A HURRICANE'S HAVOC

Hundreds of Lives Lost in the West Indies.

THREE ISLANDS WRECKED

St. Lucia, St. Vincent and Barbados Devastated by Terrible Hurricane.

More Than 400 Persons Drowned or Otherwise Killed.

(By Telegraph.)

KINGSTON, JAMAICA, Sept. 23.—Mail advices which reached here today brought melancholy relief to the suspense experienced regarding the full extent of the hurricane disaster at the Islands of St. Vincent, St. Lucia and Barbados, showing that the first accounts were not exaggerated.

At St. Vincent about 300 lives had been lost, not counting the loss of life suffered through the destruction of shipping. The following towns or villages were destroyed: Kingsplace, Grand Sable, Arnosville, Mount Pleasant, Argyle, Wallilabo, Barrouallio, Layon and Buccament, and the second city, Georgetown, was considerably damaged. No approximate estimate of the pecuniary damage done has been reached, but the island is practically ruined.

St. Lucia suffered mostly from rain and landslides, the deluge lasting ten hours.

The city of Castries suffered somewhat, chiefly from a tidal wave which swept over half the town and wrecked a portion of Bay street. Thirteen lives were lost. The full extent of the damage has not been computed, but it is incomparably less than St. Vincent's.

The hurricane which struck the island of Barbados on the night of the 10th, completely wrecked that flat, exposed island, sweeping away 10,000 houses and damaging thousands more. This left three-quarters of the inhabitants homeless. Over 100 people were killed as far as known.

The total estimated damage, besides the loss from the cane crop and provisions, is about $1,500,000 at Barbados.

CLOUDBURST AND CYCLONE.

Great Damage Done to Crops and Railroads in Carolina.

(By Telegraph.)

CHARLOTTE, N. C., Sept. 23.—A special to the Observer from points in western North Carolina tell of serious damage from a cloudburst. The Yadkin and Catawba rivers are booming. In Caldwell county, the rainfall has been six inches in twenty-four hours. The Carolina and Northwestern railroad tracks are two feet under water in one place. Trains have been delayed on the Western North Carolina by washouts. The river bottom corn crops are covered with mud and are ruined. The hay crop is also seriously damaged. Some families have been driven from their homes to the hills by the freshet. Lewis Moser was drowned in the Yadkin near Donnaha while attempting to rescue pumpkins that were floating down the stream.

MOUNT AIRY, N. C., Sept. 23.—A cyclone visited here last night, unroofing the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railroad depot, blowing down several buildings and doing considerable damage to telephone and telegraph communication.

Three miles west of Pilot Mountain the railroad trestle and 100 feet of track were washed away.

ANOTHER PARIS SENSATION.

Madame Paulmier Seriously Shoots a Newspaper Man.

(By Telegraph.)

PARIS, Sept. 23.—Madame Paulmier, wife of Ernest Paulmier, member of the Chamber of Deputies, from the department of Calvades, has added another tragedy to the bewildering intricacies of the Dreyfus plot. Madame Paulmier today entered the offices of La Lanterne, [illegible] to see M. Millerand. M. Millerand was absent and M. Ollivier, who was present, stepped forward to receive the lady, who, without waiting for an explanation, whipped out a revolver and fired twice. M. Ollivier fell to the floor wounded. He was taken to a hospital.

Madame Paulmier was taken into custody and when questioned, coolly announced:

"I wished to kill M. Millerand."

She explained that La Lanterne had slandered herself and her husband, because her husband had written a letter to General Chanoine, the minister of war, with reference to putting a stop to attacks upon the army provoked by the Dreyfus affair.

The military authorities have accomplished their plan of stifling Colonel Picquart by placing him an secret. Colonel Picquart's friends have been denied admission to the prison, his counsel, Maitre Labori, has twice appeared at the office of the clerk of the court martial and applied for permission to see his client. On both occasions he was informed that Picquart had been placed au secret, and could be only seen on an order from the authorities, which M. Labori had been unable to secure.

La Liberte predicts important action by the council on Tuesday, which may result in the convoking of the chambers.

The final meeting of the commission to consider the subject of revision, which was fixed for tonight, has been postponed until 8 o'clock tomorrow morning, when a report will be drafted. It is stated in ministerial circles that the report will advise M. Sarrien, minister of justice, in favor of revision.

