Eupepsia TABLETS

PROMOTE DIGESTION and CURE DYSPEPSIA.

All druggists sell them under agreement to refund purchase price if they fail to give immediate relief and permanently cure indigestion and stomach troubles.

Price 50 cents a box.

Every box contains two weeks' treatment. Sent by mail, if desired, by

THE EUPEPSIA CO.,
323 Clark Avenue, St. Louis, Mo.

The bargains at Barr's are so attractive that the street cars from north, south, east and west will be crowded with eager shoppers, bound for Barr's, Sixth, Olive and Locust streets. It's a good place to make up for lost shopping hours, profitably, too.

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES.

All the Epworth Leagues of the Southern Methodist churches of the city will unite in a day's outing at the Marvin camp grounds, Saturday, September 1. An attractive programme is in course of preparation.

The Reverend Doctor I. S. Hopkins, pastor of the St. John's M. E. Church, South, will return to-day or to-morrow and fill his pulpit next Sunday as usual. The doctor has been spending his vacation at Atlanta, Ga., and other points in the South.

The Presbytery of St. Louis will hold its next meeting at No. 1516 Locust street next Monday, August 20. It is desired that there be a full attendance of the members of the presbytery, as matters of importance will be presented.

The Reverend E. T. Coyner, pastor of the Mount Calvary Evangelical Lutheran Church, will open a new mission in Waimut Park, at the residence of H. Woodmeyer, corner of Hainey and Oriole avenues, next Sunday afternoon. A Sunday school will be organized and regular preaching services inaugurated. The plan contemplates an English Sunday school, a German day school, preaching in German in the forenoon and in English at night. It is thought that the mission will develop into a church in a short time.

The Reverend Harry White, pastor of St. Luke's M. E. Church, is spending his vacation at Palmyra, N. J., and other points in the East. He will return about September 1.

The Reverend M. G. Gorin, pastor of the Cook Avenue Presbyterian Church, officiated at the Paulhamus-Templeton wedding at the Planters Hotel Wednesday evening. A sermon, published last Monday in The Republic, was the means of his selection.

The Reverend Doctor J. W. Lee, Presiding Elder of the St. Louis M. E. District, South, is expected home from his trip to Colorado and other Western points to-morrow.

The Lafayette Park M. E. Church Sunday School, of which G. W. Hall is the superintendent, will give a lawn social and festival to-morrow afternoon and evening at Reservoir Park, beginning at 3 o'clock.

The Reverend F. O. Fannon, pastor of the First Christian Church, will depart to-day or to-morrow for a vacation in Illinois. Mr. Fannon has not been very well for several weeks. His pulpit will be supplied in his absence.

Last Chance.

Choice of any Man's Suit in the house $9.99; Young Man's Suit $9.00; any Boy's Suit $4.49. Globe, Seventh and Franklin avenue.

AGAINST THE WHISKY TRUST.

Legal Action Will Be Filed in New Jersey Court.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

New York, Aug. 16.—In the New Jersey Court of Chancery there will be filed to-morrow a bill of complaint which is the institution of an action to break up the Whisky Trust—the Distilling Company of America.

The complainants are Henry I. Dittman of the New York Stock Exchange and Kalman Haas, a millionaire wholesale grocer of San Francisco, both minority stockholders in the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse Company, which is controlled by the Distilling Company of America. They not only make allegations of fraud against the distilling company, but attack it as an alleged unlawful trust.

Each of the complainants owns 290 shares of the preferred stock of the Kentucky distilleries concern, and they represent, through men who do not care to reveal their names, 6,755 shares of common and preferred stock in all. Their action is brought against the distilling company and the corporations it controls, and these men, directors of the Kentucky company: Samuel M. Rice, president of the distilling company; Edson Bradley, president of the Kentucky company; Atilla Cox, George R. Sheldon, Gilbert B. Shaw, Jefferson D. Stewart and Edward F. C. Young. They pray for the dissolution of the Kentucky company, which, they assert, is the trust's most valuable property, and which, they allege, is, with the exception of one minor concern, the Hanuts company, its only property of any real value.

The Distilling Company of America is controlled by the Whitney-Ryan-Elkins-Widener-Brady syndicate, and is capitalized at $125,000,000. It is charged in the bill with mismanaging, for the sake of the profit of the whole trust, the business of the Kentucky company. It is charged that the directors of the Distilling Company of America entered into an unlawful combination between themselves and with others "to divert the assets of said Kentucky company from the purposes originally intended—and employ such assets and property for the benefit and advantage of themselves."

