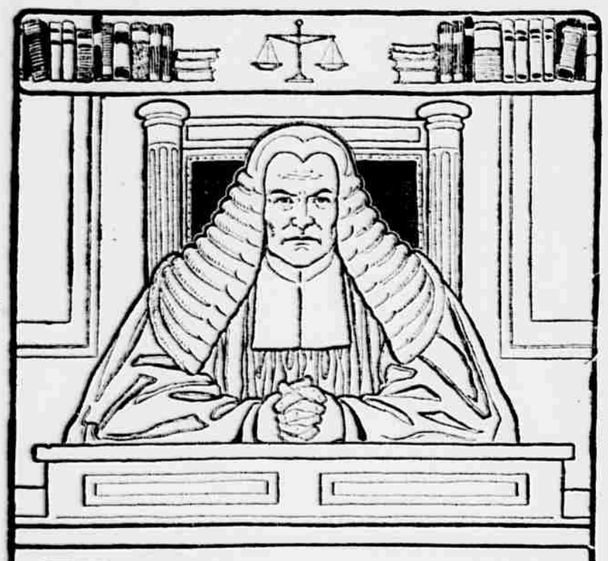

A GOOD judge must have both experience and learning. A housekeeper should be a good judge for she too must have experience and learning or she may think that the soaps made to look like Ivory Soap are just as good. With experience she will know that they lack the remarkable qualities of the genuine. Ivory Soap—99 44/100 per cent. pure.

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Such low-priced Silk-selling as you'll see at Barr's this week only occurs at long intervals. Every department is wide awake for business. Come early and often to Barr's this week.

PROSPERITY IN MEXICO.

Great Increase in the Federal Revenue Receipts.

City of Mexico, April 22.—Statistics showing great gains in Mexican trade and revenues have been published. In fifteen years the gold value of imports has risen from $23,250,000 annually to $51,000,000. The exports, which are reckoned on a silver basis, however, have risen from $46,750,000 to $148,000,000. The stamp revenues increased from $4,774,000 to $23,250,000. The total Federal revenue has risen from $37,621,000 to $90,275,000. The number of pieces of postal matter has increased from $10,400,000 to $111,452,000.

The Federal telegraph lines fifteen years ago were 23,293 kilometers in extent and now number 70,103 kilometers. The railway lines have increased from a total extent of 9,998 kilometers to 12,701 and the construction of new lines is actively progressing. The number of ships and steamers entering Federal ports has increased from 1,689 to 6,900. The number of railroad passengers annual paid has risen from 2,075,000 to 3,000,000. The Treasury Department now meets every bill as soon as due and the revenues are steadily increasing.

Specimens of platinum of excellent quality have been received here from the placer mines in Sonora. Large copper deposits have been found near the city of Oaxaca. English capitalists are buying the copper mines.

The rumored sale of the Cecil Rhodes group of mines in Zacualpam district is denied by the London bank.

Boston parties are looking over the field for the introduction of shoe manufacturing on the American plan and establishing tanneries. They estimate that there is a domestic sale here of 15,000,000 pairs of shoes annually.

President Diaz has been invited to go to Puebla on the 5th of May to dedicate the monument erected to the memory of the French and Mexican soldiers who fell at the battle of Puebla.

Congressman Brewer From Alabama

Writes from Hayneville, Ala.: "I have used one bottle of Pe-ru-na for lassitude, and I take pleasure in recommending it to those who need a good remedy. As a tonic it is excellent. In the short time I have used it it has done me a great deal of good.

"Willis Brewer."

Cuban Custom Receipts.

Washington, April 22.—The division of customs and insular affairs of the War Department made public to-day the statement that the total receipts of the Cuban treasury for the month of March, 1900, were $1,678,669.

The receipts named are divided as follows:

Customs, $1,472,999; postal receipts, $13,729; internal revenue receipts, $94,350; miscellaneous receipts, $97,619.

The receipts for the corresponding month of 1899 amounted to $963,033.

SPECIALTIES.

LOUIS C. BOHLE LIVERY CO.
Undertakers and Embalmers.
Carriages....$3.00 | Hearses.....$6.00
Black Cloth Caskets, First-Class Goods, $40 and Upwards.
GLOBE STABLE, 1122 CHESTNUT ST.
TELEPHONE, MAIN 817.

DEATHS.

BACON—The remains of Julia Ann Bacon, widow of Henry D. Bacon, late of Oakland, Cal., will be interred in family vault in Bellefontaine Cemetery this morning, April 23, at 11 o'clock. Friends are invited to be present.

CROCKER—Suddenly, at Brooklyn, N. Y., April 19, James Weller, beloved son of Elizabeth R. and the late James Crocker.

CASEY—Sunday, April 22, 1900, at 1:40 a. m., William J. Casey, aged 23 years, the beloved son of John Casey.

Funeral private, from residence, No. 2918 Lafayette avenue, on Tuesday, April 24, at 8:30 a. m., to St. Malachy's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Please omit flowers.

DUFFY—Sunday, April 22, 1900, at 1 p. m., Jennie J. Duffy.

Funeral from the residence of her niece, Mrs. N. E. Connell, No. 3634 Garfield avenue, Tuesday, April 24, at 9:30 a. m., to St. Teresa's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

HORMBERG—Sunday, April 22, 1900, at 11 p. m., Emily Hormberg (nee Woeltge), beloved wife of William Hormberg, aged 31 years.

Funeral Wednesday at 2 p. m., from family residence, No. 2243 Dodier street.

KIELY—Sunday, April 22, 1900, at 1:40 a. m., David, beloved son of Mary and the late Thomas Kiely.

Funeral from the family residence, No. 2735 Lucky street, on Tuesday, April 24, at 8:30 a. m., to St. Teresa's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

LANG—Sunday, April 22, 1900, at 6:10 p. m., Christopher Lang, beloved father of Anna and Christopher Lang, Jr., at the age of 63 years 8 months.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 1319 North Eighth, Tuesday, April 24, at 2 p. m., to St. Joseph's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends invited to attend.

McNAMARA—April 22, at 11:12 a. m., Bridget McNamara, mother of Patrick and the late James McNamara and sister of Mrs. Martin Quailey, Mrs. Mary Murphy and the late Patrick Nugent, aged 61 years.

Her funeral will take place from the residence of Mrs. Martin Quailey, 2715 North Broadway, on Tuesday, April 24, at 2 p. m., to St. Michael's Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends are invited to attend.

RUESING—April 22, 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., Caroline, beloved wife of Joseph Ruesing, Sr. (nee Hausdorf), and mother of Louis W. and Louisa Hummer, aged 62 years.

Funeral from residence, No. 2135 Gratiot street, Tuesday, April 24, at 2:30 p. m., to St. Marcus Cemetery. Relatives and friends invited.

STOCKE—Entered into rest, April 16, 1900, at 4 o'clock p. m., Lulu Stocke, dearly beloved wife of Jacob Stocke, Jr., and only child of Mr. and Mrs. Herman Stoffregen, after a short illness, in her twenty-fifth year, at Guadalajara, Mexico.

WOODCOCK—Sunday, April 22, 1900, Ida Belle Woodcock (nee Timberlinke), beloved wife of Albert S. Woodcock.

Funeral from St. Paul's Episcopal Church, Carondelet, Monday, April 23, at 2 o'clock p. m.

CAPE NOME WEATHER SEVEREST YET KNOWN.

ALASKAN MINERS TELL OF TERRIBLE SUFFERING.

Men Wrapped in Fur Robes Were Frost Bitten and Native Dogs Frozen.

Seattle, Wash., April 22.—Special advices brought from Cape Nome by passengers on the steamer Cottage City contain the following:

Peter Barnard arrived at Nome Christmas Day after a futile attempt to cross the straits to the Siberian coast. He says the weather was so cold that a party of six men in that part of the country were frost bitten while rolled in fur robes and that scores of Alaskan dogs were frozen to death.

The fuel supply at Nome, up to January 24 was a most serious problem and many had much trouble in getting enough to last them from day to day.

Wood piled up on the beach was frequently stolen, and the owners stood guard over their fuel with rifles. Wood was bringing $40 a cord and $125 to $150 a ton was asked for coal.

T. D. McDermott reports finding a quartz lodge on Basin Creek, twelve miles from Nome, that assayed $250 a ton. A prospector for the Alaska Commercial Company is reported to have got 15 cents to the pan on Golovin Bay. A rich copper strike is reported in the Port Clarence District. A. Gordon and E. G. Stanley report getting $18 to the shovelful of sand on a bar 100 feet from the shore seven miles west of Nome. Captain Crain is working the beach sands with a steam thawing plant, and is said to be getting good results.

The body of a man, supposed to be Leonard Gulliard, a French-Canadian, was found on the beach at Cape York, S. E. Gilbert, who went to Nome last summer, has mysteriously disappeared.

IN THE CITY.

SICK AND DESTITUTE—Mrs. Lena Nier of No. 3750 South Broadway is reported by the police to be sick and in destitute circumstances. Her 5-year-old daughter, Mary, is also sick.

CURTAIN CAUGHT FIRE—Fire yesterday damaged E. H. Semple's residence at No. 4411 Westminster place to the extent of $200. The fire was caused by a lace curtain coming in contact with a lighted gas jet. The loss is covered by insurance.

RUNAWAY TEXAS YOUTH—William Catrick, 8 years old, son of Thomas E. Catrick of Beaumont, Tex., was arrested by the St. Louis police yesterday, and will be returned to his Texas home. The boy admits that he ran away from home several weeks ago.

ZOUAVES' ENTERTAINMENT—The Emerald Zouaves will give an entertainment and hop on the evening of Monday, May 2. A good programme has been gotten up by the Entertainment Committee. A deaf and dumb lightning drill and minstrel show will be the chief feature.

SHOT AT HIS PORTER—Louis Donnerberg, the proprietor of a saloon at No. 2900 Walnut street, shot three times yesterday afternoon at his negro porter, Harry Hall, who lives at No. 2439 Chestnut street, but none of the shots took effect. Donnerberg declared that Hall assaulted him with a chair. No arrests were made.

IDENTIFIED BY WOUNDED MAN—William Renick of no certain place of abode was arrested at Third and Plum streets yesterday afternoon by Officers Dilors and Curtin. He is charged with seriously stabbing George Ebert of No. 215 South Second street. Renick was identified by Ebert, who is at the City Hospital. The prisoner denies his guilt.

IMPALED ON A POST—A valuable horse owned by Charles Will of No. 7828 South Broadway was impaled on an iron hitching post yesterday afternoon in front of the Nelson Morris Packing Company, No. 6800 South Broadway. The horse was tied to the post and became frightened at a passing car. The animal reared up and fell on the post, which passed entirely through its body. The horse was valued at $100.

ACCIDENTAL WOUND FATAL—Ralph English of Howe, I. T., died from the effect of a bullet wound at St. Mary's Hospital last night. He was brought to that institution from the Territory about a week ago and explained to the physicians there that the wound was inflicted accidentally. He said that he was sitting on a log in a lake near Howe fishing when he lost his balance and fell over backward. A revolver dropped from his pocket and exploded. The bullet entered his abdomen. English formerly lived at Virden, Ill., and was en route home when he arrived in St. Louis.

GOT A POSITION AND WIFE.

Elevator Man Married the Hotel Proprietress.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

San Francisco, Cal., April 22.—Three weeks ago Amos Mountford Jones, glad to accept any place that would give him a living, applied to Mrs. Mollie Tracy at the Hotel Lee-Palmer for a position, and was engaged to run the elevator.

To-day he is a half partner in the hotel, having married the widow-proprietress. It is said to have been a case of love at first sight. Mrs. Tracy-Jones at one time was proprietress of the Palmer-Lee Hotel. She disposed of this to take charge of the Lee-Palmer. She is the owner of the Trocadero, a resort near Ingleside, and has several pieces of property in the interior of the State.

Jones's relatives live in Minneapolis. He was a member of Company F of the First California Regiment during the campaign in the Philippines and was out of a job on getting back from there.

MISSIONARIES IN NEW YORK PULPITS.

Pioneers of Christianity Tell of Their Work Among Heathen Races and Savage Tribes.

BIBLE IS INVADING INDIA.

Christ's Word Carried Successfully to the Idol Worshipers of the Flowery Kingdom—Many Conversions.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, April 22.—Patriarchs with snow white beards and hair, pioneers in missionary work among cannibals, indomitable men, who, in order to spread the gospel, have learned the tongue of nearly every heathen race and savage tribe on the face of the globe, occupied nearly 300 pulpits in Greater New York and near-by cities to-day.

All of them are here as delegates to the Ecumenical Conference, and their sermons and discourses, embodying their varied experiences, their discouragements and triumphs, formed collectively the most impressive and extraordinary story of foreign missionary work ever presented to the world.

Missionaries from all parts of China told of the conditions that confront them in the Flowery Kingdom, of the thousands of yellow men converted to the Christian faith and who have learned the advantages of Western civilization.

Sermons of Missionaries.

The Reverend Doctor Joseph King, the delegate from Australia, preached in the Fifth Avenue Presbyterian Church. He told of a trip he made through British New Guinea three years ago, the early trials of missionaries, the remarkable progress made by the natives, and concluded with a strong plea for assistance for foreign missions generally.

Doctor King recounted the history of one of the earliest missions to British New Guinea, under the leadership of Doctor McFarland, and told how the bay that the party put into for water was named Treachery Bay, on account of the assassination of the sailors by the natives. He said the natives at Treachery Bay were now living quiet, peaceful lives. He also described a visit to Cario, one of the largest villages in the country, where eighteen years ago a boat load of missionaries, with their wives and children, were massacred. Now these natives, who formerly practiced cannibalism, are peaceful citizens.

The Reverend Doctor Jacob Chamberlain, the delegate to the conference from India, occupied the pulpit of the Marble Collegiate Church, Fifth avenue and Twenty-ninth street.

Doctor Chamberlain declared that the conversion of India to Christianity has long been regarded as improbable by many profound scholars. They pointed to the Hindoo system, the Brahmin priesthood, the endowed temples and the caste system, all vitally and intensely opposed to the spread of Christianity.

"The Hindoo system," Doctor Chamberlain proceeded, "is remarkably complex. Every act of life is a religious act. The very lives of Hindoos depend upon keeping up that system, and they will fight to the death to do it. 'Caste must go in India or Christianity cannot remain.' The religion of the people there has produced a peculiar trend of thought. But we make converts by teaching the Hindoos the gospel in their own vernacular."

Doctor Chamberlain read translations from tracts circulated by Brahmin priests in which it was admitted that Christianity is making great inroads among them.

Hudson Discusses China.

The pulpit of the West Presbyterian Church was filled by the Reverend J. Hudson Taylor, D. D., founder of the China Inland Mission. He said, in part:

"God has often placed me in positions in China where I had to put great trust in him. In fact, I had to trust him, for there was no one else to whom I could look for help, and he never failed me. I have been robbed in the interior of China of every cent I had, but I have never yet gone to bed hungry.

"Nearly a half century ago I formed the China Inland Mission and from the day of its inception to the present time we have never taken up a collection, but depended entirely upon God's word and promises, and we have never lacked for any good thing. Verily we have taken no thought of the morrow, but, like the children of Israel who gathered manna in the wilderness those who gathered most had no surplus and those who gathered least had no lack."

In the Adams chapel of the Union Theological Seminary the Reverend Doctor John G. Paton, a missionary to the New Hebrides, preached this afternoon. Owing to the many clergymen in town, admission was by card only, but even with that restriction the chapel was overcrowded.

Doctor Paton was formerly a minister of the Free Church in Glasgow, Scotland, but he has labored for more than forty years in the New Hebrides. He is a man of patriarchal appearance, with a snow-white, bushy hair and beard. He speaks after the manner of one accustomed to talking to the simple and uneducated. Doctor Paton gave a summary of the missionary work in the New Hebrides. In the early days many missionaries were killed by the savages, and when he went there the population was still almost wholly composed of cannibals. Now there are 18,000 who are classed as converts, and 2,500 full members of the church. There are still, said Doctor Paton, 40,000 cannibals in the Islands. He said:

"And those people really shame us in many so-called Christian lands by the fervency of their devotion. I do not believe there is a single church in this country that does not have family worship morning and night, not a single household where they do not thank God for every meal that is served. Do all the families in free and enlightened America do as much? I am afraid not."

Doctor Paton said that the most successful missionaries were, as a rule, those who had made the most thorough preparation before starting out. In the New Hebrides, he said, the Bible has been translated into twenty-two languages or dialects.

Work in British Columbia.

At the Church of the Heavenly Rest Bishop Ridley of British Columbia gave some account of his experiences during the last twenty-one years among the Indians of the west coast.

After some description of the resources of the country, which the Bishop says is far more vast than is generally thought, mentioning especially the forests, the fisheries and the great coal fields, as yet almost untapped, he described the Indians of the region, who, he said, are altogether different from those of the interior, resembling the Japanese somewhat in build, but stouter. They live in settled communities, unlike the roving tribes inland, and on this account they are easier to reach by the missionaries.

These Indians, according to Bishop Ridley, have made more progress in civilization during the last twenty years than all the other Indians of the Dominion in a hundred years.

"During my life among these people," said the Bishop, "I have seen tribe after tribe and nation after nation turn from heathenism to Christianity, until now the very last tribe has come under the influence of the gospel. Most of these people by their lives show a religion as thorough as that of any people in the world. They have built schools and churches for themselves, and their liberality for such purposes is limited only by their means."

The Reverend Charles Phillips from Johannesburg told of the half-million blacks who have been won to Christianity in South Africa. Missionary workers from the Falkland Islands, from Japan, Madagascar and Brazil described the conditions in those countries. All advanced proofs to show that foreign missionary work was a success.

Devotional Services.

Devotional services will be held in Carnegie Hall to-morrow morning at half past 9 o'clock. The Reverend Doctor Augustus H. Strong, president of the Rochester Theological Seminary, will speak of the authority and purpose of foreign missions. Addresses also will be made by the Reverend J. Hudson Taylor of the China Inland Mission and Robert E. Speer, secretary of the Presbyterian Board of Foreign Missions.

The sectional meetings will be held during the afternoon, surveying the fields of missionary work in Japan, China, India, Africa, North and South America and the Mohammedan Lands. These meetings will be held in Carnegie Hall, the Calvary Baptist, Fifth Avenue, Presbyterian, Madison Avenue Reformed and other churches.

In Carnegie Hall to-morrow evening Eugene Stock of London will review the missionary work of the century. The Reverend Doctors James S. Dennis and Luther Pierson will also deliver addresses.

AGAINST STATE SCHOOLS.

Letter From Archbishop Corrigan to His Diocese.

New York, April 22.—In all the Roman Catholic churches of the diocese a pastoral letter from Archbishop Corrigan was read this morning. Education of the Catholic children takes up the most conspicuous place in the letter. The Archbishop says:

"Our present most pressing duty is, first, to bring our Catholic schools to the greatest attainable efficiency; secondly, to cause all the instruction given therein to be permeated and ruled by the spirit of religion; thirdly, we must go on adding to the number of our schools till every Catholic pupil may find place therein.

"The tendency of the day is toward state monopoly of the teaching function, the crowding out of the parent and private teacher and the prostration of everything before a juggernaut state. As our country glories in freedom of speech and freedom of the press, it is difficult to conceive why we should not also enjoy their logical extension—freedom of education.

