SLIGHT CHANGES IN GRAIN VALUES.

TREND OF WHEAT VALUES WAS AGAIN DOWNWARD.

Wheat Was Erratic Early, but Corn Held Up Quite Well, Speculative Trading Small.

Office Republic,
Monday, July 30, 1900.

The chief feature of the grain situation at this point to-day was the continuation of the weakness that has been so conspicuous for at least a month past, and which has characterized all grain markets and wheat in particular. It was but seldom that encouragement was held out, weakness generally asserting itself with the result that such slight gains as marked the course of the different markets were soon wiped out and lower prices went on record. Speculative operations were not large on either side of the account, both bulls and bears appearing to lack confidence, and great hesitancy and indecision was displayed throughout the session and had a tendency to check operations more or less. The influences bearing upon the markets were not radically new, and in the absence of positively fresh factors upon which to base trading, speculators were disposed to stand aloof and watch developments. Naturally the situation all the way through was tame and unexciting and the aggregate volume of business transacted in the pit on 'change small.

Wheat to-day was unusually erratic and changeable, price fluctuations being frequent, a fact that gave this grain the unusual appearance of more animation than has been witnessed for some considerable time. The feeling was bearish, however, and the underlying weakness cropped out repeatedly and the more definite trend of values was downwards, with the usual results. At the opening there was a feeling that a reaction was due, and the actions of the market seemed to indicate that something of the kind would take place, but it did not materialize. The receipts here and at winter wheat markets were not up to expectations and much less bearish, these two being helping hands shortly after the market opened, though their influence upon values was small and fleeting. As far as the effect was concerned, the arrivals at this point were 5,000 bu. larger than a week ago and 149,000 bu. in excess of last year, at 267,000 bu., while the total at the four markets amounted to 918,000 bu., against 809,000 bu. a week ago, and 472,000 bu. a year ago. Northwestern receipts were reported at 270 cars, against 403 one year ago. Cables were less disappointing than they have been, though they could have been much better. Liverpool held 3d lower at close. Berlin was also 3c off. Information showed that the world's shipments had fallen off to 5,860,000 bu., which was 2,000,000 bu. less than last week, the Black Sea shipments being 2,600,000 bu. against 2,976,000 bu. the previous week. There was a good increase in the amount afloat, however.

The opening decline in values at this point was not near so great as expected, though the bears helped it along by selling freely. There was very good buying on both short and long account, the latter by traders who were of the opinion that a reaction was about to take place. So that Sept., after opening 5c off at 72c and selling down to 71¾c, reacted to 72⅝c, while the Dec. sold at 74⅞c to 74⅝c. Following the opening rally the market hung fire and changes were few and unimportant, yet at the same time there was enough buying to hold prices pretty steady. The news continued to come bearish. Liverpool cables were 1d lower at close. Berlin was also, 3c off. Paris ¼c and Buda-Pesth ¼c. Antwerp alone of all the Continental markets being without change. The clearances of flour and wheat were small at 227,000 bu., and the visible was increased 2,000,000 bu., against only 6,000 bu. one year ago. Sept. swung between 71⅞c and 72c, at one time being offered at 71⅞@71⅝c and unsold. Dec. sold at 74½c and July and Aug. at 71c. A sharp, quick rally took place in this market late in the day on the great strength shown here by cash and the fact that shippers to Toledo and Ohio and Indiana mills were paying 2@2½c premium over Sept. for No. 2 red. These were bullish factors, as were the sales of 69 loads at the seaboard for export and 150,000 bu. at Chicago. There was an advance to 72⅝c for Sept. and 75c for Dec., the former closing the same as Saturday at 72⅝c asked, and the latter ⅛c lower for the day at 75c asked. The close for July and Aug. was at 71⅝c respectively, or 1⅛c and ⅝c lower than last week.

There were both weakening and strengthening factors this morning in corn, the most important being the weather and crop conditions, which were favorable, advices stating that the crop was coming along satisfactorily. The effect of this was to weaken the new crop options and year sold ½c lower right at the outset, at 52½c, and Dec. had sold ⅛c off at 52¼c. On the other hand Sept. was not influenced by this display of weakness, owing to the light receipts and it opened ¼c better, at 37⅞c, gradually improving and selling at 37⅞c, and elevating Dec. to 52c and year to 52⅛c bid. According to the day's postings the receipts at Western markets were 555,000 bu., against 832,000 bu. one year ago, including 187,200 bu. locally, against 214,000 bu. last year. The total shipments were 129,000 bu. and the export clearances 241,000 bu. There was a decrease in the visible of 1,833,000 bu., which was near what was expected. Last year the decrease at this time was 1,681,000 bu. Early in the day the Liverpool cable reported ¼d decline, half of which was recovered before the close. Towards the close Sept. eased off to 37⅛c on a let-down at Chicago, only to react later to 37⅝c, closing ¼c better for the day at that buyers. July closed at 38c bid and Dec. and year at ½c advance, at 32⅝c respectively.