The bill declares that it was the interest of these directors to cover up the facts concerning their alleged insolvent concerns they took in and this is done at the expense of the original owner of the Kentucky company.

Furthermore, the Distilling Company is accused of being an unlawful trust, obtaining a monopoly of whisky in order to dictate prices to consumers, and, therefore, exposing the Kentucky company "to all the pains and penalties of the law in restraint of monopoly."

SPECIALTIES.

Louis C. Bohle Livery Co.,
Undertakers and Embalmers.
Carriages ....$3.00 } And upwards, accordHearse .....$6.00 } ing to distances.
Black Cloth Caskets, first-class goods, $40 and upwards.
CLOBE STABLE, 1122 Chestnut St.
Telephone Main 817.

DEATHS.

MADDOX—On Thursday, August 16, 1900, at 12:30 o'clock a. m., Annie Maddox (nee Sherin), beloved wife of Walter Maddox, sister of James, Mrs. Gardner (nee Sherin), Bridget and Rose Sherin, aged 22 years.

The funeral will take place Saturday, 18th inst., at 2 o'clock p. m., from family residence, No. 4634A Kennerly avenue, to Visitation Church, thence to Calvary Cemetery. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

MALMROS—Charles Malmros, August 16, at 7 o'clock p. m.

Due notice of funeral will be given.

RAITHEL—On Wednesday, August 15, 1900, at 11:30 p. m., Christian H. Raithel, beloved husband of Katherine Raithel (nee Kramer), aged 74 years 2 months and 25 days.

Funeral Friday, at 2:30 p. m., from family residence, No. 1446 Hogan street, to Zion's Cemetery. Member of Irwin Lodge, A. F. & A. M.

VAN DAM—At her home in Kirkwood, Mo., on Thursday morning, August 16, 1900, Mrs. G. F. J. van Dam of typhoid fever, in the sixty-second year of her age.

Funeral from family residence, Saturday, August 18, at 2 o'clock p. m.

WATERS—On Monday, August 13, 1900, at Versailles, France, Sadie P. Waters, daughter of Sarah G. Waters and the late William H. Waters.

WAGONER UNDERTAKING CO.
H. H. WAGONER,
Surviving member of the late firm of SMITHERS & WAGONER, President.
FUNERAL DIRECTORS,
1127 OLIVE STREET.
Tels., Main 2840; C655. St. Louis, Mo.
DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE.

Mr. H. H. Wagoner, administrator of the estate of the late firm of Smithers & Wagoner, will settle all claims pertaining to said partnership estate at their old office, 1127 Olive st.

ALSCHULER SPOKE AT GERMAN PICNIC.

Democratic Candidate for Governor of Illinois Cordially Received at Harvel.

ADDRESS WAS NONPOLITICAL.

Monster Crowd Cheered Him Enthusiastically and Thousands Shook His Hand—Other Speeches of the Day.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Litchfield, Ill., Aug. 16.—The big German picnic at Harvel to-day was a triumph for Samuel Alschuler, Democratic candidate for Governor. Politics was tabooed, but the young Democratic gladiator was received with open arms by the thrifty Germans. They wrung his hand until every muscle in his body ached, and he talked to them in their native tongue, which caused big, broad smiles to ripple over the seamed and sunburned faces.

There was not a suggestion of politics in Mr. Alschuler's speech. He talked of Fatherland and of America; told what the German tri-color of red, blue and black stood for and started his audience to a burst of enthusiasm when he pointed to the red, white and blue, and, in glowing words, drew a picture of the home of the brave and free.

Mr. Yates did not arrive until 5 o'clock in the afternoon, the train on which Mr. Alschuler left Harvel for Litchfield.

Crowd Was Unprecedented in Size.

The event celebrated was the seventh annual German Day observance of the Harvel Germania Verein. A monster crowd filled the streets and overflowed on the residence portion during the forenoon. Heretofore 1,000 to 3,000 hearers were thought to be a crowd in little Harvel village, but to-day at least 10,000 and probably 15,000 began pouring out of Harvel for the grove, two miles east.

It soon became so crowded with people and vehicles that one could not walk with comfort. During the forenoon Mr. Alschuler held a reception at the hotel, and his carriage headed a very creditable parade of marching clubs at 11 o'clock.

