CITY DRAPED IN AN ICY SHEET.

Heaviest Snow of the Season, Followed by Rain, Which Froze as It Fell.

BRILLIANT ELECTRIC DISPLAY.

Green Balls of Fire Chased the Trolleys of Street Cars—Storm Belt in Surrounding States.

Yesterday was a record-breaker of all the bad days which have visited St. Louis this season. Almost continuously through the day a wet, disagreeable snow fell, covering the streets and sidewalks with slush and making them hard for the passage of every moving thing. It was not the nice, crisp snow of which the poet speaks, but that of the bad boy who delights in throwing hard snowballs.

On the downtown streets in the shopping districts the effect of the storm was most evident. Feeble efforts were made by store owners to clean the snow from the sidewalks. These efforts served only to mix up the dirt and snow together and form a skirt-raising slush. The street railway plows cleared their tracks well enough, but formed big mounds of snow between the curbing and middle of the street, which rendered crossing impossible.

The street cleaning forces were kept busy, but so great was the volume of snow that they only turned their attention to crossings and left the rest of the street in peace. Much of the snow melted during the day, but sufficient remained to make it uncomfortable for any one who was obliged to venture forth. During the time the snow was falling a stiff wind made every one walk with his eyes closed. There was much bumping together in the crowded districts on that account, but, as a general thing the crowd was good-natured.

Last Night's Storm.

The really bad weather did not begin until 9 o'clock, when a hard rain began to fall. At first this served to melt the snow, but soon started to freeze, and everything which the water touched was at once covered with a coating of ice. In places where the snow had been piled during the day ladies were formed and lined with men, who were pitiable for the unhappy pedestrian.

Later in the night electric wires in many parts of the city were broken and large gangs of linemen were kept busy trying to make the repairs. So far as could be learned last night there were no serious results resulting from this work. Frequently there were flashes and sparks along the wires, but all the men were provided with rubber coats and gloves.

One of the remarkable features of the storm was the electrical displays along the trolley lines. The wires became so thickly covered with ice, and yet were of such a size depended from them. This caused partial insulation, and when the trolley wheel would pass along the wire and break the ice, brilliant dashes of blue and green would follow. At first these fireworks caused some disturbance to the passengers, and couples on the cars thought they became used to them before the night were away.

At the police stations there were many applications for a night's lodging. Nearly every applicant was wet through, and there was a scramble for places near to the stoves for the purpose of drying garments. Every one who applied was taken in by the police, and allowed to remain for a while. The patrolmen were instructed by the captains of districts to keep especially watch for cases of destitution and people overcome by the weather.

Doctor Hyatt's Statement.

While rain, mixed with sleet, was pouring down, umbrellas and mackintoshes were in little avail. Sheets of ice formed over everything, and made all as smooth as proverbial "greased lightning." During the night a rushing business was done by downtown saloons and restaurants.

"This snowstorm started in the middle Rocky Mountains," said the doctor yesterday. "It was snowing there when observations were taken Monday morning. During the day it worked southwest and reached Texas. To-day it has been snowing all over the middle western portion of the country. There was some sleet in Kansas, but it did not reach Kansas City. The storm I predicted for St. Louis came up from Texas. There is no cold weather in sight, but I expect a pretty stiff wind to-morrow, which will likely result in snowdrifts, but the weather will not be cold."

Up to yesterday afternoon more than four inches of snow had fallen, but much of it melted. It was a very wet snow, and unless the weather should suddenly turn cold it will soon disappear and cause the streams to swell perceptibly. The only cold weather on the man yesterday was in the Northeast. There was a cold wave made chilling way up in the northwestern Rocky Mountains, but Doctor Hyatt does not think it will effect the weather here.

The street-cleaning force was kept busy all day in the downtown districts scraping snow away from the crossings, but in the residence section no attempt was made to clean the pavements.

Special dispatches indicate that the storm was general throughout a large part of the country. Missouri, Illinois, Texas, Kansas and Oklahoma were visited by a cold wave accompanied by snow and sleet.

In Missouri the snow was so heavy that traffic was hampered. In Texas the early fruit and vegetables were injured. It is not thought that stock has suffered.

In the wheat belt the covering of snow will protect the growing crop.

BLIZZARD WAS GENERAL.

Missouri and the Southwest Suffered Severely.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 27.—The heaviest snowstorm since 1894 prevailed in this section and throughout Kansas to-day. Eleven inches of snow fell in Kansas City to-day and Weather Observer Connor says it will be a foot deep by morning. Much more snow is reported further west, twelve inches at Kinsley and sixteen inches at Abilene. There is only a light wind and the snow is not drifting badly, but Observer Connor says a brisk east wind will pile it up before morning.

The street car service of Kansas City, both cable and electric, has been greatly impeded and service has been practically suspended in Topeka, Atchison and Leavenworth. Hundreds of Kansas City people walked home to-night.