"We call your attention to the invasion of parental rights frequently attempted of late years by our lawmakers, who would pass legislation on the assumption, philosophically and historically false, that the child belongs first to the State and afterward to the parent, and on the unamerican and socialistic theory that the State exists not by and for the citizen, but the citizen for the State.

"They would have us call the schools 'free' while making the introduction of their own fads compulsory; would unduly lengthen the term of compulsory attendance without profit to the pupil, and often to the detriment of the parent. In fine, they would have us view the people, to use the words of Nathan Matthews of Boston, 'not as the creators of the Government, but as its creatures,' and the 'Government itself is magnified as the 'state' into something superior to religion, to the family, to the rights of property, and to the other institutions of civilized society."

HELD FOR OBSERVATION.

Mary Cherry's Musical Rehearsal Caused Her Detention.

Mary Cherry, a seamstress 36 years old, is held at the City Hospital for observation. She is said to imagine that she is a second Melba, and that she is destined to become a famous prima donna. She was sent to the City Hospital because she insisted on singing early and late, and sometimes disturbing the slumber of her neighbors, who did not appreciate her musical voice.

Mary, it is said, is a great admirer of Maggie Cline, and imagines that she sings, "Throw Him Down, McCloskey," and other songs of a like nature, better than the actress. Her neighbors did not agree with her. Mary said that they were jealous, and continued singing in spite of their remonstrances. All went well until Mrs. Solo Doust of No. 36 South Second street, saw her wrapped in a sheet, her long, dark hair hanging down her back, rehearsing the mad scene from "Lucia." Mr. Doust did not understand. She was afraid Mary might harm herself, so she had the police take her in custody.

Another patient is Henry Martin, a painter living at No. 2001 North Broadway. He was found crouching in the yard in front of the home of Mrs. D. Schaeffer, at No. 2402 Robin avenue, by her son Henry. He was arrested by Officers Lane and Storg, and he told them that he was taking refuge in the yard from men who wanted to kill him. At the hospital he crouched in his cell, and although the doctors tried to reassure him he insisted that conspirators were after him.

PLATT ON ROOSEVELT.

Senator Says That Teddy's Chance Is Gone.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, April 22.—After dining with Governor Roosevelt and a prolonged interview with Lieutenant Governor Woodruff tonight, Senator Platt gave out the following statement:

"Governor Roosevelt is a soldier by instinct and training. If called unanimously by his party to become its candidate for the vice presidency, I presume he would accept. But he will not be called. New York cannot get the vice presidency, unless the Republicans here can agree upon a candidate acceptable to those of other States. I fear that our chance has gone and that the nomination will finally go to the West.

"In case the nomination goes West, how would Senator Allison do?" was asked.

"Senator Allison would not accept," Senator Platt replied.

Westerners in New York.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, April 22.—Hotel arrivals to-day include the following visitors from the West:

St. Louis—S. Elroy, R. A. Relt, Miss Gauge, J. Griesedieck, Manhattan; H. A. Loeb, Mrs. W. Brunner, L. Rosenstein, Criterion; A. F. Carr, R. H. Charles, Mrs. E. H. Alexander, J. F. Cameron, Albert; J. H. Garrison, G. P. Stebbins, W. R. King, St. Denis; J. E. Bach, Imperial; H. Scott, Delavan; E. H. Peck, Grand Union; N. L. Robyn, Sturtevant; G. W. Simmons, Holland.

Kansas City—Mrs. M. L. Harrove, Miss M. L. Gibson, E. R. Hendix, Albert; W. B. Thayer, Jr., Manhattan.

Grand Trunk Changes.

New York, April 22.—The Times says: "Although not yet officially announced it may be stated on the best authority that George P. Reeves, the retiring general manager of the Grand Trunk Railway, will be succeeded by John W. Loud, at present general freight agent, and W. P. Davis, at present general passenger agent, who will be known as general freight and general passenger traffic managers. Mr. Reeves's office thus being divided. The successors to these gentlemen have not yet been chosen. Mr. Reeves will retire to his fruit ranch in Southern California."

R. R. Mitchell's Promotion.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Texarkana, Ark., April 22.—R. R. Mitchell, until now commercial agent for the Pittsburg and Gulf Railroad Company at this place, was assigned to-day to the position of traveling freight agent. John B. Day, originally auditor for the Texarkana and Fort Smith, a branch of the P. G., was appointed to the position made vacant by Mr. Mitchell's promotion. Both men will make their headquarters at Texarkana.

Line Near Abilene Proposed.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Coleman, Tex., April 22.—A party of business men left here to-day for Abilene to meet Mr. Morris Locke, who proposes to build a road north and south from Abilene. Right of way has been obtained and work is to begin from Abilene south in a few days. This line as projected will pass through Coleman and south to Llano.

Memorial Services at Centralia.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Centralia, Ill., April 22.—At the Presbyterian Church here this morning a memorial service was held in honor of the late Reverend Doctor A. T. Stone, who was pastor of the church here for four years, retiring in 1895. Doctor Stone died in Chicago two weeks ago. He was for many years at the head of the seminary at old Duquoin. The Reverend J. M. Robertson, the present pastor, and a close friend of Mr. Stone, preached the memorial sermon.

An Aggressive "Lady."

One day last summer, while riding on one of the back seats reserved for smokers on an open street car, an angular, ill-favored and aggressive woman came on and took a seat beside me, though there was room enough on the other seats. She was the kind of a woman who would have even a handsome man, and you can imagine how she felt toward me, as homely as I am. I could feel her eyes scanning me from top to toe in ineffable contempt.

I had a small paper bag full of onions that I had been requested by the housekeeper to bring home, and the spirit of resentment that this woman had aroused within me set me on to take out one of those onions and eat it, and yet I am not fond of onions on the half-shell.

That woman was mad then, and out of the west corner of my eye I could see her nose go into the upper turn, and she scanned me some more, with added contempt if that were possible.

Then I bethought me of a small bottle of brandy that I had also been requested, with some misgivings, to bring home. I took it from my pocket, and removing the stopper, made a good imitation of drinking some of the liquor.

This was too much for the aggressive female. Trembling with rage, she said to me: "Do you know what I would do to you if you were my husband?"

As meekly and as sweetly as possible I replied: "No; what would you do with me?"

"I'd give you poison!" she almost shrieked.

Then I took another look at her and told her that if she were my wife I would take it. But I left the car instantly and waited for another.—Will Visscher in Woman's Home Companion.

A NEW FAST TRAIN
TO
CINCINNATI,
NEW YORK
AND
BOSTON
VIA
BIG FOUR ROUTE.

Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry., New York Central & Hudson River R. R., and Boston & Albany Ry.

(Effective April 29th, 1900.)

Lv. ST. LOUIS.....8:00 A. M.
Ar. INDIANAPOLIS.....2:25 P. M.
Ar. CINCINNATI.....6:00 P. M.
Ar. COLUMBUS, O.....8:10 P. M.
Ar. CLEVELAND, O.....9:55 P. M.
Ar. NEW YORK.....2:55 P. M.
Ar. BOSTON.....4:50 P. M.

"KNICKERBOCKER SPECIAL" still leaves St. Louis at Noon.

C. L. HILLEARY, Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agt., St. Louis. WARREN J. LYNCH, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Cincinnati.

PRITCHARD CAPTURED JEFFERSON DAVIS

John H. Reagan Corrects Harnden.

Special Correspondence of The Sunday Republic.

Dallas, Tex., April 17.—The following letter was recently written by Honorable John H. Reagan, the only surviving member of the late President Davis's Cabinet, to Honorable O. B. Colquitt, former State Senator of Texas. Mr. Reagan was with Mr. Davis when he was captured; he was not only an eyewitness to, but also an active participator in that historic scene. Like every event that contained a dramatic climax, the value of which depends upon the accuracy of detail, and after the taking of true testimony from actual actors has become almost impossible, we find a number of false witnesses busily recording for history's page the capture of the President of the Southern Confederacy. Mr. Reagan thus describes the incident:

"Austin, Tex., April 9, 1900.—Honorable O. B. Colquitt, Terrell, Tex.: Dear Sir—An answer to your letter of the 1st inst. has been delayed by an unusual pressure of official business. You call attention to what purports to be an account of the capture of President Davis by a person described as General Henry Harnden. You suggest that you would like to see an authentic account of this affair from me, and if I have not written one, that I write an account of the capture, giving the circumstances and incidents attending it.

"A good many years ago Major General Wilson gave to the public, through a Philadelphia newspaper, a lengthy account of the capture of President Davis and his party. This account was sent to me by Governor Porter of Tennessee, with the inquiry as to whether it was correct, and if not correct, with his request that I give the correct account of it.

"I found General Wilson's acount inaccurate in many respects, and I prepared a very full account of the capture and of the incidents connected with it. I sent this account to President Davis with my request that he examine it, and if he found any material error in it to note same and return it to me for correction, and if no errors were found to forward it to Governor Porter, who had advised me if I should prepare a statement he would forward it to the same newspaper that published General Wilson's account. Mr. Davis advised me by letter that he found no errors in it, and he forwarded my paper to Governor Porter, who in turn forwarded it to the Philadelphia paper which published it. I regret that I have no copy of this paper, as it contains a carefully prepared account when the facts were fresh in my memory, and that account had the verification of President Davis. I cannot recall the name of the newspaper. It may have been the Times.

"The account you send me as being General Harnden's account, is to a considerable extent a fictitious sketch. He was not the captor of President Davis and his party. We were made prisoners by a Michigan regiment under command of Colonel or Lieutenant Colonel Pritchard of a Michigan regiment of cavalry. The following statement will show the relation of Major Harnden's battalion to that capture. I understand he was then a Major. We had crossed the Ockmulgee River on the evening of the 8th of May, at a little village called Abbeville, where a ferry, that part of the river not being fordable, and learning that there was a force of 3,000 cavalry at Hawkesville, twenty miles above where we crossed the river, we concluded that our line of travel was not known or our crossing of the river would have been interrupted at this crossing.

"On the following day, the 9th of May, we traveled twenty-eight miles, remaining in company with Mrs. Davis, her family and escort. That evening we camped near a small creek, in the flat pine woods. Mr. Davis in the tent with his family, and Governor Lubbock, Colonel Preston Johnston, Colonel John Wood, Burton Harrison and a young Lieutenant under an oak tree about 100 yards from Mrs. Davis's tent, on that day Colonel Pritchard marched along a road which ran parallel with the one we were on, and between us and the Ochmulgee River, and came into our road at Erwinsville, a small village about a mile and a half ahead of us. That night he moved his command back, posted one battalion across the wood in front of us, and sent the other battalion around, crossing the little creek above and posting it across the road in our rear, awaiting for daylight to make us prisoners.

"Before it was fully light in the morning, Major Harnden's battalion, marching on the road we had traveled, came on Pritchard's battalion, which was in our rear, and mistaking Pritchard's battalion for Confederates, opened fire on them. There was a brisk firing for a short time, two men killed and several wounded. When the firing among the Federals began on the north side of the creek, Pritchard's battalion in front of us dashed up on our camp, making prisoners of Mr. Davis and others.

"When the Major of this battalion reached us, firing was going on on the north side of the creek, and I suggested to him that he had probably best stop that firing, as it must be among his own men. He asked if it was not among Confederates. I told him if there were any armed Confederates in 100 miles of there we did not know it. He galloped across the creek and stopped the firing.

"In the meantime, President Davis had been made a prisoner by the troops which were in front of us. Governor Lubbock and I went to where Mr. Davis was in the hands of his captors. Colonel Pritchard came up and introduced himself to President Davis as the commander of the Federal troops. When he did so the President told him that he commanded thieves and robbers; that his men were robbing women and children. (He referred to the robbing of Mrs. Davis's wagons.) Colonel Pritchard reminded him that he was a prisoner. To this Mr. Davis replied that he was painfully conscious of that fact; that it was bad enough to be the prisoner of soldiers and gentlemen, but too bad to be the prisoner of thieves and robbers. Up to this time I do not believe Major Harnden had been where Mr. Davis was.

"I have not attempted to make a full statement of all that occurred there, but only such facts as show that General Harnden's claim to have been the captor of President Davis is a myth, and what he gives as an account of a conversation between himself and me, in which he made me tell him of the capture of Mr. Davis, saying, that on his inquiry, I pointed Mr. Davis out, is a pure invention. No such colloquy occurred. His statement about riding up and inquiring if this was President Davis and the answer of Mr. Davis 'I am President Davis,' is also an invention. Every one around President Davis, and there were a good many of them, know where he was before Major Harnden could have seen him, and his statement up to the time at which he spoke to President Davis none of the men who actually arrested him knew that he was Mr. Davis, is also untrue. He is made to make other statements which are not true.

"The purpose of the paper you sent me seems to have been to make General Harnden the hero of the capture of President Davis. His comrades know that Mr. Davis was a prisoner before General Harnden saw him; that while he was near by, he was otherwise engaged when Mr. Davis was actually made a prisoner. Very respectfully,

"JOHN H. REAGAN."

BRIDE FAILED TO ARRIVE.

Wealthy Bridegroom Fears That She Was Drowned.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Cincinnati, O., April 22.—Miss Mamie Hicks left Santa Barbara, Cal., a week ago for Cincinnati, where she was to be married to John Hanshaw. She reached New Orleans on Wednesday morning and sent a telegram to her expectant lover, telling him the hour at which she expected to arrive. He was all prepared to give her a bride's reception.

Wednesday night came, but no bride. Hanshaw was at the station ready to meet the incoming trains from the South. He was informed that there had been a washout, and that no trains had left New Orleans since Monday. Then came a report on the wire of a disaster. It was stated that train had been overtaken by the flood and that two women had been drowned. Particulars were lacking, the wires having fallen down. Hanshaw sent dispatches to various points imploring agents to send some tidings of the missing girl, but not a word of any kind has come to comfort him. He is breaking under the terrific strain. Day and night he haunts the stations and telegraph offices. Mr. Hanshaw is wealthy. His friends fear for his reason.

IN THE RIVER JORDAN.

