mechanics' when it should have been the Farmers' and Merchants'.

Never before has Sumner county been so happy and prosperous as she is to-day. It now seems that the wheat crop will be gathered safely, and hardly anything can interfere to deprive us of an excellent crop of corn.

Early last Tuesday evening Ret Millard was seen waxing his mustache. This of itself created very little surprise, but later he was caught in the act of fitting a pair of white gloves, and from this on his movements were watched with interest by several of the boys. About 9 o'clock, at the residence of Thos. George, Esq., Rev. Wm. Barker pronounced Miss Alpha Brown his bonnie bride. During the next hour a lively serenade outside kept time for the congratulations and elegant supper inside. Should Ret's friends increase in number he should procure a hall to celebrate his anniversaries. Yesterday the happy pair quietly settled down to housekeeping, and other practical realities of married blessedness.

POSTPONED.

NEW LONDON, June 25.—The Harvard-Columbia freshman race was postponed.

NATIONAL NOTES.

CHALMERS SEATED IN THE HOUSE.

The Democrats of Ohio and Indiana

ADOPT PLATFORMS AND TRANSACT OTHER BUSINESS.

Other Interesting Telegrams From all Parts of the Country.

THE OHIO DEMOCRACY.

COLUMBUS, O., June 25.—Congressman D. R. Page, chairman of the convention, called the Democratic state convention to order at 10:30 a.m. The opera house was not more than two-thirds filled, being the smallest number present at any state convention for years. The committee on permanent organization reported and General E. B. Finley, the chairman, was introduced. He spoke at length on the importance of their action and predicted that the Democrats would carry Ohio in October and reviewed the history of the party in the country. The committee on resolutions, through Elmer White, reported the following platform:

Resolved, That the Democracy of Ohio reaffirm its platform for 1883, as follows: It endorses the principles of the party as expressed in previous state and national platforms in regard to personal liberty, the true function of government, as embraced in the political creed expounded by the founder of the Democratic party, Thomas Jefferson, and the application of these principles to the present condition of the country; demands the purification of the public service and the punishment of robbers of the public treasury; the equalization of all public burdens; the arrest of profligacy and extravagance; that the corrupt administration of public affairs ought to cease; they demand a change in the policy that has long been pursued by the Republican party favoring individual and class interests at the expense of the laboring men and wealth producing people of the country, and we renew our previous declarations for staple money, the gradual extinction of the public debt, and the payment of pensions to all disabled soldiers, their widows and orphans.

2. We favor tariff for revenue limited to the necessities of the government economically administered and so adjusted in the application as to prevent unequal burdens, and to encourage productive industries at home; to afford just compensation to labor, but not to create or foster monopolies.

3. That the just demands of the wool growers of Ohio and the country for an equitable readjustment of the duties on wool, unjustly reduced by a Republican congress so that this industry shall be fully and equally favored with other industries, ought to be complied with, and we endorse the action of the Democratic members of congress from Ohio in their efforts to accomplish this result.

4. The Democratic party is and and always has been opposed to sumptuary legislation and unequal taxation in any form, and is in favor of the largest liberty of private conduct consistent with public welfare and the rights of others, and of regulating the liquor traffic and providing against the evils arising therefrom, by a judicious and properly graded license system.

5. That we commend the action of the Democratic legislature in its abolition of the contract labor system and its reform of prison management, and we endorse the legislature and executive in their economical administration of the state.

6. The protection of the government is due to all American citizens, native and foreign born, abroad and at home.

After the announcement of district delegates the convention proceeded to the selection of delegates at large, and John R. McLean, Allen G. Thurman, Gen. Durbin Ward and Jacob Mueller were elected by acclamation. The name of Thurman was received with applause.

The state ticket was named as follows: Secretary of state, James W. Newman, of Portsmouth, renominated; supreme judge, C. D. Martin, of Lancaster; member of the board of public works, John H. Benfor, of Tuscarawas. Adjourned.