There is little to be said of oats, which were quiet and easy at lower prices. Sept. selling at 21½c to 21⅜c, back to 21½c, which was ⅛c off for the day, and at which it closed. July was nominally 1c lower at 22c. Western market receipts were 279,000 bu. against 770,000 bu. a year ago. St. Louis received 106,800 bu. against 68,900 bu. last year. Shipments were 38,000 bu. and exports 217,000 bu. There was a decrease in the visible of 735,000 bu., against 905,000 bu. a year ago.

Trade Gossip.

—Shipments of wheat by the principal exporting countries:

	Last Wk.	Wk. before.	Yr. ago.
America	2,264,000	2,825,000	3,266,000
Russia	1,552,000	1,872,000	1,144,000
Danubian	544,000	1,104,000	160,000
India	.....	.....	1,472,000
Australia	232,000	136,000	136,000
Argentine	1,400,000	1,736,000	1,192,000
Totals	5,960,000	7,873,000	7,470,000

—Shipments of corn from the principal exporting countries:

	Last Wk.	Wk. before.	Yr. ago.
American	3,205,000	4,182,000	3,200,000
Russia	220,000	220,000	152,000
Danubian	520,000	584,000	456,000
Argentine	736,000	670,000	880,000
Totals	4,521,000	5,766,000	5,188,000

—Visible supply of grain:

	Last Wk.	July 21, 1900.	July 29, '99.
Wheat	46,354,000	45,627,000	26,069,000
Corn	11,652,000	13,325,000	11,646,000
Oats	6,693,000	6,428,000	3,794,000

—Amount on ocean passage:

	July 28, 1900.	July 21, 1900.	July 29, '99.
Wheat-flour	20,329,000	29,693,000	32,860,000
Corn	14,486,000	14,480,000	12,920,000

—Total available supply:

July 28, 1900	.....	26,674,000	26,172,000
July 21, 1900	.....	28,511,000	28,015,000
July 29, 1899	.....	68,819,000	39,536,000

—Broomhall, under date of July 17, summarizes the foreign crop situation as follows: Latest reports from Odessa speak very favorably of crop conditions, the recent rains having been beneficial to the growing crop. Like reports come from the Crimea, and it is estimated that the outturn of winter wheat will be more than an average. Latest reports from Austria-Hungary are somewhat conflicting. In France the weather, after having been too cool, has lately become seasonable and done much good to the maturing crops. The latest advices from Belgium and Holland speak of satisfactory weather for maturing and growing crops.

—The crop reports of the St. Paul Railroad Company show a steadily improving condition for wheat and a prospect for corn, which is well above the average of ten years. Rains have fallen on all divisions, and generally in such quantity as to delay wheat harvest.

—There was a better demand for berth room this past week, and quotations have been advanced, while the market for full cargoes, although not particularly active, shows a better tone. Vessels are offering rather sparingly and prices are steady.

—A Bombay cable reports the rainfall in Cuzerat as good and general prospects having greatly improved; the crop already sown will be saved.

—L. B. Brinson says the Southwest will get through with their shocked wheat this week. As weather is fine will be able to thrash, and receipts from that section should be good, but the farmers will not touch their stacked wheat.

—To Counselman & Day, Minneapolis: Local and country millers fair buyers of our wheat at 1c over Sept. for No. 1 Northern. Terminal elevators bid ⅝c over Sept. for No. 1 Northern and not getting any to-day.

Cash Grain, Flour, Etc.

WHEAT—Cash market—Received 29,864 sks. and 251 cars local and 16 cars through. One of the strongest markets we have yet had. Buyers for outside markets and millers paid such prices the city millers and elevators could not meet, and the purchases of latter class limited. No. 2 red sold switched on trk. at 72½@73c this, 73@74c E. side; No. 3 red at 70½c to 72½c; No. 4 winter at 67½c to 69c; lower grades at 68@69c; No. 2 hard at 69¼@70½c. In elevator—No. 2 red at 71¾c, No. 3 red at 69½c, No. 4 at 67½c.

CORN—Cash market—Received 68 cars local and 166 cars through. Firm; offerings small, but so was the demand. On trk.—New No. 2 sold at 39¼@39½c, No. 3 at 39c; No. 2 yellow at 40c; No. 2 white at 42@42½c; No. 3 white quotably 41½c.