There was a float in the procession representing an old Dutch farmhouse with the small room in front for the family, and attached to it in the rear was the stable, having three stalls, and a young calf representing the animal creation. The float had a thatched roof, and was driven by a typical Hollander in costume and accoutrements. Over the entrance were the words "Bur-Jan," meaning "Farmer John."

Another float represented the ancient method of thrashing in Holland. Four stalwart men swung four flails on a bunch of straw with a vigor that echoed from one end of the town to the other.

The carriage containing Mr. Alschuler was instantly surrounded whenever it stopped in the procession, and the greatest eagerness was manifested to grasp his hand and hear him speak in the native language.

Three bands furnished music, from Hillsboro, Girard and Womac. The Pretez Club of Hillsboro and the Girard Club of that place sent large delegations. Every township in Montgomery County was represented. A majority of the Germans in Harvel and neighborhood have been Republicans.

German Farmer Talks.

Henry H. Warnsing of Nokomis, one of the most influential and prosperous Germans in the country, told me that he lived in Rountree Township, where there were few Democrats and a Republican majority of about eighty.

"But there are some changes this year," said he, "I don't know how many, but I think probably half a dozen former Republicans will vote the Democratic ticket. They don't like the imperialistic attitude of McKinley. They are afraid it will end in some kind of a monarchy, and involve a big standing army and all that. The Boers! Yes, that has had something to do with it, and also the trusts. The Germans cannot understand why America can't say to Kruger: "We are darned sorry you are in that hot place, and hope England won't wipe you out of existence. We might have said that much."

A gentleman who stood near Mr. Alschuler during the reception this morning declares that he counted twenty-five men who were presented as having voted the Republican ticket four years ago.

The services at the park commenced after dinner. Richard Wedeskind was master of ceremonies, and Henry H. Wamsing was his assistant. The former delivered an address of welcome in German, and the latter in English. Then L. H. Wolf of Peoria, representing the Republican party and scout for Mr. Yates, was introduced and talked in German about the good things left across the water and the good things acquired here.

Alschuler Warmly Received.

Mr. Alschuler was presented as "the champion of the people's cause," and was the signal for a storm of applause and cheers, which rattled away under the trees for a minute or two. Mr. Alschuler faced an audience of enemies and half friends, politically, for there was only one Alschuler button in sight, and the marshal of the day wore it.

He told a story at his own expense, and in a modest, commonplace manner told of the trip of his father from the banks of the Rhine to Illinois more than forty years ago. Here his father and mother were married and here their children were born—in Illinois. He referred eloquently to the Fatherland.

"But while its advantages are many," said he, impressively, "yet it does not have the broad acres, the air of freedom, the liberty of conscience that you have in America. It is a blessed privilege to live in a land where all the people make the laws that circumscribe their actions, and also elect the men to rule over them. While many of you look back to the old Fatherland with feelings of reverence or awe, you realize that America is your home now and forever, and that you are being governed more wisely than any people on the earth, because you govern yourselves."

Complimented the Babies.

Mr. Alschuler paid a tribute to the beautiful and bounteous crop of babies on the ground, and added that he was expected to shake hands with all the men because they were voters, but, if he followed his own inclinations, rather than his mission, he would patronize the young ladies present and grasp their hands.

He told of a visit to the old home of his parents in Germany, and several men in the audience nodded their heads and smiled as he mentioned the place. They were from that Province themselves, and received a cordial invitation to make a closer acquaintance of the candidate for Governor after the speaking.

During his remarks, Mr. Alschuler frequently expressed a sentiment, or told a tale in German, and it warmed the hearts of the old fellows in the audience, for at first they were cold and impassive. But after awhile their stolid faces broke into broad smiles, and they applauded and cheered.

"The German-American or the American-German," said the speaker, "can drink all the beer he thinks he needs—and I want to say that the beer in Germany isn't as good as our beer; at least I don't believe it is—he can do what he will—eat sauerkraut, pumpernickel and wienerwurst if he wants to—but if he is a good German he cannot be a bad citizen of his adopted country, and will always be an honor and a credit to his ancestry."

Early Risers Had an Inning.

Mr. Alschuler was followed by Senator Brenholt of Alton, Republican candidate for Congress, who laid claim to being of German ancestry himself. He said he came "from the Pennsylvania Dutch," a wing that is not regarded hereabouts with particular favor. He claimed credit for "following the farmer's rule of rising early, always at 6 o'clock in the morning," and this made the phlegmatic old fellows grin and nudge their neighbors significantly.