Developments after the convention show that it was intended to make a stiff fight against McLean, the opposition centering against him as Payne's friend and the man who opposed Pendleton, Thurman and Woods' interests in the recent senatorial contest. Before going east Gov. Hoadley left a list of men for delegates, including Gen. Morgan, adjutant Finley and T. E. Powell, and agreed to accept McLean as a compromise for the fourth place in the district. Hoadley controlled a large majority of the whole delegation. The success of McLean is attributed to the unswerved support of Hamilton county, which gave him all its sixty-three votes, and never before voting solid in a state convention. The election of McLean is causing quite a sensation. Many of the older politicians are amazed and some disgusted at the success of a man who has been denounced all over the state for his audacity and outlawry in politics. McLean says he is for Hoadly, and this is regarded as a plain indication that there will be a bitter fight in the Ohio delegation at Chicago. The stampede started with the election of Ward was to include Thurman, Pendleton and Congressman Warner. The plan was arrested, and the next move was to nominate by acclamation, to which motion Thurman was attached, and then McLean and Thurman were elected by one vote, after which Lieutenant-Governor Muller, a prominent German and personal friend of Payne, was selected. The delegation is strongly for a western man for president, although unable to agree upon an Ohio man, and they are solid against any reduction in the tariff. The delegation stand thirty-eight for either Payne or Hoadly and eight against either one of them, and will probably never vote as a unit.

INDIANA DEMOCRATS.

INDIANAPOLIS, June 25.—The platform adopted by the Democratic state convention insists upon economy; condemns the present extravagant conduct of public affairs by the Republican party; demands a revision of the tariff; favors such an adjustment within the revenue standard as will relieve as far as possible the necessaries of life from the burdens of taxation and supply the principal amount of revenue for the support of the government, and the surplus to be applied to the payment of the public debt; favors the enforcement of the national eight hour labor law; deprecates the competition of prison labor; protests against foreign contract labor; approves the passage by the legislature of the Metropolitan Police bill, whereby the notoriously partisan police at the state capital who have been laboring for the Republican party, have been superseded by non-partisan men, equally divided as to politics; opposes the calling of the proposed convention to alter and amend the state constitution as a needless, extravagant and disturbing measure; opposes any change in the constitution which would abridge the property rights of citizens, or unjustly interfere with their personal liberty as to what they shall eat or drink, believing a well regulated license system the best mode of treating the liquor traffic, and opposing the prohibition amendment; demands the repeal of laws enacted by the Republican party designed to place the elections under Federal control in violation of the rights of states, and denounces the fraud of 1876; arraigns the Republican party for manifold forms of corruption; commends the record of Senator Voorhees; presents the name of Joseph E. McDonald as the man in every way fitted for the high office of president, and instructs the delegates to the national convention to employ all proper efforts in his support.

The state central committee held a meeting and organized by electing Ebenezer Henderson chairman, and J. L. Riley secretary. The delegates to the national convention held a conference, and determined to do everything possible to secure the nomination of McDonald, and adjourned to meet at Chicago, July 5, for organization.

JOHN KELLY TALKS.

NEW YORK, June 25.—John Kelly made the following statement to-day in regard to the presidential nominees: "I am opposed to Governor Cleveland, but only because I believe there are other men better fitted to receive the nomination. I have been brought in contact with many people, both Republicans and Democrats throughout the city, and all express the wish that Bayard should receive the nomination. I hope so myself, and believe that if nominated he will be elected. The opposition to Bayard because of his so-called record is absurd. In fact, I think this 'bloody shirt' business is played out."

PRESS PRIVILEGES.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., June 25.—Austin H. Brown, of this city, chairman of the press committee of the Democratic national convention, has already received and registered several hundred applications for press privileges. Those from daily papers alone are equal to double the space allotted for special reporters. Many who expect desk privileges must not be disappointed, and will have to be satisfied with seats in the auditorum. Brown reports that at a meeting of the subcommittee, held at Chicago, last week, it was decided that no clubs or associations would be admitted as such, and members of such organizations must look to delegates for tickets.

