# THE RIPLEY ADVERTISER.

VOL. 38. RIPLEY, MISS., SATURDAY, APRIL 5, 1884. NO. 42.



**THE RIPLEY ADVERTISER.**

R. F. FORD, *Editor and Publisher.*

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

One copy one year, - - - $1.50
One copy six months, - - 75
One copy three months, - - 40

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

**ADVERTISEMENTS**

Inserted at one dollar per square (one inch) for the first insertion and fifty cents for each subsequent insertion.

Legal advertisements inserted at the rates fixed by law.

Announcing candidates for beat or city offices, two dollars and a half; County, five dollars; District and State, ten dollars; invariably in advance.



**The Ripley Advertiser, the American Agriculturist, two Superb Engravings, All for $2.60.**

THE *American Agriculturist* is one of our most valued exchanges. It has just entered upon the 43d year of its existence, with varied improvements, and more reading matter and engravings. It is invaluable to the Farm, Garden and Household. We will furnish the *American Agriculturist* and the two Elegant Engravings, "Foes or Friends?" (11x18½ inches) and "In the Meadow" (12x17 inches), and the Ripley Advertiser to any address, on receipt of Two Dollars and sixty cents. Ten cents extra for packing in substantial tubes and forwarding by mail the Engravings.


MR. SARGENT, American Envoy to the court of Berlin, has been appointed by the President, and unanimously confirmed by the Senate as minister to Russia in the place of the late minister, the Hon. Wm. H. Hunt, deceased.

—The Holly Springs Reporter wants a fair for Marshall county.

Senators Lamar and George, of Mississippi, yesterday spoke for the educational bill, providing for an appropriation of $15,000,000, extending over several years, and to be distributed in aid of public education to the several States of the Union. Mr. Lamar, among other things, said he was no optimist. He had no vision of rapid strides in the education of the colored race. Dense ignorance, even with this measure, had to be met, and whatever trouble that work might entail it was one that all people, North and South, would take pleasure in directing—the work of guiding that great mass in its slow onward and upward path. Mr. George favored the bill. As to the points made by some Democratic Senator that it was objectionable because it prescribed the branches to be taught, the objection was not tenable, because the prescription was merely asserting that the pyramid should stand upon its base and not on its apex. It required that elementary and fundamental branches be taught. It was a simple requirement that not differential classics or metaphysics, but reading, writing and arithmetic should be taught. It was a gift by the United States on conditions subsequently to be performed by the states.—Memphis Appeal.

—The Memphis Jockey Club will meet Monday April 21 and last until Friday 24th.

**Mississippi Blankets.**

Aberdeen Examiner.

The Ulman Woolen Mills, of Ulmanville on the South coast of Mississippi is making the most beautiful and excellent blankets offered in the American markets, and is capturing the Mexican trade from the New England factories. Its exhibit at the New Orleans Exposition will not only astonish but startle many of the visitors from the section that so largely controlled the manufacturing interests of the country before the escape of Mississippi from the bonds of her task masters in 1875.

The attraction in Vicksburg last week was a "strong woman," who offered one hundred dollars to any team of horses that could pull her from a ladder.

## CONGRESSIONAL.

**The Educational Bill the Occasion of Two Sensible**

**And Eloquent Speeches by Senators Lamar and George.**

Washington March 28.—[Senate.]—Mr. Palmer, from the committee on woman suffrage, reported favorably a joint resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution to extend the right of suffrage to women.

Mr. Cockrell said this was the action of the majority of the committee; the minority would hereafter present their views.