Mr. Brenholt retold the story of how he had risen from a very humble position in life to his "present exalted state"—a State Senator and candidate for Congress in a district absolutely certain to return a majority of at least a thousand against him.

Mr. Jett, Democratic candidate for Congress, followed, and he added new stories of German prowess and statecraft. Referring to Brenholt's statement that he was an early riser, Mr. Jett suggested that "Colonel Brenholt will never be elected to Congress if that was his usual custom. I rise at 5 every morning myself."

Everybody laughed at Brenholt, and then Mr. Jett complimented the agricultural abilities of the German farmers, and gave way to Congressman Caldwell of Springfield, who briefly and clearly paid his meed of praise to the German character.

James B. Hicks, who was reared near Harvel, concluded with a short speech on old times in and around what is now the village of Harvel.

Returned to Litchfield.

Mr. Alschuler, accompanied by W. J. Roach, member of the State Committee of Chicago; Senator Shumway, Congressman Jett, candidate for Board of Equalization; Yantis, candidate for Senator; Coleman, candidate for Representative; Rice and other distinguished Democrats returned to Litchfield at 5 o'clock.

To-night at the City Park Mr. Alschuler addressed an audience of 3,000 on the issues of the day and was listened to with the closest attention. J. L. PICKERING.

INDORSED BRYAN.

Anti-Imperialists Pledged Him Their Support.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 16.—The Liberty Congress of the American League of Anti-Imperialists to-day emphatically indorsed the candidacy of William J. Bryan for President. The resolutions to that effect were read to the convention by Colonel Charles R. Codman of Massachusetts, who moved their adoption, after stating that the entire committee of twenty-five had indorsed them. The congress, however, did not adopt the platform as submitted by the Resolutions Committee without a prolonged debate. Thomas M. Osborne of Auburn, N. Y., leader of the "third ticket" movement, offered an amendment to strike out the indorsement of Bryan, and his amendment was vigorously supported by several delegates, but when the previous question was ordered, less than a score could be marshalled to vote against the Bryan indorsement. The vote was viva voca, and its exact result will never be known; but the sentiment of this convention was clearly shown as being in favor of the indorsement of Bryan as the most effective manner of checking the imperialistic policy of the administration.

Every mention of Mr. Bryan's name in the convention called enthusiastic applause.

After the adoption of the resolutions indorsing Bryan, the representatives of the third party movement met in the assembly-room of the Commercial Club and selected Thomas M. Osborne of Auburn, N. Y., for permanent chairman, and Everett V. Abbott of New York for permanent secretary. A motion was made and carried that a convention be held in New York City September 5, for the purpose of nominating a ticket.

It is said that the third party men to-day offered the presidential nomination to Moorfield Storey of Massachusetts, but that Mr. Storey declined the honor. William I. Palmer of Colorado was reported to be their choice for Vice President.

Secretary Mize of the Liberty Congress to-day received a letter from William Lloyd Garrison of Boston, pledging the writer's support to Bryan.

Low Rates to Denver.

COLORADO SPRINGS AND PUEBLO Via the Missouri Pacific Railway. Choice of two through car lines. Tickets on sale August 18th and 19th.

YOUNG BRIDE ABSENT.

Mrs. Jesse P. Cassidy Left Home and Did Not Return.

Jesse P. Cassidy of No. 3416 Bell avenue and Miss Helen Louise Thorell of No. 1127 Channing avenue eloped to Union, Mo., last Monday, obtained a license there and were married at Washington. That evening they returned to St. Louis. She went to her mother's home and he to his home.

The marriage was made public the next day and the young couple went to housekeeping two doors west of the Cassidy residence.

Yesterday morning the young bride left the house and did not return. Mrs. Thorell said last night that she had not seen her daughter yesterday. The mother did not favor the marriage, preferring that her daughter should continue her music studies.

Mr. Cassidy said that his wife's departure was the result of a slight misunderstanding, and that he was sure she would return in a day or two. He expressed the opinion that she was staying with friends.

Mrs. Cassidy is a talented violinist and is a member of the Young Ladies' Guild of Trinity Episcopal Church. Her husband is devoted to her.

CONDUCTOR STABBED BY NEGRO

Passenger Saw the Deed, but Assailant Escaped.

Thomas Raftery, a conductor on the Suburban Railroad, was seriously stabbed late last night by an unidentified negro, in view of a carload of passengers.

Raftery, who is single, and lives at No. 6346 Baltimore avenue, was in charge of a southbound car on Sarah street, about 10:30 o'clock. At Easton avenue he became involved in a quarrel with a young negro, who demanded a transfer which the conductor was unwilling to give.