SECOND AMENDMENT ADVOCATES.

COLUMBUS, June 25.—The second amendment advocates held their state convention to-day and adopted a constitution for permanent organization. The object is to hold together the second amendment voters of Ohio. The constitution provides that a regular list of officers shall be elected on the last Wednesday in June of each year, with committemen in each congressional district. Hon. Miles Goodner was made president till the next regular convention.

CONGRESSIONAL.

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Consideration of the legislation bill was resumed.

Beck opposed the amendment proposed by the senate committee on appropriations striking out the clause consolidating and reorganizing the customs collection districts. The keeping up of districts that did not pay expenses was merely to support a lot of election bummers. That was the meaning of it. Employes were kept because they contributed to the success of the party in power. He had not wished to say this on the floor of the senate, but he felt obliged to say it. The secretary of the treasury, Beck, said, admitted that fact.

Allison, Slater, Hawley, Dawes, Sewell, Jones of Florida, and Lapham supported the committee's proposition.

Ingalls remarked that if the house of representatives should send the senate an appropriation bill with a clause limiting the number of postoffices in the United States to sixty-nine the case would be parallel with that under discussion. After further debate the committee's amendment was agreed to, striking out the clause directing the consolidation—yeas, 41; nays 13. Adjourned.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, D. C., June 25.—Davis, of Missouri, reported the minority resolutions in regard to the Chalmers contested election case, which are as follows:

Resolved, That the means and methods employed by the Federal administration in securing the election of Jas. R. Chalmers as a member of the house of representatives of the Forty-eighth congress are, as appears by the minority report and evidence on file, repugnant to and subversive of true republican government, and said election is, therefore, declared void.

Resolved further, That the said Chalmers having accepted the office of special assistant United States district attorney for the northern and southern districts of Mississippi since said election, and holding said office up to and beyond the 1st of February, 1884, is ineligible to a seat in this congress, and a vacancy exists in the Second congressional district of Mississippi. After debate Cook demanded the previous question. The vote recurred on the second resolution presented by the minority. It was lost, 46 to 98. The first minority resolution was also lost, yeas 56, nays 161, and the majority resolution was adopted without division. Chalmers then appeared at the bar of the house and took the oath of office. The house resumed consideration of the "Backbone" railroad company forfeiture bill, and without action adjourned.

THE CHOLERA AT TOULON.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Secretary Frelinghuysen received to-night the following telegram from Frank H. Mason, United States consul at Marseilles, with regard to the recent outbreak of cholera at Toulon:

MARSEILLES, June 25.—To the State Department at Washington—The cholera at Toulon was kept a secret until yesterday. On the 14th there was one death; 20th two; 21st three; 22d thirteen; 23d five and yesterday twelve. The cases are of a mild character. There has been only one death at noon. Hospital deaths are equally divided between civilians and military, and chiefly among the aged or young. The question as to whether it is Asiatic or sporadic is still undecided, but the former is probable. There are hopes of checking the epidemic by sanitary precautions.

POSTPONED PAYMENT.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 25.—The Central Pacific will postpone for a time the payment of the salaries due employees this month in order to meet pressing current expenses. The company has suffered heavily on account of recent washouts and the consequent decrease in traffic.

OVER THE OCEAN.

THE CHOLERA STILL CONTINUES AT TOULON.

Quarantine Precautions Taken at Various Points.

THE CHINESE EXPELLING RUSSIAN RESIDENTS OF TURKESTAN.

Other News Notes Received by Cable From Foreign Lands.

ENGLAND.

LONDON, June 25.—The new Cunard steamer "Umbria" was launched today. Her tonnage is 8,000 tons, and her engine is the most powerful in the world, it being 12,500 horse-power.

Advices from Eastern Turkestan state that the Chinese government of Kashgar has ordered Russian residents to quit certain stations and forbidden Chinese trade with Russians.

The steamer "Faraday" passed Lizzard to-day. After laying the shore end of the Bennett-Mackey cable to Waterstille, she goes to Cork to coal and will then complete the cable.