Trains are from one to three hours late, with promise of serious blockades before morning, as the cuts are filling up and the snow is beginning to pack and freeze. It is turning colder to-night, but the mercury is still 27 degrees above, with no prospects that zero weather will be approached.

In the far southeastern part of the State snow this morning was followed during the day by rain, which changed to sleet to-night and coated everything with ice.

The snow is of great value to farmers and stockmen. In many parts of the State there was a shortage of water, and some suffering among cattle was reported. To-day's snow will furnish a good supply of water.

Most of the stock is said to have ample shelter and the storm is not considered severe enough to injure exposed stock. The snow is exactly what the wheat growers have hoped for. It will furnish an excellent spring protection for the growing cereal.

SEDALIA SUFFERED.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Sedalia, Mo., Feb. 27.—The heaviest snowstorm of the winter fell in Sedalia to-day and to-night sleet and snow continue to fall. Early in the forenoon street car service on all the lines was suspended and there is no prospect of traffic being resumed to-morrow. To add to the general discomfort caused by the storm, Sedalia's water supply was cut off last night on account of new machinery being put in, and during this forenoon the water in the stand pipes and mains was completely exhausted. As a result, the public schools and other buildings depending upon steam heat and a number of factories were closed for the day.

TRAFFIC IMPEDED.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 27.—The heaviest snowstorm of the winter prevailed here to-day. It extends over a wide area of territory. In this city eight inches fell. Street railways were tied up completely to-night and train schedules are disarranged.

TEXAS CROPS INJURED.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Dallas, Tex., Feb. 27.—This afternoon a heavy hailstorm swept over the city, and, according to reports over all Northern Texas. This was followed by an hour of mucky, sultry conditions. Then a blizzard set in and continues increasing in severity as the night passes. Early peach buds have evidently suffered somewhat. Fruit and vegetables have been injured, nurseries and hothouses having suffered severe damage.

BLIZZARD IN ILLINOIS.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Medora, Ill., Feb. 27.—The heaviest snowfall of the winter begins here this morning and continued without abatement all day.

NEW YORK APPROACH.

New York, Feb. 27.—The temperature this morning registered four degrees above zero, making the coldest February 27 in the records of the Weather Bureau. The coldest day this winter was seven degrees below zero, on February 2. On the same date last year the temperature was thirty-eight degrees.

VARIOUS MISSOURI TOWNS.

Special dispatches from Marshall, Higginsville, Holden, Knobnoster, Brookfield, Jefferson City, Salisbury, Adrian and Harrisonville, in Missouri, tell the same story of heavy snow and impeded traffic.

ATTORNEY GENERAL GRIGGS,
Who is ambitious to sit on the Supreme Bench.

THINKS HE IS A SNOWSTORM.

Redmond Cody Fears for the Results When He Shall Melt.

Redmond Cody, 19 years old, living at No. 1212 South Third street, is confident in the observation world of the city he must suffering from a mild form of schedule. He believes that he is a snowstorm and that he has been falling over the city for many months. He advises every one who comes near him at the hospital to buy large supplies of coal, because he intends to make it pretty cool before he stops. He says he will throw his swift throughout the streets, and blind every one who is bold enough to venture forth.

He is greatly alarmed about what will happen to the spring when the sun comes to melt him. This he believes will cause a deluge, and warns smaller people to take the precautions used in former times by one Noah. He says that when he starts to melt the land will be covered with water, and that only fish will enjoy any degree of comfort.

"Gosh! I am melted," he declares, "and I know not what will become of me but I suppose that I will be absorbed and become a brown powder, and that the wind will blow me away. That will take a long time, however, and it is the present that worries me. Stand back, or you will get caught in my last, which is a snowdrift. The wind is a little fickle, and we may hang together if not machines but way is little brisk, and we may be any where."

It is believed at the hospital that the man may have been exposed to cold in a snowstorm, and that it unbalanced his mentality and left him with the peculiar delusion.

GALA DAY IN PARIS.

Principal Thoroughfares a Living Sea of Merrymakers.

Paris, Feb. 27.—A drizzling rain and a leaden sky this afternoon threatened to make the fête of Mardi Gras a complete failure, so far as Paris is concerned. Nevertheless, a good number of people gathered along the boulevards where comedy tableaux were allowed, and, splashing through the mud and rain, exchanged volleys of these fated missiles. As evening approached, however, the rain ceased, crowds flocked to the Avenue des Champs Elysées and the boulevards, where all the stores were closed, and soon the traditional gaiety of the Parisians asserted itself, and King Carnival reigned supreme.

From one end of Paris to the other the air was filled with clouds of confetti, especially in front of the cafés, from which colored serpentines were thrown in return. A living sea of merrymakers thronged the principal thoroughfares, and the sidewalks and roadways were inches deep with confetti, as though Paris had passed through a variegated snowstorm.