OATS—Cash market—Received 89 cars local. Lower and dull. Shippers offish, as they looking for further decline; local demands small. On trk.—New No. 2 sold at 21½@21½c, latter fancy, No. 3 at 22c to 21½c; No. 2 Northern at 22c; No. 4 at 22c for choice; No. 2 white at 24@24½c late; No. 3 white at 22c to 24c; No. 4 do. at 21½@22c; old No. 3 at 22c; No. 2 Northern at 22c; No. 3 do. at 21½c; No. 3 white clipped at 22c.

RYE—Lower, but in demand at the decline. No. 2 selling this and E. side at 52½c to 52c.

FLOUR—A fair-rate domestic trade reported, orders coming from many more sources, including the East. Millers generally report little or no export business, but some sales heard of at best prices so far in the crop, one lot of 20,000 sold taken at 61 advance and the buyer bid for 5,000 more. Quotations on soft winter wheat flour are as follows: Patent $3.60@3.75; straights $3.45@3.60; fancy $2.90@3.10; clears $2.60@2.80; spring, invoice $3.25@3.40. Hard winter in jute sks. $2.20@2.30 for bakers'; $2.80@3 for straights and $3.15@3.40 for patents.

RYE FLOUR—Jobbing at $3.30 in sks. and $3.50 in bbls.

CORNMEAL—$2.20@2.25; pearl meal, grits and hominy $2.35.

MILLFEED—Firm, as not so much for sale. Sell in carloads at $8 trk. at 65c and sold there at 65½c in large and in 10-lb. sks., that basis at 66c. Late sold in large sks. at 66c. At mill from jobs at 67@68c and ships at 75c.

HAY—Received, 836 tons local and 145 tons through; shipped, 116 tons. For a Monday not so much in—16 cars R. side—and market firm on all good grades of timothy, new or old. Prairie in demand, and no was choice clover. Prices on trk. range: Timothy $19@19.50 for choice; $18.50@19.50 for No. 1; $16@18 for No. 2; $9.50@11 for No. 3. Prairie—$9 for choice; $8.50@8 for No. 1; $7@7.50 for No. 2; $6@6.50 for No. 3. Clover—$9@10.50.

LEAD—Held steadily at $3.95, and that bid for chemical lard.

SPELTER—Dull at $4.10 asked and $4.05 bid.

GRASS SEEDS—Timothy, $2.20@2.25 spot and $2.30 bid for prime. Low ar rive. Millet, $2.25 bid for prime to arrive. Aug. Other seeds nominal. Per 100 lbs.: Millet, 70@80; prime German more; clover $7 to $8.25. Hungarian 60@65c; Orchard grass $2.25@2.50. Others higher.

FLAXSEED—Buyers in market at $1.45 for spot and $1.38 to arrive. Chicago closed at $1.39 bid for cash; $1.36 bid Sept.; $1.30 bid Oct.

CASTOR BEANS—Spot and to arrive had $1.20 bid.

Prices on 'Change.

The following tables show the range of prices in futures and cash grain:

	Closed Saturday.	Ranged Monday.	Closed To-day.
Wheat—July	71 a 71⅛	71⅛@72⅝	71⅝ a ¾
Aug.	71⅛ a ¼	71⅛@71	71⅛
Sept.	72⅝ a ¾	72⅝@71⅞	72⅝ a ¾
Dec.	74⅞ a 75	74⅞@74⅝	74⅞ a 75
Corn—July	38 b	.....	38 b
Aug.	39 a ¼	39 a ¼	39 a ¼
Sept.	37⅞ a ¼	37⅞@37⅝	37⅞ b
Dec.	52 a ¼	52 a ¼	52 a ¼
Oats—July	22 b	.....	22 b
Sept.	21½ a ¾	21½@21¼	21½
Cash wheat, corn and oats closed and ranged:

	Last Year.	Saturday.	To-day.
Wheat—No. 2 red	69@70c	71½@74c	72@73½c
No. 3 red	68	69@70c	71@72½c
No. 4 winter	64	67@69c	68@70c
No. 2 hard	69	69@70c	69½@70½c
No. 3 hard	66	67@68c	68@69½c
Corn—No. 2	38½	39@39½c	39@39½c
No. 3	38	38@38½c	39c
No. 2 yellow	38½	39@39½c	40c
No. 3 yellow	38	38@38½c	39c
No. 2 white	42@42½c	42@42½c	42@42½c
No. 3 white	41½c	41@41½c	41½c
Oats—No. 2	21	22@22½c	22@22½c
No. 3	20	21@21½c	21@21½c
No. 2 Northern	22	22@22½c	22@22½c
No. 3 white	21@22½c	24	24@24½c
No. 3 white	22@22½c	24	24@24½c
No. 4 white	20@22½c	24	23@24

Movement of Grain.

