Wichita Daily Eagle.

VOLUME 1. WICHITA, KANSAS, SUNDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 19, 1884. NUMBER 132

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

The following table gives the arrival and departure of trains at Wichita

ATCHISON, TOPEKA & SANTA FE.

GOING SOUTH.

ARRIVE.		LEAVE.	
Express	8:50 A. M.	Express	8:40 A. M.
Ac. Freight	3:45 P. M.	Ac Freight	3:45 P. M.
Kingman Ex.	*9:00 P. M.	King'n Ex.	9:00 P. M.
Kingman Ac	8:30 A. M.	King'n Ac	9:00 A. M.

GOING NORTH.

ARRIVE.		LEAVE.	
Kansas City Express			*7:20 A. M
Express	5:10 P. M		5:15 P. M
Ac Freight	11:45 A. M.		12:20 P. M.
Kingman Ac.	10:40 A. M	King'n Ac.	11:00 A. M.

*Runs daily.
All others daily except Sunday

ST. LOUIS & SAN FRANCISCO.

Mail train from St. Louis arrives at 6:00 p. m.; leaves for the north at 6:05 p. m.; Mail train leaves for the east at 9:55 a. m.

ST. LOUIS, FT. SCOTT & WICHITA.

EAST BOUND.	
Express and mail leaves	9:55 a. m.
Way freight leaves	11:00 p. m.
Stock and through freight leaves	11:00 a. m.
WEST BOUND.	
Express and mail arrives	9:50 p. m.
Way freight arrives	8:40 p. m.
Accommodation and freight arrives	11:00 a. m

PROFESSIONAL DIRECTORY.

JOSEPH KOENIG,
Attorney-at-law. Office on Douglas avenue, over Lynch's dry goods store. 129-3m

Deutscher Advocat.

W. M. JOHNSON, M. D.,
Homœopathist. Temple block, third stairway north of postoffice; Wichita, Kansas Office hours from 7 to 9 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 9 p. m. Chronic diseases a specialty. 123-tf

DR. S. W. RICHMOND,
Magnetic physician. Cures diseases of every name and nature by magnetic treatment, without medicine. His cures are speedy and permanent, and charges reasonable. Diagnosis and consultation free. Patients from a distance can be cured with him at reasonable rates. Office on South Water st., Wichita, Kan. d122-w*

DR. T. L. ANDREWS.
Treats all affections of the ear, nose, throat and lungs by the most approved modern methods. Asthma, hay fever and rose cold speedily relieved; treatment mild and unirritating. Office in Ferrell's building, opposite postoffice; office hours from 8 to 12½ a. m., and from 1½ to 6 p. m. 91-tf

DR. W. L. DOYLE,
Dentist. Office over Barnes & Son's drug store, Centennial block, Wichita. 41-

L. F. SHERWOOD,
Dentist. Office in Ferrell Building opposite postoffice, Main street, Wichita, Kansas. Teeth extracted without pain by nitrous oxide gas.

G. W. C. JONES.
Attorney-at-law. Office in Eagle block, over Hovey & Co.'s dry goods store. 72-20-tf*

DR. W. S. McBURNIE,
Formerly physician and surgeon to the Louisville City and Marine hospital, and late health officer of Springfield, Illinois, has located at No. 49 Main street, opposite the postoffice. Special attention paid to gynecology and electro-vapor, electro-sponge and galvanic baths. Office hours 8 to 10 A. M. and 2 to 4 P. M., and at night. 245-tf

TERRY & DUMONT,
Architects and Superintendents. Office in Boyd's block, Wichita, Kansas. 2-tf

D. W. SMITH,
Dentist. Eagle building, Douglas avenue, Wichita, Kansas.

J. W. ADAMS. GEO. W. ADAMS
ADAMS & ADAMS,
Attorneys at Law. Will practice in state and federal courts. Office in Eagle Block, Wichita, Kansas. d120-

HARRIS & HARRIS & FIREBAUGH,
Attorneys at Law, Commercial block, Wichita, Kansas.

J. M. BALDERSTON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW, Wichita, Sedgwick county Kansas. Office in Centennial Block.

W. W. COLLINGS, ROBT. M. PIATT
COLLINGS & PIATT,
Attorneys at Law. Will practice in both state and Federal courts. Office in Temple block, Main street, second stairway north of Post office, Wichita, Kansas

E. B. RENTZ,
Physician and Surgeon. Office over Fuller & Son's grocery

J. J. CRIST,
Architect and Superintendent. Office, Emil Werner's block, Douglas avenue, between Topeka avenue and Lawrence st., Wichita, Kan.

R. MATTHEWS,
Dentist. Office in Temple block. 1-tf

STANLEY & WALL,
Attorneys at Law, Wichita, Kansas. Office over Citizens' bank.

