



TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 9, 1852.

The E. D. White, has our sincere thanks for late papers.

Gipsy has placed us under renewed obligations for late favors.

Hon. S. A. Douglas, has recently sent us a number of Congressional documents. We will remember "Stephen," for this, when he runs for President.

Hon. J. D. Freeman will please accept our thanks for late favors.

Senator McLean, has sent us his usual favors.

Gov. Brown, has our thanks for a number of "public documents."

"Spee" will appear next week.

Dr. D. L. Broom, has returned from his visit to Natchez, and is desirous of getting through, as early as possible, with those who have engaged his services. He will be found at his office, during business hours, and will be happy to have those especially, who have engaged particular days with him, to be punctual in attendance.

A new Wagon-shop, recently erected by Mr. George Hilderbrand, was burned down on Tuesday night. There is no possible room to doubt that it was set on fire. May justice overtake the scamp. Mr. Hilderbrand intends rebuilding as speedily as possible, so that there will be nothing actually gained by the incendiary, but a little delay, a few burnt planks, and a badly burnt conscience, to gloat his vengeance on.

LEGISLATURE.—See the new School Law, on our first page. It is presumed that this Law, will cover many of the defects of the old one, and greatly facilitate and elucidate the operation of the common school system.

A bill has passed, providing for the payment of Guardians and Executors, making final settlement of estates.

A bill has also passed, empowering the Probate Courts to authorize Guardians or administrators to sell refractory or ill disposed negroes belonging to wards, and to purchase other negroes with the money.

In State cases, Justices of the Peace in Adams, Franklin, and Wilkinson, are in future to receive the same fees allowed to Sheriffs, &c.

Mr. Sims, has presented a petition signed by the officers of the Corporation of Woodville, relative to certain old lots in said town, upon which no assessment or tax has been made for a number of years. The object of the petition is to let the lots revert to the Corporation, instead of the State—the Corporation paying past taxes upon them. By this means, lots which have no tangible owners, will fall to the town, and title will rest in the Corporation.

Hon. Jehu Wall, Representative from Anite—the oldest member of the Legislature—died in Jackson on the 22d ult. He has served, we think about 16 years. He was an excellent man, and a good and wise Legislator. Although a whig in politics—he was no partizan. Firm and steadfast in his principles—he was ever ready to sacrifice them on the altar of duty. Both houses attended his funeral on the 23d.

Mr. Henry H. Green, Agent for that excellent and truly valuable Journal—the New Orleans Delta, will be found at the Post office to-day, ready to receive for dues and receive subscriptions for that Journal. We bespeak for Mr. G. a hearty reception. Now is the time to subscribe—the Presidential Election will occur during this year, and the Delta will always bring the very latest and most authentic news of politics and every thing else.

Our friend and brother of the type, T. M. Kinnade, Esq., has been appointed Post-Master at Fort Adams.