Pennsylvania Resident Baptized Near Point of Christ's Immersion.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Louisville, Ky., April 22.—The baptism in the river Jordan of Mrs. Thomas J. Edge of Harrisburg, Pa., has been reported in a roundabout way. The information comes in a letter to Kentucky friends, written by the Reverend J. B. Boon, an evangelist of the Christian church, a former resident of Madison County, Kentucky, but now of Oklahoma, and at present traveling in the Holy Land. He writes that on March 14 he was driving up the valley of the Jordan when a man who said he was Colonel Thomas J. Edge of Harrisburg, Pa., asked him to baptize Mrs. Edge in the Jordan as near as possible to the spot where Christ is said to have been immersed. Numerous people had gathered on the bank of the river, and the evangelist expressed his willingness, if he could obtain a baptismal suit. J. L. Corley, an American soldier, who had been in the Philippines, was in the crowd, and at once offered the use of his poncho. This and an overcoat furnished the baptismal suit. The party was rowed by Arabs to a place suitable, where the baptism was performed by immersion.

WORK OF BOLD ROBBERS.

Advised Their Victim to Leave the City at Once.

Albert Kelly of Jasper County, Illinois, reported to the police yesterday that he had been robbed of $50 in money in a saloon at Twentieth and Pine streets. He said that two women committed the robbery and that while he was arguing with them concerning his loss a man who claimed to be a City Marshal entered the saloon and searched him. Kelly admitted that a loaded revolver was found in his possession.

He was told to leave St. Louis immediately or he would get himself into trouble. He left the saloon and told the story of the robbery to a policeman. No arrests were made.

MANY LADIES VOTED.

But Men Took Little Interest in the Election.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Centralia, Ill., April 22.—The ladies probably saved yesterday's school election from going by default. The men did not seem to be taking any interest in the event, but when the ladies came downtown hunting for a place to vote, the polls were soon opened. Doctor A. H. Rainey was elected president of the board, and W. W. Scott and Homer Gillette members. The board will soon ask the people to vote $6,000 for additions to schoolhouses, the schools now being greatly crowded.

IN TROUBLE IN INDIANAPOLIS.

Former St. Louisan Accused of Causing a Man's Death.

A special dispatch received by The Republic from Indianapolis last night states that John L. Brown, who claims to have been in the saloon business in North Broadway, in St. Louis, until three months ago, is under arrest there, pending investigation of the death of Patrick O'Neill.

According to the dispatch O'Neill entered Brown's saloon there Saturday night and after having been served with liquor tarried a long time afterward, making himself obnoxious to Brown and his customers. Brown, in putting him out, gave him a shove. O'Neill fell on his head and fractured it. He died last night.

AUCTIONEERS.

A. A. SELKIRK & CO., AUCTION and STORAGE
Regular sale every Saturday at warehouse, 208-10-12 Chouteau ave. Sales in residences a specialty. Main office, 304 N. Sixth st. Phone Main 2929 M.

AMUSEMENTS.

COLUMBIA—Continuous Vaudeville.
McIntyre & Heath, Martinetti & Sutherland, George H. Wood, Lawrence & Harrington, Kharms & Cole, Walter Stanton & Co., Miriam Ainsworth, Linton & McIntyre, Lew Wells, Tina & Val Corri, Evans & White, Florence Hinoe, the Kinodrome. 10—20—30c
ORCHESTRA CHAIRS (RESERVED) 50c.

GRAND Wednesday, Saturday Matinee—25c and 50c.
Favor & Sinclair in MY INNOCENT BOY Night Prices 15, 25, 35, 50.
Next Week: For Fair Virginia.

OLYMPIC—To-Night.
Charles Frohman Presents
JULIA MARLOWE
In Clyde Fitch's American Drama,
BARBARA FRIETCHIE.
ONLY MATINEE SATURDAY.

HOPKINS BARGAIN 25c MATINEE
Minnie Maddern Fiske's Success, "CAPRICE."
Vaudeville headed by Lillian Leslie and Lavender & Tomson.
Next—"Uncle Tom's Cabin"—Last Week.

HOPKINS THEATER.
To-Night! To-Night!
Biggest Show in Town.
Benefit of...
Willie Schaefer,
TREASURER.
Caprice and a Great Vaudeville Show
Don't Miss It, for You Will Not Get Another Chance.

HAVLIN'S.
25c MATS. TUESDAY, THURS., SAT.
25c Matinee To-Morrow. | How Hopper Was Sidetracked. | Night Prices: 15, 25, 35, 50.
Sunday Matinee—CHATTANOOGA.

MUSIC HALL. Castle Sq. Opera Co., TO-NIGHT, Only Time.
Evg. 25, 50, 75, $1; Wed. Mat. 25, 50; Sat. Mat. 25, 50, 75.
Norwood, Sheehan, Linck, Niven, Hinshaw, Boyle, Grimke and Jones.
TROVATORE
To follow—Lucia; Mikado; Faust; Aida.

BASEBALL.
League Park—Championship Series.
ST. LOUIS vs. CHICAGO.
TO-DAY,
To-Morrow, Wednesday and Thursday.
Game Starts 3:30 p. m.

STANDARD.
The Home of Folly. Two Frolics Daily.
VANITY FAIR.
Presenting Paris in 1900 and Robber Roy.
Next Week—Re-engagement American Burlesquers.

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