Cities.	Receipts. Wheat.	Corn.	Shipments. Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	267,464	187,200	38,200	42,000
Chicago	150,000	552,000	116,000	546,000
Toledo	6,000	51,000	4,000	81,000
Detroit	2,000	36,000	2,000	32,000
Kansas City	231,000	47,400	139,000	28,000
Milwaukee	8,000	16,700	.....	1,700
Minneapolis	192,700	3,100	27,000	.....
Duluth	29,000	2,000	2,000	.....
New York	127,000	165,000	56,114	290,812
Baltimore	20,000	30,000	.....	20,000
Philadelphia	20,000	52,000	23,381	307,000
Boston	32,000	151,000	117,000	218,000
New Orleans	34,000	14,000	.....	.....
Galveston	24,000	.....	112,000	.....

Stocks of Grain in Store.

	Wheat.	Corn.	Oats.
Total	1,598,982	1,572,376	1,199,592
Corn, in store at Chicago	87,000	30,000	184,000
Oats, in store at Chicago	1,514	1,514	26,681
Rye	1,362	2,167	2,662
Contract grades—			
No. 2 red	$11,565	788,155	$40,686
No. 3 red	11,131	11,131	18,994
No. 2 corn	20,162	4,362	26,171
No. 3 white corn	.....	.....	37,743
No. 2 oats	960	960	19,144
No. 3 white oats	.....	.....	8,734
No. 2 rye	1,158	1,362	1,530

Shipments of Flour.

St. Louis, 39,000 bbls.; Chicago, 27,400 bbls.; Detroit, 120 bbls.; Milwaukee, 19,196 bbls.; Minneapolis, 22,537 bbls.; New York, 9,6 bbls. and 1,069 sks.; Baltimore, 5,892 bbls.; Newport News, 29,150 sacks.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

Local Fruit, Vegetable, Poultry, Egg and Butter Quotations.

St. Louis, Monday, July 30.

The produce markets were quiet to-day, but prices were generally steady. There was some shipping demand and a fair local inquiry, but receipts were ample for the requirements, and, as a rule, prices were unchanged.

Potatoes were quiet and steady. Receipts of home-grown and consignments by rail were heavy, but best receipts were light. Shippers were fair buyers, but the local demand was self-satisfying.

Cabbage was quiet and steady at unchanged prices, with receipts about equal to the demand.

Onions were quiet and steady at unchanged prices. Receipts were fairly heavy, but there was a good demand for choice stock. Inferior offerings were dull and slow.

Tomatoes were weak and lower, as offerings of home-grown were heavy, and the demand quiet. Receipts were more than sufficient for shipping purposes, but ripe stock was dull.

Other vegetables were dull and plentiful at unchanged prices.

Peaches were quiet and steady. Receipts were heavy, but were mostly inferior fruit, which was hard to place, but there was a fair demand for choice large, sound, well-packed fruit.

Pears were quiet and plentiful and weaker. Receipts were heavy, and the demand was confined to choice, large stock. Common or inferior fruit was hard to sell at any price.

Plums were quiet and steady. Receipts were light, but were ample for the demand.

Pears were in good demand and firm, as receipts were moderate.

Grapes were dull and unchanged.

Watermelons were steady and in fair demand. There was a good shipping inquiry, but the local demand was good and confined to large, firm melons. Dinkies and inferior stock were hard to sell.

Cantaloupes were steady, and choice melons were in fair demand. Receipts of home-grown were heavy, but few consignments were received. Inferior or poorly flavored stock was hard to sell.

Oranges were firm and in good demand, with offerings barely equal to the requirements.

Lemons were dull and easier. The demand was less urgent and offerings were heavier.

Blackberries were scarce and higher, as the season is nearly over.

Pacific Coast fruit was dull, but steady, at unchanged prices.

Pineapples were quiet and steady, but other fruits were dull at unchanged prices.

Live poultry was quiet. Spring chickens were dull at Saturday's decline, as offerings were heavy and the demand slow.

Old chickens were in fair demand, and the market was steady, as the demand was fair.

Young turkeys were in good demand, but young ducks were dull and unchanged. Old turkeys, ducks and geese dull and nominal.

Veals were quiet, as offerings were light and the demand slow. Choice, fat, small calves were in best demand, and heavy stock was slow.

The first new, bright, dried fruit of the season was received by William Kneehans and sold to J. W. Teasdale at 5c per lb. for evaporated rings and from 3c to 3½c for sun-dried quarters.

Wool was quiet and steady at unchanged prices. The demand was light, as buyers were inclined to hold out for lower prices, and holders were unwilling to make any concessions.

Hides were quiet and steady at unchanged prices, with both receipts and demand light.

Eggs.

The market was quiet and steady at unchanged prices. Offerings were light, but fully equal to the demand.

Choice fresh near-by stock sold at 9½c and fair to average at from 1c to 9c.

Receipts at St. Louis to-day were 2,553 cases and shipments were 400 cases.

Dairy Products.

Butter—The market was firm on everything except creamery extra, which was plentiful and easier. Offerings of other grades were light. Creamery—Extra 19c; firsts 17½c; seconds 16c. Dairy—Extra 15c; firsts 14c; seconds 12@13c. Country store-packed 12½c for good to 10@11c for poor. Ladle-packed—Extra 16c; firsts 15c.

Cheese—Quote: Twins at 11c; singles 11½c; Y. A. 11c. New York 10½c; Limburger 10@10½c; Swiss 15@16c; brick at 10½@11c. Foregoing are jobbing prices.

Wool.

Missouri & Illinois—		Tex., I. T. & Ok.—	
Med. combing	20½	Medium	19
Med. clothing	19 @20	Coarse & low	13 @16
Braid & low	18 @18½	Fine medium	14 @16
Burry & clear		Light fine	14 @15
naked	17 @18	Heavy fine	11 @12
Slightly burry	15 @16	Dakota & Western—	
Light fine	16 @17	Bright med.	18 @19
Hard burry	12½@13	Dark medium	14 @16
Heavy fine	13 @14	Light fine	14 @15
Wisconsin & Iowa—		Heavy fine	12 @12
Bright comb.	19 @19½	Arkansas & Indian—	
Cloth & braid	18 @18½	Med. (fleeces)	19 @20
Dark medium	15 @16	Burry	14 @15
Fine medium	15 @16	Hard burry	12
Light fine	14 @15	Tub washed—	
Heavy fine	11 @13	No. 1	28
Kansas & Neb.—		No. 2	22 @23½
Bright med.	19 @19½	Burry	18 @19
Fine medium	14 @15½	Angora goat hair—	
Dark & sandy	14 @16	Clean & clear	28 @29
Light fine	13 @14	Burry	10 @11
Heavy fine	11 @12		

Black and seedy from 4c to 6c a pound less than quotations.

Hides.

When sold round: Green-salted 7c; Southern 6½c. Dry flint—Choice Texas 15c; average recipts 14c; dry flint fallen 14c, dry-salted 12c. When sold on selections: Green salt—No. 1 7½c; green salt, No. 2 6½c; bull 6c; wet glue stock 5½c; dry flint—No. 1 15½c; dry flint—No. 2 14c; dry flint—Bull 10c; dry cull and glue 7½c. Dry-salted—No. 1 12½c. Dry-salted—No. 2 11½c. Uncured 1c less than cured, part cured ½c less.

Provisions.

Pork—Market firm; f. o. b. $12.75. Lard better; E. side prime steam $6.60; choice $6.62½.

Country Lard—6@6¼c, according to quality and package.

Country Bacon—Fair average pieces, uniformly cut and well smoked: Shoulders at 5¾@6c; sides 6@7c; hams at 7@9c. Most of the lots irregularly cut and poorly handled; these sell on their merits.

Green Hams, Etc.—Held in car lots f. o. b. E. side: Hams—On basis 8¾c for 16-lbs.; New York shoulders at 6c. From the block, del.: Run of house hams at 9c; bellies at 7½c, as in average.

D. S. Meats—Bxd. lots: Extra shorts 7¼c; c'ribs 7½c; clear sides, 7¾c; bellies 8¼@8½c, as in average; plates 6½c. Dealers charge higher on small orders.

Bacon—Bxd. s. c. meats in a jobbing way: Breakfast bacon 9¾c for heavy to 12c for fancy light hams 10½@11½c; California 7½c, as in average. New York shoulders 7½c. Plain smoked bxd. meats: Extra shorts 7¾c; c'ribs 8c; clear sides 8¼c; bellies 8¼@8½c, as in average; plates 7½c. Dealers charge higher on small orders.

Tallow—Country No. 1 4½c; No. 2 3¾c; packers' choice 4⅝@5c.

Grease—Quiet. Brown 2¾c; yellow 3c; white 3½c; packers' choice white 4¼@4½c; yellow 4c.

Leaf—Nominal at 8c.

Hides—Quote: Stelly $5.50@6 per box for extra to $5@5.50 for fancy. California at $5.50@6. Fine California quoted at $5 off trk.—20c off for box.

PINEAPPLE—Quote Florida at $3@3.25 per half crate.

BANANAS—We quote on orders: Port Limon at $1.75 per bunch for firsts and $1.25@1.50 for seconds.

LIMES—Quote at 75@90c per 100.

ORANGES—Quote: Valencias at $25 per 1,000—in a small way at $3 per box.

POTATOES—Home-grown early Ohio sold higher: loose from farmers' wagons ranged at 60@65c per bu. mainly.

