Wichita Daily Eagle.

VOLUME 1. WICHITA, KANSAS, SATURDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 11, 1884. NUMBER 126

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

W. M. JOHNSON, M. D.,
Homeopathist. Temple block, third stairway north of postoffice; Wichita, Kansas. Office hours from 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. Chronic diseases a specialty. 123-tf

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DR. W. L. DOYLE,
Dentist. Office over Barnes & Son's drug store, Centennial block, Wichita. 41-

L. F. SHERWOOD,
Dentist. Office in Ferrell Building opposite postoffice, Main street, Wichita, Kansas. Teeth extracted without pain by nitrous oxide gas.

G. W. C. JONES,
Attorney-at-law. Office in Eagle block, over Hovey & Co.'s dry goods store. 72-20-tf*

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Architects and Superintendents. Office in Roys' block, Wichita, Kansas. 2-tf

D. W. SMITH,
Dentist. Eagle building, Douglas avenue, Wichita, Kansas.

HARRIS & HARRIS & FIREBAUGH,
Attorneys at Law, Commercial block, Wichita, Kansas.

J. M. BALDERSTON,
Attorney at Law, Wichita, Sedgwick county Kansas. Office in Centennial Block.

G. W. COLLINGS, ROBT. M. PIATT
COLLINGS & PIATT,
Attorneys at Law. Will practice in both state and Federal courts. Office in Temple block, Main street, second stairway north of Postoffice. Wichita, Kansas

E. B. RENTZ,
Physician and Surgeon. Office over Fuller & Son's grocery.

J. J. CRIST,
Architect and Superintendent. Office, Emil Werner's block, Douglas avenue, between Topeka avenue and Lawrence St., Wichita, Kan.

R. MATTHEWS,
Dentist. Office in Temple block. 1-tf

STANLEY & WALL,
Attorneys at Law, Wichita, Kansas. Office over Citizens' bank.

O. D KIRK,
Attorney at Law—Room No. 3, U. S. Land office building, Wichita, Kansas.

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HOUSTON & BENTLEY,
Attorneys at Law Office over Kansas National bank, Wichita, Kan.

STOVER & BACHTEL,
Contractors and builders, on First street, west of County building.

E. H. BROWN,
Auctioneer. Clearwater, Kansas. 108-3m*

J. F. LAUCK,
Attorney at Law, Wichita, Kansas

E C RUGGLES,
Attorney-at-law. Office over No. 32, Main Street, Wichita, Kansas. 52-

J. C. HERRING,
Civil Engineer and Real Estate Agent. Temple block near Postoffice. Wichita, Kansas.

DR. J. C. DEAN,
Dentist. Rooms in Field building, Main street, opposite Harding & Fisher's. 12-51-

W. F. WALKER,
Attorney at Law. Office over Kansas National bank

R. C. SCHROEDER,
Physician and surgeon. Office west side of Main street in W. Winch's new building, near postoffice. Residence on Main street, bet. Central and Third streets, Wichita. d-102-m

AMUSEMENTS.

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OCTOBER 10th & 11th.

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Dramatic Company!

OPERA HOUSE,

Tuesday Evening, October 14,

AN EVENING OF HEARTY LAUGHTER.

Appearance of the distinguished comedian,

SOL SMITH RUSSELL

In J. E. Brown's successful comedy,

EDGEWOOD FOLKS

TOM DILLOWAY, - SOL SMITH RUSSELL

In which character he will introduce his famous songs, specialties and impersonations. The supporting company has been selected from the front rank of the dramatic profession.

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Fine Ground and Bolted Corn Meal.

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Every Thing Kept in a First-Class Drug Store.

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VALLEY CITIES.

RAMBLING NOTES ABOUT PROPEROUS TOWNS.

The Flourishing Towns of Sumner and Cowley Counties as Noted by our Traveling Correspondent.

When the train pulled out of Mulvone the other night and left me there against my will I was sad, so to speak. Just then the smoke from the locomotive rose up in the air in a perfect circle, jet black and as distinct and clearly seen as if it was iron. It retained its perfect shape and rose higher and higher, drawing the attention of many in the city, until finally it melted away. I like Mulvane. The business men are enterprising and successful as well. I don't know where I have found a better conducted house than the Union hotel, with Daniel Lane as proprietor. Mr. Lane is a blessing to Mulvane for he has invested several thousand dollars in the hotel business there and keeps a good house, a place where every traveling man feels contented, because every want is attended to, and such a hotel is of incalculable value to any town.

C. H. Bigwood, of Udall, is going to Wichita soon to work at the plasterer's trade.

It is strange but true that the Methodists have no church at Derby. Several other flourishing societies, some with fine buildings, are building up strongholds but the Methodist people, usually the first in any place, have not yet found Derby.