At the farewell meeting of Moody at Exeter hall to-night fully 4,000 converts were present. Hymns were sung and tea served, after which Mr. Moody, and Rev. Mr. Brooks of St. Louis, delivered addresses. Mr. Moody was warmly cheered. The proposition to form open air volunteer male choirs for evangloistic purposes as a memorial of Moody's work was responded to by hundreds of converts, whereupon arrangements were made for the formation of choirs to be known as "Exeter Hall Male Choirs."

The Times says the efforts of the conservatives to force a vote of censure of the government will only result in their humiliating defeat and may endanger the national interests.

FRANCE.

PARIS, June 25.—The Franco-American committee will deliver the Bartholdi statue of liberty enlightening the world to United States Minister Morton July 8, in the presence of Prime Minister Ferry and a delegate representing President Grevy. The statue will be shipped to New York late in July.

The Chateau formerly belonging to the Empress Eugenie is being prepared for the accommodation of five hundred cholera patients.

TOULON, June 25.—There were five deaths from cholera to-day. There has been no further admissions of cholera patients into civil hospitals.

At a meeting of physicians to-day in relation to the cholera, a majority expressed the opinion that it was Asiatic.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, June 25.—Dr. Varlan, a naturalized British subject, was brutally assaulted at Nazareth. As the local officials refused to give him redress, Earl Dufferin, the British ambassador, appealed to the porte.

CANADA.

TORONTO, June 25.—At the session to-day of the Toronto Methodist conference, the report of the committee on temperance advocating prohibition, was adopted and a resolution passed to memorialize the governor for a vote on the question of prohibition; also to memorialize the general conference for an order to use unfermented wine in the sacrament of the Lord's supper.

MONTREAL, June 25.—The second day of the St. Jean Baptist celebration passed off without any accident. The allegorical procession was a most imposing affair.

SCOTLAND.

GLASGOW, June 25.—The court of inquiry in the collision of the steamers State of Florida and Pomona finds Thomson, chief officer of the Florida, to blame for the calamity and the great loss of life. It advises the suspension of his certificate as master for six months.

IRELAND

BELFAST, June 25.—Armstrong's omnibus factory and buildings in the vicinity were burned. Thirty-nine horses perished.

EGYPT.

ALEXANDRIA, June 25.—The Egyptian authorities will quarantine against French vessels.

A BLACK FIEND.

GALVESTON, Tex., June 25.—The News' Dallas, Texas, special says: A number of small burglaries and other outrages are of nightly occurrence lately. Toward daylight this morning the residence of W. H. Flipper, banker, was entered by a negro through a second story window. Mrs. Flipper awoke and discovered the negro going through the bureau drawers. Two small children were in bed with their mother, Flipper being in Europe. Mrs. Flipper screamed and the negro grabbed her neck, choked her severely and otherwise maltreated her. He then made his escape. Officers have been searching for the negro all day. The city is intensely excited. At 10 o'clock to-night detectives arrested a negro answering the description given by the assaulted lady. The evidence against him is strong. The officers are guarding him in the open air. Upwards of five hundred armed men have surrounded the jail, determined not to allow the negro to be locked up. He will be taken before Mrs. Flipper for identification in the morning. If he proves to be the right party he will be immediately hanged or burned at the stake. Mrs. Flipper is in a critical condition to-night. She imagines a black fiend is after her, and screams out every few moments in a pitiable manner. Squads of armed men are parading the streets to-night.

WHO WILL TAKE HIM UP.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The Turf, Field and Farm says: Wednesday, the 25th, a check came to this office, drawn by J. I. Case to the order of Hamilton Busby for $5,000, which we are authorized to hold as a forfeit. The proposition forwarded from Cleveland with the check is this: Mr. Case is willing to match "Jay Eye See" for a race or an exhibition heat against any horse for $10,000 a side, half forfeit, to be trotted either at Hartford, Providence or Chicago, as may be mutually agreed upon, each party to choose a judge and they a third. The Turf, Field and Farm to be stake holder.