The Senate took up the education bill and Mr. Lamar addressed the Senate in its support. He had no doubt of its constitutionality. This educational scheme was, in his opinion, the first step taken by Congress in regard to the race question in the United States and would have a more decisive effect upon that question than the 13th, 14th or 15th amendments, unless this measure was to be considered, as he thought it should be considered, the logical substance of these amendments. It was a measure fraught with almost unspeakable consequences to the people of the South. Apart from the question of the money involved it would give to the common school education of that section an impetus it had never before known. It would stimulate the people to grapple with the difficulty in the presence of which they had stood appalled. The war had overthrown all pre existing conditions and the schools and colleges suffered with the rest. This magnanimous measure would infuse new hope into the Southern people; it would be a manifestation of respect and affection for them, and would dispel whatever impression past events may have produced tending to show this government stood in the attitude of austere severity toward them. The idea that the amount was too large to be profitably applied, Mr. Lamar said, was a mistaken one. The South had schoolhouses enough, teachers enough, and ample material for making teachers, because the South did not afford the same variety of occupation as did the north. All that was wanted was money with which to employ them. Mr. Lamar would very much regret if any of the suggested amendments should be adopted: namely, that which provided that the money should be administered by agents of the Federal government. It would give to the measure a harshness unworthy of its great purpose, and would change its whole aspect and character, for it would, in a certain sense, be a re-enacted color line. The adoption of such an amendment as he referred to would introduce an element of discord into the operation of the act, for there would be conflicting authorities. The agencies selected by the bill, as it stood, were agencies having the confidence of the people; whereas any other agency would place the administration of the act in the hands of strangers, responsible to no restraints of local public sentiment—men who would be apt to be moved by political considerations, rather than by the interest of education. He was no optimist; he had no visions. The rapid strides in the education of the colored race, dense ignorance, even with this measure, had to be met, and whatever trouble the work might entail, it was one that all people, north and south, would take pleasure in directing—the work of guiding that great mass in its slow onward and upward path.

Mr. George favored the bill. As to the points made by some Democratic Senators that the bill was objectionable because it prescribed the branches to be taught, the objection was not tenable, he said, because the prescription was merely asserting that the pyramid should stand on its base and not on its apex. It required that elementary and fundamental branches should be taught. It was a simple requirement that no differential calculus or metaphysics, but reading, writing and arithmetic should be taught. It was a gift by the United States on conditions subsequent to be performed by the States. The honor of the separate states was a pledge of the performance of its conditions. He admitted that Congress could not grant money to a state on conditions which would involve the surrender of its functions, as that it should surrender its representation in Congress or its separate political existence. Mr George said he had always opposed and would continue to oppose centralization, but he could not shut his eyes on irrevocable facts. He had once believed that a state had a right to secede from the union. He believed now that the right had then existed, but that it had been irrevocably lost; lost amid the clang of arms and horrors of war. He had once denied that the Federal government was a judge of its own power, yet that had been firmly established "Those opinions," said Mr. George, "I have surrendered, however, unwillingly. I will not feed on dry husks and emasculated remains of constitutional theories, which, however respectable they may have been, now no longer control or influence the government or destinies of this great nation. We live in the present; we are actors in the present; we must meet the demands of the present. The world moves, and we must move with it. I will not pass my life in the dreamy contemplation of the beauties and excellencies of obsolete theories. It is enough to know they are no longer potent for the good or evil of this union; and, while I may shed a tear over their tomb, I will not spend my life in ministering at the altars which had been erected to them."

After an executive session the senate adjourned until Monday.

"Don't forget the poor," urges a country editor. It isn't very often that an editor puts in a puff for himself, but occasionally he is driven to it by necessity.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE for April is of sterling merit, even more so than usual. It opens with a charming steel engraving, "The Little Gleaner." Then comes a double-sized, colored, steel fashion plate; four patterns for D'Oyleys, embroidered, printed in colors, and quite half a hundred wood-engravings of fashions, designs for work table, etc., etc. The stories, as usual, are the best of their kind. They lead off with "The Utterly Utter Boston Browns,' illustrated that is full of racy wit. "Peterson," in short, gets better and better. To clubs it is astonishingly low, viz: four copies for six dollars and a half, with an extra copy to the person getting up the club. Or five copies for eight dollars, with both an extra copy and "Tired Out," a splendid steel engraving, or "The Golden Gift," illustrated, for getting up the club. Specimens are sent, gratis, to persons wishing to get up clubs. It is not too late to subscribe for 1884. Address Chas. J. Peterson, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Gen. J. A. Smith, after a full investigation by the committee appointed to investigate the workings of his office was found to have been guilty of only some irregularities. Gen. Smith has many friends in the State that would be pained to hear of any misfortune befalling him.—Yazoo Herald, 28th.


CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

**CURE**

Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

**SICK**

Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured

**HEAD**

Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

**ACHE**

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.

CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.

July 7, 1883—18—d & co—12m



**W. P. ALVIS,**

South of Public Square,

--Ripley, Miss.--

Black-Smithing, Wagon-making, Repairing of all kinds in Iron and Wood work.

Keeps in stock Spokes, Felloes, Plow handles, Thimble-Skeins, Northern-made Plows, Coal, Iron and Steel.