Rev. J. R. McQuown has sold his property in Mulvane and will move to Clearwater, where he goes as pastor of the Presbyterian church.

The firm of Dale & Werden, of Udall, has been dissolved, Mr. Werden continuing the hardware business and Mr. Dale buying grain.

It has been raining all over southern Kansas in spots—small ones—for a week or more, but as yet I have seen but one field of green wheat. The farmers say it will not germinate until we have a good heavy rain.

Daniel Burman, for some time landlord of the Commercial House, Udall, has moved to Wichita, and is succeeded by T. M. Kelly, the owner of the hotel, who has began extensive improvements in the building.

Mulvane stands a good show of getting a flouring mill, a gentleman in the east having written that he would be there soon seeking a location. Udall is also taking steps to secure a mill. Good large ones ought to do well in both places.

Every town in southern Kansas has from one to two dozen business men who were "formerly from Wichita."

Winfield prides herself as much on her stone sidewalks as Wichita does on her shade trees, and with good reason, for I don't believe there is a city in the state so well provided with good walks.

Mr. W. M. Gall, the architect who planned the Wichita high school and the Baptist church, has been in Arkansas City for several months, but is now preparing to remove to Kansas City.

The Caldwell people have been holding a fair this week. They have very fine grounds near town and have made an excellent track, a large amphitheater and a handsome fine art hall. The latter contained a good display of the wares of Caldwell and vicinity. The farmers contributed very fine specimens of fruit and vegetables. No cattle were on the grounds owing to the fact that Texas fever has made its appearance in the town and a good many cattle have died. The chief attraction of the fair was the ball fights, one occurring one three successive days. The Caldwell people are somewhat elated because theirs was the first successful fight on American soil, and they hope to receive all the credit for introducing this harmless pastime to the United States. No one need have any scruples against attending of those fights, should they become common, for it costs only a dollar to see the sport and it don't seem to hurt the bulls at all; at least it has not yet so far as I have heard.

Arkansas City is one of the best towns I have seen. The place has doubled in population in during the last year and now contains about 3200, an enumeration having recently been made and the town declared a city of the second class. It lays on a knoll midway between the Arkansas and Walnut rivers, and I don't think I ever saw a better place for a town site. The city covers the hill and extends down across the bottom lands and will some day, I belive, reach the hills beyond. Besides its natural beauty, the city has been improved by the planting years ago of thousands of trees which have made a heavy growth and gives a stranger the impression that the place is much older than it really is. Then there are handsome residences and well kept lawns and a look of thrift on every hand. There are some beautiful blocks and two very good hotels. The Leland, where I spent a few days, being one of the best I have found in my travels. Major Haze is building one of the largest and most costly business blocks west of the Missouri river, it being 128 feet front by 132 in depth and three stories high with a ten foot basement. The entire structure is made of cut stone with heavy cornice and ornamented in front with seven bay windows the full heighth of the second and third stairs. The building will be supplied with every possible convenience. I found Ed Grady, who is known by every old resident of Wichita, doing a very large lumber business and one of the most prominent merchants in town. His enthusiasm over Arkansas City knows no bounds and he improved his first opportunity to show me over the entire city and point out every flame of interest, of which there are many. My short stay there did not give me an opportunity to describe this enterprising and growing town, but I hope in a short time to spend a few days there and will then mention some of their natural advantages and business enterprises.

Newt Miller, so well and favorably known in Wichita, was general superintendent of the Caldwell fair. He is doing well in the feed and sale business in that place.

Prof. E. L. Hallock is traveling through this part of the state selling school books and furniture. He seems to enjoy his new business. RALPH.

Grand matinee this afternoon at the opera house.

The Zephyr mills that have been lying idle for some time past, were yesterday started on corn. Within a few days it is expected that they will be running full blast on the regular line of miller's products.

The little boy which we reported yesterday as getting separated from his father and being traced to the Chisholm creek bridge, was found by the police about dark near the above place and restored to his delighted parent.

The remains of two defunct canines lay on the highway nearly opposite the Occidental. For the health and dignity of the city and to the honor of the dead, let them receive a decent and early interment.

Messrs. Bunnell & Roys have in their office the dozen ears of corn that received first premium at our fair, also the four varieties of apples that captured the same prize, collection of sweet potatoes, and corn stalks that bend down two feet in a two-foot room and where the ears are ten feet from the roots.

The schools were visited yesterday by a representatiue of the Clifford dramatic company and a pressure brought to bear to induce a large attendance of the scholars to this afternoon's matinee. Tickets of this kind were made uniform, without regard to age, at fifteen cents each and it is expected that a very large attendance will be had to see the beautiful southern costume play, of the "Planter's Wife."