BLAINE AT LEWISTON.

LEWISTON, Me., June 25.—James G. Blaine arrived in Lewiston this evening and received an ovation from the crowds assembled at the railway station. He at once drove to the residence of Col. Drew, whose guest he is during his stay here. After tea a procession composed of local military organizations and the reception committee in carriages went to Col. Drew's residence, where they received Blaine and escorted him to the hall, which was densely packed. When Blaine stepped on the platform he was greeted with a tumultuous cheers. A. R. Savage, on behalf of the committee of arrangements delivered a brief address of welcome. Mr. Blaine replied expressing his appreciation of this demonstration by the people of his sister city. He received it as a welcome from old friends, Republicans and Democrats, making no allusion to political matters. At the conclusion of his remarks Blaine held an informal reception and many embraced the opportunity to take him by the hand. To-morrow Blaine will attend the exercises at Bates college.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL ASSEMBLY.

OTTAWA, Kan., June 25.—The second day's meeting of the inter state Sunday school assembly found the attendance largely increased. The different classes were organized and began their work. The musical chorus is very large, and already sing finely. Mrs. Lizzie C. Ross, of Worcester, Mass., gave the afternoon lecture at the tabernacle on "Aims." E. A. Spring, the sculptor gave a public illustration of clay modeling. After making several animals for the children, he made a bas relief in clay and changed its appearance from joy to sorrow and from man to woman with marvelous rapidity and skill. There was quite a blow in the afternoon which upset several tents and made a temporary excitement but did no harm. Doctor Snowden gave the evening lecture on "What to Read and how to Read it." To-morrow there will be the usual class exercises in the afternoon, and a lecture on "Bible Orientalism," by Mr. Ostrander, illustrated by fourteen ladies and gentlemen in costume in the evening. There will be a grand concert under the supervision of Prof. Sherwin to-morrow. A large excursion is to come from Lawrence.

POISONED.

PITTSBURG, Pa., June 25.—A special to the Post from Cool Bluff, Pennsylvania, says: Last Saturday evening eleven persons ate ice cream in Conlin's saloon, and within an hour the entire party were attacked with vomiting and violent pains in the stomach. Their suffering was intense and several of them were thrown into convulsions. The party consisted of Mr. Conlin, wife and child, Joseph Conlin, Mrs. Wilson, a widow, and three children, Thomas Williams, Robert Cook and a colored man. One of Mrs. Wilson's children died yesterday and to night one of the men died. Cook and Mr. and Mrs. Conlin are not expected to live and the children are very low. It is supposed that it was poisoned from vanilla flavoring.

MOBBED.

KANSAS CITY, June 25.—A party of about fifteen armed men visited the railroad station at the village of Harlem, opposite this city, last night and took James Engalls, a colored laborer employed at the station, carried him to the woods, beat and choked him and left him apparently for dead. Engalls was in jail at Liberty, charged with larceny eight months ago, but was released for lack of evidence. Soon afterward he was mobbed and run out of town. It is supposed the affair last night was the outgrowth of the former one. The operator at Harlem was prevented by threats from giving an alarm.

Later information from Harlem indicates that Engall's injuries do not extend beyond a severe horse whipping. He has been accused of a number of petty offenses. The operator says he was not threatened. He thought it wise, however, to offer no opposition, as the men were armed.

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, June 25.—The Republicam national committee have nearly all arrived in this city. It is said tonight that F. B. Jones, of Pittsburg, will preside at the meeting of the committee to-morrow, and that S. B. Elkins, of New Mexico, will be secretary. The permanent headquarters of the committee have been engaged at 242 Fifth avenue. Several members of the executive committee of the Democratic national committee are in town.

BALLOTING FOR GOVERNOR.

NEW ORLEANS, June 25.—The Picayune's Pensacola special says: The first ballot for governor in the Democratic convention was as follows: General E. A. Perry, 95; General Wm. Miller, 16; Samuel Pasco, 85 3-5; W. D. Barnes, 78 2-5; blank, 1. Second ballot, Perry, 100; Pasco, 98 4-5; Barnes, 89 1-5; blank 2. Adjourned until to-morrow.