The most violent newspaper attacks on President Faure continue. The Aurore calls the president a "grotesque fool" and "canaille."

A PEREMPTORY MESSAGE.

Spaniards in Cuba Must Cease Their Dilatory Tactics.

(By Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—A very peremptory message has been sent to the Cuban military commission, and by them made the basis of a note to the Spanish commissioners. The authorities in Washington will not make public the terms of the note, but its general tenor is that the United States will not be satisfied with any further delay in the evacuation of Cuba. It is to the effect that the terms of the protocol called for the immediate evacuation of Cuba, and that Spanish sovereignty must be relinquished. The American commissioners have been informed that the evacuation of Cuba cannot be delayed.

HARNESS RACES AT BALTIMORE

(By Telegraph.)

BALTIMORE, Sept. 23.—Big fields and close finishes made it necessary to extend the meet at the Driving Park and the remainder of the card will probably be completed tomorrow. The day's results follow:

2.25 class, pacing—Uncle Jobe won first, third and fourth heats and race. Best time, 2.19 3-4.

2.24 class, trotting (unfinished)—Minnie Rysdyk won, first and third heats. Best time, 2.20.

MURDERED HIS MOTHER-IN-LAW

(By Telegraph.)

RICHMOND, Sept. 23.—Joseph Terrell (colored), was hanged in the jail yard at Charlottesville at 10:30 o'clock this morning for the murder of his mother-in-law, Malinda Brown. The crime was committed at Earlysville, Albemarle county, in May 1898, and was a very brutal one. The execution was devoid of any particular incident.

FORGINGS FOR NAVAL RIFLES.

Radical Changes in Gun Construction on New Battleships.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The Navy Department has recently placed orders for forgings for naval rifles of calibres from 4 to 12 inch to supply the new battleships, and in a short time the navy yard factory will begin to turn out ordnance embodying radical changes in the vessels now in the service.

These changes in armament are brought about by two causes—experience gained in the war with Spain, and advancement in the art of gun making.

It has been demonstrated that rifles of medium calibre, which can be fired far more rapidly than those of large calibre, are more effective. Had there been no gun aboard our ships at Santiago larger than an 8-inch the victory would have been just as complete, for the small guns did the work there. It is true that the vessels against which they were brought to bear were only armored cruisers, but they were powerful vessels, and almost equal to battleships.

It is quite likely that no more 13-inch guns will be made after the Illinois, Alabama and Wisconsin are equipped with them.

The Navy Department has recently placed orders for forgings for naval rifles of calibre from four to twelve inch to supply the new battleships, and in a short time the navy yard factory will begin to turn out ordnance embodying radical changes in gun construction, and much more powerful than guns of the same calibre now afloat on our ships. The ordnance officers have for several years realized the possibility of improving the present standard naval gun, effective as it is, but the time has not been opportune to do this, nor was the money available to undertake the change on a large scale until this year. The advent of smokeless powder has also aided to make the change possible.

The new twelve-inch gun will be as effective as the present thirteen-inch gun in range and striking force. This is achieved at the expense of weight, but the difference is still in favor of the new design. For instance, the present twelve-inch gun weighs forty-six tons, against fifty-two tons for the new gun. But this gun takes the place of a thirteen-inch gun, which weighs sixty-one tons, so that a considerable saving is effected. About the same rate of gain is secured in all the lesser calibers. The new gun will send its projectile at the enormous velocity of 3,600 feet per second, which is about fifty per cent. greater than the velocity of the present thirteen-inch shell.

The ordnance officers say that there is a very erroneous idea prevalent as to the present value of ammunition shot away by Dewey at Manila and by Sampson's fleet at Santiago. Instead of this running up as high as $2,000,000, as asserted in some quarters, the fact was that Dewey at Manila fired $47,000 worth of ammunition, and the North Atlantic fleet, at Santiago on July 3 and during the bombardments, not to exceed $100,000.

NEBRASKANS WISH RELEASE.

The State Now Has More Than Its Quota in the Service.

(By Telegraph.)

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Colonel Bryan, of the Third Nebraska, with Governor Holcomb and Representative Stark, were again at the War Department today and called on General Corbin. Colonel Bryan submitted a few more papers requesting the discharge of members of his regiment. It is stated at the department that all the applications for discharge, submitted by Colonel Bryan yesterday and today will have to pass through the regular military channels and the final determination will be the recommendation of the corps commander, who is Major General Fitzhugh Lee.

