BULLS UNABLE TO HOLD MARKETS AFTER ADVANCING THEM.

THE INFLUENCES FAVORED THE BULLS AND A STRONG MARKET WAS HAD EARLY IN DAY.

BUT THE CLOSE WAS OFF.

CORN, LIKE WHEAT, MADE A GOOD, STRONG START, BUT IT WEAKENED OFF LATER.

LITTLE CHANGE IN OATS.

Office Republic,
Monday, Jan. 22, 1900.

Both sides were in it to-day, the bulls at the start, and for some little time after, and the bears at the finish. The speculative apathy which has for so long a time characterized grain speculation in this country was still very marked, and was one of the chief features of the situation throughout the entire day, there being no outside orders to speak of, while professional traders operated with the greatest caution, owing to the unsettled condition of the markets. In this respect the general situation was disappointing, but no more so than it has been for a long time past. Pretty nearly everything of a speculative character developed strength this morning, and a brighter and more hopeful start has not been experienced for many a long day. Rumors of British successes in South Africa and the increasing cheapness of money were the bullish features in the stock market, and the strength in them was reflected to a greater or less extent by cotton and grain. The latter, however, had independent strength of its own, and was not dependent upon the actions of the stock market. The bulk of the early advices favored a higher level of prices in both corn and wheat, and these two grains responded in a manner to arouse hopes in the breasts of the bulls, and they proceeded at once to put values up sharply. It was the old story over again, however, for after obtaining the advantage they were unable to hold it, weakness once again took possession of the situation, and prices declined considerably faster than they advanced, and at the close a general decline was recorded.

There was an exceedingly strong tone to the wheat situation this morning, one that was stronger and more encouraging than has been experienced for many a long day. The early news was largely bullish and of a character to encourage buying for both short and long account, considerable of which was indulged in. One of the chief incentives to the early strength and improved sentiment was contained in the advices from the other side of the water. Indeed, nothing else had the influence that this did, and the whole buying movement hinged on the early cables from abroad, and in particular from the United Kingdom, which held out more encouragement than they have for weeks past. There was nothing especially new or startling in the news from South Africa, where the British were said to be slowly but surely gaining ground and driving the Boers from position to position, but both public and private cables came stronger and more bull-like than they have for months, while market information of all kinds favored the long side of the market.

Liverpool and London were ½d higher than they closed last Saturday, the first named that much for cash and futures, while the latter was firmer for off-coast cargoes, with American rather higher. The Continent was also reported as a buyer, which change, Broomhall's cables said, had been brought about by reported damage to the French and Russian crops and the expected falling off in the world's shipment, which amounted to 4,821,000 bu., as against 6,661,000 bu. last week, which falling off caused a small decrease in the amount afloat of 89,000 bu., which was about half the decrease of a year ago. The local bulls were not a bit slow in taking advantage of the marked change in the condition of the markets on the other side, and they at once started in to boost, being shortly followed by shorts who appeared to be nervous and quite frightened over the outlook, and longs and cables that were effective, but those from the Continent were equally so, particularly those from Paris, which reported an advance equal to 2c to 2¼c. Antwerp coming ⅝c higher, while Liverpool after its early advance went still higher and closed 3d to 1¼d better for the day. There was no hesitancy shown on the part of this market, it resounding at once to the very bullish conditions, and the opening for the May option was ⅝c up at 68⅝c, selling from that without a break to 68⅞c, while July, which opened ⅝c higher at 69⅛c, was salable later at 69⅞c. Late cables were fully as encouraging as those received earlier, and consequently hold the market up strongly. According to these cables wheat was said to be ½d higher, making ¾d for the day, with cargoes stiffer. Berlin was up ½c, and Buda-Pesth ⅝c, and New York and Chicago reported heavy buying for foreign account, mostly for France. The increase in the visible was much below expectations, being only 3,000 and the only real weak factor was contained in the export movement which, it was intimated to be but 172,000 bu. for flour and wheat, but which was not materially felt, all domestic markets exhibiting strength, although the May option did not succeed in making any higher record than 69⅞c, but the new crop option July was bid as high as 69⅞c or 1½@¾c above where it closed Saturday.