ONIONS—Receipts from near-by lower river points (yellow and pale red) at from 35c for poor to 50@55c for prime; receipts from North Missouri reds at 50c for small to 60@65c for prime large; wagon receipts mainly at 45c; yellow at 50@55c.

TOMATOES—Home-grown sold in shipping order at 50@60c per bu. box for half ripe and 75@90c per bu. loose for ripe. Orders charged 60@65c per bu. box.

CUCUMBERS—Home-grown selling at 20c per bu. loose, and at 50@75c in shipping order.

CABBAGE—Home-grown slow, selling on orders at 75c for large crates.

CELERY—Michigan small to medium sized sold at 25c to 35c per doz. bunches, and at 50@60c per case containing 4 to 5 doz.—heated and damaged less.

GUMBO—Home-grown supplying the demand—selling at 50@60c per ½-bu. basket. Consignments unsalable.

STRING BEANS—Home-grown sold loose at 50c to $1 per bu. for rough to fancy.

SQUASH — Consignments unsalable. Home-grown sold at 50@60c per bu.

TURNIPS—Home-grown sell at $1 per bbl. on shipping orders. Home-grown not wanted.

SWEET POTATOES—Condemned yellow Tennessee quotable at 35c per peck box and 40c per ½-bu. basket. Home-grown Bermuda at 75@81 per bu.

EGGPLANT—Home-grown sell at 25@35c per doz. Consignments not wanted.

PEETS—Home-grown sell at $1.25 per bbl. in shipping orders.

LETTUCE—Northern receipts heated and worthless—not worth charges.

CAULIFLOWER—Northern arriving out of condition, heated and worthless, even for charges.

NEW SAUERKRAUT—Quote half-bbls. at $1.15; small orders charged higher.

Miscellaneous Markets.

HIGHWINES—Selling on basis of $1.22.

SCRAP IRON AND METALS—Iron—Wrought 40c per 100 lbs.; heavy cast 35c; steel and malleable 25c and 50c; stove pipe 25c; burned 15c. Metals—Light $7; heavy $10.50. Copper 11. Lead $3.50. Zinc $2.50. Pewter $22.

WOODENSTITCHES—In car lots on trk.: Staves—Cottonwood flour bbl. $6.50@7; No. 2 $3.50; half bbl. $3; beer keg $120@13; lard tierce $28; pork bbl. $18. Headings, per set—No. 1 flour bbl. 9c. Shaved hoops, per bdl. $1@1.15 for cooper, $1 for Hoosier; half bbl. $2.50; coiled 1c. Hickory 18; oak lard tierce, cooper-shaved $60@65; pork bbls. $.

COOPERAGE—Lard tcs. $1.15; pork bbls. 50c; slack work, round-hoop flour bbls. 30@35c; flat-hoop do. 32@35c; half bbls. 25c; meal bbls. 25c; produce bbls. 22c; apple bbls. 25c.

BROOMCORN—Nominally 3½c to $140 per ton.

BEESWAX—Firm, prime 28c per lb.

FEATHERS—Prime, large white 48c in small and 46c in large sks.; gray 36c; white, old 36@38c. X 29@30c; XX 26@28c; XXX 18@19c; XXXX 16@20c. Tags 2 per cent less. Ink 15 per cent for small sks. Duck—White 30@32c; dark 27@28c. Chickens 4c. Turkeys—Hedy 3c; tail 50c; wing 15c; wing, tall and pointers 12c; wing and tail 10c. Geese—Nominally 50@60c. Ducks 4c.

DEERSKINS—Prime 35c per lb.; antelope 12@15c; goat 10@20c. Kid and damaged out. Texas 20c.

ROOTS—Ginseng at from $2.50@2.75; lady slipper 2c; golden seal 3c; black cohosh 2c; golden seal 6c—old worth more; May apple 2@2½c; snake 24c; black 30@40c; angelica 10@15c; wahoo—bark of root 8c; bark of tree 20@25c; blood 2½c; bluflag 2c; shell root leaves 20@25c for pure green; sassafras bark 4c. All roots should be thoroughly dry and clean before being shipped to market.

SHEEP PELTS—Wool pelts at 50@90c; lamb 25@35c; shearlings 20@25c. Dry or fallen pelts 9@10c per lb.

DRIED FRUIT—Market nominal.

DRIED GREEN PEASE—Jobbing from store at $1.20; split at $1.50.

WHITE BEANS—Choice hand-picked sea beans in a jobbing way from store at $2.20@2.25—screened 5c per bu. less. Western at $1.50; weevily less. Lima beans at 6c per lb.

HONEY—Quote at 16c to 12½c—fancy white clover 12@14c; inferior, dark and broken less. Extracted and strained to bbls. 5@5½c and in cans 6@7c per lb. higher.