Is our neighbor of the Whig really demerited, or is he struggling to extricate himself from the tight place every one must see his place in? In an attempt in his last paper, to reply to the article in our last, in which we show from his own paper, that on the 2d of May, 1850, he positively asserted that Foote had "disgraced himself," and in his paper of the 22d of October, 1850, he has expressly declared that he "honored Foote for the manner he had borne himself in the contest," &c., he now tries to get round this palpable inconsistency by expressing himself as follows: "As to the phrase 'disgraced Locofoco,' it is all the Republicans' We never coined or adopted it in expression of anything we ever said of Foote." Never coined or adopted it "in expression," no, no; but what say you of the substance, can you deny that? Here are the very words in the 20th, 21st, 22d, and 23d lines of the 4th editorial article in the Whig of the 3d of May, 1850: "He (Foote) disgraced himself and violated the proprieties of the Senate in calling a fellow Senator a blackguard." And in the same article, near the end, he says: "Foote has no claims for indulgence." Now, it is well known, that our worthy neighbor and certain other hard ended whigs in this State, are striving with all their might and main, by "Certificates" and otherwise, to prove Foote to be a good and true democrat; and we all know that the whigs "coined" the word Locofoco and applied it as a term of derision to the democrats. Our neighbor well knows that in whig parlance the terms democrat and locofoco are synonymous, both alike, hated and despised by all uncompromising whigs. But there is one thing which our neighbor, in his attempted reply, has not touched or even hinted at. We also show in the article referred to in our last, that our good neighbor, in his paper of the 19th of September, 1851, expressly said, in speaking of the parties in this State: "We cannot return to the ranks of whig or democrat, if we would. THERE ARE NO SUCH PARTIES KNOWN OR RECOGNIZED IN MISSISSIPPI." And in his paper of the 7th of February, 1852, he adopted and published an article from the Vicksburg Whig, earnestly calling on the whigs of the State to organize and hold a convention at Jackson, to appoint delegates to a great Whig Convention, to nominate whig candidates for President and Vice President of the United States. This may appear to some to be consistent, but we can't see how "it can look so to a man up a tree." We think our friend of the Whig had better give it up, and "acknowledge the corn," with as good a grace as the circumstances will admit.

To the Southern Standard.

The Southern Standard asks, if certain leading democrats and democratic journals would support Gen Cass for President, if he should be the nominee of the Baltimore Convention?

It is our intention to support the nominees of the Democratic Convention, be they whom they may, requiring them only to approve the Virginia and Kentucky resolutions, and the democratic platforms of '36, '40, '44, and '48. We will support them too, with all our heart. There is no earthly prospect of organizing a third, or Southern or Union party. There will certainly be but two candidates in the field—a whig and a democrat. In the language of Walter Brooke, (a sagacious whig): "As to the 'next Presidency, I do not expect to support the nominees of the Whig Convention, because I fear that convention will 'not be sound, etc.' My expectation is to 'give my support to the Baltimore Convention ticket, etc.' From present appearances, and the names of the prominent candidates before that body, I think it certain 'that that body will present a ticket on 'which the whole South will unite.'"

It is a notorious fact, that the whig party North, is the real free-soil party—it is rotten—bent upon the destruction of slavery. Distinguished Southern whigs who formerly acted with it, now tell us they have no confidence in it, and do not expect to support its candidates.

On the other hand, the leading democrats are sound and conservative, as far as they can be. Cass' squatter doctrine is no more objectionable now than it was four years ago, and although we would prefer others whom we could name—still, if Cass receives the nomination, we will support him.

The Legislature.

A correspondent of the Natchez Courier says: "It is settled that the Legislature adjourns on Tuesday the 16th of March. This gives members fourteen working days. If they choose to be industrious and throw less gas-light on the subjects that come before them, they have yet the opportunity to transact all their business, and redeem themselves as a practical and useful Legislature."

A Captain of a military company down East has invented a machine for drilling his company.

Perhaps no greater force has ever been applied before a judicial tribunal than that of the trial of the Christiania Rioters, for the murder of the Messrs. Gorsuch. It were not for the tragedy of the affair, it would be as comical as the celebrated "skirmish," in which the important doings of Mose and Cousin Saily Dillard, were made known to the world. In the first place, Mr. Fillmore ordered the negroes to be tried for treason against the United States. The absurdity of a negro slave committing treason against the government was made so palpable and handled so effectively by the counsel for the rioters, as to turn the whole matter into ridicule, and obtain a verdict of "not guilty." But Mr. Fillmore's friends had promised that he would enforce the fugitive act, or die—and the prosecutions were ordered to be commenced de novo, against the prisoners on the charge of murder. Had this charge been first made, a number of the important witnesses in behalf of the government, could have been procured, who have had time to fly from the country. The trial on this charge has resulted just as we predicted it would—in the honorable acquittal of the colored gentlemen. A negro lawyer as black as night itself, was allowed to appear and defend the prisoners.

After the acquittal of the accused, they raised subscriptions to purchase elegant presents to be made to the negro lawyer and his white colleague.