Shafts,

Swingle-Trees, Neck Yokes, Wagon-seat Springs, Etc., Etc

Guns, Pistols, Watches, Clocks, Sewing Machines, &c., repaired in the BEST STYLE and at the LOWEST PRICES.

I will be glad to see my friends and the public generally at my OLD STAND.

May 14, 1881—1y.

**FREE TO ALL.**

OUR new Illustrated Floral Catalogue of 80 pages, containing descriptions and prices of the best varieties of Plants, Garden and Flower Seeds, Bulbs, Roses, Shrubs, Small Fruits and Trees will be sent Free to all applicants. Customers receive a copy without asking for it. Two Million Plants and Roses in stock. Goods guaranteed to be of first quality. Offered for the first time the New Double Red Bouvardia "Thos. Meehan." Wholesale and retail. Address, NANZ & NEUNER, Louisville, Ky.



**MOTHER NOBLE'S**

TRADE MARK.

**HEALING SYRUP.**

20 Million Bottles sold in 10 years. A certain Cure for Dyspepsia, all Diseases of the Kidneys, Liver, Stomach, Blood, Skin and Bowels.

Can Produce Thousands of Letters proving its Curative Powers.

AN OLD AND LONG TRIED REMEDY.

LABORATORY 77 AMITY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

**Cornease.** --The King of Corn Killers. The most desperate Corns, Bunions, Warts &c., Speedily cured. Price 25 Cents.

**Footease.** --An Unfailing Remedy for Hot, Swollen and Tender Feet, Chilblains, &c. Price 25 Cents. Cornease Manuf'g Co., 236, 5th Ave. Place, N. Y. City.

*For Sale by Agents, Druggists and Shoe Dealers.*



**PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS**

**MAKE NEW RICH BLOOD,**

And will completely change the blood in the entire system in three months. Any person who will take 1 Pill each night from 1 to 12 weeks, may be restored to sound health, if such a thing be possible. For curing Female Complaints these Pills have no equal. Physicians use them in their practice. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for eight letter-stamps. Send for circular. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., BOSTON, MASS.

**DIPHTHERIA** CROUP, ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS. JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT will instantaneously relieve these terrible diseases, and will positively cure nine cases out of ten. Information that will save many lives sent free by mail. Don't delay a moment. Prevention is better than cure.

**JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT** (*For Internal and External Use*). CURES Neuralgia, Influenza, Sore Lungs, Bleeding at the Lungs, Chronic Hoarseness, Hacking Cough, Whooping Cough, Chronic Rheumatism, Chronic Diarrhœa, Chronic Dysentery, Cholera Morbus, Kidney Troubles, Diseases of the Spine and Lame Back. Sold everywhere. Send for pamphlet to I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

AN English Veterinary Surgeon and Chemist, now travelling in this country, says that most of the Horse and Cattle Powders sold here are worthless trash. He says that Sheridan's Condition Powders are absolutely pure and immensely valuable. Nothing on earth will make hens lay like Sheridan's Condition Powders. Dose, 1 teaspoonful to 1 pint food. Sold everywhere, or sent by mail for 8 letter-stamps. I. S. Johnson & Co., Boston, Mass.

**MAKE HENS LAY**

March 24, 1883—42—12m.



**HOSTETTER'S** CELEBRATED

STOMACH **BITTERS**

The kidneys act as purifiers of the blood, and when their functions are interfered with through weakness, they need toning. They become healthfully active by the use of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, when failing short of relief from other sources. This superb stimulating tonic also prevents and arrests fever and ague, constipation, liver complaint, dyspepsia, rheumatism and other ailments. Use it with regularity.

For sale by all Druggists and Dealers generally.

June 16, 1883—12m—n c & co.



THE

**UNIVERSITY OF MISSISSIPPI**

—AT—

**OXFORD,**

Next Session opens 27th Sept., 1883.

TUITION FREE to EVERYBODY but law students.

Open to both sexes alike.

The cheapest University in this country.

All the Departments are in a successful operation—Law, Literary, Scientific and Preparatory Departments conducted as heretofore.

For catalogues FREE and information apply to Gen. A. P. STEWART, Chancellor.

Special inducements here to young men and women—poor and rich alike

H. [illegible]

Secretary Board of Trustees.

July 7, 1883—3m.



**THE AVALANCHE,**

An Independent Democratic Newspaper.

F. S. NICHOLS, Editor.

THE DAILY AVALANCHE—Delivered by mail postpaid, $10.00 per annum; $5.00 for six months; $2.50 for three months.