There was a large crowd on the car, and their attention had just been drawn to the controversy when the negro drew a knife and stabbed Raftery in the left side, just above the hip.

The injured man was taken to the office of Doctor Grant at No. 4216 Page avenue. The physician sent him to the Baptist Sanitarium, saying that the wound was very serious. In the confusion following the stabbing the negro escaped.

RESIDENCES DAMAGED BY FIRE.

Cause of Pope Avenue Blaze Has Not Been Found.

Fire of unknown origin, which originated in the attic of No. 2350 Pope avenue, last night, damaged the adjoining residences to the extent of more than $2,000 before the firemen could extinguish the flames. Officer M. O'Sullivan of the Sixth District discovered the fire.

The one-story frame building at No. 2350 Pope avenue, owned by Charles Lamferich of Granite City, Ill., and occupied by Fred Brokhauser, was damaged $300 and the furniture $50. The fire then spread to the one-story frame at No. 2352 Pope avenue, owned by Casper Twellmeier of No. 2356 Pope avenue, and occupied by William Hoefner, and the building and contents were damaged $200. The Twellmeier residence also caught fire and the building was damaged to the extent of $400. Fred Mochener lives on the second floor of the residence at No. 2350 Pope avenue, where the fire originated. He cannot approximate his loss.

SMITHFIELD ON FIRE.

Communication With the Illinois Town Cut Off.

Peoria, Ill., Aug. 17.—A brief message from Smithfield, a town of 1,200 people, in Fulton County, at 1 o'clock this morning, announced that sixteen buildings had then been destroyed by fire, and that the flames were beyond control.

The telephone office burned out a few minutes later, and additional particulars are lacking, as all communication is interrupted.

DECLARED SECOND DIVIDEND.

Great Prosperity of the Window Glass Trust.

Pittsburg, Pa., Aug. 16.—The American Window Glass Company to-day declared a 2½ per cent dividend on its $4,000,000 of preferred stock. This is the second of the kind this year.

Officials of the company announce to-night that fires have been lighted and that all of their plants will be in operation on September 1, which is an unusually early start.

DECLARED A COAL TRUST.

Chesapeake and Ohio Fuel Company Convicted by Government.

Cincinnati, O., Aug. 16.—In the case of the Chesapeake and Ohio Fuel Company, charged by the Government with being a trust, in violation of the United States statute, Judge Thompson to-day decided in favor of the Government, finding that the company is conducting its business in violation of the anti-trust statutes.

The fuel company includes some fourteen coal companies, mostly in West Virginia.

VIENNESE WON THEIR BET.

Rolled a Heavy Tub From Vienna to Paris.

New York, Aug. 16.—A dispatch to the Times from Paris says:

"Ensman and Trebische, two Viennese, who have spent the last two months rolling a tub from Vienna to Paris for bets of 5,000 francs, have arrived at the Vincennes gate and thus won the money. The tub weighs a trifle over 500 pounds."

BRYAN ADDRESSES FELLOW-TOWNSMEN.

Citizens of Lincoln Turned Out in a Body to Do Him Honor on His Return.

DISCUSSED NATIONAL ISSUES.

Basic Principles of Our Government Are at Stake in This Campaign, He Said—Reception at the Bryan Home.

Lincoln, Neb., Aug. 16.—Lincoln tendered a very handsome welcome to Mr. Bryan upon his return to his home here after an absence of ten days. He reached the city on the Rock Island road at 3:20 to-day and was met at the depot by quite a large concourse of people, who escorted him to his residence, and who, after listening to a speech there and shaking hands with both Mr. and Mrs. Bryan, only dispersed to meet in the evening with many others in a reception given in the State Capitol grounds, which partook more of the nature of an official function.

Mr. Bryan spoke at some length in his reply, first expressing his and Mrs. Bryan's appreciation of the good will of their townspeople of all parties and explaining why he went away from home to meet the people instead of having them come to Lincoln to see him. On this point he said:

"I have sometimes been criticized for going away from home, instead of staying here and having people come to see me; but I have felt, in the first place, that people could not come here as well as they could go to Canton. Lincoln is not in the center of a thickly-populated country, as Canton is, and our people have not the means of traveling without cost, as they have in some parts of the country, under some circumstances, and I have felt that it would be a great deal cheaper for me to go and see the people than for me to compel them to come and see me." (Applause.)