EXTREMELY MENACING.

Anti-Foreign Attitude of China Grows More Pronounced.

Pekin, Feb. 27.—The anti-foreign attitude of the Government grows more pronounced daily, and is regarded as extremely menacing to foreign interests. Never in the last forty years has the Central Government been so intensely anti-foreign. Several Chinese have been impeached and banished because they have assisted in obtaining concessions for foreigners.

STEAMER REX STRANDED.

Five Stewardesses Were Drowned in Trying to Leave the Ship.

Sassnitz, Germany, Feb. 27.—The Swedish mail steamer Rex stranded off Lohme, Rugen Island, during a fog. Five stewardesses were drowned in attempting to leave the ship. The rest of the crew and the passengers are safe and still aboard.

CONNECTED BY WIRE.

London Now Has Direct Communication With the Nile.

Mombasa, Feb. 27.—The Uganda Railway Telegraph line reached the Nile, at Ripon Falls, February 18, and was carried across the river next day. This establishing telegraph communication between London and the sources of the Nile.

LORD LYVEDEN DEAD.

He Was a Well-known English Diplomat.

London, Feb. 27.—Lord Lyveden (Fitzpatrick Vernon) is dead. He was born in 1821, and was in the diplomatic service at Madrid, Hanover and Berlin.

Western Visitors in New York.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Feb. 27.—Hotel arrivals to-day include the following visitors from the West:

St. Louis—B. F. Yoakum, C. W. Young, Waldorf; F. Thompson, F. Schnedtmer, Imperial; C. A. Lilly, S. H. Schweider, Astor; E. S. Schultz, C. C. Tracy, Union Square; J. Silberstein, Mrs. Hawley, Hoffman; L. Hayes, Park Avenue; H. A. Barton, St. Cloud; H. A. Kretschmar, Herald Square; N. W. Taylor, Gilsey; C. J. Black, St. Nicholas; L. A. Levy, Marlborough; C. L. Reifendler, Broadway Central.

Kansas City—C. Downing, St. Cloud; F. H. Collier, Grand.

Great reduction sale of Music Boxes all this week at Mermod & Jaccard's, Broadway and Locust.

PNEUMONIA CAUSED GILES F. FILLEY'S DEATH.

ONE OF ST. LOUIS'S OLDEST CITIZENS.

Failed in Business to Meet an $800,000 Obligation for a Friend for Whom He Indorsed.

Giles F. Filley, one of the oldest citizens and most noted business men of St. Louis, died last night at 11:30 o'clock, at the family residence, No. 1327 Locust street, after a protracted illness, caused by a severe cold, which developed into pneumonia. Mr. Filley had only confined his entire attention to business for about two years. For the last two years he was scarcely able to leave his home, as he suffered much from asthma and bronchitis. His age and his weakness entirely left small chance for recovery. On last Sunday it was supposed that he would recover, but then he relapsed a relapse, which ultimately caused his death.

He was conscious until within forty minutes of his death. Then he lapsed into a gentle slumber and the family gathered around his bed, awaiting the end, which was peaceful. He will be buried in Bellefontaine Cemetery on Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Giles F. Filley was born on February 3, 1814, in Bloomfield, Conn., which was then called Simsbury. His father, Oliver Filley, was a farmer and a farmer, a liberal descendant of those who crossed in the Mayflower. Giles F. Filley finished his education at Wilbraham Academy, Mass., and came to St. Louis in 1836. He was then 19 years old and learned the tinners' trade, becoming the partner of his brother, Oliver D. Filley, who had preceded him to St. Louis. In 1839 Mr. Filley was in the crockery business, but sold out and established the firm that is now known as the Charles Nick Stove and Range Company, under the name of the Excelsior Stove Works.

In 1844 Mr. Filley married Miss Maria M. Farrington, the ceremony being performed by Rev. Edward Beecher. The venture prospered and became one of the greatest stove manufacturing companies in the world. In 1853 Mr. Filley became the Charter Oak stove, and the company was incorporated with that name.

Mr. Filley was a prominent figure in all movements which tended to the benefit of the city. He was never "politician," but was an organizer of the "Free Soil" party. During the Civil War he raised a force of his employes and sent them to assist General Lyon in his defense of the Lafayette Street Arsenal.

Shortly after the war came Mr. Filley's reverses. He was an intimate friend of John Row, who was then Mayor of the city and one of the wealthiest, as well as the warmest, men of the West. Mr. Filley had the utmost confidence in his friend, and undertook his request to indorse Row's a crash came, and Mr. Filley's fortunes collapsed. Mr. Filley's notes presented for payment. The creditors of the ruined man were willing to accept any offer, and 25 cents on the dollar was even suggested. Mr. Filley, however, declared that he had signed the paper with a complete sense of his obligation, and could see no moral reason to compromise if he realized he would only give him a little time to discharge the debt.