THE WEEKLY AVALANCHE—Contains all important news of the week, agricultural, commercial and choice literary matter. Terms by mail, 1.00 per annum, postpaid.

Address all letters and telegrams to

FRANK M. [illegible]

Memphis, Tenn.



**PAYNE'S 10 Horse Spark-Arresting** Portable Engine has cut 10,000 ft. of Michigan Pine Boards in 10 hours, burning slabs from the saw in eight-foot lengths.

*Our 10 Horse are Guaranteed* to furnish power to saw 5,000 feet of Hemlock Boards in 10 hours. *Our 15 Horse will cut 10,000 feet in same time.*

Our Engines are GUARANTEED to furnish a horse-power on ⅓ less fuel and water than any other Engine not fitted with an Automatic Cut-Off. If you want a Stationary or Portable Engine, Boiler, Circular Saw-Mill, Shafting or Pulleys, either cast or Hoddart's Patent Wrought-Iron Pulley, send for our illustrated catalogue, No. 13, for information and prices.

R. W. PAYNE & SONS,

Corning, N. Y. Box 167.

April 7 1883—12m.



**A WEEK'S READING FREE**

FOR SIX GOOD FAMILIES

[illegible]

THE GREAT SOUTHERN WEEKLY,

**The "Atlanta Constitution"**

OUR THREE TURKEYQUE WRITERS: UNCLE REMUS, "DEL" [illegible], "LETSY HARLTON"

[illegible]

A Word of Instruction and Encouragement [illegible]

Twelve Pages. The [illegible]

[illegible] members of the family

SEND A POSTAL FOR A SPECIMEN COPY [illegible]

address "The Constitution" [illegible]



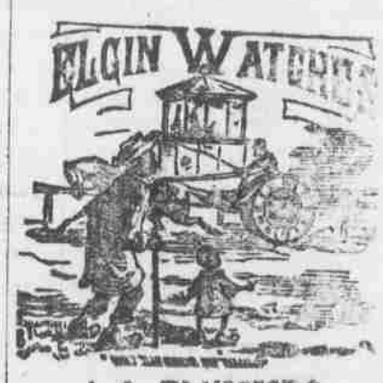
'83. **A GRAND COMBINATION**

The "Ripley Advertiser" [illegible] isville "Weekly Courier-Journal"

One Year for only $2.[illegible] for little more than [illegible]

By paying us $2.[illegible] for one year your [illegible] the COURIER-JOURNAL [illegible] tive newspaper [illegible] cratic and for a [illegible] only and the best, [illegible] ablest family weekly in the [illegible] States. Those who desire to examine a sample copy of the COURIER-[illegible] can do so at this office.






**J. A. PLUMMER**

JEWELER & WATCH REPAIRER

NEW ALBANY, MISS.,

DEALER in Watches, Jewelry, Spectacles, Eye-Glasses, Opera Glasses, and Speck Cases always [illegible] Sewing-machine Oil, Needles and Attachments for any kind of Sewing machines. [dec. 5—[illegible]



**TUTT'S PILLS**

**TORPID BOWELS, DISORDERED LIVER and MALARIA.**

From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Dizziness, Loss of Food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Dizziness, Fluttering of the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and to remove the use of a remedy that will act directly on the Liver. As a Liver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; they remove all impurities through these three great scavengers of the system," producing a good appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

**ANTIDOTE TO MALARIA**

Sold everywhere, 25c. Office, 39 Murray St., N. Y.

**TUTT'S HAIR DYE**

GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed instantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single application of this DYE. Sold by Druggists or sent by express on receipt of $1.

Office, 39 Murray Street, New York.

TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS [illegible]

June 10, 1883—12m—n c & co.



**WRIGHT'S INDIAN VEGETABLE PILLS**

FOR THE

**LIVER**

And all Bilious Complaints.

Safe to take, being purely vegetable. Price 25 cts. All druggists [illegible]



**WHISKY**

—FOR SALE AT—

**A. T. Z. Johnson**

North Side of Public Sq.

RIPLEY, MISS.

Nov. 4, 1882—1y.



**DR. STRONG'S PILLS**

The Old, Well Tried, Wonderful Health Renewing Remedy

STRONG'S SANATIVE PILLS For the Liver Complaint, Regulating the Blood, Cleansing [illegible] feet cure for Sick Headache and all Bilious [illegible]

STRONG'S SECTORAL [illegible] Rheumatism. [illegible]