He then explained the reasons of his party for an apparent change of issues, saying:

"Parties do not make issues; parties meet issues. It is now ten years since I first became a candidate in this community and you will remember that in that campaign of 1890, the dominant question was the tariff question. That was the question then before the country. That was the question which we discussed. Before 1892 the silver question began to rise into prominence and in the campaign of 1892 we discussed both the tariff question and the silver question, but the silver question more than the tariff question.

"By 1894 the silver question had risen so in importance that it became the main question for discussion in this State. You will remember that in the campaign of 1894 we lost. The Republicans carried this State, and had two-thirds in the Legislature, but the silver question went on increasing in importance until, in 1896, we had the fight in the nation upon the same lines that we had it in the State two years before, and, after two years of consideration, the people of Nebraska had so changed their minds that we carried this State by 13,000 majority. (Applause.)

"That was the change that took place after a study of the subjects then before the country. If we had our way about it we would have in this campaign at this time the same questions we had in 1896; but events have thrust into the arena of politics new questions. The true question, which was considered some, has become more important because the Republican party has stood sponsor by the cradle of more trusts than came into existence in all the years previous to 1896. (Applause.) It is the fault of the Republican party that the trust question is of more importance now than it was four years ago.

Menace to Free Government.

"But the Republican party has brought into this campaign a question more important than any question which merely involves the system of taxation, the industrial system, or the financial system. The Republican party attacks the fundamental principles upon which our Government rests, and when the Republican party strikes at the very foundation of free government, it injects into the campaign an issue of overshadowing importance. (Great applause.)

"It is not our fault that we have to take up new questions from time to time. When the Republicans tell you that we discuss questions now that we did not discuss four years ago, or six years ago, or eight, or ten years ago, tell them that they have raised questions of such importance that they challenge attention and the Democrats stand ready to discuss any question that is vital to the interests of the American people." (Great applause.)

WILL CARRY NEW YORK.

Democracy of the State United for Bryan, Says James Creelman.

BY JAMES CREELMAN.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Saratoga, N. Y., Aug. 16.—The political situation in New York State, revealed by the careful private reports of the Democratic County chairmen, to-day, indicate that Mr. Bryan will carry New York State by more than 75,000 votes.

This is based upon the theory of Mr. Croker and the Brooklyn leaders that Mr. Bryan will get a majority of from 85,000 to 100,000 in Greater New York. These figures rest upon comparisons of the presidential vote four years ago with the official estimates made in the various counties for the private use of the Democratic State Committee.

The evidence shows that the Democracy of New York is absolutely united for Mr. Bryan in every county; that the former Gold Democrats are, with rare exceptions, earnestly supporting the Democratic ticket and that the two vital issues of the campaign are anti-imperialism and trusts.

The battle in the State Committee to-day between Mr. Hill and the Croker-Murphy-McLaughlin forces was a mere technical thing of no serious importance. Mr. Hill and his friends are supporting Mr. Bryan just as aggressively as the rest of the party. There is not the shadow of a division in the party on national questions. In that respect the organization was never more united and enthusiastic than now.

The attempt to create the idea that the Democratic party in New York State is torn apart on the very threshold of a presidential campaign, with all the proofs of national victory in sight, is preposterous. Mr. Hill admits that Mr. Croker and Mr. Murphy will work to their utmost for Mr. Bryan. Mr. Croker admits that Mr. Hill, when the present local contest is over, will work hard to elect Mr. Bryan. Where, then, is there a sign of Democratic disunion?

NEGRO'S NARROW ESCAPE.

Chicago Mob Had Ropes for a Purse-Snatcher.

Chicago, Ill., Aug. 16.—William Fikua, a negro from Nashville, Tenn., came dangerously near being lynched in the street tonight.

He had snatched a pocketbook from a woman and led the police a long chase through the alleys and downtown streets. During his flight he fired three times at the police and the crowd which followed the officers in the pursuit. He was caught in front of the Great Northern Hotel, where he crawled under a horse which was standing by the hotel entrance. While the officers were taking their prisoner to the police station they were followed by a large crowd of 500, which shouted, "Hang him!" "Lynch him!" "Take him away." The officers halted at Madison and Clark streets to wait for the patrol wagon and the crowd made a desperate effort to take Fikua from them.

Ropes were procured and if the negro had been taken from the police he would have been hanged. The police used their clubs vigorously and after a hard fight managed to get the prisoner to the patrol wagon, which made a successful dash through the crowd.