Our reporter learns that their is some talk of a postmortem examination having been made in the cases of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas McCampbell and that there was something unusual and peculiar in the disease. If such was the fact it would seem not out of place to inform the public. It was thought that both taking so suddenly ill at the same time, that they might have accidently taken poison. If such was the fact there could be no harm in letting the facts be known. If the poison came of eating chickens that were effected by some unknown malady that ought to be known as a warning.

EMANUEL SWEDENBORG.

A minister of the New Church, who is eminent in the teachings of Emanuel Swedenborg, will fill the pulpit at the Baptist church in this city to-morrow morning and evening. His name is Gustav Reiche, and his home is in Booneville, Mo., where for years he filled the position of United States Register. We can vouch for the doctor's soundness politically, and we have no doubt he will prove interesting and instructive in the sacred desk. His text for the morning discourse will be, "My words are Spirit and Life." In the evening he will give a lecture entitled, "The Individuality and Immortality of the Human Soul, in Contradistinction to the Teachings of Materialism." We bespeak for Mr. Reiche a full house. We are sure the matter will be instructive and of supreme importance.

NEXT WEDNESDAY.

Next Wednesday will witness the grandest political demonstration in Wichita that ever occurred in southern Kansas. It is a meeting arranged for by the state central committee to be one of seven of state importance at which all the leading speakers will be present, coming here from their several fields of labor. The details have been left with the local committee here who have engaged three halls and three bands of music, for both day and evening. The Flambeau club and the Plumed Knights and the Blaine and Logan clubs will all take part. The Flambeau club will give the grandest pyrotechnical display ever seen in this section of the state, the fire works having been received by express yesterday. Everybody is invited and all Republicans of the county earnestly requested to be present and participate. The committee has heard from leading Republicans in surrounding towns and many will be here to swell the throng.

DULL THUG.

Charles W. Butler Hanged for the Murder of his Wife.

HE MARCHES TO THE SCAFFOLD BY THE MUSIC OF AN ACCORDEON.

Other Various Crimes Committed Throughout the Country.

Executed.

FORT WAYNE, Ind., Oct. 10.—Charles W. Butler, one of the most noted criminals of Ohio, son of Dr. Geo. Butler, a wealthy physician of Columbus, Ohio, was executed at Columbia City, Ind., to-day for the murder of Abbie Butler, his wife, at Pierceton, Ind., September 29, 1883. After his arrest for the murder, Butler was incarcerated in jail at Columbia City to await his trial. During confinement in jail he succeeded in effecting his escape, and for some days was at liberty, but was subsequently recaptured. His trial occupied nearly a month, and all that wealth and influence could do was done to save him from the gallows; but with no avail. Up to last evening Butler preserved a most stoical indifference as to his awful fate, but when advices were received last night that the supreme court and the governor refused to interfere in his behalf, Butler broke completely down and wept bitterly. He asked for a Catholic priest to administer spiritual consolation. Father Pellbake responded and administered the rites of baptism and absolution. The prisoner retired last night and slept soundly until 5 a. m., he then arose, dressed, and partook of a hearty meal. The priest called this morning and remained with the condemned man until the execution. He assumed again his stoical attitude and had very little to say while the priest and sheriff were with him. In the cell Butler played several airs on his accordeon, and at 9 o'clock took an affectionate farewell of his sisters. Just before marching to the scaffold he played several airs on his accordeon, concluding with the song "Farewell," and then began dancing, but was interrupted by the sheriff entering to read the death warrant. At 12 o'clock the prisoner was handcuffed, and accompanied by the priest, sheriff and deputies, was marched to the scaffold. Butler stepped near the drop and made a ranting, incoherent speech of a few minutes in which he said all connected with his trial and execution would be sorry for it. After the conclusion of his speech, the priest, prisoner and attendants knelt in prayer, and when through, Butler walked to the edge of the drop and kicked viciously to see if it was solid. While the noose was being adjusted and the black cap put over his head, he cried out in piteous tones, "Please take this off! The rope is too tight. Please loosen the rope, it ain't right." The request was not heeded. He was seated on to the drop and at 1:20 the drop fell. Butler stood too near the hinges of the drop and his descent was slow, his feet scraping the drop. However it was adjusted properly and the body writhed and quivered for some time, and in seven minutes he was pronounced dead. Death was by strangulation. Two hundred and fifty people witnessed the execution. An immense crowd surrounded the jail but everything passed off quietly and the common verdict is "Butler died game."