AMICABLY SETTLED.

CHICAGO, June 25.—The differences in the Northwestern Traffic association on Lake Superior business, which at one time threatened to disrupt the pool and endanger the integrity of other western pools, was amicably adjusted. It is rumored in railroad circles here that H. M. Hoxie, third vice-president and general manager, R. S. Hays, first vice-president, and George Olds, traffic manager, all of the Wabash road, will soon retire from connection with that road, going to the Missouri Pacific.

MURDER AND SUICIDE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., June 25.—Albertina Anderson was shot dead this morning by Wm. C. Milton, who then blew his own brains out. The cause was her refusal to marry him. In a letter left Milton says Miss Anderson was known as Mrs. Backmann, having one child by Mr. Backmann, clerk of the Danish consulate at New York. Milton, who was a widower, left three young children confided to the care of the Danish consulate at this city.

TERRIFIC HURRICANE.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, June 25.—A terrific hurricane visited this city this afternoon. The exhibition building at the race track, which cost $11,000, was leveled to the ground and torn to shreds. It was insured for $5,500. Davis' circus tent was blown down and otherwise damaged to the amount of $5,000. A large number of shade trees were broken, chimneys blown over and houses unroofed.

WASHINGTON NOTES.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—A large painting of Mrs. President Polk, presented by the ladies of Tennessee, has been hung in the green room of the white house.

The cabinet reached no conclusion to-day relative to the Fitz John Porter bill.

NOMINATIONS.

WASHINGTON, June 25.—Andrew J. Evans, United States attorney for the western district of Texas; Penumbra Kelly, United States marshal for Oregon; Jesse W. George, United States marshal for the territory of Washington; George A. Worley, register of land office at Springfield, Mo.

PERFECT HARMONY.

PENSACOLA, Fla., June 25.—The Democratic state convention organized with J. T. McClelland as permanent chairman. Every county is represented. There is perfect harmony.

FAILURES.

NEW ORLEANS, June 25.—Two failures in the cotton trade are announced. Bird & Legendre and Conrad Kresner. The amount involved is very small.

FAILED.

ROME, Ga., June 25.—R. T. & C. B. Hargrave, bankers, failed to-day. Liabilities, $60,000; nominal assets, $75,000.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

WICHITA MARKETS.

Live Stock.

Shipping steers	$3 00@3 60
Butchers' steers	3 25@3 60
Fat cows and heifers	3 25@4 00
Fat shipping hogs, best	4 00@4 50
Stock and feeding hogs	4 00@4 40
Sheep	2 25@3 50

Produce.

	Wholesale.	Retail.
Potatoes, per bu	75@85	75@1 00
Eggs	12½	15
Butter	10@12	12@15
Cheese	15	20
Chickens, per lb	6	8
Chickens, per dozen	2 00@2 50	each, 25
S. C. Hams	13½	16½
S. C. Bk. Bacon	12	15
Bacon sides	10½	12½
D. S. Sides	9½	12
Shoulders	8	10
Lard	9½	12½
Corn meal	1 00	1 20
Flour, high patent		3 50
Flour, patent		3 05
Flour, XXXX		2 75
Flour XXX		2 50
Chop feed		80@1 00
Bran		80
Shorts		90

Grain.

Milling wheat	80@84
Shipping wheat	50@65
Corn	35@
Oats	25@
Corn, pure white	40@

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, June 25, 1884.

GOVERNMENT BONDS—Generally lower.

U. S. 2-per-cents	100 @
U. S. 4½-per-cents	110½@
U. S. 4-per-cents	115¼@

STATE SECURITIES—More doing.

RAILWAY BONDS—Generally stronger.