Attorney General Brent, of Maryland, who assisted in the prosecution, has published a statement of the affair, in which he charges that the presiding judge was so biased in favor of the accused, that he knowingly permitted a negro witness to perjure himself, and also gave two material witnesses for the prosecution, chance to escape. Mr. Brent, also argues at length in opposition to the ruling of the judge, as to what constitutes treason. There is now no hope that the black rascals will ever be punished, and a precedent is established which authorizes a fugitive to take the life of his owner, when he attempts to arrest him.

Geological Survey.

We are indebted to our worthy Senator, Hon. A. K. Farrar, for a report of the Professor of Geology and Agricultural Chemistry, in the University of Mississippi. Mr. Farrar has politely taken the hint, and we hope in future to receive such favors from him. Although we opposed the election of both him and Mr. Sims—and would do so again, if they were running—yet since they were elected, they represent us as much as they do the most rabid whig of the county.

The Report shows that the Geological Survey has not progressed sufficiently far, to have obtained any definite information of the character and composition of the soil of our State. The survey is, however, going on, and will be completed as speedily as possible, and published. The Report says:

"So far as our examination has gone, the northern part of Mississippi seems to consist of cretaceous, tertiary, and alluvial formations consequently there is no prospect of metallic mines. Mr. Labor discovered a considerable formation of what he thought to be millstone grit, in Itawamba county, which indicates that coal is not far off. But I fear it is to the north and east of the State. Lignite, which is imperfectly formed coal, is found in many locations; and small fragments of brilliant, rich lead ore (or Galena) are so common that I was first led to believe that lead mines might exist, but from the very general distribution of these specimens and their similarity to the Missouri ores, I am inclined to believe they have been transplanted by the former Indian inhabitants. The stratified rocks are now well known and identified by the petrefied shells, and other fossils, found in them. But, up to this time, I have not received a single specimen of this kind, so that I am unable, at present, to speak with certainty as to this precious nature and position of our rocks."

Hon. B. L. C. Wailes has been appointed State Geologist.

SINGULAR PHENOMENON.—About 12 o'clock, on Sunday night last, a phenomenon truly striking and extraordinary, occurred here. It was the circumstance of the falling of a really copious rain, for the space of from seven to ten minutes, from a perfectly cloudless, hazeless and starlit sky. So plentiful was the shower that the side-walks ran with water, which had the singular effect upon the mind of appearing to come without a cause. During the shower, two streaks of fleecy clouds displayed themselves in the north and south, but far distant from each other, and neither of an altitude above the horizon exceeding twenty degrees. The position of these clouds forbids the idea that the rain could have fallen from either of them. We make no effort to explain this strange phenomenon, satisfying ourselves with a care but faithful statement of it.—Nat. Intelligencer, Feb 25.

The question "why printers do not succeed in business as well as brewers?" was thus answered. "Because printers work for the head, and brewers for the stomach, and where twenty men have a stomach, but one has a head."

Mr. Hays, gave a Concert in Natchez, on last night. It was numerously attended.

Gen. Kossuth, Paul Keane, Count Berthen, P. A. Nagy, and M. Strasser, were initiated into the mysteries of masonry, in Cincinnati, on the 10th ult.

The Steamer Jefferson, from Shreveport, was snaggd and lost in Red River, on the 26th ult. She had on board 1,400 bales of Cotton, which may be saved.

The Mary Kingsland, tow-boat, while coming up the river near Poverty Point, with a ship, two brigs and a schooner, in tow, burst three star-board boilers. The second Engineer, three of the crew, and one passenger killed, several other scalded. The explosion occurred on the 29th ult.

The Fiec Trader announces a fire in Natchez, on Wednesday night last, which greatly injured the residence, and destroyed many valuable articles belonging to W. C. Wade Esq.

Hudebert, the Consul to Lyons, has been recalled, and George Rodgers, of New Orleans, appointed in his place. 'Hude' was not epicure enough for Lyons—his fort lies in substituting frogs for oysters. Incompetency for the office, is assigned as the ground of his removal.

