ROOSEVELT TACKLES TRUST QUESTION.

Favors Passage of Laws for Their Regulation in His Message to the Legislature.

BAD FEATURES POINTED OUT.

Suggests Publicity as a Remedy —Should Be Treated as Banks Are—Asks Repeal of the Horton Law.

Albany, N. Y., Jan. 3.—The State Legislature convened in annual session to-day. In the Senate Timothy E. Ellsworth of Niagara County was re-elected President pro tem., and in the House, Frederick Nixon of Chamauqua County was re-elected Speaker. A feature of the Senate chamber was a floral arch over the desk of Lieutenant Governor Timothy L. Woodruff, showing the word "Excelsior" in red, white and blue letters. After the organization of the two houses had been completed the annual message of Governor Theodore Roosevelt was read.

In the course of his message Governor Roosevelt treats at considerable length of the subjects of modern industrial conditions and trusts.

"The contrast offered in the highly specialized industrial community between the very rich and the very poor," says the Governor, "is startling. Wasteful, and while under normal conditions the acquirement of wealth by an individual is necessarily of great incidental benefit to the community as a whole, yet this is by no means always the case. In our great cities there is plainly in evidence side by side with misery bordering upon want, and some of the wealth has been acquired, or is used in a manner for which there is no moral justification.

In further discussing the subject, the Governor says in part:

"Probably the large majority of the fortunes that now exist in this country have been amassed, not by filching manifest, but as an incident to the conferring of great benefits on the community—whatever the ultimate purpose of these amassing them may have been. The occasional wrongs committed or injuries endured are as on the whole far outweighed by the mass of good which has resulted. The true question to be asked are: Has any given individual been injured by the acquisition of wealth by any man? Were the rights of that individual, if they have been violated, insufficiently protected by law? If so, these rights and all similar rights ought to be guaranteed by additional legislation. The point to be aimed at is the protection of the individual against wrong, not the attempt to limit and hamper the acquisition and output of wealth.

"It is almost equally dangerous either to think of evils and refuse to acknowledge their existence, or to attack at them in a spirit of irrevent revenge, thereby doing far more harm than is remedied. It is well to remember on the one hand that the adoption of what is reasonable in the demands of reformers is the surest way to prevent the adoption of what is unreasonable; and on the other hand, that many of the worst and most dangerous laws which have been put upon statute books have been put there by zealous reformers with excellent intentions.

Trust Question.

"This problem has a twofold phases. The relation of the capitalist and the wageworker makes one; the proper attitude of the State toward extreme poverty another, the proper attitude of the State toward the questions of the ownership and transfer of wealth the third. A third, but among all these phases, the one which at this time has the greatest prominence is the question of what are commonly termed trusts, meaning by the name the various combinations of capital, usually assuming in virtue of some monopolistic element, which have become so startlingly common a feature in the industrial revolution which has progressed so rapidly during the past few years.

"Every new feature of this industrial revolution produces hardships, because in its latter stages it has been literally a revolution instead of an evolution. The new inventions and discoveries, and the new methods of taking advantage of business facilities, afforded by the extraordinary development of our material civilization have caused the changes to proceed with such rapidity that at each stage some body of workers finds itself unable to accommodate itself to the new conditions with sufficient speed to escape hardship.

"In the end the accommodation of the class be at times too late for the well being of the many individually. In some cases, while recognizing the evil, it may be impossible at present to know how to discover any remedy. In others, a remedy can be applied, but as yet only at a cost that would make it worse than the trouble itself. In yet others it may be possible to be acting with wisdom, coolness and fearlessness, a remedy may be applied which will wholly or in great part remove the evil while leaving the good behind.

Present Laws Ineffective.

"The machinery of modern business is so vast and complicated that great caution must be exercised in introducing radical changes, for fear the unforeseen effects may take the shape of widespread disaster. Moreover, much that is complained about is not really the abuse much as the inevitable result of our modern industrial life. Very many of the anti-trust laws which have made their appearance on the statute books of recent years have been almost, or absolutely, ineffective because they have blinked at the all-important fact that the forces they thought to do away with was incidental to modern industrial conditions and could not be eliminated unless we were willing to turn back the wheels of modern industry by also eliminating the forces which had brought about these industrial conditions. Not only trusts, but the immense importance of machinery, the concretion of capital, the capacity to make large fortunes by speculative enterprises, and many other features of modern existence, it is believed, may be thoroughly changed by doing away with steam and electricity, but the most ardent denouncer of trusts would hesitate to advocate so drastic a remedy. What remains for us to do as practical men is to look the conditions squarely in the face and not to permit the emotional side of the question, which has its proper place, to blind us to the fact that there are other sides. We must set about finding out what the real abuses are, with their causes, and to what extent remedies can be applied.