The turning point in the market came shortly after this and was due to the keen edge of the demand and the withdrawing of shorts, who were chiefly responsible for the sharp upturn on this side and abroad. The cash demand also did not come up to the expectations of traders, there being only 6 loads taken for export. During the last half hour of the session there was more wheat for sale than there were buyers for and as a result prices broke sharply, the May option here going off to 68⅝c and closing at 68⅝@⅝c bid, or only ⅛@⅛c better for the day. July sold down to 69½c and closed ⅜c higher at 69⅞@⅞c sellers. Jan. was offered ⅜c better for the day at 67⅝c.

The chief consideration at work in corn this morning was the Government report of the yield for the year 1899, and which proved to be a very serious disappointment to the bears, who were not expecting so large a decrease in their estimates, and were confident that the total crop would be at least 2,200,000,000 bu., so when the figures were made public showing but 2,078,000,000 bu. it knocked the props from under them. Then there was the great strength shown by wheat, the continued light arrivals at primary markets and the bad condition of country roads, all of which had a demoralizing effect and turned the market sharply upward at the outset. According to the postings, the receipts to-day at Western markets were 413,000 bu., against 871,000 bu. a year ago, including 42,000 bu. arriving here, against 150,000 bu. last year. The shipments amounted to 223,000 bu., and the export clearances 241,000 bu. On the other hand, the visible supply of this country was increased 1,209,000 bu., against 2,609,000 bu. increase a year ago, and the amount afloat decreased 230,000, whereas one year ago it fell off 2,480,000 bu. Prices spurted sharply right at the opening, the demand being urgent, but sellers scarce and 2¼@2⅜c, or ⅜c advance above Saturday's closing, was bid for May, but not a trade was made. The strength shown by corn did not last half as well as that in wheat, a much weaker spell being developed shortly after the opening, and prices commenced falling back. The longs exhibited a strong desire to get out, and there being little or no export business reported, only 15 loads being taken, May declined to 31⅞c sellers, or 1@1⅛c off for the day, compared with Saturday, while July was 32c nominal.

The market for oats was not influenced one way or the other by the strength shown in other grain markets, as outside of a bid of 42⅝c, which was the same as Saturday's closing, the market was entirely neglected during the day. The Western market receipts were 406,000 bu., against 361,000 bu. last year, and of which 93,000 bu. arrived here, against 44,500 bu. a year ago. The shipments amounted to 217,000 bu. and the clearances to 22,000 bu., while the visible was increased 21,000 bu., against an increase of 256,000 bu. a year ago. The Government figures on the total yield of oats for the year '99 were 796,177,713 bu., as compared with 730,893,000 bu. in '98.

On the Curb—St. Louis, 2:30 p. m.—May wheat, 68⅝c b.; puts, 68⅝c; calls 68⅞@69c.

Chicago—May wheat—Puts, 69⅛c; calls, 67c.

Trade Notes.

AVAILABLE SUPPLIES.

Visible supply of grain—

	Jan. 20, 1900.	Jan. 13, 1900.	Jan. 21, '99.
Wheat	55,524,000	56,533,000	23,273,000
Corn	14,164,000	13,955,000	18,324,000
Oats	3,168,000	3,147,000	4,424,000

Amount on ocean passage—

	Jan. 20, 1900.	Jan. 13, 1900.	Jan. 21, '99.
Wheat-flour	21,000	21,000	9,000
Corn	12,000	10,000	13,000

Total available supply—

January 20, 1900	74,176,000		55,814,000
January 13, 1900	73,217,000		56,124,000
January 21, 1899	44,546,000		23,961,000

THE WORLD'S GRAIN SHIPMENTS.

Shipments of wheat by the principal exporting countries.

	Last wk.	Wk before.	Year ago.
America	1,961,000	4,000,000	1,000,000
Russia	872,000	720,000	440,000
Danubian	768,000	552,000	184,000
India	240,000	232,000	304,000
Australia	1,104,000	1,216,000	960,000
Totals	4,945,000	6,720,000	2,888,000

Shipments of corn from the principal exporting countries.

	Last wk.	Wk before.	Year ago.
America	1,000,000	2,000,000	2,000,000
Russia	32,000	160,000	80,000
Danubian	80,000	64,000	32,000
Argentine	440,000	472,000	216,000
Totals	1,552,000	2,696,000	2,328,000

In his final report on the crops Statistician Hyde makes no great change in his previous estimates. The only notable one is a decrease of about 50,000 acres in the corn area, which he puts down at 94,000,000 acres, and taking from this the latest previous estimate of yield, the final figures are as follows: The wheat average was 16.2 bu., and the acreage 37,000,000, and the value $29,000,000, the average farm price being 57.2c bu., and the average farm price for all, on December 1, 54.7 cents. The corn average was 27.9 bu., the production 2,078,000,000 bu. and the value $596,000,000, the average farm price being 28.7c bu., and the average farm price for all, on December 1, 27.4 cents. The oats average was 26.9 bu., the production 943,000,000 bu. and the value $268,000,000, the average yield for a decade being 26.1 bu., and the average farm price for December 1, 19.5 cents. The average yield of rye was 14.9 bu., the production 26,000,000 bu. and the value $18,000,000, the average farm price being 68.2c bu., and the average farm price for December 1, 49.8 cents. The average yield of barley is estimated at 28,000,000 bu., the production 176,000,000 bu., the farm price 47.8c bu., and the value $84,000,000. The average yield of potatoes was 96.7 bu., the production 250,000,000 bu., the farm price 32.4c bu., and the value $81,000,000. The average yield of hay was 1.4 tons, the production 58,000,000 tons, the farm price $7.50 per ton, and the value $437,000,000. The average yield of tobacco was 817 lbs., the production 819,000,000 lbs., the farm price 8.1c lb., and the value $66,000,000. The average yield of cotton was 170 lbs., the production 10,000,000 bales, the farm price 6.2c lb., and the value $300,000,000. The average yield of sugar beets was 12.4 tons, the production 2,000,000 tons, the farm price $4 per ton, and the value $8,000,000. The average yield of cane was 16.4 tons, the production 6,000,000 tons, the farm price $4 per ton, and the value $24,000,000. The average yield of maple sugar was 4.3 lbs., the production 36,000,000 lbs., the farm price 10c lb., and the value $3,600,000. The average yield of maple syrup was 2.6 gals., the production 1,000,000 gals., the farm price $1 per gal., and the value $1,000,000. The average yield of sorghum was 69 gals., the production 15,000,000 gals., the farm price 32c gal., and the value $4,800,000. The average yield of apples was 76.1 bu., the production 200,000,000 bu., the farm price 29.9c bu., and the value $59,000,000. The average yield of peaches was 41.1 bu., the production 36,000,000 bu., the farm price 41.1c bu., and the value $14,000,000. The average yield of pears was 24.3 bu., the production 6,000,000 bu., the farm price 50.5c bu., and the value $3,000,000. The average yield of grapes was 1,900 lbs., the production 1,000,000,000 lbs., the farm price 2.9c lb., and the value $29,000,000. The average yield of strawberries was 85 qts., the production 15,000,000 qts., the farm price 6.6c qt., and the value $1,000,000. The average yield of cranberries was 1.4 bbls., the production 500,000 bbls., the farm price $5.50 per bbl., and the value $2,800,000.

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Cash Grain, Flour, Etc.

WHEAT—Cash market: Received 90 cars and 17 loads of wheat, which gives a total of 107 cars of wheat. More anxiety from Europe and the advance in futures brought in some outside bids, but the prices asked turned most of them from. This makes the third Monday in succession that the latest previous estimate of the final figures are as follows: The wheat average was 16.2 bu., the production 570,000,000 bu., and the value $29,000,000, the average farm price being 57.2c bu., and the average farm price for all, on December 1, 54.7 cents. The corn average was 27.9 bu., the production 2,078,000,000 bu., and the value $596,000,000, the average farm price being 28.7c bu., and the average farm price for all, on December 1, 27.4 cents. The oats average was 26.9 bu., the production 943,000,000 bu., and the value $268,000,000, the average yield for a decade being 26.1 bu., and the average farm price being 19.5 cents. The average yield of rye was 14.9 bu., the production 26,000,000 bu., and the value $18,000,000, the average farm price being 68.2c bu., and the average farm price for December 1, 49.8 cents. The average yield of barley is estimated at 28,000,000 bu., the production 176,000,000 bu., the farm price 47.8c bu., and the value $84,000,000. The average yield of potatoes was 96.7 bu., the production 250,000,000 bu., the farm price 32.4c bu., and the value $81,000,000. The average yield of hay was 1.4 tons, the production 58,000,000 tons, the farm price $7.50 per ton, and the value $437,000,000. The average yield of tobacco was 817 lbs., the production 819,000,000 lbs., the farm price 8.1c lb., and the value $66,000,000. The average yield of cotton was 170 lbs., the production 10,000,000 bales, the farm price 6.2c lb., and the value $300,000,000. The average yield of sugar beets was 12.4 tons, the production 2,000,000 tons, the farm price $4 per ton, and the value $8,000,000. The average yield of cane was 16.4 tons, the production 6,000,000 tons, the farm price $4 per ton, and the value $24,000,000. The average yield of maple sugar was 4.3 lbs., the production 36,000,000 lbs., the farm price 10c lb., and the value $3,600,000. The average yield of maple syrup was 2.6 gals., the production 1,000,000 gals., the farm price $1 per gal., and the value $1,000,000. The average yield of sorghum was 69 gals., the production 15,000,000 gals., the farm price 32c gal., and the value $4,800,000. The average yield of apples was 76.1 bu., the production 200,000,000 bu., the farm price 29.9c bu., and the value $59,000,000. The average yield of peaches was 41.1 bu., the production 36,000,000 bu., the farm price 41.1c bu., and the value $14,000,000. The average yield of pears was 24.3 bu., the production 6,000,000 bu., the farm price 50.5c bu., and the value $3,000,000. The average yield of grapes was 1,900 lbs., the production 1,000,000,000 lbs., the farm price 2.9c lb., and the value $29,000,000. The average yield of strawberries was 85 qts., the production 15,000,000 qts., the farm price 6.6c qt., and the value $1,000,000. The average yield of cranberries was 1.4 bbls., the production 500,000 bbls., the farm price $5.50 per bbl., and the value $2,800,000.

Prices on Change.

The following table shows the range of prices in futures and cash grain:

	Closed Saturday.	Opened Monday.	Closed Today.
Wheat—Jan.	68 b	[illegible]	[illegible]
May	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn—Jan.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
May	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
July	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oats—Jan.	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
May	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Cash Wheat, Corn and Oats changed:			
Wheat No. 2 red	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 3 red	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 4 winter	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 2 hard	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 3 hard	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Corn—No. 2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 4	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 2 white	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 3 white	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
Oats—No. 2	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 3	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 2 white	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 3 white	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 2 Northern	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 2 white	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 3 white	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
No. 4 white	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

Movement of Grain.

Cities.	Receipts. Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	15,000	77,000	9,000	5,000
Chicago	27,000	216,000	12,000	75,000
Minneapolis	1,000	14,000	1,000	1,000
Detroit	2,000	14,000	12,000	27,000
Kansas City	7,000	32,000	2,000	1,000
Milwaukee	12,000	2,000	1,000	1,000
Minneapolis	256,000	8,000	6,000	1,000
Duluth	78,000	1,000	1,000	1,000
New York	6,000	25,000	70,000	1,000
Baltimore	4,000	18,000		240,000
Philadelphia	4,000	6,000	2,000	6,000
Boston	104,000	1,000		
New Orleans	4,000			84,000
Galveston	104,000	13,000		

Stocks of Grain in Store.

	Today.	Saturday.	Last yr.
Wheat	1,000,000	1,000,000	1,191,000
Corn	412,000	408,000	1,000,000
Oats	39,000	39,000	108,000
Rye	10,000	10,000	9,000
Barley	36,000	36,000	9,000
Contract grades—			
No. 2 wheat	1,067,000	1,066,000	154,000
No. 2 hard	42,000	41,000	24,000
No. 2 corn	246,000	246,000	87,000
No. 2 white corn	45,000	45,000	27,000
No. 2 oats	41,000	41,000	22,000
No. 2 rye	8,000	8,000	1,000

Shipments of Flour.

St. Louis, 42,000 bbls.; Chicago, 21,000 bbls.; Detroit, 400 bbls.; Milwaukee, 3,000 bbls.; Minneapolis, 49,800 bbls.; New York, 3,500 bbls and 7,000 sks.; Baltimore, 400 bbls.; Philadelphia, 1,000 bbls and 2,000 sks.; New Orleans, 2,000 bbls and 3,000 sks.

WOOL.

Market quiet and generally steady.

Missouri & Illinois—		Coarse and low	17@19
Med. combing	24@	Fine medium	18@21
Med. clothing	21	Light fine	18@20
Braid and low	22@	Heavy fine	14@16
Burry and clear		Southern hard	
mixed	21@22	burry	14
Unwashed	17@19	Dakota & Western—	
Hard burry	14@16	Bright medium	21@22
Light fine	20@21	Dark medium	19@20
Heavy fine	17@18	Fine medium	18@20
Bright med.	21@24	Light fine	18@20
Dark	19@21	Heavy fine	14@16
Fine medium	19@21	Arkansas—	
Fine	16@19	Med. (fleece)	22@24
Kansas & Nebraska—		Med. (loose)	20@22
Bright med.	22@23	Burry	16@18
Dark medium	18@20	Hard burry	14@15
Fine medium	18@20	Fall clip	20@24
Light fine	17@19	Tubwashed—	
Heavy fine	14@15	No. 1	35
Angora goat	19@22	No. 2	29
Tex., L. T. & South.—		Burry	23@24
Medium	21@23	Black from 5c to 5c per lb. less than above prices.	
Do fall clip	20@24		

PROVISIONS.

Pork—F. o. b., E. side: Old $10.25; new standard $11.87½.

Lard—Steam on E. side weak; prime 5.62½c; choice 5.65c.

Green Hams—Car lots f. o. b., E. side, held firmly. Hams—20-average 8¾c; 18s 8¾c; 16s 8¾c; 12s 9¼c; 10s 9¼c; 8s 9¾c; average 8¾c; California shoulders 6¾c. New York shoulders 6¾c. California bacon 8¾c. New York bellies 9¾c.

Dry Meats—Bad, lots in a small jobbing way. Extra shorts 8¾c; ribs 8¾c; clear sides 8¾c. Dealers charge higher on small orders.

Barrel Pork—Jobbing: Heavy to fancy light breakfast bacon 36c to 38c; lean 30c to 32c; California 6¾c. New York shoulders 6¾c. Dried smoked in small bal. lots: Extra shorts 8¾c; ribs 8¾c; clear sides 9¼c. Dealers charge 1c higher on small orders.

FURS.

Market continued firm and demand active for best furs.

Raccoon—		Timber wolf—	
No. 1 large	$	Red Fox—	
Medium		No. 1	
Small & crooked		No. 2	
No. 2		No. 3	
No. 4		Cross Fox—	
Mink—		No. 1	
No. 1 large		No. 2	
Medium of medium		No. 3	
Small & crooked		No. 4	
No. 2		Silver Fox—	
Skunk—		No. 1 large	$
Black		No. 2 medium	
Short stripe		No. 3	
Narrow stripe		No. 4	
Broad stripe		Lynx—	
Fisher		No. 1	
Opossum		No. 2	
Muskrat		Wild cat	
Wolf		Bear—	
Fox		All sizes worthless.	

STREET MARKETS.

EGGS—Receipts 1,842 cases, shipped 504 cases. Fresh receipts firm and in demand at 30c; case-count offered at storage packs from 25c to 27c.

BUTTER—Good, choice—Extra 30c; fresh dairy, favorable 20c. Poor—Extra 18c; fresh packing stock 12c. Full cream Twins 16c; single 17c. Full cream Twins 16c; single 17c. Limburger 14@15c. New York full cream Twins 16c. Illinois full cream Twins 16c; single 17c.

LIVE POULTRY—Market continued quiet, but prices unchanged. Turkeys—Young and old toms, heavy 10c; young and old hens, heavy 10c; young toms and hens, light 9c. Chickens—Young and old roosters 5c; young and old hens, heavy 8c; young and old hens, light 7c. Ducks—Young and old, heavy 9c; young and old, light 8c. Geese—Young and old, per lb. 8c. Guinea fowls—Young and old, per doz. $1.50@2.00. Pigeons—Per doz. 75c@$1.00. Rabbits—Per doz. $1.00@1.25. Squirrels—Per doz. $1.50@2.00. Jack rabbits—Per doz. $1.50@2.00.