A bill has passed the Alabama Legislature, prohibiting the introduction of slaves as merchandise in that state.

In Liverpool on the 21st ult., Cotton was active, and sales for the week previous 70,000 bales. Prices had advanced an eighth of a penny.

Napoleon, has been insulted in the Senate. He is yet popular with the people.

RIOT IN CLEVELAND.—A terrible riot occurred in Cleveland, Ohio, on the 16th and 17th ult. It originated in consequence of the discovery of a hand, in the dissecting room of the Homeopathic College, which was identified as being that of the daughter of a highly respectable man of Ohio city. The College buildings were attacked—and fired four times, and the fury of the mob was only averted, by the appearance of the militia.

The Heron family are engaged to pay a professional visit to New Orleans. The opinion of the Court in the celebrated Gaines case, has been delivered by Justice Catron. It is against Mrs. Gaines.

A great flood visited Yorkshire, England, on the 6th ult., which destroyed a hundred human lives.

The collection of material (nettle) aid, made by Kossuth, on his recent visit to Cincinnati, exceeded his own hopes. The Legislature of Ohio, voted all the State arms to his use. Kossuth's farewell address to the Back-eyes, is, if possible more thrilling, than any he has yet delivered. It seems the Governor intends to visit Louisville, notwithstanding the "authorities," requested him not to do so.

The Mummy.

"And then hast thou looked about how strange story in Thebes's streets, three-thousand years ago! When the mummy was in all its glory, And time had not begun to overflow Those temples, palaces and piles stupendous, Of which the very ruins are tremendous!"

The great event of the Gliddon lectures took place last night in the presence of a very large audience at the Lyceum Hall. The mummy was unrolled. After some explanatory remarks by the lecturer, in which he stated to his auditors that the mummy before them had never been unrolled, and that he knew nothing of its history, age or sex, more than did the audience, it having been received by him precisely in the state in which they then saw it, the mummy was placed in a elevated position so as to be clearly visible to the whole audience, and the process of unwrapping commenced, under the immediate supervisions of the Medical Faculty of New Orleans.

The unwrapping was performed principally by Des Jones, Wedderburn and Chilton, and occupied some half or three quarters of an hour. As swathing after swathing was removed, and the roll which at first appeared to be of so respectable a size, began to grow smaller and smaller and beautifully less, the audience evidently began to grow apprehensive, lest the mummy was about to be dissipated into consecutive layers of cloth. At length, however, after removing linen enough, to have served the whole household of an ancient Egyptian dame, during a life time, the savans came to the body of a female, in what was pronounced a "beautiful" state of preservation. The hair, nails, &c., were as distinct and as well preserved as though the spirit had left its earthly tenement but yesterday. From the symmetri-

cal proportions of her well turned limbs we did not hesitate to conclude that the body lying before us when animated by its spiritual habitant, had been a distinguished belle among her peers of the full gride and satisfaction of conscious beauty—and been the object of many envious glances from her own sex; and of adulatory looks, ill-suppressed sighs, and lady-composed sonnets innumerable, of a countless throng of admirers from the opposite. Perhaps she may have intrigued with Pharaoh himself, or she may have been the veritable Mrs. Potiphar who so sorely tried the confidence of Joseph.

Those who are curious about her history must attend the next lecture, when Mr. Gliddon has promised to divulge all the secrets which an examination of the various swathing, and of any inscriptions to be found thereon, may disclose. In the meantime we are to rest contented with the fact, that the method of embalming used in her case fixes the period in which she flourished somewhere between 1500 B.C., and the second or third century after Christ.—Pianine.

Fillmore, Webster, and Scott, are each stirring themselves in view of the next Presidency. Since it has been ascertained that Mr. Clay will likely recover, some of the friends of the above gentlemen, seem very much dissatisfied. If Mr. Clay lives his chances are very fair for the whig cause.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI, } to-wit
WILKINSON COUNTY,
THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,
To Fountain W. Ford,

YOU are hereby cited to be and appear before the Probate Court of Wilkinson county, at the Courthouse thereof, on the 1st MONDAY in June next, then and there to show cause (if any you can) why the final account of your Guardianship by Wiley M. Woods should not be allowed, and a decree made thereon accordingly; and further to do and suffer such things as shall be considered and ordered by the Court, aforesaid, and in premises.

WITNESS, the Honorable Francis Gilard, Judge of the said Probate Court, at the Courthouse of said county, the first Monday of March, eighteen hundred and fifty two.
Issued, this 8th day of March, 1852.
FRED CONRAD, Clerk.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY Virtue and in pursuance of a Decree of the Probate Court of Wilkinson county, State of Mississippi, made at the March Term, 1852, the undersigned Sheriff and Administrator, of John Timon, deceased, will on TUESDAY, the 4th day of May next, between the hours prescribed by law, proceed to sell at the Courthouse in Woodville, and at public Auction, to the highest bidder, on a credit of twelve months, from the day of sale:

A certain town lot, situate in Fort Adams in said county, having 66 feet front on Bridge street, and running by parallel lines to the Mississippi River, bound on the north by the Edward Lovelace, tract of land, and Buffalo street, on the east by Bridge street, on the south by a lot of John Duetts, and on the west by the Mississippi River.

The purchaser or purchasers, of said premises will be required to give bond or bonds with good and sufficient security for the payment of the sum or sums of money, for the said premises, for which the said premises may be struck off, in twelve months, from the day of sale.

THOS. W. HAYS, Sheriff, and Adm'r.

NOTICE.

WAS taken up, by Albert G. Cagle, on his Plantation, about the 11th of February, TWO MULES, as strays described as follows:— One a Bay mare Mule, about 13 hands high, with some white spots on her back, about 6 years old. Appraised at \$80 00. The other is a Black horse Mule, unbroke, about 12 hands high, supposed to be young. Appraised at \$75 00.

W. C. BONNEY, Ranger.

W. MONAGHAN, Successor to D. F. RICARDO.

GEO. RARESHIDE, Successor to A. C. AINSWORTH.

Monaghan & Rareshide, No. 79, Gravier street, New Orleans.

NOTARIES PUBLIC.

And Commissioners for every State in the Union.

Marine Protests noted and attached.

W. H. KITCHEN, of La. H. H. DAVIS, of Miss.

KITCHEN & DAVIS, General Grocers, and Importers in Wines, Liquors and Provisions, No. 14 Canal street, between Customhouse and River, New Orleans.

Mr. H. J. Butterworth, will forward orders to us, and receive and receipt in our name for amounts that may be due.

Feb. 2, 1852. 1y

CISTERN BUILDING,

AND Bricklaying.

THE undersigned will strictly attend to all manner of Bricklaying and repairing. Particular attention to the building of Cisterns, which will be warranted to stand. Plastering repaired and Rooms whitened and colored.

JAS. M. MILLER.

N. B.—The best of Cement, and Lime on hand at all times and for sale at cost and charges by

JAS. M. MILLER.

Woodville, Feb. 24th 1852. 1y

Wilkinson Female Seminary.

THE Trustees of this Institution, under the direction of the Misses Calder, will re-commence on Wednesday, January 14, 1852, a course of studies for 1852-3.

UPHOLSTERING done

in the most fashionable style, and sofas newly covered by

SMITH & RICHARDSON.

WOULD respectfully inform the Public that he has taken the shop formerly occupied by Mr. John Linnex, deceased, where he is prepared to do all work in the season, and with the utmost dispatch. He is also prepared to make draughts of buildings, bridges, etc., and will be happy to serve the public in any capacity in his line. Any work in Architecture, Carpenter, or Cabinet, will be promptly attended to. Feb. 17, 1852—1y

\$50. Reward.

RANAWAY on or about the 1st February last, from or near Alexandria, Red River, a negro fellow named BOB, about 25 years old; he is black, and about five feet 6 or 7 inches high, stout built. When last heard of he was making his way from the mouth of Black river towards Woodville, Miss., and is supposed to be some where in that section of country. The above reward, will be paid to the apprehension in any Slaveholding State. DAVID F. MYERS, Care of Purvis, Wood & Co., New Orleans. Feb. 17, 1852—4t

\$10. Reward.

STRAYED or Stolen, from the premises of the undersigned, on the night of the 29th December last, a black mare MULE, four years old, 14 hands high, no brands or marks recollected. The above Reward will be given for the apprehension and delivery, or any information which will enable me to get her. T. E. SHANNON. Woodville, Jan. 31, 1852—3v

J. B. BURGEN'S

FURNITURE STORE,

53, Magazine street, [opposite Arcade], New Orleans.

KEEPS constantly on hand, all kinds of Old and New Furniture, of all kinds.

Old Furniture repaired and renovated at shortest notice.

Jan. 27, 1852—1y

Dissolution.

THE Copartnership heretofore existing between Samuel Bell and Wm. O. Rodney, under the style of Bell & Rodney, was dissolved on the 1st inst, by mutual consent. SAMUEL BELL, W. O. RODNEY. Fort Adams, Jan. 14, 1852.

SAMUEL BELL, in returning thanks for past favors, begs leave to inform the public generally, that the business will now be carried on at the old stand under the name and firm of S. Bell & Co., who, in soliciting a share of public patronage, are fully determined that no exertions on their part shall be wanting to merit the same.

Their stock of Plantation and Dry Goods, Hardware, Groceries, and Provisions, will be carefully selected and sold at cheap rates for Cash, or to punctual customers on the usual time. All cotton consigned to them for shipment, and all freights for storage, planters may rely upon receiving their best attention. S. BELL & CO. Fort Adams, Jan. 27, 1852—1y.

SETH BLINE,

Receiving, Forwarding, and Commission Merchant, Fort Adams.

Will attend promptly to all orders for I. H. Burrows' Corn Mills, single or double geared, from 20 to 36 inches. Jan. 28, 1851—4t

NOTICE.

STRAYED from the Subscriber at Fort Adams, on Wednesday the 4th inst, TWO HORSES, viz:— A large black horse, no mark recollected, sixteen hands high, walks and trots well, about six years old. A small black horse fifteen hands high, two white hind feet, blind in one eye, paces well. I will pay a liberal reward for their recovery and delivery in Fort Adams. SAML. BELL. Feb. 10, 1852—3v

THE STATE OF MISSISSIPPI,

WILKINSON COUNTY.

In the circuit court, of said county December Term, A.D. 1851.

William T. Jones, vs. Abijah R. Brown.

Attachment for \$102 68.

This day came, the said plaintiff, by his Attorney, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the Court here, that the defendant, Abijah R. Brown, is not a resident of this State, but is supposed to reside in the State of Louisiana, so that the ordinary process of the law cannot be served on him.

It is therefore ordered, by the Court, that unless the said defendant shall appear, plead answer, &c., in this case, on or before the first day of June, Term, of the Court, to be holden at the Courthouse, in Woodville, in said county, on the second MONDAY, in June, 1852.

Judgment (final) by default, will be entered against him, and the negro man slave named, Richmond, attached, will be sold to satisfy said debt, interest, and all costs.

And it is further ordered, that a copy of this order be published in the "Woodville Republican," a newspaper, printed and published in the town of Woodville, in the said county and State—once a week for the space of one month.

J. Henry J. Butterworth, Clerk of the Circuit Court, aforesaid, do hereby certify the above to be a true copy of the Original Order of publication, in the above stated case as fully as the same remains of Record in my office.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and seal of said Court, this 1st day of December, A.D. 1851.

H. J. BUTTERWORTH, Clerk.

L. K. BARBER, Plaintiff's Attorney.