"To say that the present system of haphazard license and lack of supervision and regulation is the best possible is absurd. The men who endeavor to prevent the remedying of real abuses not only allow callous disregard for the suffering of others, but also weaken those who are anxious to present the adoption of indiscriminate wrecks be remedies, which would subvert our whole industrial edifice. The chicanery, and the dishonest, even though not technically illegal, methods through which some great fortunes have been made are scandals to our civilization. The man who by swindling or wrongdoing acquires great wealth for himself at the expense of his fellow stands as low morally as any predatory medieval freebooter and is a more dangerous member of society. Any law and any method of construing the law which will enable the community to punish him either by taxing away the wealth or by imprisonment, should be welcomed. Of course, such laws are even more needed in dealing with great corporations or trusts than with individuals. They are needed quite as much for the sake of honest corporations as for the sake of the public. The corporation that manages its affairs honestly has a right to demand protection against the dishonest corporation.

Publicity Necessary.

"The first essential is knowledge of the facts—publicity. Much can be done at once by amendment of the corporation laws so as to provide for such publicity as will not work injustice as between business rivals.

"The chief abuses alleged to arise from trusts are probably the following: Misrepresentation or concealment regarding material facts connected with the organization of an enterprise; the evils connected with unscrupulous promotion; overcapitalization; unfair competition, resulting in the crushing out of competitors who themselves do not act properly; raising of prices above fair competitive rates; the wielding of increased power over the wage-earners. Some of these evils would be partially remedied by a modification of our corporation laws. Here we can safely go along the lines of the more conservative New England States and probably put a little further. Such laws will themselves provide the needed publicity and the needed circumstantiality of statement. We should know authoritatively whether stock represents actual value of plants, or whether it represents bonds based on good will, or, if not, what it does represent, if anything. It is desirable to know how much was actually bought, how much was issued free and to whom, and, if possible, for what reason. The world enables us to see just what the public has a right to expect in the way of service and taxation.

"Where a trust becomes a monopoly the State has an immediate right to interfere. Care should be taken not to stifle enterprise or disclose any facts of a business that are essentially private, but the State, for the protection of the public, should exercise the right to inspect, to examine thoroughly all the workings of great corporations, just as is now done with banks, and wherever the interests of the public demand it, to make public the results of its examination. Then, if there are inordinate profits, competition or public sentiment will give the public the benefit in lowered prices, and if not the power of taxation may be resorted to.

Governor Roosevelt also devotes some space to a review of labor legislation in New York and commends the work of the Board of Mediation and Arbitration in dealing with strikes during the past year. He recommends the passage of a drug clerks bill to remedy hardships to which men in that occupation are subjected.

The Governor recommends the repeal of the Horton law, on the ground that "when any sport is carried on primarily for money, that is, as a business—it is in danger of losing much that is valuable, and of acquiring some exceedingly undesirable characteristics. In the cause of polite fighting, not only do all the objections which apply to the abuse of other professional sports apply in aggravated form, but in addition the exhibition has a very demoralizing and brutalizing effect. Moreover, the evils are greatly aggravated by the fact that the fight is for a money prize, and is the occasion for unlimited gambling and betting."

WHALLEN GIVES BOND.

Louisville Trust Company Ordered to Deliver the Box.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Louisville, Ky., Jan. 3.—The bribery charge, brought by State Senator Harrel against John H. Whallen of Louisville, continues to be the sensation of the hour, and in the opinion of many has settled the gubernatorial contest in favor of Goebel.

Whallen went to Frankfort to-day and appeared before Magistrate Thompson, who bound him in $10,000 bond to await the action of the Grand Jury, which has already taken up the case. Bond was readily given. Whallen refuses to further discuss the question by advice of his attorneys, but his friends have given out a story that when the $4,500 was deposited in the safety box at the Louisville Trust Company vault, Whallen also slipped in a paper recording that the money was placed there on a bet. This, if true, might turn the question of bribery into a question of veracity between Harrel and Whallen.

President Loving and Vaultkeeper Speed of the Trust Company, appeared before Judge Cantrill in Frankfort to-day in answer to a subpoena, but refused to deliver the box containing the money. They filed a response, in which Charles Ryan was named as the go-between, who conducted the alleged bribery negotiations between Whallen and Harrel. They claimed to have no right to expose the contents of private boxes rented by patrons, but Judge Cantrill overruled the response and ordered the box to be delivered.

President Loving and Vaultkeeper Speed were taken before the Grand Jury and questioned regarding the renting of the box by Whallen and the delivery of the keys and the rental receipt to Harrel. Ryan, it is said, was a witness to this transaction. It is understood that the trust company will produce the box, having only demurred for the benefit of patrons who are promised secrecy.

