TO-DAY'S NEWS IN BRIEF.

BUSINESS.

Discount rates were 5 to 7 per cent for call and time loans. Clearings, $1,234,500, balances, $[illegible]. New York exchange, 40c premium bid, 50c premium asked; New Orleans, par bid, 50c premium asked; Louisville, par bid, 10c premium asked; Chicago, par bid, 10c premium asked; Cincinnati, par bid, 10c premium asked.

The wheat market finally closed lower at 70¾c bid Feb., 70¾c bid May, 69¾c asked July, 71¼@72c No. 2 red; corn closed higher at 39½c nominal Feb., 40½c asked May, 37½c nominal July, 38c No. 2 white; oats closed at 24½c nominal May, 27c No. 2.

At Chicago wheat closed lower at 69¾c nominal Feb., 69¾c asked May, 69¾c July; corn closed higher at 39½c nominal Feb., 37½@37½c May, 38c asked July; oats closed at 22½c nominal Feb., 22½c bid May, 23½c asked July.

The local market for cash grain was quiet. Corn sold at 40@40½c for old and at 39@39½c for new; prime wheat sold and closed firm at 72½c, closing at 72½c.

The local cash cotton market closed steady.

LOCAL AND SUBURBAN.

Charles Sheets, a negro, arrested for disturbing the peace, says a medium named Ella Oswalt is telling him Mrs. Gross was a vampire doctor and had supernatural powers.

The Reverend E. Osborne of Boston will conduct a "twelve days" mission service at Trinity Episcopal Hall, beginning February 9.

George Smith, a 12-year-old boy, who had run away from an orphan asylum in South St. Louis with the intention of trying to reach Manila, was arrested at Union Station.

Mrs. Mattie Thomas Graber, who died last week, was one of the oldest inhabitants of the city and a descendant of one of its founders.

Albert Jones, a negro ventriloquist, taken to the City Hospital intoxicated, created consternation among the attendants there by his ventriloquial efforts.

Manager Weaver and others interested in the Planters Hotel have purchased the Grand Hotel at Mackinac Mich., and Mr. Weaver will manage it next season.

The appointment of William Golay, a Democrat, to the Fire Department has caused considerable discussion among Republicans and threatens to cause the Mayor some trouble.

Allen Cunning, while skating on the ice in Carr's Lake, in St. Louis County, broke through the ice and narrowly escaped drowning.

There is said to be a scheme on foot among prominent Republicans to eliminate Mayor Zeuschel from the councils of the party after the Republican State Convention.

Steps have been taken by the "twelve" in Kirkwood to defeat the "dress," who are at present in the majority, by colonizing a sufficient number of railway employes of the Suburban to carry the town at the next election.

GENERAL DOMESTIC.

A special election has been called for April 9 to elect a successor to Brigham H. Roberts.

Kansas railroad officials, cattlemen and lumbermen will hold a conference to adjust rates.

Ali Fetrouth Bey, Turkish Minister to the United States, is en route to Washington.

Alfred G. Vanderbilt sailed yesterday for Europe to resume his trip around the world.

Thomas Lewis, who was at one time the law partner of Abraham Lincoln, died yesterday at Kansas City.

Mississippi County Democrats will hold primary elections at Charleston, May 5.

Miss Ella Harrison, president of the Missouri Equal Suffrage Association, will start for Washington to-day.

Governor Poynter of Nebraska has inaugurated a movement to prevent the leasing of Western grazing lands.

The battleship Texas arrived yesterday at San Juan, Puerto Rico.

SPORTING.

The winners at Oakland: Floridian, Heich Hoe, Lucida, Doctor Sheppard, Flamero and Good Hope.

The winners at New Orleans: Freak, Plead, Dobia Rita, Jolly Roger, Race Rud and Tenole.

The annual relay race of Pennsylvania University will be run on April 28.

Neilson established a new world's record for three miles on skates yesterday at Montreal, covering the distance in 8:41 1-5.

RAILROADS.

The Texas Railway Club will hold its semiannual meeting at Austin, Tex., on February 19 and 20.

Chicago merchants and shippers will meet on Tuesday to protest against the abolition of the old prorating system on transmissouri traffic.

It is said the Reorganization Committee of the Pittsburg and Gulf will furnish money for new equipment.

The St. Louis Railway Club lays just claims to being quite a factor in the line of education.

Marine Intelligence.

New York, Feb. 3.—Arrived: Steamer Celtic, Liverpool and Queenstown; Lucania, Liverpool.

Liverpool, Feb. 3.—Arrived: Belgenland, Philadelphia.

Havre, Feb. 3.—Arrived: La Bretagne, New York.

Genoa, Feb. 3.—Arrived: Ems, New York via Naples.

Philadelphia, Feb. 3.—Steamship Rhynland sailed for Liverpool at noon to-day.

London, Feb. 3.—Sailed: Marquette, New York.

Cherbourg, Feb. 3.—Sailed: New York, from Southampton, New York.

CHARGED WITH SHOPLIFTING.

Doctor Mary Cotton Was Arrested in the Grand Leader.

Doctor Mary Thebean Cotton of No. 3721 Olive street, a dermatologist, is under arrest at the Four Courts, charged with shoplifting. A warrant for petit larceny was sworn out against her yesterday at the instance of the Grand-Leader Dry Goods Company, at whose store she was arrested Friday afternoon at 5:20 o'clock. At the time of her arrest, it is said she had in her possession a belt of lace, a doyley and silk yoking to the value of $14. She insists she is innocent of the charge of theft.

The principal evidence against her is the goods found in her possession. Detective Kicker of the house arrested her after she had been followed by their woman detective, who is employed to keep a close watch on the counters to see that no goods are carried away. She was taken to the Four Courts from the Fourth District Station.

"I was never in such disgrace before," she said to a Republic reporter, "I never thought any more about stealing than I thought about suicide. I was sick yesterday and put on this old vest, as you see, which is fastened by hooks and eyes. It is too tight for me, and I did not fasten it. Now, when I pushed through the crowd about the counter to get to the elevator, after finishing my shopping, that lace caught on one of the hooks. A piece of the lace fell down in front of me from under my cape. Do you think I would carry it that way if I wanted to steal it? But such a thought never entered my head. Why should I steal a little piece of lace when I have enough money to live comfortably on? I don't know anything about that yoking. I did not have it. It must have been lying on the table where that woman threw the lace."

Mrs. Cotton is an elderly woman of refined appearance. She gave Captain Reynolds the keys to her house and told him that if he thought she was a shoplifter, to go and search her apartments. She has retained Judge Claiborne, who will look after her case. He has known her for years, and says her arrest is a blunder. Mrs. Cotton, he says, has a brother who is a leading lawyer in Michigan, but she refuses to give his address, saying she does not want to bring disgrace on the members of her family.

Mrs. Cotton studied dermatology in New York. In September she opened her office at No. 3721 Olive street. She is also an artist, having given instruction in oil, pastel and crayon work. Doctor Cotton, her husband, died several years ago.

Des Peres Law and Order League.

The Law and Order League of Des Peres held a meeting in Joe Diem's Hall, at Clayton, and elected officers: George Miller, president; Charles Harwood, vice president; Henry Greb, secretary; George Greb, treasurer. They say they will need a larger hall at the next meeting.

Modern Merchandising of the RYAN-CLARKSON stock.

WE are forced to move out of the Broadway portion of our store. All last Thursday we remained closed, cutting prices right and left. The stock must be moved, and quickly. It is going, going fast—couldn't wait on all Friday, but better yesterday. Here are more extreme bargains; everything is a bargain here now. See for yourself—TO-MORROW.

Colored Dress Goods.

Assorted lot of fine silk-mixed fancies, fine Imported Fabrics, novelty effects; retailed by R. & C. as high as 75c per yard. Bankrupt Cut Price, 52c

50-inch Pure Worsted Suitings, assorted colors, in self-colored effects; retailed by Ryan-Clarkson at $1.10. Bankrupt Cut Price, per yard 48c

Swell Plaids—real imported goods made exclusively for Ryan-Clarkson and are worth up to $1.40 yard. Bankrupt Cut Price, per yard, 65c

GENUINE BROADCLOTH—52 inches wide, fine twilled back, the celebrated R. & C. quality; always sold at $1.25 per yard. Cut Price, 69c

SILK Waists — R.-C.'s $7.00, $8.00 and $9.00 Ladies' Silk Waists, most all sizes and colors, some plain and some are corded; each, $4.89

EMBROIDERIES — R.-C.'s 10 and 12½ cent Cambric Embroideries and Insertings — beautiful, well-made edges; per yard, 5c

CHILDREN'S Hose—R.-C.'s 35-cent Children's heavy, cotton-ribbed Hose, fast black, double kneses, heel and toes; per pair, 19c

LACE — R.-C.'s 25-cent Net Top Laces, in ivory and cream, black silk and machine-made torchon laces — elegantly made goods; per yard 5c

JACKETS—R.-C.'s Ladies' $18 and $15 Black Jackets, in kerseys, cheviots, meltons, etc., handsomely lined with silk or satin; bankrupt price. $8.89

LADIES' Underwear — R.-C.'s 35-cent Ladies' ecru, cotton ribbed, fleece-lined Union Suits, 15c

WRAPPERS — R.-C.'s 75-cent Ladies' House Wrappers, made of light-colored fancy prints; each, 39c

CORSET Steels—R.-C.'s 10-cent La France Corset Steels, in black, drab and white, 4, 5, 6 hook, per set, 4c

TABLE Damask — R.-C.'s 50-cent Table Damask, all linen, silver bleached, 60 inches wide; per yard, 29c

SHORT Lengths — R.-C.'s $1.40 Silks, in cut pieces, 3 to 8 yards, many lines are thrown into one to make buying and selling easy; per yard, 47c

LADIES' Dress Skirts—R.-C.'s $12.00 Ladies' Crepon Dress Skirts—these skirts are strictly all wool with silk blister; each, $6.25

TOWELS — R.-C.'s 15-cent heavy hemmed Huck Towels, actual size, 9c 18x36; each,

SPOOL Cotton—R.-C.'s 5-cent J. & P. Coats' best six-cord Spool Cotton, each, 2½c

PLAID Silk Velvets—R.-C.'s $1.00 Silk Plaid Velvets, in the very late color blendings; per yard, 39c

CHINA Silks — R.-C.'s 50-cent elegant quality, the genuine article, all pure silk, brilliant luster; per yard, 25c

MEN'S Half-Hose — R.-C.'s 35c Men's Half-Hose, heavy two-thread hose, black and tans, Hermsdorf dye; per pair, 12½c

LADIES' Drawers—R.-C.'s 35-cent Ladies' Muslin Drawers, good quality yoke band and neatly tucked; each, 14c

LADIES' Hose—R.-C.'s 35-cent Ladies' Hose, cotton ribbed, fast black, double heels and toes; per pair, 16c

ROLLER Toweling—R.-C.'s 12½-cent Toweling, all-linen Barnsley Crashes; per yard, 7½c

LADIES' Kid Gloves—R.-C.'s 98c quality two-clasp splendid Kid Gloves, in all sizes; per pair, 57c

SKIRT Binding — R.-C.'s—5-cent good quality Bias Velveteen Skirt Binding, colors black, navy and brown, per yard, 2c

COLLARS — R.-C.'s entire line of Coon Collars; while they last, 8c

TEASELDOWN—R-C's 12½-cent genuine Amoskeag Teaseldown, in woven checks and stripes, choice, clean goods; per yard, 5c

CORSETS— (Special)—R.-C.'s $1.00 and $1.25 Corset, including all the popular makes, R. & G., W. B., Thompson's Glove-Fitting, etc., in black, white and drab; your choice, each, 79c

INFANTS' Coats—R.-C.'s $2 Infants' Long and Short Coat, embroidered cashmere (white); each, 29c

CAPES—R.-C.'s $10.00 Ladies' Cloth Capes, 30 inches long, very full sweep, handsomely trimmed Thibet fur; each, $5.00

Black Goods.

46-inch Pure Mohair Crepons, in swell patterns, made exclusively for R.-C., and are worth $1.50 per yard; Bankrupt Cut Price, per yard, 88c

50-inch Real English Suiting Cheviot, the fashionable shaggy effect, extra quality, guaranteed black, $1.25; Bankrupt Cut Price, yard, 67c

Lining. Black Satines, fast black, 32-inch, fine Henrietta Satines; R.-C.'s price 17½c, Bankrupt Cut Price, per yard, 10c

Books. "Famous books" by famous authors—the best books of Corelli, Lytton, Dumas, Carlyle, Hawthorne, Taylor, Hently, etc., worth 45c, each, 23c

"All copyright of Houghton-Mifflin, Harper, Scribner, at ⅓ off publishers' price."

Toy Books at ½-half price.

COTTON Sheets—R.-C.'s fine ready-made Sheets must go and certainly ought to at these prices:—

R.-C.'s 55c full size, each, 42c

R.-C.'s 58c full size, each, 47c

R.-C.'s 60c full size, each, 50c

BABY Flannel—R.-C.'s 12½-cent Baby Flannel, in the dainty blues, pinks and cream, double faced; per yard, 6c

INFANTS' Slips—R.-C.'s 75-cent Infant Long and Short Slips, made of fine nainsook, sleeves and neck edged with Hamburg embroidery, 98c

HANDKERCHIEFS—R.-C.'s 15-cent ladies' white hemstitched, all pure linen Handkerchiefs with hand-worked initial in corner; each, 7½c

LADIES' Underwear—R.-C.'s $1.25 Ladies' Gowns, Skirts, Drawers and Skirt Chemise, each garment handsomely trimmed with lace and embroidery, slightly soiled; each, 69c

SILK Petticoats—R.-C.'s $10.00 and $12.00 Ladies' Silk Petticoats, large variety of colors—these petticoats are well made with accordion pleating; each $7.89

FEATHER Bone — R.-C.'s 10-cent Warren's Feather Bone, ribbon covered, all colors, per yard, 6c

COMBS—R.-C.'s 75-cent beautiful Shell Pompadour and Round Combs, with rhinestone settings, each, 39c

BRACELETS — R.-C.'s $1.00, $1.25 and $1.50 Sterling Silver Chain Bracelets, each 69c

Vests and Pants—R.-C.'s $1.00 ladies' imported natural wool mixed Vests and Pants, 43c

MEN'S Collars—R.-C.'s 10c Men's Collars, made of good linen, splendid styles, broken sizes; each, 3c

MEN'S Shirts — R.-C.'s $1.50 Men's Shirts, Monarch Brand, shield bosom or negligee; each, 62½c

MEN'S Underwear—R.-C.'s $1.50 Men's Pure Scarlet Medicated Shirts and Drawers; each, 69c

MAX SCHULZ DRY GOODS COMPANY,

No Mail Orders Filled. Broadway, Washington Ave. and St. Charles St.

WILLIAM GOEBEL IS DEAD.

Continued From Page One.

out the gate, in apparent expectation of trouble. No one was allowed to enter the grounds, however.

When Walcutt returned he was also immediately surrounded by a number of the members of the State militia.

Captain Walcutt stepped down onto the sidewalk in front of the Sheriff and said:

"I'm afraid you can't come in, Mr. Sheriff."

The Captain was smiling as he made this announcement.

"Well," said Sheriff Sutter, "I've a writ of habeas corpus for the body of Alonzo Walker, and I demand to be allowed to serve it."

Captain Walcutt hesitated a moment, but the smile never left his face.

"I'm sorry, but you can't come in, Sutter," he said.

"Is there anything else I can do for you?"

Sheriff Sutter looked at the burly form of the Captain, then smiled slightly himself. "Well, no; I guess not," he replied. "But I demand admittance here."

Captain Walcutt shook his head. The representative of judicial authority and the representative of military regarded each other silently for a moment; then the Sheriff turned away and walked back to the court, where he told Judge Moore that he could not serve the writ.

The writ bore on its back the written statement by Sheriff Sutter, as follows:

"The within writ is returned unexecuted because I was prevented from executing same by military force. I went to the Statehouse square and demanded admittance of the officer in charge at the gates, but was refused admittance. I demanded to see Colonel Roger Williams and sent Captain Walcutt to see him, but he refused to be seen and I thereon demanded the body of Alonzo Walker and he refused to deliver him.

(Signed) "R. F. SUTTER,
"Sheriff of Franklin County."

Judge Moore Incensed.

Judge Moore was incensed at and severe in his condemnation of Taylor's attitude toward the Court and predicted that it would result in bloodshed.

"That writ will be served," he declared, with emphasis. "If a permanent injunction is issued against Taylor by Judge Cantrill, if the injunction does not issue, then the attempt to serve the writ will be abandoned. But, mark my words, if a permanent order is granted against Taylor and Collier, Sheriff Sutter will serve the writ of habeas corpus on Taylor."

James A. Scott of counsel for the Democrats says that the injunction proceeding and not the writ of habeas corpus is the issue, and is inclined to think that Judge Moore exaggerates the importance of securing Walker's release. Moore's statement borders on the inflammatory, but Judge Scott says there is no reason whatever to advance a suggestion of a clash at arms.

"We have begged and counseled moderation in this fight," he said, "and the Democrats will not, under any circumstances, resort to violence. It is not only unjust, but positively outrageous to insinuate that we have at any time contemplated taking any step that was not strictly according to the forms and letters of the law.

"Taylor and his troops are well prepared to resist an attack, should one be made on the Capitol, in consequence of his continued refusal to honor all decrees of court. While the hills that surround the portion of the town in which the State building is located would afford vantage points for the army of assault, the mountaineer marksmen are numerous in the ranks of the de facto executive's loyal supporters, and ready and eager to fire, many of them, at the word. A trench has been dug in the rear of the Capitol, and while it is ostensibly and probably for culinary purposes, it could easily accommodate a large number of expert riflemen, and it would be an easy matter to build substantial breastworks."

Taylor held conferences to-day with his lieutenants and attorneys, going over the legal aspect of the case, but if any new plan of action was decided upon it was not made public. Taylor's wife, alarmed over the incident at the Executive Mansion early this morning, when the guards fired three shots at a man who was prowling about the place, feared that this presaged danger to some member of the family, and sought the protection of her husband and his army during the long, anxious hours of the day.

Taylor Says He Is Sorry.

Early in the day, when Taylor was informed that Governor Goebel was dying, he said simply:

"I am sorry to hear it. It is too bad."

All day long throngs of privileged persons crowded into the anteroom of Taylor's office, all eager to assure him of their support.

Rumors thick and fast about every conceivable feature of the fight filled the city to-day, and around the corridor and lobby of the Capitol Hotel, the Democratic headquarters, no sooner was a report disproved than another was in circulation. Stories of Federal injunctions, first restraining Goebel, then directed against Taylor, were rife, but the attorneys and leaders on both sides each time denied that such a step had been taken or was contemplated. People were willing to believe anything, however, and more a moment of uneasiness was caused by the spread of alarming and unfounded reports.

Senator Jo Blackburn arrived here from Washington this morning. He remained in his room throughout the day, and received the latest news from the sick chamber of Governor Goebel. Nearly all the leaders of the Democratic party called to see him and he held several consultations with members of the Senate and House.

The Senator was indignant at an interview telegraphed from Washington, purporting to express his views on the situation in Kentucky.

It was stated that he declared the Democrats should meet force with force and take the State by storm.

"On the contrary," he said, "my advice has been from the very beginning to proceed in the legal and peaceful way of righting the wrong perpetrated on the Democratic party here. We cannot afford to countenance any lawlessness and we don't propose to do so. The honor of the Democratic party and the dignity of the Commonwealth are at stake in this crisis, and if any rash moves toward the use of force are made, the Democrats will not be responsible for it."

Armed Hosts at Frankfort.

The town is filled with armed men. It seems as if the entire male population of the surrounding country has flocked the capital. Every hotel and boarding-house in the city is crowded double and even triple its ordinary capacity, and all other places that afford such scant shelter as is needed by these hardy denizens of Franklin County are jammed with the most determined-looking and doubtless the most desperate men, once aroused, that the inhabitants of an ordinarily peaceful community would care to meet. Very few men were on the streets. In fact, nearly all the wives and daughters of Frankfort citizens living in the northern part of the city have moved across the river to the southern end of town, fearing the result of a possible outbreak. Nearly all the children, also, who could be conveniently housed at a safe distance from the scene of trouble have been quartered in the quieter residence portion of the city, pending the outcome of the present crisis.

So great had the crowds in the city become in the afternoon that the municipal officials, as a matter of precaution, knowing the effect of whisky upon excited partisans, ordered all the saloons closed. An edict, signed by Mayor Dehoney and the City Clerk was passed around to all dispensers of liquors, and within five minutes the doors were closed and the back and side entrances barred, and not a drop of liquor could be procured from any of the establishments that have been serving it in enormous quantities at equally enormous prices to the thousands who have been attracted to the Capitol within the last two weeks.

To-morrow the Sunday law will be observed as usual and no liquors will be sold.

For the last week the bar at the Capitol Hotel has been closed, partly because this has been the meeting place of the Legislature and partly to guard against the intemperate acts and words that are due to an overindulgence in "corn juice" by a certain class of persons always prominent in a crisis of this kind.

Monday will be County Court day, and an unusually large number of farmers will be in town, but it is probable, in view of Goebel's death, that court will be adjourned immediately, and thus another possibility of trouble will be removed.

Charles Howard, a Franklin County farmer, to-day made the statement that Whittaker, who is under arrest, on suspicion of having fired the fatal shot at Goebel, asked him (Howard) several days before the shooting to point out Governor Goebel.

"Why do you want to see him?" Howard asked, "don't you know Goebel?"

"Yes," Whittaker answered, "I just want to see him so that I will know him again."

Howard pointed out Goebel to Whittaker, so he says, and thought no more of the conversation with the suspect until after the shooting.

J. C. W. BECKHAM SWORN IN AS GOVERNOR OF KENTUCKY.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 3.—Exactly one hour after the death of Mr. Goebel, J. C. W. Beckham was sworn in as Governor of the State, the oath being administered by S. J. Shackelford, Clerk of the Court of Appeals.

It had been determined to keep secret the news of the death of Mr. Goebel until Mr. Beckham should have been formally inducted into office, and the delay was made greater by the inability of Doctor McCormack to leave the bedroom of Mr. Goebel and make the proper certificate of death. Until this had been done the Democratic attorneys were unwilling that the oath of office should be administered.

The ceremony took place in a small room on the same floor as that in which Mr. Goebel died and but a few doors to the west of it. In the room at the time of the administration of the oath were Senator-elect Blackburn, Colonel B. H. Young, Colonel Philip Thompson, Eph Lillard, J. H. Lillis, Lieutenant L. E. McKay, S. J. Shackelford, Clerk of the Court of Appeals, Doctor P. W. Wells, Colonel Harry McKay, Colonel Jack Chinn, Kit Chinn, Doctor McCormack, Joseph Blackburn, Jr., and three representatives of the press. Colonel Young, who was one of the leading Democratic attorneys throughout the Goebel-Taylor contest, and Senator-elect Blackburn, sat at a table in the center of the room, upon which they had drawn up the papers necessary to the administration of the oath of office to Mr. Beckham. After the papers had been completed there was a wait of nearly ten minutes for Doctor McCormack.

Death Certificate.

The death certificate had already been prepared, and Doctor McCormack quickly signed his name and swore to the contents of the paper, as follows:

"State of Kentucky, County of Franklin—I, Joseph N. McCormack, attending physician of William Goebel, Governor of the State of Kentucky, do certify that I was present in the room of said William Goebel, in the State and county aforesaid, on the third day of February, 1900, at the time of his death. And I do further certify that said William Goebel departed this life on the third day of February, 1900, in the said city of Frankfort, at the hour of six forty-five p. m., and thereafter I communicated the fact of the death of the said William Goebel to J. C. W. Beckham, Lieutenant Governor of the State of Kentucky, who was then sworn in as Governor of the State.

"Witness my hand, this, the third, day of February, 1900.

(Signed) JOS. N. McCORMACK, M. D."

"Subscribed and sworn to before me, this third day of February, 1900.

(Signed) "S. J. SHACKELFORD,
"Clerk of the Court of Appeals."

"Now, Mr. Beckham, it is your turn," said Colonel Young.

Mr. Beckham, who had been standing in the far corner of the room, at once advanced to the table with a flush of excitement on his youthful face.

"Sign the oath," said Colonel Young, pushing the paper toward him.

Beckham hesitated, and Colonel Young repeated his request.

"Let me be sworn first," said Mr. Beckham.

"You must sign the paper before you take the oath," said Colonel Young.

"We want your oath to the signature."

Mr. Beckham advanced to the table and affixed his signature and then stepped back. He held up his right hand for the oath, which was read to him by Clerk Shackelford of the Court of Appeals. The light was none of the best, and the writing on the paper none of the most legible, and Mr. Shackelford made slow work of it. All of the time Mr. Beckham stood before him with his eyes shining and a deep flush on his face.

Beckham Takes the Oath.

When the clerk read the concluding words of the oath, "So help you God," Mr. Beckham's reply came:

"I do," and then, with greater emphasis: "And may God give me strength to do my duty."

"I devoutly hope he will," rejoined Colonel Young.

The oath of office administered to Mr. Beckham was as follows:

"State of Kentucky, County of Franklin.

"I, J. C. W. Beckham, do solemnly swear that I will support the Constitution of the United States and the Constitution of Kentucky and be faithful and true to the Commonwealth of Kentucky so long as I continue a citizen thereof, and that I will faithfully execute to the best of my ability the office of Governor, according to law, and I do further solemnly swear that, since the adoption of the present Constitution, being a citizen of this State, I have not fought a duel with deadly weapons, within the State nor out of it, nor have I sent or accepted a challenge to fight a duel with deadly weapons, nor have I acted as second in carrying a challenge, nor aided or assisted any person thus offending, so help me God.

(Signed) "J. C. W. BECKHAM.

"February 3, 1900."

Clerk Shackelford then attested to the oath as follows:

"State of Kentucky, County of Franklin.

"I, Samuel J. Shackelford, Clerk of the Court of Appeals of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, do certify that I did, on Saturday, the third day of February, A. D. 1900, at 7:45 o'clock p. m., in the County of Franklin, State of Kentucky, administer unto J. C. W. Beckham the oaths required by the Constitution by section 2756 of the Statutes of Kentucky, to be administered to the said J. C. W. Beckham, and to be taken by him, inducting him into the office of Governor of the State of Kentucky; and do further certify that said oaths were taken by said J. C. W. Beckham before me at said time and place.

"Given under my hand this third day of February, A. D. 1900.

(Signed) "S. J. SHACKELFORD."

The first official action of Mr. Beckham was the appointment of a new Adjutant General and his last act before assuming the oath was an order removing Adjutant General Collier and Assistant Adjutant General Dixon. The order was as follows:

Governor Beckham's Order.

"Executive Office, State of Kentucky, Frankfort, Ky., February 3, 1900.

"The following Legislature order is published for the information and guidance of all concerned:

"State of Kentucky, Executive Department, Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 3, 1900.

"Executive order No. 1 (1). Daniel H. Collier, Adjutant General, and J. K. Dickson, Assistant Adjutant General, are hereby removed from office, to take effect immediately.

"No. 2. Referring to executive proclamation of the 1st inst., all members of the Kentucky Guard ordered on duty in the city of Frankfort by my predecessor, are relieved from duty, to take effect immediately, and are instructed this day to return to their respective posts.

(Signed) "J. C. W. BECKHAM,
"Acting Governor."

On the back of this order was indorsed the following:

"Executed by delivering a true copy to Captain Bennett, officer of the day in command of troops at gate of Capitol grounds; who reported Adjutant General Collier absent from his command.

"Captain Bennett received the paper and promised to deliver same to General Collier. The delivery was made this afternoon, this third day of February, 1900.

(Signed) "HARRY McKAY,
"Colonel and Aide de Camp, Governor's Staff."

The order was delivered to Captain Bennett at the gate of the Capitol grounds twenty-five minutes before the death of Mr. Goebel.

Mr. Beckham was made Acting Governor last night by the medical certificate of Doctor McCormack that Mr. Goebel was unable to assume the functions of the office.

Mr. Beckham seemed deeply affected by the position in which circumstances placed him, and he did not reveal much joy over the congratulations which those in the room showered upon him, although he accepted them gratefully.

"There is one thing that I would have been greatly pleased to have done by Mr. Goebel before his death," he said, "and that is to have signed the certificate of Senator Blackburn. Of course, I am greatly pleased to have the privilege myself, but I know that it was a matter close to the heart of Mr. Goebel, and I wish that he could have lived long enough to do it. I think I can promise," he said, with a smile, "that it will be one of the first things I will do on Monday."

BECKHAM A YOUNG MAN.

Kentucky's Governor Thirty-One Years Old—His Career.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 3.—J. C. W. Beckham, who was sworn in as Democratic Governor of Kentucky to-night, is a young man, having been born August 5, 1869, at Bardstown, Ky. His father was William N. Beckham and his mother Julia T. Wickliffe, daughter of Governor A. Wickliffe, former Chief Executive of this State. His earliest education was received in a private school in Bardstown.

In the Legislature session of 1881 and 1882 he acted as a page in the House of Representatives. In January, 1884, he entered Central Union College, Richmond, Va., graduating in 1886.

Immediately after leaving college he began the study of law and, while pursuing his work in this direction, acted as principal of the Bardstown High School for three years. In 1893 he began the practice of law on his own account in Bardstown.

He was elected a member of the Kentucky House of Representatives in 1895. He declined to be a candidate at the next term, but the representative who succeeded him having dropped out Mr. Beckham accepted the position and served the unexpired term.

He was reelected in 1897 and made a Speaker of the House in 1898. In 1899 he was nominated for Lieutenant Governor on the same ticket with William Goebel at the Louisville convention. In person Governor Beckham is of slight physique and of a somewhat boyish appearance. He is gifted with exceedingly pleasant manner and is very popular personally with all who know him.

HIS FIRST APPOINTMENT.

Beckham's New Adjutant General Will Assume Office at Once.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 3.—Mr. Beckham has appointed General John B. Castleman of Louisville Adjutant General of the State. It was announced yesterday that the position would be offered to General Castleman if he would accept it. He will enter upon the duties of the office immediately.

SHERIFF WILL HOLD SUTTON.

Prisoner Accused of Shooting Goebel Is Nervous.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Louisville, Ky., Feb. 3.—Jailer Pflanz this afternoon received a telegram from County Judge Moore of Franklin County instructing him to hold James L. Sutton, Sheriff of Whitley County, who is charged with shooting Governor Goebel, until further orders. Sutton's friends are glad that he will not be sent to Frankfort during the present excitement. The prisoner is in a highly nervous state. Doctor Garvin, the jail physician, is treating him.

He was brought into the Police Court this morning at 9 o'clock by Patrolman Haefling. Judge Buckley stated that the charge of drunkenness and disorderly conduct against the prisoner should be stricken from the docket. He then turned the prisoner over to Haefling, who held a warrant against Sutton, charging him with shooting and wounding Governor Goebel.

Jailer Pflanz, after hearing of Governor Goebel's death, decided that he would not allow Sutton to be taken to Frankfort until it was absolutely certain there would be no violence. He contends that the prisoner was sent here for safe keeping, and has agreed with Chief Hauger to allow him to remain for the present.

PRESIDENT'S OPINION.

McKinley Recognizes Beckham as Governor of Kentucky.

Washington, Feb. 3.—President McKinley was informed of the death of Mr. Goebel at the dinner given to-night in honor of himself and the members of the Cabinet by Postmaster General Charles Emory Smith. The news was conveyed to him after the guests had risen from the table and retired to the smoking-room. Shortly afterward the President proceeded to the White House. Late to-night a member of the Cabinet said to a member of the Associated Press:

"When the news of Mr. Goebel's death was announced to the President and those of us who were present, no surprise was expressed, as it had been expected. The Kentucky situation was not discussed, but you may say that the President and members of the Cabinet believe the death of Mr. Goebel will not have the effect of altering the situation in the least, so far as the legal aspect is concerned."

BRYAN ON GOEBEL'S DEATH.

Says Democracy Will Regret Him—Desperate Fight.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Holyoke, Mass., Feb. 3.—Colonel Bryan was visibly affected to-night when news of the death of Governor Goebel was brought to him. Mr. Bryan said:

"It was a tragic ending of a brilliant life. His death will be profoundly regretted by the Democrats throughout the country. The cowardly method employed to secure his death will certainly convince the public of the desperate character of the fight made against him by the Republicans."

SENATOR DEBOE'S ADVICE.

Taylor Urged to Permit Legislature Meeting at Frankfort.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—A special dispatch from Washington, D. C., says:

"United States Senator Deboe of Kentucky has sent a brief telegram to Governor Taylor at Frankfort, advising him to allow the State Legislature to meet at that point."

NEWS AT WASHINGTON.

Democrats and Republicans United in Sympathy.

Washington, Feb. 3.—Without regard to party the death of William Goebel is universally deplored here. His game struggle for life after the assassin's bullet laid him low has been watched with admiration, and when the bulletins were posted to-night announcing his death, political friends and foes united in expressions of regret. It was discussed wherever politicians congregated and there was much speculation as to the effect his death would have upon the conflict over the governorship. The members of the Kentucky delegation in Congress have been generally reticent about expressing their views since the tragedy, but to-night all joined in sincerely deploring the death of the Democratic leader.

It was the general opinion of the Democrats that Goebel's death would not in the least change the situation.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

FIVE rooms of furniture in desirable flat; includes range, costing $60, mantelpiece, pictures, velvet Brussels carpet, etc., all nearly new; no dealers. Write to W 60, Republic.

LOST—Marten collarette, on Fourteenth street, between Washington avenue and Olive street, or in Music Hall, Saturday night; return to this office and receive reward.

COOK WANTED—Cook; apply Sunday. 7006 Lucas ave.

ODEON. Feb. 15 and 17.

PADEREWSKI

Tickets, Boilman's, Thursday, Feb. 8th, at 9 a. m.

STEINWAY PIANO USED.

DEATHS.

BENSON—On February 3, 1900, at 3 a. m., Ellen E. Benson (nee Easton), beloved wife of Patrick J. Benson, mother of George J. and Joseph Benson.

Funeral from the family residence, 2723 Evans avenue, on Monday, February 5, at 9:30 a. m., to St. Alphonsus Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend. Please omit flowers.

Memphis, Tenn., papers please copy.

BARTHEL—Richard Barthel, February 3, 1900, at 1 o'clock a. m., at the age of 72 years.

Funeral from residence of Mrs. August Gast, 3621 South Jefferson avenue, on Monday, at 1:30 o'clock p. m. Services at Church of the Holy Cross. Mount and Ohio avenues, at 2 o'clock p. m.

COLLET—On the 31 inst., at 7 o'clock p. m., Emma A., eldest daughter of Oscar W. and Agnes R. Collet.

Due notice of hour of funeral. Interment private. No flowers.

HOPE—Saturday, February 3, 1900, at 9 p. m., Miss Mattie R. Hope, at the family residence, No. 2316 Garfield avenue.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

HORN—On Saturday, February 3, 1900, at 2:15 p. m., after a long illness, Henry Horn, aged 35 years and 7 days, beloved son of Fredericka Horn and brother of Frederick Horn.

Funeral will take place on Tuesday, February 6, at 2 p. m., from the late family residence of the deceased, No. 2718 Shenandoah street. Friends and relatives are cordially invited to attend.

Deceased was a member of St. Louis Council, No. 2, Select Knights and Ladies of America.

HEROLD—Moses M. Herold, at the age of 38 years.

The funeral takes place Sunday, February 4, at 2 p. m., from 2132 Laclede ave.

LYNCH—Mrs. Ann Lynch, relict of the late David Dillon Lynch, at the residence of her son, Ambrose Lynch, 2411 Laclede avenue.

Notice of funeral later.

MEARS—On Saturday morning, February 3, 1900, at 5 o'clock, Ione, wife of D. H. Mears.

Funeral from residence of her father, J. R. English, No. 4761 Cleveland avenue, Monday, February 5, at 2 p. m. Friends invited.

WILLIS—February 3, 1900, at 2:30 a. m., Mrs. Lizzie Willis, the beloved wife of Thomas Willis.

The funeral will take place from the family residence, No. 66 South Ewing avenue, on Monday, February 5, at 8:30 a. m., to St. Malachy's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend. Please omit flowers.

WOOLDRIDGE—At Austin, Tex., Friday, February 2, 1900, at 6 p. m., J. A. Wooldridge, beloved husband of Katie Nonnemb Wooldridge.

Funeral from residence of his brother-in-law, S. S. Quinette, 4469 Morgan street, Monday, February 5, at 2 p. m. Interment private.

"Experience is the Best Teacher."

The experience of millions has demonstrated that Hood's Sarsaparilla is the perfect remedy for all troubles of the blood, stomach, nerves, bowels, liver and kidneys, and that it imparts strength, vigor and vitality. Every testimonial is the voice of experience to you.

General Debility — *"I have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla for general debility with marvelous effect. My blood is pure and I feel better and stronger." Frederick Reeb, 98 Herkimer St., Albany, N. Y.*

Do not take any substitute when you call for Hood's Sarsaparilla. Remember

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints