The Centre Democrat.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 19 1861.

LOCAL INTELLIGENCE.

Hunting.

The sporting gentry of our community are enjoying themselves amazingly at the expense of the poor pigeons, which are to be found in considerable numbers in this vicinity. Some of the skilled gentlemen meet with considerable success, but the green hands come out, generally, at the little end of the horn. Mr. Carl Ringer a German sportsman of considerable experience and noteriety, appears to lead off in the sporting line. During the year ending with the 15th day of September he has performed wonders in this particular, as will be seen from the following list of animals and birds killed by him during that period:

Deers,	5,
Ground-hogs,	5,
Foxes,	27,
Raccoons,	13,
Rabbits,	72,
Musk rats,	41,
Wild-ducks,	32
Partriges,	316,
Pheasants,	196
Snipes,	9

And an exceedingly large number of wild pigeons of which he kept no record. Considering the scarcity of game in these parts this is a very respectable list.

Knitting for the Volunteers.

We see by our exchanges from different parts that Associations are being formed all over the country the object of which is to supply our Volunteers with woolen socks, before the Winter season sets in. The Quarter Master General R. C. Hale, proposes to pay twenty-five cents a pair for all woolen stockings delivered at Harrisburg for the army—this sum to be paid into the county treasury and used as a fund for the relief of the families of the volunteers who went from the county whose citizens send the socks. The patriotic ladies of Bellefonte contemplate forming an Association of this kind, and a meeting has been called for that purpose and will be held in the Court House on Saturday evening. We hope the Ladies will be present and take a deep interest in this important movemenet.

Pictures.

The attention of our readers is directed to the fact that Wm. Schriber has refitted his daguerreotyp Picture Car, and is now better prepared than ever to take pictures for the people. He contemplates leaving soon, and those who wish one of his excellent Pictures must call soon.

Our Paper.

Although dated on Thursday is not issued until Saturday afternoon. It contains the late news up to that time. The Election Proclamation crowds out several editorials.

The Union! The Union!

ONE HUNDRED PATRIOTS WANTED

TO BATTLE FOR

THEIR FIRESIDES AND THEIR HOMES!

THE REBELS

Are in Sight of Washington!!

MEN OF OLD CENTRE

To the Rescue!!

ABRAM V. MILLER,

is now raising a Cavalry Company, for the three years' term (unless sooner discharged) to enter the service as soon as the required number of men are enlisted. Let those who wish to Serve their Country come now to the rescue.

ARMED TRAITORS

Are now in the field against the Government, and Armed Patriots must meet them, if we would preserve the Liberty left us by our

OLD REVOLUTIONARY SIRES

Meetings will be held in different parts of the county. Let men prepare to enlist in the service of the Union—under the Glorious Old Flag of our Country.

ABRAM V. MILLER.

Sept. 19th '61.

☞ *"The Life of the Flesh is in the Blood,"* was said by inspiration long before Harvey's discovery of its circulation had brought to light its purposes and uses. Now we know not only that "life is in the blood," but that disease inhabits it also. Many of the disorders that prevade the human frame, have their home in it, thrive and grow in it. The celebrated Dr. J. C. Ayer, of Lowell, has had regard to this important fact in making a Remedy to cure these disorders. His Extracts of Sarsaparilla purges out the impurities of the blood and induces a healthy action in all the expels disease. This looks reasonable, and it is true, for we know by our own experience. Seldom as we take any medicine, we have nevertheless several times been under obligations to the skill of Dr. Ayer for the relief which his remedies never fail to afford us when we are obliged to have recourse to them.—*Catholic, Halifax, N. S.*

WHEREAS, IN AND BY AN ACT OF The General Assembly of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, entitled an 'Act relating to the elections of this Commonwealth" passed the 2nd day of July, A. D. 1839, it is the duty of the Sheriff of every county within the Commonwealth to give Public notice and to enumerate:—1st. The officers to be elected. 2nd. Designate the places at which the election is to be held. I GEORGE ALEXANDER, High Sheriff of Centre, do hereby make known, and give this public notice to the electors of the said county of Centre, that on the second Tuesday of October next, (being the 8th day of the month) a General Election will be held at the several election districts, established by law in the said county of Centre, at which time district and county officers are to be elected as follows, to wit;

One person to represent this Senatorial District in the Senate of this Commonwealth.

One person to represent the county of Centre in the House of Representatives of this Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to fill the offices of Associate Judges for the county of Centre.

One person to fill the office of Treasurer of the county of Centre.

One person to fill the office of Commissioner of the county of Centre.

One person to fill the office of Auditor of the County of Centre.

In pursuance of said act I also hereby make known and give notice, that the place of holding the aforesaid General election in the several election districts within the said county of Centre, as follows to wit:

The electors of the county of Centre will take notice that the said General Election will be held at the following places:

For the township of Haines, at the public house of John Russel, in the town of Aaronsburg.