FOUR OVERCOME BY HEAT.

One Man Was Stricken at Forest Park Highlands.

Four St. Louisans were overcome by the heat yesterday.

Jacob Bisky of No. 125 South Broadway is in a serious condition. He was overcome while at the corner of Washington boulevard and Pendleton avenue last night about 6 o'clock. He was talking with friends when he suddenly dropped to the pavement.

At first they thought that he had been struck by a bullet or a rock, as blood gushed from a wound in the back of his head. It was subsequently learned, however, that the wound was caused by his head striking the curbing. An ambulance was summoned and he was removed to the City Hospital. His condition is considered serious by Doctor Nietert.

Another victim of the intense heat is Herman Schwartz, a traveling man, who lives at No. 3318 Franklin avenue. He was stricken while walking at Tenth and Brooklyn streets yesterday afternoon. He dropped to the pavement and Policeman A. J. Roach of the Ninth District picked him up and summoned an ambulance. Schwartz was removed to the office of Doctor Engle at No. 1100 Brooklyn street, where he was partially revived and sent to his home.

At Forest Park Highlands yesterday afternoon George R. Ertel of No. 2004 Lafayette avenue fell to the tanbark floor in the shade of the pavilion. He was revived by constant applications of ice to his temples. Afterwards he was removed to his home in a carriage.

John Bishop, a driver of a beer wagon, was overcome by the heat at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and taken to the City Hospital. His condition was pronounced serious. He was driving his wagon east in Finney avenue, and when he reached the corner of Sarah street he fell to the ground. He was not injured by the fall.

NO MORE SPEED CONTESTS.

International Typographical Union Forbids Matches.

Milwaukee, Wis., Aug. 16.—The International Typographical Union to-day voted to meet next year at Birmingham, Ala.

The forenoon was taken up in discussing a proposed amendment to the constitution providing for a censorship by the Executive Council of all communications of union members to be printed in newspapers, circulars or pamphlets reflecting on the standing or character, private or public, of any member or members of the International Typographical Union. Members violating this clause shall be subject to trial and fined, suspended or expelled, on a two-thirds vote of the members.

The object of the proposition is to control in a measure much of the matter printed in labor papers. The proposition was adopted, 131 to 39. The labor editors were given a hearing and have threatened to ignore the legislation.

Other matters acted upon to-day were the indorsement of the Woman's Label League and the adoption of legislation prohibiting speed contests either by hand or machine.

The afternoon was taken up entirely in considering matters in executive session.

It was made known to-night that a resolution was passed empowering the Executive Council to treat with a special committee of the American Publishers' Association for the purpose of creating a general Arbitration Committee, whose duty it will be to arbitrate all differences pending and future.

It is said the matter will first be referred to all the unions, and if the majority of the unions sustain the ruling a referendum vote will then be taken. The action is in furtherance of the plan suggested by Frederick Driscoll, commissioner of the American Publishers' Association.

STRANDED AT UNION STATION.

Two Women With Their Children Receive Assistance.

Two women who were stranded with their children at Union Station yesterday afternoon found friends in need among the charitable station employes and were enabled to continue their journeys to their friends by means of the contributions made to Matron Hunter.

Each woman had two small children and they arrived at the station penniless and hungry.

Mrs. Grace Hoadley, 22 years old, is one of the mothers. Her two boys are 3 and 6 years old, respectively. She arrived at St. Louis from Beatrice, Neb., where she lived since her marriage. She said that her husband deserted her about a year ago and that she was trying to make her way to Buffalo, N. Y., where her mother resides.

Mrs. Hoadley was married at the age of 14 to a man whom she had known about three months. She met the man when she was at school in Buffalo. Hoadley, who was only 20 years old at the time, induced her to elope with him to Birmingham, N. Y. Her husband commenced to drink, she said, and after they had been married four years he deserted her.

The other mother is Mrs. Elizabeth Fowler, who came from Nashville, Tenn., with a boy 14 and a girl 11 years old. Mrs. Fowler is a widow and since the death of her husband, seven years ago, has done her best to support herself and children. She worked in tobacco factories in the South, but recently lost her position on account of ill health. She was on her way to Chicago to join the Seven-Day Adventists, of which her husband was a member. She said that as soon as she got to Chicago her troubles would be over, for the members of that cult would look after her.

CONFEDERATES MAKE PROTEST.

Do Not Want Commander to Attend G. A. R. Encampment.