Horrible Murder.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 10.—Specials to the Evening Public, from Troy, Ind., report the arrest of the husband and two sons of Mrs. Hendershot, whose body was found Wednesday in a cistern decapitated. Her head was hidden in the bushes. Great excitement prevails in Troy. Lynching was rttempted this afternoon and is feared again to-night.

EVANSVILLE, Ind. Oct. 10.—A horrible crime was brought to light at Troy, Ind., by finding the headless body of a woman in a cistern on the farm of Peter Backer. The body was naked and the head was found in a thicket one hundred yards from the cistern. This was late on Wednesday evening. When the body was taken from the water it was yet warm. The blood gushed from the trunk. It was the body of a portly woman, weighing about 160 pounds, about forty years old. A deep gash was cut below the shoulder blade as if with an axe. Wound on forehead as if done with a blunt instrument was recognized as the body of Mrs. Stillwell Hindershot, who resided on a farm fourteen miles back of Troy. S. Hindershot, her husband, and F. H. and Wm. Hindershot, sons of the old man, were arrested and brought to Troy. The oldest son acknowledges committing the crime himself. He says his father and brother had nothing to do with it. The old man's testimony seems to throw the weight of the crime upon himself and the oldest son. The murder of Mrs. Hindershot rose from her refusal to sign away the farm to which she had a deed in fee simple, which the father and son wanted to dispose of. Several hundred people were present at the trial, and about noon an effort was made to seize them and take vengeance on them, but the officers succeeded in avoiding the attack. The result of the preliminary trial released William. The other brother and father were remanded to jail.

LATER.

EVANSVILLE, Ind., Oct. 10.—At 7 o'clock the mob at Troy took the oldest son out of jail and hung him to a beam in the barn where the crime was committed. He made a confession that his father shot his mother and cut her head off with an axe. At 10 o'clock the mob passed through Fall City on their way to Cannelton, three miles above, to hang the father and other son who are in jail there. There is a mob of two hundred strong.

A Fiendish Boy.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 10.—Leo Brigal, aged 13, was arrested this morning for maliciously destroying the sight of both the eyes of Bertie Black, a little girl only four years old, by throwing acid into her face. He also seriously burned two other children. No cause is assigned for the fiendish act.

The iron mills of Oliver Bros. & Phillips resumed work this morning at the old wages.

Daring Robbery.

JOHNSTON, Pa., Oct. 10.—Five masked men with revolvers flourishing battered down the door of a farmer named Joseph Gates, in White township, early yesterday morning, and compelled Gates, at the point of pistols, to give them over $1,100 which he had secreted, the robbers then hastily departed, firing their revolvers as they emerged from the house.

Sudden Death.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—Dr. Adolph Hubsch, rabbi of the congregation temple at Ahowath Chesed, died suddenly this morning.

Heavy Frost.

MONTGOMERY, N. Y., Oct. 10.—A heavy white frost covered the ground this morning. The ice was half an inch thick.

POLITICAL.

Blaine, Bayard and Hendricks in Ohio.

THE POLITICAL CALDRON BOILING IN THAT STATE FOR BOTH PARTIES.

Hendricks Has a Big Crowd at Cincinnati---Blaine Gives Him One Better in Chillicothe.

BUTLER GOES ONE EYE ON A MASS MEETING AT OIL CITY, PENN.

Various Political Gatherings in Kansas.

Blaine's Tour.

CHILLICOTHE, O., Oct. 10.—Mr. Blaine left Columbus by a special train on the Scioto Valley road at 10 o'clock this morning. Mr. Hanna, of the state committee, left the party and ex-Governor Foster took charge. The first stop was made at Circleville, where there was a large gathering in front of the court house.