O. D. KIRK,
Attorney at Law—Room No. 3, U. S. Land office building, Wichita, Kansas.

ROGERS,
The Photographer. Pictures in all sizes and styles. He also carries the finest assortment of picture frames in the city. Give him a friendly call and examine samples. d-2-tf

W. PIATT HUNTON, F. W. BENTLEY
HUNTON & BENTLEY,
Attorneys at Law. Office over Kansas National bank, Wichita, Kan.

STOVER & BACHTEL,
Contractors and builders, on First street, west of County building.

E. H. BROWN,
Auctioneer, Clearwater, Kansas. 108-3m*

J. F. LAUCK,
Attorney at Law; Wichita, Kansas.

E. C. RUGGLES,
Attorney-at-law. Office over No. 32, Main Street, Wichita, Kansas. 52-

DR. J. C. DEAN,
Dentist. Rooms in Field building, Main street, opposite Harding & Fisher's. 12-51-

W. F. WALKER,
Attorney at Law. Office over Kansas National bank.

E. C. SCHROEDER,
Physician and surgeon. Office west side of Main street in W. Winch's new building, near postoffice. Residence on Main street, bet. Central and Third streets, Wichita. d-102-3m

D. A. MITCHELL,
Attorney-at-law and collection agent. No. 14 Main street, Wichita, Kansas 127-tf

CONOVER BRO.'S

No. 4 UPRIGHT

(Patent.)

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GREIFFENSTEIN'S
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This is the most desirable residence property in the city.
Prices Low. Terms Easy.

THE COUNTY.

A GRAND DEMONSTRATION AT DERBY.

AN INTERESTING LETTER FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT AT MULVANE.

DERBY DELINEATION.

A Grand Democratic Rally.

To the Editor of the Daily Eagle:

For days the posters were up announcing a grand rally. The time came and an audience of a hundred (half of them Republicans) met at the school house to listen Messrs. Cowert, Sowars and McKee.

Mr. Cowert would have abused Blaine, eulogized Cleveland and damned the Republican party, if the thoughts that welled up had not filled him too full for utterance.

The other two turned the rally into a love-feast, or more appropriately an experience meeting.

Mr. McKee, a pleasant looking gentleman, spoke about as follows:

"Ladies and gentlemen—I am a Democrat, vote for me; from the crown of my head to the sole of my foot, vote for me; I was born in Washington county, Pa., vote for me; I was clerk of the district court in Washington county, vote for me; Washington county is a great sheep county, vote for me; Washington county is noted for wool, vote for me; ladies and gentlemen I thank you for your attention, vote for me."

Mr. Sowers then gave his experience which was effecting. "I wish I had not heard him. How, are the mighty fallen? The deceitfulness of man, how great! Oh, that I had become deaf and my eyes had been plucked out ere I had been accessory to so great a crime as helping to spread abroad the fame of the EAGLE's editor. I have been swearing by him, and voting with him, but alas!

I had thought the editor was the great, the only original boomer of the Happy Valley, but Mr. Sowers gives the secret away. He himself is the great original. He it was who published to the world the excellence of the Arkansas Valley and gave its now famous name, the Nile of America. It was Mr. Sowers who first brought Senator Plumb into notice, and tossed the patronage of Senators Ingalls and Plumb over his shoulders, as unworthy his notice. During the grasshopper year his magnanimity outdid itself, and now he would like the county to reward him by displacing Judge Jewett. If the result of the election can be foretold by the reception the gentleman received, Judge Jewett will still be Judge Jewett.

NOTES.

Mr. Crowart would like to find the "Lost Cause."

Mr. Sowers thinks he could make a speech better anywhere else than at Derby.

Mr. McKee thinks because Washington county has lots of sheep it must follow that there is plenty of wool. Strange.

The gentlemen think John Patterson is one of those "damned Irish bolters" because he thinks prohibition ought to be enforced.

Our Democratic friends do not seem very exultant. Why?

Col. Henderson being called upon for remarks, said, he made it a point never to interrupt a Democratic meeting, but those who wanted to hear him could do so by being at the school house Tuesday evening the 21st inst.

Let those who want to hear an able speech come out. The Colonel was a presidential elector from Illinois in 1872, and is well posted. Come and hear him.

Should the Democratic central committee wish to send any more speakers like the last, Rockford Republicans will take great pleasure in distributing the hand bills announcing the fact.

Oct. 18th, 1884.

A GRAND TIME.

Mulvane Alive With Social and Political Events.

To the Editor of the Daily Eagle.