For the twp. of Halfmoon at the School House in Walkerville.

For the twp. of Taylor at the School House near Hannah Furnace.

For the twp. of Miles at the School House in Rebersburg.

For the twp. of Potter at the House of Geo. Ottenkirk, Potters Fort.

For the twp. of Gregg at the house of Geo. Miller.

For the twp. Ferguson at the School House in Pinegrove.

For the twp. of Harris at the school house in Boalsburg.

For the twp. of Patton at the house of Peter Murray.

For the Borough of Bellefonte and Spring twp at the Courthouse in said Borough.

For the twp. of Walker at the school house in Hublersburg.

For the twp, of Howard at the house of Mrs. Eliza Tipton.

For the twp. of Rush at the School House in Philipsburg.

For twp. of Snowshoe at the school house near the house of Samual Asky.

For the twp. of Marion at the school house At Jacksonville.

For the Borough of Milesburg and Boggs tp, at the school house in said Borough.

For the twp of Huston at the former place of holding elections.

For the twp of Penn at the house of Wm. L. Musser.

For the twp. of Liberty at the school house in Eagleville.

For the twp. of Worth at the school house in Port Matilda.

For the twp. of Curtin at the school house of Robt. Mann.

For the Borough of Unionville and Union twp. in the school house in said Borough.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN.

"That every person, except Justices of the Peace, who shall hold any office of profit and trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any city or incorporated district, whether a commissioned officer or agent, who is or shall be employed under the Legislative, Executive or Judiciary department of this State, or of United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congress and the State Legislature, and of the Select or Common Council of any city, or any Commissioners of any Incorporated District, is by law incapable of holding or exercising at the same time the office of Judge, Inspector or Clerk of any election of this Commonwealth, and no Judge, Inspector, or that no other officer of such election shall be eligible to any office then voted for."

And the said Act of assembly entitled an "Aut relating to the elections of this Commonwealth," passed July the 2nd, 1839, provides as follows, to wit;

That the Judges and Inspectors chosen aforesaid, shall meet at their respective places appointed for holding the election in their districts to which they respectively belong, before 9 o'clock on the morning of the 2nd Tuesday of October in each and every year, and each of the said Inspectors shall appoint one Clerk, who shall be a qualified voter of said district."

In case the person who shall receive the highest number of votes for inspector shall not attend on the day of the election, then the person who shall have received the second highest number of votes for Judge, at the next proceeding election, shall act as Inspector in his place, and in case the Judge shall not attend then the Inspector who has achieved the highest number of votes shall appoint a Judge in his place; and if any vacancy continue in the board for the space of an hour after the time fixed by law for the opening of the election, the qualified voters of the township, ward or district for which such officers shall have been elected, present shall select one of their number to fill such vacancy.

"It shall be the duty of said Assessors, respectively to attend at the places of holding every general special or township election, during the time the said election is open, for the purpose of giving information to the Inspectors and Judges, when called on, in relation to the rights of any person assessed by them to vote at such election, or such other matter in relation to the assessments of voters as the said inspectors or judges, or either of them, shall from time to time require."

"No person shall be permitted to vote at any election as aforesed, other than a white freeman, of 21 years or more, who shall have resided in this State at least one year and in the election district where he offers to vote, at least ten days immediately preceeding the election, and within two years paid State or county tax, which shall have been assessed at least ten days before the election, but a citizen of the United States who had been previously a qualified voter of this State, and removed therefrom and returned, and who shall have resided in the election district and paid taxes as aforesaid shall be entitled to vote after residing in the State six months, Provided, That the white freemen citizens of the United States, between the ages of 21 and 22 years, and in the district ten days as aforesaid, shall be titled to vote, although they have not paid taxes."

"No person shall be entitled to vote whose name is not contained in the taxable inhabitants furnished by the commissioners unless, first he produce a receipt for the payment within two years, of a State and county tax, assessed agreeably to the constitution or gives satisfactory evidence, either on his oath or affirmation of another, that he has paid such a tax; or failure to procure a receipt shall make oath of the payment thereof or second, if he claims to be an elector between the age of 21 and 22 years, he shall depose an oath or affirmation, that he resided in the State at least one year next before his application and make such proof of his residence in the district as is required by this act, whereupon, the name of the person as admitted to vote, shall be inserted in the alphabetical list by the Inspectors, and a note made opposite thereto by writing the word "tax," if he shall be permitted to vote by reason of having paid a tax, or the word "age," if he shall be admitted on account of his age; and in either case the reason of such votes shall be called out to the clerks, who shall make the like note in the list of voters kept by them."