LINSEED OIL—Per gal.: Raw at 65c; boiled at 67c; in per gal. lots; less in car lots. Castor oil in bbls. per lb.—No. 1 12c; No. 3 10½c. Cottonseed oil—Summer yellow 38c; white 39c; winter yellow 42c; white 44c.

POULTRY.

Missouri Spring Chickens in Demand in New York Market.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, July 30.—Live poultry receipts today were 4 cars Western, with jobbers carrying about the same quantity over from last week. Advices to hand are of fair proportions and the market settled at 10½c on fowls and 9½c on old roosters. A lot of Missouri spring chickens brought 14c, but 13c was top on other Western, while small Southern by express did not exceed 12c. Turkeys, ducks and geese quiet. Spring chickens, local and Indiana, 14c; other Western 12c; Southern 12½@13c; fowls 10½c; roosters 6½c; turkeys, fair to good 8c; ducks, Western prime, pair 50@60c; Southern and Southwestern 40@45c; geese, Western prime 80@90c; Southern and Southwestern 70@80c. Dressed poultry receipts to-day 910 pkgs. The receipts included a good proportion of spring chickens from many sections, fully as heavy as fowls, and especially Southern Illinois and Missouri, while the more northerly sections sent but few chickens. The increased offerings of springs and the rainy weather last heard from to-day interfered with the demand from the country resorts, and the feeling was weak, with market declining to 12½c on average, while fancy white fancy brought 15c, but small Southern chickens not salable over 11@12c; market is well supplied with ordinary dry-picked chickens, which were not sold at any better prices than scalded. Turkeys, average best hens 9c; toms 8c; spring chickens, Western fancy large, dry-picked 15@16c; scalded, prime to fancy 12@c; scalded or dry-picked prime small 13@12c; Southern small 10@11c; fowls, Western dry-picked, prime 10@c; scalded 10@10½c; Southern and Southwestern 10@c; heavy rough Western 9@10c; old cocks, Western 6c.

Chicago Poultry Quotations.

Chicago, July 30.—Dressed poultry dull. Turkeys 6@7c; chickens 8½@9c; do. spring 11@14c; ducks 6@8c.

Butter, Cheese and Eggs.

New York, July 30.—Butter—Receipts 11,023 pkgs.; steady; State dairy 15½@18½c; creamery 16@19½c; factory packed 14@15½c; imitation 15@17½c. Cheese—Receipts 10,928 pkgs.; steady; large white 9¾c; large colored 9¾c; small white 9¾c; small colored 10c. Eggs—Receipts 11,052 pkgs.; steady. Western unwashed 16@18½c; for average lots Western, loss off, 15½c.

Dried Fruits.

New York, July 30.—The week opened with demand only fair for dried fruits and evaporated apples, and in some instances sellers showed an inclination to further make concessions. Southern evaporated apples—Common 3½@5c; prime 5¼@5½c; choice 5¾@6½c; fancy 7@7½c. California dried fruits: Prunes 3¼@7c per lb., as to size and quality. Apricots—Royal 11@14c; Moor Park 15@16c. Peaches—Peeled 14@18c; unpeeled 6@8c.

Petroleum.

New York, July 30.—Petroleum firm.

Oil City, Pa., July 30.—Credit balances $1.35; certificate sales 2,000 bbls. cash oil at $1.29; highest bid $1.29½; closed $1.29; lowest bid $1.29. Shipments (three days) 249,239; average 82,332; runs (three days) 252,665; average 88,789.

Turpentine and Rosin.

New York, July 30.—Rosin firm. Turpentine firm.

Hides and Leather.

New York, July 30.—Hides steady. Leather steady.

WHEAT TENDED DOWNWARD BUT LOSSES WERE LIGHT.

CORN STARTED WEAK, BUT CLOSED FOURTH CENT UP.

Oats Heavy and Considerably Lower—Provisions Rallied Sharply From Early Break.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Chicago, July 30.—The speculative business in wheat was dull to-day with prices for the most part tending downward. But almost the entire loss with which business commenced was recovered from by the time of closing. Corn also started weak, but recovered and closed ¼d higher for Sept. than it closed at the end of the previous week; that much of the Aug. premium was lost to the latter, which, instead of ½c over Sept., closed at ¼@⅜c per bu. premium. Oats were heavy and had lost many of their recent friends, much selling out of long oats being a feature of the day's speculative trade. Provisions recovered from an early break, ribs closing with a gain of 5c, pork and lard without change.

Wheat.

Wheat was heavy at the opening, with more for sale than was wanted for a time at from ⅝c to ⅝c under the closing prices of Saturday. Liverpool was 1d lower, and, in the absence of anything else to counteract its effect, the Liverpool decline governed the sprinters in the market.