Mulvane is still awake. Last night the Grand Army of Republic boys held a campfire in Dryden's new store room. "Campfire" is only the name of the meeting, as there was no fire abroad, and yet it was intolerably hot. The room was densely packed with ladies, gentlemen and children, and the inevitable small boy. Two long tables—one on either side—were highly filled with such "feed" as only Sedgwick and Sumner county ladies can fix up. Logan's military band (the best one in seventeen states) filled the valley with sweet strains of music, such as the boys heard when they were hunting Johnnies in the south. The exercises within doors consisted of songs, tableaux, recitations, speeches by Capt. Kuhn, and John Kelly, candidate for state senator in Sedgwick county. Then came the eating, which was not neglected. After supper, the room was cleared of unneccessary obstructions, and those inclined to "trip the light fantastic," danced till the rooster warned them of approaching day. The soldiers boys enjoy these meetings, and do not mind the dust, the heat or the labor required to make the necessary preparations.

This border town is growing in size, business and population. Every week we are enabled to chronicle some important improvement. The second brick house in now being built for a bakery. Our elevator is nearing completion, and we have a very fair prospect of having a first-class flouring mill built here this winter.

Rev. J. R. McQuown has moved to Clearwater, and his place is filled by Rev. Nells, of Michigan.

Work on the M. E. church is being pushed as fast as possible, and the town is dotted all over with new houses in different directions in course of construction.

There is considerable talk of organizing an Inter-County fair at Mulvane. When that is done, we will hold our meeting after the four counties have held their fairs, and then all the premiums, stock and other things that took premiums can be bought to Mulvane and there ascertain who had the best in the district.

We are to have a big political meeting here next Friday evening, at which Hon. S. R. Peters and Col. Swope are to address us. I suppose you have heard from Ohio.

G. L.

DISTRICT COURT.

The forenoon yesterday was consumed with the hearing of the case of Veggo Joesbin against Fred Shatner. This was a suit brought by the plaintiff to recover wages.

The plaintiff is a Swede and a genuine crank. The court room was well filled with people listening to the testimony. The testimoney of the Swede was amusing in the the extreme. He went to Mr. Shatner's place last March hearing that he wanted a gardner. Mr. Shatner did not wish to employ him without reference. He claimed to be a professional old-country gardner and said he would bring reference. In a day or two he brought a letter from the Swedish Consul at Chicago. Mr. Shatner then hired him for $20 per month and board with the understanding that if he gave satisfaction he would make better arrangements with him at the end of the month. After he had worked a short time Mr. Shatner discovered that he was a little off and that he knew nothing about gardening in this country if he did in Sweeden. He sprouted sweet corn beans and pumpkin seed in flower pots. He planted tomato plants in a beaten path along side of a row of grape vines. He appeared to be particularly stuck on watermelons and was determined to have lots of them. He planted beans, lettuce, corn, melons, pumpkins and cellery in rows all mixed up together and planted a three-year-old grape vine in a flower pot; that is the kind of a gardner he was.

At the end of the first month Mr. Shatner discharged him and paid him $20, but his sympathy was excited for the man and he told him that he would allow him to stay and work the garden on shares, he selling the products and paying half the receipts to Mrs. Shatner. At first he slept in the house but he was filthy and was sent to the barn to sleep. Some trouble occurred between him and Mrs. Shatner and he was discharged. He brought suit to recover wages for the whole time he worked the place. The jury had been out but a few minutes when they brought in a verdict for the defendant.

WICHITA HIGH SCHOOL, OCTOBER 18.

To the Editor of the Eagle.

Thinking that some of the items collected by the high school pupils might possibly interest your readers, I ask, as a personal favor as well as for the entertainment of my pupils and the other readers of the EAGLE, that you insert the following items at an early date. I first submit a list of

GENERAL QUESTIONS

which were asked and answered by the pupils during the first two weeks of the term:

1. What is the cause of the war between France and China?

Answer—The French endeavored to obtain full control of Tonquin, a province in the northern part of Annam.

2. Who composes President Arthur's cabinet?

Ans.—Frelinghuysen, Secretary of State; Secretary of Treasury, dead—Assistant Secretary acting at present, Robt. T. Lincoln, Secretary of War; Chandler, Secretary of the Navy; Teller, Secretary of the Interior; Gresham, Postmaster General; Brewster, Attorney General.

3. How far north did Greeley go?

Ans.—83 degrees, 35 minutes by boats, then to 85 degrees, 25 minutes, 30 seconds north on the coast of Greenland with sledges and boats.

4. What is the extent of the ravages of cholera?

Ans.—In Italy, Naples, Florence, Rome and Venice; in France, Marseilles, Toulon and Paris. Cases are also reported in China, India and Australia.

5. What body has the right and power to impeach cabinet officers?

Ans.—The House of Representatives has the sole right and power of impeachment of federal officers. The Senate tries the case and decides on the impeachment.

7. What is the present condition of affairs between England and the false prophet in Africa?

Ans.—El Mahdi is gathering a strong force, and is preparing to invest Khartoum and starve the garrison into subjection.