PORTSMOUTH, O., Oct. 10.—The reception at Chillicothe was elaborate and artistic. The approach to the stand was through an avenue, between parallel lines of uniformed horsemen. At the upper end of this avenue there were two rows of girls dressed in white, representing the states of the Union, and holding up a series of green arches, beneath which Mr. Blaine passed. Upon the stand there were two smaller girls representing Maine, Vermont and Ohio. Chillicothe was settled by Virginians, and indications of the origin of the town were seen in the unusual number of horsemen and of negroes taking part in the procession. Gen. Samuel H. Hurst made a brief and exceptionally good introductory speech, and the people received Mr. Blaine with every demonstration of enthusiasm. When he got an opportunity to speak, he said: "From my school days I have been familiar with the Scioto valley, and have heard much of the rich lands of Point creek. I am glad to see their inhabitants before me. I am glad to see before me this great representation of the rich agricultural portion of Ohio. I am glad to recall to their minds this morning a duty which the nation expects of them Tuesday next. Your chairman has been pleased to refer to the six great contests in which the Republican party has been victorious. In the first presidential contest in which the Republican party was engaged in, was the vote of Ohio that gave strength to the legions that followed the gallant young Fremont. It was the vote of Ohio in October 1860, in a large part secured Mr. Lincoln's election. It was the vote of October 1864, that secured the great victory to loyalty and the union. It was the vote of October 1868, that rewarded the great hero of the war with the presidency and repeated it in 1872, and it was the vote of October 1876, and October 1880, that elevated two Ohio statesmen to the presidential chair. It remains to be seen whether the great legions of Republicanism, whether the great clans that have gathered upon the plains and in the valleys of the Ohio shall now be marshaled in the encounter of next Tuesday, whether in this seventh conflict for the great principles of a great party you will maintain your spendid record of twenty-eight years. It is too late for argument, that has been exhausted. It is too late even for an appeal that has been addressed to you. There remains only your own sense of duty and your own loyal determination. I thank you for this kind greeting and commend you with all your energies to the duty of Tuesday next. [Cheering]. At 3:40 the train arrived at Portsmouth.

IRONTON, O., Oct. 10.—At Portsmouth there was a big demonstration. There were fully 20,000 people in the streets and in the meetings around the stand. When Blaine was introduced he made a brief speech, presenting the protective tariff as the great issue, and it was after dark when the train arrived at Ironton. There again was an immense crowd. Blaine was escorted to the house of Mr. Wilson, where he took tea. Later he was driven down through town to a large stand, from which he reviewed a torchlight procession. After the procession the people called for a speech. Blaine in response spoke at some length in the same vein as at others places to-day, of the importance of the tariff issue and the responsibility of the Republicans of Ohio, as having the lead in determining the result in the pending contest between the parties.

Hendricks in Ohio.

CINCINNAAI, O., Oct. 10.—Ex-Gov. Hendricks reached here to-day and was driven to the hotel without any parade or ceremony. In the afternoon he took a drive through the suburbs and received calls, but made no address. Senator Bayard, of Delaware, Judge Thurman and Gov. Rosecrans are also in the city to attend the meeting at night. Senator Bayard visited the chamber of commerce and made a brief speech to the effect that he had found in public life great help from the business education he received when a youth at Nile. All these gentlemen were driven to Music hall and found it almost impossible to enter, so great was the crowd as ex-Governor Hendricks made his way through the throng onto the stage and appeared at the speaker's desk, the entire mass of people rose to their feet and cheered again and again, waved their hats and handkerchiefs, and shouted for Cleveland and Hendricks. Similar demonstrations of intensity marked the appearance of General Rosecrans, Senator Bayard, Judge Thurman and Senator Pendleton. Mr. Ingalls, president of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis, St. Louis & Chicago railroad, called the meeting to order and introduced Senator Pendleton as chairman. The latter in very few words introduced ex-Governor Hendricks, who, after a repetition of the demonstations made when he entered the hall, began his speech by saying:

The election next Tuesday is of great importance on account of the offices to be filled, but more especially because of the influence it will bear on all the states at the November election. He therefore appealed to Ohio to give all proper consideration to this election, as that of November was not only a choice of men, but a decision of national policy. That decision would not only turn on men presented, but on the policies and principles they represented. He then proceeded to argue that there should be a change in the administration of the government, and gave among other reasons, the concession in the Republican platform that the tariff was laid unequally, and that more revenue was collected than was necessary for the economical administration of the government. Turning to the question of what remedy the Democrats proposed for this excessive taxation, he read the declarations of the platform to which the Democratic nominees were pledged, and said that beyond question they met the wants of the case. The banner of Democracy thus inscribed, he said, was placed in the hands of Grover Cleveland and Thomas A. Hendricks. [Here cheering for several minutes interrupted the speaker.] When it ceased he added: And they were required to carry it before the public, and with it in their hands to either stand or fall. [Cheers.] That platform commands my approval and I pledge fidelity to it in my official life.

Ben Butler.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Oct 10.—A committee of the People's Party left here for Kittaning, Pa., this afternoon, to meet General Butler, who delivers an address here to-night.

OIL CITY, Pa., Oct. 10.—General Butler, on his way to Pittsburg, was met at the depot by a crowd of 200 with a brass band and military salute. He arrived from Mead at 2:30 this afternoon and was driven to the base ball grounds where an immense crowd awaited him. He arrival was the signal for great cheering, and after order was restored he spoke for half an hour, arraigning the Democratic and Republican parties and assailing Standard oil company. He told the Democrats they had thrown their votes away for 20 years. At 3:20 the train started for Pittsburg amid the most enthusiastic applause.

When Franklin was reached 5,000 people were gathered at the depot to meet the train. Gen. Butler was escorted to the platform in the public square where he soke fifteen minutes. In the course of his remarks he advised the local greenbackers to fuse when practical but to be careful whom they fused with. By doing this they could carry almost any district. The rest of his remarks were devoted to arraignment of all parties.

When the train arrived at the Union depot this evening, fully 10,000 people had gathered to meet the distinguished visitor who was escorted to his hotel. Long before 8 o'clock the street in the vicinity of the Penn bank building, at the step of which the address was to be made, and when Gen. Butler arrived the multitude had grown to immense proportions, and not less than 20,000 to 25,000 people were present. It was a remarkable meeting, and so far as numbers are concerned, has never been excelled in this city. Shortly before 9 o'clock Gen. Butler was introduced amid great, enthusiastic and deafening cheers. When order was restored, he began his address and spoke two hours.

Blaine's Programme.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 10.—Blaine will first appear in Indiana at South Bend, where he will spend Sunday. The 19th or 20th he leaves that place at 10 p. m On the 20th, via Elkhart, Goshen, Ligonier, Kendallville and Auburn to Fort Wayne, reaching the latter place at 2:30 p. m. He leaves Fort Wayne at 9:30 a. m. on the 21st via Huntington, Wabash, Peru, Kokomo, Tipton and Noblesville to Indianapolis, arriving here at 2:30 p. m. He leaves here at 9:30 a. m. on the 22d, going to Martinsville, Spencer, Worthington, Vincennes and Princeton, reaching Evansville at 4:30. Leaves Evansville at 8:30 on the 23d, going to Sullivan, Terra Haute, Brazil, Greencastle and Crawfordsville, reaching Lafayette at 3:30 p. m.

Glick Gatherings.

CONCORDIA, Kas., Oct. 10.—Gov. Glick and friends arrived here yesterday at 3:30 p. m., the train being one hour and twenty late. The local committee with two brass bands and by citizens in carriages and on foot, escorted the governor to Laraguil's opera house. The governor rode a barouche drawn by four fine large black horses to the opera house. The opera was densely crowded and the speech was attentively listened to. After the governor's arrival the president of the Blaine and Logan club hauled down the American flag which had been placed on the Blaine and Logan pole by an old veteran soldier and nearly created a riot. In the evening the opera house was again filled, and Hon. J. G. Lowe, Democratic candidate for judge in this district; Hon. L. W. Barton, of Clyde, and Hon. C. W. Stewart, of this city, spoke. The governor and Judge Lowe went to Belleville this morning by carriage, where he speaks at 2 p. m. The governor expresses satisfaction with his reception and the kind expressions of the people in this part of the state.

First Rally.

SENECA, Kas., Oct. 10.—The first Democratic rally of the campaign was held here to-day. The afternoon and night meetings were addressed by Hon. Thos. B. Fenton, candidate for congressmen. The meeting was well attended, there being a very large number of Irishmen from the country present in the afternoon.

The Blaine and Logan club, of Seneca, are making extensive preparations for the Col. Jno. A. Martin meeting here on the 22nd.

Reno Notes.

HUTCHINSON, Kas., Oct. 10.—The morning trains brought in enormous crowds to attend the Reno county fair which is in progress in the suburbs of this city. It is estimated that fully 5,000 people were in attendance, and if fair weather continues, will be a decided success in every particular. In the races this afternoon the following horses were successful: In the three-minute trail, St. John; half-mile and repeat, Remus; in the free-for-all trot, Little Willie. There was heavy betting on all.

The Democrats of Reno county are holding a ratification meeting to-night.

Enthusiastic Meeting.

OSWEGO, Kas., Oct. 10.—One of the most enthusiastic Republican meetings ever held in the county was held here to-night and addressed by Hon. John A. Martin, C. H. Kimball, candidate for state senator, and J. E. Bryan. Perfect harmony existed here in the Republican ranks, and the state and county tickets will receive a full vote.

Drummers' Drift.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Oct. 10.—The drummers' national committee met to-night and issued a circular calling upon drummers in every state in the Union to hold state conventions and appoint a popular resident drummer for elector in every district. Mullhattan starts on his campaign tour to-morrow, visiting the southern cities.

Davis the Man.

CAICAGO, Oct. 10.—In the contest as to the regularity of the Republican nomination for congress in the third Illinois district, the county central committee has decided in favor of George R. Davis, and directed that his name be printed upon the tickets.

For Congress.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., Oct. 10.—Walter Sherwood was nominated for congress by the democrats of the sixteenth district, but he positively declined the nomination.

Trades and Labor Unions.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—The federation of the trades and labor unions continued their sessions this morning, of the various planks in the declaration of principles without arriving at any result. Certain delegates endeavored to introduce matters affecting national politics, but were generally thwarted. The resolution endorsing Congressman Flinthame, speaker of the house, was defeated. The following resolution was adopted:

WHEREAS, Many of the evils complained of by wage workers can't be relieved unless by legislative enactment; therefore be it

Resolved, That we deem it the duty of every trade unionist and wage worker in North America, to work for candidates for legislative honors who have proved themselves the friends of the working-class.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—When the doors reopened it was announced that all misunderstanding should be cleared away and harmony restored. At the afternoon session the consideration of the platform was resumed. The revenue system of the federation was remodeled. It was decided that the dues of unions having 1,000 members or under, shall be $10 per annum; for those with over 1,000 members, one cent per member per annum; local, state and trades assemblies exceeding 1,000 in membership, $25. It was decided that any trades organization having seceded from a kindred body, be not allowed representation in the federation. It was also decided to provide for a committee to supervise strikes, subject first to the approval of the members of every union represented in the federation. A resolution was passed demanding congress to declare all unearned land grants forfeited, also a resolution censuring the supreme court of New York for declaring the tenement houses cigar bill unconstitutional. The election of officers resulted: President, W. W. McClelland, New York; secretary, Gabriel Edmondston, Washington; vice-presidents, Joseph W. Smith, Springfield, Ills., Richard Powers, Chicago, Joseph Sullivan, Philadelphia, Frederick Blend, Evansville, Ind., W. B. Ogden, Cincinnati, Joseph Bennard, Milwaukee; treasurer, Robert Howard, Fall River, Mass. Adjourned to meet at Washington, the second Tuesday in December, 1885.

Fires.

PAITA, Peru, Oct. 10.—Fire here last night destroyed a quarter of the town. It started at 9 o'clock and at four this morning the flames were fanned by a strong, south wind, which consumed everything in a straight line from where they originated down to the beach. The fire was prevented from proceeding west by an open square on the east. Several houses were blown up. The cathedral bell sounded the alarm, but the fire engine of the town proved useless. The damage if estimated at $200,000. No insurance.

HARRISBURG, Va., Oct. 10.—Fire at Mount Jackson, Shenandoah county, caused a loss of $34,000; insurance, $23,000.

SOMERSET, Pa., Oct. 10.—In the fire at an early hour this morning which destroyed the residence of Josiah Kretchman, at New Centerville, Kretchman was cremated and two other members of the family badly burned.

Duties Abolished.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—The government of the republic of Santo Domingo has abolished the export duties on sugars, molasses and all other productions of the country. The export duty was 25 cents per hundred pounds on sugars.

GENERAL NEWS.

THE COMMISSIONER OF THE LAND OFFICE MAKES A REPORT.

The Federation of Labor and Trades Unions in Session in Chicago.

Other Important Telegraphic New From All Around.

Land Office Report.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Oct. 10.—The Commissioner General of the land office has submitted a report of the operation of the office for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1884: sales, entries and selections of public lands embraced 26,834,041 acres; Indian lands, 697,129 acres. Total, 27,531,170 acres. Increase over the year 1883 of 81,011,134 acres, and over 1882 of 132,220,003 acres. Receipts from disposal of public lands, $11,946,939; from Indian lands, $932,134. Total, $12,779,130. Increase over 1883, of $1,073,364; increase over 1882, of $4,892,750, to which is to be added $10,275 received for certified copies of records, making the total receipts for the year $12,789,405. Total number of entries and gilings, 28,812, aggregating 40,625,000 acres; increase over preceding year, 60,724. Number of entries approved for patenting under pre-emption and other laws, 60,276; increase over previous year, 6,429. Agricultural patents numbered 51,337; increase 855 over preceding year. Number private cash entries, 9,894 and 3,266,035 acres were sold under the pre-emption law—increase of 920,385 acres over preceding year. Receipts from cash sales, $10,302,582; average fraction over $1.32 per acre. Three thousand, one hundred and eighteen tracts of land embracing 200,002 acres, sold at public sale; average, $2.09 per acre.

The commissioner renews his recommendation that the pre-emption law be repealed, and most important, that homestead be amended so as to require proof of actual residence and improvement for two years before homestead entry may be commuted to cash payment. He recommends the repeal of the timber culture act. The act providing that lands covered by relinquishments shall be subject to entry immediately upon cancellation at the local office of the desert land law and timber and stone land act.