Many years did he labor, and pay interest on the debt beside, but finally it was paid even to the last dollar. It amounted to about $800,000, and the heavy burden caused his own failure.

The Excelsior Stove Company, of which Mr. Filley was the owner, assisted in many ways, and Mr. Filley never went into business again, shortly afterwards his wife died. The shock was such that his health began to fail, and he hardly ever left his home.

His five sons live in St. Louis. They are Messrs. Frank B., Robert E., Charles H., Christopher G. and Doctor Victor C. Filley, the latter three living at the family residence.

MATTHEWS AND CAHOON.

County Men Want Republican Gubernatorial Nomination.

The friends of State Senator Rud J. Matthews of Clayton yesterday announced his candidacy for the Republican gubernatorial nomination. They say that they will make a vigorous canvass in his behalf, and will leave no stone unturned to secure for him the coveted honor.

Senator Matthews was born in Gasconade County thirty-eight years ago. He served for four years as prosecuting attorney of the county, before moving to Clayton. During his last Legislature he served in the upper house as a member from the Twenty-fourth Senatorial District, and while there was appointed as a member of the Major Investigating Committee.

Another Republican candidate for the nomination of Governor is P. P. Cahoon of Pleasant Green, who was a candidate for the nomination in 1896.

CITY TICKET NOMINATED.

Nevada Democrats Select S. A. Wight for Mayor.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Nevada, Mo., Feb. 27.—At the Democratic primary to-day, the following city ticket was nominated: Mayor, S. A. Wight; Marshal, Robert Bruce Moore, Attorney, James A. Coil; Collector, L. H. McDaniel, Assessor, S. L. Higgins, Police Judge, A. Cummins; Treasurer, George T. Stump.

Two Marriages at Alton.

Julius Wolf and Miss Eva Engelhardt were married at St. Mary's Church, Alton, last evening by the Reverend Father Meckel. The marriage was a complete surprise to the friends of the contracting parties. Miss Engelhardt's home is in Brighton, Ill., and the bridegroom is connected with the Illinois Glass Company. John Williams of Alton and Miss Mattie Freeman of Melville were also married yesterday.

Articles of Incorporation.

The following companies filed articles of incorporation with the Recorder of Deeds yesterday: Hager Sign and Painting Company; capital stock $5,000 all paid; stockholders, J. J. Nager, Oscar Zieser and O. E. Newcomb. Cleveland Realty Company; capital stock $2,000, all paid; stockholders, J. H. Bolte, Emma R. Bolte, Anna Rolfmeyer and Mary C. Rolfmeyer.

Stafford—Werling.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Warren, Ark., Feb. 27.—Mr. B. F. Stafford of Tyler, Tex., and Miss Emma Werling were married this afternoon.

EVIDENCE CLOSED IN RIOT TRIAL.

Fifteen Witnesses Examined on the Last Day of the Carterville Case.

TESTIMONY IN REBUTTAL.

Expected That the Attorneys Will Begin Their Arguments To-Day—Jury May Render a Verdict This Week.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Vienna, Ill., Feb. 27.—Fifteen witnesses were examined to-day in the Carterville riot case. The morning session was taken up by the defense, and only three witnesses went on the stand at that session. In the afternoon, however, the rebuttal evidence was given, the State examining ten witnesses and the defense two, and to-night the evidence was closed.

Mrs. Nellie Harris was the first witness of the day. She resided that she lives in Carterville, and has lived there for six years, that she saw John Wallace come out of his home on September 17, just as the shooting occurred. She heard no cheering after she saw Wallace.

Lem Shadowens was recalled for cross-examination, and said that he went to the depot that day to ask the negroes to leave.

"I took my gun along because I had heard that the negroes were well armed, and had no intention of using it," he said.

Walter Stone testified in part as follows:

"I saw the colored men near the Indian saloon on September 6, about 7 o'clock in the forenoon. I knew Sim Cummins, but did not know the rest of them. I heard Elmer James and Jim Shadowens tell the negroes that they had better not go in there, but had better go out of town and avoid trouble. James and Shadowens followed them for about one-eighth of a mile. The negroes waved their hands at James at 120 paces."

At this point Attorney W. A. Schwartz announced that the defense would rest its case.

L. A. Knowles was the first witness offered by the State in rebuttal. His evidence was exclusively of the use of modern firearms. On cross-examination by Governor Johnson he testified that a revolver shown him by Johnson, and which was Floyd's, would fire nearly twice as rapidly as either the Winchester or Martin rifles.

Ollie Crutcher said that he lives in Greenville. He knew J. G. People and lived in the same house with him on September 17. He was at home that day. People left the house about 9 o'clock in the morning. He did not see Sim Cummins or Floyd that day, but would have seen them if they had been at his house. The cross-examination was severe and the witness became confused.