2 Name six leading daily newspapers, tell where published and give the names of their editors.

Ans.—1. The Sun, New York city. Chas. A. Dana.

2. The Daily Tribune, New York City. Whitelaw Reed.

2. Commercial-Gazette Cincinnati, Murat Halstead and Richard Smith.

4 Enquirer, Cincinnati, W. F. McClean.

5 Daily Tribune, Chicago, Jas. Medill.

6 Courier-Journal, Louisville, H. Watterson.

Many other questions of equal importance were asked and answered.

We have had several spelling exercises of which the following is a model:

Write sentences using the following words correctly: Tattoo, portemonie, delible, effervesce, Louisiana.

ANNA MASON NO. 7.

1 He was beating a tattoo upon the table.
2. I found my portmonie.
3. The ink is delible because I can erase it.
4. He landed safely in the Irkustok.
5. The wine has effeverced.
6. He will attend the World's Fair at New Orleans, Louisiana.

ADA GUTHRIE NO. 32.

1. Some African tribes tattoo their bodies.
2. She lost a small portemonie on the street last evening.
3. He resides in Irkustok, Siberia.
4. If the ink was delible the stain can be washed out.
5. Some liquids effervesce.
6. Louisiana is one of the southern states.

I selected the above papers at random, many others were equally correct.

I have also a collection of excellent questions and conundrums all of which have been selected by my pupils and which I would like to have published in your paper.

During the week just closed we have collected a large number of facts and items concerning the city of Wichita. When the list is complete it will make a brief and correct history of our city.

With thanks for past favors I remain

Very Truly Yours,
J. G. STEFFEE.

BEFORE JUSTICE THOMAS.

Two cases of interest were heard by Justice Thomas yesterday afternoon. The first was the case of the state against A. C. Bennett for assault and battery. This is the squabble referred to in the EAGLE a few days ago as having taken place at the Richey house. The facts brought out in the evidence revealed as ugly a state of things in connection with the parties as could well be imagined. T. R. Wall conducted the prosecution, and J. W. C. Jones defended. It appears that a sort of smothered war had been going on between Bennett and two women for some time, which culminated in a pitched battle on the 13th inst. The names of the female warriors are Mrs. Green and Miss Alice Barchard. Mrs. Green was the first witness introduced; she possesses an abundance of cheek, well powdered, and the way she rolled out testimony, embellished with cuss words and fancy epithets, was a holy terror. When Mr. Jones began to cross-examine her she turned upon him and set her face in as brassy a mould as she could. Instead of being bulldozed by the disciple of Blackstone, she actually cowed him. It was no trouble to her to give evidence, and she could not be made to contradict herself, she would balk at nothing. She was quite a traveller, having been in Springfield, Mo., Carthage, St. Louis and in Virginia within the present year. The other damsel was a strawberry blond and she wore a Cleveland badge. She could testify as fast as a quarter horse could run and could spit out the cuss words and pet names equally as well as the other. It appears that Bennett, who was a clerk for Mr. Richey, went into the dining room on an errand; in consequence of the bad feeling existing between him and the women, the red haired damsel ordered him out, when a quarrel ensued and in the racket Bennett pushed or shoved her, the other woman then come forward and told him not to strike her. Bennett said he thought she had a pistol under her apron, and he struck her and drew a piece of whip handle out of his inside pocket and threatened to knock some of their brains out. They also swore that he had threatened to shoot them. Squire Thomas, in view of the evidence could not but find the defendant guilty, but owing to the fact that the women by their manner in court had shown that they were not angels by any means, he imposed a fine of $25 but owing to the extenuating circumstances which appeared during the trial, a portion of the fine was remitted and the remainder together with the costs was promptly paid. Thus ended the war but hostilities may be renewed at at any time.

The next case was that of the state against Wm. Robinson for an allegnd forgery. The facts in the case appears to be that Robison on the ninth of the present month presented two checks for payment at the Kansas National bank of this city, Mr. Hyde, the cashier, it appears suspected that there might be something wrong. He brought them to Col. Lewis, the president, who asked Robinson to come into his private office. He then told Robinson that he would have to endorse the checks before he could get the money, this he readily consented to do. When Col. Lewis saw the endorsement he was satisfied that the same hand had filled out the same checks. One of them was for $36 and the other for $43.25. One of the checks was drawn in favor of William Rice and the other in favor of a man named Smith. The prisoner told Col. Lewis that he had received the checks from Mr. Rice. The checks were signed C. E. Barwise per F. Baucher. Col. Lewis got him to write Mr. Barwise's name on a piece of paper, Robinson wanted to see the signature on the checks before doing this, but the Colonel would not let him have them. The writing on the checks and that on the paper corresponded, and the banker was satisfied that the checks were forged. He took Robinson before Justice Thomas, and a warrant was issued. Mr. Barwise is a grain shipper, and F. W. Baucher does business for him at Garden Plain. Robinson worked for him shoveling grain, and at other work around the place. Baucher issued checks in payment for grain, signed C. E. Barwise by F. W. Baucher. Three checks No. 14, 15 and 16, had been taken from his check-book about the time that Robinson presented the checks at the bank, and the numbers corresponded to those of the missing checks. Mr. Barwise and his buyer identified the checks which were produced at the examination as being similar to those taken from their book, and Col. Lewis swore that the signatures to the checks and the endorsement by Robinson were the same handwriting. Mr. T. B. Wall, counsel for the defendant, claimed that it was not forgery, inasmuch as one of Baucher's initials did not appear on the check, and that a name that had no existence was not a forgery; this, however, did not stick as no other Baucher or Barwise was known in or around Garden Plain. The prisoner was held in $300 bonds to appear at the present term of court.