MARYLAND LEGISLATURE.

Adjournment Taken After Reading of the Governor's Message.

Annapolis, Md., Jan. 3.—The Maryland Legislature convened in regular biennial session to-day at noon. It will adjourn by limitation on April 3. The message of Governor Lowndes was read, after which both house adjourned until Wednesday next, when they will reassemble to take part in the inaugural ceremonies of Governor John Walter Smith.

GOEBEL CONTEST COMMITTEE.

Joint Board Will Be Chosen by Lot To-Day.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 3.—The joint committee which will hear evidence in the Goebel-Taylor and Beckham-Marshall contests for Governor and Lieutenant Governor will be formed to-morrow. The law provides that members of the committee shall be drawn by lot, three in the Senate and eight in the House. The policy of the Goebel leaders will be to push the contests to a final issue as speedily as possible.

Taylor's attorneys are preparing not only rebuttal evidence to offset the charges of fraud set forth in Goebel's notice of contest, but, according to Senator Bosee, are going much further and attempting to show up counter frauds of a glaring nature on the Democratic side.

The Senator says that among other things it will be brought out that Taylor was robbed of 2,000 votes in Kenton County, Goebel's home.

BOTH HOUSES ORGANIZED.

Members of Massachusetts Legislature Sworn In by Gov. Wolcott.

Boston, Jan. 3.—The Great and General Court of Massachusetts to-day began its session for 1900 at the Statehouse, where the members of both branches were sworn in by Governor Roger Wolcott and later organized by the election of presiding officers, clerks, chaplains and sergeant at arms. George E. Smith of Everett was elected president of the Senate for the third time and James J. Myers of Cambridge was elected Speaker of the House.

WILL WAIT FOR NASH.

Governor Bushnell's Appointments Held Up by the Legislature.

Columbus, O., Jan. 3.—Governor Bushnell's recess appointments were sent to the Senate to-day and were promptly referred to the Appropriations Committee, yet to be appointed, for their action. There are sixty-two of these appointments and it is said that probably more than two-thirds of them will be confirmed. The Republicans will await the pleasure of Governor-elect Nash, there being a strong movement to oust those appointees of Governor Bushnell who are alleged to have made themselves offensive to the party during the late campaign.

BOUTELLE IMPROVING.

Dr. McLean Reports Further Progress Since Last Friday.

Bangor, Me., Jan. 3.—A private letter from the attending physician at McLean Asylum, Waverly, Mass., says:

"I am very glad to be able to tell you that Congressman Boutelle has made some further progress since I wrote you on Friday last."

PETER S. WILKES DEAD.

He Was a Former Member of the Missouri Legislature.

Stockton, Cal., Jan. 3.—Peter S. Wilkes, an attorney, once a member of the Confederate Congress, is dead at his home here, aged 74 years. He was born in Tennessee and removed to Missouri, where he graduated from a university in 1852. A week afterward he was elected to the State Legislature. During the last year of the war Mr. Wilkes was elected to the Confederate Congress. At the close of hostilities he fled to Mexiatlan, Mexico, where he remained until about twenty-five years ago, when he came to this city.

Captain J. McC. Baker.

New Orleans, Jan. 3.—Captain J. McC. Baker, for many years a commander of vessels of the Morgan Line, hence to New York, Gulf and Cuban ports, and more recently a member of the Board of United States Inspectors of Steam Vessels, died today, aged 62 years.

Found Dead in Bed.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Mount Pulaski, Ill., Jan. 3.—John Christmann, aged 62 years, was found dead in bed this morning. Last night he fell and injured his neck, but it was not thought to be a serious hurt.

Mrs. Anna Dorsey.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Sedalia, Mo., Jan. 3.—Mrs. Anna Dorsey, aged 76 years, wife of the Reverend J. A. Dorsey, pastor of A. M. E. Church, died to-day.

Fred Neuhart.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Mattoon, Ill., Jan. 3.—Fred Neuhart, a jeweler of Indianapolis, died aboard a Big Four Train while nearing this city to-day.

J. D. Hazleton.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Pine Bluff, Ark., Jan. 3.—J. D. Hazleton, aged 76 years, of Cleveland County, died this morning.

Mrs. Nickolas Mundell.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Texarkana, Ark., Jan. 3.—Mrs. Nickolas Mundell died at her home here to-day.

Miss Ruth Warden.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Burlington, Ia., Jan. 3.—Miss Ruth Warden, a popular young society girl, died today of heart failure, aged 22.

George Rouch.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Mattoon, Ill., Jan. 3.—George Rouch, aged 91 years, died here to-day.

Moses Goar.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Mattoon, Ill., Jan. 3.—Moses Goar, aged 75 years, died near Etna to-day.

Announcement.

A. Kurtzebern & Sons, the well-known and reliable jewelers, take pleasure in announcing to their many friends and patrons that they will again establish themselves in their own business, at 316 North Sixth street, in the new Carleton building opp. Barr's, where they will be pleased to serve the public with a new and elegant line of goods. Notice of opening will be given.

At New York Hotels.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Jan. 3.—Hotel arrivals to-day include the following visitors from the West:

St. Louis—C. E. Rockel, A. Kurz, Imperial; C. W. Young, Waldorf; E. McCormack, Manhattan; M. J. Meyer, Sturtevant; R. J. Stuart and Mrs. Stuart, Gerard; A. L. Abbott, Murray Hill; Miss Bishop, Park Avenue.

Kansas City—J. Sutherland, Cosmopolitan; L. P. Garrett, Imperial; E. Bussron, Bartholdi; G. W. Whitehouse, Manhattan; A. E. Stillwell and Mrs. Stillwell, Netherlands.

So Nice to Eat. So Mild. So Effective.

To take medicine is a pleasure when the medicine is Cascarets Candy Cathartic, the only modern laxative fit to be used. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c.

Eupepsia TABLETS

PROMOTE DIGESTION And CURE DYSPEPSIA.

All druggists sell them under agreement to refund purchase price if they fail to give immediate relief and permanently cure indigestion and stomach troubles.

Price 50 cents a box.

Every box contains two weeks' treatment. Sent by mail, if desired, by

THE EUPEPSIA CO.,
323 Clark Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

Healthy Mothers

A MOTHER owes it to the loved ones in her home to be healthy. But one rarely sees a perfectly healthy mother. The constant care of young children, following closely upon the anxiety of pregnancy and shock of child-birth is a tax upon a woman's system, that frequently results in a complete breaking down. Believing that such trouble will wear away, treatment is too often postponed, until the sufferer realizes that although Nature struggles hard against abuses, it must at length give way. A sick mother who suffers the agonies of "female troubles" is a burden on her loved ones and can neither enjoy the privileges nor discharge the responsibilities of a parent. With Wine of Cardui within her grasp, every mother—every woman in this land can pay the debt of personal health she owes her loved ones. Do you not want robust health with all its privileges and pleasures? Thousands of women who have had the shadow of female weakness removed from their lives are with Mrs. Crass, witnesses to the wonderful relief Wine of Cardui brought them in their time of need. This pure Wine strengthens the female organs and invigorates weakened functions, quickly relieving all attendant suffering and distress. For every female ill or weakness it is the best medicine ever made. It is for sale by all druggists. Ask for Wine of Cardui and take no substitute, under any circumstances.

Gormer, Mich., July 10, 1899.

When I commenced using McElree's Wine of Cardui I was hardly able to walk across the house. Two weeks after, I walked half a mile and picked strawberries. When my other child was born, I suffered with labor pains 24 hours and had to raise him on a bottle, because I had no milk. After using the Wine during pregnancy this time I gave birth last month to a baby girl, and was in labor only three hours with but little pain and I have plenty of milk. For this great improvement in my health I thank God and McElree's Wine of Cardui. Mrs. EDWIN CRASS.

For advice in case requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

A Marvel in Newspaper Half-Tone Presentation...

The Sunday Republic's Magazine.

NEXT SUNDAY—The Camera on Local Subjects. Send a Copy to a Distant Friend.

The Boer and His Country—An Excellent, Unbiased, Instructive Feature. Illustrated. NEXT SUNDAY.

PRICE CURRENT REPORT.

Further Reduction in Offerings of Hogs Last Week.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Cincinnati, O., Jan. 3.—Price Current says a further reduction occurred in offerings of hogs last week at Western packing centers, the number being 425,000, compared with 500,000 the preceding week and 625,000 a year ago. From November 1 the total is 4,625,000, against 4,725,000 last year. Prominent places compare as follows:

	This Season.	Last Season.
Chicago	1,300,000	1,300,000
Kansas City	60,000	65,000
Omaha	300,000	375,000
St. Louis	200,000	400,000
Indianapolis	200,000	200,000
Milwaukee	25,000	25,000
Cincinnati	100,000	100,000
Cleveland	100,000	100,000
St. Joseph	200,000	200,000
Ottumwa	100,000	100,000
Sioux City	200,000	200,000
Peoria City	100,000	90,000
St. Paul	65,000	80,000

STELLA JOCELYN'S REQUEST.

Petitioner Granted an Order to Have Testimony Taken.

Judge Fitzcraft made an order yesterday in the application of Stella Jocelyn to have testimony in regard to her parentage perpetuated. The order entitles the petitioner to apply to any Notary to have him issue summonses for the persons whose testimony is desired, either them to appear before him and be examined.

The petitioner's application recited that she had been adopted when very young by Dana Jocelyn and his wife, and that she did not know the name of her parents, but that they live in St. Louis.

Her foster parents refused to inform her as to her parentage, the petition alleges, and she desires to have their testimony taken in the matter.

REAL ESTATE CONVENTION.

Arrangements for the State Meeting at Fort Worth.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

San Antonio, Tex., Jan. 3.—The Texas Real Estate Convention will convene in Fort Worth on January 18 for a two days' session. Arrangements are being made for the big event, and invitations have been sent out to the principal business men of the State. There will be a special effort made to get the interest of the railroads in linked with that of the realty dealers.

The association has also issued an address to the people of the State, calling their attention to the far-reaching import of a successful meeting.

TO FORM A PAPER TRUST.

Wholesale Dealers of the Southwest Will Organize.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Topeka, Kas., Jan. 3.—The wholesale paper dealers of the Southwest will meet at Kansas City to-morrow to form a trust for mutual protection.

Charles Sampson of the Topeka Paper Company, who is prominent in the movement, said to-night that the trust will take in the paper dealers of Missouri, Kansas, Arkansas, Texas and New Mexico.

An advance in the rates of paper to the retail trade and publishing-houses may be looked for as a result of the combination.

DOCTOR D. W. DUNN HELD.

Coroner Completes Investigation of Mrs. Lester's Death.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Mattoon, Ill., Jan. 3.—The Coroner's jury has completed its investigation into the death of Mrs. Anna L. Lester. Doctor D. Winton Dunn of this city is held without bail, charged with her demise, through a criminal operation. He will be taken to jail in Charleston to-night.

Dentists Elect Officers.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Little Rock, Jan. 3.—The Arkansas Dental Association convened in annual session in this city to-day. The following officers were elected: President, Doctor W. H. Marshall, Little Rock; first vice president, Doctor W. T. Cate, Fort Smith; second vice president, Doctor C. C. Farrow, Little Rock; secretary, Doctor William C. Gillespie, Fort Smith; corresponding secretary, Doctor W. H. Buckley, Little Rock; treasurer, Doctor Collings, Little Rock.

To get rid of rheumatism try a bottle of Elmer & Amend's Prescription, No. 2884. Star Drug Co., Bridway & Market, agents.

Swedish Lutheran Synod.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Burlington, Ia., Jan. 3.—The next annual session of the Augustana Swedish Lutheran Synod of North America will be held in Burlington July 19 to 29, next, with 60 attendants. Thirty candidates for the ministry will be ordained during the session. The synod includes all the Swedish Lutheran churches of the United States and Canada.

Killed in a Runaway.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Brenham, Tex., Jan. 3.—Fritz Beutke, a farmer, was instantly killed in a runaway accident at Old Washington last night.

Important Notice to Vehicle and Dog Owners.

All Vehicle and Dog Owners are hereby notified that their Vehicle and Dog Licenses for 1900 are now due and must be paid at once to the City Collector, and their license plate will be issued to them by the License Commissioner on presentation of the Collector's receipt.

Respectfully, *THEO. D. KALBFELL,*
Room 102, City Hall. *License Commissioner.*

STOCKHOLDERS DISAGREE.

Affairs of Majestic Range Company Aired in Court.

Mary Culver, executrix of the estate of Lucius L. Culver, filed suit yesterday against Robert H. Stockton, Edwin A. De Wolf and the Majestic Manufacturing Company, to declare void the issuance of 750 shares of stock in the Majestic Company to Stockton and De Wolf, and to restrain the voting of these shares of stock at the annual election of directors of the company, to be held January 22.

The petition states that the capital stock of the Majestic Company is $300,000, divided into 3,000 shares of which 1,250 shares are issued; that 1,250 of these shares belong to the estate of Lucius L. Culver, that Stockton held 40 shares, and De Wolf 35 shares; that Stockton, De Wolf and plaintiff constitute the present Board of Directors.

It is alleged that at a meeting of the Board of Directors held November 27, 1899, it was voted to issue 500 shares of the unissued stock to Stockton and 500 shares to De Wolf. These shares were subsequently issued, giving Stockton and De Wolf a majority of the stock in the company.

The suit was referred to Judge Taky, who issued an order on the defendants to show cause January 8 why the prayer should not be granted.

MOTORMAN'S LEGS BROKEN.

Street Car Collision at Fifteenth and Carr Streets.

A collision between car No. 113 of the Northern Central Line and car No. 267 of the Union Line, occurred at Fifteenth and Carr streets at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning. The Union car, in charge of Motorman Anton Dechlite, was rounding the curve from Fifteenth street. The Northern Central car, in charge of Motorman George Billingsley, was coming downtown at a high rate of speed.

Billingsley saw the impending danger and applied the brake with all his power, but too late to prevent the smash-up. Billingsley was badly injured and his legs were broken. He was taken to the City Hospital.

The Northern Central car was crowded when the crash came. Some of the passengers, who were busy reading their papers, were thrown out of their seats and badly mixed up. The women screamed and some of them were hurt in the frantic rush for the door that followed. Four passengers were injured, but not seriously. Billingsley had applied his brake with such force that it took two men to release it.

STEPHEN D. GORE'S FUNERAL.

Services Held at Second Presbyterian Church.

The funeral of Stephen D. Gore was held yesterday morning from the home at No. 452 McPherson avenue. Mr. Gore was 81 years old. He died suddenly on New Year's Day while at dinner with the members of his family.

The Reverend W. J. McKitrick, pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, conducted the services at the house. Doctor McKitrick spoke eloquently of Mr. Gore's work in the church, and said that his life was a beautiful example of uprightness and integrity.

The pallbearers were Philip Hellenstein, John W. Slaughter, Charles F. Bates, Walker Hill, Vaile Reyburn, Wallace Delfield and F. P. Williams. The burial was in Bellefontaine Cemetery.

Mr. Gore came to St. Louis from Boston more than fifty years ago, and for many years was prominently connected with various business enterprises of the city. He amassed a fortune and retired shortly before the close of the Civil War.

SCHLUETER PLEADED GUILTY.

Given a Year in the Workhouse for Bigamy.

After his case had been called for trial yesterday in Judge Spencer's court, Edward W. Schlueter, who was charged with bigamy, pleaded guilty to the charge, and was sentenced to one year in the Workhouse with a fine of $250.

It was charged that he married Miss Evangeline Clingan of No. 1119 North Broadway on June 5, 1899, when he was already married to Margaretta Kellogg.

Miss Clingan, though not a witness, was an interested spectator in court yesterday. As Schlueter was being led through the hallway to the jail by a Deputy Sheriff she fell upon his shoulder and wept. As they came before the jail door the deputy paused long enough to allow them to embrace and bid each other good-by.

WINTER RESORTS.

HOT SPRINGS, ARKANSAS.

THE BEAUTIFUL **PARK HOTEL** NOW OPEN.

Every room an outside room. Appointments superb. Cuisine unsurpassed. An elegant Bath House, supplied with hot water direct from the springs, operated, with new porcelain tubs, an additional elevator just put in. For illustrated booklets and other information address

R. E. JACKSON, Manager.

FULL SET OF TEETH - - $2

TEETH Extracted Without Pain.

Teeth Extracted Free. Silver Fillings Free. Teeth Cleaned Free. Bridgework $2 per tooth.

All work guaranteed for 20 years.

All work done free—small charge for material only. GOLD CROWNS, 22-k., $4.95.

Union Dental College, 622 Olive St.

Best Equipped College in the World.

Cor. of Seventh and Olive, Second Floor.

Hours: 9 a. m. to 9 p. m. daily; Sundays, 10 to 4.

PROPOSALS for Paper for the Public Printing and Binding—Sealed proposals will be received by Public Printer H. Ilge, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., for furnishing the Paper for the Public Printing and Binding for the year ending 28th of February, 1901, the said proposals to be opened before the award of contracts can be made by the Joint Committee of Congress on Public Printing to the lowest and best bidder for the interest of the Government, the committee reserving to itself the right to reject any bid deemed not for the best interests of the Government; may demand detailed schedules of the description, quantity and quality of the paper required, and may call for samples; and bids in response to such requests will be considered. The regulations with which bidders must comply, can be obtained by addressing F. W. Palmer, Public Printer, Washington, D. C. The contracts will be entered into for supplying such paper as may be needed during the fiscal year, and no more. The estimated quantities set forth in detail in the schedule comprise: 65,000 pounds machine finish printing paper, 24x36, 32,000 reams; 10,000 pounds bible paper, 24x36, 24,000 reams; 5,000 pounds tissue paper, 24x36, 24,000 reams; steel and supercalendered white or tinted printing paper, various sizes, 20,000 reams; white writing paper, various sizes and weights, 4,000 reams; colored writing paper, various sizes and weights, 2,000 reams; cover paper, various sizes and weights, 15,000 pounds; of best plate paper, various grades of best map paper, 30,000 pounds; superfine double-coated book paper, 3,000 reams; superfine calendered paper, various sizes and weights, 50,000 pounds; bond paper, 20,000 pounds; artificial parchment, various sizes, 4,000 pounds; parchment deed; sheets ruled and unruled, various colors, gloss and specialties; cardboard, various colors, gloss and specialties; cardboard; bristol board, various colors; glue and sponges, 8,000 reams; first-class folder paper, white or blue, laid or wove, various sizes and weights, 9,000 reams; second-class folder paper, white or blue, laid or wove, various sizes and weights, 5,000 reams; tissue and coloring paper, 25 reams; blotting paper, any required color and weight, 10 reams; [illegible] 25 reams; glazed, marble, and comb paper, various sizes; 250 reams typewriter paper, various sizes and weights; 1,000 reams; gift letter paper, 1,000 reams; 100 pounds French folio, 17x22; 2,000 sheets parchment, 18x31. Proposals will be received for one thousand copies or more. By direction of the Joint Committee of Congress on Public Printing.