Missouri Pacific 6's bonds	105
Hannibal & St. Joseph bonds	108
Central Pacific stocks	83½
Chicago & Alton	120½
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	109½
Denver & Rio Grande	8
Hannibal & St. Joseph	28½
Hannibal & St. Joseph preferred (asked)	38½
Missouri Pacific	92½
Northern Pacific	17¼
Northwestern	95½
New York Central	103½
Rock Island	104½
Union Pacific	35½
Wabash	4½
Western Union	82½

Kansas City Live Stock.

KANSAS CITY, June 25, 1884.

The Live-Stock Indicator reports:

CATTLE—Receipts, 1,563; market steady; Native steers averaging 1,200 to 1,500 lbs, $5.00@6.30; averaging 950 to 1,100 lbs, $3.00@5.50; stockers and feeders, $4.25@4.90; cows, fair to good, $3.25@4.00.

HOGS—Receipts, 6,951; market steady but weaker; lots averaging 245 to 305 lbs, sold at $4.75@5.05; bulk at $4.85@4.95.

SHEEP—Receipts, 162; market quiet; natives averaging 64 to 108 lbs sold at $3.25@3.50.

St. Louis Grain and Produce.

ST. LOUIS, June 25, 1884.

FLOUR—Market unchanged.

WHEAT—Market fairly firm, with slight fluctuations, closing a shade below yesterday. No. 2 red, $1.05@1.05¼ cash; 92⅞@92⅞c, closing at 92⅞c. July; 90⅞@90⅞c closing at 90⅞c. August; 91⅛@91⅛c, closing at 91⅛c. September; 92½c October. No. 3 red 92c.

CORN—Market lower; 52@52½c cash; 52½c June; 51½@51½c July; 51½@52c August; 52½c September.

OATS—Market very slow; 32½c cash; 29½c July; 25½c August.

RECEIPTS—Flour, 3,000 barrels; wheat, 12,000 bushels; corn, 66,000 bushels; oats, 14,000 bushels; rye, none; barley, none.

SHIPMENTS—Flour, 10,000 barrels; wheat, 6,000 bushels; corn, 41,000 bushels; oats, none; rye, 5,000; barley, none.

St. Louis Live Stock.

ST. LOUIS, June 25, 1884.

CATTLE—Receipts, 3,000; shipments, 1,200; top grades and natives slow; medium weights steady and in good demand; grass Texans and Indians active and firmer; exports, $5.70@6.80; good to choice shipping, $6.10@6.40; common to medium, $5.40@6.00; grass-fed natives, $4.50@5.50; grass-fed Texans, $4.50@5.00.

SHEEP—Receipts, 1,300; shipments, 1,300; best grades firm; common not wanted; medium to good, $3.25@4.00; good to choice, $4.25@4.75; choice to extra, $4.90@5.25.

Chicago Grain and Produce.

CHICAGO, June 25, 1884.

FLOUR—Quiet.

WHEAT—Demand active; nominally stronger; opened firm and rose ⅛c, but heavy offerings and the reported bank failures at the east caused a decline of ⅞c. These rumors proving untrue, the speculative demand improved and prices rallied ½c; later the market was a shade easier, closing ⅛@⅛c below yesterday. June, 85⅞@86⅛c, closing at 86c; July, 86⅞@87⅛c, closing at 86⅞c; August, 88⅛@88⅛c, closing at 88⅛c; September, 88⅞@89⅛c, closing 88⅞c. No. 2 spring, 85⅞@86⅛c.

CORN—In fair demand but unsettled and easier; opened ⅛@⅜c higher, declined, rallied ⅛@⅜c, fell ⅛c, closing ⅛@⅜c below yesterday. Cash, 54⅛@54⅞c, closing at 54⅛c; June, 54⅛@55⅛c, closing at 54⅝c; July, 55@55⅛c, closing at 55⅛c; August, 55⅛@55⅛c, closing at 55⅛c; September 55⅛@55⅞c; year, 46⅛@47⅛c.

OATS—Market quiet; opened stronger but reacted. Cash, 31⅛@31⅛c; June, 31⅛@31⅛c, closing at 31⅛c; July, 31⅛@31⅛