A BEWILDERED BUCKEYE.

Some few weeks ago, there was noticed in these columns, the arrival in our city from the royal old buckeye state, of two sisters of Mrs. J. F. Sullivan. One of these ladies came from Youngstown and the other from Salem. The prediction was then ventured by this paper that when these persons had been in the "Forest city" of Kansas for a short time, had had opportunities to view its beauties, to note its rapid and splendid growth, to realize the richness of its soil, the pure and healthy climate and the great possibilities here to be found, that they would decide to move out and make this their home. This prophecy has already been fulfilled, as yesterday at noon, Mr. D. B. H. Neas, daughter and son arrived from Youngstown prepared to make this city their future home.

Mr. Neas expressed himself as surprised almost beyond measure to find such a vigorous, splendid city "away out in Kansas." It seemed that his home in Ohio had accompanied him on his trip and had arrived here at the same time, as the two cities are just about the same size though there is a great disparity in their ages, eastern place being about eighty years of age, while the queen of the southwest is but fourteen.

The rip and tare, rattle and bang of the builders here almost bewildered the new convert to a western life, though it caused a subdued smile to play upon his countenance, as he is a carpenter.

The EAGLE and its readers extend to Mr. Nease and family the hand of fellowship and bid them welcome to a city and a people that they will soon admire and love.

The Kentucky jubilee singers are truly accomplished and sweet singers.

—Mr. J. D. Hutchins, who has been under the weather for some days past, is feeling much improved and is again to be found in his old accustomed place behind the counters of the real estate house of N. F. Niederlander.

—A. G. Granger has just arrived in the city, having driven through from Commanche county, a large flock of sheep which he is transferring from his claim there to his ranche near cheney. Commanche is a splendid grazing county and a fine place for flocks, but Mr. Granger prefers to have his wooly herd nearer home during the winter.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Assignment.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Frank S. Kennedy, jeweler, has failed. He made an assignment to-day, giving preferences to the amount of $5,000.

Wind Market.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 19.—The indications for the Missouri Valley are: Generally fair weather; fresh and brisk south to west winds; higher temperature.

Appointed.

WASHINGTON, October 18.—The president has appointed Stephen F. Wilson, of Pennsylvania, to be associate justice of the supreme court of New Mexico.

Annual Report.

BOSTON, Oct. 18.—The annual report of the Oregon Railway and Navigation company for the year ended June 30, after paying taxes, interest and various fixed charges, there is left over seven per cent. of the stock of the company.

Prize Fight.

DENVER, Col., Oct. 18.—A prize fight with three ounce gloves occurred at Jewell park this afternoon, between John P. Clow, middle weight champion of Colorado, and John O. Davis, of local celebrity, for $600 and the championship of the state. Davis was declared the winner at the end of the eleventh round.

Belva's Grit.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—Mrs. Belva Lockwood arrived in this city this morning, stopping at the Fifth Avenue hotel. Almost immediately upon entering the hotel she went out again and visited the gallery of a photographer. The operator was about to seat her in a small chair when she espied a large chair that Blaine and Cleveland sat while having their photos taken. "Why don't you place me in that chair," she asked. "That is the presidential chair," replied the operator. "Well, sir, I will sit in that chair," said Mrs. Lockwood, "I think I am able to fill it as well as any who have occupied it before me."

Railroad War.

NEW YORK, Oct. 18.—At the office of the West Shore road, tickets to Chicago sold at $15; to Buffalo $4.65. The New York Central and the Pennsylvania roads were asking $20; the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western and the Erie wanted $18.50 for Chicago. Tickets were sold over the counters in the offices. Scalpers' tickets could be bought over any of the above lines except the Pennsylvania and the West Shore at the prices named. In the office of the New York Central tickets to Buffalo sold at $4.60. There is apparently a lull for a moment in which to try to effect a permanent truce, and ticket agents are awaiting orders, which may come at any moment, either to restore rates to the schedule or resume the cutting.