F. W. PALMER, Public Printer.

Washington, D. C., December 21, 1899.

BLANCARD'S PILLS & SYRUP —OF— IODIDE OF IRON

for ANÆMIA, POORNESS of the BLOOD, CONSTITUTIONAL WEAKNESS, SCROFULA, Etc.

None genuine unless signed "BLANCARD" ALL DRUGGISTS.

E. FOUGERA & CO., N.Y. Agts. for U.S.

The Keeley Cure 2801 Locust Street, St. Louis. The only positive cure for alcoholism and narcotic drug using. DR. J. E. BLAINE, Manager and Physician

City of St. Louis,
Law Department,
January 2, 1900.

To Whom It May Concern, Take Notice:

The Commissioners, in the matter of opening Taylor avenue under Ordinance No. 16,[illegible] will meet at room 234, City Hall, on January 8th, 1900, at 2 p. m., for the purpose of assessing benefits occasioned by said opening, and all parties interested are invited to be present, when and where they have the right to be heard, and may except to the Commissioners' report before the Circuit Court, when it is filed.

The taking district for said opening includes the property in the district bound north by Clayton avenue, south by Manchester avenue, east by Newstead avenue and west by Kingshighway boulevard.

B. SCHNURMACHER,
City Counselor.

Don't be humbugged by other skin cures. Positively the only safe and reliable remedy for

Skin Diseases and Dandruff is Diamond Eczema Cure.

Also a beautifier of the complexion. Price $1.00. If your druggist doesn't keep it, call on us. Sent prepaid to us anywhere on receipt of $1.00.

H. REH. CHEMICAL CO., 212 S. Fourth St.

Barr's Cafe is just the place to rest, refresh one's memory and revise the shopping list when downtown for a day's purchasing. Well-cooked food, daintily served at moderate cost, will be ready every day.

DEATHS.

BAGLEY—On January 3, 1900, at 1:30 p. m., Thomas J., beloved son of Mrs. P. Bagley, of 4611 Kennerly avenue.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

BURKE—On January 3, 1900, at 1 p. m., Margaret Burke, aged 37 years, beloved wife of officer Michael Burke of the Eighth District.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 2216 Bernard street, on Friday, the 5th inst., at 2 p. m., to St. Malachy's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family invited to attend.

KIRCHER—At Belleville, Ill., January 2, 1900, Mrs. Augusta Kircher, in her ninetieth year.

Funeral Friday morning at 10 o'clock, to Walnut Hill cemetery.

McGRATH—Richard McGrath, beloved son of Thomas and Margaret McGrath (nee Egan), and beloved brother of John J., Maggie, Kittie, Lydia and Mrs. Joseph Quinn.

Funeral will take place from family residence, 5622 Dickson street, Friday, at 1:30 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

MATSON—On Wednesday, January 3, 1900, at 6 p. m., Amanda Stone Matson, after a lingering illness, at the age of 52 years 8 months.

Funeral will take place from the residence of her son-in-law, A. E. Morgan, No. 1627 Union boulevard, Friday, January 5, 1900, at 2 p. m. Interment private.

O'REILLY—On January 3, 1900, Edmund O'Reilly, beloved husband of Bridget O'Reilly.

Funeral January 5, at 9 o'clock a. m., from Holy Angels' Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

SHEA—On Wednesday, January 3, 1900, at 1:30 o'clock a. m., Margaret E. Shea (nee Halpin), beloved wife of John M. Shea.