Alice Gaines and Mrs. Cook corroborated Crutcher.

Mrs. Sim Cummins, widow of one of the negroes, said that her husband was at home nearly all of the forenoon of the day of the riot.

William Sexton testified that he lived in Greenville and lived there on September 6. He was in Carterville that morning with Hugo Brasley, and he saw no negroes with them. They went to the Indian saloon and there met several white men, who told them to get out of town. They departed and the whites followed them one-eighth of a mile. He said they did not come to the place of business with them.

Robert Hankins, the last witness, stated that he was with Brasley and Sexton this morning.

W. N. Newton stated he was an expert gunner. He explained the workings of a Martin rifle, and said that, even though the firing pin is broken, cartridges might be placed with the hand and the gun made to shoot.

Elmer James had said that he only shot once because of a broken spring.

The defense then introduced two witnesses in rebuttal.

After the introduction of several depositions and other legal papers, together with several rifles and revolvers, State Attorney Gillespie, on behalf of the State, and Attorney Lucas, for the defense, announced that the evidence was all in. The State had examined fifty-three witnesses in chief in its original, and the defense had examined fifty-three witnesses direct and two for rebuttal, a total of 108 witnesses.

The arguments will begin to-morrow. The jury may render a verdict this week.

E. A. MacMILLAN.

CLAIMED BY DISEASE.

General Otis Forwards a List of His Recent Losses.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The War Department received to-day from General Otis the following list of deaths that have occurred among our military forces in the Philippines:

Manila, Feb. 27.—Death: Accidental—November 7, William E. Bruce, H, Thirty-fourth infantry, explosion of gunpowder. Suicide—February 21, George N. Knox, D, Sixth Artillery; February 2, John C. Hudson, C, Twenty-third Infantry; December 19, Herman Rogers, I, Thirty-ninth Infantry, Rio San Juan. Variola—February 25, Ernest W. Schomaker, E, Fourth Cavalry; February 23, Leroy Watkins, Corporal, F, Twenty-fourth Infantry; January 28, Henry W. Couch, C, Thirty-third Infantry; February 18, Luther M. Rouse, M, Thirty-second Infantry; January 12, Frank M. Hilliday, F, Thirteenth Infantry; February 21, K. L. Dowling, Corporal, G, Thirty-fourth Infantry; February 13, Walter S. Hemphill, I, Thirty-first Infantry; February 5, Leonidas F. Walker, Corporal, E, Thirty-fourth Infantry. Fever, malarial—February 18, Warren Cobb, E, Fourth Cavalry; February 1, Edwin S. Larkin, Company I, Seventeenth Infantry; February 24, Perry H. Hunt, K, Forty-first Infantry; February 3, Richard Richards, Company B, Thirty-fourth Infantry. Typhoid—January 16, Fred Armstrong, E, Twenty-fifth Infantry; February 16, Charles E. Fohr, F, Fourth Infantry; February 27, George E. Williams, H, —— Infantry; February 12, Peter F. Piper, F, Fourth Cavalry; February 9, John S. Key, H, Ninth Infantry; February 2, John W. Paine, B, Thirty-fourth Infantry; Jessie Jeffery—February 7, Henry J. McDonald, Thirty-fourth Infantry; February 15, William G. Samuels, F, Thirteenth Infantry; February 8, Clarence A. Thompson, H, Thirty-fourth Infantry. Pneumonia—February 15, Stephen Hall, Corporal, D, Ninth Infantry; February 26, Everett R. Carr, G, Third Infantry. Nephritis—January 29, John Loeffler, F, Third Cavalry; February 15, Lewis W. Ellis, L, Third Infantry. Appendicitis—February 7, Fred M. Dudley, L, Fortieth Infantry. Septicemia—February 19, Dorney Humphreys, A, Thirty-ninth Infantry; February 22, Richard T. Frank, C, Third Infantry. Rubeola—January 1, Fred D. Day, C, Thirty-fourth Infantry. Organic heart disease—February 3, Henry Bacon, H, Twenty-fourth Infantry. Cerebro-spinal meningitis—February 16, Bert W. Hayden, H, Thirty-fourth Infantry.

Hatch—Kaiser.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Fagette, Mo., Feb. 27.—Mr. Jack N. Hatch and Miss Flora Kaiser were married here by Elder Frank Quinn.

Ehlmann—Haferkamp.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

St. Charles, Mo., Feb. 27.—Mr. Henry Ehlmann and Miss Minnie Haferkamp, both living near this city, were married at the Lutheran Church here yesterday by the Reverend C. C. E. Braisch.

Hazlett—Longwell.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Hillsboro, Ill., Feb. 27.—Doctor W. A. Hazlett of Oswego, Kas., and Miss Elizabeth I. Longwell of this city were married here to-day at noon by the Reverend Ezra Keller.

Three De Soto Weddings.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

De Soto, Mo., Feb. 27.—Three weddings occurred here.

Miss Josie Poole and J. L. Farley of Leche, Ark., were married at the home of the bride in this city Monday evening.

Mr. Sylvester Labaume and Miss Rose Orlary were married to-day.

Mr. Martin McDermott and Miss Maude Eisenberger were married to-day.

McCarty—Haley.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Bowling Green, Mo., Feb. 27.—Mr. Broadhead McCarty and Miss Maggie Haley were married here to-day.

GENERAL M'NULTA'S FUNERAL.

Laid to Rest at Bloomington With Military Honors.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 27.—Bloomington paid impressive homage to-day to the memory of its former townsman, General John McNulta, whose body was brought here from Chicago and laid to rest. An immense concourse assembled at the railway station as proof the funeral party, and the pageantry of a band and two companies of the National Guard added to the impressiveness of the event.

While the cortege passed to the Second Presbyterian Church, where services were held, sorrow hushed a requiem and, when the march to the Evergreen Cemetery was taken up, the church bells tolled. The escort from the depot and to the grave consisted of the band, Company D, McLean County Bar, members Troop B, W. T. Sherman Post, G. A. R., and members Ninety-fourth Illinois.

The General commanded this regiment during the Civil War and surviving members from all over the State were in attendance. The capacity of the church was tested and hundreds were unable to obtain admittance.

The funeral discourse was by Doctor Kane, formerly pastor of the Second Presbyterian Church, now president of Wabash College. Doctor Kane paid a fitting tribute to the memory of the deceased, telling of his generosity, true friendship and love for his family and friends.

At the conclusion the body was taken to the cemetery, where the final rites were performed by the local G. A. R. post. Company D fired the military salute. The body was placed in a vault.

The following were the pallbearers: Honorary—M. A. Moore, George Perrin Davis, General George R. Dodge, Peter Whitmer, Benjamin F. Funk, Adlai E. Stevenson, Robert S. McLaughlin, John E. Bullock, former Governor Joseph W. Fifer, Judge O. T. Kerrick, Judge Thomas F. Tipton, Lyman Burr, Henry Capen, Joseph R. Rylander, Thomas C. Kerrick and J. H. Rowell.

Active—Lincoln R. Weldon, John A. Stephens, Robert E. Williams, John T. Gillespie, Edward R. Morgan and Ishmael M. Graham.

Mrs. General Dan McNulta and son Scott, Mrs. McNulta and Mrs. Hudson C. P. Stuver came with the body.

Mrs. Effie Finley.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Mound City, Ill., Feb. 27.—Mrs. Effie Finley, wife of James A. Finley, died in this city last evening, aged 35 years.

Herman Boese.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

St. Charles, Mo., Feb. 27.—Herman Boese, who has been a resident of this city for many years, died at St. Joseph's Hospital this morning, aged 5 years.

Doctor C. H. Watterman.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Petersburg, Ill., Feb. 27.—Doctor C. H. Wattermann died suddenly at his home in this city Monday morning.

Professor Calvin McCormick.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Mattoon, Ill., Feb. 27.—Professor Calvin McCormick died at Baker City, Ore., to-day.

Aquilla Woods.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Vinton, Ill., Feb. 27.—Aquilla Woods, one of the oldest residents of this community, died last night.

John F. McClellan.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Nanda City, Ill., Feb. 27.—John F. McClellan of this city died to-day.

R. F. Stevens.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Laterville, Mo., Feb. 27.—R. F. Stevens, a prominent ex-banker of this city, died at his home this morning from pneumonia. He was Circuit Clerk and Recorder of Bollinger County for several years.

Richard Bowers.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Patoka, Ill., Feb. 27.—Richard Bowers, 67 years old, died last night.

Doctor F. C. Smock.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Troy, Mo., Feb. 27.—Dr. F. C. Smock died this morning. He formerly lived at Carrollton, Ill.

James B. Hagler Killed.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Alto Pass, Ill., Feb. 27.—A message received here to-day states that James B. Hagler was killed in a wreck at Starks, La., yesterday while firing on a locomotive.

Mrs. Conrad B. Mueller.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 27.—Mrs. Conrad B. Mueller, 37 years old, formerly of Olney, Ill., died to-day.

Sam McGlathery.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Odessa, Mo., Feb. 27.—Sam McGlathery, aged 40 years, died suddenly of heart disease at his home near here last night.

Ben F. McKinney.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Denison, Tex., Feb. 27.—Ben F. McKinney, Senator of the Chickasaw Nation and a prominent stock man, died yesterday at his home at Emmet, I. T.

OPPOSE CORBIN'S PROMOTION.

Strong Sentiment Develops Against Adjutant General.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, Feb. 27.—Coincident with the favorable report of the House Military Committee on the bill providing the rank of Major General for Adjutant General Corbin, a memorial against his promotion to this rank has been filed with Senator Davis, Representative Fletcher and others. The memorial embraces fifteen objections, all of which will be urged, it is understood, on the floor of the House and Senate, when the bill comes up for discussion. Among the objections are the following:

1. The smooth administration of the army under the present system would be jeopardized. Already there is now and then friction between the offices of Adjutant General and that of the Commanding General of the Army, due to the great power of the Adjutant General.

2. The Adjutant General should not be in any way a source of military control. He is a clerk's office and he is simply the attorney of the Secretary of War to promulgate his orders, as coming from the President.

He should have no more rank than that of any other chief of a staff bureau; should properly have less rank, being, as he is stated, in the position of a clerk. Secretary of War Sternot would not have inferred an working Adjutant General one day.

A fallacious idea of the position of the Adjutant General has arisen because of the fact that Secretary Alger placed so much power in his hands during the late war with Spain, being enabled to such action because of his ignorance of army matters as he was a lawyer drafted into the cabinet.

The charges, numbered 12 to 15, and 25, affect the private character of General Corbin. Charge No. 12 alleges that he was court-martialed for cowardice in the face of the enemy.

The anti-Corbin people are getting evidence on all the bills, and there is a general overhauling of records and of correspondence with officers and others who may be able to contribute damaging information in regard to General Corbin—anything which will injure his scheme to secure one day the command of the army.

Some of the Senators and Representatives are in doubt as to the expediency of presenting the memorial formally at this time. Those who are responsible for the charges preferred say they can be substantiated from the official records.

TO SEEK BURIED TREASURE.

Search Will Be Made on Jekyl Island.

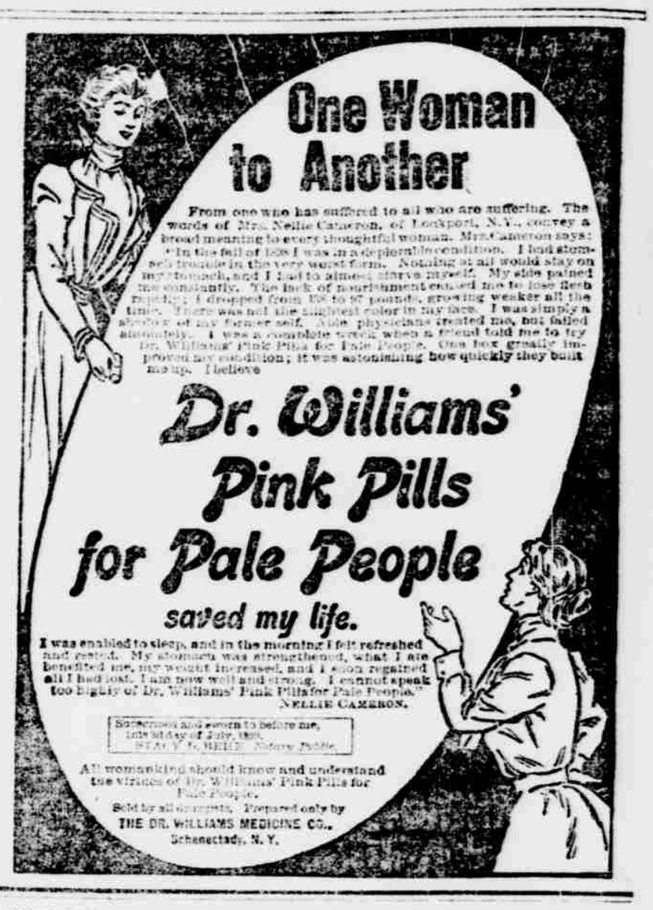
REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Brunswick, Ga., Feb. 27.—Old stories of treasure concealed in Jekyl Island have been revived to-day by talk of a search for gold which will probably occur at an early date.

Reports that there are quantities of gold and jewels buried on Jekyl Island, receive credence among the oldest and most reliable inhabitants. From their fathers they heard the story of pirates who frequented this coast. Jekyl and Blith islands, it was asserted, were favorite hiding places for the outlaws' treasure.

A search was made some years ago, and about $17,000 was found near an abandoned hut.

Jekyl Island now is owned by a club of northern millionaires.



INSURANCE CASE DECIDED.

Proceedings of the Illinois Appellate Court.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 27.—The Appellate Court this evening announced a decision and filed an opinion in an important case—that of Bongrano et al. vs. the Covenant Mutual Life Association, which was taken up from the Circuit Court of Sangamon County. Complainants filed a bill in equity to compel the company to reconsider the old assessments—that is, the lower assessments that obtained before the company decided to raise them. The Circuit Court dismissed the bill for want of equity. The Appellate Court reverses the decree and remands the cause. The victory is with the policyholders who refused to pay the increased assessments.