DRESSED POULTRY—Market quiet, but prices unchanged. Turkeys—Young and old toms, per lb. 11c; young and old hens, per lb. 11c. Chickens—Young and old roosters, per lb. 6c; young and old hens, per lb. 8c. Ducks—Young and old, per lb. 9c. Geese—Young and old, per lb. 8c. Guinea fowls—Young and old, per doz. $1.50@2.00. Pigeons—Per doz. 75c@$1.00. Rabbits—Per doz. $1.00@1.25. Squirrels—Per doz. $1.50@2.00. Jack rabbits—Per doz. $1.50@2.00.

VEAL—Dull at 6@7c per lb.

VENISON—Dressed, scarce and firm at 12@14c per lb.

SHEEP—Market quotable at 2@2½c per lb. for ordinary to prime sheep. Lambs 4@5c per lb., the latter for spring lambs.

HIDES—Green salted—Steers, Texas and Buenos Ayres, 60 lbs. and over, 10c; Texas, 60 lbs. and over, 9c; Texas bulls, 9c; Texas cows, 9c; branded cows, 8c; branded bulls, 8c; native cows, 9c; native steers, 9c; bulls, 8c; calfskins, 12c; deacons, 75c each. Dry flint—Choice Texas, 18c; average Texas, 16c; native Arkansas and Texas, 15c; Missouri and Kansas, 16c; calfskins, 18c; deacons, 75c each. Dry salted—Texas, 12c; Buenos Ayres and Cape Ayres, 14c; calfskins, 14c; deacons, 75c each.

TALLOW—No. 1, 4½c per lb.; No. 2, 4c; cake, 3½c; packers' cake, 4c.

GREASE—Quiet. Brown, 3c; yellow, 3½c; white, 4c; packers' choice white, 5c; yellow, 4¾@4½c.

BRESLAUER—Firm. Prime 50c per lb.

FEATHERS—Prime large white 40c in small lots; in large lots, goes 5c higher; old, 35c. Prime small white, 35c; old, 30c. Prime large mixed, 30c; small mixed, 25c. Turkey, body 40c, tail 35c, wing and tail 30c.

BRISTLES—Prime 35c per lb.; antelope, Rocky Mountain, 8@10c; deer, 5@6c.

ROOTS—Ginseng $3.00@3.25 per lb. for small to large, fair to prime. Seneca Root—Fair to prime, 15c. Snake root—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Black cohosh—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Blood root—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Golden seal—Fair to prime, 70@75c. Mandrake—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Yellow dock—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Elecampane—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Pleurisy root—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Wild cherry bark—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Sassafras—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Prickly ash—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Mullein—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Queen's root—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Poke root—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Stone root—Fair to prime, 14@16c. Ginseng—Manchu, 5@6c per lb.

BEESWAX—Fair to choice, 25@27c per lb.

HONEY—Quiet at 12@14c per lb. for fancy white; 10@12c per lb. for fair to choice, soft, mixed and part granulated.

POPCORN—Per lb. 2c for small to large, fancy white.

BROOM CORN—Quiet. We quote: Hurl, 4@4½c; good, 3½@4c; common, 2½@3c; crooked, 2@2½c; broken, 1@1½c per lb.

Fruits and Vegetables.

APPLES—Demand for best grades, others quiet. Baldwins at $1.75@2.00 per bbl. for choice to fancy; $1.50@1.75 for good to choice; $1.25@1.50 for fair to good; $1@1.25 for common. Ben Davis, $1.50@1.75 for fancy; $1@1.25 for choice; 75@90c for fair to good; 50@75c for common. Greenings, $1.50@1.75 for fancy; $1@1.25 for choice; 75@90c for fair to good; 50@75c for common. Russets, $1.50@1.75 for fancy; $1@1.25 for choice; 75@90c for fair to good; 50@75c for common. Spitzenbergs, $1.50@1.75 for fancy; $1@1.25 for choice; 75@90c for fair to good; 50@75c for common. Northern Spies, $1.50@1.75 for fancy; $1@1.25 for choice; 75@90c for fair to good; 50@75c for common. Jonathans, $1.50@1.75 for fancy; $1@1.25 for choice; 75@90c for fair to good; 50@75c for common. Winesaps, $1.50@1.75 for fancy; $1@1.25 for choice; 75@90c for fair to good; 50@75c for common. Kinnaids, $1.50@1.75 for fancy; $1@1.25 for choice; 75@90c for fair to good; 50@75c for common. Ben Davis