The funeral will take place Friday, 5th inst., at 2 p. m., from family residence, No. 2220 Mullanphy street, to St. Leo's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

SLATTERY—On January 1, 1900, at 11:20 p. m., John C. Slattery, the beloved son of Bridget Hickson Slattery and brother of D. F., R. P. and Nannie Slattery, Mrs. T. J. Kinsella and Mrs. Jodie Hanson.

Funeral from residence, No. 1117 Leffingwell avenue, on Thursday, January 4, at 2 p. m., to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited.

SMITH—On Tuesday, January 2, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., Catherine, beloved wife of Hugh Smith, aged 58 years.

The funeral will take place Friday, 5th inst., at 8:30 o'clock a. m., from family residence, No. 1631 Glasgow avenue, to St. Bridget's Church, thence to Bellefontaine Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

Kansas City papers please copy.

WARREN—On Wednesday, January 3, 1900, at 12:30 a. m., Frank J. Warren, aged 28 years 10 months.

Funeral from residence of his father, John B. Warren, at Mustick's Ferry, St. Louis County, Mo., Friday, January 5, at 1 p. m., to St. Ferdinand's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery.

AUCTIONEERS.

A. A. SELKIRK & CO., AUCTION and STORAGE

Regular sale every Saturday at warehouse, 1006-1012 Chestnut, etc. Sales in residences a specialty. Main office, 204 N. Sixth st. Phone [illegible]

At 710 North Broadway.

Trustee's Auction sale of Stock of

MILLINERY, FIXTURES, ETC.

FRIDAY, JAN. 5, 1900.

Commencing at 10:30 a. m. we will sell by order of Trustee the entire stock in above store, viz: Trimmed and Untrimmed Bonnets and Hats, Feathers, Ribbons, Silks, Ornaments, Trimmings, Outright, Wall Cases, Show Cases, Counters, Mirrors, Linoleum, Heating Stove, etc., etc. TERMS CASH.

A. A. SELKIRK & CO., Auctioneers.

A. M. Sturdevant, Attorney-at-Law, Trustee.

AMUSEMENTS.

CENTURY. Night at 8:15. Smyth & Rice Present **WILLIE COLLIER.** In his own New Farce, **MR. SMOOTH.** Regular Mat. Saturday. NEXT SUNDAY NIGHT, Charles Frohman Presents **THE GIRL FROM MAXIM'S.** Seats Now on Sale.

HOPKINS Bargain Matinees... 25c. GREAT SCENIC PRODUCTION OF CUMBERLAND GI. VAUDEVILLE. SUTT & TUTTLE, CAITLAN FINNS & FINNS, DE HAVEN AND MAY. DAILY MATS. 10—20—30. Next Week—"Paris Ticket Office."

GRAND High-Class Attractions Only. Medium Prices. Wed. & Sat. Mats. Good Seats, 25c. JACK AND THE BEANSTALK. Night Prices, 15, 25, 35, 50, 75c. Next Sunday Matinee—A COLONIAL GIRL.

OLYMPIC. Curtain at 8 sharp. Charles Frohman Presents **HENRY MILLER** In the Romantic Play, **THE ONLY WAY.** Regular Mat. Saturday.

JULIA ARTHUR. OLYMPIC. NEXT MONDAY. ...IN... **"MORE THAN QUEEN."** Reserved Seats on Sale Now.

COLUMBIA CONTINUOUS VAUDEVILLE. No Waits From 1 To 10:30 daily. **Williams & Walker** And Their Own Company in the New Musical Farce, **"THE POLICY PLAYERS."** The Highest Vaudeville Offering Ever Made at a Continuous Performance Theater.

ICE PALACE, Cook and Channing Aves. SKATING DAY AND EVENING. HOCKEY GAME TO-NIGHT ADMISSION 25 CENTS. Next Week—Minnie Cummings, Celebrated Fancy Skater.

POULTRY, PIGEON AND CAT ...SHOW... Prof. D'Alma's Dog and Monkey Circus at the Coliseum, Jan. 1 to 6, 1900. Admission 25c, Children 15c. Open from 10 a. m. to 10 p. m. every day.

MUSIC HALL. CASTLE SQ. OPERA COMPANY. Matinee Saturday at 2 sharp, 25c, 50c and 75c—Second Week of the Splendid Success, H. M. S. PINAFORE and CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA. Evenings, 8 sharp 25, 50, 75 & $1. Boxes, $5 & $3. Jan. 8—The Lemon Harbor and Pirates of Penzance. Not a line cut.

HAVLIN'S. Mat. Today, Thursday and Saturday. The NATIVE To-Day at 2. McFADDEN'S ROW OF FLATS. Night Prices: 15c, 25c, 35c. Sunday Mat. Next—IN OLD KENTUCKY.

STANDARD. The Home of Frills. Two Frolics Daily. **Reilly & Wood's