The quantity on ocean passage increased 730,000 bu., making the total 29,872,000 bu., against 31,184,000 bu. on the corresponding date of the year previous. The world's shipments to Europe were 5,850,000 bu., compared with 7,470,000 bu. the like week of last year; of last week's total 2,203,000 bu. were from the ports of this country and Canada and 2,076,000 bu. from Russian and Danubian ports.

Those statistical announcements had no particular significance, but there were others that had. Kansas City, for instance, had 507,000 bu. receipts this morning, against 121,000 bu. a year ago, and although Minneapolis and Duluth had only 270 cars, compared with 535 carloads a year ago, the increase at Kansas City had the greater influence, the latter bringing in direct pressure from the sales of a hedging character they induced, whereas nothing but the moral effect of the reduced Northwestern movement was experienced. Local receipts were 219 cars, compared with 1,029 last year.

Primary Western market receipts were 1,262,000 bu., or about 200,000 bu. more than received the similar day of the previous year. Atlantic port clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 425,000 bu. The visible supply was given as amounting to 46,354,000 bu., being 16,526,000 bu. more than it was a year ago, and 7,323,000 bu. more than it was Monday last.

Sept. wheat opened at from 74⅞c down to 74⅛c, then declined to 74⅛c and then again during the forenoon to 74⅛c. Another individual, gifted with the mystical lore that interprets the shadows cast by coming events, wired from New York that Minnesota and the two Dakotas would raise more than 72,000,000 bu. wheat this season; and still another prophet, in the person of J. C. Kersham, once of Chicago, now of Duluth, who was on the floor yesterday, predicted Sept. would be the crop of the three States. But estimates of the Northwestern crop are as numerous as camors from Pekin, and, apparently, are no more reliable. The Chicago speculators were apparently tired of them, and paid little heed to to-day's additions.

Corn.

Corn was firm for both spot and futures, and of the two spot was the firmer, Aug. holding its previous ½c premium over Sept. and July ¾c over Aug. The shipping demand was by no means brisk, but the country was offering nothing, and Chicago hodgers of the local stocks were reluctant to part with, at the present premiums, the grain they saw no likelihood of their being able to replace.

The weather was all that could be desired for the next crop, but that is a remote consideration with people whose horizon is bounded by Sept. Others, however, who had means of looking through the barrier which limits trading to this side of Oct., were getting Dec. ½c under the Sept. price. July, for a few moments in the forenoon, brought as much as ⅝c over Aug. Changing from July to Aug. and from Aug. to Sept. was a feature of the pit operations that exceeded the fresh transactions.

The local receipts were 237 cars, against 681 the same day of the year before; the total at the chief primary Western markets was 611,000 bu., against 904,000 bu. a year ago. Clearances from the seaboard were 240,000 bu. The quantity on ocean passage was reduced 464,000 bu. last week and the domestic visible decreased 1,832,000 bu. Liverpool opened at declines of from ¼d to ½d, but recovered, so that at the close the net loss was only ¼d. Estimated local receipts for to-morrow were 650 cars.

The lowest price of the day for Sept. corn was made at the start, when a little was sold at 38c, but the bulk of opening transactions was at 38⅛c. From that a gradual rise to 38⅞c took place, followed by a down spell to 38⅝c. Closing figures were 38⅞c. New York reported export business of forty bootloads.

Oats.

Oats were very heavy. The weather was favorable for thrashing, and the general impression among traders was that the market could not stand the material increase in receipts that appeared to be impending. Receipts were 227 cars, of which 91 were new, and for to-day they are the estimated number. A year ago 884 cars were received. The clearances from the seaboard amounted to 261,782 bu. Sales for shipment hence were reported at 150,000 bu.

Cash oats opened at from 22¼c down to 22⅛c; declined to 21⅞c, and closed at 21⅝c; compared with 22⅝c Saturday. The visible supply was reduced from 6,428,000 bu. the previous week to 6,693,000 bu., compared with 3,794,000 bu. a year ago.

Barley.

Barley ruled quiet under light offerings and lack of speculative demand. Good, sound barley would have brought about 36c to 46c. Two cars of good barley brought from 43c to 46c, and one car of damaged grain 33c. Receipts were light, 2 cars, and shipments 8,432 bu. Exports out of New York amounted to 31,695 bu. Malting grades ranged from 36c to 46c; feed lots 32c to 40c; rejected 30c to 31c. The visible supply of grain at principal points of accumulation amounted to 518,000 bu., an increase of 4,000 bu.

Rye.

The rye market was weak and about 1c under Saturday's close. This weakness was ascribed to the sympathy with the declining tendency of wheat. July closed n