Confederate veterans of New Orleans, according to a telegram received by The Republic yesterday, have formally protested against the attendance of General J. B. Gordon, commander of the United Confederate Veterans, at the national G. A. R. encampment in Chicago. The recent utterances of the commander of the G. A. R. at Atlanta are given as the basis of the protest. The resolution adopted also deprecates all "so-called reunions of blue and gray."

Frank Galennie, a former member of Bledsoe's battery, who is a leader among the Confederates of this city, said yesterday concerning the telegram from New Orleans:

"Resolutions of that sort are perhaps natural coming from a section where all the people are of one mind, but as they express only local sentiment, are of little significance. The same thing in the way of passing resolutions is done many times in the North, and should not be considered as the sentiments or ideas of the national body.

"In the middle districts, such as our own neighborhood, where the sentiments of the people are about equally divided, you will find less likelihood of such an occurrence. As for the act itself, I do not care to express any opinion upon it, as we probably do not understand up here the motives which, I have no doubt, appear good to the members in New Orleans."

WILL ISSUE CERTIFICATES.

United States Flour Milling Company Bonds Authorized.

New York, Aug. 16.—An order was issued by Judge Lacombe of the United States Circuit Court to-day authorizing Samuel Thomas, Charles E. Kimball and Albert C. Long, receivers of the United States Flour Milling Company, to issue certificates to the amount of $250,000.

By another and similar order, Judge Lacombe authorized Charles E. Kimball and William Brookfield, receivers of the Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Company, a corporation of which 95 per cent of the stock is owned and controlled by the United States Flour Milling Company, to issue receivers' certificates to the amount of $300,000.

NO TRACE OF FREEMAN BOY.

Lad Believed to Have Been Kidnaped Still Missing.

Mrs. Clementine Freeman of No. 1118 South Fourth has found no trace of her 8-year-old son George, who was abducted early on Wednesday morning.

The police are making a diligent search for the child but so far have been unsuccessful. The mother still believes that the boy was kidnaped by his father, Clark Freeman.

The Freemans separated about seven years ago when, Mrs. Freeman charges, her husband left her to shift alone, with her children. The father has been especially anxious to get possession of the boy and has spirited him away three or four times, she says.

The couple have several times patched up their marital differences, but finally separated a few years ago. When the father took the children to New Orleans Mrs. Freeman followed and gained possession of them, with the assistance of the police.

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POLITICAL.

Following are the appointments of speakers so far assigned by the Democratic State Central Committee:

HONORABLE A. M. DOCKERY.
Nevada, Saturday, Aug. 18, 1 p. m.
Sedalia, Tuesday, Aug. 21, 1 p. m.
Savannah, Thursday, Aug. 23, 1 p. m.
Craig, Friday, Aug. 24, 1 p. m.
Clarence, Saturday, Aug. 25, 1 p. m.
St. Louis City, Aug. 27, 28, 29, 30 and 31.
Pineville, Saturday, Sept. 1, 1 p. m.
Kansas City, Monday, Sept. 3, 1 p. m.
Monett, Tuesday, Sept. 4, 7 p. m.
Galena, Wednesday, Sept. 5, 1 p. m.
Forsythe, Thursday, Sept. 6, 1 p. m.
Ozark, Friday, Sept. 7, 1 p. m.
Lebanon, Saturday, Sept. 8, 1 p. m.
Milan, Monday, Sept. 10, 11 a. m.
Linneus, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 11 a. m.
Brookfield, Tuesday, Sept. 11, 7 p. m.
Macon City, Wednesday, Sept. 12, 1 p. m.
Moberly, Wednesday, Sept. 12, 7 p. m.
Hannibal, Thursday, Sept. 13, 7 p. m.
St. Joseph, Friday, Sept. 14, 7 p. m.
Maryville, Saturday, Sept. 15, 1 p. m.

HONORABLE JOHN A. LEE.
Martinsburg, Wednesday, Aug. 29, 1 p. m.
Bevier, Monday, Sept. 3, 1 p. m.
Pilot Grove, Thursday, Aug. 16, 1 p. m.
Browning, Saturday, Aug. 25, 1 p. m.
St. James, Saturday, Sept. 1, 1 p. m.
Calhoun, Thursday, Sept. 13, 1 p. m.

HONORABLE M. E. BENTON.
Higginsville, Saturday, Aug. 25, 1 p. m.
Bolivar, Monday, Aug. 27, 1 p. m.
Polla, Monday, Sept. 3, 1 p. m.
Clinton, Saturday, Sept