POLICY PURSUED IN THE PHILIPPINES.

President Sends to the Senate In. Natives Take to the Mountains formation Asked by Hoar's Resolution.

GEN. OTIS'S PROCLAMATION.

ministration-Secretary Hay's Government Offer to Aguinaldo.

Washington, March 5.-The President sent to the Senate to-day the correspondence called for by resolution of Senator Hear, asking for information relative to our course in the Philippines.

It is a very voluminous record, containing much that has been made public, and includes instructions by the President, preclamations by the Philippine Commission, and General Otis's reports of officers in the Philippines, all communications received from Aguinaldo or his assistants, or proclamations issued by them; information concerning the treatment of prisoners or other inhabitants of the island by the insurgents, and also such information as has been received "as to aid or encouragement received by Aguinaido and his followers from persons in the United States; as to what pamphlets, speeches or other documents emanating in the United States, and adverse to its authority, were circulated in whole or in part among the Flitpines in arms against the United States, among other inhabitants of the island, or among the soldiers of the United States." Referring to General Otis's proclamation,

the President says:
"No disapproval of the said proclamation was expressed by my authority or the War Department. It was, in fact, approved by me, athough no formal communication to that effect was sent to General Otis." Aguinaldo's Protest.

Included in the correspondence of last October between General MacArthur and Aguinaldo's representative, General Ambrosio Flores, in regard to the delivery of sick spanish prisoners, is a protest against what be terms the "suspiciousness" of the Americans. He says: "The treatment accorded necessarily corresponds with our political condition," adding that "in the name of seldierly honor, I protest against such suspi-cion, as we have never resorted to indirect means in order to wrest by artifice the recognition of our beloved independence."

In this connection a cablegram from General Corbin is given, dated November 10

indorsing General Otis's course in the mat-ter of the Spanish prisoners. He says: "The letters of the insurgents imply a threat. Unless you see strong reasons to the contrary, notify Aguinaldo that he and his advisers will be held personally respon-sible for any injury done to Spanish or American prisoners in violation of the laws and usages of war among civilized nations."

The instructions to General Merritt are transmitted, but not those to General Otis, which, the report, says were given in cipher. The instructions from the President to General Merritt, May 28, 1898, direct the issuance of a proclamation, saying that "We come not to make war upon the peo-ple of the Philippines, nor upon any party or faction among them, but to protect them or faction among them, but to protect them in their bomes, in their employments and in their personal and religious rights. All persons who, either by active aid or by honest admission, co-operate with the United States in their efforts to give effect to this beneficent purpose, will receive the reward of its support and protection. Our

The President's instructions to the Phil-Government Proposed.

occupation should be as free from severity

"The commission may render valuable services by examining with special care the executive needs of the various groups of inhabitunts and by reporting with recom-mendations the measures which should be instituted for the maintenance of order. peace and public welfare.

It is my desire that in all their relations with the inhabitants of the Philippine Islands, the Commissioners exercise due respect for all the ideals, customs and in-stitutions of the tribes and races which compose the population, emphasizing upon occasions the just and beneficen tions of the Government of the United States. It is also my wish and expectation that the Commissioners may be received in a manner due to the honored and aurepresentatives of the American Republic duly commissioned, on account of their knowledge, skill and integrity as bearers of the good will, the protection and the richest blessings of a liberating, rather than a conquering nation.

The record shows that on the 4th of May. 1899. President Schurman of the commis sion notified Secretary Hay of a cessation of hostilities in order to get a vote from the insurgent Congress in favor of auwhich Secretary Hay replied as

"You are authorized to propose that under the military power of the President, pending the action of Congress, the government of the Philippines shall consist of a Governor General, appointed by the Presia Governor General, appointed by the Presi-dent; a Cabinot appointed by the Governor General, a general Advisory Council, elected by the people, the qualifications of electors to be carefully considered and de-termined, and the Governor General to have an absolute veto."

CARTERVILLE MINERS FREE.

Nolle Prosequis Entered in the Four Remaining Cases.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Vienna, Ill., March 5.-Circuit Court convened at 9 o'clock this morning, and the nine defendants-Robert Hadfield, Wesley Shadowens, Lem Shadowens, Charles Shadowens, Mathew Walker, Elmer James, Willis Kearney, John Wallace and William Kelley-were brought into court for the last time on the charges of killing the five negroes-T. J. Floyd, Sim Cummins, Huse Bradley, Moses Brandon and John Blackin the streets of Carterville September 17 last. Six weeks of time has been consumed in hearing the case wherein they were charged with the killing of Floyd, the jury

in hearing the case wherein they were charged with the killing of Floyd, the jury finding them not guilty.

State Attorney Fowler of Williamson County to-day entered a noile prosequi in the four remaining indictments and the prisoners left the courthouse free men.

Before the adjournment of court, Judge Vickers said that, in view of the fact that this was probably the most remarkable case in the history of Illinois, a few remarks would not be inappropriate. He told the deferdants that they were free; they could now go to their homes; and he admonished them and their friends to return home and forget any bitterness and animosity that had been engendered during the trial, and to cherish no feelings of hatred or mailce against any witness, officer or counsel connected with the trial. He said that remarks made to the defendants were equally applicable to those connected with the prosecution. He said further that he hoped a spirit of mutual forbearance would prevail, and that law, order, peace and tranquillity would prevail in Carterville. After court adjourned, a general hand-shaking followed in the courtroom among the prisoners, their friends and counsel on both sides of the case.

The defendants left this morning for their homes.

Moss-Hammond. REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Bedaila, Mo., March 5.—Mr. Francis Jesse Moss and Miss Harriet Lewellyn Hammond were married at noon to-day.

Pilot Grove, Mo., March 5.—Mr. Joseph tuckey and Miss Maggie Elichhern were sarried here to-day. REPUBLIC SPECIAL

NEUVA CACERES IS OCCUPIED BY BATES.

When the Expedition Lands.

LITTLE ARMED OPPOSITION.

Met With the Approval of the Ad- Tagalos Made a Stand at One Point and Lost 140 Men-General Wheer at San Fran-

Washington, March 5 .- General Otis has cabled the following account of recent op-

erations in Luzon: "Manila, March 5.-Bates, with two bat talions of the Fortieth and Forty-fifth regiments and detachments of artillery, engi-neers and signal corps, total 2,300 men. landed troops on the southeast, northwest and southern coasts of San Miguel Bay. Camarines Province, to move on Nueva, Caceres, in three columns. The only strong epposition was encountered by Godwin and the battalion of his regiment at Libmanana, in the west of Neuva Caceres, Godwin's loss was Adjutant Galleher, died of wounds, three enlisted men severely and five slight ly wounded. The enemy left sixty-four dead on the field and many wounded, who were cared for by our medical officers. Godwin captured a number of armed insurgents, eighteen Spanish prisoners, thirty rifles and considerable ammunition and prop-

Bishop Galleher of Louisville. He was ence on the reportorial staff of the New Orleans Times-Democrat. Later he studied law and practiced in Louisville. He ahandoned his profession at the outbreak of the war with Spain. He was 30 years old. His brother, Paul, is a Captain in the Thirty-first Infan-try, now in the Philippines.

INSURGENTS' HEAVY LOSS. Manila, March 5, 4:45 p. m.—Jeneral Bates's expedition to Southern Luzon, consisting of the Fortieth and Forty-fifth regiments, a total of 2,390 men, has occupied Nueva Caceres, Province of South Camar-ines; Daet, Province of North Camarines, and the neighboring smaller towns. The enemy resisted at one point and two Amer-icans were killed, including Lieutenant John B. Galleher of the Fortieth Regiment. On February 20 the expedition arrived at San Miguel Bay, landed, and in three col-umns immediately pushed inland, conver-ging upon Nueva Caceres, and attempting to control the enemy's routes of retreat. At Libmanana, north of Nueva Caceres, the enemy was concessed in the rice dele-

the enemy was concealed in the rice field and resisted a battalion of the Fortleth Regiment, which engaged them at close quarters with bayonets. After forty min-utes fighting the enemy fied and Libmanana was occupied. The Americans buried sixty-four of the

wounded is estimated at 140. resident's instructions to the Phil-commission of January 29, 1899, are full. The President wrote:

From Libmanana, the expedition proceed-ed to Nueva Cacerea, the gunboat Paraguay arriving ten minutes ahead of the troops. The town was found practically deserted. The Americans, daily scouting in the vicinty, report that the enemy has retreated

to the mountains. The insurgents around Legaspi and Albay. Province of South Camarines are harng the Americans nightly. Foreigners ships in the harbor or in the American

SICK SOLDIERS BROUGHT HOME. States transport Grant arrived to-day twenty-seven days from Manila. The Grant brought 201 sick soldiers, sixty-seven discharged men and twenty-seven cabin pas-

sengers. Six deaths occurred during the voyage. Short stops were made at Nagasaki and Kobe. The soldlers who died on the voyage were Sergeant John Swarts, Privates Edward Klernan, A. Schwanberger, Morton Nelson, John R. McKee and Albert Kleinschmidt The United States transport Warren also arrived to-day from Manila, via Hong-Kong, Guam and Honolulu. On board the Warren are General Wheeler and his daughter, Lieutenant Commander Briggs, United States Navy, Captain Johnson,

United States Volunteers, and several pas-Tre Warren made a stop of ten days at Guam to permit General Wheeler to make an investigation of the Government established there by Lieutenant Leary. The Warren brings the news from Honolulu that of the three suspected cases of plague re-ported on February 20, one proved to be genuine plague, and when the Warren left Honolulu the authorities were of the opinion that the plague had about died out, though every precaution was being taken to

confine any fresh outbreaks.

The Warren was ordered to quarantine, but may be released to-night or to-mor-

DEAN WORCESTER HERE. Member of the Present Philippine

Commission.

Dean C. Worcester of Ann Arbor, Mich., professor of international law at the University of Michigan, is registered at the Planters Hotel.

Mr. Worcester was a member of the old Philippine Commission, with George Dewey and Jacob Schurman, the president of Cornell College. He is also a member of the present Philippine Commission. He has spent four years in the islands, and is thoroughly familiar with the characteristics of the people, and well qualified to talk of them and the conditions in the Islands. Mr. Worcester will lecture this evening at Memorial Hall, under the auspices of the Washinston University Association, on the "Wild People of the Philippines." To-morrow night his subject will be the "Civilized People of the Philippines." Mr. Worcester said that if he had been asked four years ago if the United States should take the Philippines, he would have replied in the negative. Now he thinks that it is the duty of the United States to govern the people, as they are not capable of governing themselves. Philippine Commission, with George Dewey

seives.

Just before the trouble broke out in the Philippines Mr. Worcester published a book about the islands and the people, which attracted attention to him, and, it is said, caused him to be appointed on the Philippine Commission.

FRED PAQUETTE HELD.

On a Charge of Counterfeiting Silver Coins.

Fred Paquette, who was arrested in a saloon at Sixth street and Clark avenue, February M, by United States Deputy Marshal Brennan, on a charge of manufacturing counterfeit silver coins, was given ing counterest sliver coins, was given a prellminary hearing yesterday morning before United States Commissioner Gray. He was held in the sum of 2.00.
Colonel John E. Murphy, chief of the United States Secret Service Department in this city, captured in Paquette's possession a number of molds used in making coins of the denomination of \$1 and 50 cents.



LAWRENCE C, KELLY.

The married May K. Lewis to prevent her mother from taking her to New York.

Who eloped to Clayton with Lawrence C. Kelly.

JOSEPH P. FEIN SEEKS TO RECOVER HIS CHILD.

INSTITUTES HABEAS CORPUS PROCEEDINGS.

Grandmother Declares Little Josie Declares All That Is Said of Its Was Given to Her at Her Mother's Dying Request.

Pretty 6-year-old Josie Feln, who lives



MISS JOSIE FEIN. Whose father and grandmother are ject of the concerns." fighting for her possession.

illness and after the funeral brought the little girl home with her. She lives with her married daughter, Mrs. George Hender-

daughter lived and the greatest secrecy was observed in the filling of the petition. Attorney Peers, who had charge of the case, explained that his client feared that the child would be secreted if the defend-ants found that he was in the city. After-wards Fein most emphatically refused to discuss the case or any one of the facts leading up to the suit, even answering San Francisco, Cal., March &-The United ants found that he was in the city. Afterquestions as to his occupation in Kausses City and the time of his wife's death with a shake of his head, which his attorney interpreted to mean that he did not wish to

> Mrs. Bauman, who is co-defendant with that the child had been given to her at the dying request of Mrs. Fein. After she reached St. Louis, Fein sent the child's clothing to Mrs. Hauman, with a letter asking her to take good care of the little girl. Friday she received another letter from Fein, saying that he would be in St. Louis about April 2. She was utterly at a loss to account for the suit, saying that Fein had never intimated that he wanted possession of the child, either in his letters or con-

of the child, either in his letters or conversation.

Mrs. Henderson was seen at the office of the Union Casualty Company, where both she and her husband are employed. She expressed the greatest surprise when told of the suit. She stated that she had offered to take the best possible care of the child and give her a home where she could be always with her grandmother; that Feln had agreed that this course was advisable and that he had never surgested that any other arrangement would be agreeable. She was not at Kansas City when Mrs. Feln died, but had written at once, asking that Josie he sent to St. Louis with Mrs. Bauman. Both Mrs. Bauman and Mrs. Henderson asserted that they would use every legal means to retain possession of the child. They said that there would be no trouble to bring withesses to prove that he had renounced all claim to the girl.

MISMANAGEMENT CHARGED.

Court Asked to Take Charge of the American Mining Company.

Chicago, March &-The Circuit Court has been asked to assume jurisdiction over the affairs of the American Mining Company and order an accounting from the officers and directors. The petition was filed here to-day in the name of the company and charges the officers with mismanagement and refusal to account for their nets. The property of the company is located in Gilproperty of the company is located in On-pin County, Colo. The defendants to the action are E. C. Waish, E. Marshal Stead-man, Josiah Stedman and Charles Ripley. The transfer of a large share of the Lone Jack Mining Company stocks and an issue of bonds of the American Mining Company are involved.

Washington Sleeper leaves St Lenis daily via Vandalia-Pennsylvania train No. 29, at \$354 a. m. Brunot Estate Sued.

Brenot Estate Sued.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Pana, Ill., March 5.—J. A. Marshall of Terre Haute has filed charges in the Christian County Circuit Court against the Brunot estate for \$1.500. He claims that he indorsed a note to that amount for Henry Prunot, who is serving a life sentence in the Chester Penitentiary for the confessed murder of his aunt, Jane Brunot.

Skuyler Greer a Suicide.

ENGINEER THURMAN ON POWERS OF LIQUID AIR.

DOUBTS PRACTICABILITY OF THE ENERGY.

Force Is Not True-A Hint to Enthusiasts.

"Real and Imaginary Powers of Liquid Pretty 6-year-old Josie Feln, who lives "Theal and Imaginary Powers of Liquid with her grandmother, Mrs. Augusta Bauth of ther column not reported; Neway Caceres was found practically deserted; inhabitants in mountains. Troops are now covering important points in the Provinces of Camarines Albay and Sorsogon. The navy rendered most valuable aid in landing troops and supplies."

Lieutenant John Barber Galleber was born in Frankfort, Ky., in 1874, and served in the Puerto Rican campaign as First Lieutenant and Adjutant of the First Kentucky Volunteers, He was appointed First Lieutenant of the Fortieth Volunteers and served with his regiment in the Philippines from December last up to the time of his death, Lieutenant Galleber was as son of the late Bishop Galleber of Louisville. He was once on the reportorial staff of the New Orleans with her grandmother, Mrs. Augusta Bau- Air" was the subject of an interesting pais 14.7 pounds, or, in round numbers, fifteen pounds to the square inch. But the com-

The ordinary pressure of the atmosphere rounds to the square inch. But the comtressed air that is allowed to escape has
a very high pressure. In the Tripler system it is said to be compressed up to 2,000
pounds per aguare inch. It is evident,
therefore, that the work done bears a very
small proportion to the possible work-less,
in fact, than I per cent, and as the cooling
effect depends upon the quantity of work
performed the economical efficiency of a
system in which to per cent of the energy
goes to waste cannot possibly altract attention as a commercial success. From a
scientific point of view the system is simple scientific point of view the system is simple and efficacious, but when the question is one of competition in the industrial world with other forms of stored energy it will require a higher efficiency than I per cent in order to achieve success in the commer-cial world.

weight and if used to reduce temperature to 60 degrees has a total theoretical cool-ing power of about 60 units. It therefore would not lower the temperature of a house full of air by even 2 degrees; and if we consider that air in a house is being con-tinually changed, the effect of a single quart of liquid air gradually evaporated would be altogether inappreciable.

would be altogether inappreciable. "Liquid air apparently furnishes as many chances for the stock schemer as salted miner. As the money to be made out of a guillible public in mining shares is, in these days small in volume, the mine promoter turns to liquid air because the public is interested and ignorant of its possibilities. A few months ago 1 sat in the office of a liquid-air lareker in New York when the mail was delivered, and nearly every letter broken onen contained a check to purchase

few months ago i sat in the office of a liquid-air broker in New York when the mail was delivered, and nearly every letter broken open contained a check to purchase stock in one of the Eastern liquid-air companies. The broker gave me a twinkle of his eye, saying that the money might as well be thrown into the sea.

"I want to state that while the possibilities of liquid air are yet uncertain, I am aware that certain facts have been ascertained and that laudable efforts are being made to establish the use of liquid air on a commercial scale, but the people who are doing this are working quietly and those who are parading themselves in the public view belong to an altogether different class. As a rule, they are of that class that needs watching and are best let alone.

"I exceedingly regret that I am unable to exhibit a sample of liquid air to those present, owing to serious loss from evaporation. Should I order a ten-gallon can filled to the brim to be shipped from New York to me here in St. Louis there would be none of it left when it reached Cincinnat!

"As a motive power liquid air is hardly worth considering at the present time. I have seen many things done with liquid air, but never anything accomplished with it that the public would consider of practical vaine. At the present time it is only produced in quantities sufficiently large to experiment with, and this has only been accomplished during the last three years. "There is nothing wonderful in liquid air, adequately heated, expanding 800 times its volume in reaching atmospheric pressure, increases about 1.700 times in volume. Liquid air evaporates so rapidly that its explosive qualities are reduced 69 per cent in fifteen minures. It would have to be manufactured on the ground to be used for this purpose. As an explosive and for surgical work, liquid air has possibilities, and on each of these times we may expect more satisfactory results in the future; but as a motive power it is absolutely worthless. "Liquid air at present has no practical in its infan

GILMORE CASE BEGUN.

Selecting a Jury to Try Maude Miller and May Salzer.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

SHOT THE OFFICER WHO HALTED THEM.

Patrolman Meagher Dangerously Wounded by One of Two Men He Was Searching.

RAN AND WERE CAPTURED.

Plucky Policeman Pursued Them -Ed Sullivan, Who Did the Shooting, Wanted in East St. Louis.

Patrolman Thomas Meagher of the Central Police District was shot and dangerourly wounded at Fourth and Olive streets about 3 o'clock last night by Ed Sullivan one of two men whom he had halted and was searching as suspicious characters. After the shooting the men ran east on Olive street and a short distance north on Third street, where they were captured, after showing fight, by Officer Thomas Degman, also of the Central District, assisted by Private Watchman Frank McTigue.

The two men were aken to the substation at Second and Chestnut streets, where they gave their names and addresses as Ed Sullivan, No. 814 Pickett street, East St. Louis, and Harry Davis of Toronto, Canada. Davis said he had been in the city only two months. He is 21 years old, Sullivan is one year older.

The two men were walking south on the east side of Fourth street, north of Olive street, when Meagher first noticed them. After watching them for a few seconds, he

hand.
Officer Degnan, with Watehman McTigue,
was walking up Locust street from Second
when he heard the shots, and began running in the direction from which the sound

After he had seen the prisoners safely in the patrol wagon he was assisted to No. 2's Engine-house, near the corner, and all there until an ambulance came, Re-

nized Sullivan at once, but was in doubt as to Davis.

Within four minutes from the time of the shooting, the men had been captured, and there were on the scene no less than nine policemen, who closed in from all directions toward the spot from whence the reports emanated, thus making it quite impossible for the perpetrators of the crime to have escaped. to have escaped.
Sullivan and Lavis are charged with assault to kill, and will be held to await the result of the officer's wound. Meagher has been on the force five years and has an excellent record. He is not a large man and is rather slender, but, as last night's occurrence protes, he is unusually cour-

ageous. RELIGIOUS CENSUS.

Church Preferences of Dallas Citizens to Be Enumerated.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL Dullas, Tex., March 6.-The Dollas Pastors' Association, composed exclusively of Protestant ministers, arranged to-day to take a religious census of Dallas and its

take a religious census of Dallas and its suburbs on April IS. Preference for some particular church denomination is one of the Items of information desired from the persons enumerated.

One supervisor for every one hundred communicants or fraction of fifty or over has been provided to conduct the census work. An Executive Committee, composed of four pastors and laymen, was created, as follows: Pastors-Riggs, Truett, Horton and Beggs, Laymen-Judge Anson Rainey, Judge Richard Morgan, Mr. E. M. Powell, Mr. R. M. Burgher and Charles D. Fine. Each church represented in the Pastors' Association is assessed to help in defraying the expense of taking the census.

JOHN R. MILES KILLED.

Mother Became Temporarily Insane When She Heard the News.

Sedalia, Mo., March 5 - John R, Miles, son of John R. Miles of this city, who was a brakeman on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Raffroad, was killed this morning near Clifton City. He was riding on the pilot of the engine preparatory to throwing a switch for the train to take a siding when he fell under the wheels and the entire train passed over his body, mangling it almost beyond recognition.

The news of her son's death was broken to her by Doctor W. H. Evans. The mother became temporarily insane, and, after assaulting the physician, ran screaming through the streets. Mrs. Miles was returned to her bome, and is in a precarious condition. near Clifton City. He was riding on the

LOCAL FLOOD EXPECTED.

ingly Swollen.

creeks were all on the rampage last night. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Grayville, Ill., March 5.—Skuyler Greer, a single man, aged about 30 years, committed suicide last night by shooting himself through the head. He was in the last stages of consumption.

To Attend Pure Food Congress.

Ex-Congressman John M. Pearson left Alton for Washington yesterday to attend the National Pure Food and Drug Congress, which will convene Wednesday noon. Congressman Pearson is one of the ten deleighted for the murder of the morning and the women were indicated for killing him by poison gressman Pearson is one of the ten deleighted for killing him by poison gressman Pearson is one of the ten deleight was held in the circuit Court to the danger line, and within a few feet of the railroad bridges. By morning, if the volume of water keeps increasing during the night as fast as it did during yesterday at their house in the suburbs of the city site of the railroad bridges. By morning, if the volume of water keeps increasing during the night as fast as it did during yesterday afternoon, it was expected that these strains would be out of their banks. The rain which preceded the heavy snow for were indicated for killing him by poison in whisky. The challenges will be made to water, and old residents of the county predict local floods.



"ESPECIALLY

THIA WATER of Virginia,"

For Albuminuria Bright's Disease,

Samuel O. L. Potter, A.M., M.D., M.R.C.P., London, Professor of the Principles and Practice of Medicine in the College of Physicians and Surgeons, San Francisco, a recognized authority wherever medical science is known, in his handbook of Pharmacy, Materia Medica and Therapeutics, under head of ALBUMINURIA, page 600, 7th edition, in the citation of reme-"BUFFALO LITHIA WATER of Virginia is highly dies, says: "BUFFALO LITHIA WATER recommended." Under head of CHRONIC BRIGHT'S DISEASE, page 601, same edition, in

the citation of remedies, he says: "Mineral Waters, SPECIALLY THE BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

of Virginia, which has many advocates." Dr. Alfred L. Loomis, Professor of Pathology and Practical Medicine in

the Medical Department of the University of New York: "Thave BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in the treatment of Chro-used BUFFALO LITHIA WATER in the treatment of Chro-used Bright's Disease of the Kidneys, occurring in Gouty and Rheumatic subjects with marked benefit."

"A Veritable Antidote."

Dr. William H. Drummond, Professor of Medical Jurisprudence, Bishop's University, Montreal, Canada: "In the Acute and Chronic Nephritis BRIGHT'S DISEASE), of Gouty and Rheumatic Origin, as well as in the graver Albuminuria BUFFALO LITHIA WATER to act of Pregnancy, I have found BUFFALO LITHIA WATER VERITABLE ANTIDOTE, and I know of NO OTHER NATURAL AGENT POSSESSING THIS IMPORTANT QUALITY."

Dr. E. C. Laird, Resident Physician, Hot Springs, N. C.

"Bright's Disease in every BUFFALO LITHIA WATER. In stage and form is benefited by BUFFALO LITHIA WATER. many cases large amounts of albumen, epithelium, hyaline and granular casts entirely disappear from the urine under its action, while in those whose kidneys are too far gone to hope for permanent benefit, all those distressing symptoms are ameliorated in an astonishing degree. In Albuminuria of Pregnancy I know of no remedy at all comparable to this water."

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is for sale by Grocers and Druggists generally.

Testimonials which defy all imputation or questions set) any address. PROPRIETOR, BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIBGINIA,

ALASKAN BOUNDARY DISPUTE.

Sir Charles Tupper Says Canada

Will Get the Worst of It. New York, March 5 .- A special to the Evening Post from Boston says: "Sir Charles Tupper, ex-Premier of Canada, who and offinious, but when the question is one of competition in the industrial worsh of one of competition in the industrial worsh with other forms of stored energy it will require a higher efficiency than 1 per cent in order to achieve success in the counter of achieve success in the counter of achieve success in the counter of the worsh of the period of the period

MYSTERIOUS ROBBERY.

Burglars Had the Key and Combination.

Ottumwa, In., March 5.- The town of Farmington was thrown into great excitement this morning, when Cashier Barry Wier opened the vaults of the Farmers' Wier opened the vanits of the Farmers' Bank and found the interior had been rified of a large portion of its contents. It is a mystery how it could have been possible for robbers to get into the vault, as the lock showed no indication of having been tampered with, and the single door to the bank was locked as usual. It was claimed that nearly \$17,000 was secured by the robbers, but the bank officials say not over \$1,700 was stolen.

SENATOR DIVORCED.

Mrs. Wolcott Secured a Decree-No Defense Made.

Denver, Colo., March 5.-Before Judge Allen of the District Court, Mrs. Frances M. Wolcott was to-day granted an absothe divorce from Senator Edward O. Wol-cott on the ground of desertion.

The complaint was not filed until to-day.
Senator Wolcott was not present, and no evidence was introduced for the defense.

Texas Supreme Court.

Texas Supreme Court.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Austin, Tex., March 5.—The following were the proceedings in the Supreme Court to-day:

Affirmed—Lien Five Insurance Company vs. W. D. Wicker, from Clay.

Insurance Company of North America et al. vs. W. D. Wicker et al., from Clay.

Reversed and remained for plaintiff in error—American Prevented Lendon vs. Vehicle et al., from Clay.

Judgment of Court of Civil Appenis reversed and Judgment of the District Court affirmed—John T. Garrett et al. vs. Sam Robinson, from Rissh. John T. Garrett et ar te course vous August Huish.
Reversed and dismissed—George W. Mansel et al. vs. T. F. Castles, from Brazos.
Reset for Monday, March 19—Missourt, Kansas and Texas Railway Company of Texas vs. Anton Hancock, from Fayetts.

Doctor Metert Home Again.

Doctor H. L. Nietert, Superintendent of the City Hospital, returned last night from New Orleans and a tour of the Southern States. He was away on a two weeks' value he took in the car-New Orleans and a four of the Southern States. He was away on a two weeks' va-cation, during which he took in the car-nival of Mardi Gras, in the Crescent City. He was not expected until to-night, and sprung a surprise on the physicians of the hospital by walking in twenty-four hours ahead of time. The Doctor is in splendid health and says that he has derived great benefit from his rest.

Found a Check.

Foster Scott, a negro, who lives in the neighborhood of Ninth and Gratiot streets. Foster Scott, a negro, who hves in the neighborhood of Ninth and Gratiot streets, yesterday found a check drawn by the Chicago Live Stock Company and made payable to A. M. Houckins for \$891.50. The negro made no attempt to cash the check and said that he would surrender it to the police.

WYIGHT COMMITY Convention.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL

Hartville, Mo., March 5.—The Democratic Cenetral Committee of Wright County to-day named June 9 as the time and Hartville as the place for the county mass-meeting to select delegates to the State Convention.

GASOLINE STOVE EXPLODED. Policeman Rescued Mrs. Valtig Windows Shattered.

The fixtures of the saloon at Boyle and Manchester avenues, the place of business and residence of William Vaitin, were blown

Decision Against an Injured Minet Affirmed.

An opinion was handed down yesterday in the United States Circuit Court of Appeals for the Eighth Circuit, in the case of Patrick Brown, plaintiff in error, against Theopholis King and others, doing business under the firm name of the Cook Mining Company, in Arapahoe County, Colorado, Brown was injured by the premature explosion of a shot in the mines of the defendants on July 7, 1898. He sued the company in the United States Circuit Court for the District of Colorado to recover 25,695 for damages alieged to have been sustained. A demurrer to the original petition was entered in the lower court, and sustained. From this ruling an appeal was taken to the Court of Appeals.

The case was arrued there before Circuit Judges Thayer and Caldwell and District Judge Rogers. The opinion of the Appellate Court affirmed the decision of the lower court. Judge Rogers delivered the opinion of the court. Brown was injured by the premature ex-

DUE TO THE BLIZZARD.

Two Deaths by Blood Poisoning From Frost Bites.

There were two deaths at the City Howital resulting from frost bites sustained during the blizzard last week. The victims were Peter Grunfelder, a resident of St. Louis County, and George Hubert, who gave his address as Seventh and Gratiot streets. Both men have been in the hospital several days. Every thing possible was done to save their lives, but without success.

GESS.
Gruenfelder was overcome by the cold while on his way to St. Louis in search of work. Hubert, when he arrived at the hospital, said he had lost his way and wandered about the streets nearly a whole night. His shoes were in a bad condition. dered about the streets nearly a night. His shoes were in a bad con and his feet became frostbitten. Ga-set in, and death resulted from

Boy Swallows a Button. Ray Stamm, 6 years old, son of Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Stamm of No. 338 Misouri avenue, yesterday afternoon pulled a button off his coat and swallowed it. He was treated by Doctor Edward Eyerman at the South Side Dispensary and sent home. The physician said that Stamm's injury was slight.

Great reduction sale of fine quadruple silver plated tea sets at Mermod & Ja-

card's, Broadway and Locust. Wright County Convention.

Baby's Voice is the joy of the nousehold, for without it no happiness can be complete. The ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is is the joy of the nousehold, for withtant mother must pass, however, is so full of danger and suffering that

value to all women will be sent free to any address by Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

she looks forward to it with indescribable fear. Every woman should know that the danger, pain and horror of child-hirth can be entirely avoided by the use of "MOTHER'S FRIEND," a scientific liniment. By its aid thousands of women have passed this great crisis in perfect safety and without pain. Our book of priceless