Railroad Disaster.

SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Oct. 18.—The particulars of the accident on the Boston & Albany railroad, near Kinderhook last night, show that it was train wreckers who placed a pile of rails and sleepers on the track and carefully wedged them in position. The locomotive turned completely over, the express car jumped over it and the baggage and smoking cars were piled on top. The sleeper remained on the track. Engineer Davis was found under the wreck terribly scalded and died at 8 a. m. Fireman Stickney's recovery is doubtful. Conductor C. H. Gould, leg injured; Baggage Master Geo. Fairbanks scalded. The wrecking train from Albany cleared the track. The Boston & Albany officials offered $100 reward for the discovery of the miscreants who wrecked the train.

Terrible Wreck.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., Oct. 18.—The Appeal's Tupela, Mississippi, special says: One of the most terrible wrecks that ever occurred on the Mobile & Ohio railroad happened a few miles north of this place last night. Every coach of the passenger train due here at 1:30 a. m. was thrown from the track and badly damaged. The rails had been taken up by unknown persons with a view of wrecking the train. There were about fifteen passengers on the train. All were injured, but none killed. The following five were seriously injured: Rev. J. R. Inman, Henderson, Tenn.; Mrs. Warner, Ft. Henry, New York; Paul Krouse, St. Louis; Leo Groff, Springfield, Ohio, and a negro. The attending physician thinks none are fatally injured.

POLITICAL.

BLAINE ADDRESSES THE ANN ARBOR, MICHIGAN, STUDENTS

And then Makes His Debut to the Hoosier State at South Bend.

Ben Butler Passes a Comfortable Night in His Hotel Car.

Rousing Republican Demonstration at Ottawa, Kansas.

Another One at Augusta, and Still Another at Osage City, Kansas.

Various Other Political Items From the Surrounding Country.

Blaine's Tour.

JACKSON, Mich., Oct. 18.—Mr. Blaine left Detroit at 8:30 this morning by special train on the Michigan Central road. This is his last day in Michigan, as he will spend Sunday at South Bend, Indiana. The first stop this morning was at Ann Arbor, where the most remarkable scene of the trip occurred. There was a very large crowd around the depot, but the students of the University seemed to have taken possession of the place, and when Mr. Blaine appeared, their cheering and yelling were so hearty, and so loud and so long-continued that they seemed likely to occupy the whole time that the train could remain at Ann Arbor. All attempts of the local committeemen to get a hearing were utter failures; but when Blaine stretched out his hand, indicating that he was about to speak, the noise immediately subsided. He began his little speech by saying: "During the war we used to hear a great deal about the rebel yell which was supposed so imply great vigor and determination, but it seems to me that the young men who do me the honor to appear here to-day could have terrified the whole army of Lee." Mr. Blaine then spoke at some length of the responsibilities of educated young men, and left with the students for their solution of the problem why so many college men who were free traders traders at twenty are protectionists at forty.

I think the answer will be found in the book that at forty they have taken their degrees in the university of experience, which, after all, is much wider, much more valuable than the university of the youth. College boys are taught, I was myself taught, when I was a college boy, the doctrine of free trade, but the United States stands as a perpetual and irrefutable argument and example of the value in a new country of the doctrine of protection. I am glad to meet you, not merely as those interested in politics, but as young men who are the pride and hope of the country. In dealing with the great problems of the future in this marvelous experiment of a people governing themselves by free and universal suffrage, nothing can avail except our educated and constantly corrected public opinion. I wish to impress upon every man who has the advantage of a university education that he is every day more and more placed in debt to his country. That just in proportion as he progresses in knowledge and wisdom, just that proportion will he be expected to pay back in patriotic labor to the county which has matured him. I congratulate you on being born to such great opportunities, to a harvest that is ripe for the reaper, onto a field that is continually expanding. By the time you have your degrees you will go forth to the battle of life in a great nation of 60,000,000 of free men. You go forth, each of you, with just as good a chance in life as other men have, and you go with the added opportunities which education gives. I commend to you your responsibilities of an educated American—higher and deeper, and broader and greater than those of an educated man in any other land; and just in proportion as your responsibilities are greater will you be held to account in this life and in the life which is to come.

DOWAGIAC, Mich., Oct. 18.—There was an immense gathering at Jackson when Mr. Blaine stepped out upon the flat car which served as a speaker's stand. He stepped into the presence of more than 2,000 people. He was received with the usual enthusiastic demonstrations. In responding, he called attention to the importance of the tariff as the issue in the campaign at Marshall.

SOUTH BEND, Oct. 18.—At a little past 3 o'clock the train arrived at South Bend. The city is thronged. The workshops and many of the business houses were closed and the day was devoted to politics. In the forenoon there had been a great trade's procession. The afternoon was devoted to the Blaine reception, and in the evening to a torchlight procession. Blaine was escorted through all the principal streets by a large body of plumed knights, and there was a continuous line of decorated houses and a continuous crowd along the whole route. It was about half past five when the procession reached the stand erected near the court house. The two Michigan senators, Conger and Palmer, were first introduced. After they had given some account of the tour through Michigan, Hon. Marion Campbell, the president of the day, introduced Mr. Blaine, who was enthusiastically cheered.

When order was restored he spoke at some length on the tariff as the great issue of the campaign, arguing that the maintainance of the protective policy was of far greater importance to the workingmen than to any other class in the community. In the same connection he warned the workingmen that their labor unions would be powerless to protect them against the competition of the cheap labor of the world if the protective tariff were abolished. Mr. Blaine was driven to the house of Mr. Clem Studebaker, whom guest he will be until Monday. Later in the evening he reviewed a very large torchlight procession.

Ben Butler.

BATAVIA, N. Y., Oct. 18.—General Butler passed last night in his hotel car, using his comfortable bed and private compartment for the first time, while the car was lying on the side track at the depot. Only the through express disturbed the silence of a night in the country. A thin blanket of snow coated the hills on his way to Oneida, where General Butler was met by 1000 applauding men and enthusiatic women, whose demonstration was reinforced by the booming of cannon and display of bunting. General Butler made a speech here which was heartily applauded. Addresses were also made by the General on way, at Lyons, Clyde, &c.

Republican Gathering.

OSAGE CITY, KAS., Oct. 18.—The largest and most enthusiastic political meeting ever held in this county took place here to-day and this evening. Large delegations were present from all parts of the county. The Blaine and Logan Clubs and flambeau clubs, on foot and on horseback, one thousand strong, paraded the streets, and the display of fireworks was the grandest ever seen in this county. All the business houses and many of the private residences are brilliantly illuminated. The speaking took place in both of our spacious opera houses. Hon. Thomas Ryan, Geo. Monahan, C. H. J. Taylor, Hon. J. W. Butterfield, Col. John H. Rice, Hon. L. E. Finch and L. W. Pulsee addressed the people during the afternoon and evening.

Chicago Democrats.

CHICAGO, Oct. 18.—In commenting upon the supervision of the polls in this city on election day, and the appointing of deputy United States marshals and deputy sheriffs, the Times this morning points the following: The Democrats, that is to say, one hundred of them, organized yesterday what they pleased to style a vigilance committee. It is composed of determined men who are resolved that no intimidations of violence shall rule at the Chicago polls, at least that there shall be none done by the Republicans, and their orders are to provoke no fight themselves, nor indulge in any as long as the contest is merely words; but if any bulldozing is attempted by negro or other deputy marshals, to resist it, and if any Democrat is shot to see to it that the shooter at once suffers the safe fate. So the matter stands, and if feeling keeps growing in intensity there will be no serious trouble in Chicago on election day.

Redden Denies.

EL DORADO, Kan., Oct. 18.—A. L. Redden in an interview, denies emphatically the statement attributed to him that Gov. Glick had the railroad bill vetoed, and it was passed over his veto.

Ohio Election.

COLUMBUS, O., Oct. 18.—Returns by counties complete do not change the pluralities given last night. Unexpectedly the Prohibition and Greenback Butler votes increase proportionately with those of the Democrats and Republicans. The Prohibition vote last year was 8,362. This year 9,570. Greenback vote last year was 2,984. This year 2,700, showing no coalition but party lines closely followed. Total Prohibition and Greenback vote, 12,447, or 1,126 more than Robinson's plurality. The rest of the Republican state ticket has an average majority over all of over 5,000. Total vote, 780,573. Last year it was 718,108; October, 1880, it was 716,186; November, 1880, it was 724,967. No change in congressmen except an increase of 150 in Ronalds majority over Hurd.

CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 18.—The official canvass of the vote of Cuyahoga county gives the total votes of the the county at 44,104; of city, 35,755. Robinson, the Republican candidate for secretary of state, received in this city, 18,011; in the county, 22,839. Newman, (Democrat) had in the city, 17,532; in the county, 20,780. Morris, (Prohibitionist) had in the city, 198; in the county, 398. W. Rold, (Greenbacker) had in the city, 4; in the county, 6. Robinson's plurality over Newman in this city is 459; in the county, 2,059. For supreme judge, Johnson, (Republican) had a plurality over Martin, (Democrat) of 570 in the city; 2,255 in the county. For member of board of public works, Flickinger, (Republican) had a plurality over Benfer, (Democrat) of 151; in the city, 2,891. In the county for sheriff, Dewesto, (Republican) had a plurality over Sawyer, (Democrat) in the county of 1,287.

Splendid Demonstration.

