

BIG SHORTAGE UNCOVERED IN KENTUCKY BANK.

Double the Capital Stock and All Assets Will Not Cover Alleged Theft.

Frank M. Brown Enjoyed Implicit Confidence of Employers, and Now Is Missing—Wine, Women and Gambling Figure in the Case—Bank Closed Temporarily—Depositors Excited.

Cincinnati, O., Nov. 18.—United States Bank Examiner Turner today took possession of the German National Bank at Newport, Ky., and posted a notice that the bank would remain closed pending an examination.

Examiner Tucker also announced officially that Frank M. Brown, the assistant cashier, was missing, and that a partial investigation showed that Brown was short about \$200,000.

Brown had been with the bank eighteen years, was one of the most trusted men ever connected with it, and it is stated by the experts that his operations extended as far as ten years. The capital stock of the bank is only \$100,000. Brown's alleged shortage is double that amount, and more than the reserve, and all the assets, including the real estate.

His brother, Doctor George Brown of Newport, says that the bookkeeper has fled the country, and it is also reported that he sailed from New York on Friday last for China.

While Alford got away with \$100,000 in New York, he did it in a large bank; but Brown did not have so much to go on, and seems to have gone to the limit by a small bank in a city of less than 30,000 inhabitants.

The First National Bank of Newport was wrecked two years ago by Cashier Yontsey, and now, with the German National closed, Newport has only one bank left. For two weeks there have been rumors that Brown was short, and some depositors withdrew their accounts.

BANK EXAMINERS MADE GOOD STATEMENT. Three weeks ago the bank examiners made a good statement of the bank, and the officers and directors alleged suspicion by referring to the report of this examination and to their last statement. Last Wednesday Brown was called to the office and he had gone hunting on a vacation. He did get a ticket for Odin, Ill., but it is learned now that he did not go there, and it is generally believed that he is out of this country with plenty of money in his possession.

It is learned that Brown was suspended last Tuesday pending investigation and that experts have been at work all the past week, while the officers and directors have been making announcements that everything was all right. Last Friday the officials and directors published in the papers of this city a statement that the bank had been found to be all right and that the rumors about Brown were false.

They continued making these statements rather extensive business in the holding up of belated pedestrians in St. Louis.

Their latest victim, so far as reported, is Richard E. Dimick of No. 2644 Page avenue, who was robbed of his money, watch and overcoat in front of No. 2694 Page avenue late Saturday night.

Thursday night they held up Joseph P. Licklider and Robert Ross at the corner of Eighteenth street and Chouteau avenue. Dimick is connected with the Continental Tobacco Company, and Licklider is a clerk of the M. K. & T. Railroad. In both cases the robbers are described as mild-mannered, faultlessly attired, smooth-shaven young men. Both robberies were conducted in a decidedly similar manner.

W. E. Michaels, a saloonkeeper at No. 2801 Page boulevard, thinks he saw the "Dudes" Saturday night, ten minutes before Mr. Dimick was robbed. He says the two men entered his saloon about 10:30 o'clock, watched him and E. C. Thomas play a game of dominoes, called for a glass of beer and then departed. He says the two men were dressed very closely with that given by Licklider, Ross and Dimick. The only thing that makes Michaels doubtful is that the two men who visited his saloon impressed him as being too well dressed to be highwaymen.

Dimick had been downtown and was returning home, walking east on the south side of Page avenue from the Vandeventer avenue tracks. As he crossed Prairie avenue he noticed two men in front of the east door of Michael's saloon. These two men started east on the south side of the street as Dimick crossed Prairie avenue. They walked rapidly, and, crossing the street at Spring avenue, reached the shadow of a row of trees in front of No. 2694 Page

to the press as late as last midnight, but the statements were not accepted by the Commercial Tribune. Its story caused a panic in Newport to-day, so that the bank had to be taken in charge by the examiner. The wildest scenes were witnessed in Newport to-day, and serious trouble is feared to-morrow.

WINE AND GAMBLING IN HIS REPERTOIRE. Brown, it is claimed, was living a fast life, with wine, women and gambling in his repertoire. His career was not cut short by any discovery at the bank till a jealous woman gave him away. Brown is a widower with one son, aged 10 years, who lives with Brown's father, Paris C. Brown, ex-Mayor of Newport and one of the leading business men of Cincinnati.

Last summer Brown visited Yellowstone Park, and a certain Cincinnati woman wanted to accompany him, but this was denied by her. When she ascertained some time afterward that another woman was with Brown on the Western trip, the Cincinnati woman gave the bank officials some information that brought about a crisis.

The only farewell letter that Brown had secured about all that he could get and that the time had come to say farewell. Brown was a great poker player, with the limit never too high, and he had been a player on horse races for years. His bets on the races, it is alleged, were frequently too high for the poolrooms in Covington, Ky., and he had brokers in both Chicago and New York.

The officers of the German National Bank are wealthy, responsible men and they will be able to make the losses good. Among the directors is Paris C. Brown, the father of the missing man, who is known from Pittsburgh to New Orleans as the head of the stores for boat supplies. The cashier of this bank is also the paying teller, and Brown relieved him of his duties when the cashier went to his dinner. It is stated that Brown did most of his work during the noon lunch of the cashier.

There was quite a run on the bank yesterday, but the usual announcement was made, as it continued to be made to the press till after midnight, but more of a rush is expected at the bank to-morrow. It is feared by some that serious trouble may occur.

avenue just ahead of Dimick. As Dimick came into the shadow the two men stepped toward him and ordered him to hold up his hands.

Dimick, instead of complying, thrust his right hand into his trousers pocket, where he had a revolver. One robber seized his arm, and each put a revolver to Dimick's head. Dimick gave up, and the robbers proceeded to strip him of his money.

The first thing they did was to take his revolver. Then they searched his pockets for money. From his trousers they took about \$2 in change; from his left vest pocket they took a \$10 ring; from his right vest pocket they took a watch, and the chain attached to it. They searched all his other pockets, and in an inside pocket of his coat found a bundle of letters. They examined them carefully by the gaslight, and then returned them. They did not know that in a small wallet at the bottom of the same pocket were three \$10 gold pieces. Then they made Dimick take off his overcoat and give it to them. They then ordered him to march on and after he had reached a certain point they turned back.

The robbery of Licklider and Ross was much on the same order. Licklider was the first victim. He was stopped near the corner of Eighteenth street and Chouteau avenue, forced at the point of a pistol to permit a search of his pockets, and then to take off his overcoat. About this time Ross came up and the two men searched him. They found a watch, a ring and a watch chain. They examined them, and then returned them. They did not know that in a small wallet at the bottom of the same pocket were three \$10 gold pieces. Then they made Dimick take off his overcoat and give it to them. They then ordered him to march on and after he had reached a certain point they turned back.

FRANCE TO GIVE KRUGER MAGNIFICENT RECEPTION. Press and People Will Welcome Him Wednesday as the Heroic Leader of an Heroic Nation.

BY LUCIAN MILLEVOYER. Member French Chamber of Deputies. SPECIAL BY CABLE. Paris, Nov. 18.—(Copyright, 1900, by W. R. Hearst.)—France eagerly looks forward to next Wednesday morning, when President Kruger will set foot on French soil at Marseilles.

In spite of the ugly officialdom, which is trying to drown the voice of the people, venerable and valiant Kruger will be accorded a reception unequalled since the days of Napoleon.

The great French, Russian, American, Dutch and Irish delegates will greet him. Chancellors may call him private, but never have reception committees numbered in their lists more Senators, Deputies, Mayors and other officials. Every commune in Paris is preparing to show its admiration for this modern Horatius.

The extent of this reception will be limited only by Kruger's desire and physical powers to receive honors. The President will be greeted all along the line from Marseilles to Paris. Preparations already made induce such tremendous expectations



COMING HIS WAY.

MISS ZIMMERMAN'S MANCHESTER'S BRIDE.

Cincinnati Heiress Secretly Weds the Young Duke in London—Engagement Often Denied.

SPECIAL BY CABLE. London, Nov. 18.—(Copyright, 1900, by W. R. Hearst.)—The young Duke of Manchester and Miss Zimmerman, daughter of Eugene Zimmerman of Cincinnati, were quietly married last Wednesday afternoon by the Very Reverend Canon Barker, in the parish church of Marylebone, in which parish the Duke lives.

Owing to the strenuous opposition to the marriage by the relatives of both bride and groom, the wedding was extremely quiet; might be called secret.

The Misses Helena and Effie Evans, aunts of the bride, waited on her. Ernest Lambert and Lionel Phillips, the Duke's most intimate friends, attended him.

The Duke and Duchess and Miss Helena Evans left London yesterday and arrived at Tandragee Castle, the Duke's Irish estate, this evening. The place was en fête. The Duke's tenants welcomed him and his bride gladly—vociferously.

There was a lover quarrel before Miss Zimmerman left Paris—not serious, but it remained. She came to her native land; went to Narragansett Pier. Failing to write, the Duke determined to follow her to America.

What sort of a ring shall I bring you? He then thought her portionless, and offered, should she marry him, to give her a dot of 2,000,000 francs. He is still single—but he has never withdrawn his offer.

Before Miss Zimmerman left the capital, Manchester had proposed to her. With her usual originality, she declined the engagement ring he proffered.

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Manchester entered from another door in pink flannels and a bath robe, representing "A Bachelor." The daring conceit struck the company as being beyond the bounds of propriety, and the Duke was asked to retire by the committee. The entry, however, had been made. The two had been in the parish church of Marylebone, in which parish the Duke lives.

DUKE PERSEVERED UNDER MANY DIFFICULTIES. The Duke made progress in Paris, but it was not all plain sailing. One of his rivals was Prince Lubbeck, a Pole, and an intimate friend of the Duke's. Lubbeck had known her for years. The first time he saw Miss Zimmerman on the street, when she was a schoolgirl, he learned where she lived, procured an introduction to her aunts and made a formal request for her hand.

He then thought her portionless, and offered, should she marry him, to give her a dot of 2,000,000 francs. He is still single—but he has never withdrawn his offer.

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LEADING TOPICS TO-DAY'S REPUBLIC.

For Missouri—Fair and colder in northwest, much colder in eastern and southern portions Monday, with rain, possibly turning to snow.

For Illinois—Rain and much colder Monday, probably turning to snow near Lake Michigan. Tuesday, fair; break to high northerly winds near lake.

For Arkansas—Rain and much colder Monday, Tuesday fair; northerly winds.

Administration May Use Weyler's Harsh Plan. Slew Himself in Wife's Presence.

Cullom Appears to Be in Front. Roosevelt Argues Van Wyck Charges. Wall Street Has Another Failure.

Wear May Not Play Against Harvard. Collins and Wall Were Knocked Out. Association Football Games. Turf Gossip.

Editorial. The Stage. Old Congratulations Received by Mr. McKinley.

Shot in a Fight With Burglars. Henry Kersting Dies Suddenly. Submarine Boats to Cross Ocean. Divorce Suit Ends in Double Tragedy.

Republic Want Ads. Zine and Lead Report. Plan Force Fight for Canal Treaty.

Sermons and Services at the Churches. Death of Samuel Swartz. New House of Worship at Girard, Ill. Fiftieth Anniversary of Carondelet Church.

Movement of Grain Market. Wall Street Activity Breaks All Records.

City Institutions as They Appear. Call Issued to Doctor Tyrrell. Six-Year-Old Girl Causes an Arrest. Scheme to Divide Texas Revisited. Mount Calvary's Corner Stone Laid. Visitors at the Hotel. St. Louis Epworth League Goes in Style. Our Shipping Thriving.

ADMINISTRATION MAY USE WEYLER'S HARSH PLAN.

War Department Said to Favor the Concentration Scheme Employed by the Spanish General in Cuba.

Coming Philippine Campaign Likely to Be a War of Extermination Without Mercy for Filipinos—Insurrection Is Raging With Renewed Vigor.

REPUBLIC'S SPECIAL. Washington, Nov. 18.—Weyler's concentration scheme, now about to be adopted by Lord Kitchener in South Africa, may be resorted to by the American military authorities in the Philippines. Harsh though it be, this plan appeals to officials of the War Department, and it is said that during the coming campaign in the Philippines no mercy is to be extended to those actively engaged in the insurrection or who give aid and comfort to the enemy.

Concentration of "amigos" and extermination of militant Filipinos will be the order. The administration, according to a high official, has become weary of the long-drawn-out war. It has been conciliatory in dealing with the insurgents, but it is admitted that peaceful methods have met with contempt and that the insurrection, far from being crushed, has taken on new life.

To Establish Troops. It is now proposed to give the Filipinos a taste of their own medicine. The innocent may suffer, but it is urged that only by this means can the entire island be soothed to him.

Through spies and scouting parties, General MacArthur is gaining information regarding the whereabouts of the larger bodies of Filipinos. In accord with the plan of Aguinaldo, many of the insurgents who have remained inactive during the rainy season are now posing as "amigos," and will probably maintain a seemingly friendly attitude until an opportunity for wiping out a small detachment of American troops is afforded.

MacArthur's Plan. General MacArthur, in furtherance of his plan, will practically abandon the Philippine Islands, save for the island of Luzon, leaving small garrisons only on the others to maintain a semblance of order. It is his theory that the suppression of the Filipinos in Luzon will be followed by the restoration of peace throughout the archipelago.

General MacArthur will, therefore, devote himself almost exclusively to the island of Luzon. The army will be assisted by the navy and the marines, the latter being responsible for the maintenance of peace and order in the provinces of Cavite and the district of Olaneta. The navy will be employed to assist the military in its operations against posts occupied by insurgents in conveying troops and in preventing filibustering.

There is reason to believe that General MacArthur contemplates devoting his principal attention at first to the northern part of Luzon, particularly as it is believed to be in the mountains of Benguet in that region. Cavalry will play an important part in the coming campaign. The method of operations pursued by the American forces is to make an attack in force, and then disperse the forces under his command, and is collecting them at points convenient to maintaining the peace of the island.

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armed truce between the rebels and the Americans has existed for months past. General Young, commanding the Department of Northern Luzon, is sending reinforcements to General Young's Provinces, where the natives, under Generals Tinto and Asipaya, the excommunicated Filipino priests, are showing signs of restlessness, deserting the domiciles that they have occupied during the rainy season, and joining, under compulsion of fear, the natives in the mountains.

Notable among the week's engagements was General Grant's advance with Macacnebe and American scouts upon a rebel stronghold in the mountains of Ilocos, which was defended by 200 Filipinos.

MacArthur's Advance. After skirmishing and fighting for the greater part of a day and night, the enemy was dislodged from the mountain fastness, and immediately quantities of rice and stores, with ammunition, were destroyed. Fifty Filipinos were killed and many others wounded. The insurgents carried off the dead. The American losses were eleven privates and one officer wounded and one Macacnebe killed.

Lieutenant Frederick W. Alstaster of the engineers, who was captured by the insurgents in Luzon last September, has sent, with the permission of his captors, a letter to Manila, and with it money and clothing, which will be forwarded to him by a native runner. His health is broken and his release is problematical.

Although news and commercial messages between Manila and points in America and Europe are not subject to censorship, all messages between the Philippines and the Orient are censored as heretofore.

The United States cruiser Newark is undergoing a trial by court-martial, convened by Admiral Hensley. He is charged with "irrational and bad management and lack of discipline" on board the cruiser.

The trial is the result of a letter written by Lieutenant Commander Colwell to Admiral Hensley. The governor is being examined on board the Newark and the court's decision will be officially sent to Washington.

MARKED INCREASE IN ACTIVITY OF FORCES IN THE PHILIPPINES.

Many Skirmishes and Several Small Engagements Last Week in Northern and Southern Luzon.

Manila, Nov. 18.—(First uncensored news by cablegram since the American occupation.)—Last week witnessed a very considerable increase in Filipino and American activity in the field. Many skirmishes and engagements in Northern and Southern Luzon. The termination of the rains permits a resumption of operations on both sides.

The Americans are undertaking a series of aggressive movements against the Filipinos, notably upon the island of Samar, against General Lukban, whose forces hold the entire island with the exception of three coast towns, each of which is garrisoned by two companies of the Twenty-ninth Infantry and a company of artillery.

The Filipinos are continually shooting into the garrisoned towns, and our forces have not been sufficient to retaliate effectively. Commerce in Samar has been at a standstill, and most of the influential inhabitants have departed. General Hare has arrived there with 20 men. He will bring eight companies of the Second Infantry from the island of Marinduque as they may be needed, and will proceed energetically to crush General Lukban. Meanwhile United States gunboats will patrol the coast to prevent the escape of the Filipino leader.

Lukban still holds three members of the Forty-third Regiment prisoners. Garrisons Being Relieved. The relief which the party of Captain Devereaux Shields of Company F, Twenty-ninth Volunteer Infantry, lost last September in Marinduque, at the time of the capture, had not yet been recovered from all the Filipinos.

All of the Marinduque garrisons are being continued. The Twentieth Infantry, which recently arrived from China, will relieve the Twenty-first Infantry from duty in Manila and the Twenty-first will relieve the Thirty-third Infantry in Southern Luzon, the Thirty-eighth Infantry proceeding to the island of Panay to re-enforce the troops there. The Twenty-eighth Infantry will re-enforce the garrisons in the island of Mindanao, particularly at Kagayan, where an

CHICAGO HAS NO CLEW TO RUSSELL.

Police Heard Nothing From Missing St. Louis Drug Clerk's Family.

New complications have arisen in the strange case of Luke B. Russell, the drug-gift of No. 127 Euclid avenue, who disappeared ten days ago, after having written his wife a letter stating that he was about to commit suicide. One Saturday a telegram from Chicago to Chief of Police Campbell, purporting to be from Russell, directed the Chief to procure \$1 from Mrs. Russell, and to telegraph the same to the Chief of Police of Chicago.

The police officer who Russell was placed in the hands of the police early Saturday night, and was forwarded by mail to Chief of Police Kiple of Chicago. Up to a late hour last night, no further word had been received from Chicago, nor had Mrs. Russell received any message from her husband.

"The suspense in which I have been kept since the arrival of that telegram from Chicago," said Mrs. Russell last night, "is very hard to bear, and I don't know what to think of it. If Luke is all right, I don't see why he doesn't let me know whether he is coming home."

It seems probable that if the police sent the money Saturday night, it should have reached Chicago Sunday morning, and if Luke honestly intended to come back, he surely could have been sent me some message. It is all a very strange affair, and there must be something wrong, for I should have heard from him by this time. I don't know what to think of it. I don't see why he doesn't let me know whether he is coming home."

Late last night a telegram was received by The Republic from Chicago stating that Russell could be learned there in regard to Luke Russell.

KANSAS CONVICTS AGAIN SURROUNDED.

Posse Will Try to Starve the Two Desperate Men Into Submission.

Leavenworth, Kas., Nov. 18.—The escaped convicts, Estelle and Estelle, were to-day surrounded in the hills miles from Leavenworth, having escaped from the barn burned by the posse. The place is rough and well adapted to screen the convicts, and, as they are well armed, the posse will probably starve them out and not try to force a surrender.

The officers are satisfied that one of the men is badly wounded as a result of yesterday's fusillade.

MOVING TO MEET ALLIES.

Strong Chinese Army to Resist Advance Westward.

Shanghai, Nov. 17 (Saturday).—As the outcome of the protest by Great Britain against the transfer of Yu Chang to the governorship of Wu-Chang, this official will be replaced by a Governor who is pro-foreign in his sympathies. It is reported that General Ma, with 10,000 men, General Ma, with 10,000 men, are marching toward the borders of the Province of Chi-Li to check the advance of the allies westward. Li Hung Chang and the Yang-Tse victories, it is said, have guaranteed the Emperor Dowager's return to Peking, but she believes that they are in league with the allies to capture her. The French force which went to the relief of the Catholic priests besieged at Chenting, Chi-Li Province, succeeded in rescuing them. Tsoai Sheng denies that Prince Tuan and General Tung Pu-Fiang have joined the Mohammedan rebellion.

FORTUNE IN TEETH FOUND ON DENTIST.

Peoria Man Returning With \$50,000 Worth From Paris Expedition Had to Pay Duty.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Peoria, Nov. 18.—Returning from the Paris Exhibition to-day on the steamship New York, Doctor Franklin D. Kelly of Peoria, Ill., had an unpleasant experience with the customs officers.

Nine gold medals, awarded to him for his work, valued with his tools and exhibits of teeth, totaled at \$69,000, were seized and for a time it looked as if the doctor himself would be locked up.

Dr. Kelly denounced the seizure as an outrage. He has an appointment with the customs officials for to-morrow, and hopes to regain possession of his treasures.

TRAIN WRECKED IN OHIO. Ran Into Open Switch—Engineer Killed and Five Persons Hurt.

Xenonville, O., Nov. 18.—A passenger train on the Wheeling and Lake Erie Railroad ran into an open switch here this afternoon, badly wrecking the engine. The engineer, John Somers, of this city, jumped, but fell under the wheels and was killed. Four trainmen were hurt by jumping, and Mrs. Sarah Schaling of Louisville, Ky., was thrown over a seat and badly bruised.