There were 1,046 miles of railroad constructed during the year under various grants. The commissioner suggests that a commission be appointed to examine and decide upon unsettled private land claims in New Mexico, Colorado and Arizona, and recommends the reestablishment of the boundary line between Colorado and Utah, and the survey of a boundary line between Dakota and Montana and Yellowstone Park. Thirty-two cases of illegal fencing of public lands have been reported, the area enclosed aggregating 4,431,481 acres. Twelve cases have been acted upon and suits recommended to compel the removal of the fences. A very large number of complaints remain uninvestigated for want of facilities. The commissioner says that portions of the public lands still remaining should be economized for the use of actual settlers only. An act reserving public lands, except mineral and timber reserves for entry under homestead law with amendment to prevent evasion of wise restrictions would be in a measure meeting this end. In conclusion the commissioner points out the necessity for the immediate adoption of some measure by which natural forests may be preserved at the head waters of important rivers and their tributaries and in such other situations where their preservation is expedient for climatic effect and other reasons of utility. He says there is no good reason why lands worth from twenty-five dollars to one hundred dollars per acre for timber should be sold for $1.25 and $2.00 per acre as at present, and he favors the withdrawal from sale or entry under existing laws, all distinctively timber lands until examination and appraisement can be made. Other examination of permanent timber reserves should be established where deemed desirable and provision made for sale at not less than appraised value.

The report of the bureau of statistics is of enormous magnitude. Of our internal commerce it shows value of products in the various industries of the United States is seven times the total value of our foreign commerce, nearly three times the total value of foreign commerce of Great Britain and Ireland, five times the total value of foreign commerce of France. Including in each case both imports and exports of total value of products and industry in the United States is also shown to be little more than twice total of exports of merchandise from all countries in Europe. The The United States is now the largest manufacturing country on the globe. The value of products of American manufacturing consumed at home is five times the value of manufactured products in Great Britain and Ireland exported to all other countries, and more than fourteen times the value of exports of manufactured exports from France to all other countries. The relative value of internal as compared with foreign commerce in this country is also illustrated by statements showing 99 per cent.

The coal mined in this country is 95 per cent.; our iron and steel products, 95 per cent.; products of our leather industry more than 99 per cent.; our manufactures in wool 95 yer cent.; products of our cotton manufactures more than 99 per cent.; our manufactures of silk is 97 per cent. our manufacturers of glass, glassware and stoneware are consumed in the United States. The report shows that the total value of exports of merchandise from and imports into California, Oregon and Washington Territory, for year ended June 30, 1884, was $83,565,814; the value of exports was $46,386,284 and imports $37,179,530.

The Canadian post office department will take part in the exhibit of postal appliances at the New Orleans exposition.

Mrs. Belva A. Lockwood leaves Washington to-morrow night for Cleveland, Louisville and Lexington.

Church Burned.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10.—The Third Presbyterian church, on Ashland avenue, one of the finest church edifices in the city, burned this forenoon. The structure was valued at $80,000. Loss fully $50,000. Fully insured.

The loss will reach fully $75,000, the value of the church with the furniture being $100,000; insurance $90,000. The fire is supposed to have originated in the organ loft and is due to the carelessness of its maker. The church was a fine stone structure, completed about three years ago, and possessing a very expensive organ, which latter is completely consumed. A portion of the walls of the church only was left standing.

Chicago Races.

CHICAGO, Oct. 10. Third regular day of the Chicago Driving Park fall trotting meeting. Weather cool and cloudy. Track slow. In the 2:15 trot Grey Eagle won the first heat, Martha Washington next. Talmont took third money, Robert Johnson fourth. Time, 2:24¼, 2:11¾, 2:4¾, 2:33.

For stallion race, Ottawa Chief and J. W. South, the only starters. Former won, distancing his competitor in second heat. Time, 2:31¼, 2:28.

Class 2:30 unfinished. Only two heats paced. Katie Howard, formerly Pattie Macey, won first heat, Dandy Boy second. Time, 2:19¾ 2:21¼.

In Consultation With the President.

NEW YORK, Oct. 10.—President Arthur was in consultation until three o'clock this morning with John J. O'Brien, Bernard Biggelin, Robert G. McCloud, Demitt Wheeler, Wm. Dowd, U. S. District Attorney Elijah Root, Police Commissioner Stephen B. French and Cornelius N. Bliss. Among the visitors this morning were Stephen B. Elkins, Prof. B. Ogden, Dora Marshall, Morton McMichael, Schuyler Crosley, John Q. Quinctard and Attorney General Brewster. The president held a long consultation with Brewster. The subject discussed, it is said, was the tendering of the secretaryship of the treasury to Cornelius N. Bliss, of this city.

Fence Cutters.

GALVESTON, TEX., Oct. 9.—A Galveston news special says: Colorado City intelligence received