OTTAWA, Kan., Oct. 18.—A great Republican rally is being held here to-day. An early hour strangers began to make their appearance on our streets. By six o'clock the city commenced to don her holiday attire, and at two o'clock was glittering with glory, the air reverberating with eloquence from near and far, and everywhere, on foot, in wagons and other vehicles, constantly received accessions to her crowds. Specials on all the roads arrived every half hour, heavily loaded with living freight, swelling the multitude to proportions that no one can correctly estimate the Lawrence cyclones with their drum corps arrived in full strength, intensifying the enthusiasm that everywhere prevails. Tom Anderson and his modoes are furnishing vocal music. Two thousand torches are in line and a hundred flambeaux are ready for the grand demonstration. The fireworks are arranged for on a most magnificent scale. Forest park is literally jammed with people. Gov. G. L. Anthony, J. B. Johnson, Dr. Krohn and Gen. Caldwell are making speeches.

The immense parade column formed in the race track in Forest park at 7 p. m. The cavalcade with flambeaux, torches and music, interspersed with bands, moved through the principal streets, the line extending over two miles. On their return to the park the grandest sight of all was witnessed. The magnificent pyrotechnic display, blending with one hundred flambeaux and three thousand torches, lighted up the park and the city with all the colors of the rainbow. Conspicuous among the many representations was one showing Cleveland tenderly nursing a baby boy, and Hendricks loading and firing upon the union. At 10 p. m. the fireworks were still blazing away, and the speakers entertaining the vast assembly. Over twenty thousand souls were drawn together to witness the grand display.

Augusta Awake.

AUGUSTA, Kas., Oct. 18.—Col. John A. Martin, Republican nominee for governor, arrived in Eldorado this morning, and was given a reception by the people of that city. He responded in a short speech. At 12 o'clock he and W. E. Stanley, of Wichita, accompanied a special to Douglas, where they were received by the people of that town in a handsome manner. Speeches were made by Col. Martin, A. L. Redden, and W. E. Stanley. At 5 o'clock bands of music, flambeaux and torchlight clubs paraded the streets, making one of the largest political demonstrations ever witnessed in this town. Col. Martin, A. L. Redden and Mr. Stanley are speaking to an overflowing meeting at the opera house. The utmost good feeling prevails, and the streets are crowded with people.

Rally at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, KANS., Oct. 18.—The Republican meeting held in Minneapolis on the 16th, to hear John A. Anderson and others, was the largest and most enthusiastic held in the county this year. A fine display was made in the evening by the Republican club of this county, and the Martin flambeau club of this place, headed by the cornet band, after which the opera house was literally packed to hear Congressman Anderson, who made an able and convincing speech. W. W. Walton, Conrad Meohler and E. L. Moore made speeches in the afternoon.

Democratic Nominations.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Oct. 18.—The Democrats at Wyandotte, Kansas, to-day made the following nominations: State senator, Jno. R. Goodin; clerk district court, L. C. Trickey; probate judge, R. E. Cable; county attorney, J. T. Harlen; superintendent schools, H. C. Wheelock; representative twelfth district, D. B. Hadley; representative thirteenth district, R. W. Hilliker; commissioner, twelfth district, J. Lagrange; commissioner, thirteenth district, Stephen Perkins.

Lawrence Items.

LAWRENCE, October 18.—The Times says: The Democrats of the Eighteenth district nominated Moses McMillan for state representative.

Ottawa special says: There was a large gathering of Democrats here to-day. The occasion was the visit Governor Glick to the city. He spoke in the afternoon before an audience which filled the opera house, and his speech was received with marked approval.

Atchison Democrats.

ATCHISON, Oct. 18.—The Democrats of the Fourth representative district nominated John Seaton for the legislature to-night. Seaton has been a member of the legislature for the last six years, and is a Republican. He canvassed the county for the Republican nomination for state senator a short time ago, but withdrew from the race, giving A. J. Harsh the nomination. He gives as his reasons for going into the Democratic convention that he did not have fair play at the hands of the Republicans. His opponent is Charles W. Benning the regular republican nominee.

Democratic Rally.

KANSAS CITY, MO., Oct. 18.—The largest political demonstration seen here during the campaign, was made by the Democrats tonight. The street procession was made up of local organizations and clubs from neighboring towns. The display of fire-works by the Topeka flambeau club was especially cheered. Meetings were held after the parade at the board of trade hall and market square, addressed by Senator F. M. Cockrell, Gen. James Craig, Gen. R. C. Brockmyer, Congressman Graves and others.

Club Organized.

VALLEY FALLS, KAS., Oct. 18.—A Blaine and Logan club consisting of over one hundred members, was organized here to-night. The meeting was large and great enthusiasm prevailed. It is characterized by some as a phenomenal event in the history of politics here.

West Virginia Election.

WHEELING, W. VA.,