The party later had another interview with President McKinley. At its close Governor Holcomb authorized a statement as to the request which they had made.

"We do not confine our representation to the Third regiment, but made it embrace all the Nebraska troops in the field. Nebraska raised three regiments for the war.

"Leaving the Second regiment out of consideration, we have 2,652 soldiers in the field. This exceeds our quota by 700 men, on the basis of an army of 100,000, and we have asked that the Nebraska force be reduced so as to bring it down to something near the correct proportion.

"This arrangement would permit the weeding out of men whose circumstances are such as to appeal especially to the authorities for relief. There are many of these, and the list is not confined to sick men. There are many of our volunteers who left lucrative positions to go to the war and who have families dependent upon them and for whom we are seeking to secure relief."

Governor Holcomb added that the request was made in behalf of the enlisted men only, and not in the interest of the officers. "They have the privilege of resigning if they desire to get out of the service," he added. In this connection the governor stated that no representations had been made concerning the attitude of Colonel Bryan personally, and he could not say whether the colonel would [illegible] resign or to secure a furlough.

The President took the representations of the delegation under consideration, promising to give his response at an early date. Governor Holcomb will leave for home tomorrow and hopes to have the President's reply before starting.

PRECAUTIONS AGAINST DISEASE.

Ready-Made Barracks to Be Taken to Havana Other Matters.

HAVANA, Sept. 23.—The British consul last night paid a long visit to the American military commission at the Trocha Hotel. He conversed at length with Generals Wade and Bates and Rear Admiral Sampson.

According to information received, the commissioners have advised the government that it will be very dangerous to bring to Havana troops to be housed in the existing barracks, as they have become infected by overcrowding with sick Spanish soldiers, and because of the bad sanitary condition of the whole town. It is therefore proposed that ready-made frame barracks, ready to be put together, shall be shipped from the United States before the American troops are brought here.

General Blanco has conferred a decoration upon a colored woman named Barbara Gutcirrez, for bravery displayed during the bombardment of Manzanillo, where she fought side by side with the regular troops, displaying the utmost courage.

Captain General Blanco, in view of the government's decision to transfer the remains of Columbus to Spain, has issued an order directing that the monument containing the remains shall be properly packed for shipment.

SPAIN'S BANKRUPT CONDITION.

(By Telegraph.)

MADRID, Sept. 23.—At the cabinet council today upon the announcement by the minister for the colonies, Senor Romero Giron, that the Bank of Spain declined to make further advances until November, without some guarantee which he was unable to give, the cabinet instructed the ministers of the colonies and of finance to concert some operation to obtain the bank's assistance, the government having decided that any other means of raising money would be disadvantageous.

MANY FISHERMAN DROWNED.

(By Telegraph.)

MEMEL, PRUSSIA, Sept. 23.—Heavy storms are prevailing in the Baltic and 120 fishermen have been drowned between Polangen and Libau, seaport towns of the province of Courtland, Russia.

ON THE DIAMOND.

Results of Yesterday's Games in the National League.

THE CLUB RECORD.

Boston	89	44	.669
Baltimore	85	47	.644
Cincinnati	83	54	.606
Cleveland	74	58	.561
Chicago	74	63	.540
New York	70	63	.526
Pittsburg	67	69	.549
Philadelphia	67	62	.519
Louisville	60	74	.448
Brooklyn	49	76	.312
Washington	44	80	.328
St. Louis	35	97	.265

(By Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, 3; LOUISVILLE, 6.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Carrick, formerly of the Newark Atlantic League team was put in to pitch for the Giants today. He was beach worn and very wild. With men on bases he was heady and will, no doubt, make a good man. Attendance, 300.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
New York	0 0 0 3 0 0 0 0 0—	3	7	2
Louisville	1 1 1 0 2 1 0 0 0—	6	8	1

Batteries—Carrick and Warner, Magee and Kittridge. Umpires—Hunt and Connolly. Time—2:00.

BALTIMORE, 9; CHICAGO, 2.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 23.—Callahan broke Baltimore's winning streak today. He was invincible when men were on bases. Maul was rather wild and only the sharpest kind of fielding prevented the Orphens' total from being larger. Attendance, 1,650.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Baltimore	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—	0	9	1
Chicago	0 0 0 1 0 1 0 0 x—	2	7	2

Batteries—Maul and Robinson, Callahan and Donohue. Umpire—O'Day and Brown. Time—2:05.

PHILADELPHIA, 5; CLEVELAND, 1.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 23.—Philadelphia played another errorless game this afternoon and won its third straight victory over Cleveland. Young's support was wretched. Tebeau took exception to the umpire's decision in the second inning and finally kicked himself out of the game. Attendance, 1,235.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Philadelphia	1 0 3 1 0 0 0 0 x—	5	12	0
Cleveland	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—	1	8	4

Batteries—Orth and McFarland, Young and Criger. Umpires—Swartwood and Smith. Time—1:40.

BOSTON, 2; PITTSBURG, 1.

BOSTON, Sept. 23.—Today's game was a pitcher's battle in which honors were about evenly divided. Boston made their winning run in the ninth, by bunching three hits after one man was out. Attendance, 1,000.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Boston	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1—	2	9	0
Pittsburg	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—	1	4	1

Batteries—Willis and Bergen, Tannehill and Bowerman. Umpires—Gaffney. Time—1:54.

CINCINNATI BREAKS EVEN.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Baker's pitching in the first game won it for the Senators. In the second, although Hawley was hit hard, the Red-Legs were able to get better results when they conected with Williams' delivery. Attendance, 1,800.

First game—		R.	H.	E.
Washington	1 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0—	3	8	2
Cincinnati	0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—	1	4	2

Batteries—Baker and Farrell, Breitenstein and Wood. Time—1:45.

Second game—		R.	H.	E.
Washington	0 0 1 1 0 0 4 0 0—	6	14	3
Cincinnati	0 0 0 2 0 2 3 1 x—	10	14	2

Batteries—Williams and Casey, Hawley and Wood. Umpires—Emslie and Andrews. Time—2:00.

BROOKLYN, 4; ST. LOUIS, 3.

BROOKLYN, Sept. 23.—Kennedy won his game today by smashing out a double with two men on bases in the ninth. It was a pitcher's battle, with Taylor having the better end of it up to the finish. Attendance, 600.

Score:		R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 2—	4	9	1
St. Louis	1 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0—	3	7	0

Batteries—Kennedy and Ryan, Taylor and Clements. Umpire—Warner. Time—1.31.

IS ROOSEVELT INELIGIBLE?

His Opponents Claim He Is a Non-resident.

(By Telegraph.)

ALBANY, N. Y., Sept. 23.—The supporters of Governor Black have tonight exposed their hand, which has been responsible for their great confidence in their ability to defeat Colonel Roosevelt for the gubernatorial nomination and which makes the nomination of the colonel an impossibility. Colonel Roosevelt, they say, is "ineligible" to run as a candidate for governor in this State at this time, owing to his being a non-resident.

His opponents claim that, when he was sworn in as assistant secretary of the navy and also as colonel in the volunteer army he gave his residence as "Washington, D. C."

THE DENIAL COMES.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Republican leaders say they are not worried over the affidavits signed by Colonel Roosevelt as to his being a resident of Washington. They claim to be able to prove that Colonel Roosevelt's real residence is at Oyster Bay, Long Island, and that Washington was his temporary home.

Colonel Roosevelt, when seen tonight, declared that the story of his not being a resident of New York State was without foundation.

CAN'T FIGHT IN KENTUCKY.

Governor Bradley Forbids the Corbett-McCoy Battle.

(By Telegraph.)

FRANKFORT, KY., Sept. 23.—Governor Bradley upon receiving a telegram conveying the rumor that arangements are being made to have the Corbett-McCoy fight in this State near Cincinnati, issued a proclamation today warning all persons not to attend the same, and directing the peace officers of the State to take steps to suppress the fight if attempted in Kenucky.

OHIO AND INDIANA, TOO.

CINCINNATI, Sep. 23.—The Times-Star has received dispatches from the governors of Ohio and Indiana saying that the Corbett-McCoy fight cannot be held in their States.

SOLDIER KILLED BY ACCIDENT.

(By Telegraph.)

CAMP POLAND, KNOXVILLE, TENN., Sept. 23.—The First Georgia broke camp today and started for Macon to be mustered out. While the regiment was loading Private Pate, of Company A, was accidentally shot by Private Bryant, of the same company. The ball from Bryant's rifle passed through Pate's body, and he will die. The gun was loaded, and Bryant did not know it. He was taken to Macon as a prisoner, and will be tried there.

DEMANDS OF THE FILIPINOS.

(By Telegraph.)

MANILA, Sept. 23.—The Filipino national assembly has decided to request the Americans, first, to recognize the independence of the islands; second, to establish a protectorate over their external affairs and to induce the powers to recognize their independence; third, to appoint a joint commission of Americans and Filipinos for the arrangement of details to "reciprocate the American services."

THE PRINCE'S AUTOGRAPH.

Rev. Hartley Carmichael, D. D., rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, has received from the Prince of Wales, Grand Master of the English Grand Lodge, Ancient Free and Accepted Masons, a beautifully-engraved parchment commission as representative of the English Grand Lodge in the Grand Lodge of Virginia. Accompanying the commission is a magnificent Masonic jewel. What makes the document especially valuable in the eyes of Dr. Carmichael, who is an Englishman, is the signature, "Albert Edward G.," in the upper left-hand corner.—Richmond Dispatch.

A filter saves health and doctors' bills. Williams' Pharmacy Store.

TRADE CONDITIONS.

Larger Cereal Exports and Improving Outlook in Many Lines.

(By Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—Bradstreet's tomorrow will say:

"Favorable trade developments manifest themselves chiefly along the lines previously noted. The importance of a large export demand to the country's domestic interests is illustrated by the improved tone and price in wheat and flour this week, growing out of the better foreign buying induced by less favorable Russian crop reports, smaller shipments from that country and apparently continued careful selling by American producers. Raw cotton, on the other hand, reflects probabilities of continued plentiful supplies and rather slow demand in quotations, lower than the lowest point reached in the year of depression, 1894, when a large yield was coincident with poor trade, industrial troubles and tight money.

From the west and northwest advices continue largely in the former cheerful strain. Some relaxation in activity is perceptible in some lines at large markets, but the volume of trade as a whole is evidently equal to any previous record. At the south low-priced cotton and yellow fever quarantines affect trade adversely, improvement in one section being counterbalanced by less favorable advancements from others. Conditions on the Pacific coast are most numerously reported in the State of Oregon and Washington. Conservative management earlier in the year, however, has resulted in fairly good conditions in California, where crops were less favorable than further north, and failures are down to a minimum.

At the east the least favorable reports continue to come from the textile industries. Wool is quiet, and manufacturers are not encouraged to buy heavily in view of the very moderate trade in woolen goods. Cotton goods are in better distribution, but prices betray the unsettling influences of low prices for the material, and print cloths are slightly weaker.

Activity in iron and steel manufacture continues unabated, and similar conditions are reported abroad. Talk of further moderate advance in prices has increased, particularly in this country, which, generally speaking, is the cheapest market for iron and steel in the world. The export trade in pig iron from southern points continues very heavy, and another advance of 25 cents is reported by some large southern concerns.

Improved foreign demand for American cereals is shown in the enlarged volume of shipments this week. Wheat (including flour), shipments aggregate 4,991,353 bushels, against 3,675,291 bushels last week; 5,708,825 bushels in the corresponding week of 1897; 3,930,466 bushels in 1896; 3,151,907 bushels in 1895; and 2,562,500 bushels in 1894. Since July 1 this year, exports of wheat aggregate 41,160,444 bushels, against 50,310,525 bushels last year.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 2,626,290 bushels as against 2,331,005 bushels last week; 4,022,142 bushels in this week one year ago; 2,000,497 bushels in 1896; 1,360,325 bushels in 1895, and 104,000 bushels in 1894. Since July 1, this year, corn exports aggregate 32,365,165 bushels against 38,399,991 bushels during the same period of 1897.

Business failures in the United States for the week number 182, against 173 last week, but compared with 237 in this week a year ago; 321 in 1896; 198 in 1895; and 204 in 1894. Business failures in the Dominion of Canada number 19; against 20 last week; 35 in this week a year ago, and 34 in 1896.

ALGER REVIEWS THE TROOPS.

The Secretary Also Inspects the Huntsville Camp.

(By Telegraph.)

HUNTSVILLE, ALA., Sept. 23.—Secretary of War Alger reviewed the troops in camp at Huntsville this morning and then inspected the hospitals and camp grounds of Camp Wheeler. He is pleased with the condition of the troops here, and seems to be very favorably impressed with Huntsville's camping site.

General Alger's party arrived in Huntsville at 2 o'clock this morning from Chattanooga. At 10 o'clock the party took positions on the reviewing stand erected in the courthouse yard, in the centre of Huntsville. The troops marched past the reviewing stand under command of General Coppinger, and were closely inspected by General Alger.

The streets were crowded, and the soldiers and Secretary Alger were given an enthusiastic reception.

Secretary Alger and party started for Anniston via Chattanooga at 4 o'clock.

NOVELIST JOHNSON DEAD.

BALTIMORE, Sep. 23—Richard Malcolm Johnson, the lecturer and novelist died in this city this morning after an illness of several months.

Colonel Johnson was born in Hancock county, Ga., in 1822, was educated at the Mercer Baptist University, and began life as a school teacher. Subsequently he took up the practice of law at Sparta, Ga., which he afterwards gave up to accept a professorship in the University of Georgia. At the close of the Civil war he came to Baltimore and established a school near the city at which many prominent men received their rudimentary education. Several years ago he abandoned this occupation and has since devoted his time to lecturing and to writing those characteristic stories and sketches of southern life that have made his name a household word in all parts of this country. Although reared a Baptist, Colonel Johnson relinquished that faith in 1871 and became a Catholic in which church he remained until his death. His wife was Miss Frances Mansfield, of Sparta, Ga., and three sons and four daughters survive him.

DIED OF YELLOW FEVER.

(By Telegraph.)

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—E. Isaacs, of Macon, Ga., who arrived from Santiago on the Seguranca suffering from yellow fever, and was conveyed to the Swinburne Island, died today.

GREEN BEATS M'CONNELL.

SAN FRANCISCO, Sept. 23.—Green wins from McConnell in the tenth round of their fight here tonight.

PEKIN, Sept. 23.—The Emperor is in good health, but is much distressed at the realization of the existence of a conspiracy against him. He issued an edict this morning ordering guards of the palace to patrol with extra care. The guard has been strengthened. The European community in Pekin believes the life of the Emperor is in danger. Englishmen think the present state of affairs is Great Britain's opportunity.

OTTAWA, ONT., Sept. 23.—At the conclusion of the exercises at the Ottawa Exhibition, Lord Aberdeen made a tour of the grounds. The party first visited the Aberdeen pavilion. When passing up the center aisle, a young woman in attendance at one of the exhibits asked his excellency's permission to pin a small souvenir of the Stars and Stripes on his coat lapel. The request was granted, and Lord Aberdeen wore "Old Glory" for the rest of the afternoon.

Cold weather makes you feel a little chilly. How about a medium suit of underwear. Mugler has them in all weights.

Your straw hat is looking like the last rose of summer. Bring it to us with three dollars and we will give you the latest fall block for it. We also have cheaper ones. Mugler Shoe and Hat Co., 2704 Washington avenu

BAD BLOOD

"CASCARETS do all claimed for them and are a truly wonderful medicine. I have often wished for a medicine pleasant to take and at last have found it in Cascarets. Since taking them, my blood has been purified and my complexion has improved wonderfully and I feel much better in every way." MRS. SALLIE E. SELLARS, Luttrell, Tenn.

CANDY CATHARTIC Cascarets TRADE MARK REGISTERED REGULATE THE LIVER

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken, or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c.

... CURE CONSTIPATION. ...

Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago, Montreal, New York. 319

NO-TO-BAC Sold and guaranteed by all druggists to CURE Tobacco Habit.

ALONG THE WATER FRONT

ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED ABOUT THE PIERS

Entrances and Clearances at the Custom House. List of Vessels Now in Port Other Marine Items.

CALENDAR FOR TODAY.

Sun Rises ..... 5:55 A. M.
Sun Sets ..... 5:59 P. M.
High Water 3:26 A. M. and 4:05 P. M.
Low Water 9:35 A. M. and 10:37 P. M.

Weather Forecast

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—Forecast for Saturday—Virginia: Generally fair, fresh to brisk southwest to northwest winds.

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

Vessels Arrived Yesterday.

Steamship Lord Lansdowne (Br.) Harison, Ardrossan.
Steamship City of York (Br.), Tindale.
Schooner James D. Dewell, Boston.

Vessels Sailed Yesterday

Bark Rachele P (It.), Tasso, Cadiz.
Schooners Vanname and King, New Haven.
Barge Mayflower, Norwich.
Barge City of Montreal, New York.
Barge Mercedita, New Haven.

DISTILLING SHIP IRIS.

The distilling ship Iris, which has been ordered to accompany the battleship Oregon and Iowa to Manila, is now at Norfolk, where she went after the soldiers at Montauk objected to drinking the water distilled by her apparatus. This was at first guaranteed to have a capacity for producing 60,000 gallons of pure water in twenty-four hours, but it has recently exceeded all expectations of the Navy Department by producing 120,000 gallons of "germ-proof" water in a day.

DEFICICT OF SEVEN MILLIONS.

Enormous Amount Expended by Tammany in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 23.—The cost of running the government of the Greater New York for 1899 will have to be determined before election day this year. This developed at the meeting of the Board of Estimate yesterday. Mayor Van Wyck said it would be necessary for officials to put in their estimtes for running their departments for next year at once, as all appropriations must be made by the Board of Estimate before November 1.

Comptroller Coler reported to the board that the cost of running the city since consolidation was $7,175,850.38 in excess of the amount appropriated. This amount will have to be met by the issue of special revenue bonds, which the Comptroller was given authority today to issue.

TREATY WITH RUSSIA.

Secret Convention Said to Have Been Signed in March.

LONDON, Sept. 23.—A dispatch to the "Globe" from Hong Kong purports to give details of the secret convention signed at Pekin on March 27. It appears that Hsu-Ying-K'Ouoi, of the Chinese Foreign Office, thereby concluded an agreement with St. Petersburg by which China ceded Port Arthur and Ta-Lien-Wan, stipulating that only Russian and Chinese warships enter or dock at Port Arthur.

Russia, it also appears, gets the exclusive use of the inner harbor of Ta-Lien-Wan, the sole administration of the ceded territories and a tract of land north of Ta-Lien-Wan designated as a "buffer belt."

KRUPPIZED ARMOR TESTED.

Important Trial Made at the Indian Head Grounds.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—There was an important test of armor at the Indian Head proving grounds, when a plate manufactured by the Carnegie Steel Company according to the Krupp method was attacked. A good deal of interest attached to this test and a number of ordnance experts of the service witnessed the firing. Upon the results depend the adoption of what is termed Kruppized armor for the new battleships.

Three shots were fired and the trial was pronounced eminently satisfactory. The test will be renewed shortly when the firing will be continued until the plate is destroyed. By this means it will be possible to demonstrate the effectiveness of this type of protection.

LUXURIOUS MILITIA COLONELS

NEW YORK Sept. 23.—At a meeting of the Armory Board a report was presented by Brigadier General McCoskey Butt on the estimates for the supplies and maintenance of various armories in Greater New York for the year 1899. As a result of that report the estimates were reduced from $157,151.51 to $73,958.14.

General Butt reported that he found that the colonels of the various regiments asked for money for every conceivable object. One colonel wanted $850 for carpets. He was allowed one carpet, which will cost about $40. Another colonel wanted 3600 pounds of toilet soap. General Butt said he thought the men should procure their own soap. Another colonel wanted a carriage, which was not allowed.

THE FOLLY OF SUICIDE.

Suicide is the supreme act of the quitter. It is seldom a good thing except in the taking off of a superfluous member of society whose possibilities have been exhausted by the dramatist or the novelist. All the world admires a game man and so do the angels. The hysteria which turns the hand of a man upon himself is not philosophy, but spite and petulance. Even the man who devotes himself to frivolity is a more impressive character than the quitter.—Kansas City Star.

Rudyard Kipling recently received a polite note asking if his story, "The Man Who Would Be King" is founded on fact. Mr. Kipling conceived the inquiry to be an attempt to secure his autograph, so he cut out of a paper the three words, "It is not," and pasting them neatly on a blank sheet mailed it to the inquirer, without his signature.

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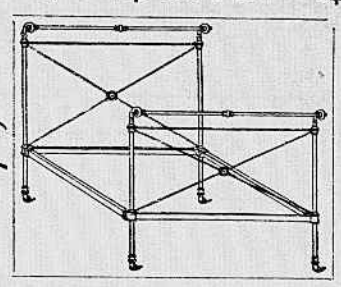

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