"In all case where the name of the person claiming to vote is not found in the list furnished by the Commissioners and Assessors, or his right to vote whether found there or not is objected to by one qualified citizen, it shall be the duty of the Inspectors to examine such persons on oath as to his qualifications, and if he claims to have resided within the State one year or more, his oath shall be sufficient proof thereof: but he shall make proof by at least one competent witness who shall be a qualified elector, that he has resided within the district for more than ten days next immediately preceding said election, and shall also himself swear to his bona fide residence, in pursuance of his lawful calling, is within the district, and not for the purpose of voting therein."

"If any person shall prevent or attempt or prevent, any officer of an election under this act from holding such election, or use or threaten any violence to any such office, or shall interrupt or improperly interfere with him in the execution of his duty, or block up or attempt to block up the window or the avenue to any window where the same may be holden, or shall riotously disturb the peace of such election, or shall use or practice any intimidation, threaten force or violence with the design to influence unduly, or overpower any elector, or to prevent him from voting or to restrain the freedom of his choice, such persons on conviction, shall be fined any sum not exceeding five hundred dollars, and be imprisioned any time not exceeding twelve months, and if it shall be swown to the court where the trial of such offences shall be had that the person offending was not a resident of the city, ward, district or township where the offence was committed, and not entitled to vote therein, then on conviction, he shall be sentenced to pay a fine of not less than one hundred, nor more than one thousand dollars and be imprisioned not less than six months nor more than two years.

"If any person or persons shall make any bet or wager upon the result of any election whithin this Commonwealth, or shall offer to make any such bet or wager either by verbal proclamation thereof, or otherwise, he or they shall forfeit and pay three times the amount so bet or offered to be bet.

"If any person not by law qualified, shall fraudulently vote at any election within this Commonwealth, or being otherwise qualified, shall vote out of his proper district, or any person knowing the want of such qualification shall aid or procure such person to vote the person or persons so offending, shall on conviction be fined any sum not exceeding two hundred dollars, and be imprisioned for any term not exceeding three months.

"If any person shall vote at more than one election district or otherwise fraudulently vote and to deliver to the Inspector two tickets together, with the intent to illegally vote, or shall vote the same; or if any person shall advise or procure annother to do so, he or they so offending, shall on conviction be fined in any sum not less than fifty nor more than five hundred dollars, and be imprisioned for any term not less than three nor more than twelve months.

"If any person not qualified to vote in this Commonwealth agreeably to the law, (excepting the sons of qualified citizens) shall appear at any place of election for the purpose of issuing tickets, or of influencing the citizens qualified to vote, he shall, on conviction forfeit and pay any such offence, and be imprisioned for any term not exceeding three months.

ELECTIONS BY MILITIA OR VOLUNTEERS IN ACTUAL SERVICE.

74. Whenever any of the citizens of this commonwealth qualified as here in before provide, shall be in any actual military service in any detachment of the malicia or corps of volunteers, under a requisition from the president of the United States, or by the authority of this commonwealth, on the day of the general election, as aforesaid, such citizens may exercise the right of suffrage at such place as may be appointed by the commanding officer of the troop or company to which they shall respectively belong, as fully as if they were present at the usual place of election: *Provided*, That no member of any such troop or company, shall be permitted to vote at the place so appointed, if at the time of such election he shall be within ten miles of the place at which he would be entitled to vote, if not in service as aforesaid.

75. The proceedings for conducting such elections shall be, as far as practicable, in all respects the same as are herein directed in the case of general elections, except that the captain or commanding officer of each company or troop shall act as judge, and that the first lieutenant or officer second in command shall act as inspector at such election, so far as shall relate to such company or troop; and in case of the neglect or refusal of such officers, or either of them to serve in such capacity, the officer or officers next in command, in such company or troop, shall act as judge or inspector as the case may be.

76. The officer authorized to perform the duties of judge, shall administer the proper oath or affirmation to the officer who shall act as inspector, and as soon as such officer shall have been sworn or affirmed, he shall administer the proper oath or affirmation to the officer whose duty it shall be to act as judge; and such officer acting as judge shall appoint two persons to act as clerks, and shall administer to them the proper oaths or affirmation.

77. The several officers authorized to conduct such election, shall take the like oaths or affirmations shall have the like powers, and they as well as other persons who may attend, vote or offer to vote, at such election, shall be subject to the like penalties and restrictions, as are declared or provided in this act, in the case of elections by the citizens at their usual places of election.

78. Within three days after such election the judges thereof shall respectively transmit through the nearest post office, a return there of, together with the tickets, tally lists and list of voters, to the prothonotary of the county in which such electors would have voted if not in military service. and the said judges shall transmit another return of such election to the commanding officer of the regiment or batallion, as the case may be, who shall make a general return under his hand and seal, of the voters of all the companies or troops under his command, and shall transmit the same through the nearest post office to the secretary of the commonwealth.

79. It shall be the duty of the prothonotary of the county, to whom such returns shall be made, to deliver to the return judges of the same county, a copy certified under his hand and seal, of the return of votes so transmitted to him by the judges of the election in the companies or troops aforesaid.

80. The return judges of the proper county or counties, in which the volunteers or mititia men aforesaid may have resided at the time of being called into actual service as aforesaid, shall meet on the second Tuesday in November next after the election. And when two or more counties are connected in the election, the meeting of the judges from each county's all be postponed in such case until the Friday following the said second Tuesday in November.

81. The return judges so met, shall include in their enumeration the votes so returned, and thereupon shall proceed in all respects in the like manner as is provided in this act, in cases where all the votes that have been given of the usual place of election.

And the return judges of the respective districts aforesaid, are hereby required to meet at the Court Room, in Bellefonte, on Friday next (October 11th) after the second Tuesday in October next and then and thereafter perform those things required by law.

Given under my hand, at Bellefonte, this 29th day of August. 1861.

GEORGE ALEXANDER,
Sept. 13. '61. Sheriff.

☞ Henry Ward Beecher, in his lecture on Extravagance philosophises thus:—"t is not extravagant to wear jeweles and precious stones, and to be arrayed in silks and satins and costly vesture, not extravagant to indulge in handsome equipage and delightful parks and pleasure grounds. Not extravagant to have a luxurious home and costly appendages, provided always, the cost of them is within our means to pay for them." He is regarded as good authority on what is beautiful, and says that houses speak, from which we infer that walls speak too. These covered with tosteful Paper Hangings with neat appearance and inviting look, say, "We are cheerful, come enjoy our association," while others bare or defaced, with repulsive look, repel, if they do not totally unfit one for business or employment. Readers what is the condition of the walls of your home? If you would have them to your taste, you cannot fail to find suitable Paper Hangings at the lowest cash prices by examining the extensiue stock of Howell and Bourke at the N. E. Corner of Fourth and Market streets, Philadelphia.

☞ As our readers know, it is not often we notice patent medicine of any kind, but there is something so good in the Restorative Cordial of Prof. Wood, and it is so pleasant with all, that we step aside from our usual practice to recommend this scientific tonic Cordial to our readers. It will no doubt do all that is claimed for it. The name and world-wide reputation of the inventor is a sufficient guarantee for that, but we have tried it, and know it will exhilerate and strengthen by toning up the weakened organs, and enabling them to perform all their functions. Reader try it, and we fear not your verdict. See advertisement.

☞ Reader, have you seen Prof. Wood's advertisement in our paper. Read it; It will interest you.

TO THE INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF CENTRE CO.—Jacob Houser, of Harris twp., offers himself as an Independent candidate for the office of Associate Judge at the ensuing election if they think him capable, and worthy of the office, he will be very thankful for their support.

TO THE INDEPENDENT VOTERS OF CENTRE COUNTY—I respectfully offer myself to your consideration as an Indipendent Candidate for the Office of Treasurer of Centre County at the ensuing election. If elected I hereby pledge myself to discharge the duties of said office to the best of my ability, and to contribute the one-half of the usual per centage accruing, to said officer for his services to the soldiers relief fund. For the faithful performance of all which I am prepared to render to the proper authorities the most ample security.

JACKSON LEVI.

NOTICE.—THE PARTNERSHIP BETween the undersigned being about to terminate by limitation, all persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of TONNER & STEEL are hereby notified to call and make settlement.

For the purpose of closing out as soon as practicable the stock on hand will be sold at a low figure for cash.

JOHN TONNER,
Sept. 19, '61.——3t. JAMES STEEL.

TO THE TAX COLLECTORS
And Tax Payers of Centre County.

County Commissioners' Office,
BELLEFONTE, PA., September 9th, 1861.

The Collectors of Taxes for the different townships of this county are hereby notified that the funds of the county are entirely exhausted; that the Soldiers' Relief Fund has no means wherewith to meet the demands upon it for the next semi-monthly payments, and that the families must have the support provided for by law. The Collectors are therefore instructed to adopt the most prompt and energetic measures for the collecting and paying over, within the next two weeks from the date hereof, of all the money collectable.

☞ We must have money; and this urgent necessity induces the Board of Commissioners to appeal to the tax-payers to pay up immediately, and thus relieve them from their embarrassments, and the humiliating necessity of turning poor women away without the means of support which they and their children expect to receive, while their husbands, and brothers are defending the Government of our Country.

By order of the Commissioners.

S. M. IRWIN, *Clerk.*

Sept. 12, '61.—2t.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Letters of Administration on the estate of John Kremer, late of Pine Creek, Haines twp., have been granted to the undersigned, who request all persons knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present them duly authenticated for settlement.

HERRY SPYKER, Adm'r.

Sept 5, '61.——6t.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.—*To the Orphan's Court of Centre county. In the matter of the Estate of James Ardry, dec'd.*

The Auditor appointed to make distribution of the balance of the money in the hands of A. R. Barlow and Jas Ardry, Adm'rs. of the estate of James Ardry, dec'd., to, and among the persons legally entitled thereto, will meet all persons interested therein, for the purposes of his appointment on Saturday, Octoper 5th, 1861, at 10 o'cl'k A. M., at his office in Bellefonte.

A. O. FURST, Aud'r.

Sept. 5, '61.——4t.

STATE OF THE NATION!

THE VERY LATEST NEWS!

ENCOURAGING FACTS!

NEW GOODS!

AT BARLOW'S NEW STORE,

At Stormstown Centre Co., Pa.

THE undersigned has just returned from the East with a *good* assortment of the Latest Styles of Goods, which, owing to the present general depression in business, induces him to offer his goods at a very small advance of CITY COST, FOR CASH. Persons wishing to purchase at the above rates will do well to call and examine for themselves, before purchasing elsewhere, at the New Store in Stormstown.

June 13, '61.—tf.] A. R. BARLOW.

VOLUNTEERS WANTED.

LEWISTOWN, PENN'A., Aug. 1, 1861.

HIS Excellency, the Governor of Pennsylvania, has tendered to me and I have accepted the command of one of the ten Regiments of Infantry recently required of this State by the President. Each of the companies will be of the maximum standard authorized by law, to wit:—One Captain, one First Lieutenant, one Second Lieutenant, one First Sergeant, four Sergeants, eight Corporals, two Musicians, one Wagoner, and eighty-two privates.

Captains of companies desirous to be mustered into this Regiment will report at the earliest day possible, to myself, at this place, or West Chester, Pa., or to Lieut. Col. William Brisbin, Wilkesbarre, Luzerne county, or to Major T. M. Hulings, Bellefonte, Centre county.

WILLIAM H. IRWIN,
Col. Pa. Volunteers.

E. M. BLANCHARD—ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, BELLEFONTE, PENN'A. Office formrly occupied by the Hon. James Burnside.

Jan. 19, '60.-tf.

Tonner & Steel,

HAVE OPENED

The largest assortment of goods ever before offered for sale by them, consisting, as heretofore of all such staple goods as are usually kept in a country store, together with all the

NEW STYLES IN MARKET.

DRESS GOODS.

Black and Fancy Silks, Brocades, Madona's De-Beges, Barages, Barage-delains, Delains, Challi-delains, Poplins, Lustres, Alpacas, Bombazines, Lawns, Ginghams, Chintz, Brilliants, Challi Crape-Marets, Tanjore Cloth, Robes and Traveling Dress Goods.

ALSO,

A large assortment of mourning goods.

ALSO,

Black Silk, Thibit Cashmere Crape and Stilla Shawls, Mantillas, Cashmere Scarfs, and Shawl Trimmings.

ALSO,

Cloths, Cassimers, Satinetts, Cashmeres, Kentucky-Jeans, Drills, Ducks, Cottonades and

READY-MADE CLOTHING

ALSO,

Ladies' and Gents' Hoisery, Gloves, Gauntlets and Mitts, Ladies Collars and Under Sleeves, Laces and Edgings.

ALSO,

Oiled Window Blinds, Plain and Ornamented, Linen and Lace Curtains, Gilt Cornice for Blinds, Table Covers and Floor Cloths.

ALSO,

Oakford's Hats always on hand, together with Straw Goods, Bonnets, Shakers, Ribbons, Artificials and Bonnet Trimmings.

ALSO,

A very arge assortment of Shoes and Boots for men, women and children.

ALSO,

Queensware, Cedarware and Groceries.

ESPECIALLY WOULD TONNER & STEEL CALL THE ATTENTION OF MECHANICS & BUILDERS

To their much enlarged stock of Hardware Saddlery and Coach Trimmings.

Bellefonte, June 6, '61—tf.,

NOTICE! NOTICE!!

I TABE pleasure in informing my friends, that I have opened an office at

No. 18 North Fourth Street, Phil'a.,

where I will attend to the purchase and sale of every description of Goods and Property entrusted to my care.

My long experience and thorough knowledge of the different branches of Trade, will enable me to give abundant satisfaction to all my country friends and others, who mas favor me with their orders and consignments.

I shall be constantly in the market, posted of all the styles and prices, and will give my friends the benefit of my knowledge and experience.

I need not say to you that I shall be able to purchase goods at lower prices, and on more favorable terms, than one who only occasionly visits the market.

My charges will always be reasonable and satisfactory.

I am also agent for some of our principal Manufacturers, and have constantly on hand

GINGHAMS, CHECKS, TABLE DIAPERS, LINDSEYS, &C., &C.

All Goods consigned to me will be kept fully insured.

N. B.—I will also give Legal, Commercial or Private information, free of charge.

☞ The money should accompany all orders for small parcels. Respectfully Yours,

CHAUNCY HULBURT.

REFERCES:—M. L. Hallowell & Co., Garret & Martin, Shortridge, Bro. & Co., C. H. & George Abbott, Weaver & Graham, Philadelphia. E. C. Humes, John Tonner, Bellefonte. Phil'a. Aug. 19. 1861.—3m.

GREEN'S DRUG AND VARIETY TORE,
North-East Corner of the Diamond,
BELLEFONTE, PA

THE UNDERSIGNED would respectfully inform his patrons and the public generally that he has just returned from Eastern Markets where he has purchased and is now selling the largest and best assortment of DRUGS, MEDICINES, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., ever brought to this country. He has constantly on hand al the approved PATENT MEDICINES of the day.

ALCHOHOL, BURNING FLUID, PINE OIL, COAL OIL, LINSEED OIL, PAINTS, VARNISH, &c.,

together with a large assortment of the TOBACCO & SEGARS, of the best brands.

COAL OIL & FLUID LAMPS, HAIR, TOOTH, NAIL, CLOTHES, & PAINT BRUSHES, PERFUMERY & HAIR OILS.

Also, a fine assortment of Plain and Fancy CONFECTIONERY, RAISINS, NUTS, &C., &C., TOYS of every description, also

FANCY CHINA-WARE.

Prescriptions and family receips carefully and promptly filled.

Thankful for the patronage he has received during the last four years, he solicits a continuance of the same, and from the experience he has had he feels confident of giving satisfaction.

Nov. 15, 1860.—tf.] FRANK P. GREEN

NEW GOODS!

HOFFER BROTHERS,

(Successors to G. W. Jackson,)

HAVE just received a large and extensive assortment of

DRY GOODS,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
BOOTS AND SHOES,
Hats and Caps,
WITH A LARGE STOCK OF
QUEENSWARE, HARDWARE,
FISH AND SALT,
PLASTER, FLOUR,
&c., &c.

Their stock of Spring and Summer Ladies' fancy Dress Goods, cannot be excelled by any other house in Central Pennsylvania, and embraces every variety of style and quality. The

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, VESTING, CALICOES AND MUSLINS,

are also very superior—while the supply of Groceries, Teas, Coffees, &c. is worthy of the attention of the public and customer. apr 4, '61.

COLLECTORS TAKE NOTICE, That you are required to collect the Relief Tax as far as possible and pay the same to the County Treasurer at the August Court. The law has made it our duty to provide for the families of our volunteers while the are away battling for the Constitutional rights and liberties of the American people and to do this we must have funds.

By order of the Commissioners.

S. M. IRWIN, Clerk

CAME to the residence of the subscriber in Spring Township, about the first of June a Red Heifer, with some white spots, a notch in the right ear, about two years old. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise, she will be sold according to law.

B. CLAPP.

Aug. 13th 1861.

CONVEYANCING.

DEEDS BONDS, MORTGAGES, AND ARTICLES OF AGREEMENT neatly and correctly executed. Also, attention will be given to the adjustment of Book Accounts, and accounts of Adminstrators and Executors prepared for filing. office next door to the Post Office.

Oct., 19th, '58, WM. J. KEALSH.

W. W. WHITE, DENTIST, has permanently located in Boalsburg, Centre County Pa. Office on main st., next door to the store of Johnston & Keller, where he purposes practising his profession in the most scientific manner and at moderate charges.

A. O. FURST, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW BELLEFONTE, PA., will attend promptly to all business entrusted to his care. Office on Northwest corner of the Diamond.

Will practice in the several Courts of Centre and Clinton counties. jan. 24, '61-tf.

AYER'S
Sarsaparilla
FOR PURIFYING THE BLOOD.

And for the speedy cure of the following complaints:

Scrofula and Scrofulous Affections, such as Tumors, Ulcers, Sores, Eruptions, Pimples, Pustules, Blotches, Boils, Blains, and all Skin Diseases.

OAKLAND, Ind., 6th June, 1859.

J. C. AYER & Co. Gents: I feel it my duty to let the knowledge what your Sarsaparilla has done for me. Having inherited a Scrofulous infection, I have suffered from it in various ways for years. Sometimes it burst out in Ulcers on my hands and arms; sometimes it turned inward and distressed me at the stomach. Two years ago it broke out on my head and covered my scalp and ears with one sore, which was painful and loathsome beyond description. I tried many medicines and several physicians, but without much relief from any thing. In fact, the disorder grew worse. At length I was rejoiced to read in the Gospel Messenger that you had prepared an alterative (Sarsaparilla), for I knew from your reputation that any thing you made must be good. I sent to Cincinnati and got it, and used it till it cured me. I took it, as you advise, in small doses of a teaspoonful over a month, and used almost three bottles. New and healthy skin soon began to form under the scab, which after a while fell off. My skin is now clear, and I know by my feelings that the disease has gone from my system. You can well believe that I feel what I am saying when I tell you, that I hold you to be one of the apostles of the age, and remain ever gratefully. Yours,

ALFRED B. TALLEY.

St. Anthony's Fire, Rose or Erysipelas, Tetter and Salt Rheum, Scald Head, Ringworm, Sore Eyes, Dropsy.

Dr. Robert M. Preble writes from Salem, N. Y., 12th Sept., 1859, that he has cured an inveterate case of *Dropsy*, which threatened to terminate fatally, by the persevering use of our Sarsaparilla, and also a dangerous *Malignant Erysipelas* by large doses of the same; says he cures the common *Eruptions* by it constantly.

Bronchocele, Goitre or Swelled Neck.

Zebulon Sloan of Prospect, Texas, writes: "Three bottles of your Sarsaparilla cured me from a *Goitre*—a hideous swelling on the neck, which I had suffered from over two years."

Leucorrhœa or Whites, Ovarian Tumor, Uterine Ulceration, Female Diseases.

Dr. J. B. S. Channing, of New York City, writes; "I most cheerfully comply with the request of your agent in saying I have found your Sarsaparilla a most excellent alterative in the numerous complaints for which we employ such a remedy, but especially in *Female Diseases* of the Scrofulous diathesis. I have cured many inveterate cases of Leucorrhœa by it, and some where the complaint was caused by *ulceration* of the *uterus*. The ulceration itself was soon cured. Nothing within my knowledge equals it for these female derangements."

Edward S. Marrow, of Newberry, Ala., writes, "A dangerous *ovarian tumor* on one of the females in my family, which had defied all the remedies we could employ, has at length been completely cured by your Extract of Sarsaparilla. Our physician thought nothing but extirpation could afford relief, but he advised the trial of you. Sarsaparilla as the last resort before cutting, and it proved effectual. After taking your remedy eight weeks no symptom of the disease remains."

Syphilis and Mercurial Disease.

NEW ORLEANS, 25th August, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I cheerfully comply with the request of your agent, and report to you some of the effects I have realized with your Sarsaparilla.

I have cured with it, in my practice, most of the complaints for which it is recommended, and have found its effects truly wonderful in the cure of *Venereal and Mercurial Disease*. One of my patients had Syphilitic ulcers in his throat, which were consuming his palate and the top of his mouth. Your Sarsaparilla, steadily taken, cured him in five weeks. Another was attacked by secondary symptoms in his nose, and the ulceration had eaten away a considerable part of it, so that I believe the disorder would soon reach his brain and kill him. But it yielded to my administration of your Sarsaparilla; the ulcers healed, and he is well again, not of course without some disfiguration to his face. A woman who had been treated for the same disorder by mercury was suffering from this poison in her bones. They had become so sensitive to the weather that on a damp day she suffered excruciating pain in her joints and bones. She, too, was cured entirely by your Sarsaparilla in a few weeks. I know from its formula, which your agent gave me, that this Preparation from your laboratory must be a great remedy; consequently, these truly remarkable results with it have not surprised me.

Fraternally yours, G. V. LARIMER, M. D.

Rheumatism, Gout, Liver Complaint.

INDEPENDENCE, Preston Co., Va., 6th July, 1859.

DR. J. C. AYER: Sir, I have been afflicted with a painful chronic *Rheumatism* for a long time, which baffled the skill of physicians, and stuck to me in spite of all the remedies I could find, until I tried your Sarsaparilla. One bottle cured me in two weeks, and restored my general health so much that I am far better than before I was attacked. I think it a wonderful medicine. J. FREAM.

Jules Y. Getchell, of St. Louis, writes: "I have been afflicted for years with an *affection of the Liver*, which destroyed my health. I tried every thing, and every thing failed to relieve me; and I have been a broken-down man for some years from no other cause than *derangement of the Liver*. My beloved pastor, the Rev. Mr. Espy, advised me to try your Sarsaparilla, because he said he knew you, and any thing you made was worth trying. By the blessing of God it has cured me, and has so purified my blood as to make a new man of me. I feel young again. The best that can be said of you is not half good enough."

Schirrus, Cancer Tumors, Enlargement, Ulceration, Caries and Exfoliation of the Bones.

A great variety of cases have been reported to us where cures of these formidable complaints have resulted from the use of this remedy, but our space here will not admit them. Some of them may be found in our American Almanac, which the agents below named are pleased to furnish gratis to all who call for them.

Dyspepsia, Heart Disease, Fits, Epilepsy, Melancholy, Neuralgia

Many remarkable cures of these affections have been made by the alterative power of this medicine. It stimulates the vital functions into vigorous action, and thus overcomes disorders which would be supposed beyond its reach. Such a remedy has long been required by the necessities of the people, and we are confident that this will do for them all that medicine can do.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral,

FOR THE RAPID CURE OF

Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Hoarseness, Croup, Bronchitis, Incipient Consumption, and for the Relief of Consumptive Patients in advanced Stages of the Disease.

This is a remedy so universally known to surpass any other for the cure of throat and lung complaints, that it is useless here to publish the evidence of its virtues. Its unrivalled excellence for coughs and colds, and its truly wonderful cures of pulmonary disease, have made it known throughout the civilized nations of the earth. Few are the communities, or even families, among them who have not some personal experience of its effects—some living trophy in their midst of its victory over the subtle and dangerous disorders of the throat and lungs. As all know the dreadful fatality of these disorders, and as they know, too, the effects of this remedy, we need not do more than to assure them that it has now all the virtues that it did have when making the cures which have won so strongly upon the confidence of mankind.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.

Sold by J. Harris & Co., Bellefonte; J. Bing Unionville; R. D. Cummings, Port Matilda; Hebler & Co., Stormstown; H. Foster, Millheim; D. O. Bower, and Gross & Yearick, Aaronsburg; C. G. Ryman, Milesburg, and by one trader in every village in the country. [jan. 10. '61.-1y.

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE,
The New Remedy for
RHEUMATISM.

During the past year we have introduced to the notice of the medical profession of this country the *Pure Crystalized Chlorids of Propylamine*, as a

REMEDY FOR RHEUMATISM;

and having received from many sources, both from physicians of the highest standing and from patients, the

Most flattering Testimonials of its real

value in the treatment of this painful and obstinate disease, we are induced to present it to the public in a form READY FOR IMMEDIATE USE, which we hope will commend itself to those who are suffering with the afflicting complaint, and to the medical practitioner who may feel disposed to test the powers of this valuable remedy.

ELIXIR PROPYLAMINE, in the form above spoken of, has recently been extensively experimented with in the

PENNSYLVANIA HOSPITAL,

and with MARKED SUCCESS (as will appear from the published accounts in the medical journals.)

☞ It is carefully put up ready for immediate use, with full directions, and can be obtained from all the druggists at 75 cents per bottle, and at wholesale of

BULLOCK & CRENSHA
Druggists and Manufacturing Chemists,
June 13, '61.—1y.] Philadelphia.

PAMPHLET LAWS FOR 1861.—Notice is hereby given that the Laws of Pennsylvania for the year 1861, are now ready for delivery.—Those persons entitled to receive copies of the same, will be supplied by calling at the Prothonotary's office in Bellefonte.

JNO. T. JOHNSTON, Pro'ty.

Sept. 11th 1861—3t.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

THE ONLY PREPARATION
THAT HAS
STOOD THE TEST FOR YEARS,
And grows more and more popular every day!

AND testimonials, new, and almost without number, might be given from ladies and gentlemen in all grades of society, whose united testimony none could resist, that Prof. Wood's Hair Restorative will restore the bald and gray, and preserve the hair of the youth to old age, in all its youthful beauty.

Battle Creek, Mich., Dec. 21st, 1858.

PROF. WOOD:—Thee wilt please accept a line to inform thee that the hair on my head all fell off over twenty years ago, caused by a complicated chronic disease, attended with an eruption on the head. A continual course of suffering through life having reduced me to a state of depuration, I have not been able to abide stuff for hats, neither have I been able to do them up, in consequence of which my head has suffered extremely from cold. This induced me to pay Briggs & Hodges almost the last cent I had on earth for a two dollar bottle of thy Hair Restorative about the first of August last. I have faithfully followed the directions and the bald spot is now covered with hair thick and black, though short, it is thee coming in all over my head. Feeling confident that another large bottle would restore it entirely and permanently, I feel anxious to persevere in its use, and being destitute of means to purchase any more, I would ask thee if thee would not be willing to send me an order on thine agents or a bottle, and receive to thyself the scripture declaration—"the reward is to those that are kind to the widow and the fatherless."

Thy friend, SUSANNAH KIRBY.

Ligonier, Noble Co., Ind., Feb. 5th, 1859.

PROF. O. J. WOOD: Dear Sir:—In the latter part of the year 1852, while attending the State and National Law School of the State of New York, my hair, from a cause unknown to me, commenced falling off very rapidly, so that in the short space of six months, the whole upper part of my scalp was almost entirely bereft of its covering, and much of the remaining portion upon the side and back part of my head shortly after became gray, so that you will not be surprised when I tell you that upon my return to the State of Indiana, my more casual acquaintances were not so much at a loss to discover the cause of the change in my appearance, as my more intimate acquaintances were to recognize me at all.

I at once made application to the most skillful physicians in the country, but, receiving no assurance from them that my hair could again be restored, I was forced to become reconciled to my fate, until, fortunately, in the latter part of the year 1857, your Restorative was recommended to me by a druggist, as being the most reliable Hair Restorative in use. I tried one bottle, and found to my great satisfaction that it was producing the desired effect. Since that time, I have used seven dollars' worth of