Other opinions were filed as follows:

Hedge et al. vs. United States Express Company; judgment reversed and remanded.

Taylor et al. vs. Sherman; judgment reversed and remanded.

Mills et al. vs. Lanham, admr., etc.; judgment affirmed.

Bissell Manufacturing Company vs. Independent Iron Spinkler Company; judgment reversed and remanded with leave etc.

Hirsberg Manufacturing Company vs. Illinois Malleable Iron Company; judgment reversed and remanded with leave etc.

Hill et al. vs. Bonner; judgment affirmed.

Hilliard et al. vs. Story of Christian; judgment reversed and remanded.

Wright et al. vs. Hughes; order affirmed.

Bidwell Manufacturing Company vs. Chivvis et al.; judgment affirmed.

Peoria Mutual Fire Insurance Company vs. Dowell & Bentson; judgment affirmed.

Peoria Grocery Company vs. McKee Company; order affirmed in part, reversed and remanded in part with directions.

People ex rel. vs. Boeckler; order reversed and remanded with directions.

Heart vs. The People; judgment affirmed.

Gerson et al. vs. Town of Brownings; judgment affirmed.

Williams vs. Highland, admr., etc.; order affirmed.

Bradley, admr., etc., vs. Gardner; judgment affirmed.

Stanley vs. Leahy et al.; judgment reversed and remanded.

Canopy and Alton Railroad vs. Studdener; judgment reversed and remanded.

Venus, Inc., vs. Templeton; decree reversed and remanded.

Stone et al. vs. Johnson et al.; decree reversed and remanded.

Walbash Railroad Company vs. Stewart, admr.; judgment reversed and remanded.

Ott et al. vs. Title Guaranty Abstract Company; decree affirmed.

Martin vs. Martin, adm. etc.; judgment affirmed.

Myers vs. Zimmerman et al.; judgment reversed and remanded.

Shue et al. vs. Irish; judgment affirmed.

Wilson vs. The People; adm. etc., judgment affirmed.

Larson et al. vs. Jacksonville Loan and Building Association; decree affirmed.

Davis vs. Sheldon; judgment affirmed.

Sibley vs. Ulrich; decree affirmed.

Ryan et al. vs. Board of Commissioners, etc.; judgment reversed and remanded with directions.

O'Neil vs. Morris; judgment affirmed.

Hart vs. City of Paris; judgment affirmed.

Ellis, admr., etc., vs. Gossom, admr., etc.; decree reversed and remanded with directions.

Earl vs. Earl et al.; decree reversed and remanded.

McNavil vs. Ellis; judgment affirmed.

Pierce vs. People ex rel.; judgment affirmed.

Village of Dalton City vs. Lovins; judgment affirmed.

Fredericksen vs. Westbrook; judgment reversed and remanded.

Belleville Coal Company vs. Humble; judgment reversed and remanded.

Same vs. Hill; judgment reversed and remanded.

L. E. & W. R. R. Co. vs. Wilson, admr., etc.; judgment affirmed.

C. I. & E. I. R. R. Co. vs. McKinney; judgment reversed.

Dunn vs. Trot; judgment affirmed.

Stewart et al. vs. Streets et al.; judgment reversed and remanded.

Tipton vs. Schuler et al.; judgment reversed and remanded.

Earp, receiver etc., vs. Downs et al.; decree reversed and remanded.

Canada Railroad Company vs. Williams; judgment reversed with special finding of fact.

American Order of Foresters Company vs. Hennings; judgment affirmed.

G. A. R. R. Co. vs. Cullen, admr., etc.; judgment affirmed.

Fire Department, etc., vs. City of Bloomington; judgment affirmed.

Cherry vs. Mason and Proctor; decree affirmed.

Park vs. Smith; judgment reversed and remanded.

Wilson vs. Chillicothe National Bank; judgment affirmed.

Kansas Pacific Company vs. Sessel, exr., etc.; judgment affirmed.

Hollands vs. Hames et al.; judgment affirmed.

Chapman vs. Chapman; judgment reversed and remanded.

Jacksonville Aspate Company vs. Morse et al.; judgment reversed and remanded.

Robeson vs. Jessup, Sheriff, etc.; judgment reversed and remanded.

Bates vs. Bolger; judgment affirmed.

Hardy vs. Hardy; decree affirmed.

St. L., P. & N. R. Co. vs. Chapin; judgment reversed and remanded.

Payne vs. Lord; judgment reversed and remanded.

Hutchison vs. Richardson et al.; decree reversed and remanded.

BANKRUPTCY EXAMINATION.

Benno Prinz of Mechanics' Clothing Company Testifies.

The examination of Benno Prinz, the vice president and treasurer of the Mechanics' Clothing Manufacturing Company, which failed ten